

THE DAILY NEWS
ALMANAC
1900

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ILLINOIS HISTORICAL SURVEY

THE DAILY NEWS
ALMANAC
AND
POLITICAL REGISTER
FOR
1900.

COMPILED BY GEO. E. PLUMBE, A. B., LL. B.

SIXTEENTH YEAR.

ISSUED BY
THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS COMPANY.

THE CHICAGO QUARTERLY
OF
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PREFACE.

The year preceding a presidential election is important and interesting from a purely political point of view. The state conventions and the elections of the year indicate the popularity of new issues and frequently set the pace for the following campaign. In this regard the elections and the utterances of state conventions in 1899 are significant and valuable.

The war in the Philippines and the conditions in Hawaii, Cuba and Puerto Rico will, in all probability, exert a powerful influence on the campaign of 1900. In all of these departments THE DAILY NEWS ALMANAC for 1900 is singularly replete. In the article upon the war in Luzon valuable official documents are given, including the report of the Schurman Philippine commission. As to other important and historic features of the year, like the Peace Conference at The Hague, the temporary adjustment of the Alaskan boundary and the Spanish treaty, very interesting official papers, which have rarely been published, are given in full.

The Nicaragua canal, which is likely to be the subject of congressional legislation, is treated with a good deal of detail, and other subjects, like the Colonial Systems of the World, Submarine Cable Lines, American Trusts, Railroads, Samoan affairs and partition, and many other topics, are given the prominence they deserve.

Besides these discussions there is the same amount of material relating to finance, the army and navy, trade and commerce, money, schools and education, pensions, agriculture, the churches, congress, national debt and other themes that have contributed so largely to the popularity of THE DAILY NEWS ALMANAC in the past.

Nothing of a political character has been omitted from the present volume that has any direct bearing upon the issues in the presidential campaign of 1900, while very much new material has been added to meet the demands of educators, clergymen, agriculturists and others interested in nonpolitical affairs.

January 1, 1900.

Chicago Daily News Almanac 1900.

NOTE.—The time given in this Almanac is local mean time, except when otherwise indicated.

ECLIPSES.

In the year 1900 there will be three eclipses, two of the Sun and one of the Moon.

I.—A Total Eclipse of the Sun, May 28. Visible to North America and northwestern corner of South America, Europe, Northern Africa, and the North Atlantic Ocean. The path of totality running through Mexico, New Orleans, Mobile, Raleigh, Norfolk and across to Algiers, being of an average width of fifty miles.

II.—A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, June 12. Visible to North and South America, Spain and Africa, occurring as follows:

STANDARD	EASTERN	CENTRAL	MOUNTAIN	PACIFIC
Moon enters Penumbra....	12d. 8h. 15m. A.	12d. 7h. 15m. A.	12d. 6h. 15m. A.	12d. 5h. 15m. A.
Moon enters Shadow.....	12d. 10h. 24m. A.	12d. 9h. 24m. A.	12d. 8h. 24m. A.	12d. 7h. 24m. A.
Middle of Eclipse.....	12d. 10h. 28m. A.	12d. 9h. 28m. A.	12d. 8h. 28m. A.	12d. 7h. 28m. A.
Moon leaves Shadow.....	12d. 10h. 32m. A.	12d. 9h. 32m. A.	12d. 8h. 32m. A.	12d. 7h. 32m. A.
Moon leaves Penumbra....	13d. 0h. 41m. M.	12d. 11h. 41m. A.	12d. 10h. 41m. A.	12d. 9h. 41m. A.

First contact of shadow 4 degrees from South point of the Moon's limb toward the East.
Magnitude of Eclipse = 0.001. (Moon's diameter = 1.0.)

III.—An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, November 22. Invisible. Visible to southern half of Africa and to Australia.

THE FOUR SEASONS.

SEASON.	Begins.	Lasts.
Winter.....	December 21, 1899, 6:56 P.M.	D. H. M. 89 0 42
Spring.....	March 20, 1900, 7:38 P.M.	92 20 1
Summer.....	June 21, 1900, 3:39 P.M.	93 14 41
Autumn.....	September 23, 1900, 6:20 A.M.	89 18 21
Winter.....	December 22, 1900, 0:41 A.M.	Common Year, 355 5 45

EMBER DAYS.

March.....	7, 9, 10	September.....	19, 21, 22
June.....	6, 8, 9	December.....	19, 21, 22

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

MERCURY will be Evening Star about March 8, July 4 and October 29, and Morning Star about April 22, August 11 and December 7.

VENUS will be Evening Star till July 8 and then Morning Star the rest of the year.

JUPITER will be morning Star till May 27; then Evening Star till December 14, and then Morning Star again the rest of the year.

CHURCH DAYS AND CYCLES OF TIME.

Epiphany.....	Jan. 6	Whit Sunday.....	June 3
Septuagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 11	Trinity Sunday.....	June 10
Sexagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 18	Corpus Christi.....	June 14
Quinquagesima Sunday.....	Feb. 25	Hebrew New Year (5661).....	Sept. 24
Ash Wednesday.....	Feb. 28	First Sunday in Advent.....	Dec. 2
Quadragesima Sunday.....	Mar. 4	Christmas.....	Dec. 25
Purim.....	Mar. 14	Dominical Letter.....	G
Mid-Lent Sunday.....	Mar. 18	Solar Cycle.....	5
Palm Sunday.....	Apr. 8	Lunar Cycle (or Golden Number).....	1
Good Friday.....	Apr. 13	Roman Indiction.....	13
Easter Sunday.....	Apr. 15	Epaet (Moon's Age, Jan. 1).....	29
Low Sunday.....	Apr. 22	Julian Period.....	6613
Rogation Sunday.....	May 20	Year of the World (Septuagint).....	7408-7409
Ascension Day.....	May 24	Dionysian Period.....	229

Moon's Phases.

1900		D.	EASTERN TIME.	CENTRAL TIME.	MOUNTAIN TIME.	PACIFIC TIME.
January.	New Moon...	1	H. M. 8 52 morn.	H. M. 7 52 morn.	H. M. 6 52 morn.	H. M. 5 52 morn.
	First Quarter.	8	0 40 morn.	11 40 eve.*	10 40 eve.*	9 40 eve.*
	Full Moon....	15	2 7 eve.	1 7 eve.	0 7 eve.	11 7 morn.
	Last Quarter.	23	6 53 eve.	5 53 eve.	4 53 eve.	3 53 eve.
	New Moon...	30	8 22 eve.	7 22 eve. *7th.	6 22 eve. *7th.	5 22 eve. *7th.
February.	First Quarter.	6	11 23 morn.	10 23 morn.	9 23 morn.	8 23 morn.
	Full Moon....	14	8 50 morn.	7 50 morn.	6 50 morn.	5 50 morn.
	Last Quarter.	22	11 44 morn.	10 44 morn.	9 44 morn.	8 44 morn.
March.	New Moon..	1	6 25 morn.	5 25 morn.	4 25 morn.	3 25 morn.
	First Quarter.	8	0 34 morn.	11 34 eve.*	10 34 eve.*	9 34 eve.*
	Full Moon....	16	3 12 morn.	2 12 morn.	1 12 morn.	0 12 morn.
	Last Quarter.	24	0 36 morn.	11 36 eve.†	10 36 eve.†	9 36 eve.†
	New Moon...	30	3 30 eve.	2 30 eve. *7th. †23d.	1 30 eve. *7th. †23d.	0 30 eve. *7th. †23d.
April.	First Quarter.	6	3 54 eve.	2 54 eve.	1 54 eve.	0 54 eve.
	Full Moon....	14	8 2 eve.	7 2 eve.	6 2 eve.	5 2 eve.
	Last Quarter.	22	9 33 morn.	8 33 morn.	7 33 morn.	6 33 morn.
	New Moon...	29	0 23 morn.	11 23 eve.* *28th.	10 23 eve.* *28th.	9 23 eve.* *28th.
May.	First Quarter.	6	8 39 morn.	7 39 morn.	6 39 morn.	5 39 morn.
	Full Moon....	14	10 36 morn.	9 36 morn.	8 36 morn.	7 36 morn.
	Last Quarter.	21	3 31 eve.	2 31 eve.	1 31 eve.	0 31 eve.
	New Moon...	28	9 50 morn.	8 50 morn.	7 50 morn.	6 50 morn.
June.	First Quarter.	5	1 59 morn.	0 59 morn.	11 59 eve.*	10 59 eve.*
	Full Moon....	12	10 38 eve.	9 38 eve.	8 38 eve.	7 38 eve.
	Last Quarter.	19	7 57 eve.	6 57 eve.	5 57 eve.	4 57 eve.
	New Moon...	26	8 27 eve.	7 27 eve.	6 27 eve. *4th.	5 27 eve. *4th.
July.	First Quarter.	4	7 13 eve.	6 13 eve.	5 13 eve.	4 13 eve.
	Full Moon....	12	8 22 morn.	7 22 morn.	6 22 morn.	5 22 morn.
	Last Quarter.	19	0 31 morn.	11 31 eve.*	10 31 eve.*	9 31 eve.*
	New Moon...	26	8 43 morn.	7 43 morn. *18th.	6 43 morn. *18th.	5 43 morn. *18th.
August.	First Quarter.	3	11 45 morn.	10 45 morn.	9 45 morn.	8 45 morn.
	Full Moon....	10	4 30 eve.	3 30 eve.	2 30 eve.	1 30 eve.
	Last Quarter.	17	6 46 morn.	5 46 morn.	4 46 morn.	3 46 morn.
	New Moon...	24	10 52 eve.	9 52 eve.	8 52 eve.	7 52 eve.
September.	First Quarter.	2	2 56 morn.	1 56 morn.	0 56 morn.	11 56 eve.*
	Full Moon....	9	0 6 morn.	11 6 eve.*	10 6 eve.*	9 6 eve.†
	Last Quarter.	15	3 57 eve.	2 57 eve.	1 57 eve.	0 57 eve.
	New Moon...	23	2 57 eve.	1 57 eve. *8th.	0 57 eve. *8th.	11 57 morn. *1st. †8th.
October.	First Quarter.	1	4 10 eve.	3 10 eve.	2 10 eve.	1 10 eve.
	Full Moon....	8	8 18 morn.	7 18 morn.	6 18 morn.	5 18 morn.
	Last Quarter.	15	4 51 morn.	3 51 morn.	2 51 morn.	1 51 morn.
	New Moon...	23	8 27 morn.	7 27 morn.	6 27 morn.	5 27 morn.
November.	First Quarter.	31	3 17 morn.	2 17 morn.	1 17 morn.	0 17 morn.
	Full Moon....	6	6 0 eve.	5 0 eve.	4 0 eve.	3 0 eve.
	Last Quarter.	13	9 37 eve.	8 37 eve.	7 37 eve.	6 37 eve.
	New Moon...	22	2 17 morn.	1 17 morn.	0 17 morn.	11 17 eve.
December.	First Quarter.	29	0 35 eve.	11 35 morn.	10 35 morn.	9 35 morn. *21st.
	Full Moon...	6	5 38 morn.	4 38 morn.	3 38 morn.	2 38 morn.
	Last Quarter.	13	5 42 eve.	4 42 eve.	3 42 eve.	2 42 eve.
	New Moon...	21	7 1 eve.	6 1 eve.	5 1 eve.	4 1 eve.
December.	First Quarter.	28	8 48 eve.	7 48 eve.	6 48 eve.	5 48 eve.

1st MONTH.

JANUARY.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	January is named from Janus, an ancient Roman divinity, and was added to the Roman Calendar 713 B. C.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises H.M. sets H.M. Moon R.&S. H.M.	Sun rises H.M. sets H.M. Moon R.&S. H.M.	Sun rises H.M. sets H.M. Moon R.&S. H.M.
1	1	Mo.	Slaves emancipated, 1863.	7 29 4 38 5 5	7 19 4 48 5 13	7 39 4 29 4 57
2	2	Tu.	Bragg defeated, 1862.	7 29 4 39 6 22	7 19 4 49 6 28	7 39 4 30 6 16
3	3	We.	Battle of Princeton, 1777.	7 29 4 40 7 38	7 19 4 50 7 42	7 39 4 30 7 34
4	4	Th.	Battle of Stone River, 1863.	7 29 4 41 8 52	7 19 4 51 8 54	7 39 4 31 8 51
5	5	Fri.	Arnold burns Richmond, 1781.	7 29 4 42 10 6	7 19 4 52 10 6	7 39 4 32 10 7
6	6	Sat.	Great earthquake in N.E., 1863.	7 29 4 43 11 19	7 19 4 53 11 17	7 39 4 33 11 22
7	7	SUN.	Battle Springfield, Mo., 1863.	7 29 4 44 morn	7 19 4 54 morn	7 38 4 35 morn
8	8	Tu.	Battle of New Orleans, 1815.	7 28 4 45 0 30	7 19 4 55 0 26	7 38 4 36 0 36
9	9	We.	Ft. Sunbury, Ga., captured, 1779.	7 28 4 46 1 40	7 19 4 56 1 34	7 38 4 37 1 48
10	10	Th.	Florida seceded, 1861.	7 28 4 47 2 48	7 19 4 57 2 41	7 38 4 38 2 57
11	11	Fri.	Alabama seceded, 1861.	7 28 4 48 3 52	7 19 4 58 3 43	7 37 4 39 4 2
12	12	Tu.	Lincoln's 1st speech in Congress, 1848.	7 27 4 49 4 51	7 18 4 59 4 42	7 37 4 41 5 2
13	13	Sat.	Ft. Fisher attacked, 1865.	7 27 4 51 5 44	7 18 5 0 5 35	7 36 4 42 5 55
14	14	SUN.	Gen. Braddock sails, 1755.	7 26 4 52 6 29	7 18 5 1 6 20	7 36 4 43 6 39
15	15	Mo.	Ft. Fisher captured, 1865.	7 26 4 53 rises	7 18 5 2 rises	7 35 4 44 rises
16	16	Tu.	Amnesty bill passed, 1872.	7 26 4 54 6 9	7 18 5 3 6 14	7 35 4 45 6 4
17	17	We.	Morgan defeats Tarleton, 1781.	7 25 4 55 7 9	7 17 5 4 7 12	7 34 4 47 7 6
18	18	Th.	Battle of Fredericktown, 1813.	7 25 4 57 8 7	7 16 5 5 8 9	7 34 4 48 8 6
19	19	Fri.	Battle of Mill Springs, 1862.	7 24 4 58 9 6	7 16 5 6 9 6	7 33 4 49 9 7
20	20	Sat.	Battle of Somerset, N. J., 1777.	7 24 4 59 10 5	7 16 5 7 10 3	7 32 4 50 10 8
21	21	SUN.	Jackson enters N. Orleans, 1813.	7 23 5 0 11 4	7 15 5 8 11 0	7 31 4 52 11 8
22	22	Mo.	Stone fleet sunk Char'l'st'n, 1861.	7 22 5 1 morn	7 15 5 10 11 59	7 31 4 53 morn
23	23	Tu.	Massacre River Rasin, 1813.	7 22 5 3 0 3	7 14 5 11 morn	7 30 4 55 0 10
24	24	We.	Rhoddy driv'n fr'm Tenn., 1864.	7 21 5 4 1 6	7 13 5 12 1 0	7 29 4 56 1 14
25	25	Th.	Orizaba taken, 1848.	7 20 5 5 2 9	7 13 5 13 2 1	7 28 4 57 2 18
26	26	Fri.	Webster's reply to Hayne, 1850.	7 19 5 6 3 12	7 12 5 14 3 3	7 27 4 59 3 22
27	27	Sat.	New Providence taken, 1778.	7 18 5 7 4 13	7 11 5 15 4 4	7 26 5 0 4 24
28	28	SUN.	First nat'l bank at Phila., 1783.	7 18 5 9 5 9	7 10 5 16 5 5	7 25 5 1 5 25
29	29	Mo.	British take Augusta, Ga., 1779.	7 17 5 10 5 57	7 10 5 17 5 49	7 24 5 2 3 6
30	30	Tu.	Constitution amended, 1855.	7 16 5 11 sets	7 9 5 19 sets	7 23 5 4 sets
31	31	We.	Naval battle off Char'l'st'n, 1863.	7 15 5 12 6 27	7 8 5 20 6 31	7 22 5 6 6 25

2d MONTH.

FEBRUARY.

28 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	February is named from Roman divinity <i>Februus</i> (Pluto), or <i>Februa</i> (Juno), and was added to Roman Calendar about 713 B. C.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises H.M. sets H.M. Moon R.&S. H.M.	Sun rises H.M. sets H.M. Moon R.&S. H.M.	Sun rises H.M. sets H.M. Moon R.&S. H.M.
32	1	Th.	Battle of Cowan's Ford, 1781.	7 14 5 14 7 45	7 7 5 21 7 46	7 20 5 7 7 45
33	2	Fri.	Mexican cession of 1848.	7 13 5 15 9 2	7 6 5 22 9 11	7 19 5 9 9 4
34	3	Sat.	Battle of Dover, 1862.	7 12 5 17 10 16	7 5 5 23 10 12	7 18 5 10 10 20
35	4	SUN.	Clinton reaches N. Y., 1776.	7 11 5 18 11 28	7 4 5 24 11 23	7 17 5 11 11 35
36	5	Mo.	Med'ling w'h si'v'y ill'gal, 1836	7 10 5 19 morn	7 4 5 26 morn	7 16 5 13 morn
37	6	Tu.	Treaty with France, 1778.	7 9 5 20 0 39	7 3 5 27 0 32	7 15 5 14 0 48
38	7	We.	Jeff Davis' case dismissed, 1863.	7 7 5 22 1 46	7 2 5 28 1 38	7 13 5 16 1 56
39	8	Th.	Conf'ed'rate gov't formed, 1861.	7 6 5 23 2 47	7 1 5 29 2 38	7 12 5 17 2 58
40	9	Fri.	Conf'ed'rate congress met, 1861	7 5 5 24 3 41	6 59 5 30 3 32	7 10 5 18 3 52
41	10	Sat.	Battle Hornet & Resolute, 1813.	7 4 5 25 4 28	6 58 5 31 4 19	7 9 5 20 4 38
42	11	SUN.	Lincoln left for Wash'n., 1861.	7 2 5 27 5 8	6 57 5 32 5 0	7 7 5 21 5 17
43	12	Mo.	First fugitive slave law, 1793.	7 1 5 28 5 13	6 56 5 34 5 37	7 6 5 23 5 51
44	13	Tu.	Massacre of Glencoe, 1691.	6 59 5 30 6 42	6 55 5 35 6 8	7 4 5 24 6 19
45	14	We.	Pickens routs the British, 1778.	6 58 5 31 rises	6 54 5 36 rises	7 3 5 25 rises
46	15	Th.	Battleship Maine destr'd., 1898.	6 57 5 32 6 58	6 52 5 37 6 59	7 1 5 27 6 58
47	16	Fri.	Hessian troops hired, 1776.	6 55 5 33 7 57	6 51 5 38 7 56	7 0 5 28 7 59
48	17	Sat.	Treaty of Ghent ratified, 1815.	6 54 5 35 8 56	6 50 5 39 8 53	6 58 5 30 8 59
49	18	SUN.	Lee com.-in-chief, 1864.	6 52 5 36 9 55	6 49 5 40 9 51	6 57 5 31 10 1
50	19	Mo.	First nat'l Thanksgiving, 1795.	6 51 5 37 10 55	6 47 5 42 10 50	6 55 5 33 11 3
51	20	Tu.	Braddock arrives in Va., 1755.	6 50 5 38 11 57	6 46 5 43 11 50	6 54 5 34 morn
52	21	We.	Silver remonetized, 1873.	6 48 5 39 morn	6 45 5 44 morn	6 52 5 36 0 6
53	22	Th.	Battle of Ogdensburg, 1813.	6 47 5 41 0 58	6 43 5 45 0 50	6 51 5 37 1 8
54	23	Fri.	Battle of Buena Vista, 1847.	6 45 5 42 1 58	6 42 5 46 1 49	6 49 5 39 2 9
55	24	Sat.	Johnson impeached, 1868.	6 44 5 43 2 54	6 41 5 47 2 45	6 47 5 40 3 54
56	25	SUN.	Conscription bill passed, 1863.	6 42 5 44 3 44	6 39 5 48 3 36	6 45 5 41 5 1
57	26	Mo.	Nashville surrendered, 1862.	6 41 5 46 4 29	6 38 5 49 4 22	6 44 5 43 4 38
58	27	Tu.	Battle of Morris Neck, 1776.	6 39 5 47 5 8	6 37 5 50 5 3	6 42 5 44 5 51
59	28	We.	Private'r Nashville destr'd., 1863	6 37 5 48 5 44	6 35 5 51 5 40	6 40 5 45 5 48

3d MONTH.

MARCH.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	March was named from Mars, the god of war. It was the first month of the Roman year.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S.Mich., N.Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.
			AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. Moon R.&S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R.&S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R.&S.
60	1	Th.	Artie's of confed. ratif'd, 1781	H.M. H.M. H.M.	H.M. H.M. H.M.	H.M. H.M. H.M.
61	2	Fri.	Grant made lieut.-gen., 1864.	6 36 5 50	6 34 5 52	6 38 5 46
62	3	Sat.	Battle of Brier Creek, 1779.	6 34 5 51	6 32 5 53	6 36 5 48
63	4	SUN.	First congress met, 1789.	6 32 5 52	6 31 5 54	6 35 5 49
64	5	Mo.	Boston massacre, 1770.	6 31 5 53	6 29 5 55	6 33 5 51
65	6	Tu.	Battle of Pea Ridge, 1862.	6 29 5 55	6 28 5 56	6 31 5 52
66	7	We.	Bible society formed, 1804.	6 28 5 56	6 27 5 57	6 29 5 53
67	8	Th.	Stamp act passed, 1776.	6 26 5 57	6 25 5 58	6 27 5 55
68	9	Fri.	Monitor-Merrimac battle, 1862.	6 24 5 58	6 24 5 59	6 26 5 56
69	10	Sat.	McClell'n crosses Potomac, 1862	6 23 5 59	6 22 6 1	6 24 5 58
70	11	SUN.	Confed. constit'n adopted, 1861.	6 21 6 0	6 21 6 2	6 22 5 59
71	12	Mo.	Grant made com.-in-chief, 1864	6 20 6 1	6 19 6 3	6 20 6 0
72	13	Tu.	Red river expedition, 1864.	6 18 6 2	6 17 6 4	6 18 6 1
73	14	We.	Newbern captured, 1862.	6 16 6 3	6 16 6 5	6 17 6 3
74	15	Th.	Island No. 10 bombarded, 1861.	6 14 6 4	6 14 6 6	6 15 6 4
75	16	Fri.	Battle of Guilford, 1781.	6 13 6 6	6 13 6 7	6 13 6 5
76	17	Sat.	Boston evacuated, 1776.	6 11 6 7	6 11 6 8	6 11 6 6
77	18	SUN.	Stamp act repealed, 1776.	6 9 6 8	6 10 6 9	6 9 6 8
78	19	Mo.	The Oregon left S. F., 1898.	6 7 6 9	6 8 6 10	6 8 6 9
79	20	Tu.	Washington ent'rs Boston, 1776	6 5 6 10	6 6 6 10	6 6 6 11
80	21	We.	Battle of Henderson, 1864.	6 4 6 12	6 5 6 11	6 4 6 12
81	22	Th.	Stamp act signed, 1765.	6 2 6 13	6 3 6 12	6 2 6 13
82	23	Fri.	Battle of Winchester, 1862.	6 0 6 14	6 2 6 13	6 0 6 14
83	24	Sat.	Attack on Peekskill, 1777.	5 58 6 15	5 56 6 15	5 58 6 16
84	25	SUN.	Hudson river discovered, 1609.	5 57 6 16	5 58 6 15	5 56 6 17
85	26	Mo.	Forrest beat'n at Paducah, 1864	5 55 6 17	5 57 6 16	5 54 6 18
86	27	Tu.	Tanning, Tex., massacre, 1836.	5 54 6 18	5 55 6 17	5 52 6 19
87	28	We.	Seminole treaty, 1833.	5 52 6 19	5 54 6 18	5 50 6 20
88	29	Th.	Vera Cruz captured, 1847.	5 50 6 20	5 52 6 19	5 48 6 22
89	30	Fri.	Battle of Somerseset, Ky., 1863.	5 49 6 21	5 51 6 20	5 47 6 23
90	31	Sat.	Treasury bldgs. burned 1833.	5 47 6 22	5 49 6 21	5 45 6 24
				5 46 6 24	5 47 6 22	5 43 6 25

4th MONTH.

APRIL.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	April was named from <i>aprtre</i> (to open), the season when buds open.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S.Mich., N.Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.
			AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. Moon R.&S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R.&S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R.&S.
91	1	SUN.	Battle Flve Forks, 1865.	H.M. H.M. H.M.	H.M. H.M. H.M.	H.M. H.M. H.M.
92	2	Mo.	Battle at Selma, Ala., 1865.	5 44 6 25	5 46 6 23	5 41 6 27
93	3	Tu.	Richmond evacuated, 1865.	5 42 6 26	5 44 6 24	5 40 6 28
94	4	We.	First newspaper in U. S., 1704.	5 40 6 27	5 43 6 25	5 38 6 30
95	5	Th.	Yorktown besieged, 1862.	5 39 6 28	5 41 6 26	5 36 6 31
96	6	Fri.	1st house of rep. organiz'd, 1789.	5 37 6 29	5 40 6 27	5 34 6 32
97	7	Sat.	Battle of Shiloh, 1862.	5 35 6 30	5 38 6 28	5 32 6 33
98	8	SUN.	Battle of Shiloh, 1862.	5 33 6 31	5 37 6 29	5 31 6 35
99	9	Mo.	Island No. 10 taken, 1862.	5 32 6 32	5 35 6 30	5 29 6 36
100	10	Tu.	Lee surrendered, 1865.	5 30 6 34	5 34 6 31	5 27 6 37
101	11	We.	Battle of Ft. Pulaski, 1862.	5 29 6 35	5 32 6 32	5 25 6 38
102	12	Th.	Ft. Sumter bombarded, 1861.	5 27 6 36	5 30 6 33	5 23 6 39
103	13	Fri.	Ft. Pillow massacre, 1864.	5 25 6 37	5 29 6 33	5 22 6 41
104	14	Sat.	Ft. Sumter surrendered, 1861.	5 24 6 38	5 27 6 34	5 20 6 42
105	15	SUN.	Battle of Monks' Corners, 1780.	5 22 6 39	5 26 6 35	5 18 6 43
106	16	Mo.	Lincoln dies, 1865.	5 21 6 40	5 24 6 36	5 16 6 44
107	17	Tu.	Porter passed Vicksburg, 1863.	5 19 6 41	5 23 6 37	5 14 6 45
108	18	We.	Death of Franklin, 1790.	5 17 6 42	5 22 6 38	5 13 6 47
109	19	Th.	Ride of Paul Revere, 1775.	5 16 6 43	5 20 6 39	5 12 6 48
110	20	Fri.	Battle of Lexington, 1775.	5 14 6 45	5 19 6 40	5 11 6 49
111	21	Sat.	Lee resigns U. S. A., 1861.	5 13 6 46	5 17 6 41	5 9 6 50
112	22	SUN.	Spanish-Amer. war began, 1898.	5 11 6 47	5 16 6 42	5 6 6 52
113	23	Mo.	Paul Jones at Whiteh'v'n, 1778	5 9 6 48	5 15 6 43	5 4 6 53
114	24	Tu.	Call for 125,000 men, 1898.	5 8 6 49	5 13 6 44	5 3 6 55
115	25	We.	Ranger takes the Drake, 1778.	5 6 6 50	5 12 6 45	5 1 6 56
116	26	Th.	U.S. land office estab'sh'd, 1812.	5 5 6 51	5 11 6 46	4 59 6 57
117	27	Fri.	New Orleans taken, 1862.	5 3 6 52	5 9 6 47	4 58 6 58
118	28	Sat.	Habeas corpus suspend'd, 1861.	5 2 6 53	5 8 6 48	4 56 7 0
119	29	SUN.	Battle of Saugatuck riv'r, 1777.	5 1 6 54	5 7 6 49	4 55 7 1
120	30	Mo.	Md. d'clides ag'nt seces'n, 1861.	4 59 6 55	5 6 6 50	4 53 7 2
			Washington inaugurated, 1789.	4 58 6 56	5 4 6 51	4 52 7 3

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	MAY 1s from the Latin <i>Matus</i> , the growing month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich. N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.		
			Sun rises	Sun sets.	H. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	H. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	H. & S.
121	1	Tu.	Dewey's victory, 1898.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
122	2	We.	Battle of Chancellorsville, 1863	4 57	6 57	10 3	5 3	6 52	9 54	4 50	7 4
123	3	Th.	First call for 3-year men, 1861.	4 56	6 58	10 54	5 2	6 52	10 45	4 49	7 6
124	4	Fri.	Grant crosses the Rapid'n, 1864	4 54	6 59	11 38	5 1	6 53	11 31	4 47	7 7
125	5	Sat.	Yorktown evacuated, 1862.	4 53	7 1	morn	4 59	6 54	morn	4 46	7 8
126	6	SUN.	Ark. and Tenn. secede, 1861.	4 51	7 2	0 15	4 58	6 55	0 9	4 45	7 9
127	7	Mo.	Baton Rouge, La., capt'd, 1862	4 50	7 3	0 46	4 57	6 56	0 42	4 43	7 10
128	8	Tu.	Battle of Palo Alto, 1846.	4 49	7 4	1 14	4 56	6 57	1 10	4 42	7 12
129	9	We.	Battle of Resaca, Mex., 1846.	4 48	7 5	1 39	4 55	6 58	1 37	4 40	7 13
130	10	Th.	Jeff. Davis captured, 1865.	4 46	7 6	2 3	4 54	6 59	2 3	4 39	7 14
131	11	Fri.	Battle of Charl'st'n Neck, 1779.	4 45	7 7	2 27	4 53	7 0	2 29	4 38	7 15
132	12	Sat.	Crown Point taken, 1775.	4 44	7 8	2 52	4 52	7 1	2 56	4 37	7 16
133	13	SUN.	War declar'd ag'nst Mex., 1846	4 43	7 9	3 21	4 51	7 2	3 25	4 35	7 17
134	14	Mo.	Cape Cod discovered, 1602.	4 42	7 10	3 52	4 50	7 3	3 58	4 34	7 18
135	15	Tu.	Ft. Granby taken, 1781.	4 41	7 11	rises	4 49	7 4	rises	4 33	7 19
136	16	We.	Lincoln nominated, 1860.	4 40	7 12	8 34	4 48	7 5	8 25	4 32	7 20
137	17	Th.	First national fast, 1776.	4 39	7 13	9 29	4 47	7 6	9 20	4 31	7 21
138	18	Fri.	Grant invests Vicksburg, 1863.	4 38	7 14	10 18	4 46	7 7	10 10	4 30	7 23
139	19	Sat.	The "dark day," 1780.	4 37	7 15	11 1	4 45	7 7	10 54	4 29	7 24
140	20	SUN.	Mecklenburg declaration, 1777.	4 37	7 16	11 38	4 44	7 8	11 33	4 28	7 25
141	21	Mo.	Ft. Galphin taken, 1781.	4 36	7 17	morn	4 44	7 9	morn	4 27	7 26
142	22	Tu.	Brooks assaults Sumner, 1850.	4 35	7 18	0 12	4 43	7 10	0 8	4 26	7 27
143	23	We.	Settlem't at Jamestown, 1607.	4 34	7 19	0 43	4 42	7 11	0 41	4 25	7 28
144	24	Th.	Banks evac's Strasburg, 1862.	4 33	7 20	1 13	4 41	7 12	1 13	4 24	7 29
145	25	Fri.	Battle of Spotsylvania, 1864.	4 33	7 20	1 43	4 41	7 13	1 46	4 23	7 30
146	26	Sat.	Last confeds. surrender, 1865.	4 32	7 21	2 16	4 40	7 13	2 20	4 22	7 31
147	27	SUN.	Fts. Erie & George aban'd, 1813.	4 31	7 22	2 52	4 40	7 14	2 58	4 21	7 32
148	28	Mo.	Battle of Dallas, Ga., 1864.	4 30	7 23	3 34	4 39	7 15	3 41	4 21	7 33
149	29	Tu.	Battle of Waxhaw, 1780.	4 30	7 24	sets	4 38	7 16	sets	4 20	7 34
150	30	We.	Corinth taken, 1862.	4 29	7 25	8 44	4 38	7 16	8 35	4 19	7 35
151	31	Th.	Battle of Fair Oaks, 1862.	4 29	7 26	9 31	4 37	7 17	9 23	4 19	7 36
				4 28	7 27	10 11	4 37	7 18	10 4	4 18	7 37

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY OF WEEK.	June traced to Juno, the queen of heaven, who was thought to preside over marriages.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich. N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.		
			Sun rises	Sun sets.	H. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	H. & S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	H. & S.
152	1	Fri.	Battle of Cold Harbor, 1864.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
153	2	Sat.	Battle Lake Champlain, 1813.	4 28	7 28	10 45	4 36	7 19	10 40	4 18	7 37
154	3	SUN.	Merrimac sunk, Santiago, 1898.	4 27	7 28	11 14	4 36	7 19	11 11	4 17	7 38
155	4	Mo.	Ft. Pillow evacuated, 1862.	4 26	7 29	morn	4 35	7 21	morn	4 17	7 39
156	5	Tu.	Battle of Piedmont, 1864.	4 26	7 30	0 6	4 35	7 21	0 5	4 16	7 40
157	6	We.	Confeds. sur. Memphis, 1862.	4 26	7 31	0 30	4 35	7 22	0 31	4 16	7 41
158	7	Th.	Fenians raid Canada, 1866.	4 26	7 31	0 54	4 34	7 23	0 57	4 15	7 42
159	8	Fri.	Battle of Chattanooga, 1862.	4 25	7 32	1 21	4 34	7 23	1 25	4 15	7 43
160	9	Sat.	Battle of Big Bethel, 1861.	4 25	7 32	1 51	4 34	7 24	1 56	4 15	7 44
161	10	SUN.	War d'cl'd ag'nst Tripoli, 1801.	4 25	7 33	2 25	4 34	7 24	2 32	4 15	7 45
162	11	Mo.	Walker lands in Nicar'g'a, 1855	4 25	7 34	3 5	4 34	7 25	3 13	4 14	7 46
163	12	Tu.	Grant crosses Chickah'miny, 1864	4 25	7 34	3 54	4 34	7 25	4 3	4 14	7 45
164	13	We.	Fugitive slave law rep'd, 1863.	4 24	7 35	rises	4 34	7 26	rises	4 14	7 46
165	14	Th.	National flag adopted, 1777.	4 24	7 35	8 59	4 34	7 26	8 52	4 14	7 46
166	15	Fri.	Wash'n takes command, 1775.	4 24	7 36	9 38	4 34	7 26	9 32	4 14	7 47
167	16	Sat.	Mississippi discovered, 1693.	4 24	7 36	10 14	4 34	7 27	10 10	4 14	7 47
168	17	SUN.	Battle of Bunker Hill, 1775.	4 24	7 36	10 47	4 34	7 27	10 44	4 14	7 48
169	18	Mo.	Can. evac't'd by Am'ric'ns, 1776	4 23	7 37	11 17	4 34	7 27	11 17	4 14	7 48
170	19	Tu.	War decl'd ag'nst Engl'd, 1812.	4 23	7 37	11 47	4 34	7 28	11 49	4 14	7 48
171	20	We.	Battle of Stony Ferry, 1779.	4 23	7 37	morn	4 34	7 28	morn	4 14	7 48
172	21	Th.	U. S. A. reaches Santiago, 1898	4 23	7 37	0 18	4 34	7 28	0 22	4 15	7 49
173	22	Fri.	Ewell crosses Potomac, 1863.	4 23	7 37	0 52	4 34	7 28	0 57	4 15	7 49
174	23	Sat.	Great Eastern at N. Y., 1860.	4 26	7 38	1 30	4 35	7 29	1 37	4 15	7 49
175	24	SUN.	Battle of Sevilla, 1898.	4 26	7 38	2 15	4 35	7 29	2 23	4 15	7 49
176	25	Mo.	Custer massacre, 1876.	4 26	7 38	3 6	4 35	7 29	3 15	4 15	7 49
177	26	Tu.	Seven days' battles began, 1862	4 26	7 38	4 2	4 36	7 29	4 11	4 16	7 49
178	27	We.	Morm'ns mobb'd, Carth'ge, 1857	4 27	7 38	sets	4 36	7 29	sets	4 16	7 49
179	28	Th.	1st colon'l assembly m'ts, 1619	4 27	7 38	8 42	4 36	7 29	8 36	4 16	7 49
180	29	Fri.	Howe reaches Sandy Ho'k, 1776	4 28	7 38	9 14	4 37	7 29	9 10	4 17	7 49
181	30	Sat.	Guiteau hanged, 1882.	4 28	7 38	9 43	4 37	7 29	9 40	4 17	7 49

7th MONTH.

JULY.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	July named in honor of Julius Caesar, who was born on the 12th of July.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Me., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
			AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. Moon R. & S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R. & S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R. & S.
1	1	SUN.	Battle of San Juan, 1898.	H. M. H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M. H. M.
182	2	Mo.	Garfield assassinated, 1881.	4 28 7 38 10 8	4 38 7 29 10 6	4 18 7 49 10 34
183	3	Tu.	Cervera's fleet destroyed, 1898.	4 29 7 38 10 33	4 38 7 29 10 32	4 18 7 49 10 34
184	4	We.	Vicksburg surrendered, 1863.	4 29 7 38 10 56	4 39 7 29 10 58	4 19 7 49 10 55
185	5	Th.	Battle of Carthage, Mo., 1861.	4 30 7 38 11 29	4 39 7 29 11 26	4 20 7 49 11 20
186	6	Fri.	Battle of Jamestown, 1781.	4 30 7 38 11 51	4 40 7 28 11 56	4 20 7 48 11 46
187	7	Sat.	Hawaii annexed to U. S., 1898.	4 31 7 38 morn	4 40 7 28 morn	4 21 7 48 morn
188	8	SUN.	Wash'n chosen as capital, 1792	4 32 7 37 0 22	4 41 7 28 0 28	4 22 7 47 0 16
189	9	Mo.	Surrender of Pt. Hudson, 1863.	4 32 7 37 0 58	4 41 7 28 1 6	4 22 7 47 0 51
190	10	Tu.	French allies land, N'port, 1790.	4 33 7 36 1 43	4 42 7 27 1 52	4 23 7 47 1 35
191	11	We.	Battle of Rich Mountain, 1861.	4 34 7 36 2 36	4 43 7 27 2 45	4 24 7 46 2 28
192	12	Th.	Norwalk, Conn., burned, 1779.	4 35 7 35 rises	4 44 7 26 rises	4 25 7 45 rises
193	13	Fri.	Draft riots in N. Y., 1863.	4 36 7 35 8 13	4 45 7 26 8 9	4 26 7 45 8 20
194	14	Sat.	Battle of Carrick's Ford, 1861.	4 37 7 34 8 48	4 45 7 25 8 45	4 27 7 44 8 52
195	15	SUN.	Battle of Baylor's Farm, 1864.	4 38 7 33 9 20	4 46 7 24 9 19	4 28 7 43 9 22
196	16	Mo.	Wayne takes Stony Point, 1779.	4 39 7 32 9 51	4 47 7 24 9 52	4 29 7 43 9 51
197	17	Tu.	Santiago surrendered, 1898.	4 40 7 32 10 21	4 47 7 23 10 24	4 30 7 42 10 19
198	18	We.	Maximilian shot, 1867.	4 40 7 31 10 55	4 48 7 23 10 59	4 31 7 41 10 50
199	19	Th.	Morgan defeated, 1863.	4 41 7 31 11 32	4 49 7 22 11 38	4 32 7 40 11 26
200	20	Fri.	Confed. cong. Richmond, 1861.	4 42 7 30 morn	4 50 7 22 morn	4 33 7 39 morn
201	21	Sat.	Battle of Bull Run, 1861.	4 43 7 29 0 13	4 51 7 21 0 21	4 34 7 39 0 6
202	22	SUN.	Gen. McClell'n takes com., 1861	4 44 7 28 1 1	4 51 7 20 1 10	4 35 7 38 1 47
203	23	Mo.	Gen. Grant dies, 1885.	4 44 7 28 1 55	4 52 7 20 2 4	4 36 7 37 1 47
204	24	Tu.	Mormons arrive in Utah, 1847.	4 45 7 27 2 53	4 53 7 19 3 1	4 37 7 36 2 45
205	25	We.	Battle of Lundy's Lane, 1814.	4 46 7 26 3 54	4 54 7 18 4 1	4 38 7 35 3 43
206	26	Th.	Halleck sup'a McClellan, 1862.	4 47 7 25 sets	4 55 7 17 sets	4 39 7 34 sets
207	27	Fri.	Atlantic cable laid, 1866.	4 48 7 24 7 44	4 56 7 16 7 40	4 40 7 33 7 48
208	28	Sat.	Ponce, Puerto Rico, taken, 1898	4 49 7 23 8 11	4 56 7 16 8 9	4 41 7 32 8 14
209	29	SUN.	The Alabama starts out, 1862.	4 50 7 22 8 36	4 57 7 15 8 35	4 42 7 31 8 37
210	30	Mo.	Petersb'g mine explod'd, 1864.	4 51 7 21 9 4	4 58 7 14 9 9	4 43 7 30 9 6
211	31	Tu.	Battle of Malate, 1898.	4 52 7 20 9 20	4 59 7 13 9 27	4 44 7 28 9 22

8th MONTH.

AUGUST.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	August was named in honor of Augustus Caesar, he having been made consul in this month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.	St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.	St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N. E. New York, Minn., Or.
			AMERICAN HISTORY.	Sun rises sets. Moon R. & S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R. & S.	Sun rises sets. Moon R. & S.
212	1	We.	Clerm'n's trip on Huds'n, 1807	4 53 7 19 9 51	5 0 7 12 9 55	4 45 7 27 9 47
213	2	Th.	Battle of Ft. Stephenson, 1813.	4 54 7 18 10 21	5 0 7 11 10 27	4 46 7 26 10 15
214	3	Fri.	Columbus sails from Sp'n, 1492.	4 55 7 17 10 55	5 0 7 10 11 2	4 47 7 25 10 48
215	4	Sat.	Col. Isaac Hayne hang'd, 1781.	4 56 7 16 11 35	5 0 7 9 11 43	4 48 7 23 11 27
216	5	SUN.	Farrag't ent'r's M'ble bay, 1864	4 57 7 15 morn	5 0 7 8 morn	4 50 7 22 morn
217	6	Mo.	Ram Arkansas explod'd, 1862.	4 58 7 14 0 23	5 0 7 7 0 32	4 51 7 20 0 15
218	7	Tu.	Lafayette departs, 1825.	4 59 7 12 1 19	5 0 7 6 1 28	4 52 7 19 1 11
219	8	We.	Battle of Mackinaw, 1814.	5 0 7 11 2 22	5 0 7 5 2 30	4 53 7 18 2 14
220	9	Th.	Battle of Cedar Mount'n, 1862.	5 1 7 10 3 32	5 0 7 4 3 38	4 54 7 16 3 26
221	10	Fri.	Battle of Wilson Creek, 1861.	5 2 7 9 rises	5 0 7 3 rises	4 56 7 15 rises
222	11	Sat.	Bat. Sulphur Bridge Sps., 1864.	5 3 7 7 7 19	5 0 7 1 7 17	4 57 7 13 7 22
223	12	SUN.	Spanish protocol signed, 1808.	5 4 7 6 7 50	5 0 6 59 7 50	4 58 7 12 7 51
224	13	Mo.	Manila surrendered, 1898.	5 5 7 4 8 22	5 0 6 58 8 25	4 59 7 10 8 25
225	14	Tu.	Death of Farragut, 1870.	5 6 7 3 8 56	5 0 6 57 9 0	5 0 7 9 8 52
226	15	We.	Lafayette visits the U. S., 1824.	5 7 7 1 9 33	5 0 6 55 9 39	5 1 7 7 9 27
227	16	Th.	Battle of Bennington, 1777.	5 8 7 0 10 14	5 0 6 54 10 21	5 2 7 6 10 7
228	17	Fri.	Anti-Neb. con. Saratoga, 1854.	5 9 6 58 11 0	5 0 6 53 11 8	5 3 7 4 10 52
229	18	Sat.	Panic of 1873 began.	5 10 6 57 11 51	5 0 6 52 morn	5 4 7 2 11 43
230	19	SUN.	Battle of Blueicks, Ky., 1782.	5 11 6 55 morn	5 0 6 50 0 0	5 5 7 1 morn
231	20	Mo.	Battle of Fallen Timbers, 1794.	5 12 6 54 0 48	5 0 6 49 0 57	5 6 6 59 0 40
232	21	Tu.	Lawrence, Kas., sacked, 1863.	5 13 6 52 1 48	5 0 6 48 1 56	5 7 6 58 1 41
233	22	We.	Att'ck on Ft. Sumter rep., 1863.	5 14 6 51 2 49	5 0 6 46 2 55	5 8 6 56 2 43
234	23	Th.	Ft. Morgan surrenders, 1864.	5 15 6 49 3 50	5 0 6 45 3 55	5 9 6 54 3 45
235	24	Fri.	British capt're Washing'n, 1814	5 16 6 48 4 51	5 0 6 43 4 55	5 10 6 52 4 49
236	25	Sat.	Battle Ream's Station, 1864.	5 17 6 46 sets	5 0 6 42 sets	5 11 6 51 sets
237	26	SUN.	Stamp-act riot Boston, 1763.	5 18 6 45 7 5	5 0 6 40 7 6	5 12 6 49 7 5
238	27	Mo.	Battle of Long Island, 1776.	5 19 6 43 7 29	5 0 6 39 7 32	5 13 6 47 7 28
239	28	Tu.	Post-carserv. C.&N. W. Ry, 1864	5 20 6 42 7 56	5 0 6 38 7 59	5 14 6 45 7 52
240	29	We.	Second battle Bull Run, 1862.	5 21 6 40 8 24	5 0 6 36 8 29	5 15 6 44 8 50
241	30	Th.	Americ'n evacuate R. I., 1778.	5 22 6 38 8 56	5 0 6 34 9 2	5 16 6 42 8 59
242	31	Fri.	French fleet arrives, 1781.	5 23 6 37 9 33	5 0 6 33 9 41	5 17 6 41 9 26

9th MONTH.

SEPTEMBER.

30 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	September, from <i>Septem</i> (seventh), as it was the seventh Roman month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S. Mich. N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon R.&S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.				H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
244	1	Sat.	Battle of Chantilly, 1862.	5 25	6 35	10 16	5 28	6 31	10 24	5 21	6 39	10 8
245	2	SUN.	Atlanta surrenders, 1864.	5 26	6 34	11 6	5 29	6 30	11 15	5 22	6 37	10 58
246	3	Mo.	Treaty peace, U.S. & G. B., 1783.	5 27	6 32	morn	5 30	6 28	morn	5 23	6 35	11 56
247	4	Tu.	Gen. Morgan killed, 1864.	5 28	6 30	0 4	5 31	6 27	0 12	5 25	6 33	morn
248	5	We.	Lee invades Maryland, 1862.	5 29	6 28	1 9	5 32	6 25	1 16	5 26	6 31	1 2
249	6	Th.	Mayflower sails, 1620.	5 30	6 27	2 20	5 33	6 24	2 25	5 27	6 29	2 14
250	7	Fri.	Ft. Wayne captured, 1833.	5 31	6 25	3 35	5 33	6 22	3 38	5 28	6 27	3 31
251	8	Sat.	Battle of Molino del Rey, 1847.	5 32	6 23	4 49	5 34	6 20	4 51	5 29	6 25	4 48
252	9	SUN.	Geneva award paid, 1873.	5 33	6 21	rises	5 35	6 19	rises	5 31	6 24	rises
253	10	Mo.	Perry's vict. in Lake Erie, 1813	5 34	6 20	6 53	5 36	6 17	6 57	5 32	6 22	6 51
254	11	Tu.	Battle of Brandywine, 1777.	5 35	6 18	7 30	5 37	6 16	7 35	5 33	6 20	7 25
255	12	We.	Battle of Chapultepec, 1847.	5 36	6 17	8 10	5 38	6 14	8 17	5 34	6 18	8 4
256	13	Th.	Gen. Wolfe killed, 1759.	5 37	6 15	8 56	5 39	6 13	9 4	5 35	6 16	9 40
257	14	Fri.	City of Mexico taken, 1847.	5 38	6 13	9 48	5 40	6 11	9 57	5 37	6 15	9 48
258	15	Sat.	Delegates adopt const'n, 1787.	5 39	6 11	10 44	5 41	6 10	10 53	5 38	6 13	10 36
259	16	SUN.	Battle of Winchester, 1864.	5 40	6 10	11 43	5 41	6 8	11 51	5 39	6 11	11 36
260	17	Mo.	Battle of Antietam, 1862.	5 42	6 8	morn	5 42	6 6	morn	5 40	6 9	morn
261	18	Tu.	Fugitive slave law signed, 1850	5 43	6 6	0 43	5 43	6 5	0 50	5 41	6 7	0 37
262	19	We.	Battle of Iuka, 1862.	5 44	6 4	1 44	5 44	6 3	1 49	5 43	6 5	1 39
263	20	Th.	Battle of Lexington, Va., 1861.	5 45	6 2	2 44	5 45	6 1	2 47	5 44	6 3	2 40
264	21	Fri.	Battle of Fisher's Hill, 1864.	5 45	6 1	3 43	5 46	6 0	3 46	5 45	6 1	3 42
265	22	Sat.	Arnold's treason, 1780.	5 46	5 59	4 42	5 47	5 58	4 43	5 46	5 59	4 42
266	23	SUN.	Paul Jones's victory, 1779.	5 47	5 57	5 40	5 48	5 57	5 39	5 47	5 57	5 42
267	24	Mo.	Monterey captured, 1846.	5 48	5 55	sets	5 49	5 55	sets	5 49	5 56	sets
268	25	We.	Philadelphia captured, 1777.	5 49	5 53	6 29	5 50	5 53	6 33	5 50	5 54	6 25
269	26	Th.	Harrison leaves Vincennes, 1811	5 51	5 52	6 59	5 50	5 52	7 5	5 51	5 52	6 53
270	27	Fri.	Battle of Pilot Knob, 1864.	5 52	5 50	7 33	5 51	5 50	7 40	5 52	5 50	7 26
271	28	Sat.	Detroit retaken, 1813.	5 53	5 48	8 13	5 52	5 49	8 21	5 53	5 48	8 5
272	29	SUN.	Andre convicted, 1780.	5 54	5 46	9 1	5 53	5 47	9 10	5 55	5 46	8 53
273	30	Mo.	Congress meets at York, 1777.	5 55	5 45	9 55	5 54	5 45	10 4	5 56	5 44	9 47

10th MONTH.

OCTOBER.

31 DAYS.

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY MO.	DAY OF WEEK.	October was formerly the eighth month, and hence the name from <i>Octem</i> (eighth).	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N.Y., Pa., S.Wis., S. Mich. N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N.E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	Moon R.&S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.				H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
274	1	Mo.	Jacks'n removes U.S.deps, 1833	5 57	5 43	10 55	5 55	5 44	11 3	5 57	5 42	10 48
275	2	Tu.	Andre hungs as a spy, 1780.	5 58	5 42	morn	5 56	5 42	morn	5 58	5 40	11 54
276	3	We.	Harrison at Terre Haute, 1811	5 59	5 40	0 0	5 57	5 41	0 6	6 0	5 38	morn
277	4	Th.	Battle of Germantown, 1777.	6 0	5 38	1 10	5 58	5 39	1 14	6 1	5 37	1 5
278	5	Fri.	Tecumseh killed, 1813.	6 1	5 36	2 22	5 59	5 38	2 25	6 3	5 35	2 20
279	6	Sat.	Peace proclaimed, 1783.	6 2	5 35	3 37	6 0	5 36	3 38	6 4	5 33	3 37
280	7	SUN.	Bristol, R. I., bombarded, 1775.	6 3	5 33	4 54	6 1	5 34	4 53	6 5	5 31	4 56
281	8	Mo.	First great Chicago fire, 1871.	6 4	5 31	rises	6 2	5 33	rises	6 6	5 29	rises
282	9	Tu.	Battle of Strasburg, Va., 1864.	6 5	5 29	6 3	6 3	5 32	6 9	6 8	5 28	5 57
283	10	We.	Naval academy opened, 1845.	6 6	5 28	6 48	6 4	5 30	6 53	6 9	5 26	6 41
284	11	Th.	Battle Lake Champlain, 1776.	6 8	5 26	7 38	6 5	5 29	7 6	6 10	5 24	7 30
285	12	Fri.	Battle of Resaca, Ga., 1864.	6 9	5 25	8 34	6 6	5 27	8 43	6 11	5 22	8 26
286	13	Sat.	Battle of Queenstown, 1812.	6 10	5 23	9 34	6 7	5 26	9 42	6 12	5 20	9 26
287	14	SUN.	Declaration of rights, 1774.	6 11	5 21	10 36	6 8	5 24	10 43	6 14	5 19	10 29
288	15	Mo.	Great bank panic 1857.	6 12	5 20	11 37	6 9	5 23	11 42	6 15	5 17	11 31
289	16	Tu.	Harper's F arsenal capt., 1859	6 14	5 18	morn	6 10	5 21	morn	6 16	5 15	morn
290	17	We.	Burgoyne's surrender, 1777.	6 15	5 17	0 38	6 11	5 20	0 42	6 17	5 13	0 34
291	18	Th.	Treaty with Seminoles, 1820.	6 16	5 15	1 38	6 12	5 18	1 41	6 19	5 11	1 33
292	19	Fri.	Cornwallis surrenders, 1781.	6 17	5 14	2 37	6 13	5 17	2 38	6 20	5 10	2 37
293	20	Sat.	Grant relieves Rosecrans, 1863	6 18	5 12	3 34	6 14	5 16	3 35	6 22	5 8	3 35
294	21	SUN.	Earthquake at San Fran., 1868	6 19	5 11	4 31	6 15	5 14	4 33	6 23	5 6	4 34
295	22	Mo.	Hessians arrive, 1776.	6 20	5 9	5 30	6 16	5 13	5 26	6 24	5 4	5 34
296	23	Tu.	Topeka convent'n meets, 1855.	6 21	5 8	6 28	6 17	5 12	6 23	6 26	5 3	6 35
297	24	We.	Zagonyi's ch'ge, Springfield, 1861	6 22	5 6	sets	6 18	5 10	sets	6 27	5 1	sets
298	25	Th.	British evacuate R. I., 1779.	6 24	5 5	6 15	6 19	5 9	6 23	6 29	5 0	6 8
299	26	Fri.	Secession agreed upon, 1860.	6 25	5 3	6 59	6 20	5 8	7 7	6 30	4 58	6 51
300	27	Sat.	Ram Albemarle sunk, 1864.	6 27	5 2	7 50	6 21	5 6	7 58	6 31	4 57	7 42
301	28	SUN.	Eric canal completed, 1825.	6 28	5 0	8 48	6 22	5 5	8 56	6 33	4 55	8 41
302	29	Mo.	McClellan dies, 1885.	6 29	4 59	9 50	6 23	5 4	9 57	6 34	4 54	9 43
303	30	Tu.	San Fran. bay discovered, 1769	6 30	4 58	10 56	6 24	5 3	11 1	6 36	4 52	10 51
304	31	We.	Gen. Scott retires, 1861.	6 32	4 56	morn	6 26	5 2	morn	6 37	4 51	morn

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	November, from <i>Novem</i> (nine), as it was formerly the ninth month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets.	R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	R.&S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.												
305	1	Th.	Bat. French Creek, N. Y., 1813.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
306	2	Fri.	Washington's farewell, 1783.	6 33	4 55	0 5	6 27	5 39	0 8	6 38	4 50	0 2
307	3	Sat.	Battle of Opelousas, La., 1863.	6 34	4 54	1 15	6 28	5 59	1 17	6 40	4 48	1 14
308	4	SUN.	George Peabody died, 1869.	6 35	4 53	2 28	6 29	4 58	2 28	6 41	4 47	2 29
309	5	Mo.	Battle near Nashville, 1862.	6 36	4 52	3 43	6 30	4 57	3 41	6 43	4 45	3 46
310	6	Tu.	Brownsville, Tex., taken, 1863.	6 38	4 50	4 58	6 31	4 56	4 54	6 44	4 44	5 4
311	7	We.	Battle of Tippecanoe, 1811.	6 39	4 49	6 14	6 32	4 55	6 8	6 45	4 43	6 22
312	8	Th.	Confed. envoys taken, 1861.	6 40	4 48	rises	6 33	4 54	rises	6 47	4 41	rises
313	9	Fri.	Battle of Talladega, Ga., 1813	6 41	4 47	6 18	6 34	4 53	6 26	6 48	4 40	6 10
314	10	Sat.	Burnside takes command, 1862.	6 42	4 46	7 18	6 36	4 52	7 26	6 50	4 38	7 14
315	11	SUN.	Cherry Valley massacre, 1778.	6 44	4 44	8 21	6 37	4 51	8 28	6 51	4 37	8 19
316	12	Mo.	Montreal taken, 1775.	6 45	4 43	9 25	6 38	4 50	9 31	6 52	4 36	9 22
317	13	Tu.	Provisional govt. in Tex., 1835.	6 46	4 42	10 27	6 39	4 49	10 31	6 54	4 35	10 22
318	14	We.	U. S. Christian com. org., 1861.	6 47	4 41	11 27	6 40	4 48	11 31	6 55	4 34	11 25
319	15	Th.	Articles conf'n adopted, 1777.	6 48	4 40	morn	6 41	4 48	morn	6 57	4 33	morn
320	16	Fri.	Manistee lost, 1883.	6 50	4 40	0 27	6 42	4 47	0 29	6 58	4 32	0 26
321	17	Sat.	Battle Knoxville, Tenn., 1863.	6 51	4 39	1 27	6 43	4 46	1 27	6 59	4 31	1 28
322	18	SUN.	Standard time adopted, 1883.	6 52	4 38	2 25	6 44	4 45	2 23	7 0	4 30	2 28
323	19	Mo.	Gettys'b'g cem. dedicated, 1863.	6 53	4 37	3 23	6 45	4 45	3 20	7 2	4 29	3 27
324	20	Tu.	British take Ft. Lee, 1776.	6 54	4 36	4 20	6 47	4 44	4 16	7 3	4 28	4 26
325	21	We.	Surrender Fredricksburg, 1862.	6 56	4 36	5 19	6 48	4 44	5 13	7 4	4 27	5 27
326	22	Th.	Ft. George captured, 1780.	6 57	4 35	6 19	6 49	4 43	6 12	7 7	4 26	6 28
327	23	Fri.	Fight at Chattanooga, 1863.	6 58	4 34	sets	6 50	4 42	sets	7 7	4 25	sets
328	24	Sat.	Battle Columbia, Tenn., 1864.	6 59	4 33	5 46	6 51	4 42	5 55	7 10	4 24	6 34
329	25	SUN.	Ft. Duquesne taken, 1755.	7 0	4 33	6 42	6 52	4 41	6 50	7 11	4 23	7 37
330	26	Mo.	Sojourner Truth died, 1883.	7 1	4 32	7 44	6 53	4 41	7 51	7 12	4 22	8 43
331	27	Tu.	Utah declar'd in rebellion, 1857	7 2	4 31	8 49	6 54	4 40	8 55	7 13	4 22	9 53
332	28	We.	Ft. Rosalie massacre, 1729.	7 3	4 31	9 57	6 55	4 40	10 1	7 15	4 21	11 4
333	29	Th.	Savannah, Ga., taken, 1778.	7 4	4 30	morn	6 57	4 39	morn	7 16	4 21	morn
334	30	Fri.	Battle of Franklin, Tenn., 1863.	7 5	4 30	0 14	6 58	4 39	0 15	7 17	4 20	0 14

DAY OF YEAR.	DAY Mo.	DAY OF WEEK.	December, from <i>Decem</i> (ten), the Roman Calendar terming it the tenth month.	Chicago, Iowa, Neb., N. Y., Pa., S. Wis., S. Mich., N. Ill., Ind., O.			St. Louis, S. Ill., Va., Ky., Mo., Kan., Col., Cal., Ind., Ohio.			St. Paul, N. E. Wis. and Mich., N.E. New York, Minn., Or.		
				Sun rises	Sun sets.	R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	R.&S.	Sun rises	Sun sets.	R.&S.
AMERICAN HISTORY.												
335	1	Sat.	Habeas corp. re-estab., 1865.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
336	2	SUN.	Execution John Brown, 1859.	7 9	4 29	1 25	6 59	4 39	1 23	7 18	4 20	1 27
337	3	Mo.	Revolutionary army dis., 1783.	7 10	4 29	2 38	7 0	4 39	2 34	7 19	4 20	2 42
338	4	Tu.	Senate exp'ls Breck'n'rg, 1861.	7 11	4 29	3 50	7 1	4 38	3 45	7 21	4 19	3 57
339	5	We.	Worcester, Mass., taken, 1786.	7 12	4 29	5 3	7 2	4 38	4 56	7 22	4 19	5 11
340	6	Th.	Anti-slavery soc. org., 1833.	7 13	4 28	6 15	7 3	4 38	6 7	7 23	4 19	6 25
341	7	Fri.	Bat. Prairie Grove, Ark., 1862.	7 14	4 28	rises	7 4	4 38	rises	7 24	4 19	rises
342	8	Sat.	British take N'port, R. I., 1776.	7 15	4 28	5 59	7 5	4 38	6 7	7 25	4 19	5 51
343	9	SUN.	Battle of Great Bridge, 1775.	7 16	4 28	7 5	7 6	4 38	7 12	7 26	4 18	6 58
344	10	Mo.	Savannah besieged, 1864.	7 17	4 28	8 10	7 7	4 38	8 15	7 27	4 18	8 9
345	11	Tu.	Burnside cross's Rap'nock, 1862.	7 18	4 28	9 13	7 8	4 38	9 17	7 28	4 18	9 9
346	12	We.	Battle Franklin, Tenn., 1862.	7 19	4 28	10 14	7 9	4 38	10 17	7 29	4 18	10 13
347	13	Th.	Ft. McAllister taken, 1864.	7 20	4 28	11 15	7 10	4 39	11 16	7 30	4 18	11 15
348	14	Fri.	Kan.-Neb. bill submitted, 1853.	7 21	4 28	morn	7 11	4 39	morn	7 31	4 19	morn
349	15	Sat.	Hartford convent'n met's, 1814	7 22	4 29	0 14	7 12	4 40	0 13	7 32	4 19	0 16
350	16	SUN.	Boston "tea party," 1773.	7 23	4 29	1 12	7 13	4 40	1 9	7 33	4 19	1 15
351	17	Mo.	Battle Goldsboro, N. C., 1863.	7 24	4 29	2 9	7 14	4 40	2 6	7 34	4 20	2 15
352	18	Tu.	Battle Mississinwa, Ind., 1812	7 25	4 29	3 8	7 15	4 40	3 3	7 35	4 20	3 15
353	19	We.	Am. army at Vall'y For'e, 1777.	7 26	4 29	4 8	7 16	4 40	4 1	7 36	4 20	4 16
354	20	Th.	Battle Dranesville, Va., 1861.	7 27	4 30	5 7	7 17	4 40	4 59	7 37	4 20	5 16
355	21	Fri.	Sherm'n reaches Savan'h, 1864	7 28	4 30	6 3	7 18	4 41	5 55	7 38	4 20	6 13
356	22	Sat.	The embargo act passed, 1807.	7 29	4 31	6 56	7 19	4 41	6 48	7 39	4 21	6 13
357	23	SUN.	Washington resigns, 1783.	7 30	4 31	sets	7 20	4 42	sets	7 40	4 21	sets
358	24	Mo.	Treaty of Ghent, 1814.	7 31	4 32	6 39	7 21	4 42	6 45	7 41	4 22	6 33
359	25	Tu.	Amnesty proclaimed, 1863.	7 32	4 32	7 47	7 22	4 43	7 51	7 42	4 23	7 8
360	26	We.	Battle of Trenton, 1776.	7 33	4 33	8 55	7 23	4 44	8 58	7 43	4 23	8 53
361	27	Th.	Washington made dictat'r, 1776	7 34	4 33	10 5	7 24	4 44	10 6	7 44	4 24	10 5
362	28	Fri.	Mason and Slidell sur., 1863.	7 35	4 34	11 16	7 25	4 45	11 15	7 45	4 25	11 18
363	29	Sat.	Battle Mossy Cre'k, Tenn., 1863	7 36	4 35	morn	7 26	4 45	morn	7 46	4 26	morn
364	30	SUN.	Mexican Gadsden cession, 1853	7 37	4 36	0 27	7 27	4 46	0 24	7 47	4 27	0 31
365	31	Mo.	Battle of Quebec, 1775.	7 38	4 36	1 37	7 28	4 46	1 33	7 48	4 27	1 43
				7 39	4 37	2 48	7 29	4 48	2 42	7 49	4 27	2 56

A CYCLICAL CALENDAR

Of the Christian era, A. D. 1600 to the millenium, showing at a glance a complete calendar for every month of every year, day of the week for every date, day of the week of birth-days, battle days, holidays, anniversaries, etc.

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FORM 1.							FORM 2.							FORM 3.							
S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	
FORM 4.							FORM 5.							FORM 6.							
S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	
5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	
INDEX TO MONTH FORMS: ALL YEARS.														FORM 7.							
Common Years.							Leap Years.														
JAN. OCT.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	JAN. APR. JUL.							S	M	T	W	T	F	S
MAY.	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	OCTOBER.							2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29
AUGUST.	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	MAY.													
FEB. MAR. NOV.	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	FEB. AUG.													
JUNE.	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	MAR. NOV.													
SEPT. DEC.	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	JUNE.													
APRIL. JULY.	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	SEPT. DEC.													

Explanation: The number of form for any month of any year is found under letter of the year and on line with name of the desired month. *Example:* 1889. Year letter is A; under A on line with May is figure 2. Form 2 is calendar for May, 1889.

EXPLANATION AND INDEX.

The figures in the table 00 to 99 represent the years of any century, indexed at the end in four columns. The letters A to G indicate day of the week on which the years begin. All years beginning on Sunday are indexed as class A; those on Monday, B; Tuesday, C; Wednesday, D; Thursday, E; Friday, F, and Saturday, G. From this classification the month forms are arranged and indexed as above. The leap years in table are printed in black-face type; common years light-face. The cycle is repeated every 400 years, hence first column of index letters is for 1600, 2000, 2400, etc.; the second column for 1700, 2100, 2500, etc.; third column for 1800, 2200, etc., and fourth column for 1900, 2300, 2700, etc. 1600, 2000, 2400, etc., are leap years. All other even centuries are common years.

Find the year, as 76, 90, etc., in the table. On same line under desired century is its class or index letter.

A	F	00	06	12	17	23		34	40	45	51		62	68	73	79		90	96	D	B
B	G	01	07		18	24	29	35		46	52	57	63		74	80	85	91		E	C
C	A	02	08	13	19		30	36	41	47		58	64	69	75		86	92	97	F	D
D	B	03		14	20	25	31		42	48	53	59		70	76	81	87		98	G	E
E	C	04	09	15		26	32	37	43		54	60	65	71		82	88	93	99	A	F
F	D		10	16	21	27		38	44	49	55		66	72	77	83		94		B	G
G	E	05	11		22	28	33	39		50	56	61	67		78	84	89	95		C	A

IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE, WITH RATE OF DUTY.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, compared with the corresponding period of 1898.
[Abbreviation: n. e. s., not elsewhere specified.]

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Agricultural implements.....free					
Animals (No.)—Cattle.....free	577	\$76,631	626	\$95,513	
Do.....dut.	291,012	2,536,592	199,128	2,225,069	\$2-\$2.75 hd.
Horses.....free	800	145,456	1,064	296,092	
Do.....dut.	2,285	269,443	1,975	254,798	Various
Sheep.....free	3,047	42,505	2,396	46,132	
Do.....dut.	389,267	1,063,517	343,515	1,153,949	75c-\$1.50hd.
All other, including fowls.....free		155,967		183,473	
Do.....dut.		83,714		81,559	20%
Total.....{ free.....		420,859		621,210	
{ dut.....		4,253,266		3,215,315	
Total.....		4,674,125		4,836,525	
Horses (free, No.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	35	59,540	143	155,275	
British North America.....	722	67,640	745	55,827	
Other countries.....	43	18,276	176	84,900	
Total.....	800	145,456	1,064	206,092	
Horses (dut., No.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	43	18,800	47	20,922	
British North America.....	2,019	246,393	1,916	232,877	
Other countries.....	223	4,250	12	999	
Total.....	2,285	269,443	1,975	254,798	
Antimony ore.....free..lbs.	5,359,590	78,510	3,020,016	40,362	
Antimony, as regulus or metal.....dut..lbs.	2,230,902	121,116	2,316,728	179,373	3c lb.
Articles, the growth, product and manufacture of the U. S., returned, n. e. s.....free		3,783,241		3,540,921	
Art works.....free		701,208		418,857	
Do.....dut.		1,562,219		2,040,121	20%
Art Works (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		170,372		136,410	
France.....		353,403		211,332	
Germany.....		28,303		16,693	
Italy.....		80,484		46,718	
Other Europe.....		24,698		6,424	
British North America.....		36,050		70	
Other countries.....		7,928		1,210	
Total.....		701,208		418,857	
Art Works (dut.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		691,658		478,907	
France.....		524,216		1,251,297	
Germany.....		115,060		115,283	
Italy.....		173,284		103,444	
Other Europe.....		48,741		42,549	
British North America.....		5,569		36,120	
Other countries.....		3,691		9,521	
Total.....		1,562,219		2,040,121	
Asphaltum or bitumen, crude.....free..tons	12,440	34,157			
Do.....dut..tons	79,060	290,765	73,494	294,420	\$1.50 ton
Bark, hemlock.....free.c'rds	27,035	106,306	17,845	62,504	
Bolting cloth.....free		187,249		207,480	
Bones, horns & hoofs, unmanufact'd.....free		471,731		704,959	
Bones and horns, manufactures of.....dut.		165,205		181,706	30%
Books, music, maps, engravings, etc.....free		1,538,907		1,688,446	
Do.....dut.		1,345,083		1,393,473	25%
Books, etc. (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		645,343		751,439	
France.....		155,436		202,640	
Germany.....		554,291		548,354	
Other Europe.....		138,511		147,269	
British North America.....		35,506		26,717	
Other countries.....		9,820		12,027	
Total.....		1,538,907		1,688,446	
Books, etc. (dut.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		947,375		981,953	
France.....		65,843		68,120	
Germany.....		221,937		237,841	
Other Europe.....		59,115		60,810	
British North America.....		27,734		26,178	
China.....		3,494		4,108	

IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

13

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Japan.....		\$13,375		\$10,750	
Other countries.....		6,212		8,713	
Total.....		1,345,085		1,393,473	
Brass, and manufactures of.....dut.....		35,096		55,185	
Breadstuffs—Barley.....dut.....bu.	124,804	43,863	110,475	53,696	80c bu.
Corn.....dut.....bu.	3,417	1,479	4,171	1,618	15c bu.
Oats.....dut.....bu.	9,098	3,368	11,500	4,432	15c bu.
Oatmeal.....dut.....lbs.	287,910	15,697	298,764	17,740	1c lb.
Rye.....dut.....bu.	32,338	13,323	402	982	10c bu.
Wheat.....dut.....bu.	2,046,590	1,943,289	1,871,091	1,407,615	25c bu.
Wheat flour.....dut.....brls.	2,744	12,230	902	4,046	25%
Farinaceous substances, etc., n.e.s. free		195,829		203,615	
All other, and preparations of, etc., dut.....		917,989		850,978	
Total.....		3,152,067		2,514,722	
Bristles (lbs.)—Crude, not sorted, bunched or prepared.....free.....	1,203	416	21,421	12,399	
Sorted, bunched or prepared.....dut.....	1,533,887	1,243,703	1,835,156	1,445,833	
Total.....		1,535,090		1,458,252	
Brushes.....dut.....		745,267		890,624	40%
Buttons and button forms.....dut.....		435,069		451,331	10%
Cement—Roman, Portland, etc.....dut.....lbs	797,648,183	2,578,282	839,421,118	2,776,336	7c 100 lbs.
Cement (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	113,723,295	379,759	100,592,130	368,253	
Belgium.....	240,127,308	716,440	265,274,396	789,268	
France.....	13,060,916	39,072	7,655,200	24,170	
Germany.....	407,467,520	1,366,209	442,600,779	1,535,258	
Other Europe.....	21,093,145	66,405	21,290,544	50,611	
British North America.....	2,170,799	10,330	1,946,070	8,767	
Other countries.....	5,200	67	2,000	9	
Total.....	797,648,183	2,578,282	839,421,118	2,776,336	
Chemicals, Drugs and Dyes—Alizarin and alizarin colors or dyes, etc.....free.....lbs.	5,872,015	896,332	5,231,507	700,485	
Argal, or argol, or crude tartar.....free.....lbs.	741,150	65,154			
Argols, or wine lees.....dut.....lbs.	18,461,479	1,523,873	23,300,762	1,914,450	1c-1½c lb.
Barks, cinchona, or other, etc.....free.....lbs.	2,935,100	273,228	3,281,977	3,476,756	
Coal-tar colors and dyes.....dut.....lbs.		3,689,214		3,799,330	30%
Cochineal.....free.....lbs.	158,055	45,762	97,563	23,207	
Dyewoods—Logwood.....free.....tons	46,596	741,455	37,375	546,274	
All other.....free.....		174,386		222,967	
Extracts and decoctions of.....dut.....lbs.	4,084,672	256,176	3,183,864	219,192	1c lb.
Total.....		1,172,017		988,433	
Logwood (tons)—Imported from—					
Central America.....			50	1,570	
Mexico.....	821	21,922	1,322	22,853	
British West Indies.....	16,625	264,422	14,614	224,788	
Other West Indies.....	29,083	453,646	21,389	297,063	
Other countries.....	67	1,465			
Total.....	46,596	741,455	37,375	546,274	
Dyewoods, Extracts of (lbs.)—Imp. from—					
United Kingdom.....	1,400,223	86,725	997,485	58,885	
France.....	912,537	61,010	860,828	55,900	
Germany.....	357,118	16,119	95,864	8,061	
Switzerland.....	281,800	26,050	189,270	14,870	
Other countries.....	1,132,994	66,272	1,040,417	81,476	
Total.....	4,084,672	256,176	3,183,864	219,192	
Glycerin.....dut.....lbs.	12,274,987	774,709	15,665,252	1,024,131	3c lb.
Gums (free, lbs.)—Arabic.....	942,239	114,943	928,089	116,382	
Camphor, crude.....	2,047,234	365,652	1,807,888	322,100	
Chicle.....dut.....			2,445,061	363,051	
Copal, cowrie, and damar.....free.....			18,126,228	1,844,779	
Gambier, or terra japonica.....free.....	42,334,590	1,021,341	88,123,478	754,497	
Shellac.....free.....	6,984,395	939,361	9,829,111	1,397,635	
All other.....free.....		2,599,391		1,070,321	
Total.....		5,040,688		5,868,765	
Indigo.....free.....lbs.	3,067,340	1,815,411	3,127,357	1,698,583	
Licorice root.....free.....lbs.	70,136,591	1,171,621	98,432,319	1,566,830	
Lime, chloride of, or bleaching powder.....free.....lbs.	6,720,688	92,487			
Do.....dut.....lbs.	107,511,940	1,329,433	12,107,250	1,159,271	
Mineral waters, all not artificial.....free.....gals.	75,505	17,463			
Mineral waters.....dut.....gals.	1,466,216	440,540	1,606,988	596,337	
Opium (lbs.), crude or unmanufactured.....free.....		32,310			
Do.....dut.....	109,431	235,267	514,496	1,223,951	\$1 lb.
Prepared for smoking, and other, etc., dut.....	100,258	652,341	124,214	828,203	80 lb.

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Opium, Crude (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	48,074	\$114,853	104,819	\$275,680	
Other Europe.....	38,616	75,601	174,544	427,671	
Asia and Oceania.....	22,711	42,813	235,136	520,590	
Other countries.....					
Total.....	109,431	233,267	514,499	1,223,951	
Opium, Prepared (lbs.)—Imported from—					
China.....	99,958	650,644	123,394	823,863	
Other countries.....	300	1,697	820	4,340	
Total.....	100,258	652,341	124,214	828,203	
Potash (lbs.)—Chlorate of.....	free.....	630,340	45,026		
Do.....	dut.....	4,287,636	263,432	2,808,718	173,488..... $\frac{1}{2}$ c lb.
Muriate of.....	free.....	118,056,204	1,817,221	95,856,263	1,509,915
Nitrate of, or saltpeter, crude.....	free.....	12,920,986	270,291	19,985,505	409,818
All other.....	free.....	35,904,415	893,132	39,828,207	892,551
Total.....		171,799,581	3,289,102	158,478,693	2,985,772
Quinia, sulphate of, etc.....	free.....oz.	4,372,477	896,908	3,978,421	949,104
Soda—Caustic.....	dut.....lbs.	29,697,185	476,032	18,405,244	252,291.....1c lb.
Nitrate of.....	free.....tons	125,081	2,729,750	122,314	2,042,932
Sal soda.....	dut.....lbs.	8,851,011	40,266	4,224,680	20,905.....2-10c lb.
Soda ash.....	dut.....lbs.	87,809,619	589,714	45,444,305	310,742.....1c lb.
All other salts of.....	dut.....lbs.	21,400,585	225,628	23,891,135	317,032.....25c ton
Total.....			4,061,390		2,943,962
Sulphur, or brimstone, crude.....	free.....tons	172,889	3,193,528	128,683	2,370,449
Sumac, ground.....	dut.....lbs.	8,301,235	120,206	12,975,970	183,196.....3-10c lb.
Vanilla beans.....	free.....lbs.	63,997	279,755	272,174	1,235,412
All other.....	free.....		5,291,584		5,137,511
Do.....	dut.....		5,080,421		5,124,870
Total chemicals, drugs & dyes.....	free.....		23,773,522		25,158,328
Do.....	dut.....		15,697,251		17,510,403
Total.....			41,470,773		42,668,731
Chicory root, raw, unground.....	free.....lbs.	176,210	2,137		
Do.....	dut.....lbs.	139,497	2,963	159,269	2,353.....2 $\frac{1}{2}$ c lb.
Chicory root, roasted, ground or prep. dut.....lbs.			365,347		11,061
Chocolate, prepared, etc. (not confectionery)					
Do.....	dut.....lbs.	868,905	128,539	1,124,446	201,415
Clays or earths of all kinds.....	dut.....tons	106,266	738,819	116,757	786,514.....\$1 ton
Clocks and Watches and Parts of (dut.)—					
Clocks and parts of.....			276,766		274,023.....25%
Watches and parts of.....			659,656		1,061,959.....Various
Coal, anthracite.....	free.....tons	5,851	14,729	601	2,684
Coal, bituminous.....	dut.....tons	1,273,311	3,401,301	1,258,784	3,595,793.....67c ton
Coal, Bituminous (tons)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		133,245	311,733	106,860	263,294
Other Europe.....		2,355	5,184	1,433	3,745
British North America.....		756,920	2,380,486	830,537	2,736,409
Mexico.....		108,103	200,728	120,105	234,884
Japan.....		2,675	8,075	7,552	21,412
Other Asia and Oceania.....		266,318	486,935	192,013	335,491
Other countries.....		3,695	8,160	284	557
Total.....		1,273,311	3,401,301	1,258,784	3,595,793
Cocoa, or cacao, crude, etc.....	free.....lbs.	25,717,404	3,492,033	35,512,364	5,064,703
Cocoa, prepared, etc.....	dut.....lbs.	636,564	223,546	926,219	295,418.....5c lb.
Cocoa, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,900,626	304,147	2,050,945	343,447
Netherlands.....		722,579	113,398	630,884	99,556
Other Europe.....		627,676	39,164	550,332	83,707
Central America.....				68,511	8,597
British West Indies.....		8,376,766	1,257,225	14,396,659	2,107,891
Other West Indies.....		1,612,194	225,865	987,355	157,000
Brazil.....		1,376,810	173,846	4,631,201	646,756
Other South America.....		10,617,740	1,203,376	10,388,891	1,378,604
East Indies.....		374,614	111,865	112,023	14,398
Other countries.....		48,399	63,147	1,715,501	224,747
Total.....		25,717,404	3,492,033	35,512,364	5,064,703
Coffee.....	free.....lbs.	570,514,455	65,067,631	831,820,341	55,274,646
Coffee (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,796,985	254,206	4,465,794	494,553
France.....		859,419	62,173	92,319	8,255
Germany.....		7,394,801	538,717	2,138,780	209,386
Netherlands.....		2,409,967	361,035	3,655,289	404,137
Other Europe.....		2,427,334	136,902	380,600	22,641
Central America.....		35,862,385	4,459,183	45,238,800	5,368,711
Mexico.....		31,511,168	3,559,392	27,324,827	2,686,248

IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

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IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.*		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Salmon, pickled or salted.....dut.....	903,990	\$65,693	521,904	\$41,415	1c lb.
All other.....dut.....		267,712		321,287	30%
Total.....		5,985,045		5,956,190	
Fruits, Including Nuts (lbs.)—Bananas, free		4,236,418		5,665,588	
Currants.....free					
Do.....dut.....	25,136,310	837,987	30,849,253	798,357	2c lb.
Dates.....dut.....	13,561,434	371,992	12,943,305	324,087	1c lb.
Figs.....dut.....	9,628,426	509,002	7,284,058	356,762	2c lb.
Lemons.....dut.....		2,848,130		4,388,004	1c lb.
Oranges.....dut.....		886,722		1,097,596	1c lb.
Plums and prunes.....dut.....	303,992	39,655	600,360	63,574	2c lb.
Raisins.....dut.....	6,593,833	381,889	4,983,201	282,400	2c lb.
Prepared or preserved fruits.....dut.....		922,357		1,020,643	2c lb.
All other fruits.....free		421,657		543,361	
Do.....dut.....		873,198		1,039,287	Various
Total fruits.....		12,329,012		15,589,659	
Bananas—Imported from—					
British North America.....		90,337		87,047	
Central American States.....		1,569,749		1,816,843	
British West Indies.....		1,852,843		2,762,949	
Cuba.....				61,258	
South America.....		103,692		732,431	
Hawaiian Islands.....		48,081		52,294	
Other countries.....		571,716		152,766	
Total.....		4,236,418		5,665,588	
Lemons—Imported from—Italy.....		2,771,875		4,287,801	
British North America.....		59,160		92,478	
Other countries.....		17,005		17,725	
Total.....		2,848,130		4,398,004	
Oranges—Imported from—United Kingdom..		23,149		87,673	
Italy.....		207,464		298,005	
Mexico.....		134,672		139,644	
British West Indies.....		502,915		546,851	
Cuba.....		1,901		622	
Japan.....		9,418		5,656	
Other countries.....		7,683		19,145	
Total.....		886,722		1,097,596	
Nuts (lbs.)—Almonds.....dut.....	5,746,962	659,659	9,957,427	1,222,587	4c lb.
Cocoanuts.....free		554,061		625,789	
Do.....dut.....		21,874			1c lb.
All other.....dut.....		1,002,344		879,165	1c lb.
Total fruits and nuts.....		14,566,950		18,317,201	
Furs—Furs and fur skins, undressed..free.....		3,832,603		5,645,580	
Furs, and manufactures of.....dut.....		4,048,569		5,211,019	
Furs and Fur Skins, etc.—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,122,891		1,728,999	
France.....		355,956		794,239	
Germany.....		1,428,863		1,806,754	
Other Europe.....		315,026		375,964	
British North America.....		289,462		397,120	
South America.....		62,973		151,704	
Japan.....		75		994	
Other countries.....		339,357		429,804	
Total.....		3,832,603		5,645,580	
Furs, and manufactures of—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,310,753		1,373,769	
Belgium.....		255,710		484,120	
France.....		1,331,078		1,804,251	
Germany.....		990,768		1,133,295	
Other Europe.....		15,733		56,780	
China.....		204,678		313,622	
Other countries.....		19,849		45,114	
Total.....		4,048,569		5,211,019	
Ginger ale or ginger beer (pints).....dut. doz.	182,683	132,709	367,915	268,236	50c gal.
Glass and Glassware (dut.)—Bottles, etc., empty					
or filled.....		338,861		371,369	Various
Cylinder, crown, etc., unpolished.....lbs.	38,908,992	933,116	47,189,667	1,275,184	
Cylinder and crown glass, polished (sq. feet)—					
Unsilvered.....	2,810,511	569,880	2,651,534	521,957	
Silvered.....	244,014	66,768	896	622	
Plate glass (sq. ft.)—Fluted, rolled or rough.	179,981	9,880	219,096	9,528	
Cast, polished, unsilvered.....	656,183	161,637	928,273	233,190	
Cast, polished, silvered.....	519	562	558	419	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
All other.....		\$1,574,841		\$1,769,872	
Total.....		3,675,045		4,182,141	
Glass—Cylinder, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	2,890,943	150,083	3,729,098	193,297	
Belgium.....	35,638,022	765,335	43,059,855	1,044,260	
France.....	150,496	8,205	82,558	3,046	
Germany.....	185,711	27,985	256,007	32,533	
Other Europe.....	18,575	641	23,038	354	
Other countries.....	25,245	867	39,138	1,694	
Total.....	38,908,992	953,116	47,189,607	1,275,184	
Glue.....dnt...lbs.	3,726,324	397,990	5,358,073	479,450	
Grease and oils n. e. s.....free		451,080		436,171	
Grease n. e. s.....dnt.....		161,748		260,508	½c lb.
Hair—Unmanufactured.....free		1,839,668		1,814,964	
Manufactures of.....dnt.....		286,698		159,049	
Total.....		2,126,366		1,974,013	
Hats, Bonnets and Hoods, and Materials for, etc.....free					
Hats, bonnets and hoods, and materials, free.....		36,308			
Hats, bonnets and hoods.....dnt.....		583,994		619,370	...Various
Materials for.....dnt.....		1,624,047		1,807,356	...Various
Total.....		2,244,349		2,426,726	
Hay.....dnt.tons.	3,887	34,659	19,871	115,209	\$4 ton
Hides and Skins, Other than Fur Skins (lbs.)—					
Goatskins.....free	64,923,487	15,776,601	71,062,102	18,488,323	
All other, except hides of cattle, etc. free.....	54,607,534	7,667,342	66,963,560	9,877,773	
Hides of cattle.....dnt.....	126,243,595	13,624,988	130,320,120	13,621,946	15%
Total.....	245,774,616	37,068,932	268,305,782	41,988,045	
Hides and Skins (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	46,673,962	6,432,181	48,700,441	6,433,869	
France.....	19,901,428	3,460,236	20,509,334	3,826,509	
Germany.....	13,755,842	2,572,454	22,406,250	3,385,238	
Other Europe.....	23,191,180	3,860,465	29,743,374	4,133,863	
British North America.....	14,414,711	1,148,935	15,133,704	1,324,302	
Central American States.....	1,962,808	198,874	2,516,334	287,557	
Mexico.....	13,300,779	1,638,574	12,313,046	1,879,750	
West Indies.....	4,230,753	419,853	3,209,243	387,970	
South America.....	59,196,320	9,178,328	61,611,440	10,447,178	
East Indies.....	23,590,789	3,853,296	27,211,970	5,021,702	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	8,828,131	1,706,930	9,195,661	2,246,061	
Africa.....	7,334,150	1,226,844	6,461,227	1,158,630	
Other countries.....	9,424,768	1,316,962	9,293,758	1,455,516	
Total.....	245,774,616	37,068,932	268,305,782	41,988,045	
Hide cuttings, raw and other glue stock.....free				718,968	
Hops.....dnt...lbs.	2,375,922	648,155	1,319,319	591,755	12c lb.
Household and personal effects, etc.....free		1,779,055		3,112,885	
India Rubber & Gutta-Percha, & Manufactures of—Unmanufact'd (free, lbs.)—Gutta-percha	636,477	159,331	518,939	167,577	
India rubber.....	46,055,497	25,386,010	51,079,258	31,708,765	
Total unmanufactured.....	46,691,974	25,545,391	51,598,197	31,876,342	
India Rubber, Crude (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	9,001,797	5,322,469	10,735,223	6,956,970	
Germany.....	1,691,683	682,995	1,887,161	1,034,046	
Other Europe.....	5,661,852	3,167,476	6,103,926	4,383,576	
Central America.....	972,631	419,742	1,485,783	855,145	
Mexico.....	135,874	41,901	324,730	142,887	
West Indies.....	10,467	2,500	30,069	9,086	
Brazil.....	26,570,127	14,980,875	27,464,654	16,999,345	
Other South America.....	1,557,508	622,641	1,981,291	951,737	
East Indies.....	418,860	131,529	999,877	342,796	
Africa.....	11,731	3,832	5,734	2,852	
Other countries.....	21,967	9,550	59,810	25,325	
Total.....	46,055,497	25,386,010	51,079,258	31,708,765	
Manufactures of (dnt.)—Gutta-percha.....		156,997		113,425	30%
India rubber.....		309,247		379,076	30%
Total manufactures.....		466,244		492,501	
Iron and Steel and Manufactures of—Iron ore.....dnt. tons	352,455	470,089	269,113	403,298	40c ton
Pig iron.....dnt. tons	25,640	675,833	23,316	711,088	\$4 ton
Scrap iron and steel, etc.....dnt. tons	1,502	14,931	4,642	65,185	\$4 ton
Bar iron.....dnt. lbs.	33,996,958	683,429	44,745,118	907,496	6-10c lb.
Bars, railway, of iron or steel, etc.....dnt. tons	529	18,824	624	20,353	4-10c lb.

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Hoop, band or scroll.....dut..lbs.	69,443	\$3,097	19,800	\$3,329	Various
Ingot, bl'ms, sl'bs, bl'ts of steel, etc..dut..lbs.	30,821,157	1,202,055	23,798,994	1,088,847	Various
Sheet, plate and taggers iron or steel..dut..lbs.	5,899,900	183,402	4,241,296	178,892	1½c lb.
Ties for baling cotton.....free..lbs.					
Tin plates, terne plates and taggers tin.....dut..lbs.	171,662,345	3,809,148	108,484,826	2,613,564	1½c lb.
Wire rods.....dut..lbs.	39,601,639	844,811	34,610,656	730,958	¾c lb.
Wire, and articles made from.....dut..lbs.	5,318,193	348,854	5,278,044	348,080	Various
Manufactures of—Anvils.....dut..lbs.	777,908	47,797	522,436	32,325	1½c lb.
Chains.....dut..lbs.	176,346	11,429	362,555	21,006	Various
Cutlery.....dut.....		944,056		1,187,236	Various
Files, file blanks, rasps and floats.....dut.....		35,344		42,790	Various
Firearms.....dut.....		409,032		758,575	Various
Needles, hand sewing and darning.....free.....		382,606		407,746	
Machinery.....dut.....		1,875,222		1,630,542	Various
Shotgun barrels, in single tubes, forged, rough-bored.....free.....		48,885		138,871	
All other.....dut.....		1,107,596		1,210,787	Various
Total, not including ore.....		12,626,431		12,098,239	
Tin Plates, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	170,872,133	3,786,626	107,831,639	2,591,806	
British North America.....	779,482	22,151	633,187	21,758	
Other countries.....	10,730	371			
Total.....	171,662,345	3,809,148	108,484,826	2,613,564	
Ivory (free, lbs.)—Animal.....	244,138	520,518	321,315	630,980	
Vegetable.....	15,156,128	155,934	8,864,257	83,479	
Jewelry, Manufactures of Gold and Silver, and Precious Stones—Diamonds, uncut, including miners', etc., not set.....free.....		2,517,759		3,678,266	
Diamonds, cut but not set.....dut.....		4,438,030		8,497,234	10%
Other precious stones, rough or uncut, free.....		22,302		39,928	
Other precious stones, cut but not set.....dut.....		1,982,456		2,140,275	20%
Jewelry, and manufactures of gold and silver.....dut.....		1,427,833		3,293,693	60%
Total.....		10,388,880		17,649,446	
Precious Stones, etc. (free)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,108,661		2,302,602	
France.....		124,451		60,266	
Netherlands.....		1,227,387		1,343,044	
Other Europe.....		71,660		8,447	
Brazil.....		1,303			
Other countries.....		7,096		3,835	
Total.....		2,540,561		3,718,194	
Jewelry, and other Precious Stones, etc. (dut.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		1,958,618		3,600,367	
France.....		2,546,392		4,360,486	
Germany.....		539,146		917,857	
Netherlands.....		2,122,257		3,991,431	
Other Europe.....		573,186		1,018,962	
British North America.....		92,111		5,440	
Mexico.....		6,747		13,990	
East Indies.....		3,944		7,198	
Other countries.....		5,918		15,531	
Total.....		7,848,319		13,931,252	
Lead, and Manufactures of (dut., lbs.)—Lead in ore, etc.....	181,656,980	2,514,258	191,931,295	2,763,394	1½c lb.
Pigs, bars, and old.....	3,313,000	82,271	414,023	10,652	2½c lb.
Pigs, bars, old and other in ore.....					
Manufactures of.....		4,250		10,575	Various
Lead, Pigs, Bars, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	644,482	17,830	267,422	7,522	
Germany.....	363,053	8,944			
Other Europe.....	1,120,528	28,968	111,952	1,910	
British North America.....	42,557,856	934,149	33,212,553	845,540	
Mexico.....	137,867,339	1,601,454	157,908,249	1,908,111	
Other countries.....	443,812	5,210	755,142	10,906	
Total.....	184,970,070	2,596,529	192,345,316	2,774,006	
Leather, and Manufactures of—Leather (dut.)					
Band or belting and sole leather.....		155,860		52,688	20%
Calfskins, tanned, etc.....		176,578		258,816	20%
Skins for morocco.....		3,081,770		2,455,332	10%
Upper leather and skins, dressed, etc.....		2,210,937		2,470,841	Various
Total leather.....		5,625,145		5,237,707	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Gloves, of kid or other leather.....		\$5,381,168		\$5,398,125	Various
All other.....		404,812		480,719	35%
Total manufactures.....		5,785,980		5,878,844	
Gloves—Imported from—Belgium.....		234,619		234,186	
France.....		1,624,114		2,061,582	
Germany.....		2,684,287		2,347,827	
Other Europe.....		790,679		720,931	
Other countries.....		469		599	
Total.....		5,384,168		5,598,125	
Malt—Barley.....dut. bu.	4,769	4,412	4,981	4,447	45c bu.
Malt Liquors (dut., gals.)—In bottles or jugs....	733,535	695,102	915,890	914,229	40c gal.
In other coverings.....	1,777,202	506,428	1,923,655	570,677	20c gal.
Total.....	2,510,737	1,201,530	2,844,554	1,484,906	
Manganese ore and oxide of.....free. tons	97,320	772,310	115,094	875,478	
Marble and Stone, and Manufactures of (dut.)—					
Marble, and manufactures of.....		689,450		680,292	Various
Stone, and manufactures of, including slate....		249,502		205,319	Various
Total.....		938,956		885,611	
Matting for floors.....free. rolls.	20,804	61,890			
Matting and mats for floors, etc.....dut. sq. yds.	19,792,451	1,575,272	37,908,009	2,651,106	6c sq. yd.
Metals, Metal Compositions, and Manufactures of (dut.)—Bronze manufactures.....		480,281		558,472	45%
All other.....		3,340,787		3,559,346	Various
Total.....		3,821,068		4,117,818	
Musical Instruments, and parts of.....dut.....		920,094		1,057,791	45%
Oils (gals.)—Animal or rendered—Whale and fish.....dut.....	673,214	221,830	531,932	198,110	8c gal.
Other.....dut.....	14,163	5,715	9,056	1,560	8c gal.
Mineral.....free.....	376,147	98,252	1,789,514	140,143	
Do.....dut.....	15,439	3,114	2,775	697	
Vegetable—Fixed or expressed.....free.....		1,968,878		1,907,923	
Do.....dut.....		540,331		611,231	
Olive.....dut.....	736,877	923,804	930,004	1,090,213	40c gal.
Volatile or essential, and distilled.....free.....		1,133,371		1,381,255	
Do.....dut.....		377,707		309,994	Various
Total.....		5,198,002		5,641,146	
Paints, pigments and colors.....free.....		8,470			
Do.....dut.....		1,056,618		1,205,737	Various
Paper Stock, Crude (free; see also wood pulp)—					
Rags, other than woolen.....lbs.	49,800,209	699,981	55,596,560	805,515	
All other.....		2,170,342		1,809,369	
Total.....		2,870,323		2,614,914	
Paper Stock, Crude—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,068,272		1,006,108	
Belgium.....		273,141		236,062	
France.....		208,929		191,048	
Germany.....		571,965		579,094	
Italy.....		254,407		227,338	
Other Europe.....		129,840		104,931	
British North America.....		212,526		65,082	
East Indies.....		10,777		9,051	
Japan.....		80,318		105,455	
Other countries.....		60,104		61,145	
Total.....		2,370,323		2,614,914	
Paper, and Manufactures of—					
Lithographic labels and prints, n.e.s.dut....				799,087	25 to 35%
Parchment papers.....lbs.			750,469	56,455	
All other.....		2,838,738		2,334,545	
Total.....		2,838,738		3,190,085	
Paper and Manufactures of—Imported from					
United Kingdom.....		522,374		544,652	
Belgium.....		58,166		60,014	
France.....		255,625		235,833	
Germany.....		1,708,826		1,920,129	
Other Europe.....		55,474		103,585	
Japan.....		198,836		221,300	
Other countries.....		39,437		44,572	
Total.....		2,838,738		3,190,085	
Perfumeries, cosmetics, etc.....dut.....		432,003		511,660	60c lb. & 45%
Pipes and smokers' articles.....dut.....		259,834		280,997	60%

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Plants, Shrubs and Vines.....dut.				\$763,538	
Platinum.....free. lbs.	6,003	\$1,032,192	6,357	1,193,475	
Plumbago.....free. tons	11,154	472,401	15,970	1,081,859	
Provisions, Comprising Meat and Dairy Products (dut.)—Meat products—					
Meat and meat extracts.....		345,108		263,748	35c lb.
All other.....		80,031		109,647	Various
Dairy Products (lbs.)—Butter.....	31,984	5,474	23,700	3,962	6c lb.
Cheese.....	10,012,188	1,343,173	11,819,993	1,562,193	6c lb.
Milk.....		67,729		52,603	2c lb.
Total.....		1,841,515		1,902,153	
Cheese (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	197,439	30,537	159,433	27,379	
France.....	919,116	146,860	1,093,710	192,039	
Germany.....	263,795	34,215	356,355	45,148	
Italy.....	3,160,006	417,816	3,857,887	475,201	
Netherlands.....	867,085	95,100	1,091,285	120,944	
Switzerland.....	4,346,580	585,309	4,875,973	653,958	
Other Europe.....	224,895	27,907	328,906	40,183	
British North America.....	27,389	3,755	51,629	6,820	
Other countries.....	5,892	674	4,815	601	
Total.....	10,012,188	1,343,173	11,819,993	1,562,193	
Rice (lbs.)—Rice.....dut.	125,396,330	2,904,572	151,497,888	3,022,969	2c lb.
Do (Hawalian Islands treaty).....free.	4,414,300	188,534	2,595,600	135,683	
Rice flour, rice meal and broken rice.....dut.	60,474,685	953,722	49,979,805	771,411	¼c lb.
Total.....	190,285,315	3,746,833	204,073,293	3,930,063	
Salt (lbs.).....free.	26,053,890	34,168			
Do.....dut. lbs.	316,200,216	490,493	363,182,333	558,922	3-12c100lbs.
Sausage casings.....free.		488,755		622,493	
Seeds (bu.)—Linseed or flaxseed.....dut.	136,098	150,515	81,953	87,602	25c bu.
All other.....free.		698,387		743,877	Various
Do.....dut.		382,864		385,155	
Total.....		1,231,769		1,221,634	
Shells, unmanufactured.....free.		860,706		973,944	
Silk, and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured—					
(free, lbs.)—Cocoons.....	10,492	3,999	13,537	2,288	
Raw, or as reeled from the cocoon.....	10,315,162	31,446,800	9,691,145	31,827,061	
Waste.....	1,762,297	659,267	1,545,701	650,278	
Total unmanufactured.....		32,110,066		32,479,627	
Silk, Raw (lbs.)—Imported from—France.....	339,934	1,192,008	330,248	1,248,037	
Italy.....	1,742,157	6,250,671	2,251,216	8,929,776	
China.....	2,612,279	6,311,188	2,512,239	6,497,983	
Japan.....	5,217,182	16,510,502	4,515,116	14,920,787	
Other countries.....	403,610	1,182,431	82,266	230,478	
Total.....	10,315,162	31,446,800	9,691,145	31,827,061	
Manufactures of (dut.)—Clothing, ready-made, and other wearing apparel.....		1,855,279		1,618,638	Various
Dress and piece goods.....		10,495,067		13,082,364	Various
Laces and embroideries.....		3,349,464		2,878,720	60%
Ribbons.....		2,035,411		1,726,242	50%
Spun silks, in skeins, cops, warps, or on beams.....			1,727,710	1,975,016	
Velvets, plushes, and other pile fabrics.....lbs.			478,285	1,553,687	
All other.....lbs.		5,788,454		2,270,815	Various
Total manufactures.....		23,523,665		25,105,482	
Manufactures of—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....		1,935,072		2,273,519	
Austria-Hungary.....		135,694		166,954	
Belgium.....		31,216		50,396	
France.....		10,842,561		10,569,524	
Germany.....		4,434,957		4,630,622	
Italy.....		356,978		395,589	
Switzerland.....		3,492,734		4,079,437	
Other Europe.....		46,585		39,995	
China.....		135,889		143,399	
Japan.....		2,061,907		2,689,766	
Other countries.....		50,132		66,281	
Total.....		23,523,665		25,105,482	
Soap (dut., lbs.)—Fancy, perfumed, etc.....	502,692	254,443	793,907	327,923	15c lb.
All other.....		244,084		248,266	20c lb.
Total.....		498,512		576,189	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Spices—Unground (lbs.)—Nutmegs..... free....	1,213,994	\$331,235	1,530,102	\$368,165	
Pepper, black or white..... free.....	14,080,137	909,711	12,332,747	1,083,100	
All other..... free.....	13,784,689	898,992	13,351,055	997,783	
Do..... dut.....	2,658,706	264,631	3,946,925	332,653	1c lb.
Total.....		2,404,629		2,782,281	
Nutmegs, Pepper, etc. (free, lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	7,576,669	599,742	5,632,785	374,533	
Netherlands.....	2,023,148	220,837	1,076,372	171,830	
Other Europe.....	1,142,643	85,988	274,987	26,161	
British North America.....	2,515	166	260	48	
British West Indies.....	2,308,264	166,365	3,756,519	284,092	
China.....	2,508,689	158,639	2,426,110	149,023	
East Indies.....	1,238,416	795,620	11,885,256	1,220,982	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	493,870	50,282	1,401,846	127,891	
Africa.....	1,606,225	60,079	1,811,935	92,726	
Other countries.....	58,380	2,190	46,834	2,362	
Total.....	29,078,819	2,189,938	27,713,904	2,449,648	
Spices, All Other (dut.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		191,680		244,830	
Other Europe.....		28,661		27,498	
Mexico.....		30,468		38,144	
Other countries.....		13,882		22,161	
Total.....		261,691		332,633	
Spirits, Distilled (proof gals.)—Of domestic manufacture, returned (subject to internal revenue tax)..... free.....	854,586	734,901	998,273	834,948	
Brandy..... dut.....	137,902	335,758	219,838	626,656	\$2.25 gal.
All other..... dut.....	770,830	1,004,135	1,227,157	1,683,015	Various
Total.....	1,763,318	2,134,794	2,445,268	3,144,619	
Spirits (not of domestic manufacture, proof gals.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	338,486	490,535	585,964	897,478	
Belgium.....	25,757	32,316	26,209	36,000	
France.....	172,907	492,297	272,222	792,363	
Germany.....	51,806	35,989	79,133	55,935	
Italy.....	9,946	16,767	23,919	37,361	
Netherlands.....	111,701	56,886	157,047	83,149	
Other Europe.....	9,329	16,509	20,962	37,192	
British North America.....	98,430	183,919	136,221	265,208	
West Indies.....	22,830	54,555	26,556	50,056	
China.....	41,324	11,243	86,584	26,720	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	21,194	6,007	19,240	7,595	
Other countries.....	5,022	2,810	12,962	11,644	
Total.....	903,732	1,399,893	1,446,995	2,300,671	
Sponges..... dut.....		401,725		429,776	20%
Straw and grass, manufactures of..... dut.....				259,081	
Sugar, Molasses and Confectionery—Molasses..... free gals.....	49,275	2,346	15,300	542	
Do..... dut..... gals.....	3,554,272	541,670	5,682,506	783,808	3c gal.
Sugar (lbs.)—Not above No. 16 Dutch standard—Beet..... dut.....	140,641,485	2,717,955	723,336,514	15,209,413	1.95c lb.
Cane..... free.....	499,766,798	16,660,109	462,299,880	17,287,683	
Cane and other..... dut.....	1948423905	38,659,764	2731868574	60,714,089	1.95c lb.
Above No. 16 Dutch standard—Beet, cane and other..... dut.....	101,088,663	2,434,921	62,746,601	1,602,935	
Total sugar..... { free.....	499,766,798	16,660,109	462,299,880	17,287,683	
..... { dut.....	2190154053	43,812,640	3517950084	77,676,437	
Total.....	2689920851	60,472,749	3980250569	94,964,120	
Not above No. 16 Dutch standard (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	16,551,980	388,472	16,594,179	431,618	
Austria-Hungary.....	1,046,190	21,473	63,462,705	1,450,468	
Belgium.....		2,656,135	754,843,277	13,308,653	
Germany.....	138,084,855	57,128			
Netherlands.....	2,308,083	1,638	1,906,400	41,070	
Other Europe.....	77,230	44,705	236,588	5,883	
British North America.....	935,904	195,149	6,019,812	158,638	
Central America.....	4,764,387	44,598	3,083,331	52,976	
Mexico.....	2,839,145				
West Indies—British.....	232,798,204	4,610,350	264,596,400	5,967,814	
Cuba.....	440,235,111	9,828,607	663,543,657	16,412,088	
Other West Indies.....	211,942,294	4,203,484	247,212,608	5,848,601	
Brazil.....	139,436,195	2,317,987	41,222,162	810,276	
Other South America.....	192,753,229	3,940,618	236,877,004	5,841,713	
China.....	965,973	5,755	969,623	6,365	
East Indies.....	610,269,566	11,246,988	916,037,563	20,383,943	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Hawaiian Islands.....	499,776,798	\$16,729,752	462,299,880	\$17,287,683	
Philippine Islands.....	30,484,000	381,279	51,625,280	969,325	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	295,918	7,423	3,436,415	86,527	
Africa.....	64,435,286	1,353,195	189,043,014	4,198,543	
Other countries.....	140	2			
Total.....	2588832188	58,037,828	3917504968	93,271,185	
Above No. 16 Dutch standard (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	4,991,263	126,655	1,307,373	30,226	
Austria-Hungary.....	696,933	32,977	964,638	26,357	
France.....	6,033	324	66,007	2,506	
Germany.....	37,100,455	864,661	12,284,496	176,013	
Netherlands.....	38,107,744	923,653	6,894,728	230,269	
China.....	6,794,691	170,906	10,588,541	1,167,624	
Other countries.....	15,390,854	310,655	30,839,818	1,692,935	
Total.....	101,088,663	2,434,921	62,745,601	81,772	4-50c lb.
Confectionery.....duty.....		27,133		296,216	
Sulphur ore.....free.....tons				970,904	
Tea.....duty.....lbs.	69,455,847	9,653,672			10c lb.
Do.....duty.....lbs.	2,501,868	400,611	74,088,153	9,673,678	
Tea (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	3,011,300	580,183	1,687,507	378,092	
British North America.....	1,521,170	242,420	1,221,639	189,285	
China.....	33,631,890	5,811,051	39,597,365	4,797,175	
East Indies.....	2,254,202	278,273	2,038,243	295,558	
Japan.....	26,233,407	3,106,663	29,277,708	4,007,805	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	303,179	34,951	231,439	31,854	
Other countries.....	2,477	742	4,252	2,907	
Total.....	71,957,715	10,054,283	74,088,153	9,673,678	
Tin in bars, blocks, pigs, etc.....free.....lbs.	63,938,889	8,776,151	67,342,105	11,843,357	
Tin in Bars, etc. (lbs.)—Imported from—United Kingdom.....	21,622,583	3,122,562	11,795,569	2,309,037	
Netherlands.....	3,783,288	532,924	2,131,319	400,609	
East Indies.....	36,782,625	4,832,412	52,420,247	8,945,001	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	1,571,307	213,515	864,899	155,600	
Other countries.....	179,086	24,738	190,071	25,110	
Total.....	63,938,889	8,776,151	67,342,105	11,843,357	
Tobacco, and Manufactures of—Leaf (duty, lbs.) suitable for cigar wrappers.....	3,988,561	3,913,294	4,147,048	4,349,034	...\$1.85 lb.
Other.....	6,488,547	3,575,314	9,888,583	5,550,999	...35-55c lb.
Total leaf.....	10,477,108	7,488,608	14,035,631	9,900,033	
Tobacco, Leaf (lbs.)—Imported from—Germany.....	395,806	41,565	349,334	42,208	
Netherlands.....	3,685,435	3,595,382	3,806,921	3,791,385	
Other Europe.....	489,875	323,611	474,329	293,320	
British North America.....	395,246	253,694	563,733	491,642	
Mexico.....	578,548	259,279	624,654	229,554	
Cuba.....	4,316,475	2,843,524	7,825,657	4,964,529	
Other countries.....	585,723	161,553	391,003	87,395	
Total.....	10,477,108	7,488,608	14,035,631	9,900,033	
Manufactures of (duty, lbs.)—Cigars, cigarettes, etc.....	331,902	1,551,009	418,634	2,082,450	\$4½ lb & 25%
All other.....		52,497		61,549	\$4½ lb & 25%
Total manufactures.....		1,603,506		2,143,999	
Toys.....duty.....		2,214,482		2,261,969	35%
Toys—Imported from—France.....		93,183		101,529	
Germany.....		2,020,045		2,085,632	
Other Europe.....		72,080		47,830	
Other countries.....		29,174		26,978	
Total.....		2,214,482		2,261,969	
Vegetables (duty, bu.)—Beans and dried peas.....	163,560	149,227	184,499	165,830	45c bu.
Onions.....	488,853	429,173	771,900	499,520	40c bu.
Potatoes.....	1,171,378	473,154	530,420	294,391	25c bu.
Pickles and sauces.....		243,334		352,008	40%
All Other—In their natural state.....		239,733		312,650	25%
Prepared or preserved.....		490,959		554,298	2½c lb.
Total.....		2,034,600		2,178,697	
Wines (duty.)—Champagne and oth'r sparkl'g doz.	223,327	3,264,323	268,667	3,668,720	...\$2-\$8 doz.
Still Wines—In casks.....gals.	1,930,370	1,392,710	2,250,451	1,571,532	...40-50c gal.
In other coverings.....doz.	268,921	1,312,147	274,847	1,346,551	...Various
Total.....		5,969,180		6,586,803	
Wines—Imported from—United Kingdom.....		222,042		201,607	
France.....		3,783,137		4,246,999	

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Germany.....		\$917,180		\$1,081,252	
Italy.....		280,747		228,854	
Other Europe.....		736,551		799,951	
Other countries.....		29,523		28,140	
Total.....		5,969,180		6,586,803	
Wood, and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured (M ft.)—Cabinet woods—Mahogany, free.....	14,679	799,149	24,714	1,244,921	
All other..... free.....		900,187		846,357	
Logs and round timber..... free.....	275,547	2,430,089	198,135	1,766,294	
Timber, hewn, etc..... free.....	815	22,416			
Do..... dut. cu. ft.....	138,796	17,118	133,732	18,068	1c cu. ft.
Lumber—boards, planks, etc..... free.....	107,953	1,055,126			
Do..... dut.....	245,262	2,454,632	423,925	4,200,114	\$2 M
Shingles..... dut. M.....	435,421	760,984	473,028	823,053	30c M
Other lumber..... dut.....		786,843		986,962	Various
All other unmanufactured..... free.....		2,290,188		1,969,801	
Do..... dut.....		14,578		20,110	Various
Manufactures of (dut.)—Cabinetware or house furniture.....		274,153		315,242	35%
Wood pulp..... tons.....	29,846	601,642	33,319	671,506	1c lb.
All other.....		1,444,753		1,632,000	4c lb.
Total wood and manufactures of.....		13,861,923		14,499,487	
Mahogany (M ft.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	1,354	261,095	4,041	337,145	
Central American States.....	4,253	141,724	7,078	369,126	
Mexico.....	7,160	309,493	11,426	413,222	
Cuba.....	40	1,766	412	33,671	
Other West Indies.....	125	8,821	1,025	52,133	
South America.....	1,662	71,569	467	16,693	
Other countries.....	85	4,681	265	22,868	
Total.....	14,679	799,149	24,714	1,244,921	
Boards, Planks, etc. (M ft.)—Imported from—					
British North America.....	353,075	3,499,056	423,720	4,187,057	
Other countries.....	140	10,762	205	13,057	
Total.....	353,215	3,509,818	423,925	4,200,114	
Wood Pulp (tons)—Imported from—					
Germany.....	1,607	72,167	713	41,519	
Other Europe.....	3,800	159,042	4,471	180,455	
British North America.....	24,430	370,433	28,135	419,532	
Other countries.....					
Total.....	29,846	601,642	33,319	671,506	
Wools, hair of the camel, goat, alpaca, etc., and manufactures of—Unmanufactured (lbs.)—					
Class 1, clothing: In the grease..... free.....	10,902,270	1,841,523			
Do..... dut.....	32,159,102	5,461,318	12,973,444	1,943,402	Various
Scoured..... free.....	2,274,045	643,069			
Do..... dut.....	107,570	23,701	3,555	552	
Class 2, combing: In the grease..... free.....	3,197,646	631,929			
Do..... dut.....	1,107,917	224,452	2,154,232	536,865	Various
Scoured..... free.....	15,310	3,218			
Do..... dut.....			1,187	196	
Class 3, carpet: In the grease..... free.....	5,186,116	473,820			
Do..... dut.....	77,841,550	7,480,339	61,578,547	5,784,444	Various
Scoured..... free.....	2,197	208			
Do..... dut.....	1,479	115	25,241	2,438	
Total unmanufactured..... { free.....	21,577,584	3,593,767			
{ dut.....	111,217,618	13,189,925	76,736,209	8,322,897	
Total.....	132,795,202	16,783,692			
Wools (lbs.)—Imported from—					
Class 1—United Kingdom.....	20,074,328	2,836,259	4,520,541	720,926	
France.....	1,154,631	299,073	115,953	13,591	
South America.....	6,729,538	841,377	3,980,204	473,180	
Asia and Oceania.....	14,205,227	3,516,665	3,089,929	546,298	
Other countries.....	3,279,263	476,237	1,383,372	189,959	
Total.....	45,442,987	7,969,611	12,976,999	1,943,954	
Class 2—United Kingdom.....	3,090,310	645,550	1,797,574	470,565	
Other Europe.....	35,119	7,933	314,287	107,208	
British North America.....	969,549	177,506	36,971	8,166	
South America.....	222,533	28,411	1,435	106	
Asia and Oceania.....					
Other countries.....	3,622	139	5,102	1,016	
Total.....	4,820,573	859,599	2,155,419	537,061	
Class 3—United Kingdom.....	22,830,243	2,622,959	19,297,038	2,024,559	
France.....	3,146,122	383,090	1,542,469	151,908	

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

25

IMPORTS—FREE AND DUTIABLE.	1898.		1899.		Duty.
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.	
Germany.....	1,053,990	\$111,093	721,358	\$73,946	
Other Europe.....	19,147,436	1,925,507	14,897,587	1,507,049	
British North America.....	29,988	1,756			
South America.....	10,589,418	862,321	6,103,714	459,429	
China.....	20,308,267	1,510,106	14,264,551	1,084,535	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	5,508,141	532,777	3,944,085	394,188	
Other countries.....	417,732	34,843	839,969	88,268	
Total.....	83,081,342	7,954,482	61,603,791	5,786,882	
Manufactures of Wool—Carbonized, dut. lbs.					20c lb.
Carpets and carpeting	589,745	1,790,132	631,397	1,758,902	Various
Clothing, etc., except shawis and knit fabrics.....		765,181		832,696	Various
Cloths.....	5,062,261	3,965,577	4,092,898	3,909,466	Various
Dress goods, women's and children's.....					
Knit fabrics.....	29,125,529	6,094,080	27,098,584	5,905,548	Various
Rags, nolls and wastes.....		387,293		625,799	4clb.&60%
Shoddy, mungo, flocks, etc.....	1,724,489	253,779			
Shawls.....	1,574,262	443,843	914,546	70,224	25c lb.
Yarns.....		39,683		55,331	Various
All other.....	331,889	185,447	173,870	109,681	Various
Total manufactures.....		956,780		564,354	Various
		14,823,771		13,831,967	
Carpets (sq. yds.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	211,806	509,556	235,495	541,706	
Other Europe.....	245,693	883,188	272,840	850,827	
Japan.....	12,244	13,887	7,359	9,810	
Other Asia and Oceania.....	98,918	290,684	78,755	223,234	
Other countries.....	25,965	92,817	36,978	133,327	
Total.....	589,745	1,790,132	631,397	1,758,902	
Cloth (lbs.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	4,062,973	3,009,630	2,807,703	2,675,396	
Austria-Hungary.....	49,976	47,009	88,303	79,212	
Belgium.....	106,321	89,522	152,215	136,174	
France.....	111,700	123,940	210,545	241,374	
Germany.....	720,834	686,057	822,693	763,667	
Other Europe.....	3,580	3,069	9,219	7,712	
Other countries.....	6,797	6,359	6,730	5,931	
Total.....	5,062,261	3,065,577	4,092,898	3,909,466	
Dress Goods (sq. yds.)—Imported from—					
United Kingdom.....	13,366,681	2,318,563	12,676,762	2,338,525	
France.....	7,036,334	1,620,345	7,187,661	1,913,638	
Germany.....	7,381,048	2,060,994	7,135,801	1,630,388	
Other Europe.....	1,389,168	35,329	97,727	22,707	
Other countries.....	2,298	849	633	240	
Total.....	29,125,529	6,096,080	27,098,584	5,905,548	
Zinc or Spelter, and Manufactures of (dut.)—In blocks or pigs, and old.....	3,250,965	127,033	2,124,928	99,004	1½c lb.
Manufactures of.....		11,694		17,083	
Total.....		138,727		116,087	
All other articles.....		6,397,310		5,888,373	
Do.....		5,538,849		5,400,527	
Total value of merchandise.....		291,414,175		300,267,948	
Total value of merchandise.....		324,635,479		396,849,506	
Total value of imports of merchandise.....		616,049,654		697,116,854	

EXPORTS OF DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE.

[Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1899.]

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Agricultural Implements—Mowers and reapers, and parts of.....		\$5,500,685		\$9,053,830
Plows and cultivators, and parts of.....		97,250		1,545,410
All other, and parts of.....		1,181,817		1,832,957
Total.....		7,609,732		12,432,197
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		1,145,025		1,372,393
France.....		1,252,167		1,781,659
Germany.....		1,232,242		1,648,711
Other Europe.....		1,451,284		2,641,891
British North America.....		781,415		1,521,054
Central American States and British Honduras.....		14,910		6,244

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Mexico.....		\$124,368		\$222,476
Santo Domingo.....		1,079		735
Cuba.....		7,817		43,104
Puerto Rico.....		2,504		2,955
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		7,432		11,460
Argentina.....		377,054		1,679,019
Brazil.....		24,755		34,130
Colombia.....		4,843		1,510
Other South America.....		196,054		284,204
East Indies (British).....		8,333		6,701
British Australasia.....		697,555		768,672
Other Asia and Oceania.....		56,159		66,491
Africa.....		224,306		340,758
Other countries.....		420		
Total agricultural implements.....		7,609,732		12,432,197
Aluminium, and manufactures of.....				441,846
Animals—Cattle (No.)—United Kingdom.....	378,956	35,431,464	308,126	28,213,572
Other Europe.....				
British North America.....	15,805	1,068,239	3,709	221,037
Central American States and British Honduras.....	98	7,058	59	3,485
Mexico.....	1,953	78,400	2,301	98,920
West Indies and Bermuda.....	42,119	1,232,157	74,751	1,949,958
South America.....	285	7,462	225	5,193
Asia and Oceania.....	39	2,720	241	13,235
Other countries.....			74	11,373
Total.....	439,255	37,827,500	389,490	30,516,833
Hogs (No.)—United Kingdom.....	1,030	7,987	20	125
British North America.....	4,039	24,940	1,353	6,847
Mexico.....	4,037	44,487	7,300	87,642
West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,463	11,556	17,949	95,326
South America.....	24	158	42	1,253
Asia and Oceania.....	3,639	19,213	6,139	33,110
Other countries.....	122	1,816	128	2,358
Total.....	14,411	110,487	33,031	227,241
Horses (No.)—United Kingdom.....	22,129	3,072,498	20,929	3,024,952
France.....	72	9,000	684	97,780
Germany.....	7,913	1,161,750	5,484	824,235
Other Europe.....	7,559	769,170	4,852	491,400
British North America.....	9,415	874,674	10,088	667,165
Central American States and British Honduras.....		13,795	99	6,228
Mexico.....	1,237	77,090	1,138	81,849
West Indies and Bermuda.....	2,043	141,382	1,565	154,118
South America.....	21	5,700	33	4,558
Asia and Oceania.....	350	34,925	779	75,316
Africa.....	117	17,583	127	16,680
Other countries.....				
Total.....	51,150	6,176,565	45,778	5,444,342
Mules.....No.	8,098	664,789	6,755	516,908
Sheep (No.)—United Kingdom.....	142,178	1,016,895	98,080	702,347
Other Europe.....	1	50		
British North America.....	48,325	108,446	34,782	75,323
Mexico.....	2,359	9,748	3,235	11,525
West Indies and Bermuda.....	5,056	33,871	5,654	34,794
South America.....	1,475	12,409	1,190	8,630
Other countries.....	296	27,467	555	20,946
Total.....	199,680	1,213,886	143,286	853,555
All other, and fowls.....		250,175		322,037
Total animals.....		46,243,406		37,880,916
Art Works—Paintings and statuary.....		273,521		306,493
Bark, and extract of, for tanning.....lbs.	151,094	329,994		369,693
Beeswax.....		41,827	152,494	41,916
Blacking—Stove polish.....		382,001		420,219
All other.....		351,567		431,968
Bones, hoofs, horns and horn tips, strips and waste.....		174,361		195,769
Books, Maps, Engravings, Etchings and Other Printed Matter—United Kingdom.....		841,098		782,597
France.....		30,454		38,473
Germany.....		102,835		121,296
Other Europe.....		62,402		59,490
British North America.....		722,049		814,409
Central American States and British Honduras.....		34,261		41,103
Mexico.....		125,006		57,819
Santo Domingo.....		550		11,294
Cuba.....		22,506		45,743
Puerto Rico.....		1,332		16,831

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

27

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		\$26,967		\$27,642
Argentina.....		26,614		20,971
Brazil.....		153,770		45,536
Colombia.....		17,484		48,695
Other South America.....		43,558		123,050
China.....		15,896		29,448
East Indies (British).....		12,831		22,118
Japan.....		27,608		36,163
British Australasia.....		92,706		150,852
Other Asia and Oceania.....		33,521		51,478
Africa.....		41,384		80,353
Other countries.....				75
Total.....		2,434,325		2,656,196
Brass, and Manufactures of.....		1,320,093		1,351,049
Breadstuffs—Barley.....bu.	11,237,077	5,542,040	2,267,400	1,375,274
Bran, middlings and mill feed.....tons.	91,189	1,329,519	127,953	2,002,588
Bread and biscuit.....lbs.	15,900,558	783,264	16,447,240	809,968
Buckwheat.....bu.	1,370,403	589,285	1,533,980	846,028
Corn (bu.)—United Kingdom.....	82,876,864	29,580,758	68,607,317	27,512,398
France.....	11,447,980	3,985,637	5,236,194	2,090,101
Germany.....	39,293,528	14,171,961	34,605,373	13,855,290
Other Europe.....	48,211,439	17,203,435	43,529,764	17,350,163
British North America.....	23,476,500	7,850,840	19,150,676	6,867,627
Central American States and British Honduras.....	190,227	70,965	73,332	36,313
Mexico.....	125,310	43,557	154,644	63,412
Santo Domingo.....	409	166	572	266
Cuba.....	1,055,512	415,803	636,106	293,507
Puerto Rico.....	200	80	155	63
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	739,543	314,120	686,409	320,018
South America.....	95,419	38,183	49,082	23,122
Asia and Oceania.....	15,261	10,168	277,337	117,881
Africa.....	1,302,442	509,516	1,076,769	474,890
Other countries.....	4,296	1,608	5,364	2,397
Total.....	208,744,939	74,196,850	174,089,094	68,977,448
Cornmeal.....brls.	827,651	1,796,068	791,488	1,775,868
Oats.....bu.	69,130,283	20,632,914	30,300,680	9,737,540
Oatmeal.....lbs.	85,500,350	1,757,978	58,042,505	1,295,988
Rye.....bu.	15,541,575	8,825,769	10,140,876	5,936,078
Rye flour.....brls.	8,410	11,815	4,826	15,015
Wheat (bu.)—United Kingdom.....	80,163,805	76,834,524	74,613,304	55,367,397
France.....	30,041,289	32,566,250	2,232,190	1,675,339
Germany.....	3,218,401	3,124,543	10,311,450	7,066,210
Other Europe.....	22,124,014	21,307,934	41,045,883	31,268,327
British North America.....	5,116,901	5,104,800	8,369,814	6,142,240
Central American States and British Honduras.....	41,540	49,808	39,669	34,323
Mexico.....	45	41	7,083	5,145
West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,384	1,580	899	823
South America.....	1,857,433	1,705,171	259,492	191,211
British Australasia.....	102,316	85,395		
Other Asia and Oceania.....	70,673	59,637	30,112	22,445
Africa.....	5,493,470	4,850,946	2,523,219	1,806,659
Total.....	148,231,261	145,684,659	139,432,815	104,269,169
Wheat Flour (brls.)—United Kingdom.....	9,132,465	41,063,120	10,233,360	41,335,609
France.....	3,826	16,990	1,959	7,720
Germany.....	190,039	851,731	502,874	2,007,404
Other Europe.....	1,282,457	5,146,080	1,861,949	7,214,364
British North America.....	557,471	2,767,203	743,463	3,386,553
Central American States and British Honduras.....	250,228	1,183,182	248,956	986,717
Mexico.....	19,240	86,848	34,537	138,979
Santo Domingo.....	35,889	197,335	34,694	146,106
Cuba.....	245,393	1,160,736	442,081	1,719,225
Puerto Rico.....	90,578	450,495	152,079	492,664
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	770,239	3,836,418	739,277	2,863,501
Brazil.....	637,592	3,210,362	818,816	3,399,027
Colombia.....	115,256	541,147	98,519	425,904
Other South America.....	365,290	1,740,204	382,588	1,410,485
China.....	19,609	89,305	28,525	105,200
East Indies (British).....	8,866	39,678	4,672	17,967
Hongkong.....	939,053	3,835,727	1,221,314	4,030,340
Japan.....	161,654	644,039	226,029	722,710
British Australasia.....	41,845	174,118	80,334	290,194
Other Asia and Oceania.....	139,756	614,485	249,519	828,175
Africa.....	332,553	1,511,956	380,078	1,495,240
Other countries.....	10,694	52,578	17,066	60,777
Total.....	15,349,943	69,263,718	18,502,690	73,093,870
Preparations of, for table food.....		1,765,207		2,133,110

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
All other.....		\$1,743,033		\$1,681,725
Total breadstuffs.....		333,897.119		273,999.699
Bricks—Building.....	M.	4.368	7,296	53,743
Fire.....		30,014		175,312
Total.....		127,260		229,055
Broom corn.....		157,274		185,907
Brooms and brushes.....		163,066		211,931
Candles.....	lbs.	158,272	3,416.513	275,470
Carriages, Cars, Other Vehicles, and Parts of—Cars, pas- senger and freight, and parts of—For steam railways.		3,172,379		2,047,788
For other railways.....		232,214		4,106,284
All other carriages, and parts of, except cycles.....		1,478,188		1,554,012
Total.....		260,393		504,484
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		1,685,858		2,047,788
France.....		3,424,419		4,106,284
Germany.....		606,671		786,190
Other Europe.....		71,081		106,507
British North America.....		103,589		106,680
Central American States and British Honduras.....		60,855		63,883
Mexico.....		183,233		582,094
Santo Domingo.....		45,149		36,696
Cuba.....		508,678		510,247
Puerto Rico.....		24,111		21,941
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		22,194		131,211
Argentina.....		5,821		6,171
Brazil.....		74,842		91,880
Colombia.....		237,506		533,931
Other South America.....		564,773		106,583
China.....		42,029		25,801
East Indies (British).....		79,934		51,531
Japan.....		29,098		10,792
British Australasia.....		10,752		15,091
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		10,967		6,035
Africa.....		324,890		394,202
Other countries.....		59,123		203,345
Total.....		359,139		316,474
Cycles, and Parts of—United Kingdom.....		3,424,419		4,106,284
France.....		1,852,165		868,190
Germany.....		482,680		479,381
Other Europe.....		1,724,404		1,117,352
British North America.....		949,502		1,365,860
Central American States and British Honduras.....		614,008		582,500
Mexico.....		8,267		6,330
Santo Domingo.....		68,022		43,301
Cuba.....		1,171		253
Puerto Rico.....		9,214		22,614
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		3,359		2,912
Argentina.....		84,393		67,840
Brazil.....		90,229		238,788
Colombia.....		98,482		55,046
Other South America.....		15,684		9,328
China.....		48,966		54,441
East Indies (British).....		27,449		26,180
Hongkong.....		90,388		142,301
Japan.....		7,636		8,847
British Australasia.....		88,905		117,943
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		309,006		255,053
Africa.....		73,528		82,848
Other countries.....		197,335		200,813
Total.....		1,710		759
Total carriages, cars, etc.....		6,846,529		5,753,880
Celluloid, and manufactures of.....		10,270,948		9,860,164
Cement.....	brls.	48,836	64,122	173,771
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Medicines (lbs.)—Acids.....		155,444		131,361
Ashes, pot and pearl.....		86,208		207,247
Copper, sulphate of.....	14,736.373	115,050	745,433	29,676
Dyes and dyestuffs.....		33,202	27,475,001	1,173,186
Ginseng.....		475,717		478,582
Lime, acetate of.....	174.038	442,967	193,196	782,545
Medicines, patent or proprietary.....	37,496,288	638,446	48,937,511	700,900
Roots, herbs and barks, n. e. s.....		537,856		2,661,008
All other.....		2,460,639		169,823
Total.....		147,839		4,792,317
Cider.....	gals.	4,590,017		10,995,289
		9,441,763		64,500
		465,873		60,063
		490,767		64,500

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Clocks and Watches—Clocks, and parts of.....		\$955,557		\$1,043,621
Watches, and parts of.....		771,912		819,810
Total.....		1,727,469		1,863,431
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		646,496		652,177
France.....		11,219		2,901
Germany.....		11,216		18,055
Other Europe.....		33,522		32,791
British North America.....		349,198		410,237
Central American States and British Honduras.....		6,998		2,757
Mexico.....		20,128		25,008
West Indies and Bermuda.....		12,059		14,886
Argentina.....		28,065		26,616
Brazil.....		40,898		67,745
Other South America.....		85,010		98,532
China.....		18,501		16,699
East Indies (British).....		48,943		78,517
Japan.....		163,438		133,307
British Australasia.....		152,722		188,602
Other Asia and Oceania.....		25,264		34,084
Africa.....		73,512		62,476
Other countries.....		307		41
Total.....		1,727,469		1,863,431
Coal and Coke—Coal (tons)—Anthracite.....	1,326,582	5,906,171	1,572,957	6,478,693
Bituminous.....	2,682,414	5,777,578	3,478,976	7,182,335
Total coal.....	4,008,996	11,683,749	5,051,933	13,661,028
Exported to (tons)—United Kingdom.....	53	550	7,896	30,512
France.....	2,057	11,322	1,011	2,388
Germany.....	37	156	27	158
Other Europe.....	5,905	37,346	31,871	88,705
British North America.....	3,186,745	9,510,922	3,631,761	10,348,534
Central American States and British Honduras.....	5,668	19,335	4,590	13,104
Mexico.....	340,426	974,040	450,813	1,235,265
Santo Domingo.....	3,384	11,288	4,647	12,827
Cuba.....	210,079	464,888	357,368	685,297
Puerto Rico.....	9,766	21,014	21,980	45,088
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	183,840	422,488	224,208	478,857
Brazil.....	17,570	93,778	47,028	150,254
Colombia.....	16,109	38,284	14,082	43,815
Other South America.....	6,165	20,425	82,687	162,475
Asia and Oceania.....	16,641	47,869	119,191	267,205
Other countries.....	4,551	9,974	52,773	96,524
Total coal..... tons	4,008,996	11,683,749	5,051,933	13,661,028
Coke..... tons	212,021	608,784	215,513	632,788
Coffee and cocoa, ground or prepared, and chocolate.....		137,369		192,863
Copper, and Manufactures of—Ore (tons)—				
United Kingdom.....	5,886	579,939	1,612	179,035
Germany.....	2	300		
Other countries.....	2,507	243,926	4,208	261,540
Total.....	8,395	824,165	5,910	440,575
Ingots, bars, plates and old (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	72,306,274	8,079,164	72,722,558	9,068,604
France.....	60,654,376	6,770,671	48,172,635	6,673,345
Germany.....	32,898,962	3,705,837	44,600,972	6,208,096
Other Europe.....	111,431,982	12,332,912	87,338,298	11,719,778
British North America.....	1,398,565	155,215	1,133,038	146,695
Mexico.....	186,545	22,588	266,734	38,800
Other countries.....	77,937	9,154	152,844	21,086
Total.....	278,936,641	31,075,636	254,987,079	34,476,343
Manufactures of.....		1,105,236		1,507,186
Total copper and manuf's of, not including ore.....		32,180,872		35,983,529
Cork, manufactures of.....		45,891		52,385
Cotton and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured—lbs.—				
Sea Island.....	15,610,302	2,767,291	14,142,052	\$2,361,697
Up-land and other.....	38,946,530	227,674,524	37,592,824	207,203,077
Total.....	54,556,832	230,442,215	51,734,876	209,564,774
Exported to—United Kingdom.....	17,693,030	105,853,614	18,047,219	99,709,352
France.....	421,018,681	24,599,724	401,703,208	21,946,691
Germany.....	929,262,297	54,886,245	864,487,271	47,346,679
Other Europe.....	532,654,257	31,938,894	541,885,996	30,614,182
British North America.....	61,247,259	3,831,586	49,114,841	2,991,674
Mexico.....	21,216,287	1,321,473	18,064,891	1,043,473
South America.....				
Japan.....	112,106,823	7,423,226	91,367,051	5,775,784
Other Asia and Oceania.....	6,699,498	451,800	2,062,664	133,752
Other countries.....	8,553	653	2,496	187
Total unmanufactured.....	385,026,425	230,442,215	377,341,029	209,564,774

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Waste.....lbs.	12,521,574	\$511,004	14,308,829	\$524,802
Manufactures of—Cloths (yds.), colored.....	79,415,376	4,138,887	108,940,972	5,221,278
Uncolored.....	191,092,442	9,151,936	303,063,083	13,748,619
Total.....	270,507,818	13,290,823	412,004,055	18,969,897
Exported to (yds.)—United Kingdom.....	10,765,645	726,284	9,951,404	628,445
France.....	163,687	8,878	24,131	2,480
Germany.....	487,387	43,006	257,145	28,565
Other Europe.....	1,381,134	91,877	1,270,813	81,162
British North America.....	14,116,228	783,985	17,114,475	819,241
Central American States and British Honduras.....	8,496,741	396,510	13,527,417	567,514
Mexico.....	6,679,429	415,910	8,399,834	481,569
Santo Domingo.....	2,042,038	120,167	4,444,898	198,833
Cuba.....	138,662	12,163	9,001,836	447,839
Puerto Rico.....	22,878	2,206	3,852,581	169,057
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	13,598,473	793,175	18,748,736	989,143
Argentina.....	2,073,651	181,868	2,835,517	195,624
Brazil.....	8,666,686	565,921	9,328,179	545,545
Colombia.....	5,857,768	281,803	8,325,980	392,343
Other South America.....	24,000,968	1,126,871	31,752,638	1,374,117
China.....	115,492,797	5,195,845	221,043,642	9,823,253
East Indies (British).....	13,411,373	627,843	5,547,691	266,405
Hongkong.....	302,652	32,169	578,001	47,226
Japan.....	580,861	47,284	529,479	33,822
British Australasia.....	1,148,627	114,088	2,427,900	216,384
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	26,630,361	1,163,283	33,267,717	1,309,494
Africa.....	13,149,131	554,301	9,636,464	396,697
Other countries.....	100,641	5,296	77,577	5,079
Total cloths.....	270,507,818	13,290,823	412,004,055	18,969,897
Other Manufactures of—Wearing apparel.....		934,192		1,275,899
Waste, cop and mill.....lbs.	7,096,908	283,643	7,088,492	315,375
All other.....		2,215,434		3,006,803
Total.....		3,733,269		4,597,017
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		880,089		430,978
France.....		4,478		18,813
Germany.....		190,041		194,146
Other Europe.....		70,083		99,774
British North America.....		1,681,645		1,989,929
Central American States and British Honduras.....		213,503		232,896
Mexico.....		334,651		401,962
Santo Domingo.....		18,491		26,205
Cuba.....		11,715		112,580
Puerto Rico.....		1,678		28,243
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		96,920		136,236
Argentina.....		31,726		65,484
Brazil.....		50,828		41,657
Colombia.....		45,264		46,730
Other South America.....		34,810		52,404
China.....		7,582		21,312
East Indies (British).....		1,832		2,386
Hongkong.....		8,289		16,039
British Australasia.....		167,274		197,780
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		319,178		405,977
Africa.....		52,728		119,496
Other countries.....		7,312		5,907
Total other manufactures of.....		3,735,269		4,597,017
Total manufactures of.....		17,024,092		23,567,914
Earthen, Stone and China Ware—Earthen and stone ware		193,334		312,887
China ware.....		39,658		38,943
Total.....		232,992		351,830
Eggs.....doz.	2,754,810	448,370	3,693,611	641,385
Feathers.....		157,553		212,374
Fertilizers, phosphates, crude.....tons				
All other.....	474,230	4,359,834	780,513	5,989,891
Total.....	474,230	4,359,834	822,100	6,964,365
Exported to—United Kingdom.....				
France.....	98,315	779,657	176,008	1,179,381
Germany.....	14,861	83,130	64,445	400,659
Other Europe.....	183,231	1,738,351	270,089	2,521,983
British North America.....	147,377	1,184,193	244,615	1,887,688
Central American States and British Honduras.....	4,574	93,470	6,401	131,587
Mexico.....	1	40	2	35
West Indies and Bermuda.....	21	597	26	905
South America.....	2,422	56,475	4,784	100,853
Asia and Oceanica.....	76	3,378	3	144
	23,139	417,735	55,351	736,531

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other countries.....	210	\$2,868	286	\$4,599
Total.....	474,230	4,359,834	822,100	6,964,365
Fibers, Vegetable, and Textile Grasses—Manufactures of—				
Bags.....		556,926		406,598
Corriage.....lbs.	10,104,130	576,140	8,672,848	755,049
Twine.....		1,091,576		1,504,974
All other.....		332,325		446,486
Total.....		2,557,465		3,093,102
Fish—Fresh, other than salmon.....lbs.	1,250,055	48,878	1,444,079	53,072
Dried, smoked or cured—Cod, haddock, hake and pollock.....lbs.	7,989,681	300,953	9,247,076	370,112
Herring.....lbs.	3,701,525	74,844	3,101,560	63,032
Other.....lbs.	1,098,325	48,442	842,342	40,308
Pickled—Mackerel.....brls.	1,370	14,830	1,017	12,771
Other.....brls.	20,345	75,403	14,428	61,650
Salmon—Canned.....lbs.	27,279,455	2,564,017	30,167,267	2,906,475
Other, fresh or cured.....		332,023		331,601
Canned fish, other than salmon and shellfish.....		146,510		124,520
Caviare.....		195,110		215,387
Shellfish—Oysters.....		586,408		727,349
Other.....		266,406		249,457
All other fish, and fish products.....		20,840		11,069
Total.....		4,674,659		5,169,773
Fruits and Nuts—Apples, dried.....lbs.	31,031,251	1,897,725	19,405,749	1,245,738
Apples, green or ripe.....brls.	605,300	1,684,717	380,222	1,210,459
Oranges.....		339,396		282,313
Prunes.....lbs.	15,940,791	1,021,888	5,615,565	380,847
Raisins.....lbs.	3,109,639	167,062	4,659,807	242,752
All other green, ripe or dried.....		2,033,845		1,997,517
Fruits, Preserved—Canned.....		1,624,741		2,330,715
Other.....		82,504		66,899
Nuts.....		161,432		140,250
Total.....		9,013,310		7,897,485
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		3,415,616		3,282,490
France.....		747,389		702,863
Germany.....		1,644,723		890,635
Other Europe.....		1,195,547		939,199
British North America.....		1,202,988		1,156,047
Central American States and British Honduras.....		35,716		27,324
Mexico.....		58,513		75,920
Santo Domingo.....		1,391		1,769
Cuba.....		38,175		64,683
Puerto Rico.....		2,318		4,826
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		56,096		57,533
Argentina.....		9,761		17,202
Brazil.....		11,843		17,208
Colombia.....		10,189		8,749
Other South America.....		24,220		22,164
China.....		31,785		23,761
East Indies (British).....		12,853		12,346
Hongkong.....		43,471		67,718
British Australasia.....		293,757		260,611
Other Asia and Oceania.....		85,358		147,151
Africa.....		90,711		116,232
Other countries.....		847		1,054
Total fruits and nuts.....		9,013,310		7,897,485
Furniture of metal.....		21,758		182,128
Furs and Fur Skins—United Kingdom.....		2,020,459		2,083,597
France.....		15,497		46,140
Germany.....		527,220		516,131
Other Europe.....		15,271		13,597
British North America.....		346,798		427,624
Other countries.....		21,725		5,757
Total.....		2,986,970		3,092,846
Glass and Glassware—Window glass.....		23,480		32,690
All other.....		1,187,604		1,470,961
Total.....		1,211,084		1,503,651
Glucose or grape sugar.....lbs.	196,864,005	2,871,839	229,000,571	3,624,890
Glue.....lbs.	2,518,711	200,441	2,368,087	222,072
Grease, grease scraps, and all soap stock.....		1,904,565		2,576,508
Gunpowder and Other Explosives—Gunpowder.....lbs.	1,202,971	139,604	1,504,724	182,142
Cartridges and other.....		1,255,762		1,350,247
Total.....		1,395,406		1,532,389

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Hair, and manufactures of.....		\$835,716		\$503,712
Hay..... tons	81,827	1,151,273	61,916	858,992
Hides and Skins, Other than Furs (lbs.)—				
United Kingdom.....	318,551	29,456	343,970	40,068
France.....	687,736	67,882	259,151	30,273
Germany.....	4,879,327	392,292	5,118,499	430,417
Other Europe.....	382,021	54,492	511,816	67,824
British North America.....	5,142,987	460,825	3,878,576	355,871
Central American States and British Honduras.....				
Mexico.....	19,117	2,676	16,403	2,606
West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,472	163	3,750	633
Japan.....	20,200	1,205	4,975	875
Other Asia and Oceania.....				
Africa.....	80,962	6,650		
Other countries.....	3,750	391	3,700	550
Total.....	11,536,073	1,015,032	10,140,840	929,117
Honey.....		98,504		55,899
Hops (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	15,809,457	2,468,853	18,961,896	3,291,347
Other Europe.....	1,935	380	757,773	131,473
British North America.....	282,374	35,185	464,019	61,389
Central American States and British Honduras.....	21,335	3,279	26,386	3,783
Mexico.....	200,772	32,425	17,951	2,362
Santo Domingo.....	122	19	288	42
Cuba.....	3,067	389	7,251	1,532
Puerto Rico.....	496	54	874	150
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	6,734	773	4,995	590
South America.....	8,615	1,248	13,122	2,082
East Indies (British).....	27,008	3,760	85,406	11,382
British Australasia.....	682,580	93,101	752,663	113,291
Other Asia and Oceania.....	23,827	3,090	46,562	6,440
Other countries.....	3,518	323	3,292	301
Total.....	17,161,639	2,642,779	21,145,512	3,626,144
Ice..... tons	22,542	38,116	22,898	43,461
India Rubber and Gutta Percha, manufactures of—Boots and shoes..... pairs	391,839	224,705	436,586	260,886
All other.....		1,499,157		1,504,499
Total.....		1,723,862		1,765,385
India rubber, scrap and old.....		257,639		376,962
Ink—Printers'.....		113,924		104,633
Other.....		90,003		106,280
Total.....		203,927		210,973
Instruments and Apparatus for Scientific Purposes, Including Telegraph, Telephone, and Other Electric—				
United Kingdom.....		538,293		950,496
France.....		174,316		454,818
Germany.....		234,942		412,995
Other Europe.....		239,618		272,381
British North America.....		305,616		429,731
Central American States and British Honduras.....		58,711		80,136
Mexico.....		287,270		427,041
West Indies and Bermuda.....		88,815		185,700
Argentina.....		109,636		247,062
Brazil.....		88,235		113,581
Other South America.....		123,800		120,951
China.....		31,199		34,135
Japan.....		230,197		232,892
British Australasia.....		57,307		177,524
Other Asia and Oceania.....		107,459		180,857
Africa.....		94,637		77,748
Other countries.....		194		799
Total.....		2,770,803		3,399,180
Iron and Steel, and Manufactures of—Iron ore..... tons	11,537	34,224	31,412	66,400
Pig Iron—Ferro-manganese..... tons	8,403	344,743	495	20,667
All other..... tons	228,465	2,385,252	299,271	3,210,628
Scrap and old, fit only for remanufacture..... tons	60,195	632,534	91,983	1,041,227
Bar iron..... lbs.	10,684,634	163,261	23,564,511	365,144
Bars or rods of steel, other than wire..... lbs.	37,776,372	470,652	73,861,862	944,874
Bars or rails for railways—Iron..... tons	2,763	37,150	11,776	141,706
Steel—Europe..... tons	22,162	428,475	30,570	581,753
British North America.....	84,639	1,555,405	92,765	1,720,506
Central American States and British Honduras.....	623	11,074	1,635	34,627
Mexico.....	30,321	501,151	28,873	557,589
West Indies and Bermuda.....	5,085	124,445	9,397	190,275
South America.....	9,235	207,015	10,338	249,680
Japan.....	49,651	1,150,766	8,990	192,588
Asia and Oceania.....	24,932	513,358	43,516	959,016

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

33

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Africa	3,106	\$63,735	40,891	\$782,694
Total	229,783	4,613,376	266,089	5,298,125
Billets, ingots and blooms..... tons	16,100	290,827	43,242	882,790
Hoop, band and scroll	3,475,969	47,327	6,753,270	107,703
Rods, wire, of steel..... lbs.	32,409,526	330,022	56,432,707	580,490
Sheets and plates—Iron..... lbs.	9,087,071	182,809	15,107,028	324,747
Steel..... lbs.	27,360,932	354,579	112,689,113	1,634,866
Tin plates, terne plates, and taggers tin..... lbs.	20,827	962	205,910	10,045
Structural iron and steel..... tons	30,586	1,183,482	49,069	1,759,988
Wire..... lbs.	137,054,694	2,583,306	215,194,475	3,891,180
Car wheels..... No.	21,006	129,446	23,933	132,124
Castings, n. e. s.....		804,975		1,055,525
Cutlery—Table		31,181		81,437
All other.....		125,377		164,603
Firearms.....		672,223		681,440
Bullders' Hardware and Saws and Tools—Locks, hinges and other bullders' hardware.....		3,997,796		4,898,752
Saws.....		206,799		223,764
Tools, n. e. s.....		2,223,737		2,719,856
Total		6,428,332		7,842,372
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		1,585,069		1,833,369
France.....		181,866		269,157
Germany.....		778,623		866,872
Other Europe.....		555,568		778,576
British North America.....		719,326		906,047
Central American States and British Honduras.....		82,462		82,480
Mexico.....		461,532		358,213
Santo Domingo.....		13,197		11,072
Cuba.....		56,961		262,379
Puerto Rico.....		9,439		18,780
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		62,739		79,617
Argentina.....		147,958		232,579
Brazil.....		160,884		225,191
Colombia.....		90,300		108,758
Other South America.....		205,323		234,059
China.....		19,669		55,685
East Indies (British).....		22,066		41,639
Japan.....		76,500		67,439
British Australasia.....		877,635		1,018,011
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		108,868		151,766
Africa.....		208,622		238,709
Other countries.....		3,716		1,924
Total		6,428,332		7,842,372
Machinery, Machines, and Parts of—Electrical.....		2,052,564		2,736,110
Metal-working.....		4,618,683		6,491,586
Printing presses, and parts of.....		874,515		847,006
Pumps and pumping machinery.....		2,023,034		2,710,654
Sewing Machines, and Parts of—United Kingdom.....		879,650		956,424
France.....		102,809		95,953
Germany.....		861,702		688,980
Other Europe.....		211,643		167,375
British North America.....		141,172		163,065
Central American States and British Honduras.....		30,312		20,312
Mexico.....		197,692		270,532
Santo Domingo.....		1,282		2,373
Cuba.....		2,785		12,323
Puerto Rico.....		3,120		4,086
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		17,471		22,174
Argentina.....		77,188		143,893
Brazil.....		95,966		112,398
Colombia.....		82,359		69,374
Other South America.....		101,289		127,239
China.....		3,848		4,544
East Indies (British).....		4,365		7,818
Japan.....		5,883		5,270
British Australasia.....		274,154		321,785
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		30,961		55,918
Africa.....		10,536		11,985
Other countries.....		159		373
Total		3,136,364		3,264,344
Shoe machinery.....		895,788		853,936
Steam Engines, and Parts of—Fire engines..... No.	9	7,497		13,973
Locomotive engines..... No.	466	3,883,719	519	4,728,748
Stationary engines..... No.	565	398,570	605	585,061
Boilers and parts of engines.....		927,552		1,132,489
Typewriting Machines, and Parts of—United Kingdom.....		896,575		1,064,060
France.....		94,608		160,357

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Germany.....		\$425,614		\$507,000
Other Europe.....		232,253		339,608
British North America.....		51,677		59,323
Central American States and British Honduras.....		2,360		2,410
Mexico.....		28,975		45,824
Santo Domingo.....		90		208
Cuba.....		1,457		19,761
Puerto Rico.....		65		4,229
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		4,225		5,736
Argentina.....		18,137		31,164
Brazil.....		4,945		6,135
Colombia.....		4,228		3,942
Other South America.....		14,452		25,981
China.....		2,642		5,799
East Indies (British).....		9,014		12,981
Japan.....		4,220		7,262
British Australasia.....		60,035		77,285
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		9,885		13,400
Africa.....		36,342		31,627
Other countries.....				75
Total.....		1,902,153		2,449,205
All other.....		13,336,930		18,722,251
Nails and Spikes (lbs.)—Cut.....	32,310,399	612,234	32,809,265	604,215
Wire.....	22,894,069	458,787	51,233,212	973,434
All other, including tacks.....	4,308,082	245,722	4,719,846	236,947
Pipes and fittings.....		3,092,016		5,874,225
Saws.....	No. 1,949	87,614	2,237	145,349
Scales and balances.....		343,200		390,214
Stoves, ranges, and parts of.....		332,980		503,739
All other manufactures of iron and steel.....		9,305,977		10,450,779
Total iron and steel, etc., not including ore.....		70,406,885		93,715,951
Jewelry, and Other Manufactures of Gold and Silver—				
Jewelry.....		555,719		729,194
Other manufactures of gold and silver.....		192,061		233,962
Total.....		747,780		963,156
Lamps, chandeliers, and all other devices for illuminating purposes.....		672,010		777,409
Lead, and Manufactures of (lbs.)—Pigs, bars, and old.....	32,500	1,462	164,306	6,502
Type.....	301,988	104,404	239,309	97,745
All other.....		117,152		130,855
Total.....		223,018		235,112
Leather, and Manufactures of—Leather, sole (lbs.)—				
United Kingdom.....	30,019,395	5,125,572	31,381,148	5,168,588
Germany.....	305,900	60,305	411,134	84,468
Other Europe.....	4,201,948	737,867	3,041,063	555,217
British North America.....	1,056,204	203,161	843,119	157,707
West Indies and Bermuda.....	41,828	8,672	36,230	7,566
South America.....	42,950	9,071	17,142	4,321
Japan.....	1,563,105	327,836	757,961	165,603
British Australasia.....	178,522	37,724	127,064	28,207
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	192,118	40,935	330,837	72,018
Africa.....	166,538	34,539	126,573	26,495
Other countries.....	44,511	8,871	43,591	10,714
Total.....	37,813,019	6,644,553	37,120,912	6,280,904
Leather, Other—Upper leather—Kid, glazed.....		249,990		694,265
Patent or enameled.....		93,847		82,908
Splints, buff, grain, and all other.....		9,949,596		11,576,822
All other leather.....		858,421		1,090,574
Total.....		11,151,851		13,444,569
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		8,025,217		9,595,306
France.....		291,228		385,087
Germany.....		587,602		954,347
Other Europe.....		1,162,151		1,260,305
British North America.....		674,896		603,823
Central American States and British Honduras.....		4,713		10,278
Mexico.....		9,310		9,872
Santo Domingo.....		569		1,759
Cuba.....		2,298		14,823
Puerto Rico.....		1,394		8,843
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		15,105		26,015
Argentina.....		4,360		34,433
Brazil.....		54,022		63,913
Colombia.....		4,133		3,781
Other South America.....		13,288		32,063
British Australasia.....		239,124		318,345
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		38,028		39,062

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Africa		\$23,886		\$32,271
Other countries		530		268
Total leather, other		11,151,851		13,444,569
Manufactures of—Boots and shoes—United Kingdom		352,755		525,242
France		26,778		39,664
Germany		18,572		59,573
Other Europe		36,113		59,451
British North America		285,054		427,023
Central American States and British Honduras		88,907		107,551
Mexico		87,609		212,245
West Indies and Bermuda		230,516		504,006
Colombia		41,430		34,231
Other South America		23,879		35,562
British Australasia		235,679		409,067
Other Asia and Oceanica		177,418		175,588
Africa		93,247		99,877
Other countries		3,521		2,178
Total		1,816,538		2,711,385
Harness and saddles		214,605		237,552
All other		1,236,033		792,575
Total leather and manufactures of		21,113,640		23,466,985
Lime	48,887	42,268	73,377	71,735
Malt	406,702	237,473	452,088	324,067
Malt Liquors—In bottles	406,231	497,031	1,433,802	1,733,373
In other coverings	391,802	83,548	602,035	154,751
Total		585,579		1,888,124
Marble and Stone, and Manufactures of—Unmanufactured		95,953		68,903
Manufactures of—Roofing slate		1,370,075		1,363,617
All other		422,507		454,236
Total		1,888,535		1,886,756
Matches		78,548		103,693
Musical Instruments (No.)—Organs	13,421	742,963	17,119	985,997
Pianofortes	987	232,144	1,163	259,960
All other, and parts of		408,760		551,896
Total		1,333,807		1,791,845
Naval Stores—Resin, tar, turpentine, and pitch (brls.)—				
Resin	2,206,208	3,689,252	2,563,229	3,741,581
Tar	19,316	36,475	36,907	86,002
Turpentine and pitch	19,225	48,611	22,945	54,953
Total	2,244,744	3,774,338	2,623,081	3,882,536
Exported to (brls.)—United Kingdom	614,203	1,068,256	766,955	1,176,592
Germany	520,427	843,611	625,750	859,258
Other Europe	698,053	1,102,577	816,637	1,092,808
British North America	49,900	111,482	59,460	132,740
Central American States and British Honduras	5,774	15,459	5,011	13,924
Mexico	4,323	10,212	3,714	8,924
Santo Domingo	2,895	6,156	1,781	3,760
Cuba	4,077	7,543	4,857	9,632
Puerto Rico	404	814	639	1,281
Other West Indies and Bermuda	7,537	15,853	5,200	11,508
Argentina	53,782	95,161	41,775	74,242
Brazil	113,058	194,409	127,990	220,213
Colombia	6,037	13,102	5,661	12,517
Other South America	49,753	95,878	43,532	80,540
China	2,139	4,635	3,025	5,943
Japan	8,067	17,762	11,030	19,114
British Australasia	60,288	106,564	53,443	99,628
Other Asia and Oceanica	42,979	62,726	45,051	57,384
Africa	952	2,046	1,570	3,128
Other countries	36	92		
Total resin, tar, etc.	2,244,744	3,774,338	2,623,081	3,882,536
Turpentine, Spirits of (gals.)—United Kingdom	7,508,837	2,156,130	8,988,225	2,996,538
Germany	2,810,720	797,125	2,634,867	876,389
Other Europe	6,079,499	1,753,074	4,560,089	1,595,670
British North America	670,432	207,600	627,472	230,758
Central American States and British Honduras	7,468	3,029	9,495	4,181
Mexico	10,071	3,626	10,348	4,393
Santo Domingo	1,229	491	1,452	627
Cuba	48,149	15,352	88,935	35,374
Puerto Rico	4,675	1,648	9,645	4,345
Other West Indies and Bermuda	22,310	7,783	25,648	10,754
Argentina	335,677	129,506	139,186	55,785
Brazil	202,207	74,148	136,784	51,791
Colombia	11,757	4,513	14,110	6,738
Other South America	169,334	61,934	111,234	47,860

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
China.....	6,655	\$2,494	20,050	\$8,289
Japan.....	12,500	4,088	20,200	8,476
British Australasia.....	368,593	126,553	271,944	105,949
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	20,550	7,358	38,226	16,970
Africa.....	60,066	24,192	83,549	39,968
Other countries.....	411	160	50	23
Total.....	18,351,140	5,380,806	17,791,533	6,100,419
Total naval stores.....		9,155,144		9,982,955
Nickel, nickel oxide and matte..... lbs.	5,699,110	1,402,803	4,907,722	1,110,222
Nursery stock.....		96,530		134,929
Oil Cake and Oil-Cake Meal (lbs.)—Cottonseed.....	919,727,701	8,040,710	1081108979	9,238,396
Flaxseed or linseed.....	436,206,321	4,640,824	486,061,890	5,262,744
Total.....	1355934022	12,581,534	1567170869	14,531,142
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	351,137,738	3,295,959	374,435,429	3,547,924
France.....	67,343,237	629,967	66,397,448	654,546
Germany.....	433,308,664	3,795,548	463,957,019	4,032,654
Other Europe.....	487,844,589	4,661,127	643,001,057	6,071,151
British North America.....	3,579,696	36,571	7,101,857	64,728
West Indies and Bermuda.....	12,296,858	157,178	11,828,096	154,070
South America.....	301,282	3,724	349,035	4,825
Other countries.....	121,988	1,460	100,988	1,244
Total oil cake and oil-cake meal.....	1355934022	12,581,534	1567170869	14,531,142
Oilcloths—For floors.....		29,429		31,080
Other.....		89,212		101,452
Total.....		118,641		132,532
Oils—Animal (gals.)—Fish.....	585,930	108,194	946,358	191,342
Lard.....	775,102	305,825	917,007	412,447
Whale.....	85,302	37,726	79,767	35,970
Other.....	128,711	50,587	166,872	64,368
Total animal.....	1,568,045	502,332	2,109,504	704,127
Mineral, Crude—Including all natural oils, without regard to gravity (gals.)—France.....	85,125,657	3,221,437	83,630,510	3,832,837
Other Europe.....	16,042,002	644,761	18,009,994	768,061
British North America.....	100	8	20,510	1,420
Mexico.....	7,713,859	317,514	7,969,871	395,396
Cuba.....	3,829,463	207,649	3,297,175	192,686
Puerto Rico.....	585,290	51,808	160,000	12,512
Other countries.....	1,026	85		
Total.....	113,297,397	4,343,262	118,068,060	5,202,892
Mineral, Refined or Manufactured, Not Including Residuum (gals.)—Naphthas, including all lighter products of distillation.....	16,252,929	1,080,797	16,252,785	1,170,294
Illuminating.....	324,426,551	42,922,682	722,279,480	41,087,031
Lubricating and heavy paraffin oil.....	60,289,365	7,239,544	67,424,080	7,943,193
Total.....	900,978,875	51,242,933	905,956,345	50,200,518
Exported to (gals.)—United Kingdom.....	212,265,563	11,157,459	212,734,107	12,023,768
France.....	12,835,631	1,133,288	12,012,773	1,118,254
Germany.....	152,203,222	6,838,464	128,084,786	6,542,815
Other Europe.....	260,431,316	12,431,665	253,544,889	13,554,069
British North America.....	11,067,502	737,389	10,912,296	762,624
Central American States and British Honduras.....	1,064,980	112,834	1,123,072	131,333
Mexico.....	1,106,853	184,088	1,269,263	191,480
Santo Domingo.....	579,825	50,051	344,633	39,955
Cuba.....	243,202	31,358	1,086,309	125,156
Puerto Rico.....	200,542	22,677	554,650	61,015
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	4,108,714	338,299	3,978,825	383,354
Argentina.....	11,069,132	1,007,498	7,371,260	977,604
Brazil.....	20,561,084	1,532,231	16,987,232	1,499,118
Colombia.....	1,038,622	103,145	1,200,969	129,600
Other South America.....	11,283,540	967,067	9,131,085	890,460
China.....	44,523,552	2,865,095	22,869,793	1,816,565
East Indies (British).....	35,752,592	2,577,216	24,469,724	1,800,519
Hongkong.....	15,732,648	991,929	18,198,402	1,399,374
Japan.....	53,398,185	3,815,125	33,602,276	2,461,475
British Australasia.....	20,495,398	1,965,608	17,138,566	1,788,201
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	18,621,008	1,242,989	16,763,295	1,382,031
Africa.....	12,232,744	1,114,103	12,488,595	1,298,288
Other countries.....	42,020	3,458	40,045	3,560
Total mineral, refined or manufactured (not including residuum).....	900,978,875	51,242,933	905,956,345	50,200,518
Residuum, including tar, and all other, from which the light bodies have been distilled..... brls.	475,562	539,383	730,214	869,758
Total refined or manufactured (including residuum).....		51,782,316		51,070,276

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Vegetable—Corn.....gals.	2,646,560	\$575,646	2,390,628	\$565,293
Cottonseed (gals.)—United Kingdom.....	2,560,000	629,679	5,845,123	1,296,342
France.....	14,388,581	3,617,133	16,959,352	4,043,709
Germany.....	2,600,577	639,312	3,521,410	873,395
Other Europe.....	15,471,225	3,977,385	17,911,699	4,411,086
British North America.....	460,649	115,648	477,830	111,517
Central American States and British Honduras.....	8,869	3,080	12,925	5,114
Mexico.....	1,727,423	328,768	2,678,027	491,114
Santo Domingo.....	82,773	27,824	94,542	30,627
Cuba.....	9,543	2,774	70,466	20,395
Puerto Rico.....	100	30	4,736	1,619
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	754,504	196,192	702,608	183,448
Argentina.....	19,270	5,947	94,066	29,752
Brazil.....	876,307	237,065	781,078	196,501
Other South America.....	323,247	104,844	308,096	97,897
British Australasia.....	76,506	22,686	47,440	14,629
Other Asia and Oceania.....	1,300	355	800	236
Africa.....	864,820	228,897	1,116,931	270,138
Total.....	40,230,784	10,137,619	50,627,219	12,077,519
Linseed.....gals.	90,074	38,439	106,300	47,681
Volatile or Essential—Peppermint.....lbs.	145,375	180,811	117,462	118,227
Other.....	.....	201,497	.....	162,358
All other.....	.....	885,057	.....	838,257
Total vegetable.....	.....	12,019,069	.....	13,809,335
Paints, Pigments and Colors—Carbon black, gas black, and lampblack.....	.....	178,422	.....	191,827
Zinc, oxide of.....lbs.	7,140,102	211,239	9,719,741	316,862
All other.....	.....	689,797	.....	998,736
Total.....	.....	1,079,518	.....	1,447,425
Paper, and Manufactures of—Paper hangings.....	.....	186,904	.....	129,000
Printing paper.....lbs.	107,405,503	2,702,351	98,154,644	2,385,667
Writing paper and envelopes.....	.....	160,499	.....	158,066
All other.....	.....	2,444,810	.....	2,805,121
Total.....	.....	5,494,564	.....	5,477,884
Paraffin and Paraffin Wax (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	96,105,035	3,671,424	107,362,181	4,050,114
France.....	2,768,836	120,756	2,508,011	101,282
Germany.....	23,688,735	925,540	21,604,920	867,287
Other Europe.....	19,734,325	802,544	30,172,657	1,201,455
British North America.....	88,664	3,839	59,432	2,651
Central American States and British Honduras.....	444,809	21,694	624,587	31,995
Mexico.....	3,637,767	157,963	5,119,362	241,110
West Indies and Bermuda.....	31,656	1,246	55,058	2,607
Brazil.....	234,939	10,968	280,115	13,583
Other South America.....	111,879	5,703	152,735	7,994
Japan.....	4,380,586	158,305	3,328,059	132,273
British Australasia.....	2,727,684	117,246	2,430,451	107,836
Other Asia and Oceania.....	68,154	2,658	211,514	9,008
Africa.....	715,391	29,506	885,559	35,549
Total.....	154,623,460	6,030,292	174,844,701	6,804,684
Perfumery and cosmetics.....	.....	306,363	.....	316,542
Plated ware.....	.....	417,324	.....	450,462
Provisions, Comprising Meat and Dairy Products—Meat products—Beef products—Canned (lbs.)—	.....	.....	.....	.....
United Kingdom.....	20,763,131	1,828,593	22,723,304	2,066,308
France.....	422,017	35,503	354,534	32,029
Germany.....	5,069,003	446,440	3,334,890	294,123
Other Europe.....	3,046,732	256,779	2,281,006	202,393
British North America.....	519,315	40,159	1,583,796	36,957
Central American States and British Honduras.....	257,318	28,579	198,033	20,148
Mexico.....	112,162	14,237	148,179	19,570
Santo Domingo.....	466	40	1,256	117
Cuba.....	81,046	6,412	144,680	13,698
Puerto Rico.....	384	30	600	50
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	449,213	41,651	361,743	35,349
Argentina.....	4,880	545	15,148	1,445
Brazil.....	184,600	17,744	171,942	17,101
Colombia.....	72,273	6,623	56,563	5,073
Other South America.....	157,317	14,492	124,196	11,861
China.....	173,858	24,470	122,313	16,814
East Indies (British).....	5,000	668	10,161	1,201
Hongkong.....	133,220	19,712	158,198	23,185
Japan.....	227,672	33,452	345,778	40,750
British Australasia.....	69,945	7,695	24,510	2,498
Other Asia and Oceania.....	383,435	56,958	501,155	85,945
Africa.....	4,976,319	398,655	5,663,440	476,678
Other countries.....	264	20	.....	.....
Total.....	37,109,570	3,279,657	38,385,475	3,503,293

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Fresh (lbs.)—United Kingdom	274,183,636	\$22,922,136	281,041,427	\$23,456,488
British North America.....	144,860	9,676	483,851	39,055
West Indies and Bermuda.....	439,578	34,744	442,501	35,579
Other countries.....	.....	.....	172,195	14,063
Total.....	274,768,074	22,966,556	282,159,974	23,545,186
Salted or Pickled, and Other Cured (lbs.)—Salt'd or pickl'd	41,314,479	2,368,467	46,561,876	2,525,784
Other cured.....	159,052	150,051	1,579,313	145,906
Total.....	45,903,531	2,518,518	48,141,189	2,671,780
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom	19,279,027	1,125,707	20,035,195	1,186,322
France.....	323,775	17,911	180,400	10,304
Germany.....	4,832,150	271,011	5,911,654	319,506
Other Europe.....	5,637,239	293,593	6,723,916	348,874
British North America.....	3,364,157	155,528	3,866,983	187,882
Central American States and British Honduras.....	738,081	39,079	673,504	35,858
Mexico.....	8,275	492	11,744	625
Santo Domingo.....	52,600	2,718	98,574	4,875
Cuba.....	279,189	13,720	618,079	32,014
Puerto Rico.....	16,700	859	24,300	1,227
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	5,869,499	311,033	4,944,572	260,516
Brazil.....	22,400	1,237	41,550	2,530
Colombia.....	252,189	13,240	280,043	14,713
Other South America.....	3,123,675	175,027	3,221,825	174,498
Asia and Oceanica.....	1,417,625	65,650	1,003,250	65,217
Africa.....	613,500	30,752	489,500	25,633
Other countries.....	18,500	961	21,100	1,186
Total beef, salted, etc.....	45,903,531	2,518,518	48,141,189	2,671,780
Tallow (lbs.)—United Kingdom	41,661,289	1,598,528	37,190,354	1,538,114
France.....	9,608,964	351,545	15,808,083	616,048
Germany.....	11,195,548	445,231	16,895,585	677,487
Other Europe.....	11,419,748	422,424	29,714,611	1,190,962
British North America.....	247,375	7,185	597,782	16,829
Central American States and British Honduras.....	2,206,331	95,679	2,052,822	92,126
Mexico.....	636,742	24,364	814,723	33,575
Santo Domingo.....	786,763	30,338	874,390	15,840
Cuba.....	404,767	13,231	497,770	19,160
Puerto Rico.....	5,307	287	10,015	547
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	2,041,605	85,917	1,266,006	58,815
Brazil.....	572,245	25,070	701,601	37,778
Colombia.....	373,283	16,230	277,995	14,408
Other South America.....	453,419	20,033	732,046	33,762
Asia and Oceanica.....	133,563	5,447	420,519	21,292
Other countries.....	2,850	144	11,707	613
Total.....	81,744,809	3,141,653	107,361,009	4,367,356
Hog Products—Bacon (lbs.)—United Kingdom	473,201,682	34,919,807	365,474,204	30,312,477
France.....	2,370,965	165,925	12,366,110	853,090
Germany.....	51,524,565	3,338,869	36,151,678	2,532,600
Other Europe.....	82,533,846	5,335,717	88,521,122	5,975,282
British North America.....	19,689,775	1,267,287	9,804,713	604,189
Central American States and British Honduras.....	217,533	16,032	263,640	17,914
Mexico.....	95,100	9,804	184,482	17,277
Santo Domingo.....	31,824	2,213	31,552	1,903
Cuba.....	10,736,382	672,008	11,553,301	643,381
Puerto Rico.....	496,391	33,013	1,138,421	74,283
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	737,730	56,123	676,705	47,075
Brazil.....	7,357,354	508,171	6,040,051	415,745
Colombia.....	18,460	1,366	27,325	1,862
Other South America.....	380,001	29,223	235,429	16,758
China.....	35,655	4,635	59,110	7,532
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	140,488	17,906	247,387	30,354
Africa.....	31,172	2,159	76,250	5,405
Total.....	650,108,933	46,380,918	502,651,480	41,557,067
Hams (lbs.)—United Kingdom	153,549,559	14,567,748	177,702,854	16,366,854
France.....	1,182,618	117,513	1,145,490	106,499
Germany.....	11,963,631	1,109,550	9,813,118	908,010
Other Europe.....	19,902,884	1,893,425	20,634,498	1,893,573
British North America.....	5,793,345	513,123	5,933,259	509,000
Central American States and British Honduras.....	278,160	28,291	248,296	23,230
Mexico.....	211,471	23,790	277,623	30,956
Santo Domingo.....	59,918	6,716	69,055	7,483
Cuba.....	3,532,940	365,243	6,229,486	559,594
Puerto Rico.....	602,415	50,941	127,234	11,641
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,534,182	138,380	1,696,163	147,931
Brazil.....	33,016	3,262	32,412	3,649
Colombia.....	156,021	13,805	194,327	16,507
Other South America.....	795,108	84,268	818,841	84,887
China.....	68,159	8,788	103,490	13,127
British Australasia.....	6,985	903	46,758	5,259

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	347,856	\$43,713	535,223	\$65,989
Africa.....	152,025	16,604	215,650	23,136
Other countries.....	15,568	1,450	22,983	1,789
Total.....	200,185,861	18,987,525	225,846,750	20,774,084
Pork (lbs.)—Fresh.....	12,224,285	815,075	41,810,364	2,722,661
Salted or pickled.....	88,133,078	4,906,961	137,197,200	7,917,066
Total.....	100,357,363	5,722,036	178,507,564	10,639,727
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	31,891,732	2,014,665	90,686,214	5,805,258
France.....	112,900	5,670	212,986	12,472
Germany.....	9,617,039	524,859	15,515,225	824,018
Other Europe.....	13,829,836	804,817	26,553,645	1,572,405
British North America.....	15,751,791	867,101	17,994,451	983,818
Central American States and British Honduras.....	1,423,605	70,438	1,306,575	63,395
Santo Domingo.....	95,000	5,338	112,801	5,949
Cuba.....	267,600	14,103	752,766	39,466
Puerto Rico.....	3,556,700	176,219	3,332,900	173,151
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	19,205,017	985,879	16,686,667	872,600
Brazil.....	32,900	2,045	117,900	7,368
Colombia.....	154,039	8,899	171,474	9,513
Other South America.....	4,242,440	218,508	4,515,559	236,575
Asia and Oceanica.....	144,735	9,840	168,380	12,688
Africa.....	85,500	5,336	209,600	11,201
Other countries.....	147,629	8,319	160,968	9,780
Total.....	100,357,363	5,722,036	178,507,564	10,639,727
Lard (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	241,077,725	13,807,640	204,645,770	12,310,730
France.....	21,307,239	1,129,191	32,312,597	1,830,281
Germany.....	233,814,879	12,813,206	229,230,175	13,600,767
Other Europe.....	138,510,606	7,631,883	159,922,867	9,367,911
British North America.....	6,589,294	355,448	7,016,986	375,408
Central American States and British Honduras.....	2,666,022	156,161	2,742,674	158,907
Mexico.....	3,402,758	177,525	3,270,339	169,689
Santo Domingo.....	489,767	29,682	468,927	27,945
Cuba.....	20,139,515	1,027,657	27,291,504	1,462,604
Puerto Rico.....	3,609,131	190,630	4,741,704	256,372
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	6,482,058	418,487	5,594,892	389,568
Argentina.....	46,002	3,133	53,912	3,636
Brazil.....	15,362,399	973,960	17,839,650	1,219,882
Colombia.....	2,057,865	120,436	1,766,263	105,119
Other South America.....	10,837,480	631,023	9,745,658	628,355
Asia and Oceanica.....	661,288	46,854	1,307,334	81,955
Africa.....	2,018,217	145,228	3,253,787	238,165
Other countries.....	41,800	2,498	54,812	3,113
Total.....	703,344,045	39,710,672	711,259,851	42,208,462
Lard compounds, and substitutes for (cottonolene, lardine, etc.)..... lbs.	21,343,028	1,118,659	22,114,712	1,200,231
Casings for sausages..... lbs.	.....	1,821,519	.....	1,671,052
Mutton..... lbs.	329,169	27,961	379,110	29,427
Oleo and oleomargarine (lbs.)—Oleo, the oil.....	132,579,277	7,904,413	142,390,492	9,183,658
Oleomargarine, imitation butter.....	4,323,536	386,297	5,549,322	509,706
Total.....	136,907,813	8,290,710	147,939,814	9,693,362
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	9,164,137	551,425	7,700,906	476,875
Germany.....	31,590,087	1,911,780	30,612,969	2,080,029
Netherlands.....	81,452,099	4,878,313	86,452,770	5,514,523
Other Europe.....	11,536,933	668,194	19,129,704	1,250,434
British North America.....	823,902	49,604	912,204	57,618
Central American States and British Honduras.....	10,930	1,254	22,875	2,514
Mexico.....	9,017	961	7,514	731
Puerto Rico.....	.....	.....	204,891	22,906
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,753,190	170,090	2,120,435	208,093
Colombia.....	93,896	8,400	123,224	11,225
Other South America.....	161,766	15,855	222,312	23,913
Asia and Oceanica.....	198,896	22,440	271,688	28,675
Other countries.....	112,960	12,394	158,320	16,829
Total.....	136,907,813	8,290,710	147,939,814	9,693,362
Poultry and game.....	.....	85,739	.....	183,508
All other meat products.....	.....	4,193,078	.....	5,834,865
Dairy Products—Butter (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	14,801,641	2,260,961	10,278,788	1,705,190
Germany.....	1,448,300	171,735	918,262	135,239
Other Europe.....	1,141,279	139,418	972,801	141,427
British North America.....	3,809,452	594,053	1,986,083	324,936
Central American States and British Honduras.....	278,835	48,631	250,135	46,687
Mexico.....	249,079	43,720	280,924	49,767
Santo Domingo.....	55,816	7,911	76,547	11,164
Cuba.....	42,715	8,087	585,840	69,497
Puerto Rico.....	18,900	2,407	45,706	8,193

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,857,252	\$284,855	2,065,538	\$329,100
Brazil.....	749,653	92,191	1,420,222	177,614
Colombia.....	134,644	19,672	83,351	15,127
Other South America.....	651,569	91,622	911,943	141,219
China.....	21,555	4,688	22,337	5,159
Japan.....	115,203	23,097	92,495	18,592
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	255,304	52,995	216,882	48,128
Africa.....	20,987	4,186	17,147	3,505
Other countries.....	36,275	5,586	22,936	3,471
Total.....	25,690,025	3,864,765	20,247,997	3,263,951
Cheese (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	38,146,235	3,267,507	23,715,719	2,063,409
Germany.....	105	9		
British North America.....	13,149,652	1,073,447	11,873,701	942,612
Central American States and British Honduras.....	156,187	17,721	150,324	17,602
Mexico.....	123,541	14,436	167,555	19,889
Santo Domingo.....	32,766	3,984	39,755	4,928
Cuba.....	219,581	25,888	635,225	76,884
Puerto Rico.....	12,167	1,583	220,917	27,404
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	706,513	90,493	719,699	85,945
Brazil.....	2,285	257	5,615	658
Colombia.....	91,658	11,082	64,540	7,950
Other South America.....	134,899	17,079	110,467	13,362
China.....	44,264	4,817	101,950	11,161
Japan.....	35,594	3,867	62,590	5,965
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	241,215	26,071	318,271	36,044
Other countries.....	10,368	1,141	22,441	2,256
Total.....	53,167,280	4,559,324	38,198,753	3,316,049
Milk.....		671,670		1,049,211
Total provisions, etc.....		167,340,960		175,508,606
Quicksilver..... lbs.	973,460	414,998	1,123,471	516,398
Rice..... lbs.	637,146	27,501	852,704	38,511
Rice bran, meal and polish..... lbs.	5,563,841	35,498	14,481,985	80,301
Salt..... lbs.	17,073,214	66,151	25,246,634	86,315
Seeds—Clover..... lbs.	31,155,381	1,892,101	19,982,234	1,264,922
Cotton..... lbs.	32,764,781	197,258	34,443,806	197,023
Flaxseed or linseed..... bu.	257,228	231,287	2,830,991	2,815,449
Timothy..... lbs.	10,238,780	317,178	16,149,611	492,710
Other grass seeds.....		167,109		156,200
All other.....		149,845		153,092
Total.....		2,954,723		5,079,396
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		1,065,977		852,496
France.....		44,904		172,184
Germany.....		838,904		920,394
Other Europe.....		390,943		1,641,413
British North America.....		481,498		1,384,233
Central American States and British Honduras.....		5,387		4,875
Mexico.....		29,472		15,724
Santo Domingo.....		864		320
Cuba.....		2,612		4,190
Puerto Rico.....		19		539
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		3,970		4,384
Argentina.....		368		10,842
Brazil.....		858		1,085
Colombia.....		1,739		1,594
Other South America.....		2,345		2,440
China.....		909		616
British Australasia.....		76,134		50,684
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		5,600		7,113
Africa.....		2,229		4,290
Total seeds.....		2,954,723		5,079,396
Shells.....		129,143		116,052
Silk, manufactures of.....		297,074		290,729
Soap—Toilet or fancy..... lbs.		275,935		314,326
Other.....		1,114,668		1,143,284
Total.....		1,390,603		1,457,610
Spermaceti and spermaceti wax..... lbs.		236,537		57,929
Spirits, Distilled (proof gals.)—Alcohol—Wood.....		385,938		414,875
Other, including pure, neutral, or cognac spirits.....		1,619,230		427,288
Brandy.....		24,886		29,289
Rum.....		607,634		1,175,306
Whisky—Bourbon.....		236,599		267,865
Rye.....		17,495		156,617
All other.....		36,860		24,372
Total.....		2,978,651		2,495,612

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Starch.....lbs.	72,806,313	\$1,571,549	110,223,776	\$2,292,973
Stationery, except of paper.....		1,008,016		1,120,893
Stereotype and electrolyte plates.....		61,482		60,940
Straw and palm leaf, manufactures of.....		317,468		359,780
Sugar and Molasses—Molasses.....gals.	3,817,829	267,202	5,682,080	444,392
Sirup.....gals.	7,573,541	794,727	10,070,650	1,465,849
Sugar, brown.....lbs.	460,682	17,353	403,119	14,275
Sugar, Refined (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	547,132	24,098	308,967	15,051
Germany.....	2,075	98	580	30
Other Europe.....	5,949	318	2,010	98
British North America.....	74,151	4,565	2,096,781	92,012
Central American States and British Honduras.....	1,041,455	50,408	412,113	19,047
Mexico.....	416,981	18,722	1,096,120	50,104
Santo Domingo.....	30,280	1,618	22,570	1,206
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	1,789,814	96,877	2,093,881	106,576
Colombia.....	525,688	26,815	319,641	15,316
Other South America.....	92,355	5,204	42,528	2,328
Asia and Oceanica.....	1,231,167	57,257	2,881,709	108,723
Africa.....	230,561	14,933	305,328	15,711
Total.....	6,047,608	301,511	9,462,228	426,202
Candy and confectionery.....		730,865		603,170
Total sugar and molasses.....		2,111,658		2,953,888
Tin, manufactures of.....		263,365		365,470
Tobacco, and Manufactures of—Unmanuf'd (lbs.)—Leaf.....	252,258,902	21,924,337	272,421,295	25,170,771
Stems and trimmings.....	10,761,312	247,243	11,191,827	296,447
Total.....	263,020,214	22,171,580	283,613,122	25,467,218
Exported to (lbs.)—United Kingdom.....	88,480,225	8,575,626	85,799,321	7,821,659
France.....	22,016,203	1,724,682	23,656,171	1,918,624
Germany.....	60,308,408	4,325,743	50,891,017	4,021,447
Other Europe.....	70,462,438	5,435,089	73,553,317	6,097,576
British North America.....	7,183,730	700,995	12,698,069	1,252,125
Central American States and British Honduras.....	218,429	30,777	179,226	24,629
Mexico.....	1,814,085	135,636	1,852,700	143,786
West Indies and Bermuda.....	3,201,279	311,645	2,765,017	269,811
Argentina.....	236,146	12,984	357,071	24,677
Colombia.....	56,029	8,067	49,589	6,449
Other South America.....	1,172,617	100,298	1,068,979	97,663
Japan.....	2,751,246	197,086	24,198,879	2,414,482
British Australasia.....	2,246,127	332,369	2,701,384	374,299
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	238,245	21,195	522,881	40,363
Africa.....	2,637,612	259,203	3,817,901	359,413
Other countries.....	2,400	295	1,600	185
Total unmanufactured.....	263,020,214	22,171,580	283,613,122	25,467,218
Manufactures of—Cigars.....M.	1,547	37,381	3,732	76,172
Cigarettes.....M.	1,005,905	2,018,616	1,169,467	2,197,353
Plug.....lbs.	9,439,002	2,077,664	8,999,945	2,097,815
All other.....		684,832		807,672
Total.....		4,818,493		5,179,012
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		1,183,080		727,040
France.....		18,052		13,242
Germany.....		184,998		80,558
Other Europe.....		333,862		375,970
British North America.....		62,139		82,841
Central American States and British Honduras.....		49,571		51,694
Mexico.....		25,914		20,329
Cuba.....		146,232		160,547
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		148,069		138,123
Argentina.....		2,362		6,204
Brazil.....		500		500
Colombia.....		3,748		6,693
Other South America.....		82,015		84,655
China.....		328,404		322,571
East Indies (British).....		138,008		246,017
Hongkong.....		46,439		57,355
Japan.....		474,236		512,240
British Australasia.....		1,217,980		1,732,916
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		200,579		266,799
Africa.....		216,914		291,654
Other countries.....		4,062		1,066
Total manufactures of.....		4,818,493		5,179,012
Toys.....		177,068		148,791
Trunks, valises and traveling bags.....		104,602		132,638
Varnish.....gals.	388,841	422,696	493,134	463,547
Vegetables—Beans and peas.....bu.	854,284	1,094,094	883,201	1,269,312

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Onions.....bu.	100,148	\$90,832	164,902	\$134,250
Potatoes.....bu.	605,187	460,666	581,833	449,939
Vegetables, canned.....		386,069		555,691
All other, including pickles and sauces.....		350,157		388,908
Total.....		2,381,788		2,798,600
Vessels Sold to Foreigners (tons)—Steamers.....	678	120,243	143	49,400
Sailing vessels.....	2,267	24,300	1,507	17,625
Total.....	2,945	144,543	1,650	67,025
Vinegar.....gals.	108,657	12,939	107,314	13,479
Whalebone.....lbs.	129,476	382,786	144,283	395,443
Wine—In bottles.....doz.	9,672	46,721	10,973	52,015
In other coverings.....gals.	1,623,103	682,023	1,498,078	624,315
Total.....		728,749		676,330
Wood, and Manufactures of—Timber and unmanufactured wood—Sawed.....M feet	338,575	3,438,578	416,448	4,161,097
Hewn.....cubic feet	5,489,714	1,128,893	4,796,658	818,841
Logs and other.....		3,189,820		3,262,589
Total.....		7,757,291		8,242,527
Exported to—United Kingdom.....		3,082,929		3,482,156
France.....		328,822		384,068
Germany.....		1,331,621		1,171,164
Other Europe.....		1,202,576		1,444,568
British North America.....		1,111,820		880,347
Central American States and British Honduras.....		49,526		28,988
Mexico.....		296,589		257,918
Cuba.....		14,863		43,723
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		5,121		6,000
Argentina.....		11,728		18,706
Brazil.....		7,278		4,524
Colombia.....		23,737		22,445
Other South America.....		50,997		26,192
British Australasia.....		154,201		239,752
Other Asia and Oceanica.....		90,237		120,525
Africa.....		45,246		111,451
Total timber and unmanufactured wood.....		7,757,291		8,242,527
Lumber (M feet)—Boards, deals and planks.....	790,659	12,080,318	973,084	15,221,066
Joists and scantling.....	35,610	387,671	34,394	371,840
Total.....	826,269	12,467,989	1,007,458	15,592,906
Exported to (M feet)—United Kingdom.....	124,676	2,853,842	150,340	3,608,492
France.....	26,080	308,101	29,580	456,147
Germany.....	37,805	817,088	52,858	1,101,310
Other Europe.....	116,751	2,004,824	155,976	2,880,862
British North America.....	79,733	1,097,138	92,060	1,308,201
Central American States and British Honduras.....	3,254	38,464	4,796	60,606
Mexico.....	65,215	843,300	73,774	797,500
Santo Domingo.....	2,696	38,000	2,088	34,174
Cuba.....	23,897	258,076	64,456	730,964
Puerto Rico.....	4,050	51,129	4,376	61,543
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....	35,993	513,302	47,449	633,601
Argentina.....	75,036	876,362	89,035	990,730
Brazil.....	48,705	629,796	34,359	443,622
Colombia.....	4,355	66,838	3,752	49,736
Other South America.....	46,085	516,490	40,223	521,315
China.....	17,256	121,469	15,487	138,545
Hongkong.....	967	14,582	2,401	24,125
Japan.....	7,635	62,287	1,257	13,828
British Australasia.....	40,801	451,564	46,817	510,687
Other Asia and Oceanica.....	42,536	405,118	53,704	520,597
Africa.....	22,456	447,939	41,929	704,476
Other countries.....	147	2,171	243	3,945
Total boards, deals, etc.....	826,269	12,467,989	1,007,458	15,592,906
Shingles.....M.	50,524	101,010	73,734	126,939
Shooks—Box.....		486,800		434,230
Other.....No.	544,079	557,835	683,524	690,806
Staves.....No.	54,142,759	3,559,750	44,325,545	3,718,302
Heading.....		227,323		177,006
All other.....		3,256,880		3,081,295
Manufactures of—Doors, sash and blinds.....		817,515		1,136,907
Furniture, n. e. s.—United Kingdom.....		1,027,463		1,083,625
France.....		234,447		74,952
Germany.....		314,084		173,741
Other Europe.....		260,253		231,208
British North America.....		523,434		439,536
Central American States and British Honduras.....		74,586		37,489

EXPORTS, AND COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	1898.		1899.	
	Quant's.	Values.	Quant's.	Values.
Mexico.....		\$157,095		\$241,771
Santo Domingo.....		11,657		9,042
Cuba.....		24,910		92,248
Puerto Rico.....		6,041		23,914
Other West Indies and Bermuda.....		113,200		97,170
Argentina.....		62,224		77,157
Brazil.....		36,010		32,819
Colombia.....		33,410		29,969
Other South America.....		75,962		66,555
China.....		21,320		10,663
East Indies (British).....		18,555		7,188
Japan.....		27,424		16,552
British Australasia.....		185,924		250,650
Other Asia and Oceania.....		147,236		243,232
Africa.....		343,178		590,570
Other countries.....		3,378		1,944
Total furniture, n. e. s.....		3,701,851		3,571,875
Hogsheads and barrels, empty.....		236,860		210,137
Trimmings, moldings, and other house finishings.....		287,494		376,273
Woodenware.....		500,042		728,591
Wood pulp..... lbs.	50,428,161	536,670	55,952,270	696,819
All other.....		3,017,787		2,995,683
Total wood, and manufactures of.....		37,513,252		41,679,416
Wool and Manufactures of—Wool, raw..... lbs.	121,139	18,071	1,683,419	237,330
Manufactures of—Carpets..... yds.	192,891	164,274	107,779	81,138
Dress goods..... yds.	80,979	41,472	27,657	16,933
Flannels and blankets.....		47,439		42,672
Wearing apparel.....		429,033		533,334
All other manufactures of.....		407,414		368,390
Total manufactures.....		1,089,632		1,047,407
Zinc, and Manufactures of—Ore..... tons	11,310	313,370	15,489	448,145
Manufactures of—Pigs, bars, plates and sheets..... lbs.	25,892,221	1,251,246	18,321,375	972,076
All other manufactures of.....		88,422		184,894
Total, not including ore.....		1,339,668		1,156,970
All other articles.....		4,560,145		5,893,652
Total value of exports of domestic merchandise.....		121,029,1913		120,412,3184
Carried in cars and other land vehicles.....		67,058,739		77,159,770
American vessels—Steam.....		45,485,753		55,494,817
Foreign vessels—Steam.....		392,518,062		393,765,956
Belgian.....		13,752,879		16,488,412
British.....		776,246,060		753,889,367
Dutch.....		20,474,067		26,562,946
French.....		16,728,339		15,760,064
German.....		90,850,821		109,425,869
Italian.....		942,152		2,561,651
Norwegian.....		24,355,868		25,382,318
All other.....		44,169,026		44,194,827
American vessels—Sailing.....		19,221,033		20,005,833
Foreign vessels—Sailing.....		86,007,721		57,696,758
Belgian.....				2,889
British.....		58,151,413		32,778,791
Dutch.....		708,880		1,142,518
French.....		1,690,418		978,817
German.....		8,309,819		6,601,061
Italian.....		4,427,681		4,252,310
Norwegian.....		8,822,446		7,544,656
All other.....		3,927,064		4,396,216

SUMMARY-IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

[Fiscal years 1898-99.]

GROUPS.	1898.		1899.	
	Values.	Per ct.	Values.	Per ct.
Free of Duty—Articles of food and live animals.....	\$105,064,473	36.06	\$89,814,258	29.91
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.....	152,192,787	52.22	175,321,653	58.39
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts.....	20,461,375	7.02	20,180,433	6.72
For consumption.....	9,236,066	3.17	9,635,186	3.22
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.....	4,459,447	1.53	5,265,418	1.76
Total free of duty.....	291,414,175	100.00	300,267,948	100.00
Dutiable—Articles of food and live animals.....	76,141,371	23.46	122,055,660	30.76
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.....	49,235,588	15.17	46,676,724	11.76

GROUPS.	1898.		1899.	
	Values.	Per ct.	Values.	Per ct.
IMPORTS.				
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts.....	\$38,123,184	11.74	\$40,532,085	10.21
For consumption.....	88,146,311	27.15	98,936,220	24.93
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.....	72,989,025	22.48	88,648,217	22.54
Total dutiable.....	324,635,479	100.00	396,848,906	100.00
Free and Dutiable—Articles of food and live animals.....	181,205,844	29.41	211,869,918	30.39
Articles in a crude condition for domestic industry.....	201,438,575	32.70	221,968,377	31.85
Articles Manufactured—For mechanic arts.....	58,584,553	9.51	60,712,518	8.71
For consumption.....	97,882,404	15.81	108,621,400	15.58
Articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc.....	77,448,472	12.57	93,914,635	13.47
Total imports of merchandise.....	616,049,651	100.00	697,116,854	100.00
Per cent of free.....		47.34		43.07
Duties collected.....	149,319,594		206,507,812	
EXPORTS.				
Domestic—Products of—Agriculture.....	853,683,570	70.54	784,999,009	65.20
Manufactures.....	290,697,354	24.02	338,667,794	28.13
Mining.....	19,410,707	1.60	28,832,547	2.39
Forest.....	37,900,171	3.13	42,316,779	3.51
Fisheries.....	5,435,483	.45	6,025,446	.50
Miscellaneous.....	3,164,628	.26	3,281,559	.27
Total.....	1,210,291,913	100.00	1,204,123,134	100.00
Foreign—Free of duty.....	9,677,363	45.67	9,504,493	41.12
Dutiable.....	11,513,054	54.33	13,577,792	58.88
Total.....	21,190,417	100.00	23,082,285	100.00

GOLD AND SILVER.

GOLD AND SILVER.	1898.	1899.
Gold—Imports.....	\$120,391,674	\$88,954,603
Exports.....	15,406,391	37,522,086
Silver—Imports.....	30,927,781	30,675,056
Exports.....	55,105,239	56,319,055

TONNAGE.

VESSELS.	1898.	1899.
Entered—Sailing.....tons	4,611,094	4,249,399
Steam.....tons	20,968,905	21,852,825
Cleared—Sailing.....tons	4,740,585	4,220,673
Steam.....tons	21,007,647	21,928,021

TOTAL VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN MERCHANDISE BY COUNTRIES.

[Fiscal years 1898-99.]

COUNTRIES.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
EUROPE.				
Austria-Hungary.....	\$4,716,510	\$6,561,256	\$5,697,912	\$7,378,935
Azores and Madeira Islands.....	29,797	9,823	964,828	361,252
Belgium.....	8,741,826	10,552,777	47,619,201	44,299,239
Denmark.....	211,877	290,198	12,697,421	16,605,828
France.....	52,730,848	62,145,337	95,459,240	60,596,899
Germany.....	69,687,378	84,242,795	155,039,972	155,772,279
Gibraltar.....	32,519	17,996	304,829	567,961
Greece.....	910,390	944,521	127,559	213,507
Greenland, Iceland, etc.....	144,227	75,408	225	159
Italy.....	20,332,637	24,832,713	23,290,858	25,034,940
Malta, Gozzo, etc.....	13,476	9,770	64,352	144,080
Netherlands.....	12,525,065	14,457,620	64,274,524	79,305,998
Portugal.....	2,005,370	2,975,504	3,532,057	4,132,400
Roumania.....	12		111,154	146,048
Russia, Baltic, etc.....	2,825,008	2,830,223	6,251,202	7,301,068
Russia, Black Sea.....	1,714,081	1,710,161	1,084,890	1,185,590
Servia.....	12,085			217
Spain.....	3,575,565	3,982,363	10,228,545	9,077,807
Sweden and Norway.....	2,675,053	2,606,555	6,313,786	12,218,289
Switzerland.....	11,380,835	14,826,084	263,970	267,732
Turkey in Europe.....	2,119,337	2,359,302	139,075	354,457
United Kingdom.....	108,945,185	113,472,043	540,940,605	511,816,475
Total Europe.....	305,993,691	353,885,064	973,806,245	966,781,169
NORTH AMERICA.				
Bermuda.....	459,282	494,812	986,915	1,065,388
British Honduras.....	171,920	198,208	576,111	499,839
British North America—Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, etc.	4,095,331	3,708,462	4,538,968	4,710,543
Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	23,143,411	23,044,926	74,917,794	79,028,342
British Columbia.....	4,631,744	4,449,776	4,257,324	4,239,227
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	372,115	383,168	1,175,733	1,585,497
Total British North America.....	32,242,601	31,586,352	84,889,819	89,573,609

TOTAL VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE. 45

COUNTRIES.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
Central American States—Costa Rica.....	\$2,732,426	\$3,581,899	\$1,520,161	\$1,241,191
Guatemala.....	1,854,303	2,111,264	1,201,714	1,102,774
Honduras.....	784,741	911,849	752,203	831,998
Nicaragua.....	1,085,865	1,514,630	1,049,506	1,186,950
Salvador.....	739,145	1,085,703	796,575	625,414
Total Central American States.....	7,269,480	9,205,345	5,320,158	4,988,332
Mexico.....	19,004,863	22,994,091	21,206,939	25,480,281
Miquelon, Langley, etc.....	161,000	86,283	205,005	194,624
West Indies—British.....	10,632,187	14,150,482	8,386,240	8,751,817
Danish.....	327,759	509,328	707,622	498,066
Dutch.....	174,243	246,902	544,463	474,435
French.....	30,888	28,735	1,617,190	1,542,084
Haiti.....	876,582	826,426	2,968,579	2,455,966
Santo Domingo.....	2,382,139	3,125,695	1,151,258	1,104,513
Cuba.....	15,232,477	25,411,410	9,561,656	18,615,707
Puerto Rico.....	2,414,356	3,179,827	1,505,946	2,685,848
Total West Indies.....	32,070,631	47,568,805	26,442,894	36,129,336
Total North America.....	91,376,807	112,183,871	139,627,841	157,931,409
SOUTH AMERICA.				
Argentina.....	5,915,879	5,112,561	6,429,070	9,563,510
Bolivia.....	.....	.....	20,675	31,298
Brazil.....	61,750,369	57,875,747	13,317,036	12,240,036
Chile.....	3,736,307	2,931,089	2,351,727	2,107,124
Colombia.....	5,183,604	5,126,731	3,277,257	3,042,094
Ecuador.....	765,590	1,054,653	855,193	882,621
Falkland Islands.....	.....	.....	1,010	.....
Guianas—British.....	3,060,968	3,500,207	1,747,375	1,749,545
Dutch.....	1,457,135	1,651,009	408,414	443,757
French.....	12,551	37,929	150,041	170,030
Paraguay.....	.....	160	699	10,751
Peru.....	714,247	1,496,978	1,302,695	1,325,650
Uruguay.....	1,722,480	1,281,109	1,214,248	1,242,822
Venezuela.....	7,772,564	6,507,847	2,746,261	2,851,634
Total South America.....	92,091,694	86,576,020	33,821,701	35,660,932
ASIA.				
Aden.....	2,017,756	1,924,941	593,345	993,741
China.....	20,326,436	18,619,268	9,992,894	14,493,440
East Indies—British.....	27,238,459	32,550,312	4,606,013	4,341,936
Dutch.....	14,529,335	21,313,945	1,201,416	1,548,973
French.....	.....	.....	152,265	7,632
Portuguese.....	.....	.....	9	.....
Hongkong.....	746,517	2,479,274	6,265,200	7,732,525
Japan.....	25,223,610	26,716,493	20,385,541	17,264,688
Korea.....	.....	408	125,936	141,679
Russia, Asiatic.....	111,050	113,562	618,015	1,543,126
Turkey in Asia.....	2,325,078	3,284,778	243,190	167,607
All other Asia.....	76,352	78,431	453,976	124,814
Total Asia.....	92,504,503	107,081,421	44,707,791	48,360,161
OCEANICA.				
Auckland, Fiji, etc.....	.....	926,849	4,743	10,121
British Australasia.....	5,578,898	3,502,402	15,609,863	19,777,129
French Oceania.....	185,121	290,557	300,684	287,124
German Oceania.....	.....	.....	8,721	27,573
Hawaiian Islands.....	17,187,390	17,831,403	5,907,155	9,305,479
Spanish Oceania.....	8,815	10,649	4,070	6,883
Tonga, Samoa, etc.....	68,005	25,814	39,982	56,522
Philippine Islands.....	3,830,415	4,409,774	127,804	404,171
Total Oceanica.....	26,859,230	26,997,508	22,003,022	29,874,993
AFRICA.				
British Africa.....	875,338	1,311,282	12,037,142	15,155,610
Canary Islands.....	26,283	24,296	274,827	216,626
French Africa.....	476,836	585,629	663,186	543,555
German Africa.....	.....	.....	2,139	.....
Liberia.....	6,670	9,300	12,633	18,412
Madagascar.....	16,772	1,475	226,738	1,134
Portuguese Africa.....	15,343	7,103	2,898,058	1,505,008
Spanish Africa.....	33	.....	29,674	.....
Turkey in Africa—Egypt.....	5,017,707	7,482,929	816,915	494,196
Tripoli.....	65,810	60,066	.....	278
All other Africa.....	632,847	953,757	539,188	659,605
Total Africa.....	7,193,639	10,442,970	17,515,790	18,594,424
Grand total.....	616,049,654	637,116,854	123,148,230	127,709,088

TOTAL VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS INTO AND FROM THE UNITED STATES

From Oct. 1, 1899, to June 30, 1898.

FISCAL YEAR.*	MERCHANDISE.			SPECIE.		MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE COMBINED.		
	Imports.	Exports.	Exc'ss of imports (roman) or exports (italics).	Imports, gold and silver.	Exports, gold and silver.	Total imports.	Total exports.	Excess of imports (roman) or exports (italics).
1790.....	\$23,000,000	\$20,205,156	\$2,794,844			\$23,000,000	\$20,205,156	\$2,794,844
1791.....	29,200,000	19,012,041	10,187,959			29,200,000	19,012,041	10,187,959
1792.....	31,500,000	20,753,098	10,746,902			31,500,000	20,753,098	10,746,902
1793.....	31,100,000	26,109,572	4,990,428			31,100,000	26,109,572	4,990,428
1794.....	34,600,000	33,043,725	1,556,275			34,600,000	33,043,725	1,556,275
1795.....	69,756,268	47,989,872	21,766,396			69,756,268	47,989,872	21,766,396
1796.....	81,436,164	58,574,625	22,861,539			81,436,164	58,574,625	22,861,539
1797.....	75,379,406	51,294,710	24,084,696			75,379,406	51,294,710	24,084,696
1798.....	68,551,700	61,327,411	7,224,289			68,551,700	61,327,411	7,224,289
1799.....	79,069,148	78,665,522	403,626			79,069,148	78,665,522	403,626
1800.....	91,252,768	70,971,780	20,280,988			91,252,768	70,971,780	20,280,988
1801.....	111,363,511	93,020,513	18,342,998			111,363,511	93,020,513	18,342,998
1802.....	76,333,333	71,957,144	4,376,189			76,333,333	71,957,144	4,376,189
1803.....	64,686,636	55,800,033	8,886,603			64,686,636	55,800,033	8,886,603
1804.....	85,000,000	77,699,074	7,300,926			85,000,000	77,699,074	7,300,926
1805.....	120,600,000	95,566,021	25,033,979			120,600,000	95,566,021	25,033,979
1806.....	129,410,000	101,536,963	27,873,037			129,410,000	101,536,963	27,873,037
1807.....	138,500,000	108,343,150	30,156,850			138,500,000	108,343,150	30,156,850
1808.....	56,990,000	52,430,960	4,559,040			56,990,000	52,430,960	4,559,040
1809.....	59,400,000	52,203,233	7,196,767			59,400,000	52,203,233	7,196,767
1810.....	85,400,000	66,757,970	18,642,030			85,400,000	66,757,970	18,642,030
1811.....	53,400,000	61,316,832	7,916,832			53,400,000	61,316,832	7,916,832
1812.....	77,030,000	38,527,236	38,502,764			77,030,000	38,527,236	38,502,764
1813.....	22,005,000	27,856,017	5,851,017			22,005,000	27,856,017	5,851,017
1814.....	12,965,000	6,927,441	6,037,559			12,965,000	6,927,441	6,037,559
1815.....	113,041,274	52,557,733	60,483,521			113,041,274	52,557,733	60,483,521
1816.....	147,103,000	81,920,052	65,182,948			147,103,000	81,920,052	65,182,948
1817.....	99,250,000	87,671,569	11,578,431			99,250,000	87,671,569	11,578,431
1818.....	121,750,000	93,281,133	28,468,867			121,750,000	93,281,133	28,468,867
1819.....	87,125,000	70,142,521	16,982,479			87,125,000	70,142,521	16,982,479
1820.....	74,450,000	69,691,669	4,758,331			74,450,000	69,691,669	4,758,331
1821.....	54,590,634	54,596,323	75,489	\$8,064,890	\$10,478,059	62,555,724	65,074,382	2,498,658
1822.....	79,871,695	61,350,101	18,521,594	3,369,846	10,810,180	83,241,541	72,160,281	11,081,260
1823.....	72,451,971	68,326,043	4,155,328	5,097,896	6,872,987	77,549,267	74,639,090	2,910,177
1824.....	72,160,172	69,972,105	3,197,067	8,378,970	7,014,552	80,548,142	75,986,657	4,561,485
1825.....	90,189,310	90,739,333	549,023	6,150,765	8,797,065	96,340,075	99,536,388	3,196,313
1826.....	76,036,511	72,890,789	3,145,722	6,890,962	4,704,563	84,974,477	77,596,352	7,378,125
1827.....	71,332,938	74,309,947	2,977,009	8,151,130	8,014,689	79,484,068	82,324,637	2,840,569
1828.....	81,020,083	64,021,210	16,998,873	7,489,741	8,243,467	88,503,824	72,264,696	16,239,128
1829.....	67,088,915	67,434,651	345,736	7,403,612	4,924,020	74,492,527	72,353,671	2,138,856
1830.....	62,730,956	71,670,735	8,949,779	8,158,964	2,178,773	70,879,920	73,849,508	2,972,588
1831.....	95,885,179	72,289,652	23,595,527	7,305,945	9,014,931	103,191,124	81,310,588	21,880,541
1832.....	95,121,762	81,520,033	13,601,729	5,907,504	5,656,340	101,029,266	87,176,949	13,852,317
1833.....	101,047,943	87,528,732	13,519,211	7,070,368	2,611,701	108,118,311	90,140,433	17,977,878
1834.....	108,609,000	102,390,115	6,218,885	17,911,632	2,076,758	126,521,332	104,396,973	22,124,359
1835.....	136,764,245	115,215,802	21,548,443	13,131,447	6,477,775	149,895,742	121,688,577	28,207,165
1836.....	176,573,154	124,336,704	52,236,450	13,400,831	4,324,936	189,980,065	128,665,401	61,314,664
1837.....	190,472,803	111,443,127	79,029,676	10,516,414	5,976,249	200,989,217	117,419,376	83,569,841
1838.....	95,970,288	104,978,570	9,008,282	17,747,116	3,508,046	113,717,404	108,498,616	5,220,788
1839.....	156,490,556	112,251,513	44,242,285	5,598,176	8,776,743	162,027,132	121,028,416	41,008,716
1840.....	98,258,706	123,638,932	25,420,226	8,882,813	8,417,014	107,141,519	132,065,946	24,944,427
1841.....	122,957,544	111,817,471	11,140,073	4,968,693	10,034,532	127,946,157	121,851,509	6,094,647
1842.....	90,075,071	97,877,995	3,802,924	4,087,016	4,813,539	100,162,687	104,691,534	4,529,447
1843.....	42,433,464	82,325,689	40,325,689	22,320,365	1,620,791	64,735,739	84,346,480	19,552,691
1844.....	102,604,606	106,746,832	3,142,226	5,830,429	5,454,214	108,458,056	111,200,046	2,765,011
1845.....	113,184,322	106,040,111	7,144,211	4,070,242	8,606,495	117,254,564	114,646,006	2,607,958
1846.....	117,914,065	109,683,248	8,330,817	3,777,732	3,905,268	121,691,797	113,488,516	8,203,281
1847.....	122,424,349	156,741,598	34,317,249	24,121,289	1,907,024	146,545,638	158,648,622	12,102,984
1848.....	149,638,614	138,190,515	10,448,129	6,360,284	15,841,616	154,988,928	154,032,131	956,797
1849.....	141,206,149	140,851,172	855,027	6,651,240	5,404,468	167,857,439	145,755,520	22,101,619
1850.....	173,509,526	144,375,726	29,133,800	4,628,732	5,522,994	178,133,318	151,898,720	26,234,598
1851.....	210,771,429	183,915,259	26,856,170	5,453,503	29,472,752	216,244,932	218,388,011	2,163,079
1852.....	207,440,338	166,884,231	40,556,167	5,505,044	42,674,135	212,945,442	209,658,366	3,287,076
1853.....	203,777,265	208,499,282	60,298,983	4,201,382	27,456,875	207,973,647	230,976,157	37,002,490
1854.....	297,903,794	237,043,764	60,760,030	6,758,597	41,251,504	304,564,381	278,325,288	26,239,113
1855.....	257,908,708	218,908,503	38,999,205	3,659,812	56,247,343	301,468,520	275,156,846	26,311,674
1856.....	310,432,310	231,219,423	79,212,887	4,207,632	45,745,485	314,639,942	282,994,908	31,644,996
1857.....	348,428,342	238,328,760	54,604,582	12,461,789	69,136,922	360,890,141	302,900,682	57,989,459
1858.....	338,358,654	272,011,274	67,622,290	19,274,496	52,633,147	382,618,150	324,644,421	57,973,729
1859.....	331,333,341	292,902,551	38,430,790	7,434,789	63,887,411	395,768,130	356,793,462	38,974,668
1860.....	353,616,119	333,576,057	20,040,062	8,550,135	66,546,239	362,166,254	400,122,296	37,956,042

*Fiscal year ended Sept. 30 prior to 1843; since that date ended June 30.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

47

FISCAL YEAR.	MERCHANDISE.			SPECIE.		MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE COMBINED.		
	Imports.	Exports.	Exc'ss of imports (roman) or exports (italics).	Imports, gold and silver.	Exports, gold and silver.	Total imports.	Total exports.	Excess of imports (r-man) or exports (italics).
1861.....	\$289,310,542	\$219,558,833	\$69,756,709	\$46,339,611	\$29,791,080	\$35,650,153	\$249,344,913	\$86,805,240
1862.....	189,356,677	190,670,501	1,313,284	16,415,052	36,887,640	205,771,729	227,558,141	21,786,412
1863.....	243,335,815	203,964,447	39,371,368	9,584,105	64,156,611	252,919,220	288,121,058	35,201,338
1864.....	316,447,283	158,837,988	157,609,295	13,115,612	105,336,541	329,582,895	264,234,529	65,338,366
1865.....	238,745,580	166,029,303	72,716,277	9,810,672	67,643,222	248,555,652	2,3,672,529	14,883,123
1866.....	434,812,066	348,859,522	85,952,544	10,700,092	85,044,071	445,512,158	434,908,593	10,603,565
1867.....	395,761,096	294,506,141	101,254,955	22,070,475	60,983,872	417,831,571	355,574,513	62,257,058
1868.....	357,436,440	281,952,890	75,483,541	14,138,368	93,784,102	371,624,808	375,737,001	4,122,193
1869.....	417,506,379	285,117,697	131,388,682	19,907,876	57,138,380	427,314,255	345,256,077	82,058,178
1870.....	435,958,408	302,771,768	133,186,640	26,419,179	58,155,666	462,377,587	458,927,434	11,450,153
1871.....	520,223,684	442,820,178	77,403,506	21,270,024	98,441,988	541,493,706	541,262,105	231,542
1872.....	626,595,077	444,177,556	182,417,491	33,743,689	79,877,594	640,338,766	524,055,120	116,283,646
1873.....	642,136,210	522,479,922	119,656,288	21,480,837	84,608,574	663,617,147	607,088,406	56,528,651
1874.....	567,406,342	538,203,040	29,203,302	28,454,006	66,390,405	595,861,248	652,013,445	57,052,197
1875.....	533,005,436	513,442,711	19,562,725	20,907,717	92,132,142	553,906,553	605,574,853	51,668,700
1876.....	460,741,190	540,384,671	79,643,481	15,936,681	56,506,532	476,677,871	505,800,973	129,123,102
1877.....	451,323,126	612,475,220	151,152,094	40,774,414	58,182,257	492,097,540	558,637,457	166,539,917
1878.....	457,051,532	604,865,706	257,814,234	39,821,314	38,740,125	466,872,846	728,605,891	261,733,045
1879.....	445,777,775	710,430,441	264,652,666	20,236,000	24,837,441	471,614,916	735,436,882	263,821,967
1880.....	667,954,746	835,638,658	167,683,912	93,054,310	17,142,919	760,989,056	832,731,577	66,742,521
1881.....	642,664,628	902,377,346	259,712,718	110,515,497	19,406,847	753,240,125	921,784,136	168,544,011
1882.....	724,659,574	750,542,257	25,902,683	42,472,300	49,417,479	707,111,964	709,566,795	22,454,772
1883.....	729,180,914	823,839,402	100,658,488	28,489,391	31,820,393	751,670,305	855,659,725	103,989,420
1884.....	697,697,633	740,513,609	72,815,916	37,426,262	67,135,395	705,123,855	807,646,892	102,523,037
1885.....	577,527,323	742,189,755	164,662,432	43,242,325	42,231,525	620,769,652	744,421,280	123,651,628
1886.....	685,436,136	679,524,890	44,889,694	38,558,656	72,463,410	674,029,792	751,988,240	77,958,448
1887.....	692,319,768	716,153,211	23,833,443	60,170,792	35,957,081	752,499,560	753,180,902	309,658
1888.....	723,557,114	635,354,507	28,002,607	59,337,986	46,414,153	738,235,100	742,838,926	40,626,410
1889.....	745,131,652	742,401,375	2,730,277	28,963,073	96,541,533	774,094,725	839,042,908	64,948,183
1890.....	789,310,409	857,828,684	68,518,275	33,976,326	52,148,420	823,285,755	908,977,104	66,696,369
1891.....	814,916,196	884,480,510	39,564,614	36,259,447	108,959,642	881,175,649	908,434,452	122,258,809
1892.....	827,402,452	1,000,273,148	202,875,696	69,654,540	83,005,836	897,057,002	1,113,284,054	216,227,052
1893.....	865,400,992	847,065,194	18,335,798	44,367,633	149,418,163	910,765,555	997,085,357	86,314,802
1894.....	654,934,622	892,140,572	237,145,950	55,735,671	127,429,326	740,730,236	1,019,569,886	278,839,650
1895.....	731,369,965	807,538,165	75,568,200	56,595,399	113,769,167	798,565,904	921,301,952	132,736,028
1896.....	779,724,674	892,006,498	282,282,264	127,561,617	172,561,617	782,066,925	1,055,568,555	273,531,630
1897.....	740,730,412	1,050,393,556	289,263,144	115,548,007	102,308,218	890,278,119	1,153,301,774	273,023,535
1898.....	616,049,654	1,251,482,330	615,432,676	151,319,455	70,511,630	707,369,109	1,301,993,900	534,624,851
Total.....	2,979,961,487	3,065,202,985	972,241,498	1,940,150,320	3,400,623,581	3,920,111,807	4,352,826,566	2,432,714,759

*Fiscal year ended Sept. 30 prior to 1843; since that date ended June 30.

NOTE.—Merchandise and specie are combined in the columns at right of table for the purpose of showing the total inward and outward movement of values by years.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

[Fiscal years 1898-99.]

	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
France.....	\$2,799,157	\$10,962,144	\$24,718	\$4,424
Germany.....	8,428,050	190,996	3,240	1,940
United Kingdom.....	43,133,538	24,046,175	26,063	110,160
Other Europe.....	545,724	26,744	1,982	73
British Honduras.....	35,976	39,304	193,239	282,499
Dominion of Canada—Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	4,707,433	13,314,842	69,821	161,198
British Columbia.....	3,427,358	2,324,475	3,370,649	2,486,656
Central American States.....	516,943	643,174	790,646	765,226
Mexico.....	5,122,282	5,451,352	25,028,888	25,304,207
West Indies—British.....	127,909	44,013	18,746	40,259
Cuba.....	5,165,063	86,383	2,005	25,161
Other West Indies.....	558,739	306,068	651,046	482,185
Other North America.....	535,484	345,385	12,241	18,454
Colombia.....	238,506	203,887	137,553	264,050
Venezuela.....	620,287	197,239	495	3,809
Other South America.....	18,508	582,698	576,956	508,545
China.....	.....	244,235	45	53,780
Japan.....	2,000,247	5,020,424	.....	18,000
British Australasia.....	22,279,470	24,755,599	.....	48,980
Hawaiian Islands.....	130,000	109,465	.....	.....

IMPORTS BY COUNTRIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	1898.	1899.	1898.	1899.
Other Oceanica.....	\$850	.....	\$16,358	.....
Total.....	120,391,674	\$88,954,003	30,927,781	\$30,675,056
Ore and bullion.....	31,287,488	35,767,551	23,163,235	25,129,282
Coin.....	89,104,186	53,187,052	7,764,546	5,545,774
EXPORTS BY COUNTRIES.				
France.....	4,016,535	7,000,000	1,062,250	2,056,408
Germany.....	1,260,840	3,018,000	945	59,512
United Kingdom.....	444,109	9,052,215	42,456,009	48,014,198
Other Europe.....	.....	.....	100	1,882
Dominion of Canada—Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	3,191,196	4,550,004	142,437	153,262
British Columbia.....	93,972	64,874	23,743	22,971
Central American States.....	113,778	27,359	373,357	34,858
Mexico.....	11,158	37,395	1,190,071	56,809
West Indies—Cuba.....	4,197,546	10,886,916	.....	428,688
Haiti.....	343,771	306,133	960	.....
Santo Domingo.....	182,559	124,842	339,996	392,500
Other West Indies.....	40,049	175,004	33,341	91,639
Other North America.....	211,901	133,586	2,144	19,196
Colombia.....	25,100	19,322	27,137	2,923
Venezuela.....	106,422	363,439	.....	.....
Other South America.....	22,710	975	65,820	98,120
China.....	.....	.....	973,458	1,043,432
East Indies (British).....	.....	.....	1,430,588	.....
Hongkong.....	64,330	76,022	6,824,747	3,571,048
Japan.....	.....	.....	61,910	.....
Hawaiian Islands.....	1,080,355	1,678,190	75,000	237,704
All other countries.....	.....	6,000	3,246	3,745
Total.....	15,406,391	37,522,086	55,105,239	56,319,055
Ore and bullion.....	2,069,155	86,115	47,717,444	50,420,003
Coin.....	13,337,236	37,435,971	7,387,795	5,899,052

COAL PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION.

The coal production and consumption of the world during the last fifteen years are presented in some tables recently prepared by the treasury bureau of statistics. These show that while the United Kingdom is still the largest coal producer of the world the United States is a close second, and if the present rate of gain is continued will soon become the leading coal producing country of the world. The coal production of the United Kingdom in 1897 was 202,000,000 tons; that of the United States, 179,000,000 tons; Germany, 91,000,000; France, 30,000,000; Belgium, 22,000,000; Austria-Hungary, 12,000,000; Russia, nearly 10,000,000; Australasia, nearly 5,000,000; Japan, over 5,000,000; British India, 4,000,000; Canada, nearly 4,000,000, and Spain, 2,000,000, while no other country reached 1,000,000 tons in production. The United States, however, has gained much more rapidly during the fifteen years under consideration than has the United Kingdom, or indeed any of the important coal producing countries of the world, her gain during the fifteen years being over 73 per cent and that of the United Kingdom less than 24 per cent.

The announcement just made by the geological survey that the coal product of the United States in 1893 was 219,336,000 short tons against 226,287,000 for Great Britain shows that the United States is rapidly gaining upon that country as a coal producer and will soon become the leading coal producing nation of the world.

As an exporter of coal, however, the United States takes low rank in proportion to its production and stands fourth in the list of coal exporting countries. In 1897 the exportations of coal from the United Kingdom were 48,000,000 tons, from Germany 12,000,000, from Belgium over 6,000,000 and

from the United States* a little less than 4,000,000, though in 1893 the quantity exported was slightly above 4,000,000 tons. Australasia comes next to the United States as a coal exporting country, her exports amounting to nearly 3,000,000 tons, while France exported about 2,500,000, Japan 2,000,000 and Canada about 1,230,000 tons in 1897.

France is the largest coal importing country, her importations in 1897 being nearly 12,000,000 tons, while Germany imported 6,000,000, Austria-Hungary 5,600,000, Italy 4,250,000, Canada nearly 4,000,000, Belgium nearly 3,000,000, Russia 2,500,000, Sweden over 2,250,000, the United States nearly 1,500,000 and Australasia 1,000,000 tons. No other country imported as much as 1,000,000 tons.

Great Britain is also the largest consumer of coal in proportion to population, her coal consumption in 1897 being 3.87 tons per capita; that of Belgium, 2.70 tons; the United States, 2.42; Germany, 1.58; Canada, 1.25; France, 0.98; Australasia, 0.97; Sweden, 0.50; Austria-Hungary, 0.37; Spain, 0.19; Italy, 0.13; Russia, 0.09, and Japan, 0.07 of a ton per capita.

According to these figures, which are summarized from a report of the coal production of the principal countries of the world, just issued by the British government, the United States now produces about 30 per cent of the coal of the world, the product of the fourteen countries enumerated in the tables being in 1897 566,000,000 tons, of which the United States produced 179,000,000 tons, while in 1893 she produced but 27 per cent of the total product of the countries enumerated. As above indicated the 1898 figures make an even more satisfactory showing for the

United States, whose product in long tons for that year is 196,282,000, against 202,042,000 long tons produced in Great Britain.

The following table shows the coal mined in all countries producing more than 1,000,000 tons annually, in 1883, 1890 and 1898, figures for 1897 being given in cases where those for 1898 are not accessible:

	1883. Long tons.	1890. Long tons.	1898. Long tons.
U. K'gdom.	163,737,000	181,614,000	202,042,000
U. States...	102,868,000	140,883,000	196,282,000
Germany ...	55,953,000	79,236,000	*91,655,000
France	20,426,000	25,180,000	*30,337,000
Belgium	18,178,000	20,366,000	21,720,000
Aus.-H'g'y ..	8,087,000	9,926,000	*11,611,000
Russia	3,964,000	5,998,000	\$9,229,000
Australasia ..	3,057,000	4,045,000	*5,862,000
Japan	1,021,000	2,653,000	\$5,080,000
Brit. India..	1,316,000	2,169,000	*4,063,000
Canada	1,609,000	2,754,000	3,380,000

*1897. ‡2,240 lbs. †1896.

Note.—In addition to the above the production of lignite in 1897 was: Germany, 29,420,000 tons; Austria, 20,458,000; Hungary, 3,871,000; France, 460,000; Italy, 314,000, and Spain, 54,000 tons.

The following tables, summarized from the report above named, present the imports and exports and per capita consumption of coal in each of the leading countries in 1883, 1890 and 1897:

QUANTITY OF COAL IMPORTED.

Tons of 2,240 lbs.

Countries into which imported.	1883. Tons.	1890. Tons.	1897. Tons.
France	11,053,000	11,164,000	11,546,000
Germany	2,181,000	4,165,000	6,072,000
Au.-Hungary ..	2,356,000	3,625,000	5,655,000
Italy	2,352,000	4,355,000	4,260,000
Canada	1,896,200	3,085,000	3,876,000
Belgium	1,731,000	1,984,000	2,756,000
Russia	2,264,000	1,743,000	2,516,000
Sweden	1,033,000	1,530,000	2,300,000
Spain	1,297,000	1,718,000	1,853,000

Countries into which imported.	1883. Tons.	1890. Tons.	1897. Tons.
United States.	723,000	952,000	1,402,000
Australasia ...	717,000	1,033,000	1,073,000
China	*311,000	306,000	\$625,000
Cape of G. H.	164,000	295,000	450,000
Japan	17,000	12,000	69,000
Un. Kingdom..	11,000	1,000	9,000

*1886. †1896.

QUANTITY OF COAL EXPORTED.

Tons of 2,240 lbs.

	1883. Tons.	1890. Tons.	1897. Tons.
Un. Kingdom.	29,442,000	38,660,000	48,130,000
Germany	8,705,000	9,145,000	12,390,000
Belgium	5,867,000	6,114,000	6,261,000
United States.	1,021,000	1,933,000	3,820,000
Australasia ...	1,521,000	1,960,000	2,833,000
France	1,165,000	1,850,000	2,440,000
Japan	397,000	1,239,000	2,103,000
Canada	469,000	812,000	1,221,000
Au.-Hungary ..	630,000	673,000	847,000
British India..	779	27,000	212,000
Cape of G. H..	99,000	141,000	172,000
Italy	9,000	7,000	23,000
Spain	11,000	17,000	3,000

CONSUMPTION OF COAL PER CAPITA.

	1883. Tons.	1890. Tons.	1897. Tons.
United Kingdom.....	3.79	3.81	3.87
Belgium	2.45	2.68	2.70
United States	1.91	2.23	2.42
Germany	1.09	1.32	1.58
Canada	.71	1.17	1.25
France	.81	.91	*.98
Australasia	.74	.94	.97
Sweden	.26	.36	.50
Austria-Hungary	.25	.31	*.37
Spain	.14	.16	\$.19
Italy	.08	.14	.13
Russia	.06	.07	*.09
Japan	.02	.04	*.07

*1896. †1895.

STATISTICS OF AGRICULTURE.

WHEAT CROP OF THE WORLD—1894 TO 1898.

COUNTRY.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
United States.....	460,267,000	467,103,000	427,684,000	530,149,000	675,149,000
Ontario.....	20,507,000	18,183,000	19,184,000	29,765,000	33,042,000
Manitoba.....	17,714,000	32,777,000	14,825,000	18,837,000	26,112,000
Rest of Canada.....	6,362,000	6,500,000	6,800,000	7,500,000	9,000,000
Total Canada.....	44,583,000	57,460,000	40,809,000	56,102,000	68,154,000
Mexico.....	8,570,000	10,035,000	12,700,000	13,500,000	15,000,000
Total North America.....	513,420,000	534,598,000	481,193,000	599,751,000	758,303,000
Chile.....	16,000,000	15,000,000	12,000,000	10,500,000	14,000,000
Argentina.....	80,000,000	60,000,000	48,000,000	32,000,000	52,000,000
Uruguay.....	4,799,000	8,915,000	4,059,000	3,600,000	6,000,000
Total South America.....	100,799,000	83,915,000	64,059,000	46,100,000	72,000,000
Great Britain.....	61,038,000	38,348,000	58,851,000	56,672,000	75,330,000
Ireland.....	1,532,000	1,109,000	1,191,000	1,355,000	1,840,000
Total United Kingdom.....	62,570,000	39,457,000	60,042,000	58,027,000	77,170,000
Norway.....	275,000	280,000	300,000	300,000	390,000
Sweden.....	4,362,000	3,705,000	4,704,000	4,678,000	4,542,000
Denmark.....	3,262,000	3,467,000	3,689,000	3,474,000	3,600,000

WHEAT CROP OF THE WORLD.—CONTINUED.

COUNTRY.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>
Netherlands.....	4,166,000	4,282,000	5,045,000	4,400,000	5,000,000
Belgium.....	17,618,000	18,730,000	20,554,000	17,728,000	20,865,000
France.....	347,531,000	340,432,000	339,738,000	246,596,000	371,881,000
Spain.....	105,600,000	81,218,000	71,892,000	94,637,000	99,000,000
Portugal.....	9,000,000	7,000,000	5,000,000	8,200,000	8,200,000
Italy.....	121,595,000	118,162,000	145,233,000	86,919,000	133,372,000
Switzerland.....	4,500,000	5,000,000	4,800,000	4,300,000	4,500,000
Germany.....	110,681,000	103,160,000	110,539,000	107,015,000	115,000,000
Austria.....	48,190,000	41,767,000	43,991,000	35,859,000	41,200,000
Hungary.....	141,855,000	158,012,000	149,954,000	89,924,000	119,638,000
Croatia-Slavonia.....	8,786,000	8,661,000	9,614,000	6,271,000	8,000,000
Bosnia-Herzegovina.....	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,050,000	2,000,000	2,100,000
Total Austria-Hungary.....	200,831,000	210,440,000	205,609,000	134,054,000	170,938,000
Roumania.....	43,587,000	68,502,000	71,194,000	36,448,000	58,457,000
Bulgaria.....	30,600,000	37,000,000	48,275,000	30,738,000	35,000,000
Servia.....	7,500,000	9,400,000	9,300,000	7,000,000	11,000,000
Montenegro.....	250,000	220,000	220,000	200,000	220,000
Turkey in Europe.....	20,000,000	21,500,000	24,000,000	17,800,000	21,000,000
Greece.....	5,500,000	4,000,000	4,800,000	3,200,000	4,000,000
Russia proper.....	339,667,000	292,272,000	300,423,000	238,557,000	339,035,000
Poland.....	16,749,000	17,337,000	19,476,000	17,808,000	24,852,000
North Caucasus.....	61,678,000	67,127,000	45,148,000	29,883,000	40,849,000
Finland.....	148,000	100,000	98,000	90,000	100,000
Total Russia in Europe.....	418,242,000	376,886,000	365,145,000	286,338,000	404,836,000
Total Europe.....	1,517,670,000	1,452,821,000	1,500,734,000	1,152,053,000	1,548,881,000
Siberia.....	35,421,000	30,899,000	31,160,000	42,835,000	43,000,000
Central Asia.....	6,000,000	7,462,000	12,830,000	11,087,000	11,000,000
Trans-Caucasia.....	47,000,000	47,000,000	42,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000
Total Russia in Asia.....	88,421,000	85,361,000	88,990,000	93,922,000	94,000,000
Turkey in Asia.....	45,000,000	46,000,000	44,000,000	48,000,000	44,000,000
Cyprus.....	2,000,000	2,200,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000
Persia.....	22,000,000	22,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
British India.....	252,784,000	234,379,000	205,610,000	182,667,000	242,921,000
Japan.....	20,308,000	20,341,000	18,000,000	18,000,000	18,000,000
Total Asia.....	430,513,000	410,281,000	379,000,000	364,989,000	421,321,000
Algeria.....	28,900,000	24,400,000	17,600,000	16,000,000	22,000,000
Tunis.....	10,700,000	7,500,000	5,600,000	6,000,000	6,500,000
Egypt.....	12,000,000	14,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	14,000,000
Cape Colony.....	3,185,000	2,542,000	2,257,000	2,200,000	1,989,000
Total Africa.....	54,795,000	48,442,000	37,457,000	36,200,000	44,439,000
West Australia.....	537,000	176,000	194,000	252,000	421,000
South Australia.....	14,047,000	8,027,000	6,116,000	2,898,000	4,141,000
Queensland.....	426,000	562,000	128,000	620,000	1,041,000
New South Wales.....	6,708,000	7,263,000	5,359,000	9,132,000	10,838,000
Victoria.....	15,736,000	11,807,000	5,848,000	7,315,000	10,914,000
Tasmania.....	860,000	899,000	1,202,000	1,327,000	1,721,000
New Zealand.....	5,046,000	3,727,000	7,059,000	6,113,000	5,849,000
Total Australasia.....	43,360,000	32,461,000	25,906,000	27,652,000	34,980,000

RECAPITULATION BY CONTINENTS.

CONTINENTS.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>
North America.....	513,420,000	534,598,000	481,193,000	599,751,000	758,303,000
South America.....	100,799,000	83,915,000	64,059,000	46,100,000	72,000,000
Europe.....	1,517,670,000	1,452,821,000	1,500,734,000	1,152,053,000	1,548,881,000
Asia.....	430,513,000	410,281,000	379,000,000	364,989,000	421,321,000
Africa.....	54,795,000	48,442,000	37,457,000	36,200,000	44,439,000
Australasia.....	43,360,000	32,461,000	25,906,000	27,652,000	34,980,000
Grand total.....	2,660,557,000	2,562,518,000	2,488,349,000	2,226,745,000	2,879,924,000

The most trustworthy estimates that can be obtained for the principal wheat-growing countries of the southern hemisphere and for India for the year 1898-99 are given below:

Countries.	Production. Bushels.	Countries.	Production. Bushels.
Argentina.....	70,000,000	Australasia.....	57,000,000
Chile.....	15,000,000	India.....	230,000,000
Uruguay.....	7,000,000		

STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL FARM CROPS.

Acreage, production and value* of the principal farm crops in the United States, 1866 to 1898.

YEAR.	CORN.			WHEAT.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	
1866.	45,306,538	867,946,295	\$411,450,830	15,424,496	151,999,906	\$232,109,630
1867.	32,520,249	768,320,000	437,769,763	18,321,561	212,441,400	308,387,406
1868.	34,887,246	906,527,000	424,056,649	18,460,132	224,036,600	243,032,746
1869.	37,103,245	874,320,000	522,550,509	19,181,004	230,146,900	199,024,906
1870.	38,646,977	1,094,255,000	540,520,456	18,992,591	235,884,700	222,766,969
1871.	34,091,137	901,898,000	430,355,910	19,943,898	230,722,400	264,075,851
1872.	35,526,836	1,092,719,000	385,736,210	20,858,359	249,997,100	278,522,068
1873.	39,197,148	932,274,000	411,961,151	22,171,676	281,254,700	300,669,593
1874.	41,036,918	850,148,500	496,271,255	24,967,027	308,102,700	265,881,167
1875.	44,841,371	1,321,069,000	484,674,804	26,381,512	292,136,000	281,396,992
1876.	49,033,364	1,283,827,500	436,108,521	27,627,021	289,356,500	278,697,238
1877.	50,369,113	1,342,558,000	467,635,280	26,277,546	364,194,146	385,089,444
1878.	51,585,000	1,388,218,750	440,280,517	32,108,560	420,122,400	325,814,119
1879.	53,085,450	1,547,901,790	580,486,217	32,545,950	448,756,630	497,090,142
1880.	62,317,842	1,717,434,543	679,714,499	37,986,717	498,549,868	474,201,850
1881.	64,262,025	1,194,916,000	759,482,170	37,709,020	383,280,090	456,880,427
1882.	65,650,545	1,617,025,100	783,867,175	37,067,194	504,185,470	445,602,125
1883.	68,301,899	1,551,066,895	658,051,485	36,455,693	421,086,160	383,649,272
1884.	69,683,790	1,795,528,000	640,735,500	39,475,885	512,765,000	390,862,260
1885.	73,130,150	1,936,176,000	635,674,630	34,189,246	357,112,000	275,320,890
1886.	75,684,208	1,665,441,000	610,311,000	36,806,184	457,218,000	314,226,020
1887.	72,392,720	1,456,161,000	646,106,770	37,641,783	456,329,000	310,612,960
1888.	75,672,763	1,987,790,000	677,561,580	37,336,138	415,898,000	385,248,030
1889.	78,319,651	2,112,892,000	597,819,829	38,123,859	490,560,000	342,494,707
1890.	71,970,763	1,489,970,000	754,433,451	36,087,154	399,262,000	334,773,678
1891.	76,204,515	2,060,154,000	836,439,228	39,916,897	611,780,000	513,472,711
1892.	76,628,668	1,628,464,000	642,146,630	38,554,430	515,949,000	322,111,881
1893.	72,036,465	1,619,496,131	591,625,627	34,629,418	396,131,725	313,171,381
1894.	62,582,269	1,212,770,052	554,719,162	34,882,436	480,267,416	225,902,025
1895.	82,075,890	2,151,138,580	544,985,534	34,047,332	467,102,947	237,038,998
1896.	81,027,156	2,283,875,165	491,006,967	34,618,646	427,684,346	310,602,539
1897.	80,036,051	1,902,967,933	501,072,953	39,465,036	530,149,168	428,547,121
1898.	77,721,781	1,924,184,660	552,023,428	44,055,278	675,148,705	392,770,320

YEAR.	OATS.			RYE.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	
1866.	8,864,219	268,141,078	\$94,057,945	1,548,083	20,864,944	\$17,149,716
1867.	10,746,416	278,698,000	123,902,556	1,689,175	23,184,000	23,280,584
1868.	9,665,736	254,960,800	106,855,976	1,651,321	22,504,800	21,349,190
1869.	9,461,441	288,534,000	109,521,734	1,657,584	22,527,900	17,341,861
1870.	8,732,335	247,277,400	96,443,637	1,176,137	15,473,600	11,826,967
1871.	8,365,809	255,743,000	92,591,359	1,069,531	13,865,500	10,927,623
1872.	9,000,769	271,747,000	81,303,518	1,048,654	14,888,600	10,071,061
1873.	9,751,700	270,340,000	93,474,161	1,150,355	15,142,000	10,638,258
1874.	10,897,412	240,569,000	113,133,694	1,116,716	14,940,906	11,610,339
1875.	11,915,075	354,411,500	113,441,491	1,359,788	17,722,100	11,894,223
1876.	13,358,908	320,884,000	103,844,896	1,468,374	20,374,800	12,504,970
1877.	12,826,148	406,394,000	115,546,194	1,412,902	21,170,100	12,201,759
1878.	13,176,500	413,578,560	101,752,468	1,622,700	25,842,790	13,566,002
1879.	12,683,500	363,761,320	120,533,294	1,625,450	23,639,460	15,507,431
1880.	16,187,977	417,385,380	150,243,565	1,767,619	24,540,829	18,564,560
1881.	16,331,600	416,481,000	193,198,970	1,789,100	20,704,950	19,327,415
1882.	18,494,691	488,250,610	182,978,022	2,227,894	29,960,037	18,439,194
1883.	20,324,962	571,302,400	187,040,264	2,314,754	28,058,582	16,800,503
1884.	21,300,917	583,628,000	161,528,470	2,343,963	28,640,000	14,837,040
1885.	22,783,630	629,409,000	179,651,890	2,129,301	21,756,000	12,594,820
1886.	23,658,474	624,134,000	186,137,930	2,129,918	24,489,000	13,881,330
1887.	25,920,906	659,618,000	200,649,790	2,063,447	20,693,000	11,285,140
1888.	26,998,282	701,735,000	195,424,240	2,364,806	28,415,000	16,721,869
1889.	27,462,316	751,615,000	171,781,008	2,171,493	28,420,299	12,009,752
1890.	26,481,369	523,621,000	222,048,486	2,141,853	25,807,472	16,229,992
1891.	25,531,861	738,394,000	232,312,267	2,176,468	31,751,868	24,589,817
1892.	27,063,835	661,035,000	209,253,611	2,163,657	27,978,824	15,160,056
1893.	27,273,083	638,854,850	187,576,092	2,068,485	26,555,446	13,612,222
1894.	27,023,553	622,036,928	214,816,920	1,944,780	26,727,615	13,395,476
1895.	27,878,406	824,443,537	163,655,068	1,890,345	27,210,070	11,964,826
1896.	27,565,985	707,346,040	132,453,063	1,831,201	24,369,047	9,960,769
1897.	25,730,375	698,767,809	147,974,719	1,703,561	27,393,324	12,239,647
1898.	25,777,110	730,906,643	186,405,364	1,643,207	25,657,522	11,875,350

*All values in this and the following tables are in gold.

STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL FARM CROPS.—CONTINUED.

Acreage, production and value of the principal farm crops in the United States, 1866 to 1898.

YEAR.	BARLEY.			BUCKWHEAT.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>	
1866.	492,532	11,283,807	\$7,916,342	1,045,624	22,791,839	\$15,413,160
1867.	1,131,217	25,727,000	13,027,746	1,227,326	21,359,000	16,812,070
1868.	597,498	22,896,100	54,948,127	1,113,993	19,863,700	15,490,426
1869.	1,025,735	23,652,200	20,238,164	1,028,693	17,491,100	12,534,851
1870.	1,108,954	26,295,400	20,732,213	536,992	9,841,500	6,987,471
1871.	1,177,735	26,718,500	20,264,015	413,915	8,328,700	6,208,165
1872.	1,307,082	26,846,400	18,415,839	418,497	8,133,500	5,979,222
1873.	1,587,106	52,044,491	27,734,229	454,152	7,837,700	5,878,629
1874.	1,580,626	32,552,500	27,987,824	452,590	8,016,000	5,843,645
1875.	1,789,902	36,908,600	27,867,522	575,530	10,082,100	6,254,564
1876.	1,766,511	38,710,500	24,402,681	696,411	9,668,800	6,465,836
1877.	1,614,654	34,441,400	21,629,130	649,923	10,177,000	6,808,180
1878.	1,730,400	42,245,630	24,454,301	673,100	12,246,820	6,441,240
1879.	1,680,700	40,289,100	23,714,444	639,900	13,140,000	7,856,191
1880.	1,843,329	45,165,346	30,000,742	822,802	14,617,535	8,682,488
1881.	1,967,510	41,161,330	33,862,513	828,815	9,496,200	8,205,705
1882.	2,272,103	48,953,326	30,768,015	847,112	11,019,353	8,068,862
1883.	2,379,009	50,136,097	29,420,423	857,349	7,668,954	6,308,980
1884.	2,608,818	61,208,000	29,779,170	879,403	11,116,000	6,549,020
1885.	2,729,359	58,360,000	32,867,696	914,394	12,626,000	7,057,363
1886.	2,652,937	59,428,000	31,840,510	917,915	11,969,000	6,465,120
1887.	2,901,953	56,812,000	29,464,330	910,506	10,844,000	6,122,320
1888.	2,936,382	63,884,000	37,672,032	912,630	12,050,000	7,627,647
1889.	3,220,834	78,352,976	32,614,271	837,162	12,110,329	6,113,119
1890.	3,135,302	67,168,344	42,140,502	844,579	12,432,831	7,132,872
1891.	3,352,579	86,839,153	45,470,342	849,364	12,760,932	7,271,506
1892.	3,400,361	80,596,762	38,026,062	861,451	12,143,185	6,235,643
1893.	3,220,371	69,869,495	28,729,386	815,614	12,122,311	7,074,450
1894.	3,170,602	61,400,465	27,134,127	789,232	12,668,200	7,040,238
1895.	3,299,973	87,072,744	29,312,413	763,277	15,341,369	6,936,325
1896.	2,950,539	69,695,223	22,491,241	754,898	14,089,783	5,622,339
1897.	2,719,116	66,685,127	25,142,139	717,836	14,967,451	6,319,188
1898.	2,583,125	55,792,257	23,064,359	678,332	11,721,927	5,271,462

YEAR.	POTATOES.			HAY.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bushels.</i>		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Tons.</i>	
1866.	1,069,381	107,200,976	\$50,722,553	17,668,904	21,778,627	\$220,835,771
1867.	1,192,195	97,783,000	64,462,486	20,020,554	26,277,000	263,800,623
1868.	1,131,552	106,090,000	62,918,660	21,541,573	26,141,900	263,589,235
1869.	1,222,550	133,886,000	57,481,362	18,591,281	26,420,000	263,963,048
1870.	1,325,119	114,775,000	74,621,019	19,861,805	24,525,000	305,743,224
1871.	1,220,913	120,461,700	64,905,189	19,009,052	22,239,400	317,959,799
1872.	1,331,331	113,516,000	60,692,129	20,318,936	23,812,800	308,024,517
1873.	1,295,139	106,089,000	69,153,709	21,894,084	25,085,100	314,241,037
1874.	1,310,041	105,981,000	65,223,314	21,769,772	25,133,900	300,222,454
1875.	1,510,041	166,877,000	57,357,515	23,507,964	27,873,600	300,577,839
1876.	1,741,983	124,827,000	77,819,541	25,282,797	30,867,100	276,991,422
1877.	1,792,287	170,092,000	74,722,500	25,367,708	31,629,900	264,879,796
1878.	1,776,800	124,126,650	72,923,575	26,931,300	39,608,296	285,315,625
1879.	1,836,900	181,626,400	79,153,673	27,484,991	35,493,000	330,804,494
1880.	1,842,510	167,659,570	81,062,214	25,863,955	31,925,233	371,811,084
1881.	2,041,670	109,145,494	99,291,341	30,888,700	35,135,064	415,131,366
1882.	2,171,635	70,972,508	95,304,844	32,339,585	38,138,049	371,170,326
1883.	2,289,276	208,164,425	87,849,991	35,515,948	46,864,009	884,834,451
1884.	2,220,980	190,612,000	75,524,290	38,571,593	48,470,460	396,139,309
1885.	2,265,823	175,029,000	78,153,408	39,849,701	44,731,550	889,752,873
1886.	2,287,136	168,051,000	78,441,940	36,501,688	41,796,499	353,437,699
1887.	2,357,322	134,103,000	91,506,740	37,664,739	41,454,458	413,440,283
1888.	2,533,280	202,365,000	81,413,589	38,591,903	46,613,094	408,499,565
1889.	2,647,989	204,990,345	72,704,413	52,947,236	66,829,612	470,374,948
1890.	2,651,579	184,078,945	112,205,235	50,712,513	60,197,589	473,569,972
1891.	2,714,770	254,426,971	91,024,621	51,044,490	60,817,771	494,138,616
1892.	2,547,962	156,654,819	103,567,520	50,853,061	59,823,735	490,427,798
1893.	2,605,186	183,034,203	108,661,801	49,613,469	65,766,158	570,882,572
1894.	2,397,973	170,787,338	91,526,787	48,321,272	54,874,408	468,573,321
1895.	2,354,952	207,237,370	78,954,901	44,206,453	47,078,541	393,185,615
1896.	2,767,465	252,234,540	72,182,350	43,259,756	59,282,158	388,145,614
1897.	2,594,577	164,015,964	89,643,059	42,436,707	60,664,876	401,380,728
1898.	2,557,720	192,306,338	79,574,772	42,730,827	66,376,920	398,060,647

STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL FARM CROPS.—CONTINUED.

Acreage, production and value of the principal farm crops in the United States, 1866 to 1897.

YEAR.	TOBACCO.			COTTON.		
	Area.	Production.	Value.	Area.	Production.	Value.
	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Pounds.</i>		<i>Acres.</i>	<i>Bales.</i>	
1866.	520,107	388,128,684	\$57,398,393	2,697,254	\$204,561,896	
1867.	494,333	313,724,000	29,572,660	2,519,554	199,583,510	
1868.	427,189	320,982,000	20,822,873	2,366,467	226,794,168	
1869.	481,101	278,775,000	25,520,065	7,983,000	3,122,551	261,067,037
1870.	330,668	950,628,000	24,010,018	9,985,080	4,352,317	292,703,086
(871.)	350,769	265,196,100	23,292,645	8,911,000	2,974,351	242,672,804
1872.	416,512	342,304,000	31,647,817	9,560,000	3,930,508	280,552,629
1873.	480,878	372,810,000	28,421,703	10,816,000	4,170,388	289,853,486
1874.	281,662	178,355,000	21,066,515	10,982,000	3,832,991	228,113,080
1875.	559,049	379,347,000	26,453,881	11,635,000	4,632,313	233,109,945
1876.	540,457	381,002,000	25,923,894	11,500,000	4,474,069	211,655,041
1877.				11,825,000	4,773,865	235,731,194
1878.	542,850	392,546,700	22,093,240	12,266,800	4,694,942	193,467,706
1879.	492,100	391,278,350	22,727,524	12,585,500	4,735,082	242,140,987
1880.	602,516	446,296,889	36,414,615	15,475,300	5,708,942	280,266,242
1881.	646,239	449,880,014	43,372,336	16,851,000	5,456,048	294,135,547
1882.	671,522	513,077,558	43,189,950	16,791,557	6,967,000	309,696,500
1883.	638,739	451,545,641	40,455,362	16,777,993	5,700,600	259,594,750
1884.	724,668	541,504,000	44,160,151	17,439,612	5,682,000	253,963,385
1885.	752,520	562,736,000	43,265,598	18,300,865	6,575,300	269,989,812
1886.	750,210	532,537,000	39,468,218	18,454,603	6,254,460	309,381,933
1887.	598,620	386,240,000	40,977,259	18,641,067	7,020,209	337,972,455
1888.	747,326	565,795,000	43,666,665	19,068,591	6,940,898	354,454,340
1889.	695,301	488,256,619	32,396,740	20,171,806	7,472,511	402,951,814
1890.	722,198	522,215,116	43,100,532	20,809,053	8,652,597	369,608,858
1891.	742,945	556,877,039	47,492,584	20,714,937	9,035,379	326,513,298
1892.	725,195	498,621,686	46,728,959	18,067,924	6,700,365	262,252,286
1893.	702,952	483,023,963	39,155,442	19,525,000	7,493,000	274,479,637
1894.	523,103	406,678,385	27,750,739	23,687,950	9,476,435	287,120,818
1895.	633,950	491,544,000	35,574,220	20,184,368	7,161,094	260,338,096
1896.	594,749	403,004,220	24,258,070	23,273,209	8,532,705	291,811,564
1897.				24,319,584	10,897,857	319,491,412

NUMBER AND VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES—1868-99.

JANUARY 1.	HORSES.		MULES.		MILCH COWS.	
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
1868.	5,756,940	\$432,696,226	855,685	\$66,415,769	8,691,568	\$319,681,153
1869.	6,332,793	533,024,787	921,662	98,386,359	9,247,714	361,752,672
1870.	8,243,800	671,319,461	1,179,500	128,584,796	10,065,600	394,940,745
1871.	8,702,000	683,257,587	1,242,300	126,127,786	10,023,000	374,179,093
1872.	8,900,900	659,707,916	1,276,300	121,027,316	10,303,500	329,304,983
1873.	9,222,470	684,463,957	1,310,000	124,658,085	10,575,900	314,355,381
1874.	9,333,800	666,927,406	1,339,350	119,501,859	10,705,300	290,609,309
1875.	9,504,200	646,370,939	1,398,750	111,502,713	10,906,800	311,089,824
1876.	9,735,300	632,446,985	1,414,500	106,565,114	11,085,400	320,346,728
1877.	10,155,400	610,206,631	1,443,500	99,480,976	11,260,800	307,743,211
1878.	10,329,700	600,813,681	1,637,500	104,322,939	11,300,100	298,490,865
1879.	10,938,700	573,254,808	1,713,100	96,033,971	11,826,400	256,953,928
1880.	11,201,800	613,296,611	1,729,500	105,948,319	12,027,000	279,890,429
1881.	11,429,626	667,954,325	1,720,731	120,096,164	12,368,653	266,277,000
1882.	10,621,554	615,824,914	1,835,166	130,945,375	12,611,632	326,480,810
1883.	10,838,111	765,041,308	1,871,079	143,732,300	13,125,685	396,575,405
1884.	11,169,633	833,734,400	1,914,126	161,214,976	13,501,206	423,486,649
1885.	11,564,572	852,282,947	1,972,569	162,497,037	13,904,722	412,303,553
1886.	12,077,637	880,823,208	2,052,533	163,881,096	14,235,388	489,985,532
1887.	12,406,744	901,685,755	2,117,141	167,037,538	14,522,083	478,789,569
1888.	13,172,936	946,096,154	2,191,727	174,853,565	14,836,414	506,232,173
1889.	13,063,204	982,194,827	2,257,574	179,444,481	15,208,025	509,226,376
1890.	14,213,837	978,516,662	2,331,027	182,394,049	15,952,893	552,152,133
1891.	14,056,750	941,823,222	2,296,532	178,847,370	16,019,591	546,397,300
1892.	15,498,141	1,007,593,636	2,314,639	174,882,070	16,416,351	551,373,132
1893.	16,206,802	962,255,185	2,331,128	164,763,751	16,424,087	537,299,785
1894.	16,081,139	769,224,799	2,352,231	146,232,811	16,487,400	558,993,661
1895.	15,893,315	576,730,580	2,333,108	110,927,894	16,504,629	562,601,729
1896.	15,124,057	500,140,186	2,278,946	103,204,457	16,137,586	563,355,545
1897.	14,364,667	452,649,396	2,215,614	92,802,040	15,941,727	569,239,193
1898.	13,900,911	478,362,407	2,257,065	90,032,062	15,840,886	434,813,526
1899.	13,666,307	511,074,513	2,134,213	95,933,261	15,900,115	474,233,025

NUMBER AND VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS.—CONTINUED.

JANUARY 1.	CATTLE, OTHER THAN COWS.		SHEEP.		SWINE.		Total value of farm animals.
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	
1868.....	11,942,484	\$249,144,599	38,991,912	\$98,407,809	24,317,258	\$110,766,266	\$1,277,111,822
1869.....	12,185,385	306,211,473	37,724,279	82,139,979	23,216,476	146,188,755	1,527,704,029
1870.....	15,888,500	346,926,440	40,855,000	93,864,433	26,761,400	187,191,502	1,822,827,377
1871.....	16,212,200	369,940,060	31,851,000	74,035,857	29,457,500	182,602,352	1,910,142,711
1872.....	16,889,800	321,562,693	31,679,800	88,771,197	31,796,300	138,733,628	1,689,211,933
1873.....	16,413,800	329,238,755	33,002,400	97,922,380	32,632,050	133,729,615	1,684,431,693
1874.....	16,218,100	310,649,803	33,823,200	98,630,569	30,860,900	134,565,526	1,619,944,472
1875.....	16,313,400	304,858,859	33,783,800	94,520,652	28,062,200	149,869,234	1,618,012,221
1876.....	16,785,300	319,623,509	35,835,500	93,606,318	25,726,800	175,070,484	1,647,719,158
1877.....	17,956,100	327,105,886	35,804,200	80,832,683	28,077,100	174,077,196	1,576,506,068
1878.....	19,223,300	329,541,703	35,740,500	80,603,062	32,262,500	190,838,532	1,574,420,783
1879.....	21,408,100	329,543,327	38,123,800	79,023,984	34,766,100	110,613,044	1,445,423,062
1880.....	21,231,000	341,761,154	40,765,000	90,230,537	34,634,100	145,781,515	1,576,917,560
1881.....	20,397,702	362,861,509	43,576,899	104,070,759	36,247,603	170,535,455	1,721,739,252
1882.....	23,280,238	403,069,439	45,016,224	106,594,954	44,122,200	203,543,196	1,906,459,250
1883.....	28,046,077	611,549,109	49,237,291	124,365,835	43,270,086	291,951,221	2,538,215,268
1884.....	19,223,300	633,229,054	50,626,626	107,900,650	44,200,893	246,301,139	2,467,868,924
1885.....	19,866,573	694,332,913	50,860,245	107,900,650	45,142,657	226,401,683	2,456,428,380
1886.....	31,275,242	661,956,274	48,822,331	92,443,867	46,032,043	196,569,894	2,365,159,882
1887.....	33,511,750	603,137,926	44,759,814	89,872,839	44,612,836	200,043,291	2,400,846,968
1888.....	34,878,363	611,750,520	43,644,755	89,279,926	44,346,525	220,811,082	2,409,043,418
1889.....	35,032,417	597,256,812	42,599,079	90,640,369	50,301,552	291,307,193	2,507,050,068
1890.....	36,849,424	560,625,137	44,336,072	100,659,761	51,602,780	243,418,396	2,413,766,028
1891.....	36,875,648	544,127,908	43,431,136	108,397,447	50,625,106	210,198,923	2,329,187,707
1892.....	37,651,239	570,749,155	44,338,365	116,121,230	52,398,019	241,031,415	2,461,755,698
1893.....	35,954,196	547,882,204	47,273,553	125,909,264	46,084,807	236,426,492	2,483,506,681
1894.....	36,008,168	536,789,747	45,048,017	99,136,110	45,206,493	270,384,626	2,470,816,754
1895.....	34,364,216	482,999,129	42,294,064	66,855,767	44,165,716	219,501,267	1,819,446,306
1896.....	52,065,409	508,928,416	38,248,783	55,167,735	42,842,759	186,529,745	1,727,926,084
1897.....	50,608,408	507,929,421	36,818,643	67,020,942	40,600,276	166,272,770	1,655,414,612
1898.....	29,264,197	612,236,634	37,656,960	82,721,133	39,759,993	174,351,409	1,891,577,471
1899.....	27,994,225	637,381,135	39,114,453	107,697,530	38,651,631	170,109,743	1,997,010,407

NUMBERS OF FARM ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES—JAN. 1, 1899.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Horses.	Mules.	Milch cows.	Other cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.
Maine.....	111,987	.....	197,878	109,440	246,628	75,306
New Hampshire.....	55,028	.....	136,825	79,380	78,289	56,104
Vermont.....	84,812	.....	271,602	133,788	165,940	76,206
Massachusetts.....	63,478	.....	179,791	74,875	40,437	54,846
Rhode Island.....	10,281	.....	25,511	10,356	10,715	13,722
Connecticut.....	43,682	.....	143,098	68,588	31,745	54,165
New York.....	596,738	4,421	1,453,251	561,077	841,955	645,237
New Jersey.....	79,180	7,269	214,674	41,658	42,299	151,120
Pennsylvania.....	548,747	37,053	924,260	528,942	790,604	1,043,531
Delaware.....	30,883	4,923	35,376	22,995	12,981	50,556
Maryland.....	129,662	12,638	155,022	105,900	136,135	331,853
Virginia.....	223,940	35,998	244,937	338,542	369,227	917,550
North Carolina.....	146,637	111,398	248,235	295,530	261,400	1,369,708
South Carolina.....	66,979	97,357	126,762	141,509	66,540	1,041,462
Georgia.....	110,266	158,594	237,324	423,018	327,584	2,093,987
Florida.....	37,673	8,354	114,251	325,774	83,598	429,128
Alabama.....	132,224	129,726	254,727	336,479	198,033	1,936,640
Mississippi.....	201,477	163,082	256,951	304,118	289,720	1,957,599
Louisiana.....	143,596	90,904	125,747	182,690	119,163	796,498
Texas.....	1,137,015	265,880	700,802	4,533,897	2,543,917	2,684,987
Arkansas.....	234,596	145,504	196,858	250,528	119,733	1,280,120
Tennessee.....	317,601	151,265	254,675	322,293	286,063	1,570,154
West Virginia.....	151,847	7,412	163,395	243,460	40,014	331,563
Kentucky.....	365,632	106,547	243,208	341,181	597,643	1,357,765
Ohio.....	403,499	17,228	736,735	636,433	2,730,471	2,307,051
Michigan.....	410,410	2,646	459,107	341,535	1,366,033	735,035
Indiana.....	601,271	41,650	611,975	641,918	674,532	1,340,231
Illinois.....	1,005,239	82,225	1,001,212	1,265,066	613,191	2,003,205
Wisconsin.....	409,822	4,754	895,822	689,515	722,967	929,765
Minnesota.....	456,122	8,416	646,673	570,165	410,936	411,353
Iowa.....	981,352	31,547	1,250,775	2,163,584	618,345	3,408,261
Missouri.....	762,734	183,362	673,195	1,400,647	616,102	2,569,818
Kansas.....	734,681	79,410	680,437	2,076,489	261,192	1,561,341
Nebraska.....	652,284	43,016	628,750	1,395,829	232,779	1,353,671
South Dakota.....	290,746	6,693	372,321	449,362	363,637	145,469

FARM ANIMALS.—CONTINUED.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Horses.	Mules.	Milch cows.	Other cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.
North Dakota.....	175,137	7,066	171,073	252,640	350,721	111,959
Montana.....	164,923	924	43,994	952,598	3,377,547	42,265
Wyoming.....	72,258	1,514	18,140	694,973	2,328,025	22,345
Colorado.....	146,687	8,667	91,666	973,250	1,655,551	20,713
New Mexico.....	83,851	3,472	19,317	701,967	3,128,602	30,204
Arizona.....	50,414	1,041	18,404	381,812	1,014,287	23,286
Utah.....	68,295	1,599	57,787	303,116	2,116,949	47,808
Nevada.....	44,305	1,394	18,069	224,317	576,904	10,441
Idaho.....	128,077	917	31,500	384,056	2,311,880	75,718
Washington.....	169,694	1,441	115,485	265,376	759,824	154,748
Oregon.....	185,844	5,609	116,581	573,646	2,575,468	216,430
California.....	342,265	52,915	318,425	634,704	2,175,545	374,141
Oklahoma.....	42,649	8,407	37,014	237,505	22,982	59,891
Total.....	13,665,307	2,134,213	15,990,115	27,994,225	39,114,453	38,651,631

AVERAGE VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES
ON JAN. 1—1880 TO 1899.

YEAR.	Horses.	Mules.	Milch Cows.	Other Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.
1880.....	\$54.75	\$61.26	\$23.27	\$16.10	\$2.21	\$4.28
1881.....	58.44	69.79	23.95	17.33	2.39	4.70
1882.....	58.53	71.35	25.89	19.89	2.37	5.97
1883.....	70.59	79.49	30.21	21.81	2.53	6.75
1884.....	74.64	84.22	31.37	23.52	2.37	5.57
1885.....	73.70	82.38	29.70	23.25	2.14	5.02
1886.....	71.27	79.60	27.40	21.17	1.91	4.26
1887.....	72.15	78.91	26.08	19.79	2.01	4.48
1888.....	71.82	79.78	24.65	17.79	2.05	4.98
1889.....	71.89	79.49	23.94	17.05	2.13	5.79
1890.....	68.84	78.25	22.14	15.21	2.27	4.72
1891.....	67.00	77.88	21.62	14.76	2.50	4.15
1892.....	65.01	75.55	21.40	15.16	2.58	4.60
1893.....	61.22	70.68	21.75	15.24	2.66	6.41
1894.....	47.83	62.17	21.77	14.66	1.98	5.98
1895.....	36.29	47.55	21.97	14.06	1.68	4.97
1896.....	33.07	45.29	22.55	15.86	1.70	4.85
1897.....	31.51	41.66	23.16	16.65	1.82	4.10
1898.....	34.26	43.88	27.45	20.92	2.46	4.30
1899.....	37.40	44.96	29.66	22.79	2.75	4.40

PRODUCTION OF PETROLEUM.

Production of crude petroleum (and its equivalent in refined illuminating oil) in Russia and the United States, 1881 to 1897.

YEAR.	CRUDE PETROLEUM PRODUCED.		EQUIVALENT IN REFINED ILLUMINATING OIL.	
	Russia.	United States.	Russia.	United States.
	U. S. gallons.	U. S. gallons.	U. S. gallons.	U. S. gallons.
1881.....	200,303,000	1,104,017,000	75,113,000	828,013,000
1882.....	249,954,000	1,161,772,000	98,733,000	871,329,000
1883.....	298,789,000	1,281,455,000	112,046,000	961,091,000
1884.....	446,531,000	984,885,000	167,449,000	738,664,000
1885.....	575,342,000	1,017,174,000	215,753,000	762,881,000
1886.....	595,890,000	918,069,000	223,459,000	688,552,000
1887.....	825,802,000	1,173,728,000	309,676,000	884,042,000
1888.....	961,759,000	1,187,906,000	360,659,000	890,990,000
1889.....	1,000,291,000	1,159,708,000	375,109,000	869,779,000
1890.....	1,202,272,000	1,476,868,000	450,852,000	1,107,651,000
1891.....	1,457,632,000	1,924,552,000	538,887,000	1,443,414,000
1892.....	1,479,255,000	2,280,263,000	554,721,000	1,710,198,000
1893.....	1,750,054,000	2,121,584,000	656,270,000	1,591,068,000
1894.....	1,559,431,000	2,033,332,000	584,786,000	1,524,969,000
1895.....	2,131,889,000	2,072,470,000	739,458,000	1,554,353,000
1896.....	2,151,932,000	2,221,476,000	806,974,000	1,696,107,000
1897.....	2,260,572,000	2,560,535,000	847,715,000	1,920,252,000

NOTE.—One hundred gallons of American petroleum produce about 75 gallons of refined illuminating oil; 100 gallons of Russian petroleum about 37½ gallons of refined illuminating oil.

THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

AREAS OF VACANT, RESERVED AND APPROPRIATED LANDS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Unappropriated and unreserved.		Reserved.		Total government land.		Appropriated.		Total.	Per cent of United States.
	Acres.	Pr ct.	Acres.	Prct.	Acres.	Prct.	Acres.	Prct.		
Alabama.....	522,373	1.60	86,240	.26	608,613	1.86	32,049,387	98.14	32,658,000	1.72
Arizona.....	51,734,783	71.07	a15,372,262	21.12	67,107,045	92.19	5,685,455	7.81	72,792,500	3.83
Arkansas.....	3,696,900	11.02	1,920	.01	3,698,910	11.03	29,844,590	88.97	33,543,500	1.77
California.....	42,443,023	42.72	a16,249,170	16.35	58,692,193	59.07	40,668,890	40.93	99,361,083	5.23
Colorado.....	39,708,551	59.81	6,225,533	9.38	45,934,084	69.19	20,456,560	30.81	66,390,650	3.49
Florida.....	1,757,275	4.98	19,840	.06	1,777,115	5.04	33,487,385	94.96	35,264,500	1.86
Idaho.....	44,207,949	83.68	1,939,863	3.67	46,147,818	87.35	6,682,382	12.65	52,830,200	2.78
Indian Ter.....			19,575,040	100.00	19,575,040	100.00			19,575,040	1.03
Kansas.....	1,000,883	2.02	987,875	1.89	2,048,758	3.91	50,354,242	96.09	52,383,000	2.76
Louisiana.....	755,545	2.62	1,474,834	5.11	2,230,379	7.73	26,632,809	92.27	28,863,188	1.52
Michigan.....	505,895	1.87	87,746	.24	593,641	1.61	36,225,359	98.39	36,819,000	1.94
Minnesota.....	5,720,326	11.07	4,983,409	9.64	10,703,735	20.71	40,985,705	79.29	51,689,440	2.72
Mississippi.....	383,950	1.29			383,950	1.29	29,301,050	98.71	29,685,000	1.56
Missouri.....	445,911	1.02			445,911	1.02	43,350,089	98.98	43,796,000	2.30
Montana.....	71,567,293	75.13	a11,464,533	12.03	83,031,829	87.16	12,227,891	12.84	95,259,720	5.01
Nebraska.....	10,548,450	21.47	70,522	.14	10,618,972	21.61	38,518,367	78.39	49,137,339	2.59
Nevada.....	61,358,009	87.23	5,983,409	8.51	67,342,018	95.74	2,994,482	4.26	70,336,500	3.70
New Mexico.....	54,550,795	69.76	a8,356,488	10.69	62,907,283	80.45	15,289,722	19.55	78,197,005	4.12
North Dakota.....	20,574,613	45.82	3,050,610	6.79	23,625,223	52.61	21,277,764	47.39	44,902,987	2.36
Oklahoma.....	7,007,222	28.31	7,207,160	29.11	14,214,382	57.42	10,539,281	42.58	24,753,663	1.30
Oregon.....	35,897,869	58.25	5,467,702	8.87	41,365,571	67.12	20,290,647	32.88	61,626,218	3.24
South Dakota.....	12,784,426	26.55	a11,120,906	23.09	23,905,332	49.64	24,253,223	50.36	48,158,555	2.53
Utah.....	43,870,056	83.43	a5,451,307	10.37	49,321,363	93.80	3,258,637	6.20	52,580,000	2.77
Washington.....	13,442,582	31.49	11,131,345	26.08	24,573,927	57.57	18,110,157	42.43	42,684,084	2.25
Wisconsin.....	413,799	1.17	365,353	1.04	779,152	2.21	34,496,848	97.79	35,275,000	1.86
Wyoming.....	49,035,063	78.54	a8,216,643	13.16	57,252,306	91.70	5,180,694	8.30	62,433,007	3.29
Other states.....			232,119	.04	232,119	.04	578,791,910	99.96	579,024,029	30.47
Total h.....	573,994,834	30.21	145,121,835	7.64	719,116,669	37.85	1180,902,532	62.15	1900,019,201	100.00
Alaska.....	c369,526,041	100.00	(d)		369,526,041	100.00	3,559		369,529,600	
Hawaii.....	e1,772,640	41.71			1,772,640	41.71	2,476,900	58.29	4,249,600	
Grand total f.....	945,293,513	41.57			1,030,413,550	47.96	g1183,333,051	52.04	2,213,746,601	

a Including forest reserves withdrawn from entry since July 1, 1898. b Land area of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, formerly public-land states, as given in the General Land Office reports, 117,913,629 acres; land area of eighteen eastern states, the District of Columbia and Texas, according to the eleventh census, 461,110,400 acres. c Nearly. d Area unknown. e Including leased lands. f Exclusive of Puerto Rico, Guam and the Philippine islands. g Total area disposed of by the national government, 720,027,810 acres, including 3,559 acres in Alaska. h Exclusive of outlying territories.

PUBLIC LANDS FIT FOR PRODUCTIVE USES.

Far more important than the exact area of the public domain legally open to settlement is the question how much of this public land is actually fit for cultivation or for other productive uses. Having regard to present conditions, it must be admitted that all the best parts of the public domain have been appropriated, and that comparatively very little good agricultural land remains open to settlement; the mineral value of that which remains may be very great, but even of the mineral deposits it may be said that the most accessible and most easily worked among them have probably been appropriated. Looking into the future, the question becomes much more difficult, for no one can tell even approximately how much of the land now lying waste may be ultimately reclaimed to productive uses. The one thing needed, so far as concerns the greater part of the 573,995,000 acres of vacant public land in the United States proper, including nearly all west of the ninety-eighth or one hundredth meridian, is an adequate supply of water, and this applies to much of the mineral land as well as to that which it is desired to reclaim for agricultural purposes. Vast tracts of arid land in the western United States contain in an unusual degree all the

elements of fertility except water, and with the aid of irrigation could be made to yield more abundantly than even the best land of the humid regions. It has been said that "sagebrush is unerring evidence of kindly soil and abundant sunshine."

Estimates of the amount of this land which can be irrigated with the water at command vary greatly, but there is none for the arid region as a whole more authoritative than those of Maj. J. W. Powell, formerly director of the United States geological survey, and Mr. F. H. Newell, chief hydrographer of that survey. Maj. Powell estimated that at least 150,000 square miles, or 96,000,000 acres, could be economically reclaimed by irrigation within the present generation; or, as he said before a congressional committee in 1890, that about 100,000,000 acres could be reclaimed by the utilization of perennial streams alone. Mr. Newell places the irrigable amount at 74,000,000 acres, or about 7.6 per cent of the total area of the sixteen western public-land states and territories. This is a very conservative estimate, in which financial as well as engineering considerations are taken into account, and it looks not to the remote future, but only to what is likely to be profitable and therefore practicable within

a generation. Future improvements in irrigation engineering and methods and discoveries of new underground water supplies, together with the increasing demand for agricultural products resulting from an in-

creasing population, may in the course of time make it profitable to irrigate a much larger area, but any attempt to state the ultimate extent of irrigation would be only conjecture.

CLASSIFICATION OF LANDS RESERVED FROM SETTLEMENT IN THE UNITED STATES PROPER.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Indian reservations.	Forest reserves.	National parks.	Reservoir sites.	Military reservations.	Other reserved land.	Total.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Alabama.....				a1,950			86,240
Arizona.....	15,150,757	4,496,000	b480	3,960	101,412	84,290	19,752,609
Arkansas.....			c912		15	993	1,920
California.....	406,556	8,571,794	d1,130,240	3,463	86,907	6,050,210	16,249,170
Colorado.....	1,021,230	3,103,360		33,875		2,067,068	6,225,533
Florida.....					15,573	4,267	19,840
Idaho.....	1,364,500	4,008,960	e38,400	1,561	1,925		5,415,346
Indian Territory	f19,575,040						19,575,040
Kansas.....	28,279				22,649	936,947	987,875
Louisiana.....					1,515	1,473,319	1,474,834
Michigan.....	5,944				2,728	79,074	87,746
Minnesota.....	1,565,606				7	3,417,796	4,983,409
Mississippi.....							
Missouri.....					1,000		1,000
Montana.....	9,382,400	5,040,000	e118,400	33,201	257,844		14,831,345
Nebraska.....	124,053				56,719		180,772
Nevada.....	954,135					5,029,274	5,983,409
New Mexico.....	1,667,485	2,758,080		25,179	159,240	3,746,504	8,356,488
North Dakota.....	3,782,347						3,782,347
Oklahoma.....	6,949,715				26,880	230,565	7,207,160
Oregon.....	1,484,039	4,653,440			1,945		6,139,424
South Dakota.....	9,835,781	1,168,080			11,185	107,860	11,120,906
Utah.....	3,972,480	943,360			8,857	386,798	5,451,307
Washington.....	3,574,320	7,909,720	g207,360	139,712	18,633		12,008,087
Wisconsin.....	393,177				1,046		394,223
Wyoming.....	1,810,000	3,241,760	e1,897,000		8,458	1,259,425	8,216,643
Other states.....	h158,853				443,206		232,119
Total.....	83,536,701	45,885,554	3,392,792	240,951	829,354	24,874,390	158,759,742

a Including a reservation partly in Mississippi.

b Casa Grande ruin.

c Hot Springs reservation.

d Sequoia, Yosemite and General Grant national parks.

e Part of the Yellowstone national park.

f Area according to the commissioner of Indian affairs, 19,822,888 acres.

g Mount Ranier national park, created by act of March 2, 1899.

h New York, North Carolina and Iowa.

i Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

CHARACTER OF THE VACANT PUBLIC LANDS IN FIFTEEN WESTERN STATES AND TERRITORIES.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Woodland and forest.	Grazing land.	Desert.	Total.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Arizona.....	6,900,000	29,800,000	15,000,000	51,700,000
California.....	900,000	22,500,000	19,000,000	42,400,000
Colorado.....	10,500,000	29,200,000		39,700,000
Idaho.....	24,600,000	19,600,000		44,200,000
Montana.....	19,800,000	51,800,000		71,600,000
Nebraska.....		10,500,000		10,500,000
Nevada.....	800,000	40,600,000	20,000,000	61,400,000
New Mexico.....	8,600,000	46,000,000		54,600,000
North Dakota.....	200,000	20,400,000		20,600,000
Oklahoma.....		7,000,000		7,000,000
Oregon.....	19,200,000	16,700,000		35,900,000
South Dakota.....		12,800,000		12,800,000
Utah.....	17,000,000	16,900,000	10,000,000	43,900,000
Washington.....	7,100,000	6,300,000		13,400,000
Wyoming.....	8,700,000	35,300,000	5,000,000	49,000,000
Total.....	124,300,000	365,400,000	69,000,000	558,700,000

RAILROAD BUILDING.

[From Poor's Railroad Manual.]

Number of miles of railroad in operation in each state and territory of the United States during the years ended Dec. 31, named in the heading.

STATES AND GROUPS OF STATES.	1880.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1895.	1897.	1898.
<i>New England.</i>								
Maine.....	1,005	1,377.47	1,383.26	1,401.64	1,515.00	1,704.71	1,754.77	1,897.98
New Hampshire.....	1,015	1,146.89	1,144.88	1,061.33	1,155.88	1,178.44	1,178.54	1,174.61
Vermont.....	914	988.45	1,001.91	995.01	985.54	974.99	985.74	987.36
Massachusetts.....	1,915	2,096.69	2,100.32	2,126.69	2,121.26	2,126.05	2,120.29	2,107.59
Rhode Island.....	210	234.43	223.48	223.48	227.46	226.37	223.03	223.03
Connecticut.....	923	1,006.64	1,006.54	1,086.54	1,013.22	1,014.09	1,008.15	1,008.15
Total.....	5,962	6,840.57	6,860.39	6,914.69	7,019.36	7,224.65	7,265.52	7,380.72
<i>Middle Atlantic.</i>								
New York.....	5,991	7,745.85	7,765.22	8,116.10	8,110.51	8,205.26	8,241.15	8,152.64
New Jersey.....	1,684	2,063.81	2,132.41	2,201.91	2,176.10	2,208.07	2,229.98	2,243.02
Pennsylvania.....	6,191	8,700.58	8,919.98	9,159.45	9,435.56	9,661.54	9,965.49	9,958.74
Delaware.....	275	314.95	320.12	314.94	315.44	315.44	349.10	350.11
Maryland.....	1,040	1,270.04	1,269.44	1,289.44	1,300.80	1,291.54	1,315.04	1,325.04
District of Columbia.....		20.66	20.66	20.66	20.66	22.88	22.88	24.88
Total.....	15,181	20,114.89	20,427.83	21,102.50	21,359.07	21,704.73	22,123.64	22,084.43
<i>Central Northern.</i>								
Ohio.....	5,792	7,987.99	8,167.63	8,351.88	8,558.74	8,699.12	8,766.79	8,841.10
Michigan.....	3,363	7,106.15	7,187.44	7,440.95	7,492.53	7,561.89	7,823.11	7,948.97
Indiana.....	4,873	1,106.19	6,155.25	6,292.12	6,321.07	6,416.03	6,421.87	6,440.92
Illinois.....	7,851	10,129.65	10,199.88	10,459.53	10,428.19	10,610.59	10,785.43	10,815.06
Wisconsin.....	8,156	5,614.95	5,785.61	5,927.67	5,970.07	6,105.89	6,315.44	6,380.69
Total.....	25,109	36,944.93	37,465.31	38,362.45	38,770.40	39,396.52	40,112.14	40,429.74
<i>South Atlantic.</i>								
Virginia.....	1,893	3,367.65	3,573.64	3,576.69	3,590.99	3,609.38	3,628.70	3,674.53
West Virginia.....	691	1,433.50	1,547.11	1,506.19	1,883.33	2,075.16	2,161.19	2,199.51
North Carolina.....	1,486	8,128.17	3,205.46	3,229.37	3,353.81	3,387.45	3,477.65	3,573.27
South Carolina.....	1,427	2,266.65	2,491.06	2,545.30	2,561.72	2,622.55	2,666.07	2,665.46
Georgia.....	2,459	4,592.83	4,870.25	4,946.39	5,083.02	5,210.04	5,414.01	5,542.70
Florida.....	518	2,459.52	2,566.57	2,676.88	2,840.26	3,059.05	3,149.18	3,100.65
Total.....	8,474	17,308.12	18,254.39	19,781.02	19,721.63	19,967.63	20,496.75	20,746.11
<i>Gulf and Miss. Valley.</i>								
Kentucky.....	1,530	2,946.39	2,962.45	2,997.23	3,051.25	3,656.28	3,086.09	3,906.24
Tennessee.....	1,843	2,798.98	2,996.20	3,064.26	3,091.43	3,116.54	3,106.82	2,691.38
Alabama.....	1,843	3,422.20	3,576.47	3,595.76	3,627.89	3,604.45	3,906.75	3,069.35
Mississippi.....	1,127	2,470.85	2,440.39	2,448.37	2,459.22	2,497.78	2,645.08	3,086.46
Louisiana.....	652	1,749.95	1,680.01	1,967.09	1,992.84	2,107.08	2,274.19	2,519.44
Total.....	6,995	13,388.36	13,855.52	14,072.71	14,222.63	14,442.13	14,918.93	15,272.87
<i>Southwestern.</i>								
Missouri.....	3,965	6,142.02	6,178.45	6,360.56	6,464.30	6,571.58	6,695.41	6,810.65
Arkansas.....	859	2,213.44	2,304.95	2,310.67	2,369.91	2,439.20	2,650.69	2,823.29
Texas.....	3,244	8,709.85	8,812.67	9,040.73	9,184.61	9,434.12	9,579.64	9,657.93
Kansas.....	3,400	8,900.11	8,890.87	8,893.83	8,931.23	8,875.25	8,843.21	8,796.97
Colorado.....	1,570	4,291.11	4,441.33	4,451.62	4,488.22	4,509.19	4,575.86	4,608.85
New Mexico.....	758	1,388.77	1,423.82	1,429.57	1,439.50	1,505.03	1,502.07	1,612.94
Indian Territory.....						1,152.50	1,202.03	1,263.60
Oklahoma.....	239	1,260.65	1,272.08	1,375.02	1,379.14	431.17	434.97	604.97
Total.....	14,085	32,905.95	33,324.17	33,861.90	34,256.96	34,912.04	35,533.88	36,179.20
<i>Northwestern.</i>								
Iowa.....	5,400	8,416.14	8,436.51	8,506.00	8,513.44	8,523.13	8,513.91	8,555.42
Minnesota.....	3,151	5,415.35	5,670.88	5,874.08	5,944.58	6,057.67	6,176.76	6,402.87
Nebraska.....	1,953	5,407.47	5,430.49	5,524.28	5,564.32	5,542.27	5,538.73	5,538.57
North Dakota.....	1,225	2,116.49	2,222.77	2,315.24	2,517.20	2,534.71	2,603.95	2,661.99
South Dakota.....		2,610.41	2,699.92	2,707.89	2,792.15	2,800.80	2,801.41	2,818.42
Wyoming.....	512	1,002.93	1,048.71	1,150.13	1,157.62	1,177.99	1,177.93	1,170.57
Montana.....	106	2,195.58	2,290.82	2,667.87	2,721.63	2,823.55	2,906.90	2,971.06
Total.....	12,347	27,249.37	27,800.10	28,745.49	29,210.94	29,405.06	29,719.50	30,113.90
<i>Pacific.</i>								
California.....	2,195	4,336.45	4,484.63	4,623.65	4,692.39	4,757.55	5,198.71	2,809.85
Oregon.....	508	1,455.53	1,503.52	1,621.82	1,527.19	1,513.66	1,553.23	1,615.88
Washington.....	289	1,908.65	2,309.23	2,722.13	2,837.52	2,820.05	2,811.91	5,292.02
Nevada.....	739	923.18	923.18	423.23	932.23	915.62	908.37	920.37
Arizona.....	349	1,094.81	1,079.57	1,161.97	1,161.97	1,412.20	1,412.63	1,118.89
Utah.....	842	1,265.49	1,335.66	1,356.59	1,369.08	1,404.29	1,436.22	1,416.18
Idaho.....	206	946.11	959.68	1,073.29	1,089.99	1,087.79	1,111.67	1,479.53
Total.....	5,128	12,020.22	12,613.47	13,382.68	13,601.37	13,911.66	14,432.74	14,632.79
United States.....	98,296	146,817.41	170,601.18	175,223.44	177,753.36	181,061.42	184,606.19	186,809.69

STATISTICS OF RAILWAYS OF THE UNITED STATES.

For the year ended June 30, 1898.

The following is a synopsis of the eleventh statistical report of the United States interstate-commerce commission for 1898, and from the summaries in their reports the figures below are taken:

MILEAGE.

On June 30, 1898, the total single-track railway mileage in the United States was 186,396.32 miles, there being an increase in this mileage during the year of 1,967.85 miles. The states of Arkansas, California, Louisiana, Missouri, New York and Wisconsin show an increase in excess of 100 miles. The aggregate length of railway mileage, including all tracks, on the date given was 247,532.52 miles, the increase being shown as 4,088.11 miles. This aggregate mileage was distributed as follows: Single track, 186,396.32 miles; second track, 11,293.25 miles; third track, 1,009.65 miles; fourth track, 793.57 miles; yard track and sidings, 48,039.73 miles. The length of the single track operated mileage covered by railway reports filed with the commission was 184,648.26 miles, which indicates that the mileage of the country is covered by reports in a substantially complete manner.

CLASSIFICATION OF RAILWAYS.

The number of railway corporations on June 30, 1898, included in the "statistics of railways in the United States," was 2,047. Of this number, 1,049 maintained operating accounts, 836 being classed as independent operating roads and 213 as subsidiary operating roads. Of roads operated under lease or some other form of agreement, 317 received a fixed money rental, 172 a contingent money rental and 275 were operated under some form of contract or control not capable of description in a single phrase.

The operated mileage covered by mergers, reorganizations and consolidations during the year under review was 7,220.42 miles. The corresponding figure for the previous year was 14,834.34 miles.

EQUIPMENT.

On June 30, 1898, there were 36,234 locomotives in the service of the railways. This number is larger by 248 than the previous year. Of the total number of locomotives reported, 9,956 are classed as passenger locomotives, 20,627 as freight locomotives and 5,234 as switching locomotives, a small number being unclassified. The total number of cars of all classes reported as in the service of railways on the date named was 1,326,174, being an increase of 28,694 as compared with June 30, 1897. Of the total number, 33,595 were assigned to the passenger service and 1,248,826 to the freight service, 43,753 being assigned to the service of the railways themselves. The number of cars owned by private companies and individuals that are used by railways in transportation is not covered by reports filed with the commission.

An inspection of the summaries which are designed to show the density of equipment and the efficiency of its employment shows that during the year ended June 30, 1898, the railways in the United States used twenty locomotives and 718 cars per 100 miles of line. Referring to the country at large, it appears that 50,323 passengers were carried and 1,343,906 passenger-miles were

accomplished per passenger locomotive, and 42,614 tons of freight were carried and 5,630,498 ton-miles accomplished per freight locomotive. All of these items show an increase as compared with those of the previous year, ended June 30, 1897.

Including under the term equipment both locomotives and cars, it is noted that the totalequipment of railways on June 30, 1898, was 1,362,408. Of this number 641,262 were fitted with train brakes, the increase being 113,376, and 909,574 were fitted with automatic couplers, the increase in this case being 230,349. The summaries indicate that practically all of the locomotives and cars assigned to the passenger service are fitted with train brakes, and that out of a total of 9,956 locomotives assigned to this service 5,105 are fitted with automatic couplers, and 32,697 cars out of a total of 33,595 cars in the same service are also so fitted. A corresponding statement for freight equipment is as follows: Out of a total of 20,627 locomotives assigned to the freight service 19,414 are fitted with train brakes and 6,229 with automatic couplers, but out of a total of 1,248,826 cars assigned to the freight service only 567,409 are fitted with train brakes and 851,533 with automatic couplers. The number of switching locomotives fitted with train brakes was 3,877, and the number fitted with automatic couplers was 1,199. Of the total number of cars of all classes in service on June 30, 1898, 607,786 were fitted with train brakes, the increase during the year being 115,227, and 896,813 were fitted with automatic couplers, the increase in this case being 227,876.

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES.

The number of persons employed by the railways of the United States, as reported on June 30, 1898, was 874,658, which is equivalent to 474 employees per 100 miles of line. As compared with the number of employees for the previous year, there was an increase of 51,082. The number of employees on June 30, 1898, was 956 in excess of the number on June 30, 1893, and 89,524 in excess of the number on June 30, 1895. The employees of railways, as reported to the commission, are divided into eighteen classes. It thus appears that on June 30, 1898, there were in the employ of the railways 37,939 enginemen, 38,925 firemen, 26,876 conductors and 66,968 other trainmen. There were 47,124 switchmen, flagmen and watchmen. A distribution of employees conforming to the four general subdivisions of operating expenses shows that the services of 32,431 employees were required for general administration, or eighteen per 100 miles of line; 261,866 for maintenance of way and structures, or 142 per 100 miles of line; 171,600 for maintenance of equipment, or ninety-three per 100 miles of line, and 398,987 for conducting transportation, or 216 per 100 miles of line. This statement does not include 9,754 unclassified employees.

The report contains a comparative statement of the average daily compensation of the different classes of employees for the seven years 1892 to 1898. There is also given in the report a summary which shows the total amount of compensation reported as paid to the railway employees of the country during the four fiscal years ended June 30, 1895 to 1898. This summary shows

that the aggregate amount of wages and salaries paid during the year ended June 30, 1898, to more than 99 per cent of the persons on the pay rolls of railways was \$495,055,618, the increase, as compared with the preceding year, being \$29,454,037. This amount of compensation represents 60.52 per cent of the total operating expenses of railways and 39.69 per cent of their total gross earnings, or \$2,631 per mile of line.

CAPITALIZATION AND VALUATION OF RAILWAY PROPERTY.

The amount of railway capital outstanding on June 30, 1898, not including current liabilities in the term, was \$10,818,554,031. This amount, assigned to a mileage basis, represents a capital of \$60,343 per mile of line. The amount of capital which existed in the form of stocks was \$5,388,268,321, of which \$4,269,271,714 was common stock and \$1,118,996,607 was preferred stock. The amount which existed in the form of funded debt was \$5,430,285,710, comprising mortgage bonds, \$4,640,762,632; miscellaneous obligations, \$486,977,279; income bonds, \$262,194,688, and equipment trust obligations, \$40,351,111. The amount of capital stock paying no dividends was \$3,570,155,239, or 66.26 per cent of the total amount outstanding. The amount of funded debt, excluding equipment trust obligations which paid no interest, was \$852,402,622.

Of the stock-paying dividends, 6.63 per cent of the total amount outstanding paid from 1 to 4 per cent; 7.15 per cent paid from 4 to 5 per cent; 7.60 per cent paid from 5 to 6 per cent; 3.69 per cent paid from 6 to 7 per cent, and 4.54 per cent paid from 7 to 8 per cent. The amount of dividends declared during the year ended June 30, 1898, was \$96,152,839, which would be produced by an average rate of 5.29 per cent on stock on which some dividend was declared. The amount of mortgage bonds paying no interest was \$526,124,188, or 11.34 per cent; of miscellaneous obligations, \$146,116,874, or 30.01 per cent; of income bonds, \$180,161,560, or 68.71 per cent. The amount of current liabilities outstanding at the close of the year named was \$540,013,995, or \$3,012 per mile of line.

PUBLIC SERVICE OF RAILWAYS.

The aggregate number of passengers carried during the year ended June 30, 1898, as returned in the annual reports of railways, was 501,066,681, indicating an increase, as compared with the year ended June 30, 1897, of 11,621,483. The number of passengers carried one mile during the year was 13,379,930,004, there being an increase of 1,122,990,357 as compared with the year previous. The increased density of passenger traffic is shown by the fact that in 1898 the number of passengers carried one mile per mile of line was 72,462, as compared with 66,874 for the previous year. The corresponding figure for 1893, however, was 83,809. The number of tons of freight carried during the year was 879,006,307, there being an increase of 137,300,361. The number of tons of freight carried one mile was 114,077,576.305, which, compared with the previous year, shows the large increase of 18,938,554,080. The number of tons of freight carried one mile per mile of line was 617,810, which is 98,731 greater than the corresponding item for the year preceding.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.

The gross earnings of the railways of the United States, covering an operated mile-

age of 184,648.26 miles, were \$1,247,325,621 for the year ended June 30, 1898, being greater by \$125,235,848 than the corresponding item for the fiscal year preceding. The operating expenses during the same period were \$817,973,276, being an increase of \$65,448,512 as compared with the year 1897. The items comprised in gross earnings from operation for the fiscal year under consideration were: Passenger revenue, \$266,970,490; increase as compared with the previous year, \$15,834,563. Mail, \$34,608,352; increase, \$853,886. Express, \$25,908,075; increase, \$1,007,009. Other earnings from passenger service, \$7,224,000. Freight revenue, \$876,727,719; increase, \$103,878,405. Other earnings from freight service, \$4,683,205; increase, \$473,548. Other earnings from operation, including a few unclassified items, \$31,203,780.

The operating expenses for the year were assigned as follows: Maintenance of way and structures, \$173,314,958; increase as compared with the preceding year, \$13,880,555. Maintenance of equipment, \$142,624,862; increase, \$19,862,504. Conducting transportation, \$464,674,276; increase, \$32,148,414. General expenses, \$36,476,686; decrease, \$4,583. The gross earnings averaged \$6,755 per mile of line and operating expenses \$4,430 per mile of line. These amounts are, respectively, \$633 and \$324 greater than the corresponding figures for 1897. The report contains a further analysis of the operating expenses of railways in the United States for the years 1895 to 1898, in accordance with the fifty-three accounts embraced in the prescribed classification of these expenses.

The income from operation—that is, the amount of gross earnings remaining after the deduction of operating expenses, and commonly termed net earnings—was \$429,352,345. This amount is \$59,787,336 greater than it was for the preceding year, ended June 30, 1897. The amount of income from other sources was \$138,202,779. The following items are embraced in this amount: Income from lease of road, \$95,471,678; dividends on stocks owned, \$15,614,638; interest on bonds owned, \$10,529,343, and miscellaneous income, \$16,587,120. The total income of the railways, \$567,555,124—that is, the income from operation and income from other sources—is the item from which fixed charges and other analogous items are to be deducted before reaching the amount available for dividends. Taking from this amount the total deductions from income, \$427,235,703, leaves \$140,319,421 as the net income for the year available for dividends or surplus.

The total amount of dividends declared during the year, including \$87,975, other payments from net income, was \$96,240,864. It therefore appears that the surplus from the operations of the year was \$44,078,557. An analysis of the total deductions from income, \$427,235,703, mentioned above, shows that they were composed of the following items: Salaries and maintenance of organization, \$443,325; interest accrued on funded debt, \$246,126,691; interest on interest-bearing current liabilities, \$7,073,953; rents paid for lease of road, \$92,391,008; taxes, \$43,828,224; permanent improvements charged to income account, \$6,847,905, and other deductions, \$30,524,597.

The railway companies make annual reports to the commission of two kinds. These are designated, respectively, as operating reports and financial reports. The former

are filed by such companies as maintain full operating accounts, and the latter by such companies as have leased their property to others for operation, their own income, aside from investments, being the annual fixed or contingent rental paid by their lessees. It follows that certain items of income and expenditure must be duplicated in comprehensive statements like the foregoing, which are compiled from railway reports of both classes. These conditions seem fully explained by the statistician, who inserts also in his report a statement which constitutes an income account of the railways of the United States as if they were represented by a single, simply organized corporation, the duplication of items of income and expenditure due to intercorporate contractual relations being eliminated therefrom.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

The total number of casualties to persons on account of railway accidents during the year ended June 30, 1898, was 47,741. The aggregate number of persons killed as a result of railway accidents during the year was 6,859, and the number injured was 40,882. Of railway employes, 1,953 were killed and 31,761 were injured during the year covered by this report. With respect to the three general classes of employes, these casualties were divided as follows: Trainmen, 1,141 killed, 15,645 injured; switchmen, flagmen and watchmen, 242 killed, 2,677 injured; other employes, 575 killed, 13,439 injured. The casualties to employes resulting from coupling and uncoupling cars were: Persons killed, 279; injured, 6,938. The corresponding figures for the preceding year were: Killed, 214; injured, 6,233.

The casualties from coupling and uncoupling cars are assigned as follows: Trainmen, killed, 182, injured, 5,290; switchmen, flagmen and watchmen, killed, 90, injured, 1,486; other employes, killed, 7, injured, 212. The casualties resulting from falling from trains and engines are assigned as follows: Trainmen, killed, 356, injured, 2,979; switchmen, flagmen and watchmen, killed, 50, injured, 359; other employes, killed, 67, injured, 521. The casualties to the same three groups of employes caused by collisions and derailments were as follows: Trainmen, killed, 262, injured, 1,367; switchmen, flagmen and watchmen, killed, 13, injured, 69; other employes, killed, 38, injured, 367.

The number of passengers killed during the year was 221 and the number injured was 2,945. Corresponding figures for the previous year were 222 killed and 2,795 injured. In consequence of collisions and derailments 72 passengers were killed and 1,134 passengers were injured during the year embraced by this report. The total number of persons other than employes and passengers killed was 4,680; injured, 6,176. These figures include casualties to persons classed as trespassers, of whom 4,063 were killed and 4,749 were injured. The summaries containing the ratio of casualties show that one out of every 447 employes was killed and one out of every twenty-eight employes was injured. With reference to trainmen—including in the term enginemen, firemen, conductors and other trainmen—it is shown that one was killed for every 150 employed and one was injured for every eleven employed. One passenger was killed for every 2,267,270 carried and one injured for every 170,141 carried. Ratios based upon the number of miles traveled, however, show that 60,542,670 passenger-miles were accomplished for each passenger killed and 4,543,270 passenger-miles accomplished for each passenger injured.

CONCLUSION.

In the conclusion of his report the statistician repeats his previous recommendations to the effect that reports should be secured from express companies engaged in interstate traffic; that reports should be secured from corporations and companies owning rolling stock which is used in interstate traffic, and also special reports from corporations and companies owning depot property, stockyards, elevators and the like; and that reports should be secured from carriers by water, so far as their business is interstate traffic.

It is further stated that nothing has occurred in the administration of the statistical division of the commission to weaken the confidence expressed in former reports in the proposal that there should be established under the jurisdiction of the commission a bureau of statistics and accounts, which shall have as its chief purpose the establishment of a uniform system of accounts for the carriers, and that it would be desirable also, should the commission see fit, to provide for a monthly report of the earnings and expenses of operating railways.

FAILURES AND AGGREGATE LIABILITIES—1879-1899.

[From Dun's Review, New York.]

CALENDAR YEARS.	No. of failures.	No. of concerns.	Per ct. of failures.	Liabilities.	CALENDAR YEARS.	No. of failures.	No. of concerns.	Per ct. of failures.	Liabilities.
1879.....	6,658	702,157	.95	98,149,053	1890.....	10,907	1,110,590	.98	189,856,964
1880.....	4,785	740,823	.63	65,752,000	1891.....	12,273	1,142,951	1.07	189,868,138
1881.....	5,582	781,689	.71	81,155,932	1892.....	10,344	1,172,705	.88	114,044,167
1882.....	6,738	822,256	.82	101,547,546	1893.....	15,242	1,193,113	1.28	346,779,889
1883.....	9,184	863,963	1.06	172,874,172	1894.....	13,885	1,114,174	1.25	172,992,856
1884.....	10,968	904,759	1.21	226,343,427	1895.....	13,197	1,209,282	1.09	173,196,060
1885.....	10,637	919,990	1.16	124,220,321	1896.....	15,088	1,151,579	1.31	226,096,834
1886.....	9,834	969,841	1.01	114,644,119	1897.....	13,351	1,058,521	1.26	154,332,071
1887.....	9,634	994,281	.90	167,560,944	1898.....	12,186	1,005,830	1.10	130,662,899
1888.....	10,679	1,046,662	1.02	123,829,973	1899*.....	4,853	.....	.....	42,062,933
1889.....	10,882	1,051,140	1.04	148,784,337					

*First six months.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Upon a per capita basis 1870-98.

YEAR.	Population, June 1.	GOVERNMENT FINANCE (Per Capita).							GOLD AND SILVER.				
		Amount of money in the United States.	Money in circulation.	Debt, less cash in treasury.	Interest paid.	Net ordinary receipts.	Net ordinary expenditures.	Disbursements for pensions.	Coin value of paper money, July 1.	Commercial ratio of silver to gold.	Annual aver- age price of silver in Lon- don per oz.	Bullion value of United States silver dollar.	
1870.....	38,558,371	\$18.73	\$17.50	\$80.46	\$3.08	\$10.67	\$8.03	\$0.72	\$0.85.6	15.57	\$1.328	.....	
1871.....	39,555,000	18.75	18.10	56.81	2.83	9.69	7.39	.84	.89	15.57	1.326	.....	
1872.....	40,596,000	18.79	18.19	52.96	2.56	9.22	6.84	.74	.87.5	15.63	1.322	.....	
1873.....	41,677,000	18.68	18.04	50.52	2.35	8.01	6.97	.70	.86.4	15.92	1.298	.....	
1874.....	42,796,000	18.83	18.13	49.17	2.31	7.13	7.07	.71	.91	16.17	1.278	.....	
1875.....	43,951,000	18.16	17.16	47.53	2.20	6.55	6.25	.68	.87.2	16.59	1.246	.....	
1876.....	45,137,000	17.52	16.12	45.66	2.11	6.52	5.87	.63	.89.5	17.88	1.156	.....	
1877.....	46,353,000	16.46	15.58	43.56	2.01	6.07	5.21	.62	.94.7	17.22	1.201	.....	
1878.....	47,598,000	16.62	15.32	42.01	1.99	5.41	4.98	.56	.99.4	17.94	1.152	\$0.93.2	
1879.....	48,866,000	21.52	16.75	40.85	1.71	5.60	5.46	.69	1.00	18.40	1.123	.86.7	
1880.....	50,155,733	24.04	19.41	38.27	1.69	6.65	5.34	1.14	1.00	18.05	1.145	.88.5	
1881.....	51,316,000	27.41	21.71	35.46	1.46	7.01	5.07	.98	1.00	18.16	1.138	.88.1	
1882.....	52,495,000	28.20	22.37	31.91	1.09	7.64	4.89	1.03	1.00	18.19	1.136	.87.9	
1883.....	53,633,000	30.61	22.91	28.66	.96	7.37	4.90	1.13	1.00	18.64	1.110	.86.5	
1884.....	54,911,000	31.06	22.65	26.20	.87	6.27	4.39	1.04	1.00	18.57	1.113	.86.1	
1885.....	56,148,000	32.37	23.02	24.50	.84	5.77	4.64	1.17	1.00	19.41	1.065	.84.5	
1886.....	57,404,000	31.51	21.82	22.34	.79	5.76	4.15	1.13	1.00	20.78	.995	.79.8	
1887.....	58,680,000	32.39	22.45	20.03	.71	6.20	4.47	1.27	1.00	21.13	.978	.76	
1888.....	59,974,000	34.40	22.88	17.72	.65	6.32	4.33	1.33	1.00	21.99	.969	.74	
1889.....	61,289,000	33.86	22.52	15.92	.63	6.01	4.38	1.45	1.00	22.10	.935	.72.1	
1890.....	62,622,250	34.24	22.82	14.22	.47	6.44	4.75	1.71	1.00	19.76	1.046	.74.9	
1891.....	63,975,000	34.31	23.41	13.32	.37	6.14	5.55	1.85	1.00	20.92	.988	.80.6	
1892.....	65,408,000	36.21	24.44	12.86	.35	5.43	5.23	2.16	1.00	23.72	.871	.72.4	
1893.....	66,826,000	34.75	23.87	12.55	.34	5.77	6.87	2.37	1.00	26.49	.780	.65	
1894.....	68,275,000	35.44	24.33	13.17	.37	4.36	6.43	2.07	1.00	32.56	.635	.49.1	
1895.....	69,753,000	34.83	22.96	12.93	.44	4.49	5.11	2.03	1.00	31.60	.654	.50.6	
1896.....	71,263,000	32.86	21.10	13.41	.49	4.59	4.94	1.96	1.00	30.32	.632	.52.8	
1897.....	72,807,000	34.25	22.49	13.63	.47	4.78	5.02	1.94	1.00	34.28	.604	.46.8	
1898.....	74,389,000	35.39	24.71	13.81	.51	5.45	5.96	1.98	1.00	35.03	.590	.45	

YEAR.	COINAGE PER CAPITA OF—		PRODUCE PER CAPITA OF—		Imports per capita.		Exports per capita.		INTERN'L REVENUE		Merchandise im- ported for con- sumption, per cap.	Duty collected per capita.	CUSTOMS REVENUE.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Imports per capita.	Exports per capita.	Collected per capita.	Expenses of collecting.	On duti- able.	On free and du- tiable.			Expenses of collecting.		
1870.....	\$0.60	\$0.04	\$1.30	\$0.41	\$0.68	\$1.54	\$4.79	\$3.92	\$11.06	\$4.96	\$47.08	\$42.23	\$3.20		
1871.....	.53	.08	1.11	.58	.54	2.49	3.62	5.30	12.65	5.12	43.95	38.94	3.18		
1872.....	.54	.06	.89	.71	.34	1.97	3.22	4.35	13.80	5.23	41.35	37.00	3.21		
1873.....	1.37	.10	.86	.86	.52	2.03	2.75	4.69	15.91	4.44	38.07	26.96	3.76		
1874.....	.82	.16	.78	.87	.66	1.56	2.39	4.40	13.26	3.75	33.53	26.88	3.49		
1875.....	.75	.35	.76	.72	.49	2.10	3.52	3.89	11.97	3.51	40.62	28.20	4.47		
1876.....	1.03	.54	.88	.86	.35	1.25	2.59	3.38	10.29	3.22	44.74	30.19	4.43		
1877.....	.95	.61	1.01	.86	.88	1.21	2.56	2.99	9.49	2.77	42.89	26.68	4.96		
1878.....	1.05	.60	1.08	.95	.63	.71	2.32	2.96	9.21	2.67	42.75	27.13	4.47		
1879.....	.80	.56	.80	.84	.42	.51	2.32	3.10	8.99	2.73	44.87	28.97	3.96		
1880.....	1.24	.55	.72	.78	1.85	.34	2.47	2.95	12.51	3.64	43.48	29.07	3.23		
1881.....	1.89	.54	.68	.84	2.16	.38	2.64	3.20	12.68	3.78	43.20	29.75	3.22		
1882.....	1.26	.53	.62	.89	.81	.94	2.79	2.80	13.64	4.12	42.66	30.11	2.95		
1883.....	.54	.54	.66	.87	.53	.59	2.69	3.06	13.05	3.92	42.45	29.92	3.07		
1884.....	.44	.52	.56	.89	.68	1.22	2.21	3.47	12.16	3.47	41.61	28.44	3.44		
1885.....	.49	.51	.67	.90	.77	.75	2.00	3.42	10.32	3.17	45.86	30.59	3.58		
1886.....	.50	.56	.61	.89	.67	1.26	2.03	3.06	10.89	3.30	45.55	30.13	3.33		
1887.....	.41	.60	.66	.91	1.03	.61	2.02	3.22	11.65	3.65	47.10	31.02	3.16		
1888.....	.52	.57	.65	.99	.99	.76	2.07	2.92	11.88	3.60	45.63	29.99	3.27		
1889.....	.35	.68	.53	1.05	.47	1.58	2.13	2.88	12.10	3.60	45.13	29.50	3.14		
1890.....	.33	.63	.52	1.13	.54	.83	2.28	2.65	12.35	3.62	44.41	29.12	2.98		
1891.....	.46	.43	.52	1.18	.57	1.70	2.28	2.75	13.36	3.39	46.28	25.25	3.17		
1892.....	.53	.19	.60	1.15	1.07	1.27	3.85	2.52	12.44	2.66	43.71	21.26	3.75		
1893.....	.85	.13	.54	1.16	.67	2.24	2.41	2.57	12.64	2.97	49.58	23.49	3.32		
1894.....	1.17	.13	.53	1.14	1.24	1.37	2.15	2.55	9.32	1.90	50.06	20.25	5.15		
1895.....	.85	.08	.56	1.14	.81	1.63	2.06	2.62	10.48	2.14	41.75	20.23	4.43		
1896.....	.65	.33	.73	1.04	.....	.....	2.06	2.62	10.66	2.20	40.18	20.67	4.52		
1897.....	1.02	.25	.44	.95	.....	.....	2.01	2.46	10.84	2.43	42.41	21.89	4.01		
1898.....	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	.....	.....	2.80	2.17	7.98	1.96	40.20	24.77	4.78		

*No data.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS OF THE U. S.—CONTINUED.

YEAR.	EXPORTS.						CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA.									
	Domestic merchandise.		Per cent of domestic products exported.													
	Exports per capita.	Agricultural products, total.	Cotton.	Wheat.	Corn.	Crude mineral oil.	Raw cotton.	Wheat.	Corn.	Sugar.	Coffee.	Tea.	Distilled spirits.	Malt liquors.	Wines.	
	Lbs.	Per ct.					Lbs.	Bu.	Bu.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Pr. gl.	Gal.	Gal.	
1870.....	9.77	78.40	65.98	22.50	.24	75.14	12.82	5.41	22.62	33.0	6.00	1.10	2.07	5.31	.32	
1871.....	10.83	70.74	72.39	22.80	.98	78.96	14.10	4.69	27.40	36.2	7.91	1.14	1.62	6.10	.40	
1872.....	10.55	74.13	67.44	16.88	3.60	71.23	11.10	4.79	21.09	40.4	7.28	1.46	1.68	6.66	.41	
1873.....	12.12	76.10	65.47	20.80	3.68	85.70	15.19	4.81	22.86	39.8	6.87	1.53	1.63	7.21	.45	
1874.....	13.31	79.37	70.03	32.54	3.86	73.06	13.60	4.46	20.95	41.5	6.59	1.27	1.51	7.00	.48	
1875.....	11.36	76.95	70.69	23.60	3.53	58.18	11.90	5.38	18.66	43.6	7.08	1.44	1.50	6.71	.45	
1876.....	11.64	71.67	70.75	25.84	3.89	56.77	14.77	4.89	23.14	35.2	7.33	1.35	1.33	6.53	.45	
1877.....	12.72	72.63	68.97	19.73	5.66	97.02	14.03	5.01	26.18	38.9	6.94	1.23	1.28	6.58	.47	
1878.....	14.30	77.07	71.23	25.29	6.49	72.67	13.71	5.72	26.37	34.3	6.24	1.33	1.09	6.68	.47	
1879.....	14.29	78.12	67.74	35.16	6.33	71.47	15.90	5.58	26.61	40.7	7.42	1.21	1.11	7.06	.50	
1880.....	16.43	83.25	65.73	40.18	6.43	61.17	18.94	5.35	28.88	42.9	8.78	1.39	1.27	8.26	.56	
1881.....	17.23	82.63	68.47	37.88	5.46	43.22	19.64	6.09	31.64	44.2	8.25	1.54	1.38	8.65	.47	
1882.....	13.97	75.31	67.23	31.82	3.71	58.85	16.15	4.98	21.92	48.4	8.30	1.47	1.40	10.03	.49	
1883.....	14.98	77.00	67.20	29.83	2.58	47.22	20.80	6.64	29.24	51.1	8.91	1.30	1.46	10.27	.48	
1884.....	13.20	73.98	67.56	26.49	2.99	62.35	16.30	5.64	27.40	53.4	9.26	1.09	1.48	10.74	.37	
1885.....	12.94	72.96	63.96	25.86	2.95	67.24	15.16	6.77	31.04	51.8	9.60	1.18	1.26	10.62	.39	
1886.....	11.60	72.82	61.68	26.48	3.35	76.07	19.59	4.57	32.60	56.9	9.36	1.37	1.26	11.20	.45	
1887.....	11.98	74.40	63.71	33.66	2.48	60.13	16.84	5.17	27.68	52.7	8.53	1.49	1.21	11.23	.55	
1888.....	11.40	73.23	65.83	26.23	1.74	57.77	19.59	5.62	33.86	56.7	6.81	1.40	1.26	12.80	.61	
1889.....	11.92	72.37	69.33	31.31	3.57	63.30	17.22	5.34	31.28	51.8	9.16	1.29	1.32	12.72	.56	
1890.....	13.50	74.51	63.15	22.31	4.85	53.09	18.50	6.09	32.09	52.8	7.83	1.33	1.40	13.67	.46	
1891.....	13.63	73.69	67.36	26.60	2.15	43.80	22.02	4.58	22.79	66.1	7.99	1.29	1.42	15.28	.45	
1892.....	15.53	73.69	65.19	36.88	3.72	37.35	24.03	5.91	30.83	63.5	9.61	1.37	1.50	15.10	.44	
1893.....	12.44	74.05	65.99	37.20	2.89	45.10	17.07	4.85	23.66	63.4	8.24	1.32	1.51	16.08	.48	
1894.....	12.73	72.23	71.20	41.47	4.11	53.29	15.91	3.41	22.76	66.0	8.01	1.34	1.33	15.18	.31	
1895.....	11.57	69.73	60.53	31.46	2.36	50.76	22.48	4.54	16.98	62.6	9.22	1.38	1.12	14.95	.23	
1896.....	12.11	66.02	65.00	27.07	8.78	43.34	18.46	4.78	14.73	61.6	8.04	1.31	1.00	15.16	.26	
1897.....	14.17	66.23	73.33	33.93	7.53	55.06	18.46	3.88	28.91	64.5	9.95	1.55	1.01	14.69	.53	
1898.....	16.27	70.54	67.82	40.91	11.14	47.09	25.26	4.21	22.73	61.1	11.45	.91	1.10	15.64	.28	

YEAR.	CONSUMPTION OF RAW WOOL.		Tonnage of vessels; annual increase or decrease (+ or -).	Imports and exports of merchandise carried in American vessels.	POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.		PUBLIC SCHOOLS.		Immigration—per cent of annual increase of population.
	Total per capita.	Per cent foreign.			Revenue per capita.	Expenditure per capita.	Population 5 to 15 years of age.	Expenditures per capita of population 5 to 15 years of age.	
	Lbs.	Per cent.			\$.	\$.	Millions.	\$.	
1870.....	5.43	32.7	+ 2.41	35.6	\$0.51	\$0.62	12.1	\$5.24	43.26
1871.....	5.73	29.4	+ 3.85	31.9	.51	.62	12.3	5.62	32.24
1872.....	6.75	45.3	+ 8.62	29.2	.54	.66	12.6	5.90	33.89
1873.....	5.67	33.2	+ 5.82	26.4	.55	.70	12.8	5.95	42.53
1874.....	4.81	17.5	+ 2.23	27.2	.62	.75	13.1	6.11	23.00
1875.....	5.28	22.1	+ 1.10	26.2	.61	.79	13.4	6.23	19.70
1876.....	5.21	18.3	+ 11.83	27.7	.63	.74	13.7	6.06	14.33
1877.....	5.16	16.3	+ .86	26.9	.59	.72	14.0	5.67	11.67
1878.....	5.28	16.9	+ .70	26.3	.62	.72	14.4	5.49	11.12
1879.....	5.03	14.2	+ 1.02	23.0	.66	.69	14.7	5.18	14.02
1880.....	6.11	34.9	+ 2.43	17.4	.62	.73	15.1	5.17	35.45
1881.....	5.66	17.3	+ .25	16.5	.72	.77	15.4	5.43	57.71
1882.....	6.36	19.0	+ 2.66	15.3	.80	.77	15.7	5.67	66.92
1883.....	6.62	18.7	+ 1.67	16.0	.85	.81	16.0	6.05	50.44
1884.....	6.85	20.6	+ 1.84	17.2	.79	.86	16.4	6.29	42.58
1885.....	6.69	18.0	+ .12	15.3	.76	.89	16.7	6.61	31.96
1886.....	7.39	28.9	+ 3.16	15.5	.77	.88	17.1	6.63	26.61
1887.....	6.68	27.4	+ .60	14.3	.83	.91	17.4	6.65	38.41
1888.....	6.31	28.9	+ 2.10	14.0	.88	.94	17.8	6.98	42.26
1889.....	6.53	31.8	+ 2.74	14.3	.92	1.01	18.2	7.23	34.06
1890.....	6.03	27.0	+ 2.71	12.9	.97	1.11	18.5	7.60	34.16
1891.....	6.43	30.8	+ 5.88	12.5	1.03	1.14	18.8	7.85	41.41
1892.....	6.72	33.1	+ 1.71	12.3	1.08	1.19	19.2	8.12	43.63
1893.....	7.05	35.7	+ 1.26	12.2	1.14	1.26	19.6	8.31	35.84
1894.....	5.08	14.2	+ 2.90	13.3	1.10	1.25	20.1	8.49	21.70
1895.....	6.32	46.1	+ 1.02	11.7	1.10	1.29	20.4	8.60	21.19
1896.....	6.88	45.9	+ 1.47	12.0	1.16	1.32	20.9	8.84	22.73
1897.....	8.26	57.8	+ 1.38	11.0	1.14	1.32	21.1	8.38	14.09
1898.....	5.34	48.09	- .40	9.03	1.20	1.36	(*)	(*)	14.49

*No data.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENT-1867-99.

REVENUE BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEAR	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Sales of public lands.	MISCELLANEOUS SOURCES		Total revenue.	Excess of revenue over ordinary expenditures
					Prem's on loans and sales of gold coin.	Other miscellaneous items.		
1867...	\$176,417,811	\$266,027,537	\$4,200,234	\$1,163,576	\$27,737,530	\$15,087,522	\$490,634,010	\$133,091,335
1868...	164,464,600	191,067,589	1,788,146	1,348,715	29,203,629	17,745,404	405,638,083	28,297,798
1869...	180,048,427	158,356,461	765,636	4,020,344	13,755,491	13,997,339	370,943,747	48,078,469
1870...	194,538,374	184,899,756	229,103	3,350,482	15,295,644	12,942,118	411,255,478	101,601,917
1871...	206,270,408	143,086,154	580,355	2,388,647	8,832,840	22,063,541	383,323,945	91,146,757
1872...	216,370,287	130,642,178	.....	2,575,714	9,412,638	15,106,051	374,106,868	96,588,905
1873...	188,089,523	113,729,314	315,255	2,892,312	11,560,531	17,161,270	333,738,205	43,392,939
1874...	163,103,834	102,409,785	.....	1,352,429	5,037,665	17,075,043	239,478,755	2,344,882
1875...	157,167,722	110,007,944	.....	1,413,040	3,979,280	15,491,915	288,000,051	13,376,658
1876...	148,071,985	110,700,732	93,799	1,129,467	4,029,281	17,456,776	287,482,039	29,022,242
1877...	130,956,493	118,630,408	.....	976,254	405,777	18,031,655	269,000,587	30,340,578
1878...	130,170,680	110,581,625	.....	1,079,743	317,102	15,614,723	257,763,379	20,739,552
1879...	137,250,048	113,561,611	.....	924,781	1,505,048	20,585,697	273,827,184	6,879,301
1880...	186,522,065	124,009,374	31	1,016,507	110	21,978,525	333,526,611	65,883,653
1881...	198,159,676	135,264,386	1,517	2,201,803	.....	25,154,851	360,782,293	100,069,405
1882...	220,410,730	146,497,595	160,142	4,753,140	.....	31,703,643	403,525,259	145,543,811
1883...	214,706,497	144,720,869	108,157	7,955,864	.....	30,796,695	398,287,582	132,879,444
1884...	195,067,490	121,586,703	70,721	9,810,705	.....	21,984,882	348,519,870	103,338,626
1885...	181,471,939	112,498,726	.....	5,705,986	.....	24,014,055	323,690,706	63,403,771
1886...	192,905,023	116,805,936	108,240	5,630,969	.....	20,989,528	336,439,727	93,956,589
1887...	177,286,938	118,823,391	32,892	9,254,286	.....	26,005,815	371,406,278	103,471,098
1888...	219,091,174	124,296,872	1,566	11,202,017	.....	24,674,446	379,203,075	111,341,274
1889...	223,832,742	130,381,514	.....	8,038,652	.....	24,297,151	387,050,059	87,701,081
1890...	229,686,584	142,606,705	.....	6,358,272	.....	24,447,419	403,080,982	85,040,272
1891...	219,522,205	145,086,249	.....	4,029,535	.....	23,374,457	392,612,447	26,898,542
1892...	177,452,964	153,971,072	.....	3,261,876	.....	20,251,872	359,397,734	9,914,454
1893...	203,355,017	161,027,232	.....	3,182,090	.....	18,253,898	385,818,629	2,341,674
1894...	181,818,531	147,111,234	.....	1,673,637	.....	17,118,618	297,722,019	*69,803,260
1895...	152,158,617	143,421,672	.....	1,103,347	.....	16,706,438	313,890,075	*42,806,223
1896...	160,021,751	146,762,864	.....	1,005,523	.....	19,186,060	326,916,200	*25,203,245
1897...	176,554,126	146,668,774	.....	864,581	.....	23,614,422	347,721,905	18,062,254
1898...	149,575,062	170,900,641	.....	1,243,129	.....	33,602,501	405,231,335	*38,047,247
1899...	206,128,148	273,437,161	.....	1,678,246	.....	34,716,730	515,900,620	*89,111,559

* Expenditures in excess of revenue.

EXPENDITURES BY FISCAL YEARS.

YEAR	CIVIL AND MISCELLANEOUS		War department.	Navy department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on public debt.	Total ordinary expenditures
	Prem. on loans, purchase of bonds, etc.	Other civil and miscellaneous items.						
1867...	\$10,813,349	\$51,110,224	\$95,224,416	\$31,034,011	\$4,642,532	\$20,936,552	\$143,781,592	\$357,542,675
1868...	7,001,151	53,009,868	123,246,649	25,775,503	4,100,682	23,782,387	140,424,046	377,340,285
1869...	1,574,680	56,474,062	78,501,991	20,000,738	7,042,233	28,476,092	150,694,243	322,865,278
1870...	15,906,556	53,237,462	57,655,675	21,780,230	3,407,938	28,340,202	129,235,498	309,653,561
1871...	9,016,735	60,481,916	35,799,992	19,431,027	7,426,997	34,443,835	125,576,566	292,177,183
1872...	6,953,267	60,984,157	35,372,157	21,249,810	7,061,729	28,533,403	117,357,840	277,517,963
1873...	5,105,920	73,328,110	41,323,138	23,526,257	7,051,705	29,359,427	170,704,688	290,845,245
1874...	1,395,074	69,641,593	42,315,927	30,352,587	6,892,462	29,098,415	107,119,815	287,133,873
1875...	.....	71,070,703	41,120,646	21,497,626	8,384,657	29,456,216	103,093,545	274,623,393
1876...	.....	66,958,574	38,070,859	18,963,310	5,908,558	28,257,396	100,243,271	258,459,797
1877...	.....	56,252,067	37,082,736	14,959,935	5,277,007	27,963,732	97,124,512	238,600,009
1878...	.....	53,177,704	32,154,148	17,365,301	4,629,280	27,137,019	102,500,875	236,964,327
1879...	.....	65,741,555	40,425,661	15,125,127	5,206,109	35,121,482	105,327,949	266,947,883
1880...	2,956,320	54,713,530	38,116,916	13,536,985	5,945,457	36,777,174	95,757,575	267,642,958
1881...	1,061,249	64,416,325	40,466,461	15,686,672	6,514,161	50,069,280	82,608,741	260,712,888
1882...	.....	57,219,151	43,570,494	15,032,046	9,736,747	61,345,194	71,077,207	257,381,440
1883...	.....	63,678,022	48,911,383	15,283,437	7,302,590	66,012,574	59,160,131	265,408,138
1884...	.....	70,920,434	39,429,603	17,292,601	6,475,999	55,429,228	54,573,378	244,126,244
1885...	.....	87,494,258	40,720,578	16,021,080	6,552,495	56,102,267	51,396,256	260,226,985
1886...	.....	74,166,980	34,324,153	13,907,888	6,099,158	63,404,864	50,580,146	242,453,138
1887...	.....	85,264,826	38,561,026	15,141,127	6,194,523	75,029,102	47,741,577	267,332,130
1888...	8,270,842	72,952,261	38,522,436	16,926,435	6,249,308	80,288,509	44,715,007	267,924,801
1889...	17,292,363	80,694,064	44,435,271	21,378,809	6,892,208	87,624,779	41,001,484	229,258,978
1890...	20,304,244	81,406,256	44,582,838	22,006,206	6,708,047	106,966,855	36,099,234	318,040,711
1891...	10,401,221	110,048,167	48,720,035	25,118,896	8,527,469	124,415,951	57,547,135	365,773,905
1892...	.....	99,846,988	46,895,456	29,174,189	11,150,578	134,583,033	23,378,116	355,023,330
1893...	.....	103,732,799	49,641,773	30,186,084	13,345,347	159,357,585	27,264,392	333,477,954
1894...	.....	101,943,730	54,567,930	31,701,294	10,248,482	141,177,285	27,841,006	365,195,288
1895...	.....	93,279,730	51,804,759	23,797,735	9,399,754	141,395,228	30,718,030	356,195,296
1896...	.....	87,216,234	50,830,920	27,147,732	12,165,528	139,434,000	35,835,028	352,179,448
1897...	.....	90,401,267	48,950,267	34,561,546	13,016,802	141,053,164	37,791,110	365,774,159
1898...	.....	96,520,505	51,992,000	58,823,667	10,994,667	147,452,368	37,585,056	443,368,582
1899...	.....	119,191,255	229,841,254	63,942,104	12,805,711	139,894,929	39,896,925	605,072,179

AMERICAN TRUSTS.

Monopolies, trusts, syndicates, or by whatever other name organizations formed for the purpose of controlling the output of manufactured products, for regulating prices or for adjusting wages, may be known, are not peculiar to either the present age or to our own country.

In the sixteenth century the people of England complained of the extortions of the monopolies which had been granted by the crown and the whole system was attacked in parliament in 1597. No restraining law was passed, because of the personal solicitation of the queen, but in 1601 parliament took up the subject and a list of the most objectionable monopolies was read in the house of commons. One member of that body caused a sensation at the time by asking, "Is not bread among the number?"

In 1623 the so-called statute of monopolies was passed, which provided that all monopolies should be illegal, except such as might be granted by parliament, the only exceptions being the control of new manufactures and inventions. For a time this law put an end to the formation of monopolies which have now become so common in nearly every civilized country on the globe. In England, despite the industrial energy of the country and its extensive commerce, the trust system has not made the advance it has in some other countries in Europe or in America. A recent writer in explaining this apparent anomaly says that "this is doubtless due in some degree to the thorough application of the principle of free trade, for it is well known that the largest trusts are powerless unless their interests are secured by a protective tariff excluding from home markets the products of foreign countries."

Technical journals in Germany credited the empire with 180 trusts, or private monopolies, in 1897, and the number has considerably increased since then. In such industries as brick, stone, plaster of paris, glue, mortar and the like there are over forty trusts, of which a recent writer says: "Of these trusts—in the widest sense of the word—it may be said that by hindering unlimited underbidding they have proved an actual blessing to the trades concerned, without becoming a menace to the public welfare." The same writer says: "The activity and extension of trusts in Germany has not yet led to serious apprehen-

sions or open hatred on the part of large portions of the population as now appears to exist in the United States. Although aiming primarily at the establishment of better prices, German trusts cannot be accused of the exploitation of the public at large or of the working classes. As regards the establishment of prices, also, the trusts have hitherto displayed a wise moderation."

In Austria-Hungary there have been fewer trusts organized, chiefly because opposed to them there is a strong and pronounced public sentiment. As a rule they have been censured because of their attitude regarding the subject of wages.

Perhaps in no country in Europe has the trust system assumed the proportions it has acquired in France. The iron trade, the chemical industries, the bottle-glass, sugar refining, zinc and many other important lines of industry are controlled by trusts and have been so for many years.

In Belgium and Denmark there are large interests in international trusts. In Russia, while the courts do not recognize the formation of trusts as legal, strong industrial organizations control many of the commodities. Iron, brandy, sugar, petroleum and a vast number of other products are in the hands of monopolies which oppress the people. Not only is no resistance offered them by the government, but "many of them have been organized under the protection and with the assistance of the government."

In the United States trusts are of comparatively recent origin, but the rapidity with which they have, of late years, been formed indicates the popularity of a system that is centuries old in Europe. The following table, giving a list of the principal trusts in this country, has been prepared with care from several reliable sources of information and is as nearly complete as it has been possible to make it. Many small combinations, of a local character, have been purposely omitted. That it is free from all errors is not claimed, for authentic information is in many instances impossible to reach. It is believed to be the largest and most reliable list of American trusts yet published. The (*) indicates that the amount of capital stock is estimated, no authentic figures being attainable. Credit is given to the Investor, American Monthly, Review of Reviews, Chicago Securities and other publications:

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
A. Booth & Co. (fish and oysters).....	\$3,000,000	\$2,500,000
Acker Process company.....	3,000,000	.....
Acker Process Patent company.....	2,000,000	.....
Amalgamated Copper company.....	*75,000,000	.....
American Actuation company of New York city (manufacturers of power-regulating machinery).....	5,000,000	.....
American Agricultural Chemical company (twenty-three fertilizer plants)	20,000,000	20,000,000
American Air Power company (controls Hoadley patents on air motors for cars).....	7,000,000	.....
American Alkali company.....	24,000,000	6,000,000
American Automatic Weighing Machine company (three companies).....	775,000	775,000
American Beet Sugar company (four factories, 7,500 acres of land—west of Missouri).....	15,000,000	4,000,000
American Bicycle company (100 plants—75 per cent all in country)...	20,000,000	10,000,000
American Birch company (to control New York market).....	4,000,000	6,000,000
American Brass company, Waterbury, Conn.....	20,000,000	.....
American Brick company.....	7,500,000	7,500,000

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
American Bridge company (to control 75 per cent of bridge-building trade)	\$30,000,000	\$20,000,000
American Car and Foundry company (eight leading car manufacturing companies, including Michigan Peninsular Car company).....	30,000,000	30,000,000
American Car Supply company (manufacturers railroad supplies)....	50,000,000	.....
American Caramel company.....	1,000,000	500,000
American Cereal company.....	3,400,000	.....
American Chiclet company (forming with chewing gum plants).....	6,000,000	3,000,000
Anaconda Copper Mining company	30,000,000	.....
American Cotton Oil company (123 properties).....	20,327,100	10,189,600
American Edible Nut company.....	5,000,000	.....
American Electric Heating company.....	10,000,000	.....
American Felt company.....	2,500,000	2,500,000
American Fisheries company (Menh'd. oil, 15-18 companies).....	8,000,000	2,000,000
American Gas and Electric Lighting Fixture company (forming with fourteen plants)	9,000,000	6,000,000
American Ginning company.....	5,000,000	.....
American Glass company (window glass dealers).....	1,200,000	.....
American Glucose Sugar Refining company.....	3,000,000	.....
American Glue company.....	1,400,000	.....
American Grass Twine company.....	15,000,000	.....
American Hard Rubber company (three companies).....	*2,500,000	.....
American Hat company.....	15,000,000	10,000,000
American-Hawaiian Steam Navigation company.....	750,000	.....
American Hay company (100 firms).....	*5,000,000	.....
American Hide and Leather company (proposed combination of upper leather tanneries)	30,000,000	30,000,000
American Honduras company of Augusta, Me.....	*10,000,000	.....
American Ice company (Maine ice companies and artificial ice).....	30,000,000	30,000,000
American Incandescent Light company.....	2,000,000	.....
American Indies company (gas, electric, etc., in new colonies).....	13,000,000	5,000,000
American Iron and Steel Manufacturing company (nut and bolt combine—total capital, \$30,000,000), to be issued now.....	12,000,000	3,000,000
American Lamp Chimney company (one-third total supply in United States)	500,000	250,000
American Last company (combination of manufacturers of lasts)....	2,000,000	1,500,000
American Linseed Oil company (eighty-two plants), reorganization and consolidation	16,750,000	16,750,000
American Lithograph company.....	3,000,000	3,500,000
American Machine (sewing) company.....	*10,000,000	.....
American Malting company (thirty companies).....	15,000,000	15,000,000
American Mica company.....	3,500,000	.....
American Pastry and Manufacturing company.....	2,000,000	1,000,000
American Pipe and Foundry company (five iron pipe companies).....	*10,000,000	.....
American Plow company (seventeen manufacturers, Chicago).....	65,000,000	.....
American Pneumatic company (pneumatic companies, Boston).....	10,000,000	5,000,000
American Power and Transportation company.....	12,500,000	.....
American Radiator company (incorporated to combine boiler, radiator and heating apparatus manufacturing).....	5,000,000	5,000,000
American Railways company.....	*25,000,000	.....
American Railway Equipment company.....	*9,730,000	7,730,000
American Saddle company (manufacture of bicycle saddles).....	1,000,000	800,000
American Sardine company (embracing all companies outside Chicago syndicate, or about 25 per cent).....	*3,000,000	.....
American Sardine Trust (embracing 75 per cent of factories—Chicago syndicate) .....	.....	.....
American School Furniture company.....	10,000,000	.....
American Sewer Pipe company (proposed to include forty-eight companies)	12,500,000	12,500,000
American Shear company.....	1,000,000	.....
American Shipbuilding company.....	15,000,000	15,000,000
American Shot and Lead company.....	3,000,000	.....
American Silk Manufacturing company.....	*50,000,000	50,000,000
American Silk Ribbon company.....	*50,000,000	.....
American Spirits Manufacturing company (whisky, 18 districts).....	27,000,000	27,000,000
American Steel and Wire company (fifteen to twenty companies)....	40,000,000	50,000,000
American Steel Hoop company.....	19,000,000	14,000,000
American Stoneware company (forming—twenty-five potteries east of Mississippi river)	2,500,000	.....
American Strawboard (nineteen plants).....	6,000,000	.....
American Sugar Refining company.....	36,968,000	36,968,000
American Switch company.....	5,500,000	5,500,000
American Thread company (thirteen companies).....	5,000,000	5,000,000
American Tin Plate company (281 mills).....	20,000,000	30,000,000
American Tobacco company (plug).....	33,500,000	14,000,000
American Warp Drawing Machine company.....	2,300,000	700,000

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
American Window Glass company (forming—to control 80 to 90 per cent of all).....	*\$15,000,000	\$15,000,000
Associate Wine Dealers (agreement with California corporation)....	5,000,000	.....
American Wood Working Machinery company (fourteen firms).....	2,000,000	2,000,000
American Woolen company (combination worsted manufacturers)....	30,000,000	20,000,000
American Writing Paper company (twenty-seven mills—76 per cent of the fine writing paper output).....	12,500,000	12,500,000
American Zinc company (all leading manufactories).....	5,000,000	.....
American Smelting and Refining company.....	32,500,000	32,500,000
American Enamelled Paper company.....	5,000,000	.....
American Vinegar company.....	7,000,000	4,000,000
Arizona United Copper Mining company.....	10,000,000	.....
Arizona Water company (several land, improvement and canal companies).....	1,500,000	.....
Asphalt Company of America.....	30,000,000	.....
Association of Boat Oar Manufacturers of the United States (agreement on prices).....	500,000	.....
Atlantic Brass company.....	1,000,000	.....
Atlantic Clay company.....	2,000,000	1,000,000
Atlantic Snuff company (all but two big companies).....	2,000,000	8,000,000
Atlas Cement (increase capital).....	6,000,000	.....
Automobile Machine and Screw company (forming—nine screw manufacturers in United States).....	6,000,000	4,000,000
Automobile Trust.....	*3,000,000	.....
Autotruck Combine (forming—to control exclusive rights under Hoadley-Knight patents in Europe and America).....	200,000,000	.....
Autotruck Electric company (to acquire patents and work the same).....	1,000,000	.....
Baltimore Brick Concerns.....	4,000,000	.....
Baltimore Electric Light company (three electric light companies of Baltimore).....	5,000,000	.....
Banana Trust (combine southern importers).....	.....	.....
Banana Trust (forming to compete with United Fruit company)....	.....	.....
Burrellmakers' Combine.....	.....	.....
Bessemer Ore association (lake mines).....	*20,000,000	.....
Bethlehem Steel company.....	15,000,000	.....
Billiard Table Trust.....	.....	.....
Bituminous Coal Trust (proposed—to consolidate bituminous coal interests about Pittsburgh).....	30,000,000	30,000,000
Blast Furnace Combine (five Pennsylvania concerns—forming).....	*25,000,000	.....
Boiler Manufacturers' Trust.....	.....	.....
Bolt and Nut (several associations—carriage, stove, tire, etc.).....	*10,000,000	.....
Borax Consolidated Limited International Consolidation—United States and foreign countries.....	3,000,000	5,000,000
Borden Condensed Milk company.....	20,000,000	.....
Boston and Seven Devils Copper company.....	5,000,000	.....
Boston Breweries company.....	4,000,000	.....
Boston Coal, Dock and Warehouse company ("J. P. Morgan's Coal Combine").....	.....	.....
Boston Drug Jobbers' Trust.....	.....	.....
Boxmakers' Combine (of California and Oregon).....	*1,000,000	.....
Brass Foundry and Machine company (iron, steel and brass castings).....	6,000,000	.....
Bread and Cake Combine.....	*250,000	.....
Breweries Trust.....	.....	.....
Brewers' Combine (Conn.) (now forming).....	2,500,000	.....
Brewers' Combine (Mass.) (now forming).....	2,500,000	.....
Brewers' Combine (western—to control Omaha plants).....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Wharf and Warehouse company.....	5,000,000	.....
Broom Manufacturers' Association of United States (regulates prices).....	*10,000,000	.....
Broom Twine (selling combine).....	500,000	.....
Buffalo Gas company (all gas interests of Buffalo).....	7,000,000	2,000,000
California Fruit Growers' association (formed to fight refrigerator car combine).....	.....	.....
California Fruit Packers' association (twenty-six canneries).....	2,500,000	.....
California Raisin Growers' association (2,000 growers and sixty packers; controls 95 per cent of the crop).....	5,000,000	.....
California Wine Makers' Corporation.....	10,000,000	.....
Cambria Steel company (plants in five counties in Pennsylvania)....	16,000,000	.....
Candy Manufacturers.....	*75,000,000	.....
Canned Goods Trust (proposed).....	20,000,000	.....
Canning Machinery Pool.....	.....	.....
Carnegie Steel company (forming—includes fifteen Carnegie & Frick iron, steel and coke companies).....	100,000,000	250,000,000
Carpet Manufacturers' Combine (proposed).....	.....	.....
Casket Trust (consolidation proposed of casket manufacturing interests).....	25,000,000	.....

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
Cast Iron Pipe Trust (six companies—agreement).....	*\$15,000,000	.....
Cedar Shingles Manufacturers' association (Washington state, limits product)	5,000,000	.....
Cement Combine (proposed).....	12,000,000	.....
Central Coal and Coke Company of Ohio (selling agency).....	500,000	.....
Central Electric railway of Kansas City (consolidation of present companies)	500,000	.....
Central Foundry company (soll pipe combine).....	7,000,000	\$7,000,000
Central Hudson Steamboat company (nine Hudson river boats).....	1,000,000	.....
Central Lumber Company of California.....	*70,000,000	.....
Central Mattress Manufacturers' association (thirty-one western manufacturers)	*2,000,000	.....
Central New York Brewing company (consolidation of nine leading breweries of Syracuse, N. Y.).....	2,200,000	1,800,000
Central Union Gas company.....	5,000,000	9,000,000
Central Union Telephone company (consolidation of Bell telephone in Indiana, Illinois and Ohio, except certain cities).....	6,605,300	.....
Chain Trust (proposed).....	*12,500,000	*12,500,000
Chair Trust (proposed).....	.....	.....
Chamber Furniture Manufacturers' association (fifty manufacturers of sideboards, etc., fixed prices).....	*10,000,000	.....
Champagne Trust (proposed).....	25,000,000	25,000,000
Charleston (S. C.) Consolidated Railway, Gas and Electric company	1,500,000	.....
Chemical company (pharmaceutical manufacturers).....	*50,000,000	.....
Chicago and Northwestern Granaries company (177 country elevators and two warehouses, five breweries and malt houses).....	3,125,000	3,125,000
Chicago Breweries, Limited.....	2,000,000	.....
Chicago City Railway company.....	14,000,000	.....
Chicago Consolidated Traction company (eight suburban companies).....	14,400,000	.....
Chicago Edison company (absorbed four companies).....	4,975,900	.....
Chicago Laundry company (three-fourths of the laundries of Chicago).....	*7,000,000	.....
Chicago Milk company (to control milk output in vicinity of Chicago).....	3,000,000	3,000,000
Chicago Packing and Provision company (two plants).....	1,000,000	1,000,000
Chicago Railway Terminal Elevator company (five elevators).....	1,402,920	1,330,850
Chicago Sash, Door and Blind company (thirty-five Chicago companies)	3,500,000	2,500,000
Chicago Telephone company.....	4,336,500	.....
Chicago Union Traction company.....	32,000,000	.....
Chicago Vehicle company.....	1,000,000	.....
Cigar Trust (proposed—twenty-three Tampa and Key West cigar manufacturers)	20,000,000	.....
Cincinnati Coal Elevator Combine.....	.....	.....
City of Chicago Brewing and Malting company (English and American companies)	3,125,000	3,125,000
Cleveland and Sandusky Brewing company (eleven breweries).....	3,000,000	3,000,000
Cloth Finishers' Combine.....	.....	.....
Coal Trust (proposed—all mines in Pittsburg district).....	25,000,000	.....
Cocanut Trust	*7,000,000	.....
Cold Storage Combine (proposed).....	12,000,000	.....
Colorado Fuel and Iron company.....	11,000,000	2,000,000
Columbia Automobile company.....	3,000,000	.....
Columbia Chemical company (soda-ash makers—proposed).....	45,000,000	.....
Columbia Electric Vehicle Manufacturing company.....	5,000,000	.....
Columbia Electric Car Lighting and Brake company (three companies)	11,000,000	.....
Columbia River Canneries company.....	2,000,000	.....
Columbian Electric Car Lighting and Brake company.....	10,000,000	.....
Columbus (O.) Gas Light and Heating company (will own two big companies)	1,700,000	3,300,000
Commercial Chemical Company of United States (paris green manufacturers form selling agency).....	2,000,000	.....
Commonwealth Electric company (twelve companies—Chicago lighting—pools with Chicago Edison company).....	3,000,000	.....
Compania de la Hacienda de Coahuayula.....	5,000,000	.....
Compressed Gas Capsule company.....	15,000,000	.....
Consolidated City Water company (three companies, Los Angeles, Cal.)	2,400,000	.....
Consolidated Gas company of Newark, N. J. (all gas companies between Passaic and Elizabeth).....	6,000,000	.....
Consolidated Gas of Pittsburg (companies in Pittsburg and Allegheny)	4,000,000	2,500,000
Consolidated Gas, New York (all gas companies but New Amsterdam)	36,730,000	.....
Consolidated Ice company (Pittsburg concerns).....	2,000,000	2,000,000
Consolidated Ice company (New York and Maine companies).....	6,500,000	3,500,000

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
Consolidated Smelting and Refining company.....	\$27,000,000	\$27,000,000
Consolidated Street Car company.....	10,000,000	8,000,000
Consolidated Traction of New Jersey (consolidated trolleys in northern New Jersey).....	15,000,000	.....
Consumers' Alliance, New Jersey.....	500,000	.....
Consumers' Ice company (all ice dealers of Indianapolis).....	1,000,000	.....
Continental Cement company.....	5,000,000	5,000,000
Continental Cotton Oil company (seven southern companies).....	3,000,000	3,000,000
Continental Cracker company (consolidation of several companies).....	*10,000,000	.....
Continental Compressed Air company.....	15,000,000	.....
Continental Manufacturing company (to manufacture chemicals).....	1,000,000	500,000
Continental Oil company.....	3,000,000	3,000,000
Consolidated Rubber Tire company.....	10,000,000	.....
Continental Tobacco company (plug—with late increase of capital).....	85,000,000	.....
Copper Sheets and Bolts Manufacturers' association (fixes prices)...	*3,000,000	.....
Cornstalk Combine (proposed).....	50,000,000	.....
Corset Trust	*30,000,000	.....
Cotton Duck Manufacturers.....	.....	.....
Cotton Yarn Combination (forming—seven mills in Massachusetts)...	8,460,000	.....
Cox Electric Cart company.....	1,000,000	.....
Cuban Steel company.....	.....	.....
Cuban Tobacco Trust.....	12,500,000	7,500,000
Derby Hat Pool (four big companies sell together).....	3,000,000	.....
Detroit City Gas (all natural and artificial gas companies in the city)	4,650,000	.....
Denver City Tramway company (consolidated street lines).....	5,000,000	.....
Denver Trust (combination proposed of all railway, water, electric light, coal, gas and telephone companies in Denver, Col.).....	60,000,000	.....
Diamond Match company (six mills in various places).....	11,000,000	.....
Dietrichs Gear company.....	1,000,000	.....
Distilling Company of America (a whisky trust).....	55,000,000	70,000,000
Dominion Steel company.....	*15,000,000	.....
Drug Pool (wholesale dealers of New York city).....	5,000,000	.....
East Jersey Electric company.....	1,000,000	.....
Edison Portland Cement company.....	9,000,000	2,000,000
Electrolytic Chemical company.....	5,000,000	.....
Electrical Lead Reduction company.....	12,000,000	.....
Electric Axle, Light and Power company.....	25,000,000	.....
Electric Boat company.....	5,000,000	5,000,000
Electric Company of America.....	25,000,000	.....
Electric Storage Battery company (total capital).....	13,000,000	5,000,000
Electric Vehicle Company of Washington.....	.....	.....
Electric Vehicle Transportation company.....	25,000,000	.....
Encaustic Tile company (to control all companies).....	4,000,000	3,000,000
Ewing-Essick Engine company.....	5,000,000	.....
Express Company General.....	1,000,000	.....
Factory Insurance association (twenty-nine companies).....	34,655,000	.....
Farming Machinery Trust (proposed).....	*50,000,000	.....
Federal Ink and Supply company.....	16,000,000	4,000,000
Federal Sewer Pipe company.....	12,500,000	12,500,000
Federal Steel (five or six big iron and steel companies).....	53,261,000	46,484,300
Federal Varnish company (capital to be increased to \$30,000,000 later on)	100,000	.....
Feed Dealers' Trust (proposed).....	.....	.....
File Manufacturers' Trust (proposed).....	.....	.....
Fire Clay Sewer Pipe Trust (forming with thirty-one companies)...	*20,000,000	.....
Fireproofing company	1,000,000	1,000,000
Fireproofing (nine Ohio companies sell together).....	*3,000,000	.....
Fish and Oyster Trust (St. Louis corporation to control trade in south, west and southwest).....	5,500,000	.....
Five States Milk Producers' association (farmers to keep up prices of milk, as against the trust).....	20,000,000	.....
Forged Steel Joint Trust (proposed).....	100,000	.....
Foundry Supply Combine.....	.....	.....
Fowler Bros., Limited, of Chicago (five English and American companies), provisions	3,755,000	.....
Fox River Brick and Tile company, consolidated (fifteen brick yards in Wisconsin).....	200,000	.....
Francis Gowdy Distilling company (combination eastern gin companies)	100,000	.....
Fulter Round Bale company.....	5,750,000	2,250,000
Gardiner Artificial Wood company.....	9,000,000	3,000,000
Gas Fixtures Trust.....	9,000,000	6,000,000
Gas Self-Lighting company.....	1,500,000	.....
General Carriage company.....	20,000,000	.....

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
General Chemical company (combination of manufacturers of "heavy chemicals," conservative capitalization).....	\$12,500,000	\$12,500,000
General Electric company of Minneapolis (light, heat and power)...	2,100,000	.....
General Electric company (New York).....	18,276,000	2,557,200
G. H. Hammond company of Chicago (packers and shippers of dressed meats, with a large number of domestic and foreign agencies)	4,700,000	.....
Glass Combination	*10,000,000	.....
Glass Tableware Trust (proposed).....	*25,000,000	.....
Glove Trust (proposed).....	12,000,000	8,000,000
Glucose Sugar Refining company.....	26,000,000	14,000,000
Granite Combine (to include New England granite quarries).....	*12,000,000	.....
Granite Ware Trust (four companies combining).....	*20,000,000	.....
Grape Growers' Pool (agree on prices in northern Ohio).....	2,000,000	.....
Great Lakes Towing company.....	2,500,000	2,500,000
Grocery Combine (proposed).....	.....	.....
Hanover Street Railway company (lines between Plymouth and Nantasket Beach, Mass.).....	660,000	.....
Havana Commercial company (Cuban tobacco trust).....	12,500,000	7,500,000
Havana Electric railway (electric, gas, telephone, etc.).....	5,000,000	.....
Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar company.....	2,312,755	.....
Herkimer County Light and Power company (companies in three cities in Herkimer county, New York).....	400,000	.....
Home company (Delaware).....	1,000,000	.....
Hoop Iron Trust (proposed).....	.....	.....
Hot-Air Furnace Manufacturers' association (fixed prices).....	5,000,000	.....
Horseshoe Combine (proposed).....	.....	.....
Horseshoe Trust	7,000,000	.....
Illinois Electric Vehicle and Transportation company.....	25,000,000	.....
Illinois State Board Fire Underwriters (seventy-two companies).....	49,430,760	.....
Indiana League of Fire Underwriters (twenty-seven companies).....	10,023,567	.....
International Air Power company (controls nearly all patents of American Air Power company—general manufacturing).....	6,400,000	600,000
International Automobile and Vehicle Tire company (three companies)	1,500,000	1,500,000
International Car Wheel company.....	10,000,000	5,000,000
International Cement company.....	25,000,000	25,000,000
International Copper company.....	.....	.....
International Heater company (four companies).....	900,000	900,000
International Needle company.....	1,000,000	2,000,000
International Packing company of Chicago (seven plants).....	1,000	1,500,000
International Paper company (twenty-five manufacturers of news and printing paper).....	16,040,400	20,530,700
International Power company (steam and air power machinery).....	.....	.....
International Silver company (twenty-four companies—75 per cent of silver plate companies).....	11,000,000	5,000,000
International Smokeless Powder and Dynamite company.....	9,000,000	1,000,000
International Steam Pump company (five companies).....	12,500,000	15,000,000
International Zinc Mining and Smelting company of Camden.....	250,000	.....
Iron Mills Trust (embracing thirty-four iron mills in Chicago—proposed) .....	.....	.....
Jersey City Water Supply company.....	1,000,000	.....
Jewelry Manufacturers' Trust (300 firms in New England and 200 firms in middle Atlantic states).....	*30,000,000	.....
Kanawha and New River Consolidated Coal and Coke company.....	40,000,000	.....
Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse company (fifty-seven Bourbon plants)	18,500,000	10,500,000
Kern Gaslight Lamp company.....	8,000,000	4,000,000
Keystone Watch company.....	3,000,000	.....
Key West Cigar Combine.....	.....	.....
Kings County Electric Light and Power company (all companies in Brooklyn except one).....	1,968,000	.....
Kings County (N. Y.) Traction company (consolidation of Nassau lines)	15,000,000	.....
Knickerbocker Ice company, Chicago (twenty-eight companies).....	4,000,000	3,000,000
Knit Goods company (many plants in New York and New England).....	15,000,000	5,000,000
Kodak Limited company (consolidated English, French, German-American companies)	5,000,000	3,000,000
Lake Carriers' association (three lines—pool prices).....	10,000,000	.....
Lake Shipyards Combination (comprising six companies).....	*30,000,000	.....
Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines.....	28,722,000	.....
Lamp and Tableware Combine.....	2,000,000	4,000,000
Lanyon Zinc company.....	1,000,000	2,000,000
Leather Combine .....	.....	.....
Ledger Paper Trust (Massachusetts companies—proposed).....	*42,000,000	.....
Lewis Motor Vehicle company.....	4,500,000	450,000
Lexington (Ky.) railroad (four companies).....	800,000	.....

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
Liquor Organization (proposed combination of liquor interests of Greater New York).....	\$1,000,000	.....
Linen Thread company (selling agency for three manufacturers)....	4,000,000	.....
Lumber Carriers' association (vessels on great lakes).....	6,000,000	.....
Lumber Mill Consolidation (proposed combination of North Carolina pine lumber mills).....	20,000,000	.....
Macbeth-Evans Glass company (forming—five chimney concerns, all in the United States).....	2,000,000	.....
Maine Woolen Mill Trust (proposed).....	*100,000,000	.....
Manufactured Rubber company (to control output).....	5,000,000	\$1,000,000
Manufacturers' Paper company of Chicago (selling agency for many mills).....	10,000,000	.....
Maple Flooring Manufacturers' association (fixed prices).....	2,000,000	.....
Maritime Improvement company (total capital).....	3,000,000	.....
Marsden company of Pennsylvania (cellulose trust).....	30,752,200	1,515,000
Maryland Brewing company (seventeen brewery companies of Baltimore).....	3,250,000	3,250,000
Massachusetts Consolidation (consolidation five copper ore mines in Michigan).....	2,500,000	.....
McClurg Publishing Corporation (incorporated in Ohio).....	600,000	.....
Merchants' Distributing and Distilling company (total capital).....	5,000,000	.....
Merchants' Wire and Nail company (formed to compete with American Wire and Steel company).....	500,000	500,000
Merritt Electric Air Brake company.....	1,000,000	.....
Metropolitan Street Railway company (most street railways in New York city).....	40,000,000	.....
Metropolitan Tobacco company (selling combine).....	500,000	500,000
Mexican Coal and Coke company (to operate coal mines and oil and gas wells in Mexico).....	6,000,000	.....
Milk Combine of Scranton, Pa. (entire supply).....	1,000,000	.....
Milwaukee and Chicago Breweries company (English and American).....	3,875,000	3,875,000
Milwaukee Electric Railway and Light company (all in city).....	5,484,500	.....
Mineral Water Combine.....	4,000,000	.....
Mississippi River Steamboat Pool (three companies).....	*10,000,000	.....
Monongahela Light and Power company.....	20,000,000	10,000,000
Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke company.....	5,000,000	.....
Montana Coal and Coke company.....	.....	.....
Monumental Ginger Ale and Mineral Water company (Ginger Ale Trust—capital will be increased later to \$1,000,000, capital.....	100,000	.....
Mount Vernon-Woodbury Cotton Duck company (proposed to be organized in Delaware to control 90 per cent of United States duck product).....	23,500,000	.....
Mutual Mercantile Agency.....	2,000,000	.....
National Abrasive Manufacturing company (controls corundum and other abrasive materials).....	1,000,000	.....
National Association of Wagon Manufacturers (fixed prices).....	*40,000,000	.....
National Biscuit company (90 per cent large bakeries in United States).....	28,000,000	23,000,000
National Carbon company.....	5,500,000	4,500,000
National Car Equipment company (forming in California).....	10,000,000	.....
National Carpet company (forming—nearly all mills in the United States).....	25,000,000	25,000,000
National Dining Table association (thirty-nine firms—fixed prices).....	*2,000,000	.....
National Electric company.....	25,000,000	.....
National Enameling and Stamping company (controls patents and four plants).....	20,000,000	10,000,000
National Glass company (seventeen flint bottle, etc., companies)....	4,000,000	8,000,000
National Glove company (proposed).....	12,000,000	8,000,000
National High Temperature Furnace company.....	600,000	.....
National Lead company (twenty-six white lead plants).....	14,905,400	14,904,000
National Leather Belting company (about fourteen plants).....	*10,000,000	10,000,000
National Light and Power company.....	15,000,000	.....
National Metallic Roofing Trust (allied with National Steel company—capital nominal and to be increased to \$12,000,000 later, total capital.....	100,000	.....
National Mirror Manufacturers' association (forty companies, fix prices, etc.).....	5,000,000	.....
National Molasses and Sirup Dealers' association.....	.....	.....
National Oil Engine company.....	3,000,000	.....
National Salt company of New Jersey (to combine 90 per cent of salt manufactured by evaporation).....	7,000,000	5,000,000
National Screw company (forming—includes American and thirteen other companies).....	10,000,000	.....
National Shear company.....	1,500,000	1,500,000
National Starch company (price agreement with other companies in 1898).....	4,450,700	4,036,200

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
National Steel company (eight plants).....	\$32,000,000	\$27,000,000
National Strawboard company (50 per cent of the business of the entire country—forming).....	2,000,000	2,000,000
National Tin Plate and Stamped Ware company.....	20,000,000	.....
National Traction Company of Dayton, O.....	10,000	.....
National Tube company (combination of steel pipe manufacturers).....	40,000,000	40,000,000
National Tube company (thirteen companies).....	40,000,000	40,000,000
National Wall Paper company (thirty companies).....	27,931,500	7,500,000
National Woolen company (now forming).....	*50,000,000	.....
Natural Gas Trust (total capital).....	5,000,000	.....
Naugatuck Valley Brass Trust.....	20,000,000	.....
New Amsterdam Gas company (consolidated three companies).....	12,000,000	10,000,000
Newark (N. J.) Consolidated Gas company (consolidated seven companies).....	6,000,000	.....
New Brick and Tile company.....	200,000	.....
New England Cotton Yarn company.....	5,000,000	6,500,000
New England Dairy company (to control butter, milk and cheese production—capital to be increased to \$30,000,000).....	600,000	250,000
New England Electric Vehicle Transportation company (sub-company of New York Electric Vehicle Transportation company).....	25,000,000	25,000,000
New England Zinc company.....	1,000,000	.....
New York Autotruck company.....	10,000,000	.....
New York Electric Vehicle Transportation company (enlargement of Electric Vehicle company).....	25,000,000	.....
New York Gas and Electric Light, Heat and Power company of New York city.....	36,000,000	.....
New York Suburban Gas company.....	1,500,000	.....
Nicholson Tile company (five plants—70 per cent product).....	2,000,000	.....
Nicholson File company (70 per cent product—five plants).....	2,000,000	.....
Niles-Bement-Pond company (combine to manufacture machine tools).....	5,000,000	3,000,000
North American Ore and Metal company.....	1,000,000	.....
North Carolina Pine Timber association.....	20,000,000	.....
North Jersey Street Railway company (consolidated trolleys and two ferries).....	5,000,000	.....
North River Light, Heat and Power company.....	300,000	.....
North Star Mines company.....	5,000,000	.....
North Texas Construction company (square bale cotton gins in Texas—capital to be increased later).....	100,000	.....
Northwestern Grass Twine company (consolidation of three western concerns—will be absorbed by American Grass Twine company).....	7,500,000	.....
Northwestern Plow and Implement association.....	.....	.....
Northwestern Underwriters' Agency (Minneapolis and St. Paul companies).....	10,000	.....
Oil Stove Trust.....	.....	.....
Oil Trust (now forming).....	.....	.....
Onward Construction company (chartered to erect buildings and run hotels).....	.....	.....
Orange Growers' Trust.....	*20,000,000	.....
Otis Elevator company (thirteen passenger companies—85 per cent product).....	6,500,000	4,500,000
Oyster Trust (capital may be doubled later—total capital).....	5,000,000	.....
Pacific American Fisheries company (will control 70 per cent of all salmon caught in Puget sound waters).....	4,000,000	5,000,000
Pacific Biscuit company (proposed).....	.....	.....
Pacific Coast Fruit association (controls prune output of California).....	1,000,000	.....
Pacific States Telephone (four telegraph and telephone systems of Pacific coast).....	10,000,000	.....
Paducah (Ky.) Railway and Electric Light company (all railway and electric light plants of Paducah).....	200,000	.....
Paint Manufacturing Trust (proposed).....	12,000,000	.....
Park Steel company.....	15,000,000	.....
Passenger Coach Trust (proposed).....	.....	.....
Patent Medicine Trust (proposed).....	25,000,000	.....
Pennsylvania Manufacturing, Light and Power company (eight electric light companies of Philadelphia).....	15,000,000	.....
People's Gas Light and Coke Company of Chicago (agreement with three others, absorb others).....	28,750,000	.....
People's Gas Light and Coke company, Buffalo (consolidated).....	4,975,000	3,025,000
Philadelphia Fish and Game company.....	350,000	650,000
Photographic Paper (twenty-four companies manufacturers of sensitized paper).....	*2,000,000	.....
Pittsburg Brewing company.....	6,500,000	6,500,000
Pittsburg Plate Glass company.....	9,850,000	150,000
Plate Glass Trust (now forming).....	.....	.....
Pressed Steel Car company (controls 138 patents and two principal plants for making cars, etc., from pressed steel).....	12,500,000	12,500,000

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
Print Cloth Pool (thirty mills, restricts production and fixes prices).....	\$50,000,000	.....
Puerto Rico company (to operate properties in Puerto Rico—Philadelphia and Pittsburg), capital.....	1,000,000	.....
Pad Trust .....	.....	.....
Papeterie Combine .....	.....	.....
Patent Leather Trust (sixteen Newark, N. J., concerns).....	11,000,000	.....
Paterson and Passaic Gas and Electric company (consolidation of four companies)	5,000,000	.....
Paterson Brewing and Malting company.....	6,000,000	.....
Pennsylvania Manufacturing Light and Power company (all electric companies of Philadelphia).....	15,000,000	.....
Pennsylvania Sugar Refining company.....	8,000,000	.....
Pennsylvania Smelting company.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania Worsted Spinning company.....	8,000,000	.....
People's Light and Power company (fourteen companies in New Jersey)	20,000,000	.....
People's Telephone Corporation.....	5,000,000	.....
Petersburg (Va.) Railway and Electric (consolidation all companies)	500,000	.....
Philadelphia and Maryland Pure Rye Distilling company.....	30,000,000	.....
Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company (limited).....	2,500,000	\$2,500,000
Pittsburg Coal Combine.....	.....	.....
Pittsburg Laundry company.....	1,750,000	1,750,000
Pittsburg Stove and Range company.....	.....	.....
Plumbers' Combine	35,000,000	.....
Powder Smokeless company.....	9,000,000	1,000,000
Puget Sound Packers' association (eight big salmon packers—fixed prices)	1,000,000	.....
Pulley Manufacturers' Trust.....	.....	.....
Reading company (Anthracite Coal Trust).....	*150,000,000	.....
Reed Tide Power company (now forming).....	*40,000,000	.....
Refrigerator Trust (thirty-six firms—80 per cent of trade).....	8,000,000	.....
Republic Iron and Steel company (thirty-one bar and forge iron companies, etc.)	30,000,000	25,000,000
Reynolds Tobacco company.....	5,000,000	.....
River Coal Operators' company (Pittsburg to New Orleans).....	*11,000,000	.....
Rolling Mill Trust (thirty-five mills).....	30,000,000	25,000,000
Royal Baking Powder company (consolidation of five leading concerns)	10,000,000	10,000,000
Rubber Goods Manufacturers' company.....	25,000,000	25,000,000
Rye Gin Combine (embracing two-thirds output United States).....	*10,000	.....
Safe Trust (ten companies).....	2,500,000	15,000,000
Saginaw Valley Traction company (consolidation four companies)....	700,000	400,000
San Francisco Breweries, Limited (agreement with other breweries)	20,000,000	.....
Santy-Kalsomine company (plaster trust).....	3,000,000	.....
Sash and Door Combine (twenty-six companies).....	15,000,000	.....
Scott-Jenney Electric company.....	30,000,000	.....
Sergeant Automobile company (railroad semaphore signals).....	2,000,000	.....
Severy Process company.....	7,500,000	.....
Sheet Steel Trust.....	50,000,000	.....
Siemens & Halske Electric company.....	1,300,000	700,000
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company.....	10,000,000	10,000,000
Smelters' Trust (proposed).....	25,000,000	25,000,000
Soap Trust	*25,000,000	25,000,000
Southern Car and Foundry company (increase).....	2,750,000	.....
Southern New England Brick Manufacturers.....	*5,000,000	.....
Spanish-American Mining company.....	5,000,000	5,000,000
Sperry Flour company (California).....	10,000,000	.....
Springfield (Mass.) Breweries company (four breweries).....	1,150,000	1,150,000
Spruce Lumber Combine (proposed to control spruce lumber in northern New England).....	100,000,000	.....
S. S. McClure company (alliance between Harper & Brothers and S. S. McClure company).....	.....	.....
Stauffer Chemical company (California companies combine to fight the big combine).....	.....	.....
Standard Chain company (forming—95 per cent machine-made chains)	3,250,000	3,250,000
Standard Distilling and Distributing company (twelve whisky distilleries)	16,000,000	8,000,000
Standard Gas Stove and Manufacturing company (proposed by manufacturers of Cleveland, controlling about 80 per cent of gas stoves, etc., manufactured in United States).....	3,000,000	2,500,000
Standard Metal company (forming—ten companies—car journal bearings, etc.)	4,000,000	1,800,000
Standard Oil company.....	110,000,000	.....
Standard Phosphate and Fertilizer company.....	600,000	400,000
Standard Rope and Twine company.....	12,000,000	.....

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
Standard Sardine company (consolidation of leading Maine canneries)	\$5,000,000	.....
Standard Shoe Machinery company (to rival the United Shoe Machinery company)	2,500,000	\$2,500,000
Standard Telephone company	10,000,000	.....
Steel Beams association	*20,000,000	.....
Steel Bridge Trust (proposed)	40,000,000	.....
Steel Rail Manufacturing association	50,000,000	.....
Steel Steamers (forming with all manufacturers on great lakes)	15,000,000	15,000,000
Steel Tired Car Wheel company (six or seven car wheel companies)	*2,000,000	.....
St. Louis & North Arkansas Railroad company	1,250,000	.....
St. Louis Breweries, Limited (seventeen plants)	9,000,000	.....
Swift & Co., Chicago (beef)	20,000,000	.....
Tanners' Trust	50,000,000	.....
Telephone Trust (opposition to Bell company, embracing 90 per cent factories producing independent apparatus—proposed)	7,000,000	.....
Tennessee Coke, Coal and By-Product company	20,000,000	1,000,000
Temple Iron company (consolidation seven anthracite coal companies in Pennsylvania)	.....	.....
Texas Cattle Combine (proposed)	40,000,000	.....
The Art Manufacturing Company of New Jersey	500,000	.....
Theatrical Trust (fifty big ones work together)	30,000,000	.....
Thrashing Machine Trust (proposed)	.....	.....
Thrasher Combine (twenty-eight factories)	.....	.....
Tin Sign Combine	4,000,000	.....
Tobacco Warehouse Trust (said to have been formed in Danville, Va., comprising eight warehouses)	1,000,000	.....
Torrington Needle company	1,500,000	1,500,000
Trenton Gas and Electric company (four companies)	2,000,000	.....
Tubular Dispatch company (consolidation two companies)	2,100,000	.....
Umbrella Hardware company (formed to control prices)	2,000,000	.....
Union Bag and Paper company (will control, as claimed, entire paper bag business of the country)	16,000,000	11,000,000
Union Carbide company (acetylene consolidated)	6,000,000	.....
Union Copper Mining company	3,000,000	.....
Union Light and Power company (four companies of Salt Lake and Ogden, Utah)	4,250,000	300,000
Union Match company	10,000,000	.....
Union Steel and Chain company	30,000,000	30,000,000
Union Switch and Signal company (consolidated with National Switch and Signal company)	*2,000,000	.....
Union Tobacco company (Blackwell's Durham consolidation)	12,000,000	7,350,000
Union Typewriter company (five companies)	10,000,000	8,015,000
United American Glue company (proposed)	20,000,000	15,000,000
United Breweries company (thirteen breweries, Chicago)	5,463,000	.....
United Electric Company of New Jersey	*20,000,000	.....
United Fruit company (ten big companies tropical fruits, including Boston Fruit company)	20,000,000	.....
United Ice Cream company (four companies in Chicago)	300,000	.....
United Laundries company	1,000,000	.....
United Lighting and Heating company	6,000,000	6,000,000
United Power and Transportation company (to control street railways in Pennsylvania)	12,500,000	.....
United Railways and Electric company of Baltimore (all in city)	24,000,000	14,000,000
United Shoe Machinery company	8,625,000	8,625,000
United States Biscuit company (all big biscuit and cracker companies in the United States)	30,000,000	25,000,000
United States Bobbin and Shuttle company (proposed)	1,200,000	800,000
United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry company (ten companies)	15,000,000	15,000,000
United States Can company (all preferred stock)	25,000,000	.....
United States Dry Paint company (forming—mineral paints)	3,000,000	4,500,000
United States Dry Paint company (mineral paint combine)	7,500,000	.....
United States Dyewood and Extract company (leading manufacturers of dyestuffs and extracts)	4,000,000	6,000,000
United States Envelope company (ten companies)	750,000	3,750,000
United States Finishing company (three New Jersey companies—proposed)	5,000,000	.....
United States Flour Milling company (nineteen mills, including Hecker-Jones-Jewell company)	35,000,000	5,000,000
United States Glucose company	3,000,000	2,000,000
United States Glue company (forming to control glue product)	15,000,000	10,000,000
United States Leather company	62,854,600	62,254,600
United States Mining company of Portland, Me.	*10,000,000	.....
United States Oil company	1,250,000	.....
United States Plate Glass company	1,000,000	.....
United States Playing Card company (allied with three other companies)	3,600,000	.....

<i>Name of trust.</i>	<i>Common stock.</i>	<i>Preferred stock.</i>
United States Rubber company.....	\$23,666,000	\$23,525,500
United States Sugar Refining company (glucose).....	2,000,000	
United States Varnish company (fifteen leading varnish concerns)...	18,000,000	18,000,000
United States Vehicle company (Incorporated in Delaware).....	25,000,000	
United States Worsted company.....	40,000,000	30,000,000
United Traction and Electric company (all roads in and near Providence)	8,000,000	
United Traction company (controls all electric roads in Reading, Pa.)	1,400,000	
United Wine and Trading company.....	700,000	
United Zinc and Lead company (to unite mills in Missouri and Kansas)	5,000,000	1,000,000
Universal Fuel company.....	1,000,000	
Upholstery Combine		
Valve Manufacturers' Trust (proposed).....		
Virginia and Carolina Fertilizer company.....	24,000,000	
Virginia Electric company of Norfolk (consolidation all companies in city)	450,000	
Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke company.....	7,500,000	
Warehouse Combine (proposed).....		
Watch Case Trust (proposed).....		
Watch Combine (proposed).....	*30,000,000	
Western Drug Jobbers (western combination).....	*15,000,000	15,000,000
Western Elevator association (forty in Buffalo).....	*15,000,000	
Western Pennsylvania Stove Manufacturing Trust (now forming)...	15,000,000	
Western Stone company of Chicago (eight quarries).....	2,250,000	
Western Strawboard company (proposed combination of strawboard manufactories)	2,500,000	2,500,000
Westinghouse Air-Brake company (bought American and Boyden companies in 1898).....	10,950,000	
Wholesale Druggists' National association (twenty-five firms).....	*25,000,000	
Wholesale Grocers of New England.....	*75,000,000	
Wholesale Wine and Liquor company.....	500,000	
Window Glass Combine.....	30,000,000	
Wire Cloth Manufacturers' Association of America (twelve firms agree on prices).....	5,000,500	
Wire Fence Trust (to compete with Steel and Wire Trust).....		
Woods Motor Vehicle company.....	7,500,000	2,500,000
Woolen Card Combine.....		
Wool Hat Trust (proposed).....		
Worsted Spinners' Trust.....	*30,000,000	
Wrapping Paper Trust.....	2,000,000	
Writing Paper Trust (forming with thirty-five mills in the Connecticut valley)	*40,000,000	
Yarn (cotton hosiery) Manufacturers (fixed prices).....	2,500,000	
Zinc Trust (proposed to consolidate zinc and lead mines in the Joplin district)		
Total.....	7,318,844,000	2,232,340,950
Grand total.....		9,551,184,950

THE WORLD'S COFFEE TRADE.

The following statistics will convey a fairly complete impression of the volume of the world's coffee trade and of the relative importance of the various producing and consuming countries:

COUNTRY.	*1899-1900.	*1898-99.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1895-96.
	<i>† Bags.</i>	<i>Bags.</i>	<i>Bags.</i>	<i>Bags.</i>	<i>Bags.</i>
Brazil—Rio.....	3,250,000	3,000,000	4,530,000	3,411,000	2,330,000
Santos.....	5,750,000	5,000,000	6,050,000	4,960,000	3,135,000
Victoria.....	400,000	350,000	450,000	308,000	300,000
Bahia and Ceara.....	400,000	370,000	440,000	290,000	425,000
Java.....	550,000	244,000	772,000	705,000	672,000
Padang.....	55,000	52,000	45,000	66,000	59,000
Celebes.....	23,000	35,000	45,000	43,000	48,000
Ceylon and British East India.	310,000	267,000	240,000	280,000	300,000
Venezuela.....	850,000	900,000	775,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Costa Rica.....	230,000	247,000	295,000	290,000	190,000
Mexico.....	350,000	325,000	300,000	250,000	300,000
Guatemala.....	425,000	475,000	} 850,000	800,000	900,000
San Salvador.....	120,000	150,000			
Nicaragua.....	80,000	100,000			
Haiti.....	475,000	485,000	432,000	350,000	530,000
Puerto Rico.....	200,000	230,000	250,000	300,000	260,000
Jamaica and British W. Indies.	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	125,000
Total.....	13,608,000	12,410,000	15,574,000	13,153,000	10,634,000

* Estimated. † 132 lbs.

MINERAL PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES--1896-98.

[United States Geological Survey.]

PRODUCTS.	1896.		1897.		1898.	
	Quantity	Value.	Quantity	Value.	Quantity	Value.
METALLIC.						
Pig iron (spot value)..... long tons	8,623,127	\$90,250,000	9,652,680	\$95,122,290	11,773,394	\$116,557,000
Silver, coining value..... troy ozs.	58,831,800	76,032,236	53,860,000	69,637,172	54,438,000	70,384,485
Gold, coining value..... troy ozs.	2,568,132	53,083,000	2,774,935	57,363,000	3,118,398	64,463,000
Copper, value at N. Y. city..... lbs.	460,061,430	49,456,603	494,078,274	54,080,180	523,375,591	61,849,137
Lead, val. at N. Y. city, short tons	183,000	10,528,000	212,000	14,835,723	231,239	17,345,175
Zinc, val. at N. Y. city, short tons	81,499	6,519,920	99,930	8,498,300	115,399	10,385,910
Quicksilver, value at San Francisco..... flasks	30,765	1,075,449	26,348	998,445	31,092	1,188,627
Aluminium, val. at Pittsburg, lbs.	1,300,000	520,000	4,000,000	1,500,000	5,200,000	1,716,000
Antimony, value at San Francisco..... short tons	601	84,290	756	109,655	1,120	184,050
Nickel, val. at Philadelphia, lbs.	17,170	4,464	23,707	7,823	13,411	4,694
Tin..... lbs.	(none.)	.....	(none.)	.....	(none.)	.....
Platinum, value (crude) at San Francisco..... troy ounces	163	944	150	900	225	1,913
Total val. of metallic products	.....	287,596,906	.....	302,198,502	.....	344,079,986
NONMETALLIC (spot value).						
Bituminous coal..... short tons	137,640,276	114,891,515	147,609,985	119,567,224	166,592,023	132,586,313
Penna. anthracite..... long tons	48,523,287	81,748,651	46,974,714	79,301,954	47,663,075	75,414,637
Stone..... barrels	.....	30,142,661	.....	34,667,772	.....	36,607,264
Petroleum..... barrels	60,960,361	58,518,709	60,568,061	40,929,611	55,354,233	44,193,359
Natural gas.....	.....	13,002,512	.....	13,824,422	.....	14,750,000
Brick clay.....	.....	9,000,000	.....	8,000,000	.....	9,000,000
Clay (other than brick), long tons	360,000	800,000	.....	1,000,000	.....	1,000,000
Cement..... barrels	9,513,473	6,473,213	10,989,463	8,178,283	11,968,708	9,781,501
Mineral waters..... gallons sold	25,795,312	4,136,192	22,392,282	4,505,620	28,853,464	8,051,833
Phosphate rock..... long tons	960,779	2,803,372	1,039,345	2,673,202	1,308,885	3,453,490
Salt..... barrels	13,850,726	4,040,839	15,973,202	4,920,020	17,612,634	6,212,554
Limestone for iron flux, long tons	4,120,102	2,000,000	4,247,688	2,124,000	5,275,819	2,638,000
Zinc white..... short tons	20,000	1,400,000	25,000	1,750,000	33,000	2,310,000
Gypsum..... short tons	224,139	573,344	288,982	755,864	291,638	755,280
Borax..... pounds	13,580,000	675,400	16,000,000	1,080,000	16,000,000	1,120,000
Mineral paints..... short tons	48,032	329,455	60,913	795,793	58,850	694,856
Grindstones.....	.....	329,826	.....	363,058	.....	480,769
Fibrous talc..... short tons	46,080	319,443	57,000	396,936	54,356	411,438
Asphaltum..... short tons	80,503	577,983	75,945	634,632	76,337	675,649
Soapstone..... short tons	22,183	354,065	21,923	363,629	22,231	287,112
Precious stones.....	.....	97,850	.....	130,675	.....	160,920
Pyrite..... long tons	115,483	320,163	143,201	391,541	190,150	577,731
Corundum and emery..... short tons	2,120	113,246	2,165	106,574	4,064	275,064
Oilstones, etc..... pounds	.....	127,038	.....	149,970	.....	180,738
Garnet for abrasive pur. sh't tons	.....	.....	.....	80,853	2,967	86,850
Mica..... pounds	.....	*65,441	*82,670	80,774	*129,520	103,534
Barytes (crude)..... long tons	17,068	11,750	26,742	14,452	13,999	27,554
Bromine..... pounds	546,580	46,513	56,149	58,235	31,306	108,339
Fluorspar..... short tons	6,500	144,501	487,149	129,064	486,379	126,614
Feldspar..... long tons	9,114	52,000	5,062	37,159	7,675	63,000
Manganese ore..... long tons	10,088	35,200	11,175	45,100	12,000	32,335
Flint..... long tons	11,124	90,327	11,108	95,505	15,357	129,185
Monazite..... pounds	50,000	24,226	11,692	26,227	19,190	42,670
Graphite..... pounds	553,858	1,500	44,000	1,980	230,776	12,462
Bauxite..... long tons	18,364	48,460	12,514,402	54,277	12,300,000	75,200
Sulphur..... short tons	5,200	47,338	31,108	57,652	25,149	75,437
Fuller's earth..... short tons	9,872	87,200	2,275	45,500	1,200	52,900
Marls..... short tons	60,000	59,500	17,113	112,272	14,899	106,500
Infusorial earth & tripoli, sh't tons	3,846	30,000	60,000	50,000	60,000	30,000
Pumice stone..... short tons	.....	26,792	3,593	22,835	2,733	16,691
Millstones.....	.....	158	.....	.....	600	13,200
Chromic iron ore..... long tons	786	22,567	(none.)	25,932	(none.)	25,934
Cobalt oxide..... pounds	10,700	6,967	(none.)	31,232	(none.)	11,772
Magnesite..... short tons	1,500	15,301	19,520	13,671	1,263	19,075
Asbestos..... short tons	504	11,000	1,143	6,450	605	10,300
Rutile..... pounds	100	6,100	580	350	140	700
Total value of nonmetallic	.....	333,935,310	.....	327,617,480	.....	352,767,802
Estimated value of mineral products unspecified.....	.....	1,000,000	.....	1,000,000	.....	1,000,000
Grand total.....	.....	622,533,216	.....	630,815,982	.....	697,847,788

* Sheet, pounds. † Scrap, tons. ‡ Crystalline, pounds. § Amorphous, tons.

GOLD AND SILVER.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER.

[From the Report of the Director of the Mint, 1898.]

CALENDAR YEARS.	Gold.	Silver (coining value).	Per cent gold.	Per cent silver.	CALENDAR YEARS.	Gold.	Silver (coining value).	Per cent gold.	Per cent silver.
1492-1520....	\$107,331,000	\$54,703,000	66.4	33.6	1856-1860....	\$870,415,000	\$188,002,000	78.1	21.9
1521-1544....	114,205,000	98,986,000	55.9	44.1	1861-1865....	614,944,000	228,891,000	72.9	27.1
1545-1560....	90,492,000	207,240,000	30.4	69.6	1866-1870....	648,071,000	278,313,000	70.0	30.0
1561-1580....	90,917,000	248,990,000	26.7	73.3	1871-1875....	577,885,000	409,332,000	58.5	41.5
1581-1600....	98,065,000	348,254,000	22.0	78.0	1876-1880....	572,331,000	504,773,000	53.0	47.0
1601-1620....	113,248,000	351,579,000	24.4	75.6	1881-1885....	495,582,000	504,773,000	45.5	54.5
1621-1640....	110,324,000	327,221,000	25.2	74.8	1886-1890....	106,163,500	124,626,500	46.8	53.2
1641-1660....	116,571,000	304,525,000	27.7	72.3	1891-1895....	106,774,500	140,706,400	43.9	56.1
1661-1680....	123,045,000	280,195,000	30.5	69.5	1896-1898....	110,196,500	163,032,300	42.1	57.9
1681-1700....	143,088,000	284,240,000	33.5	66.5	1899.....	123,489,200	155,427,700	44.5	55.5
1701-1720....	170,408,000	295,629,000	36.6	63.4	1890.....	118,848,700	163,032,300	42.1	57.9
1721-1740....	253,611,000	358,480,000	41.4	58.6	1891.....	130,650,000	177,352,300	42.4	57.6
1741-1760....	327,161,000	443,232,000	42.5	57.5	1892.....	146,651,500	198,014,400	42.5	57.5
1761-1780....	275,211,000	542,658,000	33.7	66.3	1893.....	157,494,800	213,944,400	42.4	57.6
1781-1800....	296,464,000	730,810,000	24.4	75.6	1894.....	180,567,800	212,829,600	46.3	53.7
1801-1810....	118,152,000	371,677,000	24.1	75.9	1895.....	200,406,000	217,610,800	47.7	52.3
1811-1820....	76,063,000	224,796,000	25.3	74.7	1896.....	202,956,000	215,463,700	48.7	51.3
1821-1830....	94,479,000	191,444,000	33.0	67.0	1897.....	237,504,800	236,730,300	53.6	41.4
1831-1840....	134,841,000	247,930,000	35.2	64.8					
1841-1850....	303,928,000	524,400,000	52.9	47.1					
1851-1855....	662,566,000	184,169,000	78.3	21.7					
					Total....	9,220,725,400	10,793,437,100	41	59

PRICE OF BAR SILVER.

Highest, lowest and average price of bar silver in London, per ounce British standard (.925), since 1833, and the equivalent in United States gold coin of an ounce 1,000 fine, taken at the average price.

CALENDAR YEAR.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.	CALENDAR YEAR.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of a fine ounce at average quotation.
1833.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 3-16	\$1.297	1866.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{4}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$1.339
1834.....	59 $\frac{1}{4}$	59 $\frac{3}{4}$	59 5-16	1.313	1867.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{4}$	60 9-16	1.328
1835.....	59 $\frac{1}{4}$	60	59 11-16	1.308	1868.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{4}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.326
1836.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	1.315	1869.....	60	61	60 7-16	1.325
1837.....	59	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 9-16	1.305	1870.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 9-16	1.328
1838.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.304	1871.....	60 3-16	61	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.326
1839.....	60	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.323	1872.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 5-16	1.322
1840.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.323	1873.....	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 15-16	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.298
1841.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 1-16	1.316	1874.....	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 5-16	1.278
1842.....	59 $\frac{1}{4}$	60	59 7-16	1.303	1875.....	55 $\frac{1}{2}$	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	56 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.246
1843.....	59	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 3-16	1.297	1876.....	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.156
1844.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.304	1877.....	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	54 13-16	1.201
1845.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.288	1878.....	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	55 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 9-16	1.152
1846.....	59	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 5-16	1.300	1879.....	48 $\frac{1}{2}$	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.123
1847.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59 11-16	1.308	1880.....	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.145
1848.....	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.304	1881.....	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 15-16	1.138
1849.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.309	1882.....	50	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 13-16	1.136
1850.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 1-16	1.316	1883.....	50	51 3-16	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.110
1851.....	60	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61	1.337	1884.....	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.113
1852.....	59 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.326	1885.....	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	50	48 9-16	1.045
1853.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.348	1886.....	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	47	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	.9946
1854.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.348	1887.....	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	47 $\frac{1}{2}$	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	.97323
1855.....	60	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 5-16	1.344	1888.....	41 $\frac{1}{2}$	44 9-16	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	.95397
1856.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 5-16	1.344	1889.....	42	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 11-16	.93512
1857.....	61	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.353	1890.....	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	47 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.04635
1858.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 5-16	1.344	1891.....	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 1-16	.98782
1859.....	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 1-16	1.360	1892.....	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	39 $\frac{1}{2}$	.87106
1860.....	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 11-16	1.352	1893.....	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	39 $\frac{1}{2}$	35 9-16	.78031
1861.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 13-16	1.333	1894.....	27	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	28 7-16	.63479
1862.....	61	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 7-16	1.346	1895.....	27 3-16	31 3-8	29 7-8	.65406
1863.....	61	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.345	1896.....	29 3-4	31 15-16	30 3-4	.61437
1864.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.345	1897.....	24 13-16	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	27 9-16	.60462
1865.....	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 $\frac{1}{2}$	61 1-16	1.353	1898.....	25	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	26 15-16	.59010

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES.

Approximate distribution, by producing states and territories, of the product of gold and silver in the United States for the calendar year 1897, as estimated by the director of the mint.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	GOLD.		SILVER.		Total value.
	<i>Fine ounces.</i>	<i>Value.</i>	<i>Fine ounces.</i>	<i>Coining value.</i>	
Alabama.....	358	\$7,400	100	\$129	\$7,529
Alaska.....	86,011	1,778,000	116,400	150,437	1,928,437
Arizona.....	140,089	2,895,900	2,239,900	2,895,032	5,791,932
California.....	707,160	14,618,300	474,400	613,366	15,231,666
Colorado.....	924,106	19,104,200	21,636,400	27,974,355	47,078,655
Georgia.....	7,222	149,300	600	776	150,076
Idaho.....	82,320	1,701,700	4,901,200	6,336,905	8,038,605
Iowa.....	5	100			100
Maryland.....	5	100			100
Michigan.....	3,033	62,700	60,900	77,964	140,664
Minnesota.....	145	3,000			3,000
Montana.....	211,563	4,373,400	15,697,900	20,257,487	24,630,887
Nevada.....	143,983	2,976,400	1,228,900	1,588,881	4,565,281
New Mexico.....	17,246	356,500	589,500	697,535	1,054,035
North Carolina.....	1,674	34,600	500	388	34,988
Oregon.....	65,456	1,353,100	69,000	89,212	1,442,312
South Carolina.....	4,097	84,700	200	259	84,959
South Dakota.....	275,491	5,694,900	147,600	190,836	5,885,736
Tennessee.....	5	100			100
Texas.....	358	7,400	404,700	523,249	530,649
Utah.....	83,500	1,726,100	6,265,600	8,100,978	9,827,078
Vermont.....	5	100			100
Virginia.....	189	3,900			3,900
Washington.....	20,312	419,900	106,900	138,214	558,114
Wyoming.....	542	11,200	100	129	11,329
Total.....	2,774,935	57,363,000	53,860,000	69,637,172	127,000,172

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1792 TO 1897.

The estimate for 1792-1873 is by R. W. Raymond, commissioner, and since by the director of the mint.

YEARS.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	YEARS.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
April 2, 1792- July 31, 1834	\$14,000,000	Insignifi- cant.	\$14,000,000	1871.....	\$43,500,000	\$23,000,000	\$66,500,000
July 31, 1834- Dec. 31, 1844	7,500,000	\$250,000	7,750,000	1872.....	59,000,000	28,750,000	87,750,000
1845.....	1,008,327	50,000	1,058,327	1873.....	36,000,000	35,750,000	71,750,000
1846.....	1,139,357	50,000	1,189,357	1874.....	33,500,000	37,500,000	71,000,000
1847.....	889,085	50,000	939,085	1875.....	35,400,000	31,700,000	67,100,000
1848.....	10,000,000	50,000	10,050,000	1876.....	39,900,000	33,800,000	73,700,000
1849.....	40,000,000	50,000	40,050,000	1877.....	46,500,000	39,800,000	86,300,000
1850.....	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000	1878.....	51,200,000	45,200,000	96,400,000
1851.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1879.....	38,900,000	40,800,000	79,700,000
1852.....	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1880.....	36,000,000	39,200,000	75,200,000
1853.....	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000	1881.....	34,700,000	43,000,000	77,700,000
1854.....	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1882.....	32,500,000	46,900,000	79,400,000
1855.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1883.....	30,000,000	46,200,000	76,200,000
1856.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1884.....	30,800,000	48,800,000	79,600,000
1857.....	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1885.....	51,800,000	51,000,000	102,800,000
1858.....	50,000,000	500,000	50,500,000	1886.....	55,000,000	51,000,000	106,000,000
1859.....	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000	1887.....	33,000,000	53,350,000	86,350,000
1860.....	46,000,000	150,000	46,150,000	1888.....	33,175,000	59,195,000	92,370,000
1861.....	43,000,000	2,000,000	45,000,000	1889.....	32,800,000	64,646,000	97,446,000
1862.....	39,200,000	4,500,000	43,700,000	1890.....	32,845,000	70,465,000	103,310,000
1863.....	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000	1891.....	33,175,000	75,417,000	108,592,000
1864.....	46,100,000	11,000,000	57,100,000	1892.....	33,000,000	82,101,000	115,101,000
1865.....	53,225,000	11,250,000	64,475,000	1893.....	35,955,000	77,576,000	113,531,000
1866.....	53,500,000	10,000,000	63,500,000	1894.....	39,500,000	64,000,000	103,500,000
1867.....	51,725,000	13,500,000	65,225,000	1895.....	46,610,000	72,051,000	118,661,000
1868.....	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000	1896.....	53,088,000	76,069,000	129,157,000
1869.....	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000	1897.....	57,363,000	69,637,172	127,000,172
1870.....	50,000,000	16,000,000	66,000,000	Total.....	2,170,397,709	1,514,607,172	3,685,004,881

STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1873 TO 1898.

The stock of gold and silver and the amount per capita at the close of each fiscal year, from 1873 to 1898, in the United States, is exhibited in the following table, compiled from the reports of the director of the mint:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	POPULA- TION.	TOTAL COIN AND BULLION.		PER CAPITA.		
		Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Total metal ^c
1873.....	41,677,000	\$135,000,000	\$6,149,305	\$3.23	\$0.15	\$3.38
1874.....	42,796,000	147,379,493	10,355,478	3.44	.24	3.68
1875.....	45,951,000	121,134,906	19,367,965	2.75	.44	3.19
1876.....	45,137,000	130,066,907	36,415,932	2.88	.81	3.69
1877.....	46,353,000	167,591,472	56,464,427	3.61	1.21	4.82
1878.....	47,588,000	213,199,977	88,047,907	4.47	1.85	6.32
1879.....	48,866,000	245,741,537	117,526,341	5.02	2.40	7.42
1880.....	50,155,733	351,941,206	148,522,678	7.01	2.96	9.97
1881.....	51,316,000	478,484,538	175,384,144	9.32	3.41	12.73
1882.....	52,436,000	506,757,715	203,217,124	9.65	3.87	13.52
1883.....	53,693,000	542,732,063	233,007,365	10.10	4.34	14.44
1884.....	54,911,000	545,500,797	255,568,142	9.93	4.65	14.58
1885.....	56,148,000	588,637,036	283,478,788	10.48	5.05	15.53
1886.....	57,404,000	590,774,461	312,252,844	10.29	5.44	15.73
1887.....	58,680,000	634,520,535	352,933,566	11.15	6.00	17.15
1888.....	59,974,000	705,818,555	386,611,108	11.76	6.44	18.20
1889.....	61,289,000	680,063,505	420,548,929	11.09	6.86	17.95
1890.....	62,622,250	695,563,029	463,211,919	11.10	7.39	18.49
1891.....	63,975,000	646,582,852	522,277,740	10.10	8.16	18.26
1892.....	65,520,000	694,275,335	570,313,544	10.15	8.70	18.85
1893.....	66,946,000	697,697,685	615,861,484	8.93	9.20	18.13
1894.....	68,397,000	627,236,201	624,347,757	9.18	9.13	18.31
1895.....	69,878,000	636,229,825	625,854,949	9.10	8.97	18.07
1896.....	71,380,000	569,597,964	628,728,071	8.40	8.81	17.21
1897.....	72,937,000	606,270,542	634,509,781	9.55	8.70	18.25
1898.....	74,522,000	861,514,780	637,672,743	11.56	8.56	20.12

CIRCULATION OF MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

JULY 1.	Amount of money in United States.	Amount in circulation.	Population June 1.	Money per capita.	Circula- tion per capita.
1872.....	\$762,721,565	\$738,309,549	40,596,000	\$18.79	\$18.19
1873.....	774,445,610	751,881,809	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1874.....	806,024,781	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1875.....	798,273,509	754,101,947	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1876.....	790,683,284	727,609,388	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1877.....	763,053,847	722,314,883	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1878.....	791,258,576	729,132,634	47,588,000	16.62	15.32
1879.....	1,051,521,541	818,631,703	48,866,000	21.52	16.75
1880.....	1,205,929,197	973,382,228	50,155,733	24.04	19.41
1881.....	1,406,541,823	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1882.....	1,480,531,719	1,174,290,419	52,436,000	28.20	22.57
1883.....	1,643,489,816	1,290,305,686	53,693,000	30.61	22.91
1884.....	1,705,454,189	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885.....	1,817,658,336	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1886.....	1,808,559,634	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	31.51	21.82
1887.....	1,900,442,672	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1888.....	2,062,955,949	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.40	22.88
1889.....	2,075,350,711	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	33.86	22.52
1890.....	2,144,226,159	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.82
1891.....	2,195,224,075	1,497,440,707	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1892.....	2,372,569,501	1,601,347,187	65,403,000	36.21	24.44
1893.....	2,323,402,392	1,506,701,245	66,826,000	34.75	23.87
1894.....	2,249,325,276	1,664,061,232	68,397,000	32.88	24.33
1895.....	2,209,215,065	1,606,179,556	69,753,000	31.68	23.02
1896.....	2,345,631,328	1,506,631,026	71,380,000	32.86	21.10
1897.....	2,368,110,531	1,646,028,246	72,937,000	32.46	22.57
1898.....	2,442,523,241	1,843,435,749	74,522,000	32.77	24.74
1899.....	2,555,538,955	1,932,484,239	76,148,000	33.54	25.58

The difference between the amount of money in the country and the amount in circulation represents the money in the treasury. Currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, are included in the amount of United States notes in circulation in tables for years 1873 to 1891, inclusive; since 1891 they are reported separately.

GOVERNMENT PAPER CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION.

JUNE 30.	Legal-tender notes.	Treasury notes 1890.	Currency certificates.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Total government paper.
1881	\$316,476,924		\$11,650,000	\$7,963,900	\$39,110,729	\$97,541,633
1882	312,010,427		13,245,000	5,759,520	54,506,000	74,510,520
1883	310,182,177		13,000,000	5,029,020	72,620,686	90,649,706
1884	306,497,214		12,190,000	59,807,370	91,427,011	163,424,381
1885	301,633,637		20,555,000	71,146,640	101,530,946	193,232,576
1886	306,532,639		18,250,000	126,729,730	88,116,225	233,077,985
1887	317,897,219		8,770,000	76,044,375	142,118,017	231,719,391
1888	294,282,812		14,415,000	91,225,437	200,887,876	216,528,313
1889	300,344,931		16,735,000	119,897,370	237,102,445	363,979,746
1890	323,046,826		11,830,000	116,792,759	237,210,043	477,849,628
1891	323,714,272	\$40,403,165	21,365,000	131,580,019	307,364,148	803,706,504
1892	311,814,840	98,051,657	29,880,000	120,850,339	326,880,806	866,637,698
1893	320,815,688	140,661,694	11,935,000	141,235,369	326,489,165	839,963,516
1894	353,772,371	134,862,009	58,955,000	92,970,019	327,694,581	975,086,380
1895	265,109,456	115,378,708	55,405,000	66,344,409	319,731,752	760,969,325
1896	225,562,755	98,080,506	53,450,000	45,381,569	336,313,080	753,497,810
1897	248,533,578	83,905,197	61,130,000	42,961,909	358,336,368	792,931,052
1898	286,572,329	98,605,530	26,045,000	37,285,919	380,639,080	850,142,858
1899	310,547,349	92,605,792	20,855,000	32,656,296	401,869,343	827,478,780

GOLD AND SILVER IN CIRCULATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

The treasury notes of 1890 are not included in the total for silver, although presented in the table, as they are based upon silver:

JUNE 30.	Gold coin.	Gold certificates.	Total gold.	Silver dollars.	Silver certificates.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Subsidiary silver.	Total silver.	Ratio silver to gold Per cent.
1881	\$913,312,877	\$5,759,520	\$919,072,397	\$28,827,983	\$39,110,729		\$52,839,364	\$120,778,076	37.6
1882	358,251,325	5,029,020	363,280,345	31,990,964	54,506,000		52,379,949	138,877,003	38.2
1883	344,653,495	59,807,370	404,460,865	35,341,880	72,620,686		52,474,299	160,436,865	39.7
1884	340,624,203	71,146,640	411,770,843	39,794,913	96,427,011		45,690,808	181,882,732	44.2
1885	341,668,411	126,729,730	468,398,141	38,471,269	101,530,946		49,702,921	189,705,136	40.5
1886	357,996,337	76,044,375	434,040,712	52,469,720	88,116,225		46,156,255	186,742,200	43.0
1887	376,419,229	91,225,437	467,644,666	55,506,147	142,118,017		48,570,505	246,194,669	52.6
1888	332,066,554	119,897,370	451,963,924	55,545,300	200,387,370		50,354,635	302,287,314	66.9
1889	376,055,482	116,732,759	492,788,241	54,417,367	257,102,445		51,476,894	362,997,246	73.6
1890	374,396,581	131,880,019	506,276,600	56,166,376	237,210,043		54,069,743	407,446,142	80.6
1891	408,073,806	120,850,339	528,924,145	57,685,041	307,364,148	\$40,403,165	58,290,924	437,339,118	82.7
1892	408,767,740	141,235,369	550,003,109	56,739,481	326,880,806	98,051,657	62,589,518	446,066,805	81.1
1893	403,633,700	32,970,019	436,603,719	57,029,743	326,489,165	140,661,694	65,400,268	443,919,176	90.4
1894	497,873,990	66,344,409	564,218,399	51,191,377	327,034,581	134,862,009	58,335,344	436,519,102	77.4
1895	480,275,057	48,381,569	528,656,626	51,983,162	319,731,752	115,978,708	60,219,718	431,964,632	81.7
1896	456,128,483	42,320,759	498,449,242	52,175,968	351,259,949	95,217,361	59,390,806	443,435,312	89.0
1897	519,146,675	37,285,919	556,432,594	52,001,202	358,336,368	89,905,197	59,228,540	455,471,307	81.9
1898	600,939,880	35,820,639	636,760,519	57,259,791	390,639,080	98,605,530	64,329,747	512,242,618	73.5
1899	702,000,459	32,656,296	734,656,755	63,381,751	401,869,343	92,605,792	70,675,682	565,926,776	77.0

COINAGE OF GOLD AND SILVER OF THE WORLD FOR THE YEARS 1874-97.

CALENDAR YEARS.	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1874	6,568,279	\$135,778,387	79,610,875	\$102,931,292
1875	9,480,892	195,987,428	92,747,118	119,915,467
1876	10,309,645	213,119,273	97,899,525	126,577,164
1877	9,753,196	201,616,466	88,449,796	114,359,332
1878	9,113,262	188,886,611	124,671,870	161,191,913
1879	4,390,167	90,732,811	81,124,555	104,888,318
1880	7,242,951	149,725,081	65,442,074	84,611,974
1881	7,111,864	147,015,275	63,539,051	81,010,086
1882	4,822,851	99,697,170	85,685,596	110,785,834
1883	5,071,882	104,845,114	84,541,904	109,306,705
1884	4,810,061	99,432,785	74,120,127	95,392,084
1885	4,632,273	95,757,583	98,044,475	126,764,574
1886	4,578,310	94,642,070	96,506,544	124,854,101
1887	6,046,510	124,932,465	126,398,502	163,411,397
1888	6,522,346	131,828,855	104,354,000	134,922,344
1889	8,170,611	168,901,519	107,788,256	139,362,595
1890	7,219,725	149,244,965	117,789,228	152,293,144
1891	5,732,463	119,534,122	106,962,049	138,294,367
1892	8,343,337	172,473,124	120,282,947	155,517,347
1893	11,243,342	232,420,517	106,637,783	137,932,690
1894	11,025,680	237,921,032	87,472,523	113,095,788
1895	11,178,855	231,087,438	94,057,303	121,610,219
1896	9,476,620	197,899,517	118,642,018	153,895,740
1897		437,719,345		167,760,297
Total.		4,269,409,769		3,199,898,271

TREASURY HOLDINGS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

JUNE 30.	Total gold coin and bullion.	Gold less certificates outstanding.	Total silver dollars and bullion.	Silver dollars and bullion less certificates outstanding.	Subsidiary silver.	Total net silver.
1878	\$128,460,203	\$103,562,523	\$15,059,828	\$15,052,748	\$6,860,506	\$21,913,254
1879	135,236,475	119,956,655	33,239,917	32,825,437	8,903,401	41,728,838
1880	126,145,421	118,181,527	49,549,851	43,760,282	24,350,432	68,110,764
1881	163,171,661	157,412,141	65,854,671	26,743,942	27,247,697	53,991,639
1882	148,506,390	142,477,370	90,884,724	35,878,634	28,048,631	63,927,265
1883	198,078,568	138,271,198	116,396,235	43,775,549	28,486,001	72,261,550
1884	204,876,594	133,729,954	139,616,414	43,189,403	29,600,720	72,790,123
1885	247,128,625	120,298,895	169,451,908	67,021,052	31,236,899	99,157,951
1886	232,838,124	156,793,749	184,345,764	96,229,539	28,904,682	125,134,221
1887	218,101,106	186,875,669	222,401,405	80,283,388	26,977,494	107,260,882
1888	313,753,617	193,876,247	254,499,241	54,111,865	26,051,741	80,163,606
1889	303,504,320	186,711,561	289,688,374	32,585,929	25,129,733	57,715,662
1890	321,612,423	190,232,404	323,909,360	26,639,317	22,805,226	49,504,543
1891	238,515,122	117,697,723	379,705,279	72,341,131	19,656,695	91,997,826
1892	255,377,706	114,342,367	433,858,402	106,977,599	14,224,714	121,202,313
1893	188,455,433	95,435,414	480,476,527	153,987,362	11,855,944	165,843,306
1894	131,217,434	64,873,025	495,409,178	168,314,797	17,889,531	186,204,328
1895	155,897,932	107,512,363	495,785,906	176,054,154	16,552,485	192,606,999
1896	151,307,143	108,345,294	496,362,413	160,249,333	15,537,424	175,886,757
1897	178,076,684	140,790,735	504,583,579	146,247,211	16,210,344	162,457,555
1898	202,825,047	167,004,419	504,332,225	141,273,145	12,067,682	153,370,827
1899	261,201,428	228,545,159	501,516,517	99,647,474	6,070,497	105,717,971

MONEY OF THE WORLD.

Monetary systems and approximate stocks of money in the principal countries of the world as reported by the treasury department's bureau of mint.

COUNTRIES.	Monetary system.	Ratio between gold and full legal-tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited-tender silver.	Population in millions.	Gold in millions.	Silver in millions.	Uncovered paper in millions.	PER CAPITA.			
								Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
United States*	G. & S.	1 to 15.98	1 to 14.95	72.9	\$925.1	\$638.2	\$326.1	\$12.42	\$8.56	\$4.38	\$25.36
United Kingdom	Gold.	.....	1 to 14.28	39.6	438.0	121.7	112.0	11.01	3.06	2.81	16.88
France	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	38.5	810.6	419.8	124.6	21.06	10.90	3.23	35.19
Germany	Gold.	.....	1 to 13.957	52.3	608.5	212.8	132.2	12.78	4.07	2.55	19.38
Belgium	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	6.4	30.0	45.0	79.1	4.62	6.92	12.17	23.71
Italy	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	31.3	96.5	42.5	69.5	3.08	1.86	5.41	9.85
Switzerland	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	3.0	24.0	10.7	14.3	8.00	3.56	4.77	16.33
Greece	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	2.2	.5	1.5	30.6	.21	6.22	12.75	15.58
Spain	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	18.0	45.5	49.8	137.5	2.53	2.76	7.64	12.95
Portugal	Gold.	.....	1 to 14.08	5.1	5.2	6.1	39.0	1.02	1.20	7.64	9.86
Roumania	G. & S.	.....	.....	5.4	14.5	10.6	33.7	2.69	1.96	6.24	10.89
Servia	G. & S.	.....	.....	2.3	1.2	2.7	2.7	.52	.17	1.17	2.86
Austria-Hung'y	Gold.	.....	1 to 13.69	45.0	227.7	145.5	86.2	5.02	3.20	1.90	10.12
Netherlands	G. & S.	1 to 15.98	1 to 15	4.9	21.9	56.1	45.5	4.47	11.45	9.28	25.20
Norway	Gold.	.....	1 to 14.88	2.0	7.8	2.3	3.8	3.90	1.15	1.90	6.95
Sweden	Gold.	.....	1 to 14.88	5.0	8.6	5.7	27.7	1.75	1.14	5.44	8.40
Denmark	Gold.	.....	1 to 14.88	2.3	15.3	5.4	7.0	6.65	2.35	3.04	12.04
Russia	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 12.90	126.0	756.6	128.4	.....	5.86	.99	.....	6.85
Turkey	G. & S.	1 to 15.98	1 to 15.98	22.0	50.0	40.0	.....	2.07	1.66	.....	3.73
Australia	Gold.	.....	1 to 14.28	5.0	132.1	7.0	22.5	26.42	1.40	4.50	32.32
Egypt	Gold.	.....	1 to 15.68	7.8	30.0	6.4	.....	3.09	.66	.....	3.75
Mexico	Silver.	1 to 16.50	.....	13.0	8.6	106.0	4.0	.67	8.15	3.07	11.89
Cent. Am. st'tes.	Silver.	1 to 15.50	.....	3.3	1.3	19.0	8.4	.39	5.76	2.54	8.69
So. Am. states.	Silver.	1 to 15.50	.....	37.5	77.5	35.0	750.6	2.07	.93	20.01	23.01
Japan	G. & S.	1 to 16.18	.....	45.0	79.9	60.4	.....	1.77	1.34	.....	3.11
India	G. & S.	1 to 15	.....	296.0	.....	592.0	117.3	.....	1.99	.49	2.39
China	Silver.	.....	.....	390.0	.....	750.0	.....	.....	1.96	.....	1.96
Straits Sett'l'm'ts	G. & S.	.....	.....	3.8	.....	242.0	.....	.....	62.05	.....	62.05
Canada	Gold.	.....	1 to 14.28	6.3	16.0	5.0	35.0	3.01	.95	6.60	10.56
Cuba	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	.....	1.8	2.0	1.5	.....	1.11	.83	.....	1.94
Haiti	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	.....	1.0	4.0	4.5	4.1	4.00	4.50	4.10	12.60
Bulgaria	G. & S.	1 to 15.50	1 to 14.38	3.3	1.0	6.8	.....	.30	2.06	.....	2.36
Siam	Silver.	1 to 14.95	.....	5.0	20.0	193.4	.....	4.00	38.68	.....	42.68
Hawaii	G. & S.	1 to 15.38	.....	.1	4.0	1.0	.....	40.00	10.00	.....	50.00
Cape Colony	Gold.	.....	.....	1.7	37.5	1.0	.....	20.83	.55	.....	21.38
S. A. Rep.	Gold.	.....	.....	.8	29.2	1.2	.....	32.44	1.33	.....	33.77
Finland	Silver.	1 to 15.50	1 to 12.50	126.0	4.3	.4	9.4	1.65	.15	3.62	5.42
Total	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,594.9	3,977.5	2,322.8	3.50	3.03	1.77	8.30

*Nov. 1, 1898; all other countries Jan. 1, 1898.

MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

[From Muhleman's Monetary Systems of the World.]

	Wgt.	Fine- ness.	Ra- tio to gold.	Limit of issue.	Denomi- nations.	Legal-ten- der qual- ity.	Receiv- able.	Exchange- able.	Redeem- able.
Gold coin..	25.8 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	.....	None.	\$20 10 5 2½	Unlimited	For all dues.	For certifi- cates un- der limita- tions.	.....
Gold cer- tificates..	.....	.....	.....	Issue sus- pended so long as free gold in treasury is below \$100,000,000.	\$10,000 5,000 1,000 500 100 50 20	None.	For all public dues.	For gold coin at treasury or any other money.	In gold coin at treasury.
Silver dol- lars	412.5 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	15.988 to 1.	Require- ment to redeem treasury notes.	\$1	Unlimited unless otherwise contract- ed.	For all dues.	For silver certificates or smaller coins at treasury.	May be deposited for silver certifi- cates.
Silver cer- tificates..	.....	.....	.....	Silver dol- lars in use	\$1,000 \$20 500 10 100 5 50 2 1	None.	For all public dues.	For dol- lars or smaller coins.	In silver dollars.
U. S. notes.	.....	.....	.....	\$346,681,016.	Same as silver cer- tificates.	Same as silver dol- lars.	*For all dues.	For all kinds of money ex- cept gold certifi- cates.	In coin at sub-treas- ury in N. Y. and San Francisco in sums of \$50 or over
Treasury notes of 1890.....	.....	.....	.....	\$156,044,615.	Same as silver cer- tificates.	Same as silver dol- lars.	For all dues.	For U. S. notes.	In coin at treasury.
Currency certifi- cates.....	.....	.....	.....	Same as U. S. notes.	\$10,000	None.	Not re- ceivable.	For U. S. notes.	In U. S. notes at subtreas- ury where issued.
National bk. notes.	.....	.....	.....	Volume of U. S. bonds and their cost.	\$1,000 500 100 50 20 10 5	None.	For all dues ex- cept duties and interest on public debt.	For silver and minor coins.	In lawful money at treasury or bank of issue.
Subsidiary coins.....	385.8 gr. to dollar.	900-1000	14.953 to 1.	Needs of the coun- try.	50c 25c 10c	Not to ex- ceed \$10.	To amo't of \$10 for all dues.	For minor coins.	In lawful money at treasury in sums of \$20 or any multiple.
Minor coins.....	5-ct. pcs., 77.16 gr. 1-ct. % cop- pes., 48 gr.	5c-¾ copper ¼ nick- el. 1c-95 % cop- pes., tin and zinc.	.....	Needs of the coun- try.	5c 1c	Not to ex- ceed 25c.	To amo't of 25c for all dues.	.....	In lawful money at treasury in sums of \$20 or over.

*Duties on imports by regulation only.

COINS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Authority for coinage and changes in weight and fineness, total amount coined, legal-tender quality.

GOLD COINS.

Double Eagles—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849; weight, 516 grains; fineness, .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$1,384,472.500. Full legal tender.

Eagles—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 270 grains; fineness, .916 $\frac{2}{3}$; weight changed, act of June 23, 1834, to 258 grains; fineness changed, act of June 23, 1834, to .899 $\frac{2}{25}$; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$284,512.900. Full legal tender.

Half-Eagles—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 135 grains; fineness, .916 $\frac{2}{3}$; weight changed, act of June 23, 1834, to 129 grains; fineness changed, act of June 23, 1834, to .899 $\frac{2}{25}$; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$232,050.380. Full legal tender.

Quarter-Eagle—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 67.5 grains; fineness, .916 $\frac{2}{3}$; weight changed, act of June 23, 1834, to 64.5 grains; fineness changed, act of June 23, 1834, to .899 $\frac{2}{25}$; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$28,819.330. Full legal tender.

Three-Dollar Piece—Authorized to be coined, act of Feb. 21, 1853; weight, 77.4 grains; fineness, .900; coinage discontinued, act of Sept. 26, 1890. Total amount coined, \$1,619.375. Full legal tender.

One Dollar—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849; weight, 25.8 grains; fineness, .900; coinage discontinued, act of Sept. 26, 1890. Total amount coined, \$19,499.337. Full legal tender.

SILVER COINS.

Dollar—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 416 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 412 $\frac{3}{4}$ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined to Feb. 12, 1873, \$8,031.238. Coinage reauthorized, act of Feb. 23, 1873. Coinage discontinued after July 1, 1891, except for certain purposes, act July 14, 1890. Amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$470,027.760. Full legal tender except when otherwise provided in the contract.

Trade Dollar—Authorized to be coined, act of Feb. 12, 1873; weight, 420 grains; fineness, .900; legal tender limited to \$5, act of June 22, 1874 (rev. stat.); coinage limited to export demand and legal-tender quality repealed, joint resolution, July 22, 1876; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 19, 1887. Total amount coined, \$35,965.924.

Half-Dollar—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 208 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 206 $\frac{1}{4}$ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 192 grains; weight changed, act of Feb. 12, 1873, to 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ grams, or 192.9 grains. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$136,427.021. Legal tender, \$10.

Columbian Half-Dollar—Authorized to be coined, act of Aug. 5, 1892; weight, 192.9 grains; fineness, .900. Total amount coined, \$2,501.052.60. Legal tender, \$10.

Quarter-Dollar—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 104 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 103 $\frac{1}{4}$ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 96 grains; weight changed, act of Feb. 12, 1873, to 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ grams, or 96.45 grains. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$55,039.952. Legal tender, \$10.

Columbian Quarter-Dollar—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1893; weight, 96.45 grains;

fineness, .900. Total amount coined, \$10,005.75. Legal tender, \$10.

Twenty-Cent Piece—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1875; weight, 5 grams, or 77.16 grains; fineness, .900; coinage prohibited, act of May 2, 1878. Total amount coined, \$271.900.

Dime—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 41.6 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 41 $\frac{1}{4}$ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 38.4 grains; weight changed, act of Feb. 12, 1873, to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ grams, or 38.58 grains. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$30,872,691.90. Legal tender, \$10.

Half-Dime—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 20.8 grains; fineness, .892.4; weight changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ grains; fineness changed, act of Jan. 18, 1837, to .900; weight changed, act of Feb. 21, 1853, to 19.2 grains; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined, \$4,880,219.40.

Three-Cent Piece—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1851; weight, 13 $\frac{3}{4}$ grains; fineness, .750; weight changed, act of March 3, 1853, to 11.52 grains; fineness changed, act of March 3, 1853, to .900; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined, \$1,282.087.20.

MINOR COINS.

Five-Cent (nickel)—Authorized to be coined, act of May 16, 1866; weight, 77.16 grains, composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$15,852,321.90. Legal tender for \$1, but reduced to 25 cents by act of Feb. 12, 1873.

Three-Cent (nickel)—Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1865; weight, 30 grains, composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel. Total amount coined, \$941,349.48. Legal tender for 60 cents, but reduced to 25 cents by act of Feb. 12, 1873. Coinage discontinued, act of Sept. 26, 1890.

Two-Cent (bronze)—Authorized to be coined, act of April 22, 1864; weight, 96 grains, composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc. Coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 12, 1873. Total amount coined, \$912.020.

Cent (copper)—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 264 grains; weight changed, act of Jan. 14, 1793, to 208 grains; weight changed by proclamation of the president, Jan. 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 168 grains; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 21, 1857. Total amount coined, \$1,562,887.44.

Cent (nickel)—Authorized to be coined, act of Feb. 21, 1857; weight, 72 grains, composed of 88 per cent copper and 12 per cent nickel. Coinage discontinued, act of April 22, 1864. Total amount coined, \$2,007.720.

Cent (bronze)—Coinage authorized, act of April 22, 1864; weight, 48 grains, composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc. Total amount coined to June 30, 1898, \$8,987.317.44. Legal tender, 25 cents.

Half-Cent (copper)—Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792; weight, 132 grains; weight changed, act of Jan. 14, 1793, to 104 grains; weight changed by proclamation of the president, Jan. 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 84 grains; coinage discontinued, act of Feb. 21, 1857. Total amount coined, \$39,926.11.

TOTAL COINAGE.

Gold....\$1,950,973.823.00
Silver.... 737,277,713.75
Minor.... 30,804,042.87
Total...\$2,718,555,579.12

COINAGE 1898.

Gold.....\$64,634,865.00
Silver..... 16,485,684.00
Minor..... 1,489,484.11
Total \$8,220,600,933.11

COINAGE OF NATIONS.

COUNTRIES.	1895.		1896.		1897.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States.....	\$59,616,358	\$5,608,010	\$47,053,000	\$23,089,899	\$76,089,485	\$18,487,297
Mexico.....	504,193	24,832,351	565,985	21,092,397	417,176	19,098,459
Great Britain.....	18,547,229	5,776,584	23,402,500	6,470,352	8,654,764	4,583,688
Australasia.....	33,695,008		34,002,786		37,298,873	
India*.....		4,044,935		5,579,692		25,272,996
France.....	20,845,357	1,544,000	21,719,880	2,718,968	42,726,251	8,492
Germany.....	25,588,534	1,826,038	25,133,476	2,718,968	30,145,565	
Russia†.....	33,590,432	3,696,192	10,284	30,985,566	170,614,861	35,392,493
Finland.....						
Austria-Hungary‡.....	18,208,728	9,056,188	33,898,739	7,904,911	33,640,553	5,722,330
Eritrea.....				771,800		
Spain.....		205,649		5,386,942	2,800,407	6,724,106
Japan.....	1,515,000	23,883,505	1,125,000	13,399,062	147,965	307,957
Portugal.....		119,880		1,900,800		1,014,624
Netherlands.....	135,692	140,700		428,130	31,600,410	4,266,028
Norway.....		80,400		67,000		864,000
Sweden.....	896,921			109,007		964,800
Denmark.....						147,400
Switzerland.....	772,000	44,390	1,544,000	1,930		535,319
Turkey.....	3,420,717	414,483	50,114	7,473		135,513
Egypt.....				562,770	1,544,000	
Abyssinia.....				376	920,962	440,435
Liberia.....				12,000		519,890
Hongkong.....		2,200,000		1,700,000		720,133
China.....		8,253,340		8,638,630		
Indo-China.....		6,092,709		12,542,772		23,894,427
Tunis.....	232	347	232	347		10,036,955
Canada.....				140,000		2,773,428
Newfoundland.....				98,000	632,500	347
Costa Rica.....						65,964
Haiti.....		730,285				
Argentina.....			982,715		465,433	
Bolivia.....				1,508,087		
Peru.....		4,073,270		2,704,831		
Colombia.....						1,189,282
Ecuador.....		1,102,073		169,798		449,807
Venezuela.....						552,480
Chile.....	8,353,212	4,243,919	5,424,686	677,877		623,687
Uruguay.....		1,000,000			49	
Guatemala.....	245	500,000				
British Honduras.....		30,000				
British West Indies.....						20,000
Puerto Rico.....		8,389,222		167,240		606,071
German East Africa.....				392		
German New Guinea.....	11,900					127,440
Monaco.....	386,000		386,000			
Straits Settlements.....		450,446		453,554		
Congo State.....				193,000		134,000
Morocco.....		354,630		589,985		
Bulgaria.....						873,569
Roumania.....						50,000
Ceylon.....		236,850				150,000
Siam.....		2,589,823		3,322,752		
Total.....	231,087,468	121,610,219	195,899,517	153,395,740	437,719,345	167,760,297

*Rupee calculated at coining rate, \$0.4737.

†Silver ruble calculated at coining rate, \$0.7718.

‡Florin calculated at coining rate, \$0.4052, under the coinage act of Aug. 2, 1892.

VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS—OCT. 1, 1899.

[Prepared by the Director of the Mint.]

COUNTRIES.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value Oct. 1, 1899.
Argentina.....	Gold and silver.....	Peso.....	\$ 96.5
Austria-Hungary.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	20.3
Belgium.....	Gold and silver.....	Franc.....	19.3
Bolivia.....	Silver.....	Boliviano.....	43.6
Brazil.....	Gold.....	Milreis.....	54.6
British possessions, N. A. (except Newfoundland).....	Gold.....	Dollar.....	1.00 0
British Honduras.....	Gold.....	Dollar.....	1.00 0
Central American States— Costa Rica.....	Gold.....	Colon.....	46.5
Guatemala.....	Silver.....	Peso.....	43.6
Honduras.....			
Nicaragua.....			
Salvador.....			
Chile.....	Gold and silver.....	Peso.....	\$ 36.5
China.....	Silver.....	Tael.....	{ Amoy..... 70.6
			{ Canton..... 70.3
			{ Chefoo..... 67.4
			{ Chin Kiang..... 68.9
			{ Fuchau..... 65.2
			{ Halkwan (cus- toms)..... 71.8
			{ Hankow..... 66.0
			{ Hongkong..... (†)
			{ Niehwang..... 66.1
			{ Ningpo..... 67.8
Colombia.....	Silver.....	Peso.....	{ Shanghai..... 64.4
			{ Swatow..... 65.1
			{ Takao..... 71.0
			{ Tientsin..... 68.3
Cuba.....	Gold and silver.....	Peso.....	92.6
Denmark.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	26.8
Ecuador.....	Silver.....	Sucre.....	43.6
Egypt.....	Gold.....	Pound (100 plasters).....	4.94.3
Finland.....	Gold.....	Mark.....	19.3
France.....	Gold and silver.....	Franc.....	19.3
German empire.....	Gold.....	Mark.....	23.8
Great Britain.....	Gold.....	Pound sterling.....	4.86.6½
Greece.....	Gold and silver.....	Drachma.....	19.3
Haiti.....	Gold and silver.....	Gourde.....	96.5
India.....	Silver.....	Rupce.....	20.7
Italy.....	Gold and silver.....	Lira.....	19.3
Japan.....	Gold and silver.....	Yen.....	{ Gold..... 49.8
			{ Silver.....
Liberia.....	Gold.....	Dollar.....	1.00 0
Mexico.....	Silver.....	Dollar.....	47.4
Netherlands.....	Gold and silver.....	Florin.....	40.2
Newfoundland.....	Gold.....	Dollar.....	1.01.4
Norway.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	26.8
Persia.....	Silver.....	Kran.....	68.2
Peru.....	Silver.....	Sol.....	43.6
Portugal.....	Gold.....	Milreis.....	1.08 0
Russia.....	Silver.....	Ruble.....	{ Gold..... 51.5
			{ Silver.....
Spain.....	Gold and silver.....	Peseta.....	19.3
Sweden.....	Gold.....	Crown.....	26.8
Switzerland.....	Gold and silver.....	Franc.....	19.3
Tripoli.....	Silver.....	Mahbub of 20 plasters.....	
Turkey.....	Gold.....	Plaster.....	64.4
Uruguay.....	Gold.....	Peso.....	1.03.4
Venezuela.....	Gold and silver.....	Bolivar.....	19.3

* Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.

† Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.

‡ The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits settlements and Labuan.

§ The law of February 11, 1895, introduced the gold standard, with an ideal gold peso weighing .599 grams as the monetary unit.

STATISTICS OF EDUCATION.

[By Alexander Summers, Statistician U. S. Bureau of Education.]

POPULATION, ENROLLMENT, AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE, NUMBER AND SEX OF TEACHERS IN COMMON SCHOOLS—1897-98.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Est. total population in 1898.	Enrolled in element- ary and secondary schools.	Per cent of popu- lation en- rolled.	Average daily attend- ance.	TEACHERS.		
					Male.	Female.	Total.
United States.....	72,737,100	15,038,636	20.68	10,286,092	131,750	277,443	409,193
North Atlantic Division....	20,247,100	3,614,463	17.85	2,587,468	19,231	80,732	99,963
South Atlantic Division....	9,888,500	2,134,725	21.63	1,314,622	20,199	26,005	46,904
South Central Division....	12,868,600	2,575,866	22.34	1,870,510	31,317	29,167	60,484
North Central Division....	25,737,600	5,089,572	22.03	3,996,885	54,911	124,442	179,353
Western Division.....	4,015,300	744,510	18.54	516,597	6,092	16,497	22,589
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	655,400	134,405	20.51	97,616	*1,257	*5,470	6,727
New Hampshire.....	398,700	64,207	16.10	47,718	202	2,509	2,711
Vermont.....	334,100	65,532	19.61	48,060	389	2,597	2,786
Massachusetts.....	2,694,000	456,141	16.93	349,147	1,174	12,029	13,203
Rhode Island.....	417,000	65,384	15.68	47,370	193	1,659	1,852
Connecticut.....	863,900	147,833	17.11	105,002	373	3,570	3,943
New York.....	6,851,000	1,203,199	17.56	827,652	5,461	28,924	34,385
New Jersey.....	1,837,000	304,680	16.59	200,278	834	5,442	6,276
Pennsylvania.....	6,196,000	1,173,082	18.93	864,626	9,348	18,732	28,080
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....	173,200	33,174	19.15	22,693	218	622	840
Maryland.....	1,200,000	236,008	19.67	134,539	1,141	3,843	4,987
District of Columbia.....	285,300	44,698	15.67	34,383	148	959	1,107
Virginia.....	1,701,000	367,317	21.59	213,421	3,013	5,562	8,575
West Virginia.....	866,000	236,188	27.27	159,768	4,086	2,712	6,808
North Carolina.....	1,754,000	399,375	22.77	214,540	3,635	8,522	7,217
South Carolina.....	1,274,000	258,183	20.27	182,559	2,245	2,728	4,973
Georgia.....	2,097,000	450,832	21.50	278,715	4,519	4,986	9,505
Florida.....	515,000	108,455	21.06	74,004	1,121	1,671	2,792
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	2,016,000	501,893	24.90	308,697	4,909	5,051	9,960
Tennessee.....	1,877,000	481,585	25.66	338,176	5,121	4,014	9,135
Alabama.....	1,741,000	348,899	20.04	*222,690	*4,741	*2,778	7,519
Mississippi.....	1,448,000	367,579	25.39	*222,690	3,649	4,254	7,903
Louisiana.....	1,347,000	182,341	13.54	132,047	1,302	2,472	3,894
Texas.....	2,821,000	612,140	21.70	404,372	6,179	6,774	12,953
Arkansas.....	1,295,000	303,808	23.46	191,447	4,515	2,558	7,073
Oklahoma.....	323,600	77,121	23.83	49,182	841	1,266	2,107
Indian Territory.....							
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	3,917,000	810,285	20.69	618,667	10,358	14,898	25,256
Indiana.....	2,259,000	566,157	25.06	452,981	7,197	8,026	15,223
Illinois.....	5,017,000	989,163	18.72	729,227	6,719	18,549	25,267
Michigan.....	2,254,000	496,025	22.01	*347,714	3,625	12,048	15,673
Wisconsin.....	2,107,000	435,914	20.69	*287,000	2,654	9,811	12,465
Minnesota.....	1,766,000	384,063	21.75	*243,200	2,304	8,939	11,243
Iowa.....	2,101,000	548,852	26.12	*370,845	5,855	22,839	28,694
Missouri.....	3,062,000	688,583	22.49	440,632	5,951	9,315	15,266
North Dakota.....	352,300	67,375	19.12	41,155	1,115	2,522	3,637
South Dakota.....	406,300	89,001	21.91	*54,600	1,321	3,187	4,508
Nebraska.....	1,167,000	273,914	23.47	173,980	2,433	7,175	9,608
Kansas.....	1,529,000	370,240	27.86	256,934	5,380	7,133	12,513
Western Division—							
Montana.....	245,900	35,070	14.26	*23,400	201	885	1,086
Wyoming.....	112,300	18,042	11.61	*8,700	102	434	536
Colorado.....	581,900	104,733	17.91	69,973	744	2,982	2,982
New Mexico.....	181,500	26,484	14.59	16,950	333	270	603
Arizona.....	87,020	14,613	16.79	9,011	156	279	435
Utah.....	264,900	70,878	26.76	*49,638	502	837	1,339
Nevada.....	41,680	7,348	17.89	4,982	40	237	314
Idaho.....	157,200	29,737	18.92	21,528	324	524	848
Washington.....	472,100	97,916	20.74	64,192	1,033	2,288	3,321
Oregon.....	373,400	85,230	22.83	62,799	1,250	2,443	3,693
California.....	1,495,000	259,459	17.36	185,424	1,407	6,025	7,432

*Approximately. †Salt Lake City estimated. ‡In 1892. §In 1896. ¶In 1897.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS TAUGHT, SALARIES OF TEACHERS, VALUE OF SCHOOL PROPERTY, STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION—1897-98.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Average No. days schools were kept. (a)	AVERAGE MONTHLY SALARIES OF TEACHERS.		Value of public school property.	Raised from state taxes.	Raised from local taxes.	Raised from other sources, state and local, etc.
		Males.	Females.				
United States.....	143.1	b\$45.16	b\$38.74	\$492,703,781	\$35,600,643	\$134,104,053	\$20,399,578
North Atlantic Division.....	174.5	b55.13	b41.00	198,197,537	12,590,732	52,558,675	11,418,838
South Atlantic Division.....	112.7	b31.21	b31.45	22,266,065	4,445,898	6,492,677	1,020,565
South Central Division.....	98.6	b40.21	b34.74	21,760,411	6,550,517	4,380,672	679,413
North Central Division.....	152.4	b46.53	b38.14	211,848,908	7,289,537	62,450,015	5,868,475
Western Division.....	151.8	b58.59	b50.92	38,630,860	4,735,189	8,422,014	1,412,287
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	137	40.61	26.32	4,225,401	513,036	1,076,160	.....
New Hampshire.....	c134.5	c37.10	c27.64	c3,284,121	d59,331	d557,358	d63,390
Vermont.....	154	41.40	26.04	1,800,000	87,196	721,506	18,821
Massachusetts.....	186	137.50	51.44	39,077,409	.....	13,367,878	91,955
Rhode Island.....	191	104.03	51.00	4,579,534	122,487	1,302,167	54,152
Connecticut.....	188.8	88.49	43.03	9,879,922	291,849	2,154,301	242,403
New York.....	176	.....	.....	71,832,511	d3,850,000	d17,107,893	d7,300,000
New Jersey.....	185	85.82	49.72	14,601,840	2,194,895	3,265,485	97,299
Pennsylvania c.....	159.4	42.69	38.45	c43,917,003	5,481,408	12,508,897	3,550,848
South Atlantic Division—							
Delaware.....	ef 160	gh 36.60	gh 34.08	f904,426	h4 6,000	eh 209,000	.....
Maryland.....	c182	g51.20	g43.10	g4,500,000	602,958	1,797,761	548,800
District of Columbia.....	185	94.48	64.31	3,750,000	.....	kl 251,655	.....
Virginia c.....	120.2	31.98	26.67	3,090,777	997,512	840,241	39,893
West Virginia d.....	111	.....	.....	3,471,697	342,680	1,439,758	108,526
North Carolina d.....	68.8	23.78	21.98	970,675	760,460	21,522	147,683
South Carolina.....	c83.2	25.18	24.29	845,596	c666,919	c85,033	c23,553
Georgia.....	c116.9	.....	.....	3,977,070	922,810	415,607	124,743
Florida.....	104	35.04	32.40	755,824	136,529	432,160	27,266
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	ce 115.4	d44.03	d37.18	e5,448,814	c1,326,230	c1,108,395	c197,140
Tennessee.....	d90.2	g131.88	g126.18	d3,133,780	d1,330,219	.....	d205,134
Alabama.....	e80.1	.....	.....	cg1,500,000	d505,034	de150,000	d239
Mississippi.....	c101.6	e32.18	e26.69	f1,636,055	c630,225	cm413,911	c65,634
Louisiana.....	106.3	34.26	29.60	g1,066,000	234,014	m670,002	31,826
Texas c.....	106	51.81	44.87	6,081,356	2,051,724	806,690	129,806
Arkansas.....	69	38.50	36.75	2,291,397	331,487	m890,047	33,912
Oklahoma.....	86.3	37.00	31.08	600,000	121,384	341,627	14,722
Indian Territory.....							
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	162	41.75	c39.80	41,428,289	1,748,888	10,316,661	447,037
Indiana.....	144	c48.25	40.25	21,536,212	1,558,276	4,806,254	461,130
Illinois.....	158.7	60.87	51.84	43,705,943	1,000,000	15,142,098	508,995
Michigan.....	160.8	43.02	35.21	18,138,989	c673,647	c4,903,854	c530,308
Wisconsin.....	n160	41.00	29.50	g14,800,000	602,576	4,081,350	602,728
Minnesota.....	156	61.90	36.72	14,559,564	516,107	3,012,899	899,286
Iowa.....	162	37.10	31.20	17,450,430	.....	7,571,634	937,291
Missouri.....	141.7	49.40	42.40	16,718,414	680,050	4,791,982	283,117
North Dakota d.....	122	39.32	35.51	2,132,738	c349,900	1,110,441	51,802
South Dakota.....	de138.4	h49.00	h37.00	d 2,929,744	.....	d1,181,637	d52,928
Nebraska.....	131	42.61	36.04	8,943,924	160,093	2,053,054	969,115
Kansas.....	124.3	d43.82	d35.58	9,504,961	.....	3,479,261	124,758
Western Division—							
Montana.....	d149.2	69.28	48.61	1,857,964	575,332	159,094	58,667
Wyoming d.....	e110	60.40	42.86	441,460	.....	203,370	1,407
Colorado.....	d159.7	164.07	153.74	5,987,703	.....	2,129,421	783,633
New Mexico.....	96.6	.....	.....	g281,000	92,224	.....	p110,945
Arizona.....	180	73.23	63.17	472,108	(g).....	293,548	1,833
Utah.....	157	61.75	41.66	2,652,595	338,588	754,183	61,871
Nevada.....	154	101.00	61.50	265,011	8,149	87,266	86
Idaho.....	100	56.11	47.47	567,718	85,388	156,090	30,934
Washington d.....	148	42.13	34.53	4,977,679	r792,245	1,128,458	47,762
Oregon d.....	129.9	42.02	33.75	3,748,154	.....	885,478	219,128
California.....	172.4	77.40	64.55	17,349,468	e2,843,263	2,084,416	95,971

a Certain states report their school term in months. These months have been reduced to days by multiplying them by 20. b Average for those states reporting. c In 1896-97. d In 1895-96. e Approximately. f In 1891-92. g Estimated. h In 1890-91. i State appropriation for colored schools. k Includes money appropriated from the federal treasury. l In 1894-95. m Includes poll tax. n In 1893-94. o Includes some miscellaneous receipts. p Includes all receipts in cities. q Included in local taxes. r Includes some funds.

COMMON-SCHOOL STATISTICS, CLASSIFIED BY RACES—1897-98.

STATE.	Estimated number of persons 5 to 18 years of age.		Percentage of the whole.		Pupils enrolled in the public schools.		Per cent of persons 5 to 18 years enrolled.	
	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.
Alabama (1896-97)....	334,700	286,900	53.84	46.16	216,636	132,213	61.74	46.08
Arkansas.....	333,000	129,100	72.08	27.92	224,247	79,561	67.34	61.63
Delaware (1891-92)....	39,850	8,980	81.61	18.39	28,316	4,858	71.06	54.10
District of Columbia.	46,720	25,700	64.51	35.49	29,311	15,387	62.74	59.87
Florida.....	95,460	75,640	55.80	44.20	67,657	40,738	70.87	63.94
Georgia.....	384,100	370,400	51.59	48.41	270,267	180,565	70.36	50.10
Kentucky (1896-97)....	503,900	96,600	85.39	14.61	432,572	69,321	76.71	71.76
Louisiana.....	222,100	295,500	48.42	51.58	100,732	71,609	49.41	39.28
Maryland.....	272,700	78,700	77.64	22.36	190,745	45,258	69.95	57.51
Mississippi (1896-97)..	216,800	315,000	40.71	59.29	170,811	196,768	78.97	62.47
Missouri.....	897,900	54,600	94.26	5.74	656,816	31,767	73.15	58.18
N. Carolina.....	387,600	232,400	62.51	37.49	261,223	138,152	67.39	59.45
So. Carolina (1894-97)...	176,700	236,500	37.94	62.06	119,027	139,156	67.36	46.93
Tennessee (1895-96)...	480,300	162,000	74.78	25.22	386,483	95,102	80.47	58.70
Texas (1896-97).....	757,850	232,050	74.53	25.47	477,659	134,481	63.03	57.95
Virginia (1896-97).....	340,100	242,000	58.43	41.57	244,583	123,234	71.92	50.92
West Virginia.....	279,700	11,500	96.04	3.96	227,676	8,512	81.40	74.02
Total.....	5,828,980	2,844,570	67.35	32.65	4,113,811	1,506,742	70.58	52.97
Total (1889-90).....	*5,132,948	*2,510,847	67.15	32.85	3,402,420	1,296,959	66.29	51.65

STATE.	Average daily attendance.		Per cent of enrollment.		Number of teachers.	
	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.
Alabama (1896-97).....	1135,429	187,261	62.50	66.00	5,053	2,466
Arkansas.....	142,800	48,647	63.68	61.14	5,536	1,537
Delaware (1891-92)....	119,746	12,947	69.73	60.66	734	106
District of Columbia	22,656	11,727	77.80	76.21	739	363
Florida.....	46,329	27,675	68.48	67.83	2,108	684
Georgia.....	169,329	100,386	62.65	60.58	6,186	3,319
Kentucky (1896-97)....	265,623	43,074	61.41	62.14	8,564	1,396
Louisiana.....	82,294	49,752	75.00	69.48	2,815	1,019
Maryland.....	112,019	22,520	58.73	49.76	4,200	787
Mississippi (1896-97)..	103,353	120,547	60.51	61.26	4,747	3,156
Missouri.....	424,448	16,244	64.62	51.13	14,639	607
North Carolina.....	145,646	68,891	55.76	49.87	4,954	2,293
South Carolina (1896-97)...	82,627	99,932	69.42	71.81	2,928	2,045
Tennessee (1895-96)...	272,963	65,213	70.63	68.57	7,257	1,878
Texas (1896-97).....	335,175	69,197	70.17	51.45	10,045	2,968
Virginia (1896-97).....	145,218	68,203	59.37	55.34	6,448	2,127
West Virginia.....	154,154	5,614	67.71	65.95	6,565	243
Total.....	2,659,809	916,833	64.66	60.85	93,538	26,909
Total (1889-90).....	2,165,249	813,710	63.64	62.74	78,903	24,072

*United States census. †Approximately.

SIXTEEN FORMER SLAVE STATES AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

YEAR.	Common school enrollment.		Expenditures (both races).	YEAR.	Common school enrollment.		Expenditures (both races).
	White.	Colored.			White.	Colored.	
1870-71.....			\$10,385,464	1886-86.....	2,773,145	1,048,659	\$20,208,113
1871-72.....			11,623,238	1887-87.....	2,975,773	1,118,556	20,821,969
1872-73.....			11,176,048	1887-88.....	3,110,606	1,140,405	21,810,158
1873-74.....			11,823,775	1888-89.....	3,197,330	1,218,092	23,171,878
1874-75.....			13,021,514	1889-90.....	3,402,420	1,296,959	24,880,107
1875-76.....			12,033,865	1890-91.....	3,570,624	1,329,549	26,090,310
1876-77.....	1,827,139	571,506	11,231,073	1891-92.....	3,607,549	1,354,316	27,691,488
1877-78.....	2,034,946	675,150	12,068,091	1892-93.....	3,697,899	1,367,515	28,535,738
1878-79.....	2,013,684	685,942	12,174,141	1893-94.....	3,848,541	1,432,198	29,223,546
1879-80.....	2,215,674	784,709	12,678,085	1894-95.....	3,846,267	1,423,593	29,443,584
1880-81.....	2,234,877	802,374	13,656,814	1895-96.....	3,943,801	1,449,325	31,149,721
1881-82.....	2,249,263	802,982	15,241,740	1896-97.....	3,937,992	1,460,084	31,144,801
1882-83.....	2,370,110	817,240	16,343,471	1897-98*.....	4,113,811	1,506,742	31,217,479
1883-84.....	2,546,448	1,002,313	17,884,558				
1884-85.....	2,676,911	1,030,463	19,253,874	Total.....	66,196,310	24,313,672	546,630,246

*Subject to correction.

INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS IN PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS AND IN PRIVATE HIGH SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES—1897-98.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS.					PRIVATE SECONDARY SCHOOLS.				
	Number.	Secondary teachers.		Secondary students.		Number.	Secondary teachers.		Secondary students.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
United States.....	5,315	8,542	9,399	180,187	260,413	1,990	4,075	5,282	52,172	53,053
North Atlantic Div....	1,316	2,245	3,441	61,651	80,096	688	1,788	2,412	20,576	19,738
South Atlantic Div....	387	512	564	9,742	14,641	373	600	692	8,745	8,164
South Central Div....	552	862	700	13,907	19,281	436	639	731	10,307	10,791
North Central Div....	2,832	4,434	4,204	94,163	131,415	884	803	1,112	10,261	11,406
Western Div.....	228	459	490	10,024	14,980	129	245	335	2,233	2,954
North Atlantic Div.—										
Maine.....	154	170	162	3,873	4,695	35	59	87	1,342	1,543
New Hampshire.....	52	58	87	1,467	1,858	29	100	59	1,331	687
Vermont.....	55	55	86	1,348	1,808	23	44	73	1,016	1,060
Massachusetts.....	227	495	861	14,604	18,718	96	256	392	2,798	2,776
Rhode Island.....	16	73	82	1,339	1,810	13	45	71	325	437
Connecticut.....	68	112	195	3,106	3,775	62	121	191	1,233	1,481
New York.....	367	616	1,198	21,491	25,083	205	597	863	5,539	6,425
New Jersey.....	85	134	280	3,842	5,848	70	177	209	2,214	1,469
Pennsylvania.....	292	532	490	10,581	16,501	135	389	467	4,758	3,860
South Atlantic Div.—										
Delaware.....	14	16	31	449	655	3	11	5	127	102
Maryland.....	46	75	68	1,533	2,389	39	84	113	896	1,060
Dist. of Columbia...	5	49	73	1,203	1,753	19	37	98	303	535
Virginia.....	66	70	96	1,615	2,296	80	151	127	1,799	1,347
West Virginia.....	28	36	43	644	1,134	14	23	33	284	371
North Carolina.....	14	22	15	389	493	111	163	138	2,939	2,173
South Carolina.....	85	93	84	1,238	2,014	34	51	48	763	711
Georgia.....	105	116	121	2,173	3,281	67	79	114	1,649	1,741
Florida.....	24	35	33	428	626	6	1	16	15	124
South Central Div.—										
Kentucky.....	61	103	111	1,985	2,769	87	119	187	1,766	1,855
Tennessee.....	93	130	93	2,293	3,064	102	151	123	2,570	2,329
Alabama.....	48	55	62	1,036	1,541	66	87	77	1,484	1,277
Mississippi.....	85	93	93	1,565	1,906	50	56	88	1,067	1,348
Louisiana.....	20	37	51	560	1,195	25	28	59	417	570
Texas.....	192	358	242	4,790	7,053	71	138	149	2,127	2,619
Arkansas.....	48	78	40	1,204	1,582	24	48	27	645	563
Oklahoma.....	2	3	4	97	149	2	3	6	21	24
Indian Territory.....	3	5	4	76	22	9	9	15	210	206
North Central Div.—										
Ohio.....	598	911	647	17,601	23,207	54	104	190	1,152	1,537
Indiana.....	349	628	355	10,042	12,770	29	66	99	890	1,158
Illinois.....	328	636	631	13,921	21,147	62	138	211	1,804	2,218
Michigan.....	232	411	588	11,650	15,808	21	30	73	445	762
Wisconsin.....	182	282	327	7,339	9,457	26	76	69	727	473
Minnesota.....	112	178	376	4,780	6,930	30	84	93	907	658
Iowa.....	326	435	566	10,959	15,303	44	76	101	1,373	1,403
Missouri.....	201	353	301	6,776	10,367	80	163	181	2,244	2,222
North Dakota.....	24	25	25	360	548	2	4	4	17	31
South Dakota.....	29	33	35	677	938	7	11	18	162	208
Nebraska.....	225	286	225	5,381	8,022	14	23	38	196	317
Kansas.....	176	256	178	4,677	6,918	15	28	35	344	419
Western Div.—										
Montana.....	15	16	23	365	531	4	.....	14	3	121
Wyoming.....	5	6	6	137	170	1	2	1	11	12
Colorado.....	39	110	98	1,963	2,965	5	7	10	62	77
New Mexico.....	4	5	2	48	79	3	4	4	59	16
Arizona.....	2	5	3	65	91	1	.....	2	.....	8
Utah.....	4	17	16	371	520	14	54	33	563	611
Nevada.....	8	6	17	191	318	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Idaho.....	6	8	15	141	205	7	11	6	70	106
Washington.....	36	59	42	1,044	1,586	12	11	41	146	273
Oregon.....	13	25	22	638	956	19	44	43	489	372
California.....	96	232	246	5,061	7,559	63	112	181	880	1,358

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF LIBERAL ARTS IN THE UNITED STATES—1897-98.

STATES AND TERRITORIES, 1897-98.	Number of institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS.		STUDENTS.									
		Total number.		Preparatory depts.		Collegiate depts.		Graduate depts.		Professional depts.		Total number.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
United States....	480	11,571	1,577	31,647	14,292	54,738	16,708	3,669	1,057	26,378	983	118,820	35,236
North Atlantic Div.	81	3,619	122	5,714	687	20,235	2,311	1,512	194	8,476	168	36,427	3,590
South Atlantic Div.	73	1,252	133	2,756	858	6,038	736	444	23	2,697	63	12,236	2,265
South Central Div.	86	1,241	298	5,844	3,440	6,369	2,297	107	32	4,050	80	16,443	5,991
South Central Div.	198	4,337	863	14,946	7,781	18,622	9,374	1,409	625	10,191	571	46,429	19,239
Western Division...	42	1,122	161	2,387	1,526	3,419	1,331	197	123	964	101	7,289	4,152
North Atlantic Div.—													
Maine.....	4	107	1	.....	.....	843	189	7	.....	183	5	1,033	194
New Hampshire...	2	64	.....	12	.....	564	.....	.....	.....	115	.....	691	.....
Vermont.....	3	81	.....	.....	.....	361	99	1	.....	283	.....	646	99
Massachusetts.....	9	743	10	477	19	3,674	380	405	37	2,246	123	6,969	558
Rhode Island.....	1	71	1	.....	.....	610	149	24	29	.....	.....	671	189
Connecticut.....	3	301	.....	.....	.....	2,115	58	217	37	428	.....	2,798	165
New York.....	23	1,230	58	3,486	217	5,190	607	547	56	2,682	34	11,984	1,023
New Jersey.....	4	141	4	203	39	1,202	.....	125	.....	30	.....	1,562	39
Pennsylvania.....	32	881	48	1,536	412	5,676	829	186	35	2,509	6	10,073	1,323
South Atlantic Div.—													
Delaware.....	2	19	1	19	9	102	5	3	.....	.....	.....	124	14
Maryland.....	11	254	16	475	73	837	105	217	.....	241	41	1,771	219
Dist. of Columbia.	6	406	10	385	27	472	126	153	13	1,374	18	2,443	280
Virginia.....	10	128	3	279	85	1,112	58	35	.....	350	.....	1,760	149
West Virginia.....	3	51	12	163	21	363	113	5	6	123	3	664	144
North Carolina.....	15	153	28	559	262	1,340	140	13	1	298	.....	2,289	588
South Carolina.....	9	84	8	190	51	733	62	3	1	30	1	954	115
Georgia.....	11	109	26	442	169	970	80	10	.....	281	.....	1,752	445
Florida.....	6	51	29	254	161	164	106	5	2	.....	.....	499	311
South Central Div.—													
Kentucky.....	13	190	51	1,213	709	1,190	320	12	1	588	.....	2,993	1,079
Tennessee.....	24	452	97	1,546	959	1,721	783	60	10	1,971	24	5,326	1,813
Alabama.....	9	102	12	468	292	699	172	4	.....	159	.....	1,359	464
Mississippi.....	4	46	6	155	85	415	34	4	.....	72	.....	646	123
Louisiana.....	9	138	28	320	126	669	182	9	68	454	6	1,535	382
Texas.....	16	220	59	1,423	787	1,209	519	17	11	630	47	3,231	1,346
Arkansas.....	8	78	30	475	290	430	262	1	2	170	.....	1,072	564
Oklahoma.....	1	8	2	186	145	20	7	.....	.....	6	3	212	155
Indian Territory..	2	7	13	53	47	16	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	69	65
North Central Div.—													
Ohio.....	35	787	139	2,748	1,271	3,324	1,725	129	67	1,232	70	7,785	3,454
Indiana.....	14	269	29	1,068	358	1,739	751	86	28	319	12	3,190	1,154
Illinois.....	31	1,035	171	2,705	1,352	3,154	1,734	657	323	3,593	201	10,300	3,487
Michigan.....	11	299	68	798	389	1,631	876	53	25	1,496	112	3,968	1,426
Wisconsin.....	10	225	29	641	97	1,600	517	88	39	259	6	2,649	655
Minnesota.....	9	341	40	436	175	1,640	765	138	49	961	32	3,835	1,222
Iowa.....	22	402	99	1,673	1,017	1,540	915	38	27	916	82	4,267	2,160
Missouri.....	26	402	114	2,059	1,047	1,665	723	87	6	637	7	4,714	1,799
North Dakota.....	3	22	9	236	245	82	44	1	.....	.....	.....	322	289
South Dakota.....	6	46	30	271	274	139	87	3	2	.....	.....	493	454
Nebraska.....	12	273	65	850	650	864	567	93	53	423	22	2,241	1,349
Kansas.....	19	306	70	1,456	806	1,184	670	36	15	355	27	3,161	1,789
Western Division—													
Montana.....	3	19	12	78	92	34	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	112	141
Wyoming.....	1	11	3	50	56	33	22	4	2	.....	.....	88	80
Colorado.....	4	204	21	382	252	255	205	14	8	256	21	926	491
Arizona.....	1	11	3	58	41	42	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	100	57
Utah.....	2	32	5	252	169	50	56	2	1	.....	.....	449	456
Nevada.....	1	16	3	58	34	105	58	3	1	.....	.....	166	161
Idaho.....	1	15	6	92	69	53	31	3	.....	.....	.....	148	100
Washington.....	9	84	22	402	214	337	141	6	1	.....	.....	746	356
Oregon.....	8	125	30	384	338	245	183	1	2	150	12	780	537
California.....	12	605	56	631	261	2,265	1,170	164	108	558	68	3,774	1,773

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF LIBERAL ARTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

STATES AND TERRITORIES, 1897-98.	INCOME IN 1897-98.				Libra- ries, bound vol- umes.	Value of scien- tific appara- tus.	Value of grounds and build- ings.	Produc- tive funds.	Bene- factions.
	From tuition fees.	From pro- ductive funds.	From U. S. gov- ernment, state or mun- icipal appro- priations.	Total income.					
United States...	\$7139552	\$5653683	\$4242908	\$19,213,371	7,096,325	\$11,004,532	\$12,621,1099	\$1,196,32651	\$7,532,239
North Atlantic Div.	3,259,410	2,802,886	816,702	7,926,196	3,215,855	5,472,755	54,209,825	63,230,216	3,859,243
South Atlantic Div.	628,003	391,174	466,351	1,691,804	598,377	13,552,126	9,265,485	9,265,485	728,213
South Central Div.	628,631	492,583	323,906	1,599,152	516,211	713,540	10,404,700	7,654,724	320,372
North Central Div.	2,366,093	1,580,198	1,748,332	6,367,137	2,226,133	3,359,122	38,867,653	31,434,468	2,309,916
Western Div.	257,815	386,842	887,617	1,629,082	340,911	860,738	9,176,795	8,047,758	314,495
North Atl'tic Div.—									
Maine.....	67,030	71,978	58,000	213,196	129,682	143,625	1,091,566	1,661,512	114,500
New Hampshire..	37,000	65,000	5,000	107,000	80,000	102,000	650,000	1,500,000	156,200
Vermont.....	15,992	34,619	34,383	104,489	88,268	105,000	725,000	755,000	81,640
Massachusetts....	824,365	695,747	.....	1,712,316	719,959	1,313,450	8,142,425	15,421,277	1,559,355
Rhode Island.....	101,721	28,661	.....	131,752	100,000	340,000	1,177,967	807,481	13,800
Connecticut.....	521,293	293,263	.....	847,420	323,000	400,755	6,743,090	5,919,771	127,500
New York.....	813,046	1,082,580	273,104	2,744,844	949,342	1,413,727	20,891,155	24,199,969	1,990,861
New Jersey.....	158,439	171,000	38,000	489,499	186,762	570,000	2,525,000	3,500,000	4,000
Pennsylvania.....	720,464	360,038	408,215	1,575,680	638,842	1,084,198	12,263,682	9,465,206	658,387
South Atl'tic Div.—									
Delaware.....	300	4,980	38,000	44,869	10,500	23,000	101,500	83,000	200
Maryland.....	199,045	90,335	79,100	368,299	185,310	182,377	2,017,626	3,407,500	72,958
Dist. of Columbia.	161,835	64,949	111,128	392,610	188,700	96,500	4,377,500	1,279,075	45,073
Virginia.....	102,808	93,405	62,500	273,763	160,425	95,200	2,159,000	1,779,000	155,381
West Virginia....	7,836	6,408	99,550	107,836	18,600	51,000	520,000	114,750	.....
North Carolina....	80,683	45,218	25,000	177,204	110,100	33,550	1,523,500	770,942	151,573
South Carolina....	25,000	27,572	.....	99,872	71,300	22,300	845,000	550,800	31,514
Georgia.....	36,636	47,970	38,073	143,225	83,410	75,450	1,560,000	855,618	59,749
Florida.....	13,850	20,277	16,000	70,420	18,870	19,000	450,000	424,800	213,765
South Centr'l Div.—									
Kentucky.....	78,689	96,537	66,341	254,523	82,187	68,940	1,265,500	1,372,495	36,881
Tennessee.....	178,286	129,019	61,200	455,623	169,967	276,025	3,414,700	2,406,240	180,461
Alabama.....	81,632	29,200	350	115,115	61,250	70,350	845,000	365,000	300
Mississippi.....	14,200	42,043	5,000	67,243	30,000	38,800	440,000	692,500	7,000
Louisiana.....	55,914	100,566	40,138	214,974	74,700	126,259	1,845,000	1,947,313	7,800
Texas.....	178,587	76,022	72,500	344,183	74,569	93,075	1,969,500	720,716	83,500
Arkansas.....	30,451	11,206	65,377	112,591	22,708	33,500	495,000	150,500	4,430
Oklahoma.....	.....	8,000	12,000	21,000	2,200	6,000	60,000	.....	.....
Indian Territory.	10,872	.....	.....	13,800	1,600	600	60,000	.....	.....
North Cent'l Div.—									
Ohio.....	329,671	375,500	334,924	1,121,827	434,641	442,800	8,072,956	7,843,200	508,314
Indiana.....	270,505	115,977	80,000	491,073	200,905	185,750	3,710,000	2,041,283	171,550
Illinois.....	672,940	436,706	218,000	1,613,185	601,049	565,580	8,073,235	10,491,217	553,204
Michigan.....	252,993	97,042	213,000	649,061	223,661	612,212	2,363,904	1,609,983	252,851
Wisconsin.....	51,140	80,857	236,000	497,903	131,142	382,500	2,506,000	1,482,479	80,129
Minnesota.....	133,049	82,942	128,905	400,514	92,000	132,900	2,747,560	1,632,091	56,421
Iowa.....	201,526	98,671	72,979	391,335	190,506	287,850	2,173,738	1,556,769	153,356
Missouri.....	250,339	191,380	71,784	580,970	195,495	319,105	4,884,000	3,771,539	360,207
North Dakota....	3,049	4,059	30,000	44,300	10,500	12,850	280,000	34,000	14,205
South Dakota....	21,575	3,300	23,550	62,215	17,857	6,750	300,500	82,500	22,800
Nebraska.....	58,564	17,497	164,250	245,061	77,520	235,650	1,844,400	453,952	33,007
Kansas.....	120,691	26,227	83,540	269,633	107,857	185,175	1,811,500	397,155	123,874
Western Div.—									
Montana.....	10,500	11,000	19,000	41,500	6,700	8,800	225,000	.....	2,000
Wyoming.....	610	.....	45,076	47,243	5,750	60,000	111,540	.....	.....
Colorado.....	37,040	32,548	126,000	236,067	55,257	69,100	1,406,400	616,910	67,075
New Mexico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arizona.....	.....	.....	43,700	48,700	3,400	40,000	85,000	.....	.....
Utah.....	8,180	7,133	60,000	82,948	19,000	20,500	325,000	196,427	300
Nevada.....	40,200	3,800	50,450	54,878	6,457	17,030	158,184	96,000	.....
Idaho.....	518	412	44,000	45,680	6,100	35,000	130,000	7,472	500
Washington.....	40,208	8,000	40,250	111,688	27,146	23,938	644,000	150,000	32,250
Oregon.....	23,580	20,992	30,000	78,732	27,413	23,650	832,000	342,000	11,600
California.....	137,179	302,897	423,141	881,646	183,688	562,700	5,261,671	6,639,949	200,770

INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS IN CO-EDUCATIONAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES AND IN COLLEGES FOR MEN ONLY—1897-98.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of Institutions.	PROFESS'RS AND INSTRUCTORS.		STUDENTS.						Total income.
		Male.	Female.	Preparatory.		Collegiate.		Graduate.		
				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
United States.....	480	7,788	1,524	31,647	14,292	54,708	16,708	3,609	1,057	\$19,213,371
North Atlantic Division.	81	2,463	116	5,714	687	20,235	2,311	1,512	194	7,926,196
South Atlantic Division..	73	863	133	2,756	858	6,093	795	444	23	1,691,804
South Central Division...	86	815	296	5,844	3,440	6,369	2,297	107	92	1,569,152
North Central Division...	198	2,940	821	14,946	7,781	18,622	9,374	1,409	625	3,697,137
Western Division.....	42	697	158	2,387	1,526	3,419	1,931	197	123	1,629,082
North Atlantic Division—										
Maine.....	4	86	1			843	189	7		213,196
New Hampshire.....	2	50		12		564				107,000
Vermont.....	3	55				361	99	1		104,489
Massachusetts.....	9	428	5	477	19	3,674	380	405	37	1,712,316
Rhode Island.....	1	71	1			610	149	24	29	847,420
Connecticut.....	3	207				2,115	58	217	37	131,752
New York.....	23	840	57	3,486	217	5,190	607	547	56	2,744,844
New Jersey.....	4	141	4	203	39	1,202		125		489,499
Pennsylvania.....	32	590	48	1,536	412	5,676	829	196	35	1,575,680
South Atlantic Division—										
Delaware.....	2	19	1	19	9	102	5	3		44,969
Maryland.....	11	200	16	475	73	837	105	217		393,290
District of Columbia...	6	170	10	885	27	1,112	136	153	13	332,610
Virginia.....	10	37	3	279	85	1,112	58	35		273,769
West Virginia.....	3	47	12	163	21	863	113	6	6	90,836
North Carolina.....	15	124	28	559	262	1,840	140	13	1	177,204
South Carolina.....	9	80	8	180	51	733	62	3	1	99,872
Florida.....	11	80	26	442	169	970	60	10		148,925
Georgia.....	6	51	29	254	161	164	106	5	2	70,420
South Central Division—										
Kentucky.....	13	134	51	1,213	709	1,190	320	12	1	254,523
Tennessee.....	24	233	96	1,546	959	1,721	753	69	10	455,622
Alabama.....	9	77	12	468	232	639	172	4		115,115
Mississippi.....	4	37	6	155	85	415	34	4		67,243
Louisiana.....	9	97	28	620	126	669	182	9	68	214,974
Texas.....	16	163	58	1,428	787	1,209	519	17	11	344,183
Arkansas.....	8	59	30	475	250	430	262	1	2	112,691
Oklahoma.....	1	8	2	186	145	20	7			21,100
Indian Territory.....	2	7	13	53	47	16	18			13,800
North Central Division—										
Ohio.....	35	558	137	2,748	1,271	3,324	1,725	129	67	1,121,827
Indiana.....	14	235	28	1,068	358	1,799	751	86	28	491,073
Illinois.....	31	646	144	2,705	1,352	3,154	1,734	657	323	1,613,183
Michigan.....	11	190	66	738	369	1,631	876	53	25	649,061
Wisconsin.....	10	178	29	641	97	1,600	517	89	30	497,903
Minnesota.....	9	148	40	436	175	1,640	765	138	49	400,514
Iowa.....	22	219	97	1,673	1,017	1,540	915	38	27	391,995
Missouri.....	26	314	112	2,059	1,047	1,965	723	87	6	680,970
North Dakota.....	3	22	9	236	245	82	44	1		44,300
South Dakota.....	6	46	30	271	274	139	87	3		62,215
Nebraska.....	12	157	61	850	630	864	547	93	53	245,061
Kansas.....	19	227	65	1,456	896	1,184	670	36	15	269,633
Western Division—										
Montana.....	3	19	12	78	92	34	49			41,500
Wyoming.....	1	11	3	50	56	33	22	4	2	47,243
Colorado.....	4	91	20	382	252	255	205	14	8	236,067
New Mexico.....										
Arizona.....	1	11	3	58	41	42	16			48,700
Utah.....	2	32	5	252	169	50	56	2	1	82,948
Nevada.....	1	16	3	58	34	105	58	3		54,878
Idaho.....	1	15	6	92	69	53	31	3		45,680
Washington.....	9	84	22	402	214	337	141	6	1	111,688
Oregon.....	8	77	30	384	358	245	183	1	2	73,792
California.....	12	341	54	631	261	2,265	1,170	161	103	881,046

INSTRUCTORS AND STUDENTS IN COLLEGES AND SEMINARIES FOR WOMEN WHICH CONFER DEGREES—1897-98.

STATE OR TERRITORY.	No. of institutions.	PROFESSORS AND INSTRUCTORS		FEMALE STUDENTS.			Total income.
		Male.	Female.	Preparatory.	College.	Graduate.	
United States.....	148	642	1,834	5,004	14,556	430	\$3,325,261
North Atlantic Division.....	21	276	421	1,132	4,537	244	1,520,285
South Atlantic Division.....	48	191	519	1,212	4,789	79	719,732
South Central Division.....	51	105	518	1,390	3,720	80	525,361
North Central Division.....	26	67	322	1,113	1,446	25	452,478
Western Division.....	2	3	54	157	64	2	107,405
North Atlantic Division—							
Maine.....	2	10	6	287	27	5	18,325
Massachusetts.....	5	138	170	14	2,503	101	655,144
New York.....	5	66	117	511	1,168	84	489,222
New Jersey.....	1	8	8	50	2	.....	12,000
Pennsylvania.....	8	54	120	270	834	54	345,594
South Atlantic Division—							
Maryland.....	5	29	58	144	557	6	102,046
Virginia.....	13	57	135	232	1,229	7	177,086
West Virginia.....	1	1	3	10	2	.....	4,500
North Carolina.....	9	29	98	322	764	11	115,100
South Carolina.....	9	38	81	194	980	17	123,200
Georgia.....	11	37	144	280	1,257	58	197,800
South Central Division—							
Kentucky.....	11	24	108	244	789	11	87,406
Tennessee.....	12	28	152	382	937	22	155,300
Alabama.....	9	14	87	141	655	15	83,500
Mississippi.....	13	28	121	457	911	19	117,427
Louisiana.....	2	4	17	46	85	.....	14,950
Texas.....	3	6	23	70	283	13	52,778
Arkansas.....	1	1	10	50	60	.....	14,000
North Central Division—							
Ohio.....	6	9	96	220	317	10	140,523
Illinois.....	4	7	51	217	264	10	40,836
Wisconsin.....	1	.....	17	144	26	.....	31,500
Minnesota.....	1	.....	7	22	10	.....	5,970
Missouri.....	12	46	133	399	769	5	157,579
Kansas.....	2	5	18	111	60	.....	23,050
Western Division—							
California.....	2	3	54	157	64	2	107,405

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE POPULATION IN 1897-98.

GRADES.	NUMBER OF PUPILS.		
	Public.	Private.	Total.
Elementary (primary and grammar).....	14,589,036	1,249,635	15,838,701
Secondary (high schools, seminaries).....	459,813	166,302	626,115
Colleges.....	29,728	71,330	101,058
Professional schools.....	8,096	46,135	54,231
Normal schools.....	46,245	21,293	67,538
Business schools.....	.....	70,950	70,950
Reform schools.....	23,501	.....	23,501
Schools for deaf.....	10,395	483	10,878
Schools for blind.....	3,744	.....	3,744
Institutions for feeble-minded.....	8,866	896	9,762
Total.....	15,179,424	1,626,524	16,805,948

The number of business schools in 1897-98 was 337; reform schools, 90; schools for the deaf, 105; schools for the blind, 36; institutions for the feeble-minded, 29.

GROWTH OF PROFESSIONAL SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES.

YEARS.	THEOLOGICAL SCHOOLS.			LAW SCHOOLS.			MEDICAL SCHOOLS.*					
	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	REGULAR.			HOM'OPATHIC.		
							Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.
1890-91.....	143	734	7,328	54	406	5,252	95	2,147	14,538	14	311	1,220
1891-92.....	141	854	7,729	58	507	6,073	95	2,423	14,934	14	299	1,086
1892-93.....	142	892	7,836	62	587	6,776	94	2,494	16,130	16	330	1,445
1893-94.....	147	963	7,658	67	621	7,311	109	3,077	17,601	19	478	1,606
1894-95.....	149	906	8,050	72	604	8,950	113	2,738	18,060	20	476	1,575
1895-96.....	144	869	8,017	73	658	9,780	116	2,902	19,959	20	493	1,966
1896-97.....	157	980	8,173	77	744	10,449	118	3,142	21,438	21	582	2,038
1897-98.....	155	958	8,371	83	845	11,615	122	3,423	21,002	21	629	1,786
	DENTAL SCHOOLS.			SCHOOLS OF PHARMACY.			NURSE TRAINING SCHOOLS.			VETERINARY SCHOOLS.		
	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.
1890-91.....	28	518	2,016	30	194	2,884	34	255	1,613	9	95	513
1891-92.....	28	636	2,874	29	216	2,799	36	457	1,832	8	105	533
1892-93.....	29	513	2,852	31	264	3,394	47	556	2,338	7	114	564
1893-94.....	35	794	4,152	35	283	3,658	66	.....	2,710	8	118	554
1894-95.....	45	968	5,847	39	317	3,859	131	.....	3,985	9	132	474
1895-96.....	46	854	6,369	44	354	3,873	177	.....	5,084	10	139	382
1896-97.....	48	846	6,400	43	392	3,426	298	.....	7,263	12	153	364
1897-98.....	50	961	6,774	45	401	3,538	371	.....	8,805	14	173	326

*There were also in 1897-98 six eclectic schools, with 147 instructors and 533 students; two physio-medical schools, with 48 instructors and 107 students.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE—1828-96.

Yr.	Candidates.	Party.	Popular vote.	Electoral vote.	Yr.	Candidates.	Party.	Popular vote.	Electoral vote.
1828	Jackson.....	Democrat..	647,231	178	1868	Grant.....	Republican	3,015,071	214
1828	Adams.....	Federal....	500,097	83	1872	Greeley.....	Democrat..	2,834,079	*96
1832	Jackson.....	Democrat..	687,502	219	1872	O'Conor.....	Ind. Dem...	29,408	.....
1832	Clay.....	Whig.....	550,189	49	1872	Grant.....	Republican	3,597,070	292
1832	Floyd.....	Whig.....	33,108	11	1872	Black.....	Tempera'ce	5,608	.....
1832	Wirt.....	Whig.....	761,549	7	1876	Tilden.....	Democrat..	4,284,885	184
1836	Van Buren..	Democrat..	761,549	170	1876	Hayes.....	Republican	4,033,950	185
1836	Harrison...	Whig.....	736,656	73	1876	Cooper.....	Greenback..	81,740	.....
1836	White.....	Whig.....	736,656	26	1876	Smith.....	Prohibition	9,522	.....
1836	Webster...	Whig.....	736,656	14	1880	Hancock...	Democrat..	4,442,035	155
1836	Mangum...	Whig.....	736,656	11	1880	Garfield...	Republican	4,449,053	214
1840	Van Buren..	Democrat..	1,128,702	60	1880	Weaver.....	Greenback..	307,306	.....
1840	Harrison...	Whig.....	1,275,017	234	1880	Dow.....	Prohibition	10,487	.....
1840	Birney.....	Liberty....	7,059	.....	1884	Cleveland..	Democrat..	4,874,986	219
1844	Polk.....	Democrat..	1,337,243	170	1884	Blaine.....	Republican	4,851,981	182
1844	Clay.....	Whig.....	1,229,068	105	1884	Butler.....	Greenback..	173,370	.....
1844	Birney.....	Liberty....	62,300	.....	1884	St. John...	Prohibition	150,369	.....
1848	Taylor.....	Whig.....	1,360,101	163	1888	Cleveland..	Democrat..	5,538,560	168
1848	Cass.....	Democrat..	1,220,544	107	1888	Harrison...	Republican	5,441,902	233
1848	Van Buren..	Free Soil..	291,263	.....	1888	Streeter...	Labor.....	147,521	.....
1852	Pierce.....	Democrat..	1,401,474	254	1888	Fisk.....	Prohibition	249,937	.....
1852	Scott.....	Whig.....	1,385,678	42	1892	Cleveland..	Democrat..	5,556,562	277
1852	Utah.....	Free Soil..	156,149	.....	1892	Harrison...	Republican	5,162,874	145
1856	Buchanan...	Democrat..	1,538,169	174	1892	Bidwell...	Prohibition	264,066	.....
1856	Fremont...	Republican	1,341,264	114	1892	Weaver.....	People's....	1,055,424	22
1856	Fillmore...	American..	874,534	8	1892	Wing.....	Socialist...	22,613	.....
1860	Douglas...	Democrat..	1,375,157	12	1896	McKinley...	Republican	7,107,823	271
1860	Brecklnr'ge.	Democrat..	455,763	72	1896	Bryan.....	Democrat..	6,288,865	176
1860	Lincoln....	Republican	1,866,352	180	1896	Bryan.....	People's....	222,207	.....
1860	Bell.....	Union.....	589,581	39	1896	Levering...	Prohibition	130,683	.....
1864	McClellan..	Democrat..	1,408,725	21	1896	Bentley...	National...	15,950	.....
1864	Lincoln....	Republican	2,216,067	216	1896	Matchett...	Soc. Labor..	33,545	.....
1868	Seymour....	Democrat..	2,709,613	80	1896	Palmer.....	Nat. Dem...	133,900	.....

*Owing to the death of Mr. Greeley, the 66 electoral votes were variously cast: Thomas A. Hendricks receiving 42, B. Gratz Brown 18, Horace Greeley 3, Charles J. Jenkins 2, David Davis 1.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Comparative statement showing the receipts from the several objects of internal taxation in the United States during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1898 and 1899.

OBJECTS OF TAXATION.	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
SPIRITS.				
Spirits distilled from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries and prunes.....	\$1,552,502.94	\$1,436,839.50		\$115,753.44
Spirits distilled from other materials.....	85,188,630.91	92,201,245.77	\$6,012,614.86	
Rectifiers (special tax).....	221,225.24	250,889.41	28,664.17	
Retail liquor dealers (special tax).....	4,152,572.53	4,885,086.63	732,514.10	
Wholesale liquor dealers (special tax).....	393,216.74	469,874.64	76,657.90	
Manufacturers of stills (special tax).....	822.91	1,077.11	254.20	
Stills and worms, manufactured (special tax).....	1,080.00	2,380.00	690.00	
Stamps for distilled spirits intended for export	2,678.00	2,563.10		114.90
Case stamps for distilled spirits bottled in bond	33,570.50	14,568.00		19,002.50
Total.....	92,546,999.77	99,238,534.16	6,736,534.39	
TOBACCO.				
Cigars weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand.....	13,626,049.71	*16,307,108.05	2,681,058.34	
Cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand.....	405,676.88	547,415.52	141,738.64	
Cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per thousand.....	3,593,011.69	4,203,753.86	610,742.17	
Cigarettes weighing more than 3 pounds per thousand.....	6,693.47	9,461.39	2,767.92	
Snuff.....	931,869.04	+1,751,797.44	819,928.40	
Tobacco, chewing and smoking.....	17,657,276.45	+28,453,989.28	10,796,712.81	
Dealers in leaf tobacco.....		73,657.46	73,657.46	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco.....		22,462.00	22,462.00	
Manufacturers of tobacco.....		29,139.12	29,139.12	
Manufacturers of cigars.....		324,090.01	324,090.01	
Miscellaneous collections relating to tobacco.....	9,945.13	770,333.53	760,388.40	
Total.....	36,230,522.37	52,493,207.64	16,262,685.27	
FERMENTED LIQUORS.				
Ale, beer, lager beer, porter and other similar fermented liquors.....	38,885,151.63	\$67,673,301.31	28,788,149.68	
Brewers (special tax).....	152,647.61	179,357.40	26,709.79	
Retail dealers in malt liquors (special tax).....	201,150.15	232,399.56	31,249.41	
Wholesale dealers in malt liquors (special tax).....	276,471.75	382,409.34	105,937.59	
Additional collections on fermented liquors stored in warehouse, act of June 13, 1898.....		177,090.84	177,090.84	
Total.....	39,515,421.14	68,644,558.45	29,129,137.31	
OLEOMARGARINE.				
Oleomargarine, domestic and imported.....	1,107,774.54	1,609,912.56	502,138.02	
Manufacturers of oleomargarine (special tax).....	7,600.00	11,500.00	3,900.00	
Retail dealers in oleomargarine (special tax).....	156,134.00	263,322.00	107,188.00	
Wholesale dealers in oleomargarine (special tax).....	44,272.00	71,884.00	27,612.00	
Total.....	1,315,780.54	1,956,618.56	640,838.02	
FILLED CHEESE.				
Filled cheese, domestic and imported.....	14,129.23	16,886.41	2,757.18	
Manufacturers of filled cheese (special tax).....	2,283.32	1,200.01		1,083.31
Retail dealers in filled cheese (special tax).....	156.00	12.00		144.00
Wholesale dealers in filled cheese (special tax).....				
Total.....	16,518.55	18,098.42	1,579.87	
MIXED FLOUR.				
Per barrel of 196 lbs., or more than 98 lbs.....		1,787.10	1,787.10	
Half barrel of 98 lbs., or more than 49 lbs.....		1,961.23	1,961.23	
Quarter barrel of 49 lbs., or more than 24½ lbs.....		532.01	532.01	
Eighth barrel of 24½ lbs. or less.....		1,700.88	1,700.88	
Manufacturers, packers, or repackers of mixed flour (special tax).....		1,859.40	1,859.40	
Total.....		7,840.62	7,840.62	
SPECIAL TAXES NOT ELSEWHERE ENUMERATED.				
Bankers, capital not exceeding \$25,000.....	2,500.00	448,702.08	446,202.08	
Bankers, capital exceeding \$25,000, for each additional \$1,000 in excess of \$25,000.....	44,473.00	3,302,134.91	3,257,661.91	

* Includes \$2,161.23, at \$3 per M.

† Includes \$3,455.27, at 6 cents per pound.

‡ Includes \$1,935.92, at 6 cents per pound.

§ Includes \$2,070.31, at \$1 per barrel.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS OF INTERNAL TAXATION.—CONTINUED.

OBJECTS OF TAXATION.	1898.	1899.	Increase.	Decrease.
SPECIAL TAXES.—CONTINUED.				
Billiard rooms.....		\$367,074.65	\$367,074.65	
Brokers, stocks, bonds, etc.....		357,010.70	357,010.70	
Brokers, commercial.....		181,919.42	181,919.42	
Brokers, custom-house.....		8,105.01	8,105.01	
Brokers, pawn.....		50,522.73	50,522.73	
Bowling alleys.....		61,349.22	61,349.22	
Circuses.....		18,233.17	18,233.17	
Exhibitions not otherwise provided for.....		72,164.93	72,164.93	
Theaters, museums and concert halls.....		64,376.39	64,376.39	
Total.....	\$46,973.00	4,921,593.21	4,874,620.21	
LEGACIES AND DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.				
Legacies, lincal issue or ancestor, brother or sister.....		558,247.00	558,247.00	
Legacies, descendant of a brother or sister.....		225,568.08	225,568.08	
Legacies, brother or sister of the father or mother, or a descendant of a brother or sister of the same.....		48,630.55	48,630.55	
Legacies, brother or sister of the grandfather or grandmother, or a descendant of the brother or sister of the same.....		6,721.99	6,721.99	
Legacies, any other degree of collateral consanguinity than is hereinbefore stated, or stranger in blood.....		396,267.63	396,267.63	
Total.....		1,235,435.25	1,235,435.25	
SCHEDULES A AND B.				
Schedule A.....	724,073.94	38,618,081.20	37,894,007.26	
Schedule B.....	70,343.66	5,219,737.46	5,149,393.80	
Total.....	794,417.60	43,837,818.66	43,043,401.06	
BANKS, BANKERS, ETC.				
Bank circulation.....				
Notes of persons, state banks, towns, cities, etc., paid out.....	1,180.00			\$1,180.00
Total.....	1,180.00			1,180.00
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Excise tax on gross receipts.....		643,446.41	643,446.41	
Opium.....	114.90			114.90
Playing cards.....	261,080.06	271,128.84	10,048.78	
Penalties.....	136,750.07	166,576.25	29,826.18	
Collections not otherwise herein provided for.....	1,000.76	4,716.97	3,656.21	
Total.....	399,006.39	1,085,868.47	686,862.08	
Aggregate receipts.....	170,866,819.36	273,484,573.44	102,617,754.08	

DISTILLED SPIRITS.

Number of gallons of spirits rectified in the United States during the year ended June 30, 1899, by states and territories.

States and Territories.	Gallons.	States and Territories.	Gallons.
Alabama.....	209,165.50	Montana, Idaho and Utah.....	58,728.00
Arkansas.....	7,322.74	Nebraska and Dakotas.....	389,266.16
California and Nevada.....	2,424,126.90	New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont.....	1,400.27
Colorado and Wyoming.....	71,968.50	New Jersey.....	365,891.33
Connecticut and Rhode Island.....	532,065.94	New Mexico and Arizona.....	17,457.62
Georgia.....	176,720.84	New York.....	12,192,291.62
Illinois.....	6,283,520.25	North Carolina.....	524,158.27
Indiana.....	1,192,662.78	Ohio.....	10,593,069.14
Iowa.....	78,720.59	Oregon and Washington.....	190,172.84
Kansas.....	2,402.50	Pennsylvania.....	8,608,606.41
Kentucky.....	5,880,202.50	Tennessee.....	633,494.84
Louisiana and Mississippi.....	950,979.19	Texas.....	294,661.43
Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia.....	5,214,241.73	Virginia.....	919,342.42
Massachusetts.....	3,816,587.57	West Virginia.....	159,717.11
Michigan.....	321,973.51	Wisconsin.....	1,379,888.18
Minnesota.....	681,847.34		
Missouri.....	2,912,834.05	Total.....	67,055,508.07

PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1899.

States and Territories.		Barrels.	States and Territories.		Barrels.
Alabama.....		51,005	Montana.....		164,344
Arkansas.....		8,243	Nebraska.....		216,665
California.....		712,529	New Hampshire.....		301,823
Colorado.....		244,201	New Jersey.....		2,043,999
Connecticut.....		673,239	New Mexico.....		4,068
Florida.....		10,121	New York.....		9,665,347
Georgia.....		117,488	North Carolina.....		107
Illinois.....		3,549,534	Ohio.....		2,785,489
Indiana.....		706,806	Oregon.....		254,159
Iowa.....		187,892	Pennsylvania.....		4,299,006
Kansas.....		7,812	South Carolina.....		7,022
Kentucky.....		434,528	Tennessee.....		126,427
Louisiana.....		193,761	Texas.....		299,861
Maryland.....		976,293	Virginia.....		137,079
Massachusetts.....		1,763,989	West Virginia.....		140,738
Michigan.....		804,430	Wisconsin.....		2,797,188
Minnesota.....		581,212			
Missouri.....		2,254,039	Total.....		36,581,114

RECEIPTS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1899.

States and Territories.		Collections.	States and Territories.		Collections.
Alabama.....		\$508,236.92	Montana.....		\$681,097.21
Arkansas.....		269,936.90	Nebraska.....		3,428,079.38
California.....		4,348,683.48	New Hampshire.....		1,341,036.09
Colorado.....		1,248,135.22	New Jersey.....		8,074,261.13
Connecticut.....		2,916,759.03	New Mexico.....		132,867.28
Florida.....		682,422.50	New York.....		46,634,980.98
Georgia.....		941,726.80	North Carolina.....		4,921,016.91
Illinois.....		47,359,523.87	Ohio.....		21,341,065.75
Indiana.....		17,213,070.97	Oregon.....		1,074,921.81
Iowa.....		2,003,256.26	Pennsylvania.....		23,335,573.53
Kansas.....		944,825.57	South Carolina.....		284,278.15
Kentucky.....		22,215,234.23	Tennessee.....		2,173,895.50
Louisiana.....		2,254,173.74	Texas.....		1,577,833.59
Maryland.....		8,130,409.41	Virginia.....		4,815,851.08
Massachusetts.....		8,153,620.36	West Virginia.....		1,430,106.57
Michigan.....		4,643,795.49	Wisconsin.....		9,467,065.41
Minnesota.....		2,567,688.23			
Missouri.....		16,369,075.84	Total.....		273,484,573.44

a Including the state of Nevada. *b* Including the state of Wyoming. *c* Including the state of Rhode Island. *d* Including the Indian Territory and the territory of Oklahoma. *e* Including the state of Mississippi. *f* Including the state of Delaware, District of Columbia and two counties of Virginia. *g* Including the states of Idaho and Utah. *h* Including the states of North Dakota and South Dakota. *i* Including the states of Maine and Vermont. *j* Including the territory of Arizona. *k* Including the state of Washington and the territory of Alaska.

STILLS SEIZED AND CASUALTIES TO OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS.

	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	Total.
Stills seized.....	583	795	852	806	1,016	1,874	1,905	2,273	2,391	2,190	14,685
Officers or employes killed.....	1	1	.....	3	.....	1	.....	1	2	1	10
Officers or employes wounded...	1	3	1	.....	.....	2	3	3	5	3	21

ILLICIT STILLS SEIZED, 1899.

Stills Seized		Persons		Stills Seized		Persons	
Districts.	Destroyed.	Removed.	arrested.	Districts.	Destroyed.	Removed.	arrested.
Alabama.....	187	3	133	Third New York.....	9	.....	8
Arkansas.....	88	.....	115	Fourteenth New York.....	1	1	2
Fourth California.....	.....	1	.....	Fourth N. Carolina.....	171	.....	.....
Florida.....	1	.....	1	Fifth North Carolina.....	363	.....	62
Georgia.....	602	66	260	Twenty-third Penn.....	2	.....	1
Second Kentucky.....	7	.....	3	South Carolina.....	145	4	72
Fifth Kentucky.....	14	.....	2	Second Tennessee.....	41	2	4
Seventh Kentucky.....	11	.....	3	Fifth Tennessee.....	46	.....	8
Eighth Kentucky.....	155	6	9	Fourth Texas.....	1	.....	2
Louisiana (embracing				Second Virginia.....	5	.....	.....
Mississippi).....	38	1	7	Sixth Virginia.....	204	.....	.....
First Michigan.....	.....	1	1	West Virginia.....	3	.....	7
Fifth New Jersey.....	.....	.....	1				
First New York.....	2	3	5	Total.....	2,101	89	711

Casualties—J. A. Robertson and J. F. Miller, possemen, wounded, Sept. 9, 1898, in Polk county, North Carolina. Deputy Marshal Taylor Harris seriously wounded April 17, 1899, in Haywood county, North Carolina. Sheriff J. S. Dawson killed April 21, 1899, in Haywood county, North Carolina.

QUANTITY OF LEAF TOBACCO USED BY MANUFACTURERS DURING THE LAST TEN YEARS.

YEAR.	Pounds.	Product.	Total.
1889...	83,513,962	Cigars and cigarettes.....	303,937,574
	220,423,612	Tobacco and snuff.....	
1890...	91,746,311	Cigars and cigarettes.....	311,862,784
	220,116,473	Tobacco and snuff.....	
1891...	85,435,928	Cigars.....	332,511,067
	9,115,810	Cigarettes.....	
	237,939,329	Tobacco and snuff.....	339,012,619
1892...	90,875,830	Cigars.....	
	9,907,222	Cigarettes.....	312,907,679
	238,229,567	Tobacco and snuff.....	
1893...	84,428,797	Cigars.....	317,640,403
	12,497,183	Cigarettes.....	
	215,981,699	Tobacco and snuff.....	323,656,332
1894...	77,359,405	Cigars.....	
	12,614,409	Cigarettes.....	308,398,583
	227,695,589	Tobacco and snuff.....	
1895...	77,499,875	Cigars.....	357,171,033
	16,094,338	Cigarettes.....	
	230,062,119	Tobacco and snuff.....	349,877,737
1896...	75,938,866	Cigars.....	
	19,114,130	Cigarettes.....	349,877,737
	213,345,527	Tobacco and snuff.....	
1897...	77,452,711	Cigars (large).....	349,877,737
	1,283,300	Cigars (small).....	
	17,477,402	Cigarettes.....	349,877,737
	260,957,560	Tobacco and snuff.....	
1898...	83,460,874	Cigars (large).....	349,877,737
	1,977,100	Cigars (small).....	
	17,081,349	Cigarettes.....	349,877,737
	247,358,414	Tobacco and snuff.....	

NOTE.—The quantity of leaf tobacco reported used in 1898 includes scraps and stems.

MATERIALS USED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DISTILLED SPIRITS—1899.

STATES.	Malt.	Wheat	Bar- ley.	Rye.	Corn.	Oats.	Mill feed.	Molasses. Total.	Other ma- terials.	Total.
	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.	Gals.	Bu.	Bu.
Alabama.....	4,874		30	1,544	28,704					35,152
Arkansas.....	1,839	13		1,037	12,792		14			15,715
California.....	5,753	2,904		15,253	4,238					28,148
Colorado.....	17			17	146					180
Connecticut.....	4,519			12,182	11,467					28,168
Delaware.....	184			685	523					1,392
Georgia.....	10,051				58,644					68,696
Idaho.....	33	246		18			258			555
Illinois.....	834,514			200,946	6,442,927	6	200			7,478,593
Indiana.....	305,612	21	242	70,083	2,557,765	7,645				2,941,368
Kansas.....	62	13		19	569					663
Kentucky.....	515,084	5,360	46	740,802	3,182,647	4,806	9	169,362		4,448,844
Louisiana.....								943,355		
Maryland.....	81,654	574		467,802	43,928	638				594,596
Massachusetts.....	863			4,655	4,453			1,780,923		9,971
Missouri.....	19,997	1,246		4,522	178,942					204,707
Nebraska.....	48,689			15,324	415,654					479,667
New Hampshire.....								20,430		
New Jersey.....	32,000			48,000	48,000					128,000
New York.....	73,209			208,994	361,452					643,715
North Carolina.....	26,271	1,562	205	26,630	224,837		132			279,637
Ohio.....	197,581	3,143		298,994	1,503,795	1,356	702			2,005,511
Oklahoma Ter.....	163			232	1,471					1,866
Pennsylvania.....	204,812	3,467	2	1,089,916	79,642	264		6,540		1,383,103
South Carolina.....	3,748		206	2,837	30,053					36,844
Tennessee.....	18,467	337	238	15,006	109,505		35			203,678
Texas.....	572	133		451	4,772					5,934
Utah.....	31			31	256					318
Virginia.....	3,538	163		11,729	24,918					40,348
Washington.....	16				380					396
West Virginia.....	6,569			48,322	606					55,497
Wisconsin.....	70,635		549	87,780	289,723				5,520	454,207
Total.....	2,471,417	19,182	1,518	3,383,867	15,682,809	14,805	1,350	2,920,660	5,520	21,580,468

The average yield per bushel of grain used was $\frac{96,295,933}{21,580,468} = 4.46$ + gallons of spirits.The average yield per gallon of molasses used for the production of spirits was $\frac{763,654}{943,355} = .814$ + of a gallon.The average yield per gallon of molasses used in the production of rum was $\frac{1,494,379}{1,977,305} = .755$ + of a gallon.

OPERATIONS OF MANUFACTURERS OF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

(Calendar year 1898.)

Number of registered manufacturers of tobacco.....	3,186
Number who qualified as manufacturers for the purpose of buying and selling refuse scraps, cuttings and clippings.....	60
Number who qualified as manufacturers for the purpose of disposing of the old stock of manufactured tobacco.....	135
Number of persons who produced perique tobacco.....	57
Number who qualified as manufacturers and confined their operations exclusively to the manufacture of snuff.....	105
Number who qualified as tobacco manufacturers who also operated cigar factories.....	1,500
Number who qualified for the express purpose of manufacturing plug, twist and smoking tobacco and snuff.....	1,020
Total.....	3,186

QUANTITY OF TOBACCO AND SNUFF MANUFACTURED.

Pounds.

Quantity of plug and twist tobacco produced.....	160,876,541
Quantity of fine-cut chewing tobacco produced.....	11,415,231
Quantity of smoking tobacco produced.....	89,240,526
Quantity of snuff produced.....	13,607,631
Total quantity of tobacco and snuff produced.....	275,139,929

CIGARS AND CIGARETTES MANUFACTURED.

Number of cigars weighing more than 3 pounds per 1,000 produced.....	4,458,836,966
Number of cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per 1,000 produced.....	456,826,584
Number of cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per 1,000 produced.....	4,384,087,582
Number of cigarettes weighing more than 3 pounds per 1,000 produced.....	1,745,915

CIGAR FACTORIES.

Number of cigar and cigarette factories operated.....	30,856
Number making cigarettes exclusively.....	339

LEAF TOBACCO.

Pounds.

Quantity of leaf tobacco used in the production of large cigars.....	83,460,874
Quantity of leaf tobacco used in the production of small cigars.....	1,977,100
Quantity of leaf tobacco used in the production of cigarettes.....	17,081,349
Quantity of leaf and scrap tobacco used in the production of chewing and smoking tobacco and snuff.....	247,358,414
Total leaf tobacco used.....	349,877,737

Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 large cigars.....	18.67
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 small cigars.....	4.32
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 large cigarettes.....	13.21
Average quantity of leaf tobacco used per 1,000 small cigarettes.....	3.84

SUGAR STATISTICS.

Quantity of sugar imported into the United States from the principal countries of supply during each fiscal year from 1895 to 1898, inclusive.

COUNTRIES FROM WHICH IMPORTED.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	Annual average, 1895-1898.	Per ct.
	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Pounds.	
Cuba.....	2,127,502,319	1,845,763,398	1,093,171,312	577,790,173	440,235,111	1,216,890,463	31.32
Germany.....	358,649,535	311,182,908	525,991,657	1,604,233,071	175,275,440	595,006,534	15.32
Dutch East Indies...	288,013,620	280,464,270	567,670,780	634,171,629	621,731,462	478,410,352	12.31
Hawaii.....	326,574,584	274,385,228	352,175,269	431,217,116	499,776,895	376,825,819	9.70
British West Indies	256,821,752	193,498,237	217,421,118	322,103,866	231,401,746	244,249,344	6.29
Brazil.....	258,447,122	180,262,039	191,457,878	140,773,692	139,426,285	182,073,403	4.69
British Guiana.....	134,455,359	110,848,960	146,433,256	175,639,179	139,145,529	141,304,457	3.64
Santo Domingo.....	89,421,821	66,492,169	116,972,841	131,279,582	94,336,444	99,700,572	2.57
Philippine Islands..	124,062,343	68,770,492	145,075,344	72,463,577	29,489,600	87,970,271	2.26
Porto Rico.....	75,546,030	56,352,954	81,582,810	86,607,317	98,452,421	79,708,306	2.05
Belgium.....	80,479,170	24,338,139	72,721,186	130,423,987	11,437,760	61,865,770	1.59
Egypt.....	.....	23,250,815	100,335,317	124,055,211	52,354,144	59,999,067	1.54
United Kingdom....	58,241,416	40,610,205	56,992,162	68,250,019	21,106,706	49,040,120	1.26
Austria-Hungary....	44,536,822	7,411,234	40,703,929	105,138,128	2,788,767	40,115,776	1.03
Netherlands.....	23,829,548	12,000,203	40,935,833	82,248,664	38,659,827	39,660,821	1.02
France.....	13,909,622	35,832	34,810,370	92,169,241	17,781	25,189,569	.73
China.....	21,159,075	23,696,923	31,827,859	11,437,760	7,161,664	19,062,656	.49
Dutch Guiana.....	12,787,452	8,794,544	12,299,690	18,043,833	25,636,341	15,512,356	.40
British Africa.....	8,585,345	3,776,030	26,564,115	25,895,460	12,081,142	15,332,418	.39
Danish West Indies	15,538,546	9,131,589	12,202,619	16,939,347	14,882,991	13,745,018	.35
Hongkong.....	11,236,629	8,551,495	12,046,973	3,245,630	4,183,246	7,806,795	.20
Canada.....	3,846,249	8,329,361	1,304,387	1,083,330	717,532	3,059,532	.08
Other countries.....	11,532,532	16,162,679	15,611,403	62,622,921	39,753,407	29,596,586	.76
Total.....	4,345,193,881	3,574,510,454	3,896,338,557	4,918,906,733	2,689,920,851	3,884,987,319	100.00

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

In pursuance of the rescript of Nicholas II., czar of Russia (a copy of which may be found in *The Daily News Almanac* for 1899, page 102), for the limitation of the evils of militarism, an international conference was appointed to be held at The Hague on the 18th of May, 1899, to which the various governments of the world were invited to send delegates to represent them in the proposed deliberations. On the 11th of January, 1899, a circular was issued by Count Muravieff, Russian minister of foreign affairs, to all the powers having diplomatic representatives at St. Petersburg, in which the various proposals to be submitted for discussion at the conference were outlined.

PROPOSALS SUBMITTED.

This circular was as follows:

"When, in the month of August last, my august master instructed me to propose to the governments which have representatives in St. Petersburg the holding of a conference with the object of seeking more efficacious means for assuring to all peoples the blessings of real and lasting peace, and, before all, in order to put a stop to the progressive development of the present armaments, there appeared to be no obstacle in the way of the realization, at no distant date, of this humanitarian scheme. The cordial manner in which the step taken by the Imperial government was greeted by nearly all the powers could not fail to strengthen this view. While highly appreciating the sympathetic terms in which the adhesions of most of the powers were drafted, the Imperial cabinet also feels lively satisfaction at the testimonies of very warm approval which have been addressed to it and continue to be received from all classes of society in various parts of the globe. Notwithstanding the strong current of opinion which set in in favor of the idea of general pacification, the political horizon has undergone a sensible change in this last respect. Several powers have undertaken fresh armaments, striving to further increase their military forces, and in the presence of this uncertain situation it might be asked whether the powers considered the present moment opportune for the international discussion of the ideas set forth in the circular of Oct. 12 (old style), 1898.

"Hoping, however, that the elements of trouble agitating the political spheres will soon give place to a calmer disposition, of a nature to favor the success of the proposed conference, the Imperial government is of opinion that it would be possible to proceed forthwith to a preliminary exchange of views between the powers with the object (a) of seeking without delay means for putting a stop to the progressive increase of military and naval armaments, a question the solution of which becomes evidently more and more urgent in view of the fresh extension given to these armaments; and (b) of preparing the way for a discussion of the questions relating to the possibility of preventing armed conflicts by the pacific means at the disposal of international diplomacy.

"In the event of the powers considering the present moment favorable for the meeting of a conference on these bases, it would certainly be useful for the cabinets to come

to an understanding on the subject of the programme of their labors. The proposals to be submitted for international discussion at the conference could, in general terms, be summarized as follows:

"1. An understanding not to increase for a fixed period the present effective of the armed military and naval forces, and, at the same time, not to increase the budgets pertaining thereto; a preliminary examination of the means by which a reduction might even be effected in future in the forces and budgets above mentioned.

"2. To prohibit the use in the armies and fleets of any new kind of firearms whatever, and of new explosives, or any powders more powerful than those now in use either for rifles or cannon.

"3. To restrict the use in military warfare of the formidable explosives already existing, and to prohibit the throwing of projectiles or explosives of any kind from balloons or by any similar means.

"4. To prohibit the use in naval warfare of submarine torpedo-boats or plungers, or other similar engines of destruction; to give an undertaking not to construct vessels with rams in the future.

"5. To apply to naval warfare the stipulations of the Geneva convention of 1864, on the basis of the articles added to the convention of 1863.

"6. To neutralize ships and boats employed in saving those overboard during or after an engagement.

"7. To revise the declaration concerning the laws and customs of war elaborated in 1874 by the conference of Brussels, which has remained unratified to the present day.

"8. To accept in principle the employment of the good offices of mediation and facultative arbitration in cases lending themselves thereto, with the object of preventing armed conflicts between nations; an understanding with respect to the mode of applying these good offices, and the establishment of a uniform practice in using them.

"It is well understood that all questions concerning the political relations of states and the order of things established by treaties, as generally all questions which do not directly fall within the programme adopted by the cabinets, must be absolutely excluded from the deliberations of the conference.

"In requesting you, monsieur, to be good enough to apply to your government for instructions on the subject of my present communication, I beg you at the same time to inform it that, in the interest of the great cause which my august master has so much at heart, his Imperial majesty considers it advisable that the conference should not sit in the capital of one of the great powers, where so many political interests are centered which might, perhaps, impede the progress of a work in which all the countries of the universe are equally interested."

PERSONNEL OF THE CONFERENCE.

Notwithstanding the very general feeling of skepticism as to the results of the conference, the czar's invitation was accepted by twenty powers, which are named below, with their delegates:

United States—Seth Low, president of the

Columbia university, New York; Andrew D. White, ambassador at Berlin; Stanford Newell, minister at The Hague; Capt. William Crozier of the ordnance department of the army, Capt. A. T. Mahan of the navy, Frederick Holis, secretary of the delegation.

Great Britain—Sir Julian Pauncefote, G. C. B., her majesty's ambassador at Washington; Sir Henry Howard, K. C. M. G., minister at The Hague. They were assisted, as naval and military experts, by Vice-Admiral Sir John Fisher, K. C. B., and Maj.-Gen. Sir John Ardagh, K. C. I. E.

France—M. Leon Bourgeois, ex-premier; M. d'Estournelles, deputy for La Sarthe and formerly charge d'affaires at the French embassy in London.

Germany—Count Munster, ambassador at Paris; Baron von Stengel of the Munich university, Prof. Dr. Zorn of the University of Königsberg; Capt. Slegel, naval attaché at the German embassy in Paris; Col. Gross von Schwarzhoff, commanding the 94th regiment of infantry.

Denmark—M. de Bille, Danish minister in London; Col. Schnaack, ex-war minister; Baron Reedtz Thott.

Austria-Hungary—Count Rudolph Welsersheimb, first under secretary at the foreign office in Vienna; Herr von Okolicsanyi, Austro-Hungarian minister at The Hague, assisted by an expert in international law, and Lieut.-Col. Knepach, chief of the general staff of the 3d infantry division at Linz, acted as military adviser to Count Welsersheimb.

Russia—M. de Staal, ambassador in London (president of the conference); Prof. Martens of the St. Petersburg university; M. de Struve, minister resident at The Hague.

Italy—Count Nigra, ambassador at Vienna; Count Zanini, minister plenipotentiary at The Hague; Gen. Zuccari, formerly military attaché at Berlin; Capt. Blanco, naval attaché in London.

Portugal—Count de Macedo, Portuguese minister at Madrid; Angostinho d'Ornellas, Portuguese minister at St. Petersburg; Count de Selir, Portuguese minister at The Hague.

Spain—Duke de Tetuan, life senator and ex-minister of foreign affairs; Senator Lamirez de Villaurrutia, minister plenipotentiary at Brussels; M. de Baguer, minister plenipotentiary at The Hague.

Holland—M. de Beaufort, minister for foreign affairs; Prof. Asser, another great authority on international law.

Belgium—M. Beernaet, president of the chamber of deputies and minister of state; Chevalier Descamps-David, senator; Count de Greille-Rogier, minister plenipotentiary at The Hague.

Switzerland—Dr. Roth, Swiss minister at Berlin; Col. Kuenzli, member of the national council (Aargau); M. Odier, national council (Geneva); Dr. Suter, an official in the political department, secretary to the Swiss delegates.

Sweden and Norway—Baron de Bildt, Swedish minister in Rome, assisted on the part of Sweden by Col. Brandsirrom and Commander Hjulhammar as military and naval experts, and on the part of Norway by M. W. Konow, president of the odelsling, and Gen. Thaulow.

Turkey—Turkhan Pasha, member of the council of state and formerly minister for

foreign affairs; Nouri Bey, general secretary at the Porte.

Persia—Mirza Riza Khan (Arfa-ed-Dowleh), minister resident at St. Petersburg, a soldier as well as a diplomat.

Slam—Marquis Surliva, minister to France, Servia—M. Myatovich, minister to Great Britain.

Japan—Baron Hayashi, minister plenipotentiary at St. Petersburg; M. Motono, Japanese minister at Brussels; Col. Uyebara, for the army; Capt. Sakomoto, for the navy.

Roumania—M. Al Beldimano, Roumanian minister in Berlin; M. Papiniu, Roumanian minister at The Hague; Col. Coanda, director of artillery from the war office at Bucharest.

China—Yang-Yu, ambassador at St. Petersburg, also accredited to The Hague.

ASSEMBLING OF THE CONFERENCE.

The delegates met at The Hague on the 18th of May, 1899, and the conference was organized by the election of M. de Staal, a Russian delegate, to preside over the deliberations of the body. The conference held its sessions until the 29th of July, 1899, when it adjourned.

THE RESULTS.

It is not within the scope of this article to give an account of the routine work of the conference, but simply its accomplishments. In a word, disarmament failed, but arbitration won a most signal victory. In brief, the conference appointed three commissioners to deal with the three groups of questions contained in the Russian circular given above, which were known as the first, second and third commissions. The first dealt with the subject of disarmament, limitation of expenditure, prohibition of new styles of firearms, limitation of the use of explosives and prohibition of the use of rams or of submarine boats. The American members on this commission were Messrs. White, Mahan and Crozier.

The second commission considered the laws of warfare, application of the Geneva convention to naval warfare, neutralization of vessels engaged in saving the shipwrecked during or after a naval engagement, and a revision of the declaration of Brussels of 1874 on the notification and the customs of war. The American members of this commission were Messrs. White, Newell, Mahan and Crozier.

The third commission had charge of the subjects of mediation and arbitration, which were regarded by both Great Britain and the United States as the most important ones before the conference. The American members of this commission were Messrs. White, Low and Holls.

At the final session of the conference the president announced that sixteen states had signed the arbitration convention, fifteen the convention relating to the laws and customs of war and that relating to the adaptation of the Geneva convention to naval warfare, seventeen the declaration prohibiting the throwing of projectiles or explosives from balloons, sixteen the declaration prohibiting the use of asphyxiating gases and fifteen the declaration prohibiting the use of expansive bullets.

THE ARBITRATION PROJECT.

We give in full the text of the project of the convention for the peaceful regulation of international conflicts:

SECTION 1.—THE MAINTENANCE OF THE GENERAL PEACE.

Article 1. In order to prevent as far as possible the recourse to force in international relations, the signatory powers agree to employ all their efforts to bring about, by pacific means, the solution of the differences which may arise between states.

SEC. 2.—GOOD OFFICES AND MEDIATION.

Art. 2. The signatory powers agree that in case of grave disagreement of conflict, before appealing to arms, they will have recourse, so far as circumstances allow it, to the good offices or mediation of one or more of the friendly powers.

Art. 3. Independently of this recourse, the signatory powers consider it useful that one or more powers that are not concerned in the conflict should offer of their own initiative, so far as the circumstances lend themselves to it, their good offices or their mediation to the disputing states.

The powers not concerned in the conflict have the right of offering their good offices or their mediation even during the course of hostilities.

The exercise of this right can never be considered by either of the disputing parties as an unfriendly act.

Art. 4. The part of the mediator consists in the reconciliation of contrary pretensions and in the allaying of the resentments which may be caused between the disputing states.

Art. 5. The duties of the mediator cease from the moment when it is announced, whether by one of the disputing parties or by the mediator himself, that the compromise or the basis of a friendly understanding proposed by him have not been accepted.

Art. 6. Good offices and mediation, whether recourse is had to them by one of the disputing parties or on the initiative of powers not concerned in the conflict, have exclusively the character of counsel and are devoid of any obligatory force.

Art. 7. The acceptance of mediation cannot have the effect, unless it be agreed to the contrary, of interrupting, retarding, or impeding mobilization and other measures preparatory to war.

If it (mediation) intervenes before the opening of hostilities, it does not, unless the contrary be agreed upon, interrupt the current military operations.

Art. 8. The signatory powers agree to recommend the application, in circumstances which permit of it, of a special mediation in the following form:

In the case of a grave disagreement endangering peace, the disputing states should each choose one power to which they may intrust the mission of entering into direct communication with the power chosen by the other side, for the purpose of preventing the rupture of pacific relations.

During the continuance of their mandate the duration of which, unless the contrary is stipulated, cannot exceed thirty days, the question in dispute is considered as referred exclusively to these powers. They must apply all their efforts to arranging the difference.

In case of the actual rupture of pacific relations, these powers remain charged with the common mission of profiting by every opportunity of re-establishing peace.

SEC. 3.—INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS OF INQUIRY.

Art. 9. In cases in which differences of opinion should arise between the signatory powers with regard to the local circumstances which have given rise to a disagreement of an international character which could not be settled by the ordinary diplomatic methods, and in which neither the honor nor the vital interests of these powers are at stake, the interested parties agree to have recourse, so far as the circumstances permit it, to the institution of international commissions of inquiry, in order to establish the circumstances which have given rise to dispute and to clear up, by an impartial and conscientious inquiry on the spot, all questions of fact.

Art. 10. The international commissions of inquiry are constituted, unless it is stipulated to the contrary, in the manner determined by article 31 of the present convention.

Art. 11. The interested powers undertake to furnish to the international commission of inquiry, to the fullest extent that they shall consider possible, all the means and all the facilities necessary for the complete knowledge and exact appreciation of the facts in question.

Art. 12. The international commission of inquiry shall present to the interested powers its report signed by all the members of the commission.

Art. 13. The report of the international commission of inquiry has in nowise the character of an arbitral decision. It leaves the disputing powers entire freedom, either to conclude a friendly arrangement on the basis of this report, or have recourse ultimately to mediation or arbitration.

II.—OF INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.
SECTION 1.—OF ARBITRATION.

(Justice Arbitrale.)

Art. 14. International arbitration has for its object the settlement of disputes between states by judges of their own choosing and in conformity with their reciprocal rights.

Art. 15. In questions of right, and especially in questions of the interpretation or application of international conventions, arbitration is recognized by the signatory powers as the most effective and at the same time the most equitable means of settling disputes not arranged by diplomatic methods.

Art. 16. The agreement to arbitrate may be concluded for disputes already in existence, or for disputes about to arise (contestations éventuelles). It can deal with every sort of dispute or only with disputes of a specified category.

Art. 17. The arbitral convention involves an engagement to submit in good faith to the arbitral decision.

Art. 18. Independently of general or special treaties, which may already bind the signatory powers to have recourse to arbitration, these powers reserve to themselves the liberty to conclude, either before the ratification of the present article or afterward, new agreements, general or particular, with the object of extending compulsory arbitration to all cases which they judge capable of being submitted to it.

Art. 19. With the object of promoting the development of arbitration, the signatory powers consider it useful to lay down cer-

tain rules concerning arbitral jurisdiction and procedure.

These provisions are only applicable in case the parties themselves do not adopt other rules with reference to this matter.

SEC. 2.—OF THE PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION.

Art. 20. With the object of facilitating immediate recourse to the arbitration of international differences not settled by diplomatic means, the signatory powers pledge themselves to organize in the following manner a permanent court of arbitration, accessible at all times and working, except there be a contrary stipulation of the disputing parties, in conformity with the rules of procedure inserted in the present convention.

Art. 21. This court has competence in all cases of arbitration, unless the disputing parties agree to establish a special arbitral jurisdiction.

Art. 22. An international bureau established at The Hague and placed under the direction of a permanent secretary-general is to act as the officer (greffe) of the court.

It is to be the intermediary for the communications dealing with the meetings of the latter.

It is to have care of the archives and the conduct of all the administrative business.

Art. 23. Each of the signatory powers shall designate in the three months following the ratification of the present act four persons at the most, of recognized competence in questions of international law, and enjoying the highest esteem (Jouissant de la plus haute consideration morale), and ready to accept the duties of arbitrators.

The persons thus nominated will be entered, with the title of members of the court, on a list which will be communicated by the bureau to all the signatory powers.

Every modification of the list of arbitrators shall be brought to the notice of the signatory powers by the bureau.

Two or more powers may agree to nominate one or more members in common.

The same person may be nominated by different powers.

The members of the court are appointed for a term of six years. Their appointment may be renewed.

In the case of the decease or of the retirement of a member of the tribunal, the vacancy will be filled in accordance with the rules established for nomination.

Art. 24. The signatory powers which desire to apply to the court for the settlement of differences which have arisen between them choose out of the general list the number of arbitrators jointly agreed upon.

They give notice to the bureau of their intention to apply to the court and of the names of the arbitrators whom they have nominated.

Art. 25. The tribunal sits usually at The Hague.

It has the right to sit elsewhere, with the consent of the parties in litigation.

Art. 26. Every power, though not a signatory of this act, can apply to the court under the conditions prescribed by the present convention.

Art. 27. The signatory powers consider it a duty, in case a sharp conflict should threaten to break out between two or more of them, to remind these that the permanent court is open to them.

Consequently, they declare the fact that

one or several of them reminding the disputing states of the provisions of the present convention, and the advice given, in the higher interest of peace, to apply to the permanent court, can only be considered an exercise of good offices.

Art. 28. A permanent council, composed of the diplomatic representatives of the signatory powers resident at The Hague, and the Dutch minister for foreign affairs, who shall discharge the functions of president, shall be constituted in that city as soon as possible after the ratification of the present act.

This council shall be charged with establishing and organizing the international bureau, which shall remain under its direction and under its control.

It shall notify the powers of the constitution of the court, and shall provide for its installation.

It shall decree its procedure, as well as all other necessary regulations.

It shall decide all questions which may arise touching the working of the tribunal.

It shall have absolute powers as to the nomination, suspension or recall of the functionaries and employees of the bureau.

It shall fix the pay and salaries and control the general expenditure.

The presence of five members at meetings duly convoked shall suffice to enable the council to deliberate in valid form. Decisions are taken by a majority of votes.

The council addresses each year to the signatory powers a report on the labors of the court, on the discharge of the administrative services and on the expenditure.

Art. 29. The costs of the bureau shall be borne by the signatory powers in the proportion fixed by the international bureau of the Universal Postal union.

SEC. 3.—OF ARBITRATION PROCEDURE

Art. 30. The powers which accept arbitration will sign a special agreement or compromise (acte special; compromis), in which is clearly laid down the object of the dispute, as well as the extent of the arbitrators' powers. This document shall confirm the undertaking of the parties to submit themselves in good faith to the arbitrators' decision.

Art. 31. The arbitral functions may be conferred on one single arbitrator or on several arbitrators, named by the parties at their own discretion, or chosen by them among the members of the permanent arbitration court established by this act.

In the absence of a contrary agreement, the formation of the tribunal of arbitration shall be proceeded with as follows:

Each party shall name two arbitrators, and they shall choose together an umpire (sur-arbitre).

In case of a division of votes, the choice of the umpire shall be intrusted to a third power, named in agreement by the parties.

If an agreement is not come to on this subject, each party shall designate a different power, and the choice of the umpire shall be made in concert by the powers so designated.

Art. 32. When the arbitrator is a sovereign, or the chief of a state, the arbitration procedure shall be exclusively settled by his high determination.

Art. 33. The umpire is president de jure of the tribunal.

When the tribunal does not include an umpire, it shall itself name its president.

Art. 34. Except there be a stipulation to the contrary, in case of the decease or resignation of one of the arbitrators, or his inability from any cause whatever to act, the vacancy will be filled in accordance with the rules established for nomination.

Art. 35. The seat of the tribunal is designated by the disputing parties, or, in default of such designation, by the tribunal of arbitration.

The seat thus fixed upon can only be changed in consequence of a new agreement between the interested states, or, in case of necessity (raison majeure), by decision of the tribunal itself.

Art. 36. The disputing parties have the right to name to the tribunal delegates or special agents, to serve as intermediaries between the tribunal and the litigants.

They are, moreover, authorized to intrust the defense of their rights and interests before the tribunal to counsel or advocates named by them for that purpose.

Art. 37. The tribunal decides upon the choice of languages authorized to be employed before it.

Art. 38. The arbitral procedure comprises as a general rule two phases, the preliminary phase and the definitive phase.

The first consists in the communication made by the agents of the disputing parties to the members of the tribunal and to the opposing party of all printed or written deeds and of all documents containing the cases of the parties.

The second is oral and consists in the hearing before the tribunal.

Art. 39. Every document produced by one of the parties must be communicated to the other party.

Art. 40. The hearing before the tribunal is directed by the president. It is recorded in reports set forth by secretaries appointed by the president. These reports alone are to be regarded as authentic.

Art. 41. The preliminary procedure being private and the debates being public, the tribunal has the right to refuse all new deeds or documents which the representatives of one of the parties wish to submit to it without the consent of the other.

Art. 42. The tribunal remains free to take into consideration new documents or proofs of which the agents or counsel of the disputing parties have made use in their arguments before it.

It has the right to demand the production of these documents or proofs apart from the obligation of making them known to the opposite party.

Art. 43. The tribunal can, moreover, require from the agents of the parties the production of all the documents and explanations which it requires. In case of refusal the tribunal takes note of the fact.

Art. 44. The agents and counsel of the litigating parties are authorized to present orally to the tribunal all the arguments they consider useful for the defense of their cause.

Art. 45. They have the right to raise objections or incidental points. The decisions of the tribunal upon these points settle the controversy, and cannot give rise to any further discussion.

Art. 46. The members of the tribunal have the right to ask questions of the agents and counsel of the disputing parties,

and to demand from them explanations of doubtful points.

Neither the questions put nor the observations made by the members of the tribunal in the course of the debates can be regarded as enunciations of the opinion of the tribunal in general or of its members in particular.

Art. 47. The tribunal alone is authorized to settle its competence, by the interpretation of the agreement to arbitrate as well as of other treaties which may be invoked in the matter, and by the application of the principles of international law.

Art. 48. The tribunal has the right to make rules of procedure for the direction of the arbitration, to settle the forms and periods within which each party will be obliged to finish its case, and to carry out all the formalities necessary for the receiving of evidence.

Art. 49. The agents and counsel of the disputing parties having presented all explanations and evidence on behalf of their cause, the president of the tribunal announces the closing of the hearing.

Art. 50. The deliberations of the tribunal take place with closed doors.

Every decision is taken by a majority of members of the tribunal.

The refusal of a member to give his vote must be noted in the report.

Art. 51. The arbitral decision voted by a majority must state the reasons on which it is based. It is to be set down in writing and signed by all the members of the tribunal.

Those members who are in a minority may, when signing, record their dissent.

Art. 52. The arbitral decision is read out at a public sitting of the tribunal in the presence of the agents and counsel of the disputing parties, or after they have been duly summoned.

Art. 53. The arbitral decision, duly pronounced and notified to the agents of the disputing parties, definitely decides the question at issue, and closes the arbitration proceedings instituted by the agreement to arbitrate.

Art. 54. Except in the case of a contrary provision contained in the agreement to arbitrate, revision of the arbitral decision may be demanded of the tribunal which has given the decision, but only on the ground of a discovery of a new fact, which would have been of such a nature as to exercise a decisive influence on the judgment, and which at the moment of such judgment was unknown to the tribunal itself and to the parties.

The procedure of revision can only be opened by a decision of the tribunal expressly declaring the existence of the new fact, possessing the character set forth in the preceding paragraph, and declaring that the demand is admissible on that ground.

No demand for revision can be accepted three months after notification of the decision.

Art. 55. The arbitral decision is only obligatory on the parties who have concluded the agreement to arbitrate.

When it is a question of the interpretation of a convention existing between a greater number of powers than those between which the difference at issue has arisen, the disputing parties notify to the other powers who have signed the convention the agreement to arbitrate which they

have made. Each of those powers has the right to intervene in the proceedings. If one or more of them have availed themselves of this privilege, the interpretation contained in the judgment is equally obligatory on them also.

Art. 56. Each party bears its own expenses and an equal share of the expenses of the tribunal, without prejudice to the penalties which may be imposed by the tribunal against one or another of the parties.

It is proposed to add the three following articles to those relating to the permanent court of arbitration:

"Article A. The members of the court shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and im-

munities in the exercise of their functions.

"Article B. The bureau is authorized to place its premises and its organization at the disposal of the signatory powers for any cases of special arbitration. (Pour le fonctionnement de toute juridiction spéciale d'arbitrage.)

"Article C. The signatory powers pledge themselves to communicate to the bureau a copy of every arbitral stipulation agreed upon between them, and of all judgments resulting from arbitral jurisdictions other than that of the court. They pledge themselves to communicate to the bureau the laws and regulations and all documents registering the execution of the judgments pronounced by the court."

CLOSE OF THE SPANISH WAR.

Our record of the Spanish-American war closed last year with a very fragmentary and incomplete synopsis of the treaty adopted by the commissioners at the Paris conference on the 10th of December, 1898. That document is of so much importance and interest to the American people and may be so far-reaching in its effects upon the foreign policy of the United States that it is worthy of an unabridged publication in this volume. The treaty was transmitted by the president to the senate for ratification on the 4th day of January, 1899, and is as follows:

"The United States of America and her majesty the queen regent of Spain, in the name of her august son, Don Alfonso XIII., desiring to end the state of war now existing between the two countries, have for that purpose appointed as plenipotentiaries:

"The president of the United States—William R. Day, Cushman K. Davis, William P. Frye, George Gray and Whitelaw Reid, citizens of the United States.

"And her majesty the queen regent of Spain—Don Eugenio Montero Rios, president of the senate; Don Buenaventura de Abarzuza, senator of the kingdom and ex-minister of the crown; Don Jose de Garnica, deputy to the cortes and associate justice of the Supreme court; Don Wenceslao Ramirez de Villa-Urrutia, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at Brussels, and Don Rafael Cerrero, general of division;

"Who, having assembled in Paris, and having exchanged their full powers, which were found to be in due and proper form, have, after discussion of the matters before them, agreed upon the following articles:

"Article 1. Spain relinquishes all claim of sovereignty over and title to Cuba.

"And as the island is, upon its evacuation by Spain, to be occupied by the United States, the United States will, so long as such occupation shall last, assume and discharge the obligations that may, under international law, result from the fact of its occupation, for the protection of life and property.

"Art. 2. Spain cedes to the United States the island of Puerto Rico and other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies, and the island of Guam in the Marianas, or Ladrones.

"Art. 3. Spain cedes to the United States the archipelago known as the Philippine

islands, and comprehending the islands lying within the following line:

"A line running from west to east along or near the twentieth parallel of north latitude and through the middle of the navigable channel of Bachi, from the one hundred and eighteenth (118th) to the one hundred and twenty-seventh (127th) degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich, thence along the one hundred and twenty-seventh (127th) degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich to the parallel of four degrees and forty-five minutes (4.45) north latitude, thence along the parallel of four degrees and forty-five minutes (4.45) north latitude to its intersection with the meridian of longitude one hundred and nineteen degrees and thirty-five minutes (119.35) east of Greenwich, thence along the meridian of longitude one hundred and nineteen degrees and thirty-five minutes (119.35), east of Greenwich, to the parallel of latitude seven degrees and forty minutes (7.40) north, thence along the parallel of latitude seven degrees and forty minutes (7.40) north to its intersection with the one hundred and sixteenth (116th) degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich, thence by a direct line to the intersection of the tenth (10th) degree parallel of north latitude with the one hundred and eighteenth (118th) degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich, and thence along the one hundred and eighteenth (118th) degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich to the point of beginning.

"The United States will pay to Spain the sum of twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) within three months after the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty.

"Art. 4. The United States will, for the term of ten years from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty, admit Spanish ships and merchandise to the ports of the Philippine islands on the same terms as ships and merchandise of the United States.

"Art. 5. The United States will, upon the signature of the present treaty, send back to Spain, at its own cost, the Spanish soldiers taken as prisoners of war on the capture of Manila by the American forces. The arms of the soldiers in question shall be restored to them.

"Spain will, upon the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty, proceed to evacuate the Philippines as well as the

island of Guam, on terms similar to those agreed upon by the commissioner appointed to arrange for the evacuation of Puerto Rico and other islands in the West Indies under the protocol of Aug. 12, 1898, which is to continue in force till its provisions are completely executed. The time within which the evacuation of the Philippine Islands and Guam shall be completed shall be fixed by the two governments. Stands of colors, uncaptured war vessels, small arms, guns of all calibers, with their carriages and accessories, powder, ammunition, live stock and materials and supplies of all kinds belonging to the land and naval forces of Spain in the Philippines and Guam remain the property of Spain. Pieces of heavy ordnance, exclusive of field artillery, in the fortifications and coast defenses, shall remain in their emplacements for the term of six months, to be reckoned from the exchange of ratifications of the treaty; and the United States may, in the meantime, purchase such material from Spain if a satisfactory agreement between the two governments on the subject shall be reached.

"Art. 6. Spain will, upon the signature of the present treaty, release all prisoners of war and all persons detained or imprisoned for political offenses in connection with the insurrections in Cuba and the Philippines and the war with the United States.

"Reciprocally, the United States will release all persons made prisoners of war by the American forces and will undertake to obtain the release of all Spanish prisoners in the hands of the insurgents in Cuba and the Philippines.

"The government of the United States will, at its own cost, return to Spain and the government of Spain will, at its own cost, return to the United States, Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippines, according to the situation of their respective homes, prisoners released or caused to be released by them respectively under this article.

"Art. 7. The United States and Spain mutually relinquish all claims for indemnity, national and individual, of every kind, of either government, or of its citizens or subjects, against the other government that may have arisen since the beginning of the late insurrection in Cuba and prior to the exchange of ratifications of the present treaty, including all claims for indemnity for the cost of war.

"The United States will adjudicate and settle the claims of its citizens against Spain relinquished in this article.

"Art. 8. In conformity with the provisions of articles 1, 2 and 3 of this treaty, Spain relinquishes in Cuba and cedes in Puerto Rico and other islands in the West Indies, in the island of Guam, and in the Philippine archipelago, all the buildings, wharves, barracks, forts, structures, public highways and other immovable property, which, in conformity with law, belong to the public domain, and as such belong to the crown of Spain.

"And it is hereby declared that the relinquishment or cession, as the case may be, to which the preceding paragraph refers, cannot in any respect impair the property or rights which by law belong to the peaceful possession of property of all kinds, of provinces, municipalities, public or private establishments, ecclesiastical or

civic bodies, or any other associations having legal capacity to acquire and possess property in the aforesaid territories renounced or ceded, or of private individuals, of whatsoever nationality such individuals may be.

"The aforesaid relinquishment or cession, as the case may be, includes all documents exclusively referring to the sovereignty relinquished or ceded that may exist in the archives of the peninsula. Where any document in such archives only in part relates to said sovereignty, a copy of such part will be furnished whenever it shall be requested. Like rules shall be reciprocally observed in favor of Spain in respect of documents in the archives of the islands above referred to.

"In the aforesaid relinquishment or cession, as the case may be, are also included such rights as the crown of Spain and its authorities possess in respect of the official archives and records, executive as well as judicial, in the islands above referred to, which relate to said islands or the rights and property of their inhabitants. Such archives and records shall be carefully preserved and private persons shall without distinction have the right to require, in accordance with law, authenticated copies of the contracts, wills and other instruments forming part of notarial protocols or files, or which may be contained in the executive or judicial archives, be the latter in Spain or in the islands aforesaid.

"Art. 9. Spanish subjects, natives of the peninsula, residing in the territory over which Spain, by the present treaty, relinquishes or cedes her sovereignty, may remain in such territory or may remove therefrom, retaining in either event all their rights of property, including the right to sell or dispose of such property or of its proceeds; and they shall also have the right to carry on their industry, commerce and professions, being subject in respect thereof to such laws as are applicable to other foreigners. In case they remain in the territory they may preserve their allegiance to the crown of Spain by making, before a court of record, within a year from the date of the exchange of ratifications of this treaty, a declaration of their decision to preserve such allegiance; in default of which declaration they shall be held to have renounced it and to have adopted the nationality of the territory in which they may reside.

"The civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants of the territories hereby ceded to the United States shall be determined by the congress.

"Art. 10. The inhabitants of the territories over which Spain relinquishes or cedes her sovereignty shall be secured in the free exercise of their religion.

"Art. 11. The Spaniards residing in the territories over which Spain by this treaty cedes or relinquishes her sovereignty shall be subject in matters civil as well as criminal to the jurisdiction of the courts of the country wherein they reside, pursuant to the ordinary laws governing the same; and they shall have the right to appear before such courts and to pursue the same course as citizens of the country to which the courts belong.

"Art. 12. Judicial proceedings pending at

the time of the exchange of ratifications of this treaty in the territories over which Spain relinquishes or cedes her sovereignty shall be determined according to the following rules:

"1. Judgments rendered either in civil suits between private individuals or in criminal matters before the date mentioned, and with respect to which there is no recourse or right of review under the Spanish law, shall be deemed to be final and shall be executed in due form by competent authorities in the territory within which such judgments should be carried out.

"2. Civil suits between private individuals which may on the date mentioned be undetermined shall be prosecuted to judgment before the court in which they may then be pending or in the court that may be substituted therefor.

"3. Criminal actions pending on the date mentioned before the Supreme court of Spain against citizens of the territory which by this treaty ceases to be Spanish shall continue under its jurisdiction until final judgment; but, such judgment having been rendered, the execution thereof shall be committed to the competent authority of the place in which the case arose.

"Art. 13. The rights of property secured by copyrights and patents acquired by Spaniards in the Island de Cuba and in Puerto Rico, the Philippines and other ceded territories at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, shall continue to be respected. Spanish scientific, literary and artistic works, not subversive of public order in the territories in question, shall continue to be admitted free of duty into such territories for the period of ten years, to be reckoned from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty.

"Art. 14. Spain will have the power to establish consular offices in the ports and places of the territories the sovereignty over which has been either relinquished or ceded by the present treaty.

"Art. 15. The government of each country will, for the term of ten years, accord to the merchant vessels of the other country the same treatment in respect of all port charges, including entrance and clearance dues, light dues and tonnage duties, as it accords to its own merchant vessels not engaged in the coastwise trade.

"This article may at any time be terminated on six months' notice given by either government to the other.

"Art. 16. It is understood that any obligations assumed in this treaty by the United States with respect to Cuba are limited to the time of its occupancy thereof; but it will, upon the termination of such occupancy, advise any government established in the island to assume the same obligations.

"Art. 17. The present treaty shall be ratified by the president of the United States by and with the advice and consent of the senate thereof and by her majesty the queen regent of Spain, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington within six months from the date hereof, or earlier if possible.

"In faith whereof, we, the respective plenipotentiaries, have signed this treaty and have hereunto affixed our seals.

"Done in duplicate at Paris, the 10th day

of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

"WILLIAM R. DAY,

"CUSHMAN K. DAVIS,

"WILLIAM P. FRYE,

"GEORGE GRAY,

"WHITE LAW REID,

"EUGENIO MONTERO RIOS,

"B. DE ARARUZA,

"J. DE GARNICA,

"W. R. DE VILLA URRUTIA.

"RAFAEL CERRERO."

THE SENATE'S ACTION.

A long debate followed the reference of the treaty to the senate and its ratification was most strenuously opposed. The speeches made were rather against the retention of the Philippine Islands than adverse to any of the specified conditions of the compact. The opposition to the ratification was led by Senators Gorman (dem.) of Maryland and Hoar (rep.) of Massachusetts. Those opposing the acceptance of the treaty were divided into two factions, one of which advocated its rejection on the ground that the United States had not acquired sovereignty in the Philippines and did not desire it, while the other desired to commit the government to a declared policy of offering its aid toward the establishment of an independent government for the Filipinos as it had already undertaken to do in the case of the Cubans.

The debate was continued to the 6th of February, 1899, and until the day previous the fate of the treaty was in doubt. On the 5th of February, 1899, news was received of the attack upon the United States forces at Manila by Aguinaldo, and this inexcusable act of the Filipino chief, which was in direct violation of the terms of the truce between the two belligerents, resulted in securing the adoption of the treaty on the day following. This was accomplished by three senators, who did not favor the treaty—McEnery (dem.) of Louisiana, McLaurin (dem.) of South Carolina and Jones (silver) of Nevada—leaving the opposition and joining the advocates of the measure, they being influenced by the ill-considered attack upon Gen. Otis by the insurgent forces.

SENATE VOTE ON THE TREATY.

REPUBLICANS IN FAVOR.

Aldrich (R. I.)	Gallinger	Platt (Conn.)
Allison (Ia.)	(N. H.)	Platt (N. Y.)
Baker (Kas.)	Gear (Ia.)	Pritchard
Burrows	Hanna (O.)	(N. C.)
(Mich.)	Hansbrough	Quay (Pa.)
Carter (Mont.)	(N. D.)	Ross (Vt.)
Chandler	Hawley (Conn.)	Sewell (N. J.)
(N. H.)	Kyle (S. D.)	Shoup (Idaho.)
Clark (Wyo.)	Lodge (Mass.)	Simon (Ore.)
Cullom (Ill.)	McBride (Ore.)	Spooner (Wis.)
Davis (Minn.)	McMillan	Teller (Col.)
Deboe (Ky.)	(Mich.)	Thurston (Neb.)
Elkins (W. Va.)	Mantle (Mont.)	Warren (Wyo.)
Fairbanks	Mason (Ill.)	Wellington
(Ind.)	Nelson (Minn.)	(Md.)
Foraker (O.)	Penrose (Pa.)	Wolcott (Col.)
Frye (Me.)	Perkins (Cal.)	—42.

DEMOCRATS IN FAVOR.

Clay (Ga.)	Lindsay (Ky.)	Pettus (Ala.)
Faulkner	McEnery (La.)	Sullivan (Miss.)
(W. Va.)	McLaurin	—10.
Gray (Del.)	(S. C.)	
Kenney (Del.)	Morgan (Ala.)	

PEOPLE'S PARTY IN FAVOR.

Allen (Neb.) Harris (Kas.) Stewart (Nev.)
 Butler (N. C.) Jones (Nev.) —5.
 Total—57.

REPUBLICANS AGAINST.

Hale (Me.) Pettigrew Rawlings
 Hoar (Mass.) (S. D.) (Utah.)
 —5. Turner (Wash.)

DEMOCRATS AGAINST.

Bacon (Ga.) Gorman (Md.) Murphy (N. Y.)
 Bate (Tenn.) Jones (Ark.) Pasco (Fla.)
 Berry (Ark.) Mallory (Fla.) Roach (N. D.)
 Caffery (La.) Martin (Va.) Smith (N. J.)
 Chilton (Tex.) Mills (Tex.) Tillman (S. C.)
 Cockrell (Mo.) Mitchell (Wis.) Turley (Tenn.)
 Daniel (Va.) Money (Miss.) Vest (Mo.)—21.

PEOPLE'S PARTY AGAINST.

Heitfeld (Idaho)—1.
 Total—27.

Paired—Cannon (rep.) of Utah and Wilson (rep.) of Washington for, with White (dem.) of California against; Proctor (rep.) of Vermont and Wetmore (rep.) of Rhode Island for, with Turple (dem.) of Indiana against.

THE MCENERY RESOLUTION.

After the ratification of the treaty Senator McEnery (dem.) of Louisiana, who had voted in the affirmative on that question, introduced the following resolution: Resolved, That by the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain it is not intended to incorporate the inhabitants of the Philippine islands into citizenship of the United States, nor is it intended to permanently annex said islands as an integral part of the territory of the United States; but it is the intention of the United States to establish on said islands a government suitable to the wants and conditions of the inhabitants of said islands, to prepare them for local self-government and in due time to make such disposition of said islands as will best promote the interests of the citizens of the United States and the inhabitants of said islands.

Mr. Hoar (rep.) of Massachusetts made an effort to secure an amendment to this resolution providing that the consent of the Filipinos should be secured for any form of government proposed by the United States, which failed to pass. Senator Bacon (dem.) of Georgia then offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the United States hereby disclaim any disposition or intention to exercise permanent sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said islands, and assert their determination when a stable and independent government shall have been erected there, entitled in the judgment of the United States to recognition as such, to transfer to said government, upon terms which shall be reasonable and just, all rights secured under the cession by Spain, and to thereupon leave the government and control of the islands to their people.

A yea and nay vote was demanded, resulting 29 to 29. In announcing the vote the vice-president said: "The vote is a tie. The chair votes in the negative. The amendment is lost." The detailed vote follows:

YEAS.

Bacon. Hale. Murphy.
 Bate. Harris. Perkins.
 Berry. Heitfeld. Pettigrew.
 Caffery. Hoar. Pettus.
 Chilton. Jones (Ark.) Quay.
 Clay. Jones (Nev.) Rawlins.
 Cockrell. Lindsay. Smith.
 Faulkner. McLaurin. Tillman.
 Gorman. Martin. Turner—29.
 Gray. Money.

NAYS.

Allison. Kyle. Platt (N. Y.)
 Burrows. Lodge. Pritchard.
 Carter. McBride. Ross.
 Chandler. McEnery. Shoup.
 Deboe. McMillan. Simon.
 Fairbanks. Mantle. Stewart.
 Frye. Morgan. Teller.
 Gear. Nelson. Warren.
 Hanna. Penrose. Wolcott—29.
 Hawley. Platt (Conn.)

The vice-president voted in the negative. The vote was then taken on the McEnery resolution Feb. 14, 1899, which was adopted—yeas, 26; nays, 22—several democrats who were present and not paired withholding their votes. The detailed vote follows:

YEAS.

Allison. Hale. Mason.
 Burrows. Hanna. Nelson.
 Chandler. Harris. Perkins.
 Deboe. Kyle. Pettus.
 Fairbanks. Lodge. Platt (N. Y.)
 Faulkner. McEnery. Quay.
 Frye. McLaurin. Sullivan.
 Gear. McMillan. Teller—26.
 Gray. Mantle.

NAYS.

Bacon. Lindsay. Platt (Conn.)
 Bate. McBride. Rawlins.
 Caffery. Martin. Ioss.
 Carter. Money. Simon.
 Clay. Morgan. Smith.
 Cockrell. Murphy. Stewart.
 Hawley. Pettigrew. Warren—22.
 Hoar.

The formal interchange of ratification of the peace treaty took place at the executive mansion in Washington on the 11th day of April, 1899, Ambassador Cambon of France acting as the representative of the Spanish government. This formal recognition that the war had ended and that the United States and Spain were again on terms of peace occurred just one year from the day when President McKinley recognized that diplomatic consideration of the Cuban question had failed and that war was inevitable. It was on April 11, 1898, that President McKinley sent his war message to congress, saying that he had exhausted diplomatic efforts and asking congress to clothe him with the war power. In that message he declared: "In the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered American interests which give us the right and duty to speak and to act, the war in Cuba must stop."

War was not declared until April 21, 1898, but the end of peaceful relations between the United States and Spain was on the 11th, and the return to a recognition of peaceful relations occurred on the first anniversary of that day, making the break between the two nations just one year. The president's proclamation of peace bore date April 11, 1899.

THE SAMOAN AFFAIR.

There is no island called Samoa, but the name is applied to a group of twelve islands in the Pacific, with the affairs of which our government has become rather intimately involved. The islands are located about 2,000 miles south and 300 miles west of the Hawaiian islands and 14 degrees south of the equator. They lie in an almost direct line between San Francisco and Australia and slightly south of the direct steamship line connecting the Philippines with the proposed Panama and Nicaraguan interoceanic canals. Their special importance, therefore, lies in their position as coaling and repair stations on these great highways of commerce rather than in their direct commercial value, their population being small and their imports and exports of comparatively little importance.

INHABITANTS AND PRODUCTS.

The group consists of ten inhabited and two uninhabited islands, with an area of 1,700 square miles and an aggregate population, according to latest estimates, of 36,000 people, of whom something over 200 are British subjects, 125 Germans, 25 Americans, 25 French and 25 of other nationalities, while the remainder are natives of the Polynesian race. The bulk of the population is located in the three islands of Upolu, Savaii and Tutuila; the number in Upolu being 16,600, in Savaii 12,500 and in Tutuila 3,700. The islands are of volcanic origin, but fertile, producing coconuts, cotton, sugar and coffee; the most important, however, being coconuts, from which the "copra" of commerce is obtained by drying the kernel of the coconut, the "copra," which is exported to Europe and the United States, being used in the manufacture of coconut oil. The exportation of copra from the islands in 1896 amounted to 12,565,909 pounds, valued at \$231,372. A considerable proportion of this was exported to the United States; a larger proportion, however, to Germany, whose citizens control its commerce through a trading company which has long been established there. The coconut and copra production, however, varies greatly from year to year, owing to the fact that many of the coconut trees have been destroyed in recent wars between native factions, a single individual being able, by cutting off the crown of the tree, to permanently destroy in two minutes' time the fruit-bearing qualities of trees which require several years for their growth.

The government of the Samoan islands had been from time immemorial under the two royal houses of Malietoa and Tupea, except on the island of Tutuila, which was governed by native chiefs. In 1873, at the suggestion of foreign residents, a house of nobles and a house of representatives were established, with Malietoa Laupepa and the chief of the royal house of Tupea as joint kings. Subsequently Malietoa became sole king. In 1887 he was deposed by the German government upon the claim of unjust treatment of German subjects, who formed the bulk of the foreign population on the island, and was deported first to German New Guinea and then to the Cameroons, in Africa, and finally in 1888 to

Hamburg; Tamasese, a native chief, being meantime proclaimed by the Germans as king, though against the protest of the British and American consuls at Samoa. Mataafa, a near relative of Malietoa, made war upon Tamasese and succeeded to the kingship.

THE BERLIN TREATY.

In 1889 a conference between the representatives of the American, British and German governments was held at Berlin, at which a treaty was signed by the three powers guaranteeing the neutrality of the islands, in which the citizens of the three signatory powers would have equal rights of residence, trade and personal protection. They agreed to recognize the independence of the Samoan government and the free rights of the natives to elect their chief or king and choose a form of government according to their own laws and customs. A Supreme court was established, consisting of one judge, styled the chief justice of Samoa, who was at that time W. L. Chambers, an American, formerly a resident of the state of Alabama. To this court are referred: First, all civil suits concerning real property situated in Samoa; second, all civil suits between natives and foreigners or between foreigners of different nationalities; third, all crimes committed by natives against foreigners or committed by such foreigners as are not subject to any consular jurisdiction. The future alienation of lands was prohibited, with certain specified exemptions. The capital was located at Apia, the chief town of the group of islands, and a local administration provided for the municipal district of Apia. A commission was appointed to investigate titles to lands alleged to have been purchased from the natives, and this in 1894 completed its labors, confirming about 75,000 acres of lands to Germans, 36,000 to British and 21,000 to Americans, though much of this land has since changed hands. Malietoa, who had been deported, was restored as king in November, 1889, and continued as such until his death, which occurred Aug. 22, 1898, when the consuls of the three powers, with the chief justice as president, took charge of the administration, pending the election of a successor. It is out of the election and recognition of this successor to King Malietoa, deceased, that the recent disagreements between the representatives of the three governments maintaining the joint protectorate over the islands have occurred.

CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

The events leading up to the disagreement between the three governments had their inception in the election of a king by the people of Samoa, which was held Nov. 14, 1898, there being two candidates. These were Mataafa and Malietoa Tanu, son of the last ruler, who died in September, 1898. In this contest Mataafa received a vote six times as large as the total received by Malietoa. During the reign of the last king Mataafa had been an exile since 1893 on an island in the Marshall group, but in response to a nearly unanimous demand of his people he was per-

mitted to return. The pledge was given by the adherents of Mataafa that if his return were permitted they would do nothing to disturb the existing government, and he was brought from Jaluit to Apia.

There was no disputing the great popularity of Mataafa with the Samoans nor his capacity to govern them, but his right to the throne was denied. It was also believed by some of his opponents that he was too much under German influence. The other claimant to the succession brought the case to the Supreme court, Tamasese, who had at one time aspired to the kingship, but had withdrawn in the interest of Malletoa, claiming that the election had not been conducted according to the established customs of the country and that Malletoa was the legally elected king. This court proceeding was brought under section 6, article 3, of the Berlin treaty, which provides: "In case any question shall hereafter arise in Samoa respecting the rightful election or appointment of king, or any other chief claiming authority over the islands, or respecting the validity of the powers which the king or any other chief may claim in the exercise of this office, such question shall not lead to war, but shall be presented for decision to the chief justice of Samoa, who shall decide it in writing, conformably to the provisions of this act, and to the laws and customs of Samoa not in conflict therewith; and the signatory governments will accept and abide by such decision."

MALLETOA DECLARED TO BE KING.

The case was opened on the 19th of December, 1898. Eleven days were occupied in the trial, and Dec. 31 the court rendered the decision that Malletoa Tanus was the rightful and legal king of Samoa. The court declared also that Tamasese should be vice-king and the legal successor to the throne. The main basis of this decision was that Mataafa had invalidated his claims to the throne by his renouncing such claims when he was permitted to return to Apia from his exile, and also because native customs precluded him from becoming the ruler.

DISAGREEMENT OF THE CONSULS.

The rendering of this decision was followed by a meeting of the three consuls of the signatory powers to the Berlin treaty at which the officers of the British and German warships in the harbor were present. The American and British consuls upheld the finding of the court and proposed the immediate crowning of Malletoa. To this proposal the German consul entered a vigorous protest and declared himself in favor of Mataafa, whose followers had collected at Mulinu. Hostilities at once began, the new king having an army of about 1,200 men and the supporters of Mataafa a force of about 3,000 men. A battle took place on the 1st of January, 1899, in which the king was defeated, while Mataafa's followers, forming a lawless band, began pillaging the country and threatened the life of the chief justice and others.

ESCAPE OF THE KING.

Both the king and the chief justice took refuge on a British war vessel then in the harbor. On the 5th of January the consuls of the treaty powers met and issued a

proclamation in which they announced that the Mataafa party, being in possession of the government, would be recognized as head of affairs, pending instructions from the treaty powers. Dr. Raffel, a German and president of the municipal council, was appointed as the head of the provisional government. The next day he issued an order which closed the Supreme court, an act that the American and British consuls declared to be a usurpation of power. Capt. Sturdee of the British war vessel Porpoise issued a declaration that the Supreme court having been illegally closed by the provisional government, it would hold a session upon that day at noon, and if resisted he would open fire on the town in its defense. Both the German consul and Dr. Raffel protested, while the latter declared that he alone constituted the Supreme court. To offset this all the American and British consuls united in a proclamation which declared that the formation of a provisional government did not in any way interfere with the Samoan Supreme court. A counter proclamation from Dr. Raffel followed, in which he maintained his position against the existence of the court.

THE COURT OPENED.

Capt. Sturdee, however, landed a force of marines with the chief justice, who forced the door to the courthouse, reinstated Justice Chambers and raised the British and American flags over the building. This act enraged the German residents, and one of them destroyed the doors and windows of the courthouse. For this act of vandalism he was arrested, fined \$100 and imprisoned, but was forcibly rescued by Dr. Raffel and sent to the German consulate for protection.

ARRIVAL OF ADMIRAL KAUTZ.

On the 19th of January the United States warship Philadelphia, under command of Rear-Admiral Kautz, was ordered to Apia to protect American interests. A few days later the American and British consuls united in a protest to the German consul against the high-handed proceedings of Dr. Raffel, and refused longer to hold official intercourse with either unless an apology and retraction was given and made for their acts toward the chief justice. The German government notified its consul that his protest against the Supreme court was not sustained, which greatly relieved for a time the tension of affairs. Comparative quiet reigned in the islands until March.

On the 8th of March the United States vessel with Admiral Kautz arrived at Apia, and two days later a meeting was held on his ship of the consuls and the officers of the British and German war vessels. As a result of this conference Admiral Kautz, on the 11th of March, 1899, issued the following proclamation:

ADMIRAL KAUTZ' PROCLAMATION.

"To his highness Mataafa and the thirteen chiefs associated with him in particular, and to all the people of Samoa, both foreign and native, in general:

"1. Whereas, at a meeting held this day on board the United States flagship Philadelphia, at anchor at Apia, at which were present consular representatives of the signatory powers of the Berlin treaty of 1839 and the three senior naval officers of

the same powers, it was agreed that the so-called provisional government under High Chief Mataafa and thirteen other chiefs, can have no legal status under the Berlin treaty and can therefore not be recognized by the consular and naval representatives, it is hereby ordered that the high chief and the thirteen other chiefs go quietly to their homes and obey the laws of Samoa and respect the Berlin treaty.

"2. It is further ordered that all the chiefs and their people who have been ejected from their homes and who have been sent to different points in the Samoan islands return quietly to their aforesaid homes without molestation.

"3. The guarantee of protection as far as lies in the power of the naval force now in this harbor is given to all who quietly obey this order. On the other hand, it will be used against all who disregard it or the rights of quiet and peaceably disposed people.

"4. The treaty of Berlin recognizes the chief justice of Samoa as the highest officer under the existing government, and as long as he holds his office his authority must be respected and the decree of the court must be carried out.

"5. Trusting that all residents of Samoa will have the good sense to observe the requirements of this proclamation, which is issued in the interests of peace, with an earnest regard for the rights of all, both foreign and native, and so there may be no occasion to use power to enforce it, I am respectfully,

ALBERT KAUTZ,

"Rear-Admiral U. S. Navy, Commander-in-Chief United States naval force on Pacific station."

On the next day the German consul issued a counter proclamation in these words:

"Notice to all Samoans: By the proclamation of the admiral of the United States, dated March 11, it was made known that the three consuls of the signatory powers of the Berlin treaty, as well as the three commanders of men-of-war, had been unanimous in deciding to recognize no more the provisional government composed of Mataafa and their thirteen chiefs.

"I, therefore, make known to you that this proclamation is quite false. I, the German consul-general, continue to recognize the provisional government of Samoa until I have received contrary instructions from my government."

“(Signed.) ROSE,
“German Consul-General.

“Apia, March 13, 1899.”

EFFECT UPON THE NATIVES.

This notice stimulated the followers of Mataafa to acts of violence. Admiral Kautz threatened to bombard the towns unless they desisted, but this had no effect. Fire was opened upon the villages by the Philadelphia and the two British vessels in the harbor, and many of them were burned and much property was destroyed. The American consulate was attacked by the natives and one sailor was killed. On the 13th of March Dr. W. Solf succeeded Dr. Raffel as president of the municipal council of Apia—a change that greatly improved the situation, as the new official was highly esteemed by both factions.

CROWNING OF THE KING.

On the 23d of March Malietoa was crowned as king at Mulinu, the Germans absenting themselves from the ceremonies. A few days later the British and American consuls informed Mataafa that if he would give up the war and disband his followers he would no longer be regarded as a rebel, but no attention was paid to the notification and the war was carried on.

THE MARINES AMBUSHED.

On the 6th of April a band of British and American sailors having landed were attacked by ambushed Samoans, and two officers and four sailors from the Philadelphia and one officer and five sailors among the British were killed. The sailors were forced to retreat and fell back, leaving their fallen on the field. The American officers killed were Lieut. Philip Lansdale and Ensign J. R. Monaghan and the British officer was Lieut. A. Freeman. Mataafa lost in the battle nearly 100 killed and wounded. More skirmishes took place on the 22d and 23d of April between the British force under Lieut. Grant and Mataafa's followers, in which the latter were forced to retreat.

A JOINT COMMISSION APPOINTED.

On the 13th of April, 1899, a joint commission consisting of one representative from each of the powers was appointed for settling all the questions in dispute regarding Samoa. This commission was made up of Bartlett Tripp of South Dakota, ex-American minister to Austria-Hungary, to represent the United States; C. N. E. Elliott of the British embassy at Washington, D. C., to represent Great Britain, and Baron Speck von Sternburg of the German embassy at Washington, D. C., to represent Germany. The joint commission arrived at Apia on the 13th of May, 1899. On the 16th the commissioners assumed control of affairs. They declined to recognize either Malietoa or Mataafa as king, demanded that each should lay down his arms and sustained Judge Chambers as chief justice of the Supreme court. Malietoa was then declared to be the rightful king, and he immediately abdicated the throne. After some weeks of examination the commissioners succeeded in forming a treaty which all of them signed, and which was transmitted to their respective governments for ratification and adoption.

THE PROPOSED TREATY.

The treaty contains more than 5,000 words, and after enunciating the chief evils that beset the administration under the Berlin treaty the compact provides for radical changes in the methods of administering the government of Samoa.

The chief evils were grouped under four heads:

1. Those which appear to inevitably attend the election of a king of Samoa and his subsequent efforts to exert his authority.

2. Those which are due to the rivalry of foreign nationalities between themselves and to their disposition to take sides in the native politics and thus increase the importance and bitterness of disputes which arise.

3. A third class of evils have their origin in the fact that for many years there has

been no law or government in Samoa other than native custom outside the limits of the municipality. Murder and other serious crimes have remained unpunished when committed by persons of rank, and the Supreme court and the nominal government at Mulinuu have been equally powerless to exert any force.

4. The insufficient enforcement of the customs regulations has allowed unscrupulous traders to distribute large numbers of arms among a native population rent by political factions and ready to fight both one another and Europeans.

The treaty may be summarized as follows. It begins with a declaration of the neutrality of the islands of Samoa and an assurance to the respective citizens and subjects of the signatory powers of equality of rights. It provides for the immediate restoration of peace and good order, and to this end permanently abolishes the office of king and limits the authority of chiefs, but creates a system of native government. Provision is made for the appointment of an administrator at Samoa, to be appointed by the three signatory powers, or, failing their agreement, by the king of Norway and Sweden. The administrator's salary will be \$6,000 a year, and he is to execute all laws in force in the Samoan islands. He shall possess the pardoning power and make municipal appointments with the consent of the legislative council, the legislative power being vested in the administrator and the legislative council of three members, one being appointed by each of the three powers. There is also to be a native assembly, composed of the governors of different districts of the island.

The chief justice of the Supreme court is to be appointed as at present, receiving a salary of \$5,000. The jurisdiction of the court is increased by the modified treaty, while the present system of consular jurisdiction is to be abolished. The treaty contains municipal and customs regulations, all of which are more strict than at present. The general provisions of the act are to remain in force for three years, although in the meantime special amendments may be adopted by the consent of the three powers, with the adherence of Samoa.

DISTURBANCES CONTINUE.

The visit of the commission at Apia did not restore peace to the country, and the strife between the followers of Mataafa and Malletoa continued. Early in October trouble broke out anew between the natives in the Atua district. The report says that the thirteen chiefs who were associated with the rebel (or Mataafa) government declare that they constitute the legal government of the country. They issued a proclamation to the three consuls regarding the poll tax. The document informs all Samoa that a poll tax of \$1 a head must be paid by all the able-bodied natives and colored men outside of the town of Apia by Nov. 1, and is signed by adherents of Mataafa. To offset this President Solf, without the consent of the consuls, issued in his own name a proclamation that a poll tax will be levied and collected at the end of the year. This action of the president aroused the people, who seem to think that Solf believes himself in supreme power. Some of the consuls took exception

to his proceedings, but steps were taken to set aside the action of the Mataafa faction.

The Mataafa people, ever since the commission left Samoa, have been accusing the adherents of Malletoa of causing strife and not obeying the commission's orders, but nearly all the trouble since that time has been caused by Mataafa people, and they seemed to be bent on having a fight before the year closed. At a funeral of one of the chiefs fifty-two rifles were counted in the procession, and Mataafa had informed the commission that his party had no arms left. They have hundreds of rifles, it is said, and if not restrained by the men-of-war would have been fighting the Malletoans long ago.

Worried by the Mataafa complaints, the Malletoa people were compelled to leave Apia and live in their villages. The government issued a notice that all might come and go as they pleased on legitimate business, but has allowed natives to keep possession openly of fowling pieces, which were prohibited by the commission's orders. Hundreds of revolvers are owned by natives, but they have never been collected, and rifles are also plentiful with them.

PROPOSED PARTITION.

The failure of the tripartite rule in Samoa seems to be acknowledged by the three powers. This fact gave force to a semi-official report, published the last of October, 1899, to the effect that negotiations were going on for a division of the islands between the United States, Germany and Great Britain.

On the 8th of November, 1899, it was officially announced from Berlin that an agreement, subject to the approval of the United States, had been arrived at between Great Britain and Germany, by virtue of which the Samoa treaty is repealed and the islands of Upolu, Savali and the small adjacent islands fall to Germany as free property, and the island of Tutuila and the subsidiary islands go to the United States. Great Britain, it is added, renounces any claim to the Samoan islands, and Germany in turn surrenders any claim to the Tonga islands and to Savage Island in favor of Great Britain, and also cedes Cholsul and San Isabel, the two easterly islands of the Solomon group, with their insular surroundings, to Great Britain.

The consular representatives of the two powers in Samoa and the Tonga islands are to be withdrawn for the present and German subjects are to have the same rights as the British in regard to the free and unimpeded employment of native laborers in the whole of the Solomon group in the possession of Great Britain, including Cholsul and San Isabel. Regarding this agreement it is observed that the assent of the United States is regarded as assured.

A further agreement concluded between Germany, Great Britain and the United States is to the effect that the question of compensation for damages during the late trouble will be submitted to an imperial court of arbitration for adjudication.

Especial interest attaches to the division of these islands from the standpoint of the United States by reason of the fact that the harbor of Pago-Pago, in the island of

Tutuila, the southernmost of the group, was ceded to the United States for a naval and coaling station, first in 1872, and afterward confirmed by a treaty signed at Washington Jan. 17, 1878, and ratifications exchanged on Feb. 13 of the same year, by which the United States was given the right to establish at that harbor a station for coaling, naval supplies, freedom of trade, commercial treatment as a favored nation, and

extraterritorial consular jurisdiction. This harbor was occupied by the United States in 1898, presumably with the purpose of utilizing its advantages as a coaling and supply station. Tutuila has a population of 3,700, and an area of fifty-four square miles. The United States declined to accept the agreement as to the disposition of the Samoan islands reached by Great Britain and Germany, but proposed a new one.

NATURALIZATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The conditions under and the manner in which an alien may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States are prescribed by sections 2165-74 of the revised statutes of the United States.

DECLARATION OF INTENTIONS.

The alien must declare upon oath before a Circuit or District court of the United States or a District or Supreme court of the territories, or a court of record of any of the states having common-law jurisdiction and a seal and clerk, two years at least prior to his admission, that it is his bona fide intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince or state, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject.

OATH ON APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION.

He must at the time of his application to be admitted declare on oath, before some one of the courts above specified, "that he will support the constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty, and particularly, by name, to the prince, potentate, state or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject," which proceedings must be recorded by the clerk of the court.

CONDITIONS FOR CITIZENSHIP.

If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court to which the alien has applied that he has made a declaration to become a citizen two years before applying for final papers, and has resided continuously within the United States for at least five years, and within the state or territory where such court is at the time held one year at least; and that during that time "he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same," he will be admitted to citizenship.

TITLES OF NOBILITY.

If the applicant has borne any hereditary title or order of nobility he must make an express renunciation of the same at the time of his application.

SOLDIERS.

Any alien of the age of 21 years and upward who has been in the armies of the United States, and has been honorably discharged therefrom, may become a citizen on his petition, without any previous declaration of intention, provided that he has resided in the United States at least one year previous to his application, and is of good moral character. (It is judicially de-

cided that residence of one year in a particular state is not requisite.)

MINORS.

Any alien under the age of 21 years who has resided in the United States three years next preceding his arriving at that age, and who has continued to reside therein to the time he may make application to be admitted a citizen thereof, may, after he arrives at the age of 21 years, and after he has resided five years within the United States, including the three years of his minority, be admitted a citizen; but he must make a declaration on oath and prove to the satisfaction of the court that for two years next preceding it has been his bona fide intention to become a citizen.

CHILDREN OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

The children of persons who have been duly naturalized, being under the age of 21 years at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens thereof.

CITIZENS' CHILDREN WHO ARE BORN ABROAD

The children of persons who now are or have been citizens of the United States are, though born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, considered as citizens thereof.

CHINESE.

The naturalization of Chinamen is expressly prohibited by section 14, chapter 126, laws of 1882.

PROTECTION ABROAD TO NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

Section 2000 of the revised statutes of the United States declares that "all naturalized citizens of the United States while in foreign countries are entitled to and shall receive from this government the same protection of persons and property which is accorded to native-born citizens."

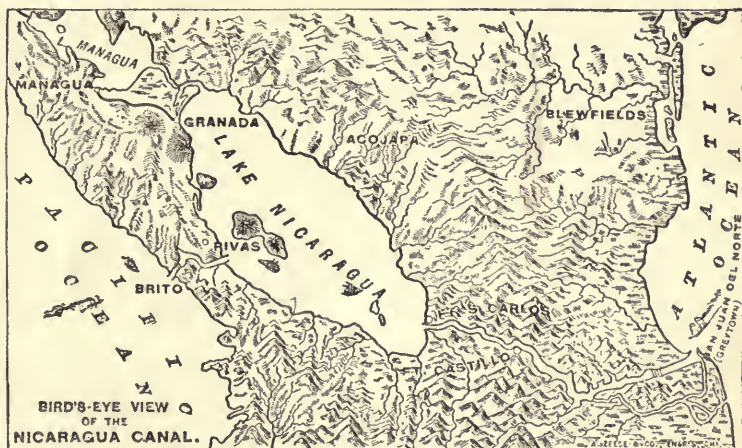
THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

The right to vote comes from the state, and is a state gift. Naturalization is a federal right and is a gift of the union, not of any one state. In some of the states aliens (who have declared intentions) vote and have the right to vote equally with naturalized or native-born citizens, but in most of them only actual citizens may vote. The federal naturalization laws apply to the whole union alike, and provide that no alien may be naturalized until after five years' residence. Even after five years' residence and due naturalization, he is not entitled to vote unless the laws of the state confer the privilege upon him, and in several states he may vote six months after landing if he has declared his intention, under United States law, to become a citizen.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

A waterway across the isthmus between the continents of North and South America, connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, has been the dream of commerce for three centuries. The revival of Spanish trade that followed the conquest of Peru and Chile led the king of Spain, Ferdinand, to consider a nearer route to his new possessions than the long and dangerous one around Cape Horn. His proposal was that a canal be cut across the isthmus at what is now Panama. No steps were taken to begin the work, and his successor, Philip, abandoned the idea of a canal at Panama and favored a location farther north, the one that is now being considered across Nicaragua. With the increase of Spanish commerce the demand for this waterway became more urgent, but Philip's ambitions in Europe and the losses he sustained by reason of them made the building of the

oceanic canal through Nicaragua, and called for proposals, a concession being given to Mr. Beniski. In 1826 Mr. Clay, who was then secretary of state, ordered an examination of the route. In 1829 Gen. Wermeier of Belgium obtained a franchise in the name of King William of Holland, but the revolution of 1830, which separated Belgium from Holland, put an end to the undertaking. In 1837 Morazan, president of the Central American federation, attempted to carry out the scheme, but the survey was brought to a close by the dissolution of the government. In 1843 J. L. Stephens carried out a confidential mission to Central America on behalf of the United States government. In 1844 Don Francisco Castillon of Nicaragua endeavored to induce Louis Philippe to take up the question of the interoceanic canal, but he was interested in the Panama project.



canal an impossibility. For the two succeeding centuries the canal, while seriously considered, was not actively projected. In 1655 Great Britain endeavored to control the transit trade through Nicaragua and sacked and burned Leon. The expedition demonstrated to England the value of Lake Nicaragua for interoceanic communication and was the beginning of an attempt to control it, which lasted until 1690.

Attention was called to the canal project and interest again awakened in it by the report of Von Humboldt, who explored Central America, between 1793 and 1804. Regarding a canal across Nicaragua he said: "I should wonder if the United States were to let an opportunity escape of getting such a work into their own hands. * * * I therefore repeat that it is absolutely indispensable for the United States to effect a passage from the Mexican gulf to the Pacific ocean, and I am certain they will do it." In 1825 the United States congress decreed the cutting of an inter-

In 1847 the British government advanced claims to the control of the proposed interoceanic waterway, but the Nicaraguan government, acting with the approval and support of the United States, signed a contract for building the canal. This concession lapsed, and in 1849 Cornelius Vanderbilt and his associates contracted with the government for a regular transportation service across Nicaragua from ocean to ocean. Complications with Great Britain intervened, and it was not until the conclusion of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, April 19, 1850, that the neutrality of all and any present or prospective interoceanic waterways across Nicaragua was absolutely guaranteed.

This treaty was signed on April 19, 1850, before the development of steam navigation had rendered the Suez canal commercially possible, before a transcontinental railway was practicable and at a time when the discovery of gold in California seemed to render an interoceanic canal an early

necessity. It was in form intended to effect five principal objects:

1. The United States and Great Britain were to unite in jointly protecting persons engaged in building any canal or railroad across the American isthmus from "unjust detention, confiscation, seizure or any violence whatever."

2. They were to protect the canal when completed from interruption, seizure or unjust confiscation, and "to guarantee the neutrality thereof, so that the canal may forever be open and free and the capital invested therein secure."

3. "Vessels of the United States or Great Britain, traversing the said canal," in case of war between the contracting parties, were to be exempted from blockade, detention or capture by either of the belligerents.

4. Neither party, it was agreed, would ever obtain for itself or maintain any exclusive control over the canal, or erect any fortifications commanding the same, or assume any dominion over any part of Central America.

5. All other nations were to be invited to enter into similar stipulations, to the end that they might "share in the honor and advantage of having contributed to a work of such general interest and importance as the canal herein contemplated."

This treaty was ratified by the United States senate under the impression that Great Britain had abandoned her territorial encroachments in Central America. As a result of some correspondence between the two governments it became known that Great Britain had given up practically nothing. In pursuance of the pledge given in the treaty there was a storm of disapprobation in this country, united with a popular demand for the abrogation of the treaty on the part of the United States. This might easily have been accomplished at that time, but no direct steps were taken to that end until the administration of Mr. Buchanan. This movement was met by a few concessions by England, which caused Mr. Buchanan to accept the treaty as satisfactory to the United States. It has been the chief effort of American statesmen ever since that time to show that this treaty has little or no validity, in which they have failed to satisfy the American congress or the British government. The fact, however, remains that, in the opinion of this nation, the canal should be, if constructed, under American control. This policy of "American control," as enunciated by President Hayes, is directly opposed to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, which is still in force. Two plans have been proposed to remove this obstacle. One is to deliberately annul our agreement with Great Britain, while the second is to ask that government to abrogate the treaty upon the best terms we can make with her.

During Mr. Arthur's administration a treaty was made with Nicaragua, providing for the building of the canal, and also declaring that "the United States shall have exclusive control of the construction of the canal and railway and telegraph lines, if the same shall be built, and shall be invested with all the rights and powers necessary thereto."

Mr. Cleveland, immediately after his inauguration, finding this treaty unratified,

withdrew it on the ground that controlling foreign territory in this way would lead to entangling alliances. The Cleveland policy was that the canal should be built by private individuals rather than by the government, and as a result of this the Maritime Canal company was organized, having obtained valuable concessions from Nicaragua, with a large capital. This company expended about \$6,000,000 in preparations, and then asked the government to become responsible for the work by guaranteeing the bonds and securities of the company. This congress declined to do and the Maritime company ceased to be an important factor in the work in 1893.

For two years or more the Nicaragua canal scheme has been, in one form or another, before congress, and several commissions have been appointed to make estimates as to the cost of the work.

Three routes have been surveyed. The first was made in 1850-52 by Col. O. M. Childs. This survey was for a waterway with a depth throughout of seventeen feet. In the canal portion the bottom width was to be fifty feet, while in the excavated channels in the river and lake the bottom width was to be 150 feet. Locks were to be 250 by 80 by 17 feet. Ships were to pass from the sea level on each side to the summit lake level of 108 feet by fourteen locks, each with an eight-foot lift. The lake was to be held at 108 feet elevation by a dam in the Rio Grande valley, nine and three-quarter miles west of the lake, and another at Castillo rapids, thirty-seven and one-quarter miles east of the lake, in the San Juan river. The lowest lock on the east side was to be at a point ninety miles from the lake, where the canal was to leave the river and extend across the flat alluvial land to Greytown, where at that time there was a well protected harbor. The total length of the Childs canal was to have been 194.4 miles, and its cost, including 15 per cent for contingencies, was estimated at \$31,538,319.

The next survey was made in 1872 by an expedition under Commander Lull of the United States navy, and associated with him was A. G. Menocal, later the engineer of the Maritime Canal company. The depth of the canal was to be twenty-six feet and its bottom width fifty, sixty and seventy-two feet, according to locality. In the excavated river channel the bottom width was to be eighty feet and something over eighty feet in the lake channel. Commander Lull proposed several changes. The Pacific terminus was to be Brito, the same as that proposed by Childs. The ascent from the Pacific coast to the lake was to be via the Rio Grande valley, and by means of eleven locks of ten and one-half feet lift, and the canal was to be cut directly through the western divide to the lake. This portion was to be sixteen and one-quarter miles long. The route across the lake was to be fifty-six and one-half miles long. The San Juan was to be navigated by placing dams in the river at four places, the uppermost at Castillo, the lowest a mile below the mouth of the San Carlos. This river portion was to be sixty-six and one-half miles long. At the lowest dam the canal was to leave the river, follow its left bank to the San Juanillo, and then proceed by a straight course to Greytown. The total length of the canal from ocean to ocean was to be 181½

miles. The total cost was estimated at \$65,722,147.

The third survey was made by Mr. Menocal, under direction of the government, in 1885. He was to make an estimate for a twenty-eight-foot canal. He made some changes in the Lull route, especially in that portion of it that provided for the canalization of the San Juan river. His estimate was \$60,036,197. In 1895 congress provided for a commission consisting of Col. Ludlow, U. S. A.; M. T. Endicott, U. S. N., and Alfred Noble, a private citizen, which was to report upon the feasibility and cost of completing the canal company's work. The commission estimated the cost of the work at \$133,472,893, but its report was not favorable to the company and it recommended the appointment of a new commission, with enlarged powers, to make a more exhaustive examination of the proposed routes. Such a new commission was appointed, consisting of Admiral Walker, U. S. N.; Prof. Lewis M. Haupt and Gen. Hains. This commission, with a force of 250 men, including eighty engineers, with complete apparatus for boring, testing rainfall, evaporation and flow of streams, with other appliances, landed in December, 1897, and spent three months in the work. The estimated cost of construction was: Admiral Walker, \$125,000,000; Prof. Haupt, \$90,000,000, and Gen. Hains, \$140,000,000. As to the routes the commission recommended, that of the Maritime and the Lull route were the best two to be followed.

In March, 1899, congress authorized the president to appoint a new commission to examine all possible routes across the isthmus, especially the two known as the Nicaragua and Panama routes, and to determine which is the most feasible and practicable one of the two. In accordance with this act the president selected the following gentlemen to serve on such commission:

Rear-Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N.; Samuel Pasco of Florida, Alfred Noble, C. E., of Illinois; George S. Morrison, C. E., of New York; Col. Peter C. Hains, U. S. A.; Prof. William H. Burr of Connecticut, Lieut.-Col. Oswald H. Ernst, U. S. A.; Prof. Lewis M. Haupt, C. E., of Pennsylvania; Prof. Emory R. Johnson of Pennsylvania.

The report of this commission had not been issued at the time of going to press. The secretary of state, however, gave out, on the 31st of May, the following synopsis of its report:

"The commission understood that it was required to consider all routes heretofore proposed having any merit; that new routes appearing to have merit should be developed, and the entire region of canal possibilities should be examined with sufficient thoroughness to enable a just and comprehensive comparison of the various routes to be made and the most desirable one selected. With this view the commission made a careful study of all data bearing upon the Nicaraguan canal question.

"Much delay to the work and great annoyance to working parties were caused by attempts at revolution and by the strained relations between the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The outbreak of the war between the United States and Spain was also a serious matter.

"The report goes into minute details with

respect to all matters connected with the construction of the canal, and says after mature deliberation the commission has adopted and estimated for the route from Brito to Lake Nicaragua, called the Childs route, and from the lake to Greytown, called Lull route.

"This line leaving Brito follows the left bank of the Rio Grande to near Bueno Retiro, crosses the western divide to the valley of the Lajas, which it follows to Lake Nicaragua. Crossing the lake to the head of the San Juan river it follows the upper river to near Boca San Carlos, thence in excavation by the left bank of the river to the San Juanillo and across the low country to Greytown, passing to the northward of Lake Sillico.

"It requires but a single dam with regulating works at both ends of the summit level. The surveys have in general revealed better physical conditions than were hitherto supposed to exist, especially as to the amount of rock in the upper river, whereby it is possible to greatly reduce the estimated cost of construction.

"To determine the proper unit of prices for excavation, the average of prices actually paid to contractors on the Chicago drainage canal, which represent cost of plant, prices paid for work done, and contractors' profits, was taken. To these prices certain percentages were added for the difference in location, climate, etc.

"In obtaining the estimates for the cost of locks, the prices actually paid for building the government locks at Sault Ste. Marie were taken and 33 per cent was added for the difference of location.

"After giving due weight to all the elements of this important question, and with an earnest desire to reach logical conclusions based upon substantial facts, the commission believes that a canal can be built across the isthmus on this route for not exceeding \$118,113,790.

"Col. Hains concurs generally with the views of the other members of the commission, but his estimate of the cost is \$134,818,308."

The full report will be submitted by the president to the LVth congress.

TECHNICAL DETAILS.

Total distance from ocean to ocean, 169.4 miles.

Canal in excavation, 28 miles.

Lengths of basins, 21.6 miles.

River San Juan, 64.5 miles.

Lake Nicaragua, 56.5 miles.

Free navigation in lake, river and basins, 142.6 miles.

Elevation of summit level of canal above sea level, 110 feet.

Length of summit level, 153.2 miles.

Number of locks, 6.

Greatest lift of lock, 45 feet.

Dimensions of locks, 800 feet long, 100 feet wide.

Depth of canal, 30 feet.

Least width at bottom, 100 feet.

Time transit from ocean to ocean, 28 hours.

Length of Lake Nicaragua, 110 miles.

Average width, 40 miles.

Surface area, about 2,600 square miles.

Area of watershed of lake, about 8,000 square miles.

DISTANCES IN NAUTICAL MILES BETWEEN COMMERCIAL PORTS OF THE WORLD AND DISTANCES SAVED BY THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

[Compiled from data furnished by the United States Hydrographic office. Length of sailing routes approximate only.]

BETWEEN	Around Cape Horn for sailing vessels.	Via Magel- lan for full-pow- ered steam vessels.	Via Cape of Good Hope.	Via Nicaragua canal.	Advantage over sail- ing route.	Advan- tage over steam route.
New York and San Francisco.	15,600	13,174	.....	4,907	10,753	8,267
Puget Sound.....	.....	13,935	.....	5,035	.....	8,270
Sitka.....	.....	14,459	.....	6,117	.....	8,262
Bering Strait.....	.....	15,705	.....	7,402	.....	8,303
Acapulco.....	.....	11,555	.....	3,045	.....	8,510
Mazatlan.....	.....	12,067	.....	3,675	.....	8,362
Hongkong.....	.....	.....	13,750	10,692	3,058	.....
Yokohama.....	.....	.....	15,217	9,227	5,990	.....
Melbourne.....	13,700	12,860	12,590	9,862	3,898	2,998
Auckland.....	12,600	11,569	14,069	8,462	4,138	3,157
Honolulu.....	15,480	13,230	.....	6,417	7,063	6,873
Callao.....	.....	9,640	.....	3,744	.....	5,896
Guayaquil.....	.....	10,300	.....	3,227	.....	7,073
Valparaiso.....	9,420	8,440	.....	5,014	4,405	3,426
New Orleans & San Francisco	16,000	13,539	.....	4,147	11,853	9,392
Acapulco.....	.....	11,920	.....	2,285	.....	9,635
Mazatlan.....	.....	12,402	.....	2,915	.....	9,487
Callao.....	.....	10,005	.....	2,984	.....	7,021
Valparaiso.....	.....	8,805	.....	4,254	.....	4,551
Liverpool and San Francisco.	15,620	13,494	.....	7,627	7,993	5,867
Acapulco.....	.....	11,875	.....	5,765	.....	6,110
Mazatlan.....	.....	12,357	.....	6,355	.....	5,902
Auckland.....	12,130	11,919	13,357	11,182	948	737
Guayaquil.....	.....	10,620	.....	5,947	.....	4,673
Callao.....	.....	9,960	.....	6,464	.....	3,496
Valparaiso.....	9,380	8,760	.....	7,734	1,616	1,026
Honolulu.....	.....	13,610	.....	9,137	.....	4,473
Yokohama.....	.....	.....	14,505	11,947	.....	2,558

Length of canal in nautical miles.....	147	Western port of canal to San Francisco.....	2,700
New York to eastern port of canal.....	2,000	Western port of canal to Portland.....	3,345
Liverpool to eastern port of canal.....	4,780	Western port of canal to Puget Sound.....	3,458
Hamburg to eastern port of canal.....	5,127	Western port of canal to Valparaiso.....	2,807
Havre to eastern port of canal.....	4,691	Western port of canal to Callao.....	1,537
New Orleans to eastern port of canal.....	1,300	Western port of canal to Yokohama.....	7,020

GREAT CANALS OF THE WORLD.

The great canals of the world and the growth of the business passing through them were recently discussed by the treasury bureau of statistics. The business of the Suez canal, the Kaiser Wilhelm, the St. Mary's falls, the Welland and New York state canals, and, incidentally, the commerce passing through the Detroit river, are given in detail for a term of years, and thus is presented statistical data convenient for those desiring to study the question of ship canals connecting great bodies of water.

The Suez canal shows a net tonnage of 6,576 tons in 1869, its first year; 436,609 in 1870, over a million in 1872, more than two millions in 1875, and a steady increase until 1891, when the figures reached 3,698,777, since which time there has been comparatively little change, the figures for 1897 being slightly below those of 1896, but 33 per cent in excess of those of 1887, and more than three times those of 1877.

The Kaiser Wilhelm canal, which has been in operation but three years, shows an increase of 50 per cent in that period in the tonnage passing through it, that of the first year after its opening being 1,505,933, and that for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1898, 2,469,795.

The St. Mary's falls canal, connecting Lake Superior with the lower lakes, shows

a more rapid gain than the Suez. The freight tonnage passing through the St. Mary's falls canal in 1881 is given at 1,567,741, reaching more than three million tons in 1885, more than five millions in 1887, more than seven millions in 1889, more than nine millions in 1890, more than eleven millions in 1892, more than thirteen millions in 1894 and more than eighteen millions in 1897. Incidentally the freight tonnage passing through the Detroit river, which connects Lakes Superior, Michigan and Huron with Erie and Ontario, is shown to have increased from 9,000,000 tons in 1873 to 23,900,520 in 1896, an increase in that time of 200 per cent, while the increase in the registered tonnage through St. Mary's falls canal alone in that time is from 1,204,446 to 17,619,933.

The Welland canal statistics show that the quantity of freight passed through that canal in 1880 was 819,934 tons, and in 1896 1,279,987, though, comparing 1896 with 1872, 1873 and 1874, no increase is found, the figures of 1872 being 1,333,104 and those of 1873 1,506,494, while the tons passed from United States ports to United States ports through that waterway fell from 743,557 in 1874 to 653,213 in 1896.

The New York canal tables show a steady decrease since 1880 in the tons of merchandise carried to tide water. The number of

tons of freight carried to tide water on the New York canals in 1880 was 4,067,402; in 1890, 3,024,765, and in 1897, 1,878,218, while all other canals mentioned, as above indicated, show large gains in business meantime.

The average of freight rates, especially on the great lakes and by rail, in competition with the lakes and their canals, shows a material decrease between Chicago and New York, whether freight is carried by lake and rail, lake and canals, or by all rail, though the reduction where carried by the all-water route of lake and canals is greater than in cases where a part or all

of the transportation is by rail. The average rate per bushel for wheat from Chicago to New York by lake and canal was in 1877, 11.24 cents per bushel; in 1887, 8.5 cents, and in 1897, 4.25 cents. In the combination of lake and rail freights the rate fell from 15.8 cents per bushel in 1877 to 12 cents in 1887 and 7.37 cents in 1897, while the all-rail freight fell from 20.3 cents per bushel in 1877 to 15.74 cents in 1887 and 12.32 cents in 1897.

The following table presents the statistics of freight tonnage on the great canals of the world from 1880 to 1897:

TRAFFIC THROUGH THE GREAT CANALS OF THE WORLD—1880-1897.

YEAR.	<i>St. Mary's falls freight tonnage.</i>	<i>Detroit river freight tonnage.</i>	<i>Welland canal, freight transported.</i>	<i>New York canal, freight tons to tide water.</i>	<i>Suez canal, net vessel tonnage.</i>
1880.....	*1,734,890	*20,235,249	819,984	4,067,402	3,057,421
1881.....	1,567,741	*17,572,240	681,506	3,065,839	4,136,779
1882.....	2,029,521	*17,872,182	790,633	3,068,152	5,074,808
1883.....	2,267,105	*17,695,174	1,005,156	2,392,176	5,575,861
1884.....	2,874,557	*18,045,949	837,811	2,911,788	5,871,500
1885.....	3,256,628	*17,777,828	784,928	2,715,219	6,335,752
1886.....	4,527,759	*18,968,065	980,135	3,215,177	5,767,655
1887.....	5,494,649	*18,864,250	777,918	3,158,923	5,903,034
1888.....	6,411,423	*19,099,060	878,800	2,684,061	6,640,834
1889.....	7,516,022	19,717,360	1,085,273	2,629,836	6,783,187
1890.....	9,041,213	21,750,913	1,016,065	3,024,765	6,890,094
1891.....	8,888,759	23,209,619	975,013	2,286,855	6,898,777
1892.....	11,214,333	28,553,319	955,554	2,336,619	7,712,028
1893.....	10,796,572	23,091,899	1,294,823	2,565,845	7,659,068
1894.....	13,195,860	24,263,868	1,008,221	2,256,895	8,009,175
1895.....	15,002,580	25,845,079	869,595	1,603,745	8,448,383
1896.....	16,239,061	27,900,520	1,279,987	2,073,378	8,560,283
1897.....	18,982,755			1,878,218	7,869,373

* Gross tonnage.

FOREIGN CARRYING TRADE.

Values of imports and exports of the United States carried in American and foreign vessels each fiscal year for the last thirty years, with the percentage carried in American vessels.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS.		Per cent. in Am. vessels.
	<i>In American vessels.</i>	<i>In foreign vessels.</i>	<i>In American vessels.</i>	<i>In foreign vessels.</i>	
1869.....	\$136,802,024	\$300,512,231	\$153,154,748	\$285,979,781	33.2
1870.....	153,237,077	309,140,510	199,732,324	329,786,975	35.6
1871.....	163,235,710	363,020,644	190,378,462	392,501,932	31.9
1872.....	177,286,302	445,416,783	168,044,739	393,923,579	29.2
1873.....	174,739,854	471,806,765	171,566,758	494,915,886	26.4
1874.....	176,027,778	405,520,135	174,424,216	535,886,971	27.2
1875.....	157,872,726	382,949,568	156,385,066	501,838,949	26.2
1876.....	143,380,704	321,189,500	167,686,467	492,215,487	27.7
1877.....	151,834,067	329,665,833	164,826,214	530,354,703	26.9
1878.....	146,439,282	307,407,565	166,551,624	569,538,564	26.3
1879.....	143,599,353	310,499,599	128,425,339	600,769,633	23.0
1880.....	149,317,968	503,494,913	109,029,209	720,770,521	17.4
1881.....	133,631,146	491,840,269	116,955,324	777,162,714	16.5
1882.....	130,266,826	571,517,802	96,902,919	641,460,967	15.8
1883.....	136,002,290	564,175,576	104,418,210	694,331,348	16.0
1884.....	135,046,207	512,511,192	98,652,828	615,287,007	17.2
1885.....	112,864,052	443,513,801	82,001,691	636,004,765	15.3
1886.....	118,942,817	491,987,636	78,406,686	581,973,477	15.5
1887.....	121,365,493	543,392,216	72,991,263	621,802,292	14.3
1888.....	123,525,298	568,222,357	67,332,175	606,474,964	14.0
1889.....	120,782,910	586,120,881	83,022,198	630,942,060	14.3
1890.....	124,926,977	623,676,134	75,382,012	739,554,424	12.9
1891.....	127,471,688	676,511,763	78,968,047	773,589,324	12.5
1892.....	139,139,891	648,536,976	81,033,844	916,022,832	12.3
1893.....	127,035,434	695,184,394	70,670,073	733,162,174	12.2
1894.....	121,561,193	503,810,334	71,258,896	825,798,918	13.3
1895.....	108,229,615	590,588,362	62,277,581	695,357,830	11.7
1896.....	117,239,074	626,890,521	70,392,813	751,083,000	12.0
1897.....	109,133,454	619,784,338	79,441,823	905,969,428	11.0
1898.....	93,535,867	492,086,003	67,792,150	1,030,406,476	9.8

POLITICAL MOVEMENTS OF THE YEAR 1899.

[Arranged in the order of their occurrence.]

THE UNION REFORM PARTY.

The union reform party, which had its inception in Ohio as a state organization in 1898, was launched as a national alliance at Cincinnati, O., on the 1st of March, 1899.

There were about 300 delegates present and persons from the following states: New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia, Georgia, Kentucky, Arkansas, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Washington, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Minnesota.

The committee on permanent organization submitted the names of R. S. Thompson of Ohio for chairman, Asa Taylor of Nebraska for secretary and T. J. Donnelly of Cincinnati for assistant secretary.

The following was adopted as the national platform of the party:

"Our present system of government vests the entire law-making power in representatives. The people elect these representatives but have no control over their actions.

"An experience of over 100 years in the practical operation of this system has proved that it does not provide a government of, by and for the people.

"Representatives cannot always know certainly the will of their constituents, and even where that will has been clearly manifested it has been continually disregarded.

"Legislative bodies, from municipal councils to the national congress, have been controlled by corrupt influences. Legislation has consequently been in the interest of the corrupt few and against the interest of the voiceless masses.

"Under this system the people are disfranchised on all matters of legislation. They are allowed to vote for men, but are denied the right to vote for measures. The people are governed by laws which they did not enact and cannot repeal.

"As the result of this system great abuses have arisen and politics has become a synonym for corruption.

"The people have seen these abuses, but being disfranchised on all legislative questions have been unable to provide a remedy. They have become divided into parties and factions contending with each other in regard to the legislation needed. They have overlooked the fact that under our system of government they have power neither to enact legislation which they desire nor to prevent legislation to which they are opposed.

"In search for relief the people have turned from one party to another and have organized new parties without number.

"But all such efforts have been fruitless and must continue so to be as long as the people are disfranchised. They must be invested with the power to make their own laws before they can have laws made in their own interest.

"So long as the people have no voice in legislation it is useless for them to contend among themselves regarding the legislation which they need but cannot enact.

"That we may have a government conducted in the interests of the people, and which will provide for the peace, prosperity, morality and happiness of the entire nation, we must have a government which

is in fact of the people, by the people and for the people, and in which the people shall rule.

"We, therefore, reserving to ourselves the right to our individual opinions on all questions of legislation, unite for the accomplishment of this end—the enfranchisement of the American people and the establishment of a government in which the will of the people shall be supreme. And to this do pledge our united labors.

"And we invite all persons who believe in the principles of liberty and the declaration of independence to unite in support of the following platform:

"Direct legislation under the system known as the initiative and referendum.

"Under the 'initiative' the people can compel the submission to themselves of any desired law, when, if it receives a majority of the votes cast, it is thereby enacted.

"Under the 'referendum' the people can compel the submission to themselves of any law which has been adopted by any legislative body, when, if such law fails to receive a majority of the votes cast, it will be thereby rejected."

A national executive committee was appointed consisting of the following named gentlemen: R. S. Thompson, chairman, Springfield, O.; A. G. Eichelberger, secretary, Baltimore, Md.; J. M. Dunlap, vice-president and treasurer, Franklin, Ind.; Edward Evans, North Tonawanda, N. Y.; Asa Taylor, Omaha, Neb.; W. J. Seelye, Wooster, O.; Sheridan Webster, St. Louis, Mo.; F. A. Naille, Colwyn, Pa.; J. G. Waite, Sturgis, Mich.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The national organization committee met in response to call of Chairman Park in Kansas City, Mo., on May 15. After several hours of general discussion the following subcommittee was appointed to prepare an address to the populists of the United States embodying a plan of action for their general guidance, to the end that all straight populists might act with common purpose and on common lines, thereby making their forces effective: William L. Peek, Georgia, chairman; Jo A. Parker, Kentucky; L. Stebbins, Nebraska; H. F. Jones, Texas; L. H. Weller, Iowa, secretary.

The full report of the subcommittee as adopted by the organization committee is as follows:

"To the Populists of the United States: "1. We congratulate the official members of the national organization committee of the national people's party on their successful efforts to curtail and minimize the disintegrating and destroying forces set in motion by the advocates of the 'fusion' policy of and during 1896, as also upon their success in so reorganizing the earnest and true membership of the national people's party into such active, effective work as to awaken large hopes that in the election of 1900 only clean-handed and straightforward work in support of the principles set forth in the Omaha platform and candi-

dates nominated thereon shall be considered in our ranks.

"2. We congratulate the membership of the people's party throughout the nation on the success attending upon their educational and propaganda efforts among the people to the extent that the principles of the party are to-day accepted by thousands, including many prominent politicians and metropolitan newspapers who a short time ago ridiculed and reviled them.

"3. We congratulate the membership of all political organizations which have indorsed any of the paramount propositions contained in the Omaha platform and respectfully suggest to all such that a generous appreciation of the efforts of the people's party during years of educational work in the interests and behalf of all such can best be attested by uniting their political fortunes under the banner of the people's party.

"Plan of action:

"That the voters of the nation may feel assured that the people's party shall not again be betrayed in national convention or its working forces passed into the hands of the enemy, and to inspire confidence among the masses in the integrity of our acts and sincerity of our demands for independent action as a party, we respectfully submit to the populists of the nation the following plan of action:

"1. That the national organization committee hereby instructs its chairman to proceed with the formation of people's party precinct clubs in all the states on the plan recommended by the Cincinnati convention of September, 1898, or some relative plan, deemed by the members in the different states most efficient, and to appoint in each state not having members already selected three members of the national organization committee, and with the assistance and advice of these committeemen to select a state organization committee of the same number of members as the then existing state committee, and through these committeemen to organize as far as possible organization committees in congressional districts, counties and voting precincts. Wherever it is positively known that those members of national, state and other committees now existing are unqualifiedly opposed to fusion with either of the old parties and for independent, straightforward action by the people's party they are to be selected as members of the several organization committees.

"2. It shall be the duty of these several committees to use all honorable means to secure the selection of delegates to the various conventions leading up to the nominating presidential convention of 1900 who are opposed to fusion; and, failing in this, to provide for and send contesting delegates to the several conventions. That is to say, if those who are opposed to fusion are unfairly or dishonorably treated in the county convention they shall send a delegation to contest the seats of the fusion delegation in the state convention. If the state convention is controlled in the interest of 'fusion' and against an honorable and straightforward people's party policy, as soon as this is determined the middle-of-the-road delegations shall leave the convention and uniting with the con-

testing delegations shall hold another state convention and send a contesting delegation from that state to the national convention. Should the national convention be controlled by straight populists all delegates sent under this plan shall feel themselves in honor bound to vote to nominate those candidates for president and vice-president recommended by the referendum vote; provided, that in the judgment of the national organization committee a sufficient number of said clubs shall have been organized to make such a vote both practicable and representative of the will of the party.

"Should the national convention of 1900 be controlled in the interest of 'fusion' the straight delegations shall leave said convention and join the contesting delegations sent under this plan in a straight convention, and there carry out the will of the populists of the nation without regard to the 'fusion' convention.

"In this case the national organization committee and the several state, district, county and precinct committees organized under this plan shall be recognized as the only committees having any authority in the affairs of the people's party.

"If it should so occur that the national committee fail to issue a call for a national people's party convention within due time, in the discretion of the national organization committee, said organization committee shall then proceed to issue a call for a national convention.

"We offer this plan of action knowing that it will (first) show to every populist that we are willing to remain in good fellowship with our 'fusion' brethren with whom we have differed in the past in accepting distasteful allegiance with the enemies of the people's party; provided they will, with us, stand squarely on the original principles of the party and the line of action intended by its founders, who declared at Omaha in 1892 that the two old parties were jointly responsible for the miseries of the people and the unjust legislation which oppressed them; second, if they refuse to do so that we wish them to know that we can go with them no farther, preferring to adhere to the grand principles of untainted populism rather than to traffic in those sacred principles for personal or political advancement and gain.

"We share the humiliation of the populist voters who have found themselves in the past forced to vote for candidates not in sympathy with each demand of the people's party platform and urge them to diligently work in the future to avert any repetition of such complications.

"We recommend that an earnest effort to carry out the request for the referendum vote asked for by the Cincinnati convention be made so that the fullest expression on the question may be obtained.

"In order that states using the national precinct referendum club systems of party government may be made most effective we recommend that these clubs be prepared to vote on national candidates and other questions between Oct. 1, 1899, and Jan. 1, 1900, and send tabulated vote of same by states to Hon. Milton Park, chairman national organization committee, Dallas, Tex., who, as soon as practicable,

shall certify national results of same to the public."

BIMETALLIC LEAGUE.

The Ohio Valley League of Bimetallic clubs met at Louisville, Ky., on the 30th day of May, 1899. Judge James P. Tarvin of Covington, Ky., was elected president, and Allen Clark of Indiana was chosen secretary.

Speeches were made by the democratic candidate for governor, Mr. Goebel; Gen. Watt Hardin, J. J. Lentz, Matt O'Doherty, William J. Bryan, L. A. Russell, John S. Rhea, George Fred Williams, A. G. Caruth and several others. The following resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved—1. Our faith in bimetallicism is vindicated by events. The necessity for the restoration of the double standard was acknowledged by the president and congress in 1897, when a commission was sent to Europe to entreat other nations to aid in establishing bimetallicism, and the failure of the commission to secure European co-operation confirms the friends of free coinage in their belief that relief can come only by the independent action of the United States. The present logical ratio of 16 to 1 is the only ratio at which bimetallicism can be restored, and opposition to it is confined to those who oppose bimetallicism at any ratio, and to those who misapprehend or ignore the reasons which led three national conventions to adopt it. That whatever paper money needs to be issued in this country to supplement a gold and silver currency should be issued by the government of the United States directly without the intervention of any bank or corporation whatever.

"2. We favor and recommend the enactment by the democratic national convention in 1900 of the Chicago platform of 1896 without change.

"3. We especially favor and recommend the adoption by the democratic national convention of 1900 of the financial plank in the Chicago platform of 1896 without any change.

"4. We believe that the trust is the result in large measure of the methods that have been used, among which is the demonetization of silver, by which the volume of currency has been kept below the demands of business. We favor the destruction of the result as well as the removal of the causes. The establishment of independent bimetallicism at 16 to 1 would do more to cripple or destroy the organization and the operation of the trust than any other single act. We recommend, therefore, the adoption by the democratic national convention of 1900 of an appropriate and specific declaration against the organization and existence of the trust and a specific promise of legislative and executive action tending to their extermination.

"5. We hereby express our continued confidence in William Jennings Bryan and favor his nomination for the presidency of the United States in 1900."

THE ANTI-TRUST CONFERENCE.

Pursuant to a call issued by Gov. Sayers of Texas to the governors of various states to meet at St. Louis, Mo., on the 20th of September, 1899, for the purpose of considering what course should be pursued

regarding the trusts, eleven states responded upon a call of the roll.

The states represented and their representatives were as follows:

Michigan—Gov. Pingree and Attorney-General Oren.

Missouri—Gov. Stephens and Attorney-General Crow.

Texas—Gov. Sayers and Attorney-General Smith.

Arkansas—Gov. Jonea and Attorney-General Davis.

Tennessee—Gov. McMillin.

Iowa—Gov. Shaw.

Colorado—Gov. Thomas and Attorney-General Campbell.

Indiana—Attorney-General Taylor.

Montana—Attorney-General Nolan.

Mississippi—Monroe McClurg, democratic candidate for attorney-general.

Washington—Insurance Commissioner C. G. Helfner.

Gov. Sayers of Texas was made permanent chairman.

While it was the design of the promoters of the convention that nothing of a partisan character should be injected into it, early in the proceedings there was a good deal of defection and the republican delegates retired from the conference, leaving delegates from the following eight states: Michigan, Missouri, Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Montana and Washington. These delegates unanimously adopted resolutions demanding:

"1. The enactment and enforcement, both by the several states and the nation, of legislation that shall adequately and fully define as crimes any attempted monopolization or restraint of trade in any line of industrial activity, with provisions for adequate punishment both of the individual and the corporation that shall be found guilty thereof; punishment to the corporation to the extent of its dissolution.

"2. The enactment by each of the states of the union of legislation for the adequate and proper control and regulation of corporations chartered by that state, and we recommend as efficacious a system of reports to and examination by state authority of the corporations organized under its laws, to the end that they be brought to a fair observance of the laws under which they are created.

"3. The enactment by each state of laws that will prevent the entrance of any foreign created corporation into its limits for any other purpose than interstate commerce, except on terms that will put the foreign created corporation on a basis of equality with the domestic created corporation of the state entered, and subject to the same laws, rules and regulations of the state that it enters which are applicable to the domestic corporations of that state, and to this end we recommend legislation that would make it mandatory upon corporations seeking to engage in business outside the state of their creation that they procure licenses from the foreign state as a condition precedent to their entry into such state; such license to be granted on such terms and subject to such restrictions as will place the corporation subject to the same control, inspection, supervision and regulation as the domestic corporation of that state, and to be revocable if the conditions thereof are violated.

"4. The enactment of state legislation declaring that a corporation created in one state to do business exclusively in other states than where created shall be prohibited from admission into any state. (This proposition is supported by decisions of the Supreme courts of several states, but we believe it should become legislative enactment' (iform throughout the states.)

"5. That no corporation should be formed in whole or in part by another corporation.

"6. That no corporation shall own or hold any stock in another corporation engaged in a similar or competitive business and that no officer or director of a corporation shall be the officer or director or the owner of stock in another corporation engaged in a similar or competitive business the object or result of which is to create a trust or monopoly.

"7. Recognizing that trusts are usually composed of corporations and that corporations are but creatures of the law and can exist only in the place of their creation and cannot migrate to another sovereignty without the consent of that sovereignty, and that this consent may be withheld when desired, we recommend as the sense of this conference that each state pass laws providing that no corporation which is a member of any pool or trust in that state or elsewhere can do business in that state.

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this conference that all the capital stock of private corporations should be fully paid either, first, in lawful money, or, second, in property of the actual cash value of the amount of the capital stock; and that in all private corporations with a capital stock issued in excess of the amount actually paid up as above provided the shareholders shall be liable to the extent of twice the face value of the stock held by each."

THE ANTI-IMPERIALIST LEAGUE.

The declaration of Edwin B. Smith in calling the league convention to order on the 17th day of October, 1899, in the city of Chicago, that "We propose next year to contribute to the defeat of any party that shall then stand pledged to the subjugation of any people," makes the movement a political one and entitles it to classification under this head. Upon the opening of the convention about 100 delegates were present representing some fifteen states and territories.

The opening address was made by Mr. Morton of Nebraska. He was followed by Mr. Schurz of New York, Mr. Atkinson of Massachusetts, Prof. Tolman of Illinois, Gov. Boies of Iowa and several others.

The following were elected as officers of the league:

Chairman—J. Sterling Morton, Nebraska City, Neb.

Vice-Chairmen—Rufus D. Smith, Ohio; Edwin Burritt Smith, Chicago.

Secretaries—Erving Winslow, Boston; William J. Mize, Chicago.

Committee on Programme—Edwin Burritt Smith, Chicago; J. Laurence Laughlin, Chicago; Erving Winslow, Boston.

Committee on Resolutions—Carl Schurz, New York; Herbert Welsh, Philadelphia; Louis R. Ehrlich, Denver; Prof. J. Laurence Laughlin, Chicago; Dana Estes, Bos-

ton; E. Burritt Smith, Chicago; Sigmund Zelsler, Chicago; C. B. Wilby, Cincinnati; Horace White, New York; Edgar A. Bancroft, Chicago.

Honorary Vice-Chairmen—Ex-Gov. George S. Boutwell, Groton, Mass.; Gen. William Birney, Washington, D. C.; Gen. A. C. McClurg, Chicago, Ill.; Senator William E. Mason, Chicago, Ill.; Gen. John Beatty, Columbus, O.; Senator R. F. Pettigrew, Sioux Falls, S. D.; Gov. John Lund, St. Paul, Minn.; Gov. Charles S. Thomas, Denver, Col.; Ex-Gov. Horace Boies, Waterloo, Iowa; Edward Atkinson, Brookline, Mass.; Andrew Carnegie, New York, N. Y.; Dr. Emil Pretorius, St. Louis, Mo.; Senator Caffrey, Franklin, La.; Samuel Gompers, New York, N. Y.; Congressman J. J. Lentz, Columbus, O.; Thomas A. Moran, Chicago, Ill.; George W. Ochs, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Prof. Hermann von Holst, Chicago, Ill.; Edward M. Shepard, New York, N. Y.; Rev. W. R. Huntington, New York, N. Y.; Patrick O'Farrell, Washington, D. C.; Ex-Senator George F. Edmunds, Burlington, Vt.; Rev. W. D. McHugh, Omaha, Neb.; Rev. S. W. Sample, Minnesota; Louis R. Ehrlich, Denver, Col.; Horace White, New York, N. Y.; Carl Schurz, New York, N. Y.; Herbert Welsh, Philadelphia, Pa.; Charles N. Sturges, Chicago, Ill.; Austin G. Fox, New York, N. Y.; Rt. Rev. H. C. Potter, New York, N. Y.; Rt. Rev. John Lancaster Spaulding, Peoria, Ill.; Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, New York, N. Y.; Dana Estes, Boston, Mass.; Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow, Cincinnati, O.; J. L. Slayden, San Antonio, Tex.; George Foster Peabody, New York, N. Y.; Rev. W. H. Fish, Jr., Denver, Col.; Edgar A. Bancroft, Chicago, Ill.

At the second day's session the following platform was adopted:

"We hold that the policy known as Imperialism is hostile to liberty and tends toward militarism, an evil from which it has been our glory to be free. We regret that it has become necessary in the land of Washington and Lincoln to reaffirm that all men, of whatever race or color, are entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. We maintain that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. We insist that the subjugation of any people is 'criminal aggression' and open disloyalty to the distinctive principles of our government.

"We earnestly condemn the policy of the present national administration in the Philippines. It seeks to extinguish the spirit of 1776 in those islands. We deplore the sacrifice of our soldiers and sailors, whose bravery deserves admiration even in an unjust war. We denounce the slaughter of the Filipinos as a needless horror. We protest against the extension of American sovereignty by Spanish methods.

"We demand the immediate cessation of the war against liberty begun by Spain and continued by us. We urge that congress be promptly convened to announce to the Filipinos our purpose to concede to them the independence for which they have so long fought and which of right is theirs.

"The United States have always protested against the doctrine of international law which permits the subjugation of the weak by the strong. A self-governing state cannot accept sovereignty over an

unwilling people. The United States cannot act upon the ancient heresy that might makes right.

"Imperialists assume that with the destruction by American hands of self-government in the Philippines all opposition here will cease. This is a grievous error. Much as we abhor the war of 'criminal aggression' in the Philippines, greatly as we regret that the blood of the Filipinos is on American hands, we more deeply resent the betrayal of American institutions at home. The real firing line is not in the suburbs of Manila. The foe is of our own household. The attempt of 1861 was to divide the country. That of 1899 is to destroy its fundamental principles and noblest ideals.

"Whether the ruthless slaughter of the Filipinos shall end next month or next year is but an incident in a contest that must go on until the declaration of independence and the constitution of the United States are rescued from the hands of their betrayers. Those who dispute about standards of value while the foundation of the republic is undermined will be listened to as little as those who would wrangle about the small economies of the household while the house is on fire. The training of a great people for a century, the aspiration for liberty of a vast immigration who have made their homes here, are forces that will hurl aside those who in the delirium of conquest seek to destroy the character of our institutions.

"We deny that the obligation of all citizens to support their government in times of grave national peril applies to the present situation. If an administration may with impunity ignore the issues upon which it was chosen, deliberately create a condition of war anywhere on the face of the globe, debauch the civil service for spoils to promote the adventure, organize a truth-suppressing censorship and demand of all citizens a suspension of judgment and their unanimous support while it chooses to continue the fighting, representative government itself is imperilled.

"We propose to contribute to the defeat

of any person or party that stands for the forcible subjugation of any people. We shall oppose for re-election all who in the white house or in congress betray American liberty in pursuit of un-American ends. We still hope that both of our great political parties will support and defend the declaration of independence in the closing campaign of the century.

"We hold with Abraham Lincoln that no man is good enough to govern another man without that other's consent. When the white man governs himself, that is self-government, but when he governs himself and also governs another man, that is more than self-government—that is despotism. Our reliance is in love of liberty, which God has planted in us. Our defense is in the spirit which prizes liberty as the heritage of all men in all lands. Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves, and under a just God cannot long retain it.

"We cordially invite the co-operation of all men and women who remain loyal to the declaration of independence and the constitution of the United States."

The following form of petition to be circulated among the people was adopted for presentation to congress:

"We, the undersigned citizens of the United States of America, respectfully petition your honorable body to bring about an immediate cessation of hostilities in the Philippine islands, and to announce to the people thereof with all convenient promptitude that it is the purpose of the United States not to interfere with their aspirations for independence or to subject them to our authority, but only to aid them in setting up an independent government of their own choice, and to protect them against hostile foreign interference and to assist them with the military and naval forces of the United States so far as may be required in the maintenance of order and security until such a government shall be established."

The convention adjourned on the 18th of October.

MEN OF THE YEAR 1899.

ELIHU ROOT.

Elihu Root, secretary of war, was born at Clinton, Oneida county, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1845. His father was Oren Root, for many years professor of mathematics in Hamilton college. In his youth he taught school and paid his way through Hamilton, subsequently studying law there, and he completed his course at the University Law school in New York. He then entered the law office of Mann & Parsons. His first partnership was formed with John H. Strahn and the next with Willard Bartlett, who became a judge of the Supreme court. Mr. Root was connected with the municipal-reform movement in New York city in 1871. In 1879 he was the republican candidate for judge of the Court of Common Pleas, but was defeated, though polling a large vote. He was chairman of the republican county committee in 1886 and 1887, and for many years executive member of the 21st assembly district. He was appointed by President Arthur United States at-

torney for the south district of New York and served two years. During his long career as a lawyer Mr. Root has been leading counsel in many noted cases, notably for Tweed and Ingersoll on the exposure of the frauds perpetrated upon the county of New York by the Tweed ring, for Judge Hilton in the Stewart will case, for the executors in the Hoyt and Havemeyer will cases, and for the contestants in the Hammersley will case. He is now counsel for and director in several banks, is attorney for several steam railroads and the chief adviser of the syndicate controlling the Broadway (New York city) railroad. He is also counsel for many large private corporations. Mr. Root was chairman of Gov. Roosevelt's campaign committee in 1898. He was appointed by the president to be secretary of war upon the resignation of Gen. Alger, and assumed the duties of that office Aug. 1, 1899.

JOSEPH H. CHOATE.

Joseph Hodges Choate of New York, am-

bassador to Great Britain, was born in Salem, Mass., Jan. 24, 1832. He graduated from Harvard university in 1852 and entered Dana Law school, from which he was graduated in 1854. He was admitted to the bar, and removed to New York city, where he entered upon the practice of his profession—which he continued to the time of his present appointment—and became one of the most prominent lawyers in the country. While always an active republican, he had never held political office until selected by the president to represent this country at the court of St. James. Mr. Choate has, however, been active in New York politics, and was a member of the committee of seventy whose work broke up the Tweed ring in that city. In 1894 he was president of the state constitutional convention. In 1897 he was a candidate for United States senator, but was defeated by Thomas C. Platt. Mr. Choate has been president of a number of New York city clubs, and in 1898 he was elected president of the American Bar association. When John Hay was selected secretary of state to succeed Mr. Day Mr. Choate was appointed in his place to the embassy to London.

HORACE A. TAYLOR.

H. A. Taylor, assistant secretary of the treasury, is the editor and proprietor of the Madison (Wis.) Journal, and has been for many years one of the most prominent figures in the political field in the state. He has been at times a candidate for governor and has wielded no little influence in Wisconsin politics. Mr. Taylor was born in 1837 in St. Lawrence county, New York. He went to Wisconsin in 1855, and after working on a farm, driving a stage and dealing in real estate he drifted into the newspaper business and, with his brother, the late Lute A. Taylor, started the River Falls Journal. Three years later he gave his interest in this paper to his brother and went to Hudson, where he purchased the Hudson Chronicle and changed its name to the Hudson Times. A short time afterward he purchased the Hudson Star and combined the names of the two papers, and published the Hudson Times and Star for over thirty years. Besides publishing a weekly paper, Mr. Taylor branched out into lumbering and banking, in both of which enterprises he did well and laid the foundation for a fortune. He was always a republican, and his papers were always staunchly faithful to that party. He went into politics and in 1876 was appointed state timber agent by Gov. Ludington and held the place through successive administrations until 1881, when he resigned to take the position of United States consul to Marseilles. He returned to Wisconsin in 1883, and five years later he was elected to the state senate. While serving as senator he was appointed United States railroad commissioner by President Harrison. During the World's Fair Mr. Taylor represented the department of the interior on the commission. When he retired from the railroad commission in 1893 Mr. Taylor returned to Madison and took charge of the Journal, in which he had purchased a controlling interest. Since that time he has confined himself to editorial work. He was appointed assistant secretary of the treasury to succeed Mr. Howells of New Jersey in February, 1899.

JOHN N. IRWIN.

John N. Irwin, minister to Portugal, was born in Ohio in 1847, attended school in Keokuk, Iowa, and graduated at Miami university (O.). Upon the breaking out of the civil war he enlisted as a private in the 45th Iowa infantry and served until 1864. Entered Dartmouth college (N. H.) and graduated from that institution in 1867, and engaged in merchandising at Keokuk. In 1883 he was appointed governor of Idaho, but resigned after a service of six months. In 1890 he was appointed governor of Arizona, but resigned before the close of his term. Appointed minister to Portugal in 1899.

WILLIAM P. LORD.

William Palne Lord of Oregon, minister to Persia, was born in Dover, Del., in 1839, and was graduated from Fairfield college in 1860. He began the study of law, but on the outbreak of the civil war aided in raising a battalion of Delaware cavalry, of which he was first captain, later major, finally becoming judge-advocate on the staff of Gen. Lew Wallace. At the close of the war he resumed his legal studies, and on graduation from the Albany Law school was admitted to the bar in Oregon in 1866. At this time he was appointed a lieutenant in the 2d United States cavalry, and saw service in Alaska. He then resigned his commission, and in 1868 went to Salem, Ore., where he built up a successful law practice. In 1878 he was chosen state senator for four years, but resigned in 1880 to accept the republican nomination for justice of the Supreme court. He was elected by a good majority, and re-elected in 1882 and 1888. While yet on the bench he was nominated in 1894 for governor. His term in that office expired on Jan. 1, 1899.

ADDISON C. HARRIS.

Addison C. Harris of Indiana, minister to Austria-Hungary, was born in Wayne county, Indiana, in 1840, and graduated at Butler college in that state about 1864. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar. In 1876 he was elected to the state senate, of which body he was a member for four years, in which he devoted his energies to securing reform in the state statutes. Since 1886 he has been prominent in state politics, and in 1896 was candidate for the United States senate, but was unsuccessful.

ARTHUR S. HARDY.

Arthur S. Hardy, minister to Greece, was born in Boston Aug. 13, 1847, and graduated at the West Point Military academy. He served as second lieutenant in the 3d artillery, but soon resigned and spent some time in foreign travel and study. Upon his return to this country he was appointed professor of civil engineering in Iowa college. Later he became one of the editors of the Cosmopolitan Magazine in New York, and in 1888 became professor of mathematics in Dartmouth college, where he remained until 1893. In 1897 he was appointed minister and consul-general to Teheran, Persia, which position he held until April, 1899, when he was transferred to Athens. Mr. Hardy is the author of several books, among which are "But Yet

a Woman," "The Wind of Destiny," "Elements of Quarternions," "New Methods in Surveying" and some others.

WILLIAM R. MERRIAM.

William Rush Merriam, director of the twelfth census, was born at Wadham's Mills, Essex county, New York, in July, 1849. In 1861 his parents removed to St. Paul, Minn., and that city has been his home ever since. At 12 years of age he began his school life at Racine, Wis., and was graduated from Racine college in 1871. He then entered the First national bank of St. Paul as a clerk, and thoroughly mastered the business of banking. In 1873 he was elected the first cashier of the Merchant's national bank of St. Paul, which was organized at that time. In 1880 he was elected vice-president, and in 1882 president of that institution and occupied the latter place at the date of his appointment. In 1882 he was elected to represent his ward in the lower house of the state legislature, was re-elected in 1886, and was speaker of that body during the following session. Two years later he received the republican nomination for governor of the state, and was elected by a large majority. In 1890 he was elected for a second term. The record of his life is that of a successful business man. He has occupied places of honor in almost every capacity in regard to schools and charitable institutions, giving liberally to local charities. He is a member of the University club of New York and the Metropolitan club of Washington.

FREDERICK H. WINES.

Dr. Wines, assistant superintendent of the census, was born in Philadelphia in 1838, and is the son of the Rev. Dr. E. C. Wines, the well-known clergyman, teacher, author and philanthropist. Mr. Wines was graduated in 1857 from Washington (now Washington and Jefferson) college, in western Pennsylvania, in which his father was a professor. He was educated for the ministry at Princeton, N. J. During the war he served as chaplain in the regular army, and was stationed on the frontier in southwest Missouri, where he had the opportunity to participate in only one engagement, but was mentioned by name in the official dispatches for distinguished courage and gallantry on the field.

At the close of the war he was called to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church of Springfield, Ill. He sustained this relation for four years, at the expiration of which he was appointed secretary of the newly created board of state commissioners of public charities, a position which he has occupied, except for a single brief interval, during thirty years. During the period he has filled the positions of secretary of the National Prison association, president of the national conference of charities and correction and expert special agent of the tenth census in 1880 for the collection and establishment of statistics relating to defective, dependent and delinquent classes, and of the eleventh census in 1890 for the collection of statistics relating to crime, pauperism and benevolence. The statistical atlas of the United States, first published in 1870, was his conception, and he fur-

nished some of the statistical diagrams published in that work.

HERBERT PUTNAM.

Mr. Putnam, the new librarian of congress, was born in New York in 1861. He is the youngest son of the late George P. Putnam, the well-known publisher and founder of the house of G. P. Putnam's Sons. He was educated in the public and private schools of New York, was graduated from Harvard in 1883, and studied at the Columbia Law school. In 1884 Mr. Putnam went to Minneapolis and was admitted to the Minnesota bar. Early in his residence in that city he became librarian of the Minneapolis Athenæum, a proprietary library. Later through his efforts the Minneapolis public library was founded and the Athenæum was merged with it. From its organization the Minneapolis public library has been one of the most progressive in the country. Its building is also one of the best equipped in the United States. Mr. Putnam resigned as librarian at Minneapolis in December, 1891, and went to Boston to practice law. He was about to transfer his activities in that profession to Minneapolis, when he was chosen librarian of the Boston public library. Four years' experience in administration of the largest city library and the foremost library in the country in the point of efficiency made him the most available man for librarian of congress. In point of breadth and completeness of its collections, no less than in its strength as an educational institution, the Boston public library at present much excels the national library. Mr. Putnam was president of the American Library association in 1893, and was the candidate of that body for the post of librarian of congress.

JAMES P. TALIAFERRO.

Mr. Taliaferro, United States senator from Florida, was born at Orange, Va., Sept. 30, 1847, and went to Florida in 1868. He has always been a democrat, and was once chairman of the state committee. He is president of the First national bank of Tampa, vice-president of the C. B. Rogers company of Jacksonville, and is a member of the state board of health. He was elected to the senate to succeed Samuel Pasco, and his term will expire March 4, 1905.

ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE.

Albert J. Beveridge, United States senator from Indiana, was born in 1863 on a farm on the borders of Highland county, Ohio. His father and all his brothers were away at the war, and at the close of that struggle Beveridge's father lost all his property, and the family moved to Illinois. From the age of 12 Albert's life was one of hardship. When 12 he was a plowboy, at 14 he was working as a day laborer on railroad work; at 15 he became a logger and teamster, and by reason of a natural command of men was placed in charge of the logging camp. He went through the high school by working at nights and in the morning and borrowed \$50 to go to college on. He got through his first year by working as steward of a club, and by

the end of the year he had taken prizes in philosophy, science and oratory sufficient to pay two years' expenses. He was compelled to begin college late each year and quit early in order to go to work. The strain proved too much for him, and to recover his health Mr. Beveridge went west and for some time lived with the cowboys. He then went to Indianapolis, where he read law in the office of Senator McDonald. After his admission to the bar the cases which came to him were of great importance, and his first pleading before a court was in the Supreme court. His career as a political speaker commenced in the Blaine campaign, and he has since stumped Indiana in every campaign. In 1895 he was invited by the Union League club of Chicago to respond to the toast of honor at its Washington's birthday banquet, and this address was so well received that he was requested to close the republican national campaign at the Auditorium in Chicago. Since then Mr. Beveridge has delivered addresses in many of the large cities of the country. He has never sought political office, and, with the exception of the time spent in giving these addresses, has devoted himself to his law practice. He was elected to succeed David Turpie, and his term of office will expire March 4, 1905.

WILLIAM A. CLARK.

W. A. Clark, United States senator from Montana, was born Jan. 8, 1839, near Connellyville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania. He is the son of John and Mary (Andrews) Clark, both natives of that county. The father of John Clark, whose name was also John, was a native of County Tyrone, Ireland, who emigrated to this country and settled in Pennsylvania soon after the revolutionary war. Mr. Clark's father was a farmer, and his boyhood days were spent on the homestead, where he enjoyed the advantages of three months' winter school and nine months of such farm work as the boy could turn his hand to. At the age of 14 he entered Laurel Hill academy, and acquired a good English education. In 1856 his father moved to Iowa, and there William assisted the first year in improving and tilling the new prairie farm, teaching a term of school the succeeding winter. He then attended an academy at Mount Pleasant, becoming a disciple of Blackstone. Here he prosecuted his legal studies for two years, but did not afterward engage in the profession. In 1859-60 he taught school in Missouri and in 1862 he crossed the great plains, driving a team to the South park, Colorado, and that winter worked in the quartz mines in Central City, gaining knowledge and experience that afterward served him to good purpose. In 1863 the news of the gold discoveries at Bannack, Mont., reached Colorado, and Mr. Clark was among the first to start for this new El Dorado. After sixty-five days' travel with an ox team, he arrived at Bannack just in time to join a stampede to Horse Prairie. Here he secured a claim, which he worked during this and the following season, cleaning up a net \$1,500 the first summer, which formed the basis of his future operations in Montana and the beginning of the immense fortune he has since accumulated. To the time of his election to the senate he was engaged in mining, banking

and merchandising, in which he carried on the most extensive and important operations in the state, and has accumulated a princely fortune. He was chosen senator to succeed Lee Mantle, and his term of office will expire March 4, 1905.

MONROE L. HAYWARD.

Mr. Hayward, United States senator from Nebraska, was born in Essex county, New York, Dec. 22, 1840. He enlisted in company I, 22d New York Infantry, at the outbreak of the war, and was transferred to the 5th cavalry later and mustered out of the service in 1862. He graduated at Fort Edward Collegiate Institute, New York, and removed to Whitewater, Wis., with his father in 1865, where he studied law and was admitted to the bar. He came to Nebraska in 1866, and located at Nebraska City, where he has since resided. He is a wealthy man and has many fine farms well stocked with finely bred cattle. He has devoted his attention mostly to law and speculations, and has given comparatively little attention to politics. In 1886 he was appointed district judge to fill an unexpired term, and that is the only state office he has ever held. In 1898 Judge Hayward was the republican party's candidate for governor. He was defeated by less than 3,000 majority. It was the sympathy he claimed as the defeated standard-bearer of the party that gained him the strength he early demonstrated in the contest. This is the first office to which Judge M. L. Hayward was ever elected in the state or elsewhere, with the exception of being a delegate to the state constitutional convention in 1875. He was elected to succeed William V. Allen, and his term will expire March 4, 1905.

JOHN KEAN.

John Kean, United States senator from New Jersey, was born at Ursino, Union county, N. J., Dec. 4, 1852. He studied at Yale college, and afterward was graduated from the Columbia College Law school, and read law in the office of Chetwood & Magie. Mr. Kean was admitted to the bar, but law practice was distasteful to him and he embarked in the banking and manufacturing business, in which he has displayed marked ability. He is president of the National state bank of Elizabeth and is its largest stockholder. He is one of the directors of the Elizabethport Banking company, president and controlling spirit of the Elizabethtown Water company and the Elizabethtown Gaslight company, and holds the principal interest in the Elizabeth Street Railway company. He is also interested in a number of other enterprises in Elizabeth, and is vice-president of the Manhattan Trust company of New York city. He has been actively identified with politics for many years. In 1882 he ran for congress against Miles Ross, whom he defeated by 2,295 plurality. In 1884 he ran again, against Robert S. Green, who afterward became governor of New Jersey, and was beaten by 1,848 plurality. He ran a third time in 1886 against William McMahon and won by 637 plurality. In 1892 Mr. Kean was the republican candidate for governor against George T. Werts, who defeated him by 7,625 votes. In January,

1899, he was elected to the United States senate to succeed James Smith, Jr. His term of office will expire March 4, 1905.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

Mr. Depew, United States senator from New York, was born in Peekskill, N. Y., April 23, 1834, and at the age of 32 was graduated at Yale. Returning to his native village, he studied law in the office of William Nelson, and was admitted to the bar in 1858. During that year he served as delegate to the republican state convention, beginning the practice of law in 1859. In 1861 he was elected to the assembly from the 3d Westchester county district. Re-elected in 1862, he was made speaker pro tem.; two years later he was elected secretary of state by a majority of 30,000. The post of United States minister to Japan was tendered to him by President Johnson, but the superior attractions of an important business connection led him to the decision to retire from political life. In 1866 he was appointed attorney for the New York & Harlem Railroad company; in 1869 he came to hold the same relation to the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company. In 1875 he became general counsel for the entire Vanderbilt system of railroads and a director in each of the lines comprised in that system. In 1874 he was chosen regent of the state university and a member of the building commission connected with the state capitol. In 1882, when William H. Vanderbilt retired from the presidency of the New York Central, Mr. Depew became second vice-president, and three years later the presidency was conferred upon him. This position he retained until, at the time of Cornelius Vanderbilt's withdrawal from the chairmanship of the entire Vanderbilt system of railroads, he succeeded to this post. At the national republican convention of 1888 Mr. Depew was a candidate for the presidential nomination, but withdrew his name when the Blaine vote went to Benjamin Harrison. For seven years he was president of the Union League club of New York city, and on retiring was elected an honorary life member. The Yale Alumni association chose him as its president for ten successive years. At the time of his election to the senate he was president of the Republican club, regent of the university of the state of New York and member of the St. Nicholas, Holland and Huguenot societies and the New York chamber of commerce. His term of office will expire March 4, 1905.

PORTER J. M'CUMBER.

P. J. McCumber, United States senator from North Dakota, was born in Chicago, Ill., in 1856. His parents moved in that year to Rochester, Minn., where he resided until he went to North Dakota, when a young man of 23 years. He is a lawyer, and was educated in the public schools of Minnesota and the law department of Ann Arbor, from which he was graduated in 1880. He commenced practicing his profession in 1881 at Wahpeton, where he is still located. He has been a member of the legislature, either in the house or senate, for two terms, and has always been a leader on the

floor, standing generally with the reform element and for better laws.

CHARLES A. CULBERSON.

Charles A. Culberson, United States senator from Texas, was born at Dadeville, Ala., June 10, 1855. He is a son of the Hon. David B. Culberson, former member of congress from the 4th Texas district. He has been remarkably successful in political life, having served the state for four years as attorney-general and four as governor, just prior to his election as senator. His parents moved from Alabama to Gilmore, Tex., in 1856, where young Culberson attended the public schools and a high school conducted by Prof. Looney. After studying a few years in his father's law office, he graduated at the law school of the University of Virginia. In his professional career he was distinguished on account of his defense of the prisoner in the LeGrand murder case, in which he convinced Judge Woods of the federal court that the kuklux law was unconstitutional and the court without jurisdiction. He was elected county attorney of Marion county, declined a nomination for the legislature, and, moving to Dallas, formed a law partnership with Judge Bookhout, which connection was continued till 1890, when he was nominated without opposition for attorney-general by the democratic state convention. His duties as attorney-general were discharged with marked success, and as governor he gained national distinction on account of his vigorous action in promptly assembling the legislature and preventing the Corbett-Fitzsimmons prize fight taking place in Texas. His term of office as governor of Texas expired in January, 1899, and he was elected to the United States senate to succeed Roger Q. Mills. His term of service will expire March 4, 1905.

JONATHAN ROSS.

Jonathan Ross, appointed to succeed Mr. Morrill as senator from Vermont, was born in Waterford April 30, 1826. He read law in the office of William Hebard, and located in St. Johnsbury in 1856, where he still resides; is a graduate of Dartmouth college; was a member of the Vermont house in 1865, 1866 and 1867 and a senator from the county of Caledonia in 1870; was a member of the state board of education from 1866 to 1870; was one of the council of censors in 1869; was elected an assistant judge of the Supreme court in 1870, receiving successive elections since; was appointed second assistant judge by Gov. Farnham in 1882, vice Timothy P. Redfield, promoted, and was elected chief judge in 1890.

ADDISON G. FOSTER.

Addison G. Foster, United States senator from Washington, was born Jan. 28, 1837, at Belchertown, Mass., and is a descendant of Reginald Foster, who landed at Ipswich, Mass., in 1638. His father, Samuel Foster, was a thrifty village merchant. When 13 years of age Mr. Foster accompanied his parents to Sheboygan Falls, Wis., where his father in 1850 secured land and began to clear it for a farm. That was where Mr. Foster got his first experience in log-

ging. Afterward he and his brother started for Pike's peak, but they turned back and he taught school in Missouri and afterward returned home and went to Wabasha, Minn. He held the offices of county surveyor and county auditor. Afterward he was engaged in forwarding and commission business in Lake City and Red Wing, Minn. In 1877 he formed a partnership with Col. C. W. Griggs in the fuel and contracting business, which partnership has continued to this day. In 1879 they formed the Beaver Dam Lumber company and in 1884 incorporated the Lehigh Coal and Iron company. He is still a leading officer in those companies and vice-president of the St. Paul and Tacoma Lumber company, organized in 1883, since which time he has made his home in Tacoma, Wash. He was elected to succeed John L. Wilson, and his term will expire March 4, 1905.

NATHAN B. SCOTT.

Nathan Bay Scott, United States senator from West Virginia, was born in Guernsey county, Ohio, in 1842. He enlisted in the union army and was mustered out in 1866, and settled in Wheeling shortly afterward and went to work as an employe of the Central Glass company. In a short time he was employed as manager and soon afterward was selected president of the company, which position he filled for years. He served two years as president of the second branch of the city council of Wheeling. He was elected in 1882 as a member of the state senate, and again in 1886, serving eight years. In the last race he defeated John O. Pendleton in a strongly democratic district, Mr. Pendleton being afterward elected to congress. While a member of the senate he had passed the mutual savings bank law of the state. For five years he was West Virginia's member of the republican national committee, and during the entire time was a member of the executive committee. During the campaign of 1896 he was selected by President McKinley to serve with Gen. Powell Clayton and Vice-President Hobart in the headquarters at New York city. In recognition of his services President McKinley appointed him commissioner of internal revenue. He organized the first savings bank in the state of West Virginia and is still president of that institution. He was elected to the senate to succeed Charles J. Faulkner and his term of office will expire March 4, 1905.

JOSEPH V. QUARLES.

Joseph V. Quarles, United States senator from Wisconsin, was born at Kenosha on Dec. 16, 1843. His father's family came originally from New Hampshire, and his father, Joseph V. Quarles, Sr., was a native of that state. Both his parents were among the earliest settlers of Kenosha, and were married there when it was but a mere hamlet. Young Quarles pursued his studies in the public schools and the high schools of Kenosha, graduating from the latter when he was 17 years of age. The following two years were spent in teaching and earning money in other ways for the expenses of a college course, which he had set his heart upon pursuing. In 1862 he entered the University of Michigan as a freshman. He was conspicuous among his classmates, and upon the organization of the class was

chosen its president and class orator for that year. The struggle of the government with the rebellion enlisted his sympathies and aroused all his patriotic impulses. He left his studies and enlisted in the 39th regiment of Wisconsin infantry and was mustered into service as first lieutenant of company C. At the expiration of his service he returned to the university and graduated with the class of '66 with the degree of A. B. He then entered the law department of that institution, spending a year therein. Having exhausted his financial resources he returned to Kenosha and continued his law studies in the office of O. S. Head, a distinguished lawyer of those days, with whom, upon his admission to the bar in 1868, he formed a law partnership, the firm being Head & Quarles. His ability and activity soon led to his being called outside to duties other than his profession. In 1876 he was elected mayor of Kenosha, and the two following years he was president of the Kenosha board of education. In 1879 he was a member of the legislative assembly, and in 1880 and 1881 he was the representative of Kenosha and Walworth counties in the state senate.

DAVID B. HENDERSON.

David Bremner Henderson of Dubuque, speaker of the house of representatives, was born at Old Deer, Scotland, March 14, 1840; was brought to Illinois in 1846 and to Iowa in 1849; was educated in common schools and at the Upper Iowa university; studied law with Bissell & Shiras of Dubuque, and was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1865; was reared on a farm until 21 years of age; enlisted in the union army in September, 1861, as private in company C, 12th regiment Iowa infantry volunteers, and was elected and commissioned first lieutenant of that company, serving with it until discharged, owing to the loss of his leg, Feb. 26, 1863; in May, 1863, was appointed commissioner of the board of enrollment of the 3d district of Iowa, serving as such until June, 1864, when he reentered the army as colonel of the 46th regiment Iowa infantry volunteers, and served therein until the close of his term of service; was collector of internal revenue for the 3d district of Iowa from November, 1865, until June, 1869, when he resigned and became a member of the law firm of Shiras, Van Duzee & Henderson; was assistant United States district attorney for the northern division of the district of Iowa about two years, resigning in 1871; is now a member of the law firm of Henderson, Hurd, Lenehan & Kiesel; was elected to the XLVth, XLIXth, Lth, LIst, LIId, LIId, LVth and LVth congresses as a republican.

FRED FUNSTON.

Gen. Funston, United States volunteers, was born in New Carlisle, O., Nov. 9, 1865. His family moved to Kansas in 1867, where he attended school at Iola and at the state university at Lawrence. In 1890 he became a newspaper reporter in Kansas City, and the next year was attached to the United States Death Valley expedition as botanist. In 1893 he was sent to Alaska by the government to explore and report upon the flora of the territory, and camped in the

Klondike in the winter of 1893-4. Later he became a lecturer and railroad employee. In 1896 he joined the insurgent army in Cuba; was twice wounded, and after eighteen months' service he returned to the United States and was made colonel of the 20th regiment of Kansas volunteers. The command was sent to the Philippines and he took part in several battles. He was promoted to be brigadier-general for swimming across the Rio Grande river at Calumpit under a heavy fire from the enemy and establishing a rope ferry by means of which the troops were enabled to cross the river and win an engagement.

COL. ALBERT D. SHAW.

Col. Albert D. Shaw of Watertown, N. Y., commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, was United States consul at Manchester from 1878 to 1886. He was rated during that time as one of the most efficient members of the government's consular staff, and his reports on com-

mercial and industrial conditions in England became authorities. He distinguished himself at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war by tendering President McKinley the services of 10,000 veterans of the civil war. Col. Shaw is a New Yorker by birth and was born in 1841. He was 20 years old when he enlisted in the 35th New York volunteers for the war against the confederacy. He fought at Rappahannock, the second Bull Run, Chantilly, South Mountain, Antietam and in many of the lesser engagements of the war. Gov. Fenton appointed him colonel of the 35th New York national guard. He resigned this office to become consul at Toronto, where he remained until his promotion to the Manchester post. In 1897 he was elected commander of the New York department, Grand Army of the Republic, and it was that department's support of him that elevated him to his present office. Col. Shaw is the author of the text-book used in the public schools of New York entitled "The Teaching of Patriotism and Civics."

LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

Jan. 1—New Year's day. In all the states except Arkansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Hampshire and Rhode Island.

Jan. 8—Anniversary of the battle of New Orleans: In Louisiana.

Jan. 19—Lee's birthday: In Florida, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia.

Feb. 6—Mardi Gras, Shrove Tuesday (the day before Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent): In Alabama and city of New Orleans, Louisiana.

Feb. 12—Lincoln's birthday: In Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, Washington.

Feb. 22—Washington's birthday: In all the states except Arkansas, Iowa and Mississippi.

March 2—Anniversary of Texan independence: In Texas.

March 4—Firemen's anniversary: In New Orleans, La.

March—Good Friday (the Friday before Easter): In Alabama, Louisiana, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Tennessee.

April (first Wednesday)—State election day: In Rhode Island.

April 6—Confederate Memorial day: In Louisiana.

April 19—Patriots' day: In Massachusetts.

April 21—Anniversary of the battle of San Jacinto: In Texas.

April 26—Memorial day: In Alabama, Florida and Georgia.

May 10—Memorial day: In North Carolina and South Carolina.

May 20—Anniversary of the signing of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence: In North Carolina.

May 30—Decoration day: In Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Wisconsin, Washington and Wyoming.

June 3—Jefferson Davis' birthday: In Florida.

July 4—Independence day: In all the states.

July 24—Pioneers' day: In Utah.

Aug. 16—Bennington Battle day: In Vermont.

*September (first Monday)—Labor day: In Alabama, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Sept. 9—Admission day: In California.

Oct. 4—Labor day: In California.

Oct. 15—Lincoln day: In Connecticut.

Oct. 31—Admission in the Union day: Nevada.

Nov. 1—All Saints' day: In Louisiana.

November (generally the Tuesday after the first Monday)—General election day: In Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

November, the last Thursday in—Thanksgiving day: It is observed in all the states, although in some it is not a statutory holiday.

Nov. 25—Labor day: In Louisiana.

Dec. 25—Christmas day: In all states, and in South Carolina the two succeeding days in addition.

Sundays and fast days (whenever appointed) are legal holidays in nearly all the states.

Arbor day is a legal holiday in Kansas, Minnesota, North Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming, the day being set by the governor: In Nebraska, April 22; California, Sept. 9; Colorado, on the third Friday in April; Florida, Feb. 7; Rhode Island, first Friday in April; Texas, Feb. 22; Georgia, first Friday in December; Montana, third Tuesday in April; Utah, first Saturday in April; and Idaho, on Friday after May 1.

Every Saturday after 12 o'clock noon is a legal holiday in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia, and the city of New Orleans.

*Labor day was made a national holiday by congress. It is the only strictly national holiday we have, not excepting the Fourth of July.

Utterances of State Conventions.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED AT VARIOUS STATE CONVENTIONS IN 1899 ON NATIONAL QUESTIONS.

THE FINANCES.

[Where parties are omitted no declaration was made.]

IOWA.

REPUBLICAN.

We readopt the following declaration from the Iowa republican platform of 1898:

The monetary standard of this country and the commercial world is gold. The permanence of this standard must be assured by congressional legislation, giving to it the validity and vitality of public law. All other money must be kept at a parity with gold. And we urgently call upon our senators and representatives in congress to lend their best endeavors to enact these propositions into law.

We denounce the Chicago platform and its declaration in favor of free trade and free silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, and its attack upon the courts, as threatening the American people with a departure from the policies of good government that would prove fraught with evil to the American people. The enormities of that platform call for the resistance of all good citizens.

As republicans, we make recognition of the loyalty and exalted patriotism of the sound money democrats and men of all parties who put aside partisanship in order to maintain the good faith of the nation and in resistance to the Chicago platform and its candidate.

DEMOCRATIC.

We, the democrats of Iowa, in convention assembled, unqualifiedly and unreservedly indorse the Chicago platform of 1896 in whole and in detail and declare our unwavering fidelity and adherence to the same, and we proclaim our admiration for and loyalty to that peerless exponent of democratic principles, William J. Bryan, and favor his nomination in 1900.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The people's party of the state of Iowa hereby reaffirm the national platform of the party as adopted at Omaha, A. D. 1892, and reaffirmed at St. Louis in 1896.

For the purpose of meeting the obligations of our contracts the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 meets our approval, but for internal commerce the truly scientific money of the United States is a money not dependent upon intrinsic value or coin redemption, but a money issued solely by the government, without the intervention of corporations, thus nationalizing the money trust. Such a money should be a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, without any exception or limitation in payment of all dues. It should be issued in volume commensurate with the business demands of the country and increase of population.

KENTUCKY.

REPUBLICAN.

We regard it as settled beyond dispute that the maintenance of a sound currency

through republican administration and legislation is the foundation upon which rests the most remarkable period of industrial progress, commercial activity and general prosperity within the experience of the people of the United States.

DEMOCRATIC (REGULAR).

The democrats of Kentucky, in convention assembled, reaffirm, without the slightest qualification, the principles and policies declared in the democratic national platform adopted at Chicago in 1896. Their faith in bimetalism is vindicated by events. The necessity for the restoration of the double standard was acknowledged by the president and the congress in 1897 when a commission was sent to Europe to entreat other nations to aid us in establishing bimetalism. The failure of this commission to secure European co-operation confirms the friends of free coinage in their belief that relief can come only by the independent action of the United States. The present legal ratio of 16 to 1 is the only ratio at which bimetalism can be restored, and opposition to it is confined to those who oppose bimetalism at any ratio and to those who ignore the reasons which led three national conventions to adopt it.

DEMOCRATIC (ANTI-GOEBEL).

We indorse and reaffirm the principles of the democratic platform and policy as enunciated by it at its convention in Chicago in 1896. We recognize William Jennings Bryan as the most thoroughly equipped leader of the people of the United States in their contest against wrong and oppression; we regard him as a fearless advocate of principles which, if enacted as laws, will secure honest government, civil liberty and promote the welfare and happiness of the people of the United States. We declare that he is our choice for the democratic nomination for president in 1900. We apprehend disastrous consequences from the unnatural alliance between the nominees of the Louisville convention and the Louisville Courier-Journal and Times. These papers are avowed enemies of bimetalism and Bryan, and we regard such alliance as a serious menace to every principle embodied in the democratic platform of 1896 and the outcropping of a deliberate conspiracy to fasten the shackles of the gold standard upon the people of the United States forever.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

(See declaration on trusts.)

MARYLAND.

REPUBLICAN.

We believe in the gold standard and that all our currency should be made by law redeemable in gold coin at the option of the holder. To this faith we confidently pledge the influence and votes of the Maryland members in each house of congress.

MASSACHUSETTS.

REPUBLICAN.

Defects exist in our currency system which must be remedied. Bonds and notes payable in coin must be established by law to be payable in gold and provisions made for supply of gold when required. The republican party stands unreservedly pledged to maintain the existing gold standard, and we look with confidence to the LVth congress for the enactment of measures to so perfect our monetary system that there shall be ample money for the expanding business of the country and to so arm and guard the treasury that it can at all times protect the national credit.

DEMOCRATIC.

To-day, as on every proper occasion since the democratic national convention of 1896, the democrats of Massachusetts reaffirm and indorse in general and in particular the principles of the platform adopted by that convention. We pronounce that political code one written not for a year or for a single campaign, but for all time, being made up as it is of the fundamental principles of democracy, upon the acceptance and enforcement of which alone a free government of, by and for the people can be maintained. New conditions may and do compel additions to that platform, for conditions change, but the Chicago platform, like the declaration of independence, stands as a part of the fundamental code of democratic government.

Particularly do we reiterate our belief in the financial plank of the Chicago platform and renew our demand for the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Heavy and unexpected discoveries of gold and of new processes for extracting that metal, together with the other supplies, have resulted since 1896 in an increase in the volume of money estimated at \$441,000,000 for the United States alone. The immediate revival of prices and trade accompanying this increase demonstrated the democratic contention that the evils from which the nation suffered so gravely in the five years prior to 1897 proceeded from a contracted currency for which republican financial legislation had provided no form of relief.

But the benefits of a rise in the price level under the gold standard are of necessity unequally and unjustly distributed. The farmers of the west and south, before compelled to sell their products in the world's markets in competition with silver-using countries, are condemned to low prices for what they sell, while the rising scale of prices at home, due partly to the increased volume of money and more to the intervention of the trusts, results in the exaction from them of higher prices for all they have to buy. The prosperity of New England rests upon the prosperity of her customers, and Massachusetts in pleading the cause of the farmers of the west and south advances her own industrial interests, and no system which decreases the income and increases the outgo of the farming community can afford a safe foundation for a sound commercial fabric.

The agricultural interests of the nation cannot be left to the chance of falling crops and famine in other lands, nor can

national prosperity be founded upon expectation of disaster to foreign peoples.

If there should now be a sudden check in the production of gold such as is indeed threatened by the prospect of war in the Transvaal, or if there should be a new and heavy demand for that metal such as any European crisis would at once create, all the evils of a currency famine would at once reappear and again the nation would be left without a remedy. Only by the establishment of bimetalism can a stable and just equilibrium of prices be effected.

We denounce unqualifiedly the purpose of the republican party to surrender to the banks the governmental function of issuing paper money and controlling its volume. Such action would create a trust in comparison with which all other monopolies would be trivial. Already there exists among the banking corporations a complete unity of interests and a practical unity of action, and by a perversion or an evasion of the law many national banks in the money centers are consolidating, creating branches under other names and manifesting a purpose to adopt that system of centralization and monopoly which has seized upon the commercial interests of the country.

The power over mercantile credits which the great banking trust, already in sight, possesses is in itself a menace to commercial interests, and to add the power arbitrarily to expand or contract the volume of money would be to deliver over to the banking interests the fortunes of all the people.

To-day our trust magnates are our bankers. They hold the bank stock, they sit on the boards of directors, they select the officials and they will apply to their command over the supply of the nation's money the same merciless and extortionate methods which they use in turning to their own profit their present monopolies.

MISSISSIPPI.

DEMOCRATIC.

We heartily and earnestly indorse and reaffirm the declaration of principles promulgated by the party in convention assembled at Chicago in 1896 and recognize in the Hon. W. J. Bryan of Nebraska the ablest exponent of those principles, the statesman and the patriot, the great tribune of the people.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

(See plank on trusts.)

NEBRASKA.

REPUBLICAN.

We adhere unequivocally to the gold standard and are unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver. Gold has been our standard since 1834 and is now the standard of every civilized and important country in the world. After more than twenty years of harmful agitation and a campaign of extraordinary earnestness and full discussion, the people of the United States by a majority of more than half a million decided in favor of that standard. Our experience and present prosperity in the amplest and fullest measure demonstrate the wisdom of that decision.

DEMOCRATIC.

We, the democrats of the state of Ne-

braska, in convention assembled, indorse and emphasize each and every plank of the national platform adopted at Chicago in 1896.

Our confidence in the principles set forth in that platform has been increased as those principles have been vindicated by events. The gold standard is less defensible now than it was in 1896, since the president has confessed its failure by sending a commission to Europe to secure international bimetalism, while the inability of the commission to secure foreign aid is added proof that the people of the United States must act alone if they expect relief. The present legal ratio of 16 to 1 is the natural and necessary ratio and the opponents of that ratio have nothing to offer in its place but the evasive and ambiguous phraseology which for years furnished to the gold-standard advocates a mask behind which to hide while they secretly labored to make gold monometallism permanent. Any improvement in business conditions due to the increased production of gold or to a favorable balance of trade instead of supporting the gold-standard doctrine shows that more money makes better times and points the way to bimetalism as the means of securing a permanent increase in the volume of standard money throughout the world.

The republican scheme to lessen the volume of standard money by making gold the only legal-tender money has at last become apparent to all and must be resisted by the debt-paying and wealth-producing classes of the country. The plan to retire the greenbacks in the interest of national bank notes, denounced by the democrats in 1896, but then defended by the republicans, has boldly stalked forth from its hiding place and threatens the formation of a gigantic paper-money trust.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We affirm our devotion to the national platform of 1896 and to every plank therein contained. (This platform advocated the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.)

OHIO.

REPUBLICAN.

The republican party of Ohio reaffirms the principles declared by the St. Louis platform.

We earnestly indorse the great administration of William McKinley. It is distinguished to a remarkable degree in the history of national administrations. Under the last democratic administration and as a result of the democratic principles and policy our industries were destroyed, capital and labor were unemployed, the poor suffered as never before in our history, agricultural products could not be sold because consumers could not earn money with which to buy, and every branch of trade felt the blighting influence of the democratic tariff-reform hard times; the treasury of the United States was depleted and the gold reserve disappeared. The government borrowed money to pay current expenses, increasing the public debt in time of peace by hundreds of millions of dollars. The democratic party proposed to the people as a remedy for all these democratic ills a

depreciated and dishonest currency which intensified every evil.

During all that period of depression and distress the republican party stood fast for the principles and policies under which American industries had been built up and had flourished beyond example—the principles and policies under which the people had prospered and the nation had grown great for a generation—stood fast for a sound and honest currency, and in 1896 elected to the presidency William McKinley, the best exponent of republicanism and true American ideas and policies, the friend of every American industry and the wise and patriotic defender and advocate of honest money. Under his splendid republican administration public credit has been restored, the prosperity of the people has developed, our commerce has grown great, our trade, domestic and foreign, has increased to a degree never before known and the people are looking with confidence for greater things to come.

DEMOCRATIC.

We heartily reaffirm the entire Chicago platform of 1896 and we especially emphasize the financial plank therein, and we continue to demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold as equal in primary money at the ratio of 16 to 1, independent of all other nations in the world.

PENNSYLVANIA.

REPUBLICAN.

We reaffirm the principles of our party declared in the national platform by the St. Louis convention. The republican party of Pennsylvania stands unequivocally and unreservedly for sound money, and favors a currency with which to pay the wages of labor and the earnings of capital, the soldier and pensioner, as good as gold the world over. To further these ends we believe in maintaining the existing gold standard, and are unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

DEMOCRATIC.

The democracy of Pennsylvania in convention assembled, again renewing our pledges of fidelity and devotion to the sacred rights of the people; true to the faith and principles of our party as declared in the platforms of our several national conventions, and proud of our matchless leader, William Jennings Bryan, realize that the issues involved in the coming campaign in Pennsylvania are honest government, clean politics and the redemption of our state from republican misrule and corruption.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We, populists of Pennsylvania, assembled in state convention this 7th day of September, 1899, affirming our unshaken belief in the basic tenets of the people's party as expounded in the Omaha, St. Louis and Cincinnati platforms, and pledging ourselves anew to continued advocacy of those grand principles of human liberty until right shall triumph over might, love over greed, do proclaim:

That there are two great domestic questions before the American people, first, the

money question, and, second, the railroad question, which involves the trust question. And these questions we would solve by the issue of paper money irredeemable in coin and by the nationalization of the railroads. * * * We know that the democratic and republican parties do not advocate these measures. We know that they stand in the way of solving these questions and we cannot prostitute our principles by supporting the candidates of either of such parties. The populist does not want a gold dollar nor a silver dollar, but a paper dollar that will be an honest dollar, something that gold and silver dollars, the volume of which cannot be regulated at will by the government and in response to the demands of trade, cannot be; and he does not want the railroads to continue to be operated by corporations as preferential carriers but by the government as common carriers; and seeking to secure these things, and unable to secure them by voting for democrats or republicans who are opposed to these things, who are obedient to those who profit unfairly from things as they are, he must support his own candidates.

RHODE ISLAND.

REPUBLICAN.

The unexemplified abundance of money in all parts of the country is a complete refutation of the contention that an easy financial condition can be secured only by

debasing the monetary standard, and demonstrates that the wealth of a nation is not increased by diminishing the value of the unit of its expression. The righteousness and the wisdom of the maintenance of the gold standard have been again conclusively shown in the result of the last congressional election and to that standard we reaffirm our adherence.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

REPUBLICAN.

We, the republicans of South Dakota, in convention assembled, unhesitatingly reaffirm our allegiance to and accept the principles of the republican party as declared by the republican platform adopted at St. Louis.

FUSION.

The union reform forces of South Dakota in convention assembled reaffirm in detail the platform of the allied reform forces adopted at Chicago and St. Louis in 1896 and we view with pride the steadfast adherence to principle which has constantly marked the career of our matchless leader, William J. Bryan, whose nomination we favor as the presidential candidate of the people in 1900.

We demand of our national lawmakers the enactment of a law compelling the redemption and destruction of all national bank notes, and that their place be supplied by government legal tender notes.

TRUSTS.

IOWA.

REPUBLICAN.

To maintain the welfare of the people is the object and end of all government. Industry and commerce should be left free to pursue their method according to the natural laws of the world, but when the business aggregations known as trusts prove hurtful to the people they must be restrained by adequate law and if need be abolished.

DEMOCRATIC.

We view with alarm the multiplication of those combinations of capital commonly known as trusts that are concentrating and monopolizing industry, crushing out independent producers of limited means, destroying competition, restricting opportunities for labor, artificially limiting production and raising prices and creating an industrial condition different from a state of socialism only in the respect that under socialism benefits of production would be for all, while under the trust system they go to increase the fortune of these trusts and combinations that are the direct outgrowth of the policy of the republican party, which has not only favored these institutions, but has accepted their support and solicited their contributions to aid that party in retaining power, which has placed the burden of taxation upon those who labor and produce in time of peace and who fight our battles in time of war, while the wealth of the country is exempted from these burdens. We condemn this policy and it is our solemn conviction that the trusts must be destroyed or they will destroy free government, and we demand that they be suppressed by the repeal of the protective

tariff and other privileges conferred by legislation responsible for them by the enactment of such legislation, state and national, as will aid in their destruction.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The rapid concentration of private industries into consolidated organizations, commonly called trusts, which is now awakening and alarming the American people, is the result of economic law and the development of the age and cannot be remedied by restriction or penal anti-trust legislation or outlawed in the courts, but such evils can be remedied only by the ownership of natural and economic monopolies by the whole people in their collective capacity as nation, state and municipality, in order that there may be equality of all men in the gifts of God to the common life, equality of economic opportunity and political power, equality in access to all the national and social resources needful for the living of free, righteous, happy and complete lives. We charge the republican and democratic parties that while recognizing the disease they have utterly failed to discover or prescribe the true remedy.

KENTUCKY.

REPUBLICAN.

We pledge the republican party of Kentucky to the enactment of all such laws as may be necessary to prevent trusts, pools, combinations or other organizations from combining to depreciate below its real value any article, or to enhance the cost of any article, or to reduce the proper emoluments of labor.

We congratulate the republican party that existing federal legislation for the

suppression of harmful trusts, pools and combinations is the work of a republican congress, performed during the administration of a republican president, and we congratulate the country that in the suppression of injurious combinations republican legislation has had in the past, as it will have in the future, due regard for the interests of legitimate business, the purposes of such legislation being the remedy for wrong, and not embarrassment to industry, enterprise or thrift.

DEMOCRATIC (REGULAR).

We believe the trust is the result of the policies pursued by the republican party, chief among which are the demonetization of silver and the passage and enforcement of protective tariff laws, such as the McKinley and Dingley bills, by all which there is made a distinct discrimination in favor of corporate wealth. The re-establishment of independent bimetallicism at the ratio of 16 to 1 and the repeal of all protective tariff laws would, in the opinion of the democracy of Kentucky, seriously cripple if not wholly destroy the organization and operation of all trusts.

DEMOCRATIC (ANTI-GOEBEL).

We condemn the president of the United States for using the power of his great office to advance the interest of trusts—the recognized enemies and oppressors of the American people—and we demand the enactment of a law that will protect the rights of all from their aggressions.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We are opposed to trusts and combinations of capital whereby the fruits of labor are boldly stolen to build up colossal fortunes for the few; but we do not consider it possible to regulate or abolish them by state restrictive legislation. Trusts are founded upon the monopolies of public utilities and the only solution of the trust problem is through the public ownership and operation of such public utilities. As long as private corporations own and operate the means of transportation and control the money of the country, trusts will continue to multiply and thrive until they destroy liberty and fasten upon the people an industrial despotism. Therefore we urge as a means of destroying trusts and preventing monopoly:

1. The issuance and the control of all the money of the country, gold, silver and paper, by the government, and that the volume of money shall at all times be kept sufficient to maintain the stability of prices, the restoration of silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 with gold, and the issuance of a full legal tender paper money.

2. The public ownership and operation of railroads, street railways, telephones, electric lights, water works and other public utilities.

MARYLAND.

REPUBLICAN.

Legitimate business interests, fairly capitalized and honestly managed, have built up our industries at home, giving employment to labor as never before, and have enabled us to successfully compete with foreign countries in the markets of the world. Such industries must not be struck

down by legislation aimed at the dishonestly organized trust, which stifles competition and oppresses labor. We are opposed to legislation merely for popular effect and in reckless disregard of business revival after prolonged depression. We strongly favor laws to successfully suppress trusts and all combinations which create monopoly.

DEMOCRATIC.

We view with alarm the multiplication over the land of such gigantic industrial and commercial trusts, the outgrowth of republican legislation, as stifles competition, threatens popular government, increases the cost of living and curtails the individual rights of the people, and we favor vigorous measures by the states and by congress to repress this great and growing evil.

MASSACHUSETTS.

REPUBLICAN.

The republican party of Massachusetts is unqualifiedly opposed to trusts and monopoly and the capitalization of fictitious and speculative valuations, and reiterates its declaration in the platform of 1894 against stock-watering in all forms, and points to the existing legislation and especially to the anti-stock watering laws of that year, passed by a republican legislature and signed by a republican governor, as proof of its progress, sincerity, wisdom and courage upon this issue.

It believes that similar laws enacted by all the states in connection with the federal trust law already passed by a republican congress would put an end to the danger from the growth of great combinations and trusts.

DEMOCRATIC.

The monopolistic corporations or consolidations of corporations known commonly as trusts are wholly evil, pernicious and contrary to public policy. They despoil with one hand the producer and with the other the consumer. They have closed the avenues of employment to hundreds of thousands of men, including all classes, from the day laborer to the successful salesman. By their methods of coercion and intimidation, re-enforced as they are by the corrupt favor of railroad corporations, they drive out of business and into penury or a position of dependence individuals engaged in productive or distributing business. The plea of these defenders of trusts that by the volume of their business and by their very control of their field they are able to introduce economies which cheapen the price of the product to the consumer is disingenuous, deceptive and unworthy of consideration.

The purpose of monopoly is extortion, and neither an individual nor a corporation can be trusted with the power which monopoly confers. We hold that the mere success of the democratic party in state and nation, coupled with its known and vigorously expressed hostility to trusts in all their forms, will begin the disintegration of these oppressive corporations.

But we pledge ourselves, furthermore, to give due trial to such remedies as may hasten this process—for example, the compulsory system of publicity for all trust records and accounts; a federal law pro-

hibiting a monopoly from making more divergent prices for its products in different parts of the country than are warranted by differing freight rates, thus preventing underselling in one state to drive out competition at the expense of the consumer in other states where the monopoly is complete; and a more rigid enforcement of the law against railroad discriminations pending the actual government ownership and operation of all railroads, which this convention demands and which will, when accomplished, be the most effective barrier to the formation of any new trusts.

And, finally, we demand that all special privileges conferred by law, whether of taxation, incorporation or operation, that shall be determined to contribute to monopoly, be abrogated and annulled.

MISSISSIPPI.

DEMOCRATIC.

We enter our solemn protest against the encroachment upon governmental affairs by aggregated capital in the form of trusts and combines as being inimical to the best interests of the people and the cause of free and untrammelled government; and express ourselves as unalterably determined to aid by all possible and proper means in the control or destruction if necessary of those enemies of good government.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We are opposed to trusts and combinations of capital whereby the fruits of labor are boldly stolen to build up colossal fortunes for the few; but we do not consider it possible to regulate or abolish them by state restrictive legislation. Trusts are founded upon the monopoly of public utilities and the only solution of the trust problem is through the public ownership and operation of such public utilities. As long as private corporations own and operate the means of transportation and control the money of the country, trusts will continue to multiply and thrive until they destroy liberty and fasten upon the people an industrial despotism; therefore we urge as the means of destroying trusts and preventing monopoly the issuance and control of all the money of the country, gold, silver and paper, by the government, and that the volume of money shall at all times be kept sufficient to maintain the stability of prices; the restoration of silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 with gold and the issuance of a full legal tender paper money; the public ownership and operation of railroads, street railways, telegraph, telephones, electric lights, water works and other public utilities.

NEBRASKA.

REPUBLICAN.

The republican party now, as always, opposes trusts and combinations having for their purpose the stifling of competition and arbitrarily controlling production or fixing prices; but we also recognize that legitimate business interests, fairly capitalized and honestly managed, have built up our industries at home, given the largest employment to labor, at the highest wages, and have enabled us to successfully compete with foreign countries in the markets of the world. Such industries must not be

struck down by legislation aimed at dishonestly organized institutions which destroy legitimate enterprise and the opportunities of labor and plunder the public.

We favor the creation by act of congress of a bureau of supervision and control of corporations engaged in interstate business with power similar to those exercised over national banks by the comptroller of the currency, enforcing such publicity and regulation as shall effectually prevent dishonest methods and practices; and generally such legislation, state and national, as from time to time may be required for the correction of abuses.

DEMOCRATIC.

The industrial trusts springing up on every hand testify to the administration's indifference to monopoly or to its inability to cope with it.

We denounce the failure of the administration to enforce the present law against trusts or to recommend new laws if the present law is deemed insufficient.

We are opposed to the principle of monopoly wherever it manifests itself. We demand the enforcement of the present federal law, the enactment of such new legislation as may be necessary and a constitutional amendment, if the present constitution is construed to protect trusts, to the end that the monopolization of industry by private corporations may be absolutely prevented. Every trust rests upon a corporation and every corporation is a creature of laws, and the laws, state and national, must place upon the corporations such limitations and restrictions as will protect the public from injury.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We condemn the republican national administration for its complicity with unlawful combinations, which have increased nearly 100 per cent within the last three years as a result of its failure to enact and enforce laws in the interests of the people.

In dealing with trusts and corporations having a monopoly of public necessities we claim that the law of the land requires that they shall serve the public for reasonable compensation and in the absence of any legislation upon the question of what is reasonable the judiciary may determine the question. The trust danger of this country is so appalling that the evils thereof must be combated by every branch of the government. We demand judges who will obey the law that vests the judiciary with jurisdiction to protect the people from unreasonable and oppressive prices for the necessities of life.

OHIO.

REPUBLICAN.

We commend the action of the LXXIIIrd general assembly of Ohio in passing the stringent law now on our statute books prohibiting the organization of "trusts," and we denounce such unlawful combinations as inimical to the interests of the people. We congratulate the people of the state upon the fact that a republican legislature enacted this law and we demand its rigid enforcement. We pledge our party to such further legislation as experience may determine necessary to prevent

the formation and operation of such iniquitous and dangerous combinations.

DEMOCRATIC.

We declare that all unlawful combinations of capital are the legitimate fruits of a gold standard and other corrupt republican legislation on questions of the tariff, and we demand that all articles the prices of which are controlled by the trusts be placed on the free list. We denounce the attorney-general of the United States, appointed from the state of New Jersey, the hotbed of trusts, for his refusal to enforce the statutes of the United States against them, and we commend the present attorney-general of Ohio for his earnest efforts to enforce the statutes of Ohio against such illegal combinations, and pledge the nominee of this convention for attorney-general to the enforcement of the statutes of the state against them.

PENNSYLVANIA.

DEMOCRATIC.

We are opposed to all combinations of capital calculated to produce monopoly or restrain trade as being inconsistent with the spirit of free institutions; and if their establishment cannot be constitutionally prevented we hold that they should be so regulated and limited by proper legislation that individual effort and opportunity shall not be impaired.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We declare that where trusts and monopolies are not the artificial creation of transportation and other discriminations, and can, therefore, be destroyed by the removal of such discriminations—but are the growth of natural conditions—they must continue to be monopolies because of the very nature of their being, as railroads, steam and street; telegraph and telephone

lines, water and gas and electric lighting plants, necessarily enjoying special rights; that the government, the state, the municipality, must be the monopolist in order that the people may be protected in their rights. Where monopoly cannot be destroyed, or where, being of natural growth, it is not to the interest of the people to destroy it, the government must be the monopolist. Private monopoly must be a bane; government monopolization of natural monopolies must be a blessing.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

REPUBLICAN.

We favor the enactment of such laws as will carry out the provisions of the state constitution relating to trusts and unlawful combinations, and we pledge our party to such legislation as will fully control trusts, monopolies and combinations organized and created in restraint of trade, for the purpose of limiting the output of products or increasing the price thereof, and such legislation as may be necessary to prevent the formation and operation of such dangerous combinations.

FUSION.

We denounce as a menace to the well-being of our country the formation of the vast aggregation of industrial trusts for the control of the price and the limit of the production of almost every article of necessity; that these trusts are being consummated under the present national administration and under the very shelter and protection of our laws and aided by the secret encouragement of high republican officials, and are an evidence of the domination of aggregated wealth over the republican party and of the utter indifference of the present administration to this great menace, and testify to that party's sympathy or inability to cope with monopoly.

FOREIGN POLICY.

IOWA.

REPUBLICAN.

We approve the administration of William McKinley. He came to the presidency with every American industry prostrated in city and on farm throughout the land and with the American people pervaded with discontent; while the evil shadow of the despotism of Spain rested upon neighboring lands. To-day the borders of the republic have enlarged the area of freedom in two oceans and the prosperity of the American people is beyond that of any time in our history. William McKinley takes rank with the greatest of presidents.

DEMOCRATIC.

We rejoice in the exalted sentiment and motive that prompted the government of the United States to take up arms in defense of the bitterly oppressed people of Cuba, in the successful termination of the war with Spain and in the patriotism and unsurpassed bravery displayed by our soldiers and sailors on land and sea. The war for the liberation of the tyrannical island was worthy the greatest republic and the best civilization that has flourished in the tides of time, but for the same reason that we glory in the successful war against Spain we deprecate and

condemn the war against the Filipinos. One war was for the emancipation of the people, the other for the subjugation of the people; and if the war against Spain was right—and it was—that against the natives of the Philippines, who have committed no offense save to love liberty and to be willing to fight and to die for it, is wrong. The attempt, unauthorized by congress, to conquer the natives of the oriental islands is a repudiation of the American doctrine of consent affirmed in the declaration of independence and in conflict with the principles which George Washington and his fellow patriots of the revolution made sacrifices to establish. We also condemn the war against the Filipinos, believing it to have been inspired by Great Britain for the purpose of producing conditions that will force an Anglo-American alliance; and we not only protest against the war and demand its termination, by extension to the Filipinos of the same assurance given to the Cubans, but we record our deep-seated antagonism to an alliance with Great Britain or any other European power, and express our detestation of the attempts made in British interests to disrupt the friendly relations which have uniformly obtained between the United States and Germany.

We oppose the conquest of the Philippines because imperialism means militarism, because militarism means government by force and because government by force means the death of government by consent, the destruction of political and industrial freedom and the obliteration of equality of rights and assassination of democratic institutions.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We charge the republican and democratic parties that while recognizing the disease, they have utterly failed to discover or prescribe the true remedy. The declaration of congress, "that the people of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent," should apply with equal force and effect to the Filipino and his native land, and the same rights and liberties so guaranteed to one by the United States should also immediately be guaranteed the other and tendered to both.

KENTUCKY.

REPUBLICAN.

We declare our confidence in the policies adopted and the measures taken by the president to restore order and to establish progressive governments in Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippines, and we pledge him our continuous support until these objects are fully attained.

DEMOCRATIC (REGULAR).

We indorse the war carried to success for the freedom of the enslaved Cubans. We honor and applaud the courage and heroism of our soldiers and sailors therein engaged. But we declare the conduct of the present administration regarding the Philippines to be repugnant to the bill of rights, the constitution and declaration of independence.

MARYLAND.

REPUBLICAN.

While we deplore the insurrection in the Philippine islands, wherein by cession from Spain we acquired the right of sovereignty, duty demands that we retain and pacify them and safeguard the interests of commerce until the problem of their final disposition be solved in such manner that the glory of our flag be not sullied nor the liberty it stands for restrained. We repose our trust for such a solution of the problem in our wise and patriotic president and the republican majority in congress.

DEMOCRATIC.

We declare our unalterable opposition to the creation and maintenance of a large standing army in time of peace and we insist upon the supremacy of the civil over the military authority and we demand the strictest economy in the collection and disbursement of the public revenues.

We believe in the time-honored doctrine so earnestly impressed upon us by the "fathers of the republic" of peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none.

MASSACHUSETTS.

REPUBLICAN.

The recent war with Spain, which was necessitated by humanity, has been overwhelmingly vindicated by the results so speedily and splendidly attained. We commend the tact, the patience, the skill and the statesmanlike spirit with which the president has approached the perplexing problems arising from the war.

Under the treaty with Spain the law of nations put upon the United States the responsibility for the peace and security of life and property, the well-being and the future government of the Philippine islands. Accepting this responsibility it is our profound trust that the present hostilities can be brought to an early termination, and that congress, guided by a wise and patriotic administration, will establish and maintain in those islands, hitherto the home of tyrants, a government as free, as liberal and as progressive as our own, in accordance with the sacred principles of liberty and self-government upon which the American republic so securely rests.

DEMOCRATIC.

To the war with Spain—a war rightly waged in the cause of humanity and which was forced upon an unwilling republican administration by the insistence of democrats in house and senate—there has succeeded a war of criminal aggression in the Philippines.

We hold that this war is wanton and needless, for had the same promise of freedom been made to the people of those islands that the democrats secured for the people of Cuba no revolt against the American authorities would have occurred. It is in violation of the principles of American constitutional liberty, not only because it is prosecuted by the administration without the congressional action which the constitution prescribes, but because it is a denial of that right of self which, from the day our forefathers faced the British at Concord bridge, has been a cardinal precept of American political philosophy, until now William McKinley, with the applause and overt sympathy of the British government, has discarded it; it is a wasteful war in all its material aspects, since by the incompetence and confusion which have attended its prosecution it has cost the nation heavily in blood and treasure, the very flower of our youth being sent to death under an incompetent general, while the notorious and scandalous misappropriation of moneys has resulted in an enormous deficit in the federal treasury, despite the collection of burdensome and ill-adjusted war taxes.

We demand that to the Filipinos, as to the Cubans, shall be said to-day that they are and of right ought to be free and independent, and we hold that such a declaration, coupled with the expression of the purpose of the United States to protect the islands from the assaults of any foreign power, would speedily restore order, purge our national honor of the stain put upon it by injustice and bad faith and advance American trade in the far east by giving our merchants a market among people grateful for the gift of independence.

The extension of American trade in all directions is an end to be sought by all patriotic Americans, and we demand that the settlement of the Filipino problem shall be attended by every possible expedient for fostering and extending the commerce of the United States with the islands and for preventing their acquisition by any foreign nation.

The evils which result from the prosecution of this Philippine war are not confined to nor are they greatest in the island of Luzon. They react upon our own people

and particularly upon the working classes. Back of the gaudy trappings of imperialism lurks the less spectacular but more terrifying form of militarism. Against a great standing army the democracy, both of state and nation, has resolutely set its face, but in the reiterated demands for more and more troops to subdue the Tagalos may be detected the purpose to have ultimately more soldiers to employ at home. Already all free peoples of the world gaze in amazement at the facility with which monopolistic corporations in the United States are able to secure the aid of armed forces, both state and federal, to overawe their workmen in time of labor dissensions.

NEBRASKA.

REPUBLICAN.

While we deplore the insurrection in the Philippine islands yet we recognize the duties and obligations imposed upon our nation by the victory of our navy and the matchless valor of our arms, resulting in the treaty of Paris, which imposed upon the president the duty of maintaining the authority of the United States over the territory acquired thereby; and so long as there is one gun pointed at an American soldier, so long as there is an armed enemy assaulting our flag, so long must patriotic and loyal Americans uphold our president in affording protection, tranquillity and peace to all who recognize our lawful occupation.

DEMOCRATIC.

We believe that the Filipinos should have received the same treatment as the Cubans and that as the Cubans were assured of ultimate independence and protection so the Filipinos should have been assured in the beginning of our nation's intention to give them independence as soon as stable government could be established and protection from outside interference. Such assurance should be given now. If the Cubans, as stated in the resolution of intervention, are and of right ought to be free, the same can be said of the Filipinos and this nation would suffer no humiliation in acknowledging adherence to the doctrine that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

We are opposed to militarism and congratulate the democrats, populists and silver republicans in the United States senate upon their successful resistance of the attempt of the administration to raise the standing army to 100,000.

We are opposed to entangling alliance with England or any other European nation, and contend for an American civilization which will recognize the rights of man and by a noble example teach the world the blessings of self-government.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

We condemn the administrative policy which has converted a war for humanity into a war of conquest. We believe that the Filipinos should have received the same treatment as the Cubans and that as the Cubans were assured of ultimate independence and protection so the Filipinos should have been assured in the beginning of our nation's intention to give them independence as soon as a stable government could be established and protection from outside interference. Such assurance should be given now.

PENNSYLVANIA.

REPUBLICAN.

The magnificent achievements of our army and navy in the war with Spain for the liberation of the downtrodden and oppressed people of Cuba from the domination of Castilian despotism, accomplished under the master guidance of a republican administration, are necessarily subjects for highest encomium by a convention of republicans. To the same master guidance, controlled by the great principles that have shaped the high destiny of the republican party, from Lincoln to McKinley, the people can safely commit the solution of the momentous problems of the future of Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Philippine islands. Their wise solution will vastly increase our foreign trade, spread American civilization abroad and add to the honor and power and glory of this great nation. To give continued employment to the industry, ingenuity and skill of the American mechanic and laborer, we must find new markets abroad for our surplus products. The commercial control of additional territory will afford new markets, which will necessarily increase our commerce and develop our manufacturing interests. We have ceased to be content with supplying products for home consumption alone. We must keep pace with other nations in seeking new fields for our commerce, and to this end we support the policy of industrial, commercial and national expansion.

DEMOCRATIC.

We are radically and unalterably opposed to imperialism in the United States of America. When we have solved some of the race problems that confront us at home then by example we can proclaim the blessings that flow from free institutions and thus procure "benevolent assimilation without criminal aggression."

We are opposed to entangling alliances with foreign kingdoms and empires.

We commend the action of congress in declaring that our war with Spain was for humanity and not for conquest.

We proudly recognize the valor and glorious achievements of our gallant soldiers and sailors from Bunker Hill to this very hour as being among the most thrilling and glorious in the history of the world, but we profoundly regret that American soldiers are being unlawfully used in the name of liberty to crush and destroy dawning republicanism in the orient, and we denounce the secret and vicious alliance now in evidence between England and the republican administration, whereby this nation may become involved in war with foreign nations.

We demand that the Cubans and Filipinos not only be permitted but encouraged to establish independent republics, deriving all of their governmental powers from the consent of the governed.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

As American citizens honoring the memories of our forefathers who dared fight for liberty, and cherishing the rules of eternal rectitude they handed down to us, we are shamed and humiliated by the war of "criminal aggression" being carried on in the Philippines, where we are doing under the folds of our flag, that stands for so much, much the same thing that we righteously chastised Spain for doing in

Cuba—putting forth our efforts to crush a people whose only crime is proclaiming the truth that governments are constituted for the benefit of the governed, that all just government must rest on the consent of the governed, and who have the courage to defend these truths, against overwhelming odds, with their lives. We protest against this staining of our flag, consecrated to the cause of liberty, not of oppression; the cause of self-government, not of subjugation; emblem that we would have stand for right, not might; love, not greed; and to the president we say: Cease to make war upon the Filipinos, accord to them the right of all men born in the image of their Creator, the right to be free and govern themselves, extend to them henceforth the hand of protection, withdraw the hand of chastisement, bring home the troops that are engaged in the un-American work of crushing a people struggling to be free.

To an alliance with Great Britain, whose ideals, though unfortunately shared by our president, are not ours, we are strenuously opposed, as we are to entangling alliances with any foreign nation. The Monroe doctrine we would emphasize and extend so as to embrace the Philippines, saying to monarchical Europe: Hands off the republics of America and the Philippines; they are under our protection. We cannot look unconcernedly upon any attack on their institutions, any interference with their working out their destiny as republics, and we in our turn will in the future as in the past scrupulously avoid interference in European affairs.

RHODE ISLAND.

REPUBLICAN.

Never in history were more splendid achievements won and grander opportunities opened at so little cost of life and treasure as in the war with Spain. America has suddenly become one of the dominant powers of the earth. Henceforth her voice must be heard in the council of the nations. The new situation imposes upon us new and greater responsibilities. Although these have come unsought, they will be met squarely by the republican party, which has never evaded responsibility. We have confidence in the loyalty of the people, confidence in the great party that has so long shaped the destinies of the republic, confidence that this same party will solve successfully the new problems presented, confidence that the principles of American liberty and humanity will ever follow the flag.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

REPUBLICAN.

We indorse the present republican admin-

istration and earnestly commend the wise, able and patriotic statesmanship of President McKinley, displayed in the conduct of the war with Spain and the insurrection in the Philippines, and pledge our hearty support of the administration in all measures looking to the honorable and speedy termination of hostilities by the complete subjugation of the enemies of our country and the vindication of our flag.

We heartily commend our soldiers in the Philippines for their bravery, and point with pride to their patriotic valor in defense of our country and flag, and deprecate the attempts of certain disloyal, un-American enemies of our country to cast odium upon our brave boys by attempting to stir up dissension in their ranks and to embarrass the administration in its efforts to suppress the insurrection now existing in the Philippines.

FUSION.

We denounce the war being waged against the Filipinos as a repudiation of the declaration of independence, an abandonment of the Monroe doctrine, an assault upon liberty everywhere, which ties the hands of the great republic and estops us from justly protesting against monarchical aggression in South Africa or elsewhere. It is a revolution backward from the history and traditions of our government and will establish in this country an imperial despotism, masquerading under the forms of democracy. The censorship of the press in Manila and its suppression in Havana are but forerunners of an abuse which will be attempted here by the same power. Such a policy, subordinating the civil to the military, may inflict upon us the horrors of Russian militarism, a perpetual debt and increasing taxes, while it can compensate no one but syndicates of capital which will exploit the islands under the protection of American arms. We uphold the flag of our country in its purity, a flag consecrated to the cause of human freedom and baptized in the blood of freedom's martyrs, and we exhort the people to rescue the emblem of our liberties from those who have erected it over political despotism, militarism, chattel slavery and polygamy. We oppose an alliance with England or any other foreign power, and we demand of the national administration that it give political independence to Cuba and that the Filipinos be assured that they will be assisted to erect a republic of their own to be governed by themselves.

We extend an earnest invitation to organized labor to join with us in an organized effort to defeat this republican policy of expansion or imperialism that means simply a large standing army to intimidate organized labor and higher taxes that labor always pays.

RIVERS AND CANALS.

Lengths of the navigable rivers and canals of the most important countries of the world.

Countries.	Rivers, Canals. Total.			Countries.	Rivers, Canals. Total.		
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.		Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
United States	15,502	3,064	18,566	Belgium	653	492	1,145
Germany	14,499	1,214	15,713	Portugal	432	.....	432
France	4,968	2,897	7,866	Sweden and Norway	423	92	515
Great Britain and Ireland	1,642	2,875	4,517	The Netherlands	313	855	1,168
Russia	19,274	805	20,079	Canada	2,595	492	3,087
Austria-Hungary	2,691	382	3,073	Brazil	20,433	.....	20,433
Italy	1,752	294	2,046	China	3,404	4,832	8,236
Spain	750	248	998	India	2,392	2,061	4,453

American Colonies and Protectorates.

HAWAII.

The commission appointed by the president to recommend to congress such legislation as might be regarded necessary for the government of Hawaii (see Daily News Almanac for 1899, page 148) presented their report to congress Dec. 6, 1898. This report was accompanied by three bills for the government of the islands, which embodied the conclusions reached by the commission. The result was that several bills were presented to both houses, all of which followed mainly the suggestions given by the commission in its report. Both the senate and house bills provided for a delegate to represent Hawaii in the congress of the United States, a provision which raised strenuous opposition to the measures which was confined to neither party. The opposition to the bills demanded that any enactment for the government of Hawaii should contain a clause declaring that nothing in the measure should imply the future admission of Hawaii as a state of the union. The granting to the colony of representation like that accorded to the territories was held to be the initial step in the direction of statehood. The bills were further opposed because they placed Hawaii in the same relation to the states of the union as the states themselves held to each other, which would provide for the admission of the products of Hawaii into ports of the United States free of duty. While this in itself was not regarded as of great importance, it was held that such a provision in the law would establish a precedent Puerto Rico, the Philippines and other dependencies might demand should be accorded them.

Still another bill was introduced in February providing that the contract-labor laws in force in the United States should apply to Hawaii and that the Chinese exclusion act should be enforced. It was objected to this bill that its provisions were already in force in Hawaii, because the Supreme court of the country had decided Jan. 7, 1899, that "there shall be no further immigration of Chinese into the Hawaiian islands except upon such conditions as are now or may hereafter be allowed by the

laws of the United States." Congress adjourned on the 4th of March, 1899, without having passed any of the bills providing a government for Hawaii, and administration affairs have been continued there as they existed at the date of the annexation of the islands. That the union has proved advantageous to Hawaii is shown by an article from Gov. Dole, which appeared in Harper's Weekly. In it he says:

"The immediate effect of annexation is a rise in the values of real estate and sugar stock, and a general upward tendency in all kinds of business. There is excitement among speculators. Although these circumstances tend to support the theory of the existence of a boom, it is probable that, with the limited amount of land in the group, the new land values will rather increase than fall as time goes on, while values of sugar stocks will be affected favorably or otherwise mainly by the price of sugar and the state of the labor market, although it is evident that there is now a slight inflation of values. Local politicians are considerably excited over the consummation of annexation, even to the extent of taking measures to influence the selection of local officials by the government at Washington. There is some discontent among this class with the civil-service status of the government of the republic of Hawaii, as it is and has been, on account of the absence of the political spoils system. Although annexation has inspired these with hopes in this direction, there is impatience at the slow and uncertain progress of events toward a permanent form of government on American lines.

"Speculators are discontented with the Hawaiian land system, which intentionally excludes them from all participation in its benefits, and are looking hopefully to Washington for legislation that shall open the public lands to their manipulation, and are discussing means to promote such legislation."

On the 1st of October, 1899, the military force stationed in Hawaii consisted of 466 men.

CUBA.

The authority of the United States was gradually extended over the island of Cuba. Santiago and the province of which it was the capital were occupied by the Americans from the date of the capitulation of the city (July 17); Manzanillo was occupied Oct. 11; the evacuation of Puerto Principe was concluded on the 5th of December, and Pinar del Rio was given up at about the same time. During the month of October the American commissioners (Maj.-Gen. James F. Wade, Rear-Admiral W. T. Sampson and Maj.-Gen. M. C. Butler) notified the Spanish commissioners that Spanish authority in Cuba must cease on the 1st of December, 1898. The time was afterward extended to Jan. 1, 1899. At the hour of 12 on that day the formal transfer of authority was made, the Spanish flag was lowered on the forts and public build-

ings of Havana and the United States ensign was raised. It was saluted from both the Spanish and American batteries, a brief speech was made by Gen. Castellanos, surrendering Spanish authority, which was responded to by Gen. Brooke on behalf of the United States government. Gen. Brooke was appointed military governor.

PURPOSES OF THE UNITED STATES.

In assuming the office of governor-general Gen. Brooke issued a proclamation in which he outlined the purposes of the government in these words: "The object of the present government is to give protection to the people and security to person and property, to restore confidence, to encourage the people to resume the pursuits of peace, to build up waste plantations, to

resume commercial traffic and to afford full protection in the exercise of all civil and religious rights."

PAYMENT OF CUBAN TROOPS.

A very perplexing question confronted the government even before the transfer of Cuba to our sovereignty, and that was, What disposition should be made of the insurgent army? To complicate this question the Cubans themselves were not agreed as to the proper course to be followed. Early in November, 1898, a convention, composed of delegates from each division of the Cuban army, had been held at Santa Cruz, of which Campato was the president. It soon developed that there were two factions—the extremists, under the lead of Gen. Gomez, who were opposed to the island being governed by the United States troops, and the conservatives, of whom Gen. Garcia was the leader, who favored disbandment of Cuban troops upon some terms that would be acceptable to both the United States government and the Cubans. As a result of this convention Gen. Garcia was appointed chairman of a commission which should visit Washington and arrange some basis with the president upon which the army could be disbanded. The commission reached Washington, but the death of Gen. Garcia, Dec. 11, 1898, was a serious impediment to the negotiations which had already been begun. A portion only of the Cuban army had been disbanded, owing to the impossibility of obtaining money for paying the soldiers the arrears due them, and they had remained as garrisons in towns evacuated by the Spanish troops. Both the government and the Cuban officers recognized the wisdom of paying these soldiers, whose homes had been destroyed, and in this way furnishing them the means that would enable them to return to the peaceful pursuits of life.

THE \$3,000,000 AGREEMENT.

An agreement was concluded in Washington between the president and the Cuban commission under which the government advanced the sum of \$3,000,000 to be distributed among the Cuban troops upon the surrender by them of their arms. This sum was regarded by the Cuban radicals as far too small, they demanding something like \$57,000,000, upon the claim that the insurgent army consisted of 40,000 men, most of whom were entitled to three years' pay. The date set for beginning the service pay of the Cuban troops was Feb. 24, 1895. Gen. Gomez' demand was for compensation at the rate of \$11,000 a year for himself; for the major-generals, some twenty in number, \$7,500 a year each; for the brigadier-generals, about 200 in number, \$5,500 a year each, and so on down to the privates, who were to receive pay at the rate of \$648 annually each. Gen. Gomez was finally induced to sign an acceptance of the sum of \$3,000,000 in lieu of his demands. This agreement was substantially as follows:

"1. The Cuban officers in each province shall assist the American officers in distributing the funds.

"2. That these officers shall at once meet at some convenient point and decide how, when and where the payments are to be made, and arrange any other details.

"3. That the sum paid to each man shall not be regarded as part payment of salary

or wages due for service rendered, but to facilitate the disbandment of the army, as a relief of suffering and as an aid in getting the people to work.

"4. The Cubans shall surrender their arms to the Cuban assembly or to its representatives.

"5. The committee on distribution shall use its best endeavors to distribute it among the population so that all may secure work.

"6. That the \$3,000,000 shall be placed subject to the order of Gen. Brooke, and that action in the matter shall be immediate."

CRITICISM OF GEN. GOMEZ.

This act of Gen. Gomez did not please the radicals of the Cuban army, and at a meeting held early in March he was deposed from the chief command by a vote of 26 to 4. Gen. Gomez at once issued an address to the Cuban people in which he said, among other things:

"Foreigner as I am, I did not come to serve this country by helping it to defend its just cause as a mercenary soldier; and, consequently, since the oppressive power of Spain had withdrawn from this land and left Cuba in freedom, I had sheathed my sword, thinking I had finished the mission which I had voluntarily imposed upon myself. I am owed nothing. I retired contented and satisfied at having done all I could for the benefit of my brothers. Whichever destiny rules that I make my home, there can the Cubans depend upon a friend."

This address produced a profound impression upon the Cuban people. On the 4th of April the Cuban assembly again met, and upon the question, Shall this assembly dissolve? the vote stood 21 to 1 in favor of dissolution. A few days later, on the 7th, the generals of the Cuban army voted to reinstate Gomez as commander-in-chief of the army, and chose a board of three of their number to assist him in distributing the \$3,000,000 and in disbanding the insurgent forces.

PAYING THE SOLDIERS.

Defective and fraudulent pay rolls, added to the temper of some of the Cuban officers, made the disbursement of the funds a difficult matter, and Gen. Brooke appointed a commission, consisting of one American and one Cuban for each corps of the army, to distribute the money, and designated the places in the provinces at which the payments should be made. The payments in Cuba began about May 27 and were completed Sept. 21, 1899, the total number of soldiers paid being 33,930. Each received \$75.

REFORMS INSTITUTED.

The efforts of the government in Cuba have been exerted chiefly in three directions. The first was toward the reformation of the courts, which were so corrupt, venal and disgraceful under Spanish rule as to have utterly destroyed their usefulness or value as mediums for the dispensing of justice among the people. During the year they have been remodeled and have gained the respect and confidence of the citizens of the island.

The second reform included a change in the educational system of the island. The absence of competent teachers who understood Spanish, the paucity of text-books and the inability of the people to compre-

hend the advantages to be derived from a system of common schools like that of the United States have made progress comparatively slow, notwithstanding the fact that a good deal has been done. A large number of native Cubans have been placed in schools and colleges of this country who will, upon their return, take up the educational work as it has been begun. The fact that the people are poor, as the result of their long rebellion, has been a serious obstacle in the path of public education.

The third reform has been the improvement of the sanitary conditions of the cities. This work was inaugurated by Gen. Wood immediately upon the surrender of Santiago, which had the reputation of being the filthiest and most unhealthful city in

the West Indies. He at once inaugurated a system of street cleaning, enforced the most rigid rules for the maintenance of public cleanliness and entirely changed the conditions of the municipality. Under him the city became both clean and healthful, and in these respects it will compare favorably with average American towns. What was done in Santiago was, in a greater or less degree, accomplished in Havana and other towns in which American troops were placed as a garrison. The revenues of the island have more than paid for all that has been accomplished and Cuba has learned already many lessons from these reformatory measures which will be of inestimable value when the people assume self-government.

PUERTO RICO.

The American commissioners to adjust the evacuation of Puerto Rico (Maj.-Gen. J. R. Brooke, Rear-Admiral W. S. Schley and Brig.-Gen. W. W. Gordon) gave notice to the commission appointed by Spain for a similar purpose that the island must be evacuated by the Spanish forces on or before Oct. 18, 1898. The work was completed at the appointed time, and at the noon hour of that date the United States flag was raised over all the public buildings and forth at San Juan, the bands playing American airs and the people cheering the proceedings with the greatest enthusiasm. Maj.-Gen. Brooke was made military-governor of the island, Gen. Grant was placed in command of the district of San Juan, and Gen. Henry in that of Ponce. By the 23d of October the last of the Spanish troops had embarked for Spain.

An insular government was at once completed, Munoz, Blanco, Lapez and Carbonnel of the Spanish insular cabinet taking the oath of allegiance to the United States. They were retained in their respective official positions by Gen. Brooke.

The people of the island did not take kindly to a military rule, and demanded the establishment of a territorial form of government similar to that of Arizona and New Mexico. Until, however, congress should provide for such a change in the administration of affairs in the island it was not possible to comply with the wishes of the people as expressed in a public meeting held at San Juan Oct. 30, 1898. Dr. H. K. Carroll was sent by the president as a special commissioner to the island to examine its condition, the needs of the people and the form of government best suited to all the existing conditions. In January, 1899, Maj.-Gen. Brooke was transferred to Cuba and Brig.-Gen. Guy V. Henry was appointed governor-general of Puerto Rico. On the 5th of February, 1899, the heads of the several departments resigned because Gen. Henry removed from office Senor Carbonnel and placed two Americans at the head of divisions of public works, which act was declared to be in violation of the policy already announced by the governor-general. On the day following the entire cabinet was discharged and the administration was carried on by four departments—state, finance, interior and justice. In instituting this change in the administration of the government Gen. Henry gave the people an outline of his policy. He said: "The heads

of the new departments will confine their duties to their departments and the governor-general will preside and give instructions directly to the heads of these departments. Heads of the new departments who object to the introduction of American methods and to the investigation of their departments will be relieved and the vacancies will be filled by the appointment of the most competent persons, irrespective of party affiliations."

One of the first objects of the government was the improvement of the public-school system of the island. Fortunately one of the heads of the departments was Gen. John Eaton, who had been for several years at the head of the bureau of education at Washington, and Gen. Henry delegated him to organize a general system of public schools. Gen. Eaton says of the schools of Puerto Rico as he found them that, "Under Spanish rule there existed a system of public schools in the island—elementary schools supported by the municipalities, and a higher grade of schools by the insular government. Only three schoolhouses in the whole island belong to the public. In one school of seventy pupils there were only six books. There is a strong demand at present for instruction in the English language. Gen. Henry offers to pay out of the public funds \$50 a month to teachers of English. As there are very few such teachers in the island the plan was adopted of supplying for all pupils English readers and requiring regular daily lessons. The teacher has to see that the task is duly performed, and a special teacher of English, assigned to a group of schools, visits each school twice a week, and sees that the English is correctly pronounced and written. For adults evening schools, served by volunteer teachers gratis, have been established for the special teaching of English."

Early in the year the "Republican Party of Puerto Rico" was formed, its founders being the radicals under the lead of Rossy and a colored man named Barbosa, who is a graduate of Michigan university. The platform says the party looks to the time when the island "shall have a place among the states of the union," but expresses willingness to await congressional action. It favors free, public, nonsectarian schools, free trade with the United States, reduction of oppressive taxation, and closes with this declaration:

"We congratulate ourselves and our

country on being under the protection of the American flag, the recognized emblem of liberty, and will lend every effort to advance civilization, to teach loyalty, to love American institutions and honor Washington, Lincoln and McKinley, whose names are household words in the land."

Besides the changes made in the public-school system of Puerto Rico, Gen. Henry instituted several legal reforms, the laws relating to marriages being radically changed to prevent concubinage and to legitimize children born of such cohabitation.

Gen. Henry was recalled from Puerto Rico in April, 1899, and Brig.-Gen. G. W. Davis succeeded him as governor-general. A fraction of the inhabitants strenuously object to military rule in the island, and in June, 1899, two representatives of popular government—J. J. Henna and M. Z. Gaudin—came to Washington to present their reasons for demanding an immediate change. The document is a long one, but the following extracts embody its essential features:

"Puerto Rico finds itself at this moment in an extraordinary situation. The island is de facto by virtue of actual occupation and de jure by virtue of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain, concluded at Paris on Dec. 10, 1898, an integral part of the territory of the United States of America. And, nevertheless, neither its soil nor its ports, its commerce, its inhabitants, are for any practical purpose considered American. The flag of the United States of America floats over the soil of Puerto Rico, but it does not make American even the children who are born under its shield. * * *

"Puerto Ricans are treated as an inferior people, needing to be educated, and Christianized, and civilized; and in the procession of the peace jubilee, celebrated with great pomp at Washington, which the president reviewed, surrounded by his cabinet and the diplomatic body and the elite of Washington society, no other

symbol was made to appear to represent Puerto Rico and Puerto Rican civilization than a dilapidated little negro boy riding on the back of a not less dilapidated little pony, with the announcement, which excited the joyous shouts of the multitude, of 'Puerto Rican Express.' This is the recognition which Puerto Rico has secured for having opened its arms and offered no resistance to the American invaders! * * *

"Puerto Rico was not by any means a proper subject for American intervention. The voice of Puerto Rico was not heard. The idea that the Puerto Rican people might have something to say on the subject, or that a bargain of this kind, no matter how generous on the part of one belligerent, might need at least pro forma the consent of the Puerto Rican people, was not even thought of.

"This pamphlet is intended not to make opposition to the government, but to aid it in doing justice to Puerto Rico. It has been prepared to show to the people of the United States of America and of the whole world that the Puerto Rican people do not submit in silence to treatment as slaves or as dependent beings little less than savages, needing protection from the outside and entitled to nothing else than guardianship by the sword.

"The Puerto Rican people, in asking from the people to whom they have been added that the principles of the first enactment to be found in their statute books be applied to them, are not asking for favors. They are demanding justice."

Nothing of importance has occurred since the arrival of these representatives. The people of the island understand that the only power in this country to change or modify the present administration of affairs is held by the congress of the United States and they are awaiting its action with patience and confidence.

On the 1st of October, 1899, the military force stationed in Puerto Rico amounted to 3,362 men.

GUAM.

An account of the capture of the island of Guam in June, 1898, may be found in The Daily News Almanac for 1899, page 140. In February, 1899, the Bennington, Commander Taussig, visited the harbor of San Luis d'Apra, the chief port on the island, and took possession by raising the United States flag over Fort Santa Cruz and the government buildings at the capital, Agana, about five miles from the harbor. Commander Taussig acted as governor-general until relieved by Capt. R. P. Leary in August, 1899, who is still in office.

The last of October, 1899, Capt. Leary reported that he had been obliged to expel from the island seven of the eight friars who resided there. In explaining his position Capt. Leary says that he exhausted all efforts to overcome their influence, but was forced to adopt heroic measures to establish American authority. Capt. Leary states that every one of the reforms which he proposed was defeated through the

hostile influence of the friars. He declares they resisted every decree, no matter of what character, from a spirit of intense conservatism.

Capt. Leary also found many ex-convicts at Guam, who had been sent by the Spanish authorities from Manila. These he considered to have a contaminating influence, and he ordered them to board vessels bound for Spain.

Changes have been made in land tenure at Agana. Land which sold as low as \$10 or \$15 an acre when the island was under Spanish rule suddenly advanced to over \$100. Before Gov. Leary came foreigners were grabbing everything in sight, knowing that American rule would mean a boom for Agana. The governor issued a proclamation in which it was decreed that none but American citizens should hold land in the islands. Many of the natives have sworn allegiance to the government and are respectful to the flag.

TRADE WITH COLONIES AND PROTECTORATES.

Commerce between the United States and Cuba, Puerto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippine islands continues to grow with amazing rapidity. The September Summary of Commerce and Finance shows that the imports from these islands are 61 per cent greater than in the corresponding months of 1898 or 1897, and the exports to them 161 per cent greater than in the same months of 1898 or 1897. The total of our imports from these four islands or groups of islands was, in the nine months of 1899, \$53,273,224, against \$34,471,276 in the corresponding months of 1898, and \$33,059,105 in the same months of 1897, while our exports to them in nine months of 1899 were \$29,921,783, against \$11,933,833 in the corresponding months of 1898, and \$11,480,153 in the same months of 1897.

An examination of the details shows that in the matter of exports our sales to each of these islands or groups of islands have been greater in the nine months just ended than in any corresponding period in the history of our commercial relations with them, except those to Cuba in the year in

which reciprocity brought our sales to that island to a much higher figure than they ever attained in any preceding or subsequent year. From Puerto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines the imports of the nine months just ended are larger than in any corresponding months in the history of our commerce with those islands, though from Cuba they are necessarily less than in the years prior to the destruction of her sugar plantations and works during her war with Spain, our chief sugar supply at that time being brought from Cuba.

The following tables show the exports to and imports from Cuba, Puerto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines in the nine months of each year since 1894. It will be seen that the total exports for the nine months of 1899 are greater than those of the corresponding months of any preceding year shown, while the imports are also greater than those of any preceding year, except in the case of Cuba, from which our chief sugar supplies were drawn prior to the destruction of her plantations during her war with Spain.

NINE M'THS END- ED SEPT. 30.	EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO—				IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM—			
	Cuba.	Puerto Rico.	Hawaii.	Philipp- ines.	Cuba.	Puerto Rico.	Hawaii.	Philipp- ines.
1894.....	\$13,726,688	\$1,836,274	\$2,431,666	\$67,473	\$73,380,683	\$2,058,802	\$8,154,192	\$2,307,006
1895.....	7,124,801	1,364,273	3,139,886	121,948	43,352,215	1,620,949	6,960,149	3,254,445
1896.....	5,044,566	1,458,444	2,890,807	112,448	22,726,268	2,051,936	13,602,961	3,693,826
1897.....	6,154,251	1,504,974	3,766,268	54,660	14,885,786	1,767,028	13,044,231	3,362,000
1898.....	6,438,562	830,588	4,579,827	84,856	14,399,176	2,296,811	14,611,285	3,164,004
1899.....	18,351,849	2,562,589	8,230,016	777,329	25,922,306	3,360,785	19,496,831	4,493,302

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THE COLONIAL SYSTEMS OF THE WORLD.

[From United States Bureau of Statistics.]

The colonies, protectorates and dependencies of the world number 126. They occupy two-fifths of the land surface of the globe, and their population is one-third of the entire people of the earth. Of the 500,000,000 people thus governed, over three-fourths live between the tropics of cancer and capricorn, or within what is known as the torrid zone, and all of the governing countries lie in the north temperate zone. Throughout the globe-encircling area known as the torrid zone no important republic or independent form of government exists save upon the continent of America.

The total imports of the colonies and protectorates average more than \$1,500,000,000 worth of goods annually, and of this vast sum more than 40 per cent is purchased from the mother countries. Of their exports, which considerably exceed their imports, 40 per cent goes to the mother countries. Large sums are annually expended in the construction of roads, canals, railways, telegraphs, postal service, schools, etc., but in most cases the present annual expenditures are derived from local revenues or are represented by local obligations. The revenues of the British colonies in 1897 were \$151,000,000 and their expenditures \$149,000,000. While the public debt in the more important and active of these communities aggregates a large sum, it is represented by canals, railways, public highways, harbors, irrigation and other public improvements intended to stimulate commerce and production, the railroads in operation in the British colonies alone aggregating 55,000 miles.

The most acceptable and therefore most successful of the colonial systems are those in which the largest liberty of self-government is given to the people. The British colonial system, which has by far outgrown that of any other nation, gives, wherever practicable, a large degree of self-government to the colonies; the governors are in all cases appointed by the crown, but the law making and enforcing power is left to the legislative bodies, which are elected by the people wherever practicable, in minor cases a portion being elected and a portion appointed, and in still others the appointments divided between the British government and local municipal or trade organizations, the veto power being in all cases, however, retained by the home gov-

ernment. The enforcement of the laws is intrusted to courts and subordinate organizations, whose members are in many cases residents or natives of the communities under their jurisdiction. In the French colonies less attention is given to law making and administration by local legislative bodies, the more important of the colonies being given members in the legislative bodies of the home government. In the Netherlands colonies and in the less advanced communities under British control the laws and regulations are administered in conjunction with native functionaries.

Of the 125 colonies, protectorates, dependencies and "spheres of influence" which make up the total list, two-fifths belong to Great Britain, their area being one-half of the grand total and their population considerably more than one-half of the grand total. France is next in order in number, area and population of colonies, etc., though the area controlled by France is but about one-third that belonging to Great Britain and the population of her colonies less than one-sixth of those of Great Britain.

Commerce between the successful colonies and their mother countries is in nearly all cases placed upon practically the same basis as that with other countries, goods from the home countries receiving in the vast majority of cases no advantages over those from other countries in import duties or other exactions of this character affecting commerce. In the more prosperous and progressive colonies, the percentage of importations from the mother countries grows somewhat less as the business and prosperity increase. The chief British colonies in North America (Canada and Newfoundland), which in 1871 took 50 per cent of their importations from the home country, took in 1896 less than 30 per cent from the United Kingdom; those of South Africa (Cape Colony and Natal), which in 1871 took 83 per cent from the home country, took but 71 per cent in 1896; those of Australia and the adjacent islands, which in 1876 took 48 per cent from the home country, in 1896 took but 40 per cent. The French colonies now take from the home country about 42 per cent of their total imports, while the British colonies obtain about 40 per cent of their total imports from the home country.

COLONIES, DEPENDENCIES AND PROTECTORATES OF NATIONS OF THE WORLD.
[Compiled from Statesman's Year-Book, 1898.]

COUNTRIES.	Number of colonies.	AREA (SQUARE MILES).		POPULATION.	
		Mother country.	Colonies.	Mother country.	Colonies.
United Kingdom*.....	48	120,979	11,250,412	39,824,563	344,059,123
France.....	32	204,092	3,617,327	38,517,975	52,642,930
Germany.....	9	208,830	1,021,676	62,279,915	10,647,000
Netherlands.....	3	12,643	802,863	4,928,658	23,911,744
Portugal.....	9	36,038	801,060	5,049,729	9,216,707
Spain.....	2	197,670	243,271	17,545,632	209,000
Italy.....	2	110,646	104,000	31,290,490	650,000
Austria-Hungary.....	2	240,922	23,262	41,231,842	1,568,092
Denmark.....	3	15,289	86,614	2,185,235	114,229
Russia.....	3	8,516,139	255,550	126,683,312	5,684,000
Turkey.....	4	1,115,067	564,500	24,128,690	17,489,000
China.....	5	1,336,841	2,881,560	386,000,000	16,680,000
United States.....	4	3,557,000	168,287	75,194,000	10,177,000
Total.....	126	15,672,161	21,821,882	844,879,541	503,048,824

*Includes feudatory native states of India, 731,944 square miles; population in 1891, 66,000,479.

COLONIES, PROTECTORATES, DEPENDENCIES, ETC., GROUPED BY GRAND DIVISIONS OF THE WORLD.

C. C. indicates crown colonies, in which the crown has the entire control of legislation, the administration being carried on by public officers under the control of the home government.

R. I. indicates colonies possessing representative institutions, in which the crown has no more than a veto on legislation, but the home government retains the control of public officers.

R. G. indicates colonies possessing responsible governments, in which the crown has only a veto on legislation and the home government no control over any public officer except its own representatives.

<i>Colonies.</i>	<i>Possession and form of government.</i>	<i>Area. Sq. miles.</i>	<i>Population.</i>
NORTH AMERICA.			
Bahamas, W. I.....	British R. I.....	5,794	50,599
Barbados	British R. I.....	166	188,000
Bermudas	British R. I.....	19	15,794
Canada	British R. G.....	3,315,647	5,250,000
Cuba	U. S., temporarily.....	43,220	1,631,687
Curacao, W. I.....	Dutch colony.....	436	44,153
Greenland	Danish possession.....	34,000	10,516
Guadaloupe, etc., W. I.....	French colony.....	722	190,704
Honduras, British.....	British C. C.....	7,562	31,471
Jamaica, etc., W. I.....	British C. C.....	4,416	644,270
Leeward Islands, W. I.....	British R. I.....	701	127,723
Martinique, etc., W. I.....	French colony.....	381	175,863
Newfoundland	British R. G.....	42,200	202,059
Puerto Rico, W. I.....	United States.....	3,550	806,708
St. Croix, W. I.....	Danish colony.....	74	19,783
St. John, W. I.....	Danish colony.....	21	944
St. Pierre and Miquelon.....	French colony.....	90	5,927
St. Thomas, W. I.....	Danish colony.....	23	14,390
Trinidad, W. I.....	British C. C.....	1,868	224,445
Windward Islands, W. I.....	British R. I.....	648	231,899
Total North America.....		3,461,538	9,886,935

SOUTH AMERICA:			
Falkland Islands.....	British C. C.....	6,500	1,890
Gulanas: British.....	British R. I.....	96,550	280,000
French	French colony.....	46,880	26,950
Dutch	Dutch	46,060	71,200
Total South America.....		195,990	380,040

EUROPE.			
Bosnia	Austria-Hung. protect..	16,205	1,348,581
Bulgaria	Turkish tributary.....	38,562	2,317,420
Faeroe Islands.....	Danish colony.....	510	12,955
Gibraltar	British C. C.....	2	26,080
Herzegovina	Austria-Hung. protect..	3,528	219,511
Iceland	Danish province.....	39,756	70,937
Malta and Gozzo.....	British R. I.....	125	174,621
Roumelia	Turkish tributary.....	13,862	992,386
Total Europe.....		112,550	5,162,491

ASIA.			
Aden and Perim.....	British C. C.....	85	41,910
Annam	French protectorate.....	105,000	6,000,000
Bahrein Islands.....	British protectorate.....	273	68,000
Baluchistan	British protectorate.....	106,000	500,000
Bokhara	Russian dependency.....	92,300	2,130,000
Cambodia	French protectorate.....	38,600	815,000
Ceylon	British R. I.....	25,365	3,008,466
China dependencies	Dependencies.....	2,923,800	14,500,000
Cochin China	French possession.....	22,958	1,917,000
Cyprus	British administration..	3,584	209,291
Hongkong	British C. C.....	31	248,498
India: British	British C. C.....	988,993	221,292,952
French	French possession.....	196	282,923
Portuguese	Portuguese possession.....	1,295	561,384
Khiva	Russian dependency.....	22,320	700,000
Macao	Portuguese possession.....	5	68,100
Malay federated native states.....	British protectorate.....	28,220	460,000
Samoa	Turkish tributary.....	180	44,661
Sikkim	British protectorate.....	3,090	50,000
Straits Settlements	British C. C.....	1,472	512,342
Tonquin	French possession.....	121,246	14,000,000
Total Asia.....		4,485,013	267,410,527

AFRICA.			
Algeria	French colony.....	307,940	4,174,700
Angola	Portuguese possession.....	515,670	19,400,000

AFRICA.—CONTINUED.

<i>Colonies.</i>	<i>Possession and form of government.</i>	<i>Area. Sq. miles.</i>	<i>Population.</i>
Ascension	British C. C.	35	240
Azores, and Madeira Islands.....	Portuguese province.....	1,510	401,624
Basutoland	British C. C.	10,293	250,000
Bechuanaland	British protectorate.....	400,000	4,000,000
British East Africa.....	British protectorate.....	667,680	6,358,000
British Central Africa.....	British protectorate.....	60,000	845,000
British South Africa.....	British protectorate.....	750,000	6,000,000
Canary Islands.....	Spanish province.....	2,808	291,700
Cape Colony.....	British R. G.	276,900	1,800,000
Cape Verde Islands.....	Portuguese possession... ..	1,650	111,000
Ceuta	Spanish province.....	13	5,090
Comoro Islands.....	French protectorate.....	620	64,000
Congo Free State.....	Belgian protectorate.....	869,570	14,000,000
Dahomey	French possession.....	15,000	600,000
Egypt	Turkish tributary.....	383,800	7,739,000
Eritrea	Italian colony.....	50,000	200,000
Fernando Po	Spanish possession.....	1,500	50,000
French Sudan	French possession.....	50,800	285,000
Gaboon-Congo	French possession.....	220,000	5,000,000
Gambia	British C. C.	2,700	15,000
German East Africa.....	German protectorate.....	363,265	3,000,000
German S. W. Africa.....	German protectorate.....	320,750	200,000
Gold coast: British	British C. C.	90,000	1,500,000
French	French protectorate.....	50,000	650,000
Kamerun	German protectorate.....	190,530	3,500,000
Lagos	British C. C.	15,000	2,000,000
Madagascar	French possession.....	228,500	3,500,000
Mauritius and dependencies.....	British C. C.	877	395,700
Mayotte and Nossi Be.....	French possession.....	257	18,800
Mozambique	Portuguese possession... ..	310,000	1,500,000
Natal	British R. I.	20,850	550,000
Niger Territories	British protectorate.....	500,000	25,000,000
Obock and Tajura	French possession.....	3,860	23,000
Providence Island	German possession.....	20	100
Reunion	French possession.....	764	176,000
St. Helena	British C. C.	47	4,116
St. Marie	French possession.....	64	7,667
Senegambia	French possession.....	234,000	6,000,000
Sierra Leone	British C. C.	4,000	136,000
Somali	British protection.....	142,000	700,000
Togoland	German protectorate.....	19,000	800,000
Tripoli	Turkish tributary.....	398,873	1,015,000
Tristan d'Acunha	British C. C.	45	102
Tunis	French protectorate.....	44,920	1,600,000
Uganda	British protectorate.....	70,000	5,000,000
Zanzibar	British protectorate.....	985	260,000
Zululand	British C. C.	14,220	180,000
Total Africa.....		7,611,916	129,306,539

OCEANICA.

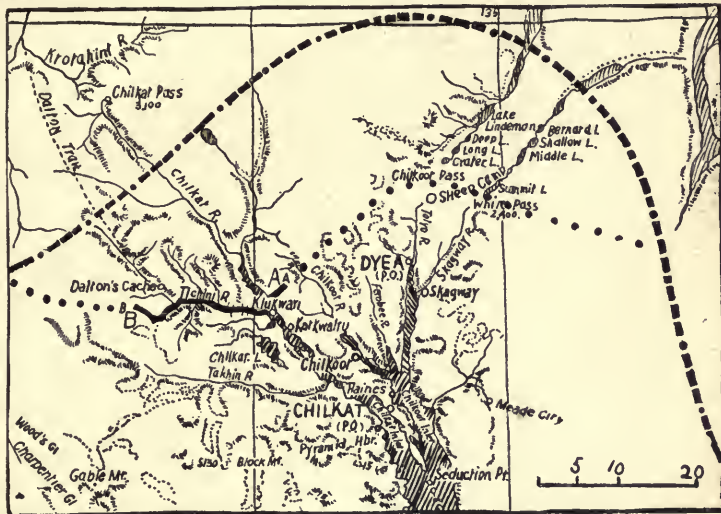
Bismarck Archipelago.....	German protectorate.....	18,180	190,000
Borneo, British North.....	British protectorate.....	79,100	495,000
Borneo, Dutch.....	Dutch possession.....	343,060	1,290,000
Caroline Islands and Palaos.....	German possession.....	1,606	47,000
Emperor Williamsland.....	German protectorate.....	81,000	190,000
Fiji and Rotuma Isles.....	British C. C.	7,740	125,000
Guam	United States.....	200	2,000
Hawaii	United States.....	6,582	107,000
Java and Madura.....	Dutch possession.....	50,560	35,070,000
Marquesas Island.....	French possession.....	492	5,100
Marshall Islands	German possession.....	135	10,000
New Guinea: British	British C. C.	88,460	350,000
Dutch	Dutch possession.....	243,000	240,000
New South Wales.....	British R. G.	310,700	1,277,870
New Zealand	British R. G.	104,471	743,212
Philippine Islands	U. S. temporarily.....	114,320	6,990,000
Queensland	British R. G.	668,497	460,550
South Australia.....	British R. G.	903,690	357,405
Society Islands and dependencies.....	French possession.....	932	27,000
Spanish colonies	Spanish possession.....	1,170	81,000
Sumatra	Dutch possession.....	76,640	1,590,000
Tasmania	British R. G.	26,215	160,534
Timor and Archipelago.....	Dutch possession.....	28,554	2,110,000
Victoria	British R. G.	87,884	1,181,769
West Australia	British R. I.	975,920	101,235
Total Oceanica.....		4,219,114	43,201,976

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

The controversy regarding the boundary line between Alaska and British Columbia was discussed in full in The Daily News Almanac for 1896, page 79. The subject of this dispute was referred with eleven other questions to the Anglo-American Commission (see Daily News Almanac for 1899, page 159), which met in Quebec, Canada, Aug. 23, 1898, and adjourned Feb. 20, 1899, to meet again Aug. 2, 1899, unless some other date should be agreed upon. The Alaska boundary question proved to be the rock upon which the commission split, and

different that some modification of the Venezuela boundary reference should be introduced. They thought the reference should be made to six eminent jurists, three chosen by each of the high contracting parties, without providing for an umpire, they believing that finality would be secured by a majority vote of the jurists so chosen.

"They did not see any present prospect of agreeing to a European umpire, to be selected in the manner proposed by the British commissioners, while the British



THE PROVISIONAL ALASKA BOUNDARY.

[The boundary commonly claimed by the United States is indicated by the broken line sweeping across the upper part of the map in a bold curve. The line claimed by Canada is not shown, but would be near the bottom of the map. The boundary established temporarily by the *modus vivendi* is shown by the solid line A B, and this will probably be continued to the American boundary, as shown by the dotted line. This provisional line retains for the United States full possession and control of the coast, of all harbors, towns and villages and of the Porcupine river region, lying south of Klukwan and west of Pyramid harbor, which is supposed to be rich in gold.]

It has not been called together since its adjournment in February. At the time of adjournment the commissioners made a public statement as to the reasons for their failure to come to a settlement, from which the following is an extract:

"The difficulties, apart from the immediate delimitation of this boundary by the commission itself, arose from the conditions under which it might be referred to arbitration. The British commissioners desired that the whole question should be referred on terms similar to those provided in the reference of the Venezuelan boundary line, and which, by providing an umpire, would insure certainty and finality. The United States commissioners, on the other hand, thought the local conditions in Alaska so

commissioners were unwilling to agree to the selection of an American umpire in the manner suggested by the United States commissioners. The United States commissioners further contended that special stipulations should be made in any reference to arbitration, that the existing settlements on the tidewaters of the coast should in any event continue to belong to the United States. To this contention the British commissioners refused to agree."

The settlements referred to are Dyea and Skagway, which are situated at the head of Lynn canal, and these two ports practically control the most frequented routes to the gold fields in the Klondike region. Canada, therefore, contended most strenuously for a seaport on the canal, together with an unobstructed waterway to the

Pacific. The Americans' refusal to yield either of the ports named was based upon the fact that they were clearly some miles within American territory, and they had been so long held and occupied by the United States that any adjustment of the boundary line must concede these ports to this country.

After the adjournment of the commission the foreign offices of the United States and Great Britain undertook to settle the controversy between themselves.

After a good deal of negotiation a *modus vivendi* was agreed upon in October, 1899, which effects a temporary settlement of the main point in the dispute, namely, the demand of Canada for a port on Lynn canal. The provisional line established temporarily retains for the United States full possession of the coast, of all harbors, towns and villages and of the Porcupine river region, lying south of Klukwan and west of Pyramid harbor, which is supposed to be rich in gold.

The following is the text of the agreement: "It is hereby agreed between the governments of the United States and Great Britain that the boundary line between Canada and the territory of Alaska in the region about the head of Lynn canal shall be provisionally fixed, without prejudice to the claims of either party in the permanent adjustment of the international boundary, as follows:

"In the region of the Dalton trail, a line beginning at the peak west of Porcupine creek, marked on map No. 10 of the United States commission, Dec. 31, 1895, and on sheet No. 18 of the British commission, Dec. 31, 1895, with the number 6500; thence running to the Klehini (or Klahela) river in the direction of the peak north of that river, marked 5020 on the aforesaid United States map, and 5025 on the aforesaid British map; thence following the high, or right, bank of the said Klehini river to the junction thereof with the Chilkot river, a mile and a half, more or less, north of Klukwan—provided that persons proceeding to or from Porcupine creek shall be freely permitted to follow the trail between the said creek and the said junction of the rivers, into and across the territory on the Canadian side of the temporary line wherever the trail crosses to such side, and subject to such reasonable regulations for the protection of the revenue as the Cana-

dian government may prescribe, to carry with them over such part or parts of the trail between the said points as may lie on the Canadian side of the temporary line such goods and articles as they desire without being required to pay any customs duties on such goods and articles; and from said junction to the summit of the peak east of the Chilkot river, marked on the aforesaid map No. 10 of the United States commission with the number 5410, and on the map No. 17 of the aforesaid British commission with the number 5490.

"On the Dyea and Skaguay trails, the summits of the Chilkoot and White passes.

"It is understood, as formerly set forth in communications of the department of state of the United States, that the citizens or subjects of either power found by this arrangement within the temporary jurisdiction of the other shall suffer no diminution of the rights and privileges which they now enjoy.

"The government of the United States will at once appoint an officer or officers, in conjunction with an officer or officers to be named by the government of her Britannic majesty, to mark the temporary line agreed upon by the erection of posts, stakes or other appropriate temporary marks."

While the establishment of the provisional boundary cannot be regarded as a victory for either side, it is unquestionably true that the United States government secured everything it demanded in the way of concessions.

Great Britain has not secured a port on tidewater, and the nearest point in British territory to a stream leading to tidewater that is navigable by canoes is a mile and a half distant. The head of navigation proper is twenty-two and one-fourth statute miles on the American side of the provisional boundary. A slight concession of territory to Great Britain was necessary in order to more clearly define the line, but this does not benefit British interests in any way, as the line is so drawn as to give to the United States control of all the passes leading to the Klondike and the Porcupine country from tidewater.

It is understood that the *modus vivendi* will continue in force at the pleasure of both parties to it, no date being fixed for its expiration.

VALUE IN GOLD OF \$100 CURRENCY IN THE NEW YORK MARKET—1862-78.

PERIODS.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
January.....	97.6	68.9	64.3	46.3	71.4	74.3	72.2	73.7	82.4	90.3	91.7	88.7	89.7	88.9	88.6	94.0	97.9
February.....	96.6	62.3	63.1	48.7	72.3	72.8	70.7	74.4	83.7	89.7	90.7	87.6	89.1	87.3	88.2	94.8	98.0
March.....	98.2	64.7	61.4	45.5	76.6	74.1	71.7	76.2	88.8	90.1	90.8	86.6	89.2	86.6	87.5	95.4	98.8
April.....	98.5	66.0	57.9	67.3	78.6	73.7	72.1	75.2	88.4	90.4	90.0	84.9	88.2	87.1	88.5	94.2	99.4
May.....	98.8	67.2	56.7	73.7	75.9	73.0	71.6	71.8	87.2	89.7	78.8	85.0	89.9	89.3	88.8	93.5	99.3
June.....	93.9	69.2	47.5	71.4	67.2	72.7	71.4	72.4	88.6	89.0	87.8	85.8	90.0	85.5	88.9	94.9	99.2
July.....	86.6	76.6	138.7	70.4	66.0	71.7	70.1	73.5	85.6	89.0	87.5	86.4	91.0	87.1	89.3	94.9	99.5
August.....	87.3	79.5	39.4	69.7	67.2	71.0	68.7	74.5	84.8	89.0	87.4	86.7	91.2	88.1	89.9	95.2	99.5
September.....	84.4	74.5	44.9	68.5	68.7	69.7	69.6	73.1	87.1	87.3	88.1	88.7	91.2	86.4	90.9	96.8	99.6
October.....	77.8	67.7	48.3	68.7	67.4	69.7	72.9	76.8	88.7	88.3	88.3	91.8	91.0	85.9	91.2	97.3	99.5
November.....	76.3	67.6	42.8	68.0	69.5	71.6	74.4	79.2	89.8	89.9	88.6	92.1	90.2	87.2	91.7	97.3	99.8
December.....	75.6	66.2	44.0	68.4	73.2	74.2	74.0	82.3	90.3	91.5	89.1	90.9	89.6	87.8	92.6	97.3	99.9

†On July 11, 1864, \$100 in greenbacks was worth only \$35 in gold.

SUBMARINE CABLE LINES OF THE WORLD.

Showing length, points between which operated, company operating, etc.—also the lines owned and controlled by various governments.

[From Report of International Bureau of Telegraph Administration.]

	No. Length of cables, cables.	No. Length of cables, cables.
Anglo-American Telegraph Co.: Transatlantic system—Valentia (Ireland) to Hearts Content (Newfoundland).....	4 7,510	cent (Cape Verde Island), to Pernambuco (Brazil)..... 6 7,375
Minon, near Brest (France) to St. Pierre-Miquelon.....	1 2,718	Central and South American Telegraph Co..... 15 7,500
Communication on American coasts.....	9 1,964	Compagnie Allemande des Cables Telegraphiques..... 1 1,114
European communication.....	1 101	Compania Telegrafico-Telefonica del Plata..... 1 28
Total.....	15 12,293	Compania Telegrafico del Rio de la Plata..... 1 28
Commercial Cable Co.: Transatlantic system—Water-ville (Ireland) to Canso (Nova Scotia).....	3 6,893	Cuba Submarine Telegraph Co.... 4 1,048
Canso (Nova Scotia) to New York.....	1 826	Direct Spanish Telegraph Co..... 4 710
Canso (Nova Scotia) to Rockport, Mass.....	1 511	Direct West India Cable Co.: Bermuda-Turks Islands, and Turks Islands-Tamarique..... 2 (†)
Communication in Europe.....	2 839	Eastern and South African Telegraph Co..... 13 8,832
Total.....	7 9,069	Eastern Extension Australasia and China Telegraph Co. 27 17,359
Direct United States Cable Co.: Ballinskelligs Bay (Ireland) to Halifax (Nova Scotia).....	1 2,564	Eastern Telegraph Co.: Anglo-Spanish-Portuguese system..... 12 4,185
Halifax (Nova Scotia) to Rye Beach, N. H.....	1 535	System west of Malta..... 17 4,603
Total.....	2 3,099	Italo-Greek system..... 2 253
Western Union Telegraph Co.: Transatlantic system—Sennen Cove, near Penzance (England), to Dover Bay, near Canso (Nova Scotia).....	2 5,107	Austro-Greek system..... 1 503
Dover Bay (Nova Scotia) to New York.....	2 1,776	Greek system..... 12 639
Gulf of Mexico system.....	8 459	Turko-Greek system..... 4 578
Total.....	12 7,342	Turkish system..... 15 842
Compagnie Francaise du Telegrapho de Paris a New York: Brest (France) to St. Pierre-Miquelon.....	1 2,282	Egypto-European system..... 4 2,590
St. Pierre to Cape Cod, Mass.....	1 828	Egyptian system..... 1 155
Other branch lines.....	2 422	Egypto-Indian system..... 13 11,805
Total.....	4 3,532	Total..... 81 26,153
Compagnie Francaise des Cables Telegraphique: Brest (France) to Cape Cod, Mass.....	1 3,250	Europe and Azores Telegraph Co. 2 1,053
African Direct Telegraph Co.....	8 2,938	Great Northern Telegraph Co.: Cables in Europe and Asia..... 24 6,982
Black Sea Telegraph Co.....	1 337	Halifax and Bermuda Cable Co.. 1 850
Brazilian Submarine Tel. Co.: Carcavellos, near Lisbon (Portugal), to Madeira, to St. Vincent (Cape Verde Island), to Pernambuco (Brazil).....	49 119	Indo-European Telegraph Co..... 2 14
Australia and New Zealand.....	31 345	India Rubber, Gutta Percha and Telegraph Works Co..... 3 145
Bahama Islands.....	1 213	Mexican Telegraph Co..... 3 1,527
British America.....	1 200	River Plate Telegraph Co..... 1 32
British India (Indo-European Telegraph Department).....	111 1,919	Societe Francaise des Telegraphes Sous-Marins..... 19 4,720
China.....	2 113	South American Cable Co..... 2 2,048
Cochin China and Tonquin.....	2 774	United States and Haiti Telegraph and Cable Co..... 1 1,389
Japan.....	70 1,508	West African Telegraph Co..... 11 2,977
Macas.....	1 2	West Coast of America Telegraph Co..... 8 1,964
Novelle Caledonie.....	1 1	Western and Brazilian Telegraph Co..... 16 6,154
Netherlands Indies.....	7 891	West India and Panama Telegraph Co..... 22 4,557
Senegal, Africa-Dakar to Goree Island.....	1 3	Total, all lines..... 318 146,419

CABLES OWNED BY NATIONS.

Austria.....	41 214	Argentina Republic and Brazil.... 49 119
Belgium.....	2 55	Australia and New Zealand..... 31 345
Denmark.....	73 235	Bahama Islands..... 1 213
France.....	54 5,035	British America..... 1 200
Germany.....	58 2,225	British India (Indo-European Telegraph Department)..... 111 1,919
Great Britain and Ireland.....	135 1,989	China..... 2 113
Greece.....	47 55	Cochin China and Tonquin..... 2 774
Holland.....	24 62	Japan..... 70 1,508
Italy.....	39 1,051	Macas..... 1 2
Norway.....	325 324	Novelle Caledonie..... 1 1
Portugal.....	4 115	Netherlands Indies..... 7 891
Russia.....	9 231	Senegal, Africa-Dakar to Goree Island..... 1 3
Spain.....	15 1,744	Total..... 1,142 19,880
Sweden.....	14 96	
Switzerland.....	2 10	
Turkey.....	23 344	

*Nautical miles. †Official figures not announced when this list was revised.

INFORMATION PERTAINING TO SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH LINES.

Length of first successful cable.....	miles.....	25
Length of first successful Atlantic cable.....	miles.....	2,134
Length of direct United States cable (Ballinskelligs Bay to Halifax, Nova Scotia).....	miles.....	2,564
Length of French cable (Brest, France, to Cape Cod, Massachusetts).....	miles.....	3,260
Distance from San Francisco to Hawaii (proposed line).....	miles.....	2,089
Distance from Hawaii to Wake Island (proposed line).....	miles.....	2,040
Distance from Wake Island to Guam (proposed line).....	miles.....	1,290
Distance from Guam to Manila (proposed line).....	miles.....	1,530
Distance from Manila to Asiatic coast.....	miles.....	630
Depth of water in which first successful cable was laid.....	feet.....	120
Depth of Atlantic cable lines.....	feet.....	14,000
Greatest depth at which cable has been laid, Haiti to Windward Islands.....	feet.....	18,000
Greatest depth between San Francisco and Hawaii.....	feet.....	18,300
Greatest depth between Hawaii and Manila (estimated).....	feet.....	19,600
Capital of first Atlantic cable company.....		\$1,750,000
Contract price of cable for first Atlantic line.....		\$1,125,000
Contract price of cable for first successful Atlantic cable line.....		\$3,000,000
Present cost per mile of cable (estimate by Bright).....		\$750
Cost of laying per mile, average.....		\$875
Number of words per minute sent on first line.....		8
Number of words per minute on first successful Atlantic cable line at beginning.....		8
Number of words per minute on first successful Atlantic cable line, after experimental stage.....		15
Present rate of speed (without duplex).....		25
Present rate by automatic system (without duplex).....		50
Increased use of wire by duplexing.....	per cent.....	90
Number of cables laid across the North Atlantic.....		16
Number now working.....		13
Average life of cable.....	years.....	25
Original rates for messages, first Atlantic lines (minimum, 20 words or less).....		\$100
On first reduction (minimum, 20 words or less).....		\$50
Original word rate, without minimum.....		\$1
Present word rate, without minimum.....		\$0.25
Length of telegraph cables of the world (1898).....	miles.....	170,000
Length of land lines of the world (1898—estimate by Bright).....	miles.....	662,000
Cost of cable lines of the world (estimate by Bright).....		\$250,000,000
Cost of land lines of the world (estimate by Bright).....		\$310,000,000
Total length of telegraph wires, land and cable (estimate by Bright).....	miles.....	2,300,000
Number of cable messages sent annually (estimate by Bright).....		6,000,000
Per cent of world's lines built by governments.....		10
Per cent built by private enterprise.....		90
Time of message and answer, Washington to Santiago battlefield and return.....	min.....	12
Time of message, Washington to London and reply, in chess match of 1898.....	sec.....	134
Number of cables owned by nations.....		1,142
Length of cables owned by nations.....	miles.....	20,000
Number of cables owned by private companies.....		320
Length of cables owned by private companies.....	miles.....	150,000
Longest single line without intermediate landing.....	miles.....	3,250
Present route of telegrams from Washington to Manila: To New York by land; to Valencia, Ireland, by cable; to Brighton, England, cable and land; to Havre, France, cable; to Marseilles, land; to Alexandria, Egypt, cable; to Suez, Egypt, land; to Aden, Arabia, cable; to Bombay, India, cable; to Madras, land; to Singapore, Malayan Peninsula, cable; to Saigon, Cochinchina, cable; to Hongkong, cable; to Bolinao, Philippine Islands (Luzon), cable; to Manila, land. Distance.....	miles.....	14,000

Every body of water lying between the inhabited portions of the earth, with the single exception of the Pacific ocean, has been crossed and recrossed by submarine telegraph lines. Even that vast expanse of water has been invaded along its margin, submarine wires stretching along its western border from Siberia to Australia, while its eastern borders are skirted with lines which stretch along the western coast of the two Americas. Several adventurous pioneers in Pacific telegraphy have ventured to considerable distances and depths in that great ocean, one cable line running from Australia to New Zealand, a distance of over 1,000 miles, and another extending from Australia to the French colony of New Caledonia, 800 miles seaward.

The chief obstacle in the past to the construction of a grand trans-Pacific cable was found in the fact that midocean resting places could not be satisfactorily obtained or arranged for, no single government controlling a sufficient number of suitable landing places to make this seem practicable, in view of the belief that the dis-

tances from which messages could be sent and cables controlled were limited. With landing places at Hawaii, Wake Island, Guam and the Philippines, however, no section of a cable stretching from the United States to Asia and touching at these points would have a length equal to that now in daily operation between France and the United States. The length of the French cable from Brest, France, to Cape Cod, Massachusetts, is 3,250 miles, while the greatest distance from land to land on the proposed Pacific route would be that from San Francisco to Hawaii, 2,089 miles, that from Hawaii to Wake Island being 2,040 miles, from Wake Island to Guam 1,290 miles, from Guam to Manila 1,520 miles and from Manila to the Asiatic coast 630 miles. While the depth of the Pacific is somewhat greater than that at which any cable has been laid, the difference between its depth and the greatest reached by cables in the Atlantic would be very slight, the cable recently laid from Haiti to the Windward Islands being in 13,000 feet of water, while

the greatest depth between San Francisco and Hawaii is 18,300 feet and the greatest depth between Hawaii and Manila is estimated at 19,600 feet, though this estimate is yet to be verified by detailed soundings. Otto Krummel, who was the first to discuss the bathymetric data and calculate the area and volume of the various oceanic basins, puts the mean depth of the Pacific at 2,160 fathoms, against 2,040 for the Atlantic, in which cables have already been so successfully laid, and later researches and actual soundings, while they have developed extreme depths at certain points in the Pacific, have not, in the opinion of experts, been such as to warrant the belief that the depths along the proposed line would be considerably greater than those in which cables have been already successfully laid and operated.

The developments in construction, laying and operating of submarine cables and in their availability for general public use have kept pace with their extension throughout the civilized world. From a mere gutta-percha-coated wire the submarine conductor of electricity has developed in half a century into a great cable having a central copper core surrounded by numerous layers of nonconducting material and protected by steel wire wound spirally about it, and in turn further protected by waterproof and insect-proof wrappings. From a steamer-towed open barge, the facilities for laying have developed to a fleet of nearly fifty steam vessels, with every facility for laying, picking up, splicing and repairing the cable lines. From a speed rate of three words per minute, which was made on the first transatlantic cables, the speed of transmission has been accelerated to fifty words per minute, and even more than that with the automatic transmitters now coming into use with cable lines, while by the duplexing of the cables their carrying capacity is doubled. From a cost to the sender of \$100 per message, which was originally charged on the first transatlantic cables, the rate from New York to London and the great cities on the continent of Europe has fallen to 25 cents per word. From several hours required for the transmission of a message and receipt of a response, the time has been so reduced that messages from the executive mansion to the battlefield at Santiago were sent and a response received within twelve

minutes, while a message sent from the house of representatives in Washington to the house of parliament in London in the chess match of 1898 was transmitted and the reply received in thirteen and one-half seconds.

The effect of this ready and inexpensive method of transmitting thoughts and words from continent to continent throughout the civilized world is shown in the rapid development of international commerce since it began. The first successful cable lines between the United States and Europe were put into operation in 1866. In that year our commerce with Europe amounted to \$652,232,289; in 1876, to \$728,959,053; in 1886, to \$896,911,504; in 1896, to \$1,091,682,874, and in 1898, to \$1,279,739,936, while our commerce with the whole world, which in 1866 amounted to \$783,671,588, had by 1898 reached the enormous sum of \$1,847,531,984.

With this evidence of the advantage of prompt communication between commercial centers desiring an interchange of their products, it may not be improper to call attention to the fact that the United States now obtains but a small proportion of the commerce of Asia, which it is at present able to reach only through the long and devious submarine and land telegraph lines across the Atlantic, the continent of Europe, the Mediterranean, the Red sea or the Persian gulf, the Indian ocean, and lines across India, cable lines again by way of the Straits Settlements and thence along the Asiatic coast and among the islands of Oceania. The commerce of the countries of Asia and Oceania lying commercially adjacent to the Philippine islands amounts to more than \$2,000,000,000 annually, their imports alone averaging \$100,000,000 a month, or \$1,200,000,000 per annum. Of this enormous market the United States at present obtains less than 6 per cent, despite the fact that the imports into the countries in question are largely composed of the classes of articles produced in the United States and offered for sale by her manufacturers and merchants. With a direct cable communication across the Pacific, direct water communication through a Nicaraguan canal, and an increase in the number and capacity of American steamships, it seems not improper to suppose that a material addition might be made to the share obtained by the United States in the trade of that part of the world.

NATIONAL DEBTS.

[From United States Consular Reports.]

COUNTRY.	Debt.		COUNTRY.	Debt.	
England.....	\$688,000,000	\$3,323,519,500	Austria-Hungary:		
France.....	1,284,000,000	6,245,596,000	Austria.....	£119,000,000	\$579,113,500
Germany.....	*107,717,015	524,204,853	Hungary.....	181,000,000	880,836,540
Prussia.....	324,261,103	1,578,016,666	Common debt.....	229,000,000	1,114,428,500
Bavaria.....	70,919,205	345,128,311	Total.....	529,000,000	2,574,378,500
Total.....	502,897,323	2,447,349,830	Italy.....	510,184,900	2,482,814,812
Russia.....	1978,000,000	4,759,437,000	Spain.....	1369,645,700	1,788,880,799
			Grand total.....	4,856,727,923	23,635,266,441

*Interest, 3 per cent. †Interest, £29,000,000 (\$141,128,500). ‡Interest, £19,627,946 (\$95,519,403).

LAND TELEGRAPH SYSTEMS OF THE WORLD.

COUNTRIES.	Number of offices.	Length of lines, miles	Miles of wire.	Messages delivered.	Population.	Messages per capita.	Area.
United Kingdom	10,183	41,393	279,935	79,423,556	38,104,975	2.09	120,979
United States	24,811	214,394	1,017,710	77,580,767	75,194,000	1.03	3,557,000
France	11,553	58,267	197,307	44,738,890	38,517,375	1.16	204,062
Germany	21,455	84,370	329,825	38,892,224	52,279,915	.73	208,830
Austria-Hungary	7,320	46,010	151,239	20,730,152	41,231,342	.50	240,922
Russia	4,623	78,596	157,397	14,546,753	126,683,312	.11	8,516,139
Japan	1,114	11,720	37,661	10,978,158	42,270,620	.26	147,655
Australia	3,063	49,793	104,273	8,002,957	3,352,913	2.46	2,946,691
Italy	*3,500	24,716	95,675	7,322,703	31,230,490	.23	110,646
Belgium	1,002	3,355	39,000	5,663,117	6,069,321	1.43	11,373
Spain	1,421	23,636	69,247	5,962,859	17,565,632	.34	197,670
Argentina	1,237	25,345	59,000	4,963,887	3,954,911	1.25	1,773,195
India	1,461	46,375	142,946	4,736,734	†222,000,000	.02	1,068,314
Netherlands	593	43,539	12,571	4,553,738	4,928,658	.93	12,648
Mexico	*800	40,990	78,000	*3,900,000	12,578,861	.54	767,005
Canada	2,556	31,735	68,323	3,945,794	5,250,000	1.05	3,316,000
Switzerland	1,806	5,493	19,978	3,182,594	2,986,848	1.06	15,376
Turkey	168	8,164	6,500	2,677,702	24,128,690	.11	1,115,067
Egypt	148	2,269	8,450	2,399,954	9,734,406	.25	1,000,000
Roumania	503	4,250	10,150	2,373,391	5,800,000	.41	48,307
Cape Colony	385	6,405	*11,000	2,229,665	1,527,224	1.46	221,311
Sweden	1,385	8,232	25,150	2,177,477	4,919,260	.44	172,376
Denmark	172	3,349	9,375	1,911,754	2,185,335	.88	15,289
Norway	404	6,313	14,966	1,902,281	2,000,917	.95	124,445
Portugal	366	3,985	8,839	1,354,827	5,049,729	.27	36,038
Brazil	289	10,143	21,936	1,293,695	14,332,530	.09	3,209,378
Chile	205	6,965	8,330	1,159,553	2,712,145	.43	293,370
Greece	230	5,065	6,000	941,785	2,453,806	.39	25,014
Servia	134	1,990	4,170	803,490	2,314,153	.35	19,050
Guatemala	155	2,980	*4,500	755,687	1,364,678	.55	63,400
Cuba	133	2,300	*4,000	357,914	1,631,687	.22	41,655
Uruguay	97	4,380	*6,000	322,477	818,843	.39	72,110
Colombia	319	6,835	*9,000	320,071	3,878,600	.03	513,398
Persia	95	4,490	6,670	142,646	9,000,000	.015	628,000
Peru	41	1,491	*2,500	38,326	2,621,844	.03	463,747
Paraguay	*35	360		46,075	*600,000	.07	98,000

*Estimated.

†Exclusive of feudatory states.

‡State lines only.

§Populated area.

LIQUOR STATISTICS.

Fermented liquors produced in each state and territory from 1893 to 1898.
 [From Reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.]

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
	Barrels.	Barrels.	Barrels.	Barrels.	Barrels.	Barrels.
Alabama	44,661	36,465	28,766	31,639	36,370	45,649
California and Nevada	787,825	727,397	759,772	769,080	763,741	802,267
Colorado and Wyoming	234,735	188,164	193,159	210,227	208,858	227,239
Connecticut and Rhode Island	408,939	433,659	492,231	558,930	571,306	631,163
Florida					2,480	10,908
Georgia	69,267	78,407	84,405	104,744	109,300	123,378
Illinois	3,417,295	3,310,134	3,292,324	3,580,724	3,244,896	3,601,163
Indiana	638,204	616,067	592,282	627,176	634,208	752,441
Iowa	130,565	135,048	127,101	130,686	142,153	175,894
Kansas and Indian Territory	2,680	5,867	6,013	6,039	6,255	7,189
Kentucky	361,653	353,858	367,997	401,380	378,290	436,747
Louisiana and Mississippi	292,285	270,150	252,082	248,938	251,943	247,617
Maryland, Dist. Columbia & Delaware	852,621	820,588	837,368	892,042	916,180	981,978
Massachusetts	1,241,780	1,248,347	1,337,747	1,580,830	1,670,556	1,805,508
Michigan	725,215	655,580	659,470	722,244	675,184	792,647
Minnesota	416,570	390,303	420,378	463,298	492,314	558,672
Missouri	2,281,149	2,188,449	2,139,224	2,262,048	2,254,962	2,435,700
Montana, Idaho and Utah	85,847	73,137	87,044	110,462	132,610	159,295
Nebraska and Dakotas	170,772	173,272	179,617	176,152	173,498	213,152
New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont	408,155	364,292	368,525	384,144	285,554	313,939
New Jersey	1,915,780	1,892,905	1,894,541	2,023,926	2,001,496	2,110,310
New Mexico and Arizona	7,114	4,693	4,978	4,706	3,891	4,218
New York	9,978,449	9,772,235	9,758,801	10,051,047	9,493,620	10,093,450
North Carolina				5		80
Ohio	2,334,807	2,621,012	2,633,067	2,879,668	2,631,669	2,886,890
Oregon and Washington	220,725	174,192	175,915	180,494	193,469	239,861
Pennsylvania	3,584,333	3,447,940	3,591,338	4,047,081	3,902,301	4,245,972
South Carolina	5,265	9,541	9,305	11,101	8,400	7,190
Tennessee	97,425	82,108	82,090	93,760	111,590	130,226
Texas	131,218	187,942	221,281	249,620	205,987	322,761
Virginia	79,480	76,000	76,617	87,525	102,254	138,144
West Virginia	152,343	111,800	109,222	116,177	123,125	142,222
Wisconsin	3,019,022	2,908,461	2,807,001	2,854,834	2,673,948	2,886,602
Total	34,591,179	33,362,373	33,589,784	35,859,250	34,462,822	37,529,339

Religious.

STATISTICS OF THE CHURCHES.

[From the New York Independent.]

Wherever practicable, official year books have been relied upon. Where they are lacking, the best possible estimates by authorities in the different denominations have been given. In some cases even those have failed through unwillingness to gather statistics, as with the Plymouth Brethren, or through lack of organization. In some cases the figures of the census of 1890 are continued. As the Roman Catholic church includes children, a deduction is made, the result being approximate rather than absolute.

Some of the losses are more apparent than real, being due to the substitution of official figures for estimates in the tables of last year.

MINISTERS, CHURCHES AND COMMUNICANTS IN 1897 AND 1898 IN UNITED STATES.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
ADVENTISTS—						
1. Evangelical.....	34	34	30	30	1,147	1,147
2. Advent Christians.....	912	912	610	610	26,500	26,500
3. Seventh Day.....	282	364	1,348	1,403	47,779	50,288
4. Church of God.....	19	19	29	29	647	647
5. Life and Advent Union.....	60	60	28	28	3,000	3,000
6. Churches of God in Jesus Christ.....	94	94	95	95	2,872	2,872
Total Adventists.....	1,401	1,483	2,140	2,195	81,945	84,454
ARMENIANS—						
1. Orthodox.....	7	5	6	4	335	5,624
2. Evangelical.....		10		17		300
Total Armenians.....	7	15	6	21	335	5,924
BAPTISTS—						
1. Regular (north).....	14,700	17,165	26,250	28,935	2,125,000	2,324,170
2. Regular (south).....						
3. Regular (colored).....	12,672	10,190	14,471	14,462	1,728,334	1,731,636
4. Six Principle.....	14	14	18	18	987	987
5. Seventh Day.....	123	130	109	111	9,205	9,154
6. Freewill.....	1,379	1,350	1,624	1,671	91,911	91,981
7. Original Freewill.....	120	120	167	167	12,000	12,000
8. General.....	550	550	580	575	28,000	28,000
9. Separate.....	19	91	24	91	1,599	6,235
10. United.....	25	25	204	204	13,209	13,209
11. Baptist Church of Christ.....	80	80	152	152	8,254	8,254
12. Primitive.....	2,130	2,130	3,530	3,530	126,000	126,000
13. Old Two-Seed-in-the-Split Predestinarian	300	300	473	473	12,851	12,851
Total Baptists.....	32,112	32,145	47,602	50,289	4,157,300	4,364,427
BRETHREN (RIVER)—						
1. Brethren in Christ.....	152	152	78	78	4,000	4,000
2. Old Order, or Yorker.....	7	7	8	8	214	214
3. United Zion's Children.....	20	20	25	25	525	525
Total River Brethren.....	179	179	111	111	4,739	4,739
BRETHREN (PLYMOUTH)—						
1. Brethren (I.).....			109	114	2,289	2,350
2. Brethren (II.).....			88	88	2,419	2,419
3. Brethren (III.).....			86	86	1,235	1,235
4. Brethren (IV.).....			31	31	718	718
Total Plymouth Brethren.....			314	319	6,661	6,722
CATHOLICS—						
1. Roman Catholic.....	10,840	11,001	14,859	14,675	8,156,962	8,378,128
2. Independent Catholic.....						
Polish Branch.....	20	34	8	12	17,000	15,000
Old Catholic.....	3	12	6	8	425	1,050
3. Reformed Catholic.....	8	4	8	4	1,000	1,000
Total Catholics.....	10,871	11,051	14,880	14,699	8,333,179	8,395,178
CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC.....	95	95	10	10	1,491	1,491
CHINESE TEMPLES.....			47	47		
CHRISTADELPHIANS.....			63	63	1,277	1,277
CHRISTIANS—						
1. Christians (Christian Connection).....	1,400	1,391	1,325	1,424	105,500	107,868
2. Christian Church South.....	100	102	170	174	16,000	16,500
Total Christians.....	1,500	1,493	1,495	1,598	121,500	124,368
CHRISTIAN CATHOLIC (Dowie).....	7	20	13	40	5,000	14,000
CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION.....	10	10	13	13	754	754
CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.....	3,500	10,000	843	415	40,000	70,000
CHRISTIAN UNION.....	183	183	294	294	18,214	18,214
CHURCH OF GOD (Winebrennerian).....	460	460	580	580	38,000	38,000
CHURCH TRIUMPHANT (Schweinfurth).....			12	12	384	384

STATISTICS OF CHURCHES.—CONTINUED.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM.....	139	117	150	100	7,674	6,702
COMMUNISTIC SOCIETIES—						
1. Shakers.....			15	16	1,650	1,650
2. Amana.....			7	7	1,600	1,600
3. Harmony.....			1	1	250	250
4. Separatists.....			1	1	200	200
5. Altruists.....			1	1	25	25
6. Church Triumphant (Koresban Ecclesia).....			5	5	205	205
Total Communistic Societies.....			30	31	3,930	3,930
CONGREGATIONALISTS.....	5,405	5,475	5,546	5,614	615,195	625,864
DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.....	5,780	5,922	10,029	10,088	1,051,079	1,085,615
DUNKARDS						
1. German Baptists (Conservatives).....	2,315	2,405	775	850	85,000	90,000
2. German Baptists (Old Order).....	150	150	100	100	4,000	4,000
3. German Baptists (Progressive).....	250	231	145	160	12,000	15,000
4. Seventh-Day Baptists (German).....	5	5	6	6	194	194
Total Dunkards.....	2,720	2,791	1,026	1,116	101,194	109,194
EPISCOPALIANS—						
1. Protestant Episcopal.....	4,658	4,754	6,093	6,295	658,640	679,604
2. Reformed Episcopal.....	87	103	93	104	8,853	9,743
Total Episcopalians.....	4,745	4,857	6,186	6,399	667,503	689,347
EVANGELICAL BODIES—						
1. Evangelical Association.....	996	1,053	1,614	1,787	94,742	116,714
2. United Evangelical Church.....	425	426	605	684	57,023	59,190
Total Evangelical.....	1,421	1,479	2,219	2,471	151,770	175,904
FRIENDS—						
1. Friends (Orthodox).....	1,298	1,272	830	830	90,921	92,073
2. Friends (Hicksite).....	115	115	201	201	21,992	21,992
3. Friends (Wilburite).....	38	38	53	53	4,329	4,329
4. Friends (Primitive).....	11	11	9	9	232	232
Total Friends.....	1,462	1,436	1,093	1,093	117,474	118,626
FRIENDS OF THE TEMPLE.....	4	4	4	4	340	340
GERMAN EVANGELICAL PROTESTANT.....	45	45	55	55	36,500	36,500
GERMAN EVANGELICAL SYNOD.....	878	872	1,130	1,130	194,618	199,234
GREEK CHURCH—						
1. Greek Orthodox.....	3	4	3	3	200	5,090
2. Russian Orthodox.....	13	39	12	29	13,504	43,000
Total Greek Church.....	16	43	15	32	13,704	480,030
JEWS.....	301	301	570	570	143,000	1,200,000
LATTER-DAY SAINTS—						
1. Church of Jesus Christ Latter-Day Saints.....	600	1,700	600	796	259,000	300,000
2. Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints.....	2,000	2,200	600	610	38,370	40,639
Total Latter-Day Saints.....	2,600	3,900	1,200	1,306	297,370	340,639
LUTHERANS—						
GENERAL BODIES.						
1. General Synod.....	1,185	1,196	1,505	1,496	190,594	190,839
2. United Synod in the South.....	204	207	425	427	40,690	38,642
3. General Council.....	1,128	1,214	1,840	2,056	323,054	347,268
4. Synodical Conference.....	2,222	1,879	3,225	2,451	520,095	519,524
INDEPENDENT SYNODS.						
5. United Norwegian.....	359	358	1,026	1,059	125,110	123,575
6. Joint Synod of Ohio.....	434	449	590	608	85,273	86,097
7. Buffalo.....	25	26	40	39	4,400	4,300
8. Hauge's, Norwegian.....	91	89	215	217	16,158	17,483
9. Etelsen's, Norwegian.....	7	.....	50	.....	2,100	.....
10. Texas.....	10	11	18	11	1,319	1,289
11. German of Iowa.....	392	417	593	794	67,807	71,074
12. Norwegian Lutheran.....	215	251	651	676	64,164	65,900
13. Michigan.....	83	65	128	88	13,843	7,860
14. Danish in America.....	42	47	40	66	5,900	1,000
15. Icelandic.....	7	7	24	25	3,069	3,000
16. Immanuel.....	22	45	27	51	5,100	6,118
17. Suomal, Finnish.....	9	11	11	44	4,700	5,000
18. Norwegian Free.....	50	50	60	60	5,500	5,500
19. Slovakian.....	7	.....	9	.....	650	.....
20. Danish United.....	70	77	140	145	7,000	7,983
Independent congregations.....	63	83	121	200	21,000	25,000
Total Lutherans.....	6,625	6,482	10,738	10,513	1,507,466	1,526,552
Waldenstromians.....	140	140	150	150	20,000	20,000

STATISTICS OF CHURCHES.—CONTINUED.

DENOMINATIONS.	MINISTERS.		CHURCHES.		COMMUNICANTS.	
	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.	1897.	1898.
MENNONITES—						
1. Mennonite.....	375	381	280	280	21,000	21,600
2. Bruederhoef.....	9	9	5	5	352	352
3. Amish.....	241	246	118	118	12,151	12,751
4. Old Amish.....	75	75	25	25	2,438	2,438
5. Apostolic.....	2	2	2	2	209	209
6. Reformed.....	43	43	34	34	1,655	1,655
7. General Conference.....	100	104	50	50	8,773	9,173
8. Church of God in Christ.....	18	18	18	18	471	471
9. Old (Wisler).....	17	17	15	15	610	610
10. Bundes Conference.....	41	41	16	16	2,950	2,950
11. Defenseless.....	20	20	11	11	1,156	1,156
12. Brethren in Christ.....	80	45	57	82	2,779	2,953
Total Mennonites.....	1,021	1,001	631	656	54,544	56,318
METHODISTS—						
1. Methodist Episcopal.....	16,411	16,093	25,252	25,371	2,089,419	2,705,601
2. Union American Methodist Episcopal.....	63	63	61	61	2,675	2,675
3. African Methodist Episcopal.....	4,825	5,725	4,950	5,850	630,550	750,354
4. African Union Methodist Episcopal.....	80	80	70	70	7,000	7,000
5. African Methodist Episcopal, Zion.....	641	2,756	1,653	1,749	503,075	519,681
6. Methodist Protestant.....	1,600	1,588	2,314	2,263	182,260	180,964
7. Wesleyan Methodist.....	640	600	565	470	18,600	16,500
8. Methodist Episcopal, South.....	5,900	5,901	13,800	13,995	1,483,035	1,453,345
9. Congregational Methodist.....	260	210	275	240	13,000	12,500
10. Congregational Methodist (colored).....	5	5	5	5	319	319
11. New Congregational Methodist.....	20	20	85	35	1,200	1,200
12. Zion Union Apostolic.....	30	30	32	32	2,346	2,346
13. Colored Methodist Episcopal.....	1,687	2,187	1,100	1,800	101,958	192,206
14. Primitive Methodist.....	77	180	90	90	5,527	6,100
15. Free Methodist.....	938	1,025	708	1,220	28,135	23,134
16. Independent Methodist.....	8	8	15	15	2,569	2,569
17. Evangelist Missionary.....	87	87	13	13	4,600	4,600
Total Methodists.....	35,232	37,188	50,948	52,779	5,735,838	5,898,094
MORAVIANS.....	120	125	112	120	14,220	14,553
PRESBYTERIANS—						
1. Presbyterian in the United States of America (northern).....	6,769	7,062	7,317	7,369	939,299	954,942
2. Cumberland Presbyterian.....	1,571	1,599	2,915	3,021	175,642	180,635
3. Cumberland Presbyterian (colored).....	400	359	250	224	13,250	35,000
4. Welsh Calvinistic.....	105	105	185	185	12,000	12,000
5. United Presbyterian.....	826	873	888	899	110,933	114,287
6. Presbyterian in the United States (southern).....	1,393	1,448	2,816	2,873	211,694	217,075
7. Associate Church of North America.....	12	12	31	31	1,053	1,053
8. Associate Reformed Synod of the South.....	96	95	130	125	10,824	10,868
9. Reformed Presbyterian in the United States (Synod).....	115	116	116	109	9,830	9,634
10. Reformed Presbyterian in North America (General Synod).....	35	41	48	50	5,000	6,288
11. Reformed Presbyterian (Covenanted).....	1	1	4	4	37	37
12. Reformed Presbyterian in the United States and Canada.....	1	1	1	1	600	532
Total Presbyterians.....	11,324	11,705	14,701	14,891	1,490,162	1,542,401
REFORMED—						
1. Reformed in America.....	634	633	610	633	105,689	110,713
2. Reformed in United States.....	1,039	1,029	1,653	1,690	234,612	242,299
3. Christian Reformed.....	81	91	123	138	16,740	17,265
Total Reformed.....	1,754	1,753	2,386	2,461	357,221	370,277
SALVATION ARMY.....	2,444	2,653	716	740	40,000	40,000
SCHWENKFIELDIANS.....	3	3	4	4	306	306
SOCIAL BRETHREN.....	17	17	20	20	913	913
SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.....			4	5	1,064	1,300
SPIRITUALISTS.....			334	334	45,080	45,080
THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.....			122	122	3,000	3,000
UNITED BRETHREN—						
1. United Brethren in Christ.....	1,724	1,724	4,172	3,206	235,117	242,602
2. United Brethren (Old Constitution).....	700	700	855	1,150	45,000	43,338
Total United Brethren.....	2,424	2,424	5,027	4,356	280,117	285,940
UNITARIANS.....	535	551	455	454	70,000	75,000
UNIVERSALISTS.....	773	758	849	787	51,025	48,853
VOLUNTEERS.....	650	690	200	205	7,000	2,000
INDEPENDENT CONGREGATIONS.....	54	54	156	156	14,126	14,126
Grand total.....	138,955	149,868	184,189	189,488	25,706,430	27,714,523

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF THE UNITED STATES.
Apostolic Delegate—Most Rev. Mgr. Martinelli, Washington, D. C.
Cardinal—James Gibbons, Baltimore, Md.

ARCHBISHOPS.

<i>Archdioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
St. Louis, Mo.....	John Joseph Kain.
Cincinnati, O.....	William H. Elder.
Chicago, Ill.....	Patrick A. Feehan.
Boston, Mass.....	John Joseph Williams.
Philadelphia, Pa.....	Patrick John Ryan.
Portland, Ore.....	Alex. Christie.
New York, N. Y.....	M. A. Corrigan.

<i>Archdioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
New Orleans, La.....	P. L. Chapelle.
San Francisco, Cal.....	Patrick W. Riordan.
St. Paul, Minn.....	John Ireland.
Milwaukee, Wis.....	Frederick X. Katzer.
Santa Fe, N. M.....	P. Bourgade.
Dubuque, Iowa.....	John Hennessy.

BISHOPS.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
Mobile, Ala.....	Edward P. Allen.
Springfield, Mass.....	T. D. Beaven.
Savannah, Ga.....	Thomas A. Becker.
Lincoln, Neb.....	Thomas Bonacum.
Manchester, N. H.....	D. M. Bradley.
Boston, Mass.....	John Brady.
Helena, Mont.....	John B. Brondel.
St. Joseph, Mo.....	M. F. Burke.
Albany, N. Y.....	T. A. M. Burke.
Nashville, Tenn.....	T. S. Byrne.
Indianapolis, Ind.....	F. S. Chataud.
Davenport, Iowa.....	Henry Cosgrove.
Winona, Minn.....	Jos. E. Cutter.
Concordia, Kas.....	J. F. Cunningham.
Baltimore, Md.....	A. A. Curtis.
Wheeling, W. Va.....	P. J. Donahue.
Dallas, Tex.....	E. J. Dunne.
Natchitoches, La.....	Anthony Durier.
Marquette, Mich.....	E. Frederick.
New York, N. Y.....	J. M. Farley.
Kansas City, Kas.....	L. M. Fink.
Little Rock, Ark.....	E. Fitzgerald.
Erie, Pa.....	J. E. Fitzmaurice.
Detroit, Mich.....	J. S. Foley.
San Antonio, Tex.....	J. A. Forest.
Ogdensburg, N. Y.....	Henry Gabriels.
Galveston, Tex.....	N. A. Gallagher.
Kansas City, Mo.....	J. J. Glennon.
Boise City, Idaho.....	A. J. Glorieux.
Sacramento, Cal.....	Thos. Grace.
Belmont, N. C.....	Leo Hald.
Providence, R. I.....	M. J. Harkins.
Portland, Me.....	J. A. Healy.
Wichita, Kas.....	John J. Hennessy.
Natchez, Miss.....	Thomas Heslin.
Ashley, Pa.....	M. J. Hoban.
Kansas City, Mo.....	John J. Hogan.
Cleveland, O.....	I. F. Horstmann.
Belleville, Ill.....	John Janssen.
Cheyenne, Wyo.....	T. M. Lenihan.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Names.</i>
Syracuse, N. Y.....	P. A. Ludden.
Louisville, Ky.....	W. G. McCloskey.
Brooklyn, N. Y.....	C. E. McDonnell.
Trenton, N. J.....	J. A. McPaul.
Chicago, Ill.....	S. J. McGavick.
Duluth, Minn.....	James McGolrick.
Rochester, N. Y.....	B. J. McQuaid.
Covington, Ky.....	P. C. Maes.
Denver, Col.....	N. C. Matz.
Guthrie, Oklahoma T.....	T. Meerschaert.
Green Bay, Wis.....	S. G. Messmer.
Burlington, Vt.....	J. S. Michaud.
Wilmington, Del.....	John J. Monaghan.
St. Augustine, Fla.....	John Moore.
Los Angeles, Cal.....	George Montgomery.
Erie, Pa.....	Tobias Mullen.
Charleston, S. C.....	H. P. Northrop.
Vancouver, Wash.....	Edward O'Dea.
Sioux Falls, S. D.....	Thos. O'Gorman.
Scranton, Pa.....	W. O'Hara.
Pittsburg, Pa.....	R. Phelan.
Philadelphia, Pa.....	E. F. Prendergast.
Buffalo, N. Y.....	J. E. Quigley.
Fort Wayne, Ind.....	J. Rademacher.
Grand Rapids, Mich.....	H. J. Richter.
New Orleans, La.....	G. A. Rouxel.
Alton, Ill.....	James Ryan.
Salt Lake City, Utah.....	L. Scanlan.
Omaha, Neb.....	R. Scannell.
La Crosse, Wis.....	J. Schwabach.
Harrisburg, Pa.....	J. W. Shanahan.
Fargo, N. D.....	John Shanley.
Peoria, Ill.....	J. L. Spalding.
Hartford, Conn.....	M. Tierney.
St. Cloud, Minn.....	James Trobec.
Richmond, Va.....	A. Van de Vyver.
Laredo, Tex.....	P. Verdagner.
Columbus, O.....	Vacant.
South Orange, N. J.....	W. M. Wigger.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Alabama.....	R. H. Wilmer.....	Mobile.
	H. M. Jackson, co-adjutor.....	Eufaula.
Arl. & N. M.....	J. M. Kendrick.....	Santa Fe.
Arkansas.....	Wm. M. Brown.....	Little Rock.
Boise.....	James B. Funsten.....	Boise City.
California.....	W. F. Nichols.....	San Francisco.
Sacram'to.....	Wm. H. Moreland.....	Sacramento.
Los Ang's.....	J. H. Johnson.....	Los Angeles.
Colorado.....	J. F. Spalding.....	Denver.
Connecticut.....	Chauncey B. Brewster.....	New Haven.
Delaware.....	L. Coleman.....	Wilmington.
Florida.....		
	Northern.....	E. G. Weed..... Jacksonville.
	Southern.....	W. C. Gray..... Orlando.
Georgia.....	C. K. Nelson.....	Atlanta.
Illinois.....		
	Chicago.....	W. E. McLaren..... Chicago.
	Spr'gfield.....	G. F. Seymour..... Springfield.
		C. R. Hale, coadjutor..... Cairo.
Quincy.....	Alex. Burgess.....	Peoria.
Indiana.....		
	Southern.....	Joseph M. Francis..... Indianapolis.
	Northern.....	John H. White..... Mich'g'n City.
Iowa.....	T. N. Morrison.....	Davenport.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Kansas.....	F. R. Millsbaugh.....	Topeka.
Kentucky.....	T. U. Dudley.....	Louisville.
Lexington.....	L. W. Burton.....	Lexington.
Louisiana.....	Davis Sessums.....	New Orleans.
Maine.....	Vacant.....	
Maryland.....	W. Paret.....	Baltimore.
Easton.....	W. F. Adams.....	Easton.
Wash'ton.....	H. Y. Satterlee.....	Washington.
Mass.....	W. Lawrence.....	Boston.
Michigan.....		
	Eastern.....	T. F. Davies..... Detroit.
	Western.....	G. DeN. Gillespie..... Grand Rapids.
	Marquette.....	G. M. Williams..... Marquette.
Minnesota.....	H. B. Whipple.....	Faribault.
	M. N. Gilbert, co-adjutor.....	St. Paul.
Duluth.....	J. D. Morrison.....	Duluth.
Mississippi.....	H. M. Thompson.....	Jackson.
Missouri.....	D. S. Tuttle.....	St. Louis.
W. Missouri.....	E. R. Atwill.....	Kansas City.
Montana.....	L. R. Brewer.....	Helena.
Nebraska.....	G. Worthington.....	Omaha.
	A. L. Williams, co-adjutor.....	Omaha.
Laramie.....	A. N. Graves.....	Kearney.
N. Hamp.....	W. W. Niles.....	Concord.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—CONTINUED.

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
New Jersey..J. Scarborough.....	Trenton.	
Newark.....T. A. Starkey.....	Newark.	
New York.....H. C. Potter.....	New York city	
Central.....F. D. Huntington.....	Syracuse.	
Albany.....W. C. Doane.....	Albany.	
Long Id.....A. N. Littlejohn.....	Brooklyn.	
Western.....W. D. Walker.....	Buffalo.	
N. Carolina..J. B. Cheshire.....	Raleigh.	
E. Carolina..A. A. Watson.....	Wilmington.	
Asheville..Julius M. Horner.....	Asheville.	
N. Dakota...Samuel C. Edsall.....	Fargo.	

Ohio.....	W. A. Leonard.....	Cleveland.
Southern...T. A. Jaggard.....	Cambridge.	
	B. Vincent, coadj.	Cincinnati.

Oklahoma—		
Indian T. F. K. Brooke.....	Guthrie.	
Oregon.....B. W. Morris.....	Portland.	
Penn.....O. W. Whitaker.....	Philadelphia.	
Pittsburg..C. Whitehead.....	Pittsburg.	
Central.....E. Talbot.....	S. Bethlehem.	
Rhode Isl'd..T. M. Clark, presid-		
	ing bishop.....	Providence.
	Wm. N. McVickar, co-	
	adjutor.....	Providence.
S. Carolina..Ellison Capers.....	Columbia.	
S. Dakota...W. H. Hare.....	Sioux Falls.	
Tennessee..T. F. Gallor.....	Memphis.	

<i>Dioceses.</i>	<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Texas.....	G. H. Kinsolving.....	Austin.
Western.....	J. S. Johnson.....	San Antonio.
Dallas.....	A. C. Garrett.....	Dallas.
Salt Lake ..	A. Leonard.....	Salt Lake City
Vermont.....	Arthur C. A. Hall.....	Burlington.
Virginia.....	F. McN. Whittle.....	Richmond.
	R. A. Gibson, coad-	
	jutor.....	Richmond.
Southern...A. M. Randolph.....		Norfolk.
W. Virginia..G. W. Peterkin.....		Parkersburg.
	W. L. Gravatt, co-	
	adjutor.....	Charlestown.

Wisconsin—		
Milw'kee..Isaac L. Nicholson.....	Milwaukee.	
	F. du Lac, Charles C. Grafton.....	Fond du Lac.

Washington—		
Olympia.....	W. M. Barker.	
Spokane.....	L. H. Wells.	
Africa.....	S. D. Ferguson.....	Cape Palmas.
China—		
Shanghai..F. R. Graves.....		Shanghai.
Japan.....	John McKim.....	Tokyo.
Kyoto.....	Sidney C. Partridge.....	Kyoto.
Brazil.....	Lucien L. Kinsol-	
	ing.....	Rio Grande.
Haiti.....	J. T. H. Holly.....	P't-au-Prince.
Honolulu ..	A. Willis.....	Honolulu.

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Randolph S. Foster.....	Roxbury, Mass.
Stephen M. Merrill.....	Chicago, Ill.
Edward G. Andrews.....	New York, N. Y.
Henry W. Warren.....	Univ'ty Park, Col.
Cyrus D. Foss.....	Philadelphia, Pa.
John F. Hurst.....	Washington, D. C.
William K. Ninde.....	Detroit, Mich.
John M. Walden.....	Cincinnati, O.

Missionary Bishops—William Taylor, Vivi, Congo, Africa.
James M. Thoburn, Calcutta, India.

<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
Willard F. Mallalieu.....	Buffalo, N. Y.
Charles H. Fowler.....	Minneapolis, Minn.
John H. Vincent.....	Topeka, Kas.
James W. Fitzgerald.....	New Orleans, La.
Isaac W. Joyce.....	Chattanooga, Tenn.
John P. Newman.....	Omaha, Neb.
Daniel A. Goodsell.....	San Francisco, Cal.
Charles C. McCabe.....	Fort Worth, Tex.
Earl Cranston.....	Portland, Ore.

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<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
John C. Keener.....	New Orleans, La.
Alpheus W. Wilson.....	Baltimore, Md.
J. C. Granbery.....	Ashtand, Va.
R. K. Hargrove.....	W. Nashville, Tenn.
W. W. Duncan.....	Sparksburg, S. C.
E. H. Hendrix.....	Kansas City, Mo.

<i>Bishops.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>
C. B. Galloway.....	Jackson, Miss.
J. S. Key.....	Sherman, Tex.
O. P. Fitzgerald.....	Nashville, Tenn.
H. C. Morrison.....	Louisville, Ky.
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Education Society—A. H. Strong, D. D., president, Rochester, N. Y.

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Home Mission Society—Stephen H. Greene, president, Boston, Mass.
Historical Society—Lemuel Moss, D. D., Philadelphia, Pa.
 D. D., president, Rochester, N. Y.
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[Corrected to Nov. 15, 1899.]

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Vice-President.....	8,000
U.S.-Dist. Marshal, A. A. Wilson (D. C.)...	6,000

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Third Asst. Sec., Thos. W. Cridler (W. Va.)...	4,000
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Chief Clerk, Wm. H. Michael (Neb.).....	2,500
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Asst. Sec., Horace A. Taylor (Wis.).....	4,500
Asst. Sec., O. L. Spaulding (Mich.).....	4,500
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Chief of Warrants Div., W. F. MacLennan...	3,500
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Chief of Cus. Div., Andrew Johnson (W. Va.).....	2,750
Acting Chief of Rev. Marine Div., Charles F. Shoemaker (N. Y.).....	2,500
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Chief of Loans and Currency Div., Andrew T. Huntington (Mass.).....	2,500
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Office Steamboat Inspector.

Supervising Inspector, James A. Dumont..	3,500
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Chief, Oscar P. Austin (D. C.).....	3,000
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Chief Law Clerk, J. D. Terrell (Mich.).....	2,750

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Asst., Nolen L. Chew (Ind.).....	2,250

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Deputy, A. L. Lawshe (Ind.).....	2,250

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Asst. Treas., J. F. Meline (D. C.).....	3,600
Supt. Nat. Bank Red. Div., Thos. E. Rogers	3,500

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Comptroller, Charles G. Dawes (Ill.).....	5,000
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Commissioner, G. W. Wilson (O.).....	6,000
Deputy, Robt. Williams, Jr. (N. Y.).....	3,200

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Director, Geo. E. Roberts (Iowa).....	4,500
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Commissioner, E. F. Chamberlain (N. Y.)	3,600
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Superintendent, Henry S. Pritchett (Mo.)	6,000
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Marine Hospital Service.

Supervising Surg.-Gen., Walter Wyman...	4,000
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Chief Clerk, Benj. F. Peters (Pa.).....	2,500
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Lieuts., H. H. Ward, W. W. Phelps and Chas. Webster.	

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Professor, Prof. H. D. Todd.	
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Lieut.-Comdrs., G. H. Peters and R. T. Mulligan.	
Lieuts., H. W. Harrison, C. C. Marsh, W. L. Howard, S. E. W. Kittelle.	

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Commander, J. D. Adams.	
Lieutenant-Commander, R. G. Davenport.	
Lieut., F. W. Kellogg.	

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Professor of Mathematics, H. D. Todd.
Assistants, E. J. Loomis, W. S. Harshman and
 H. B. Hedrick.

Bureau of Ordnance.

Chief, Rear Admiral Chas. O'Neill.
Lieutenants, T. C. Fenton, W. McLean, Joseph
 Strauss, L. H. Chandler, F. B. Bassett.
Professor, P. R. Alger.

Bureau of Equipment.

Rear Admiral, R. B. Bradford.
Lieut.-Commanders, S. W. B. Diehl, T. E. D. W.
 Veeder, W. H. Allen.
Lieutenants, G. W. Denfeld, J. B. Blish, F. L.
 Chapin, H. E. Parmenter.

Bureau of Construction and Repairs.

Rear Admiral, Philip Hichborn.
Naval Constructor, D. W. Taylor.
Asst. Constructors, L. Spear, F. B. Zahm.

Office of Judge-Advocate General.

Judge-Advocate General, Capt. S. C. Lemly.
Ensign, Geo. Mallison.
Captain, Wm. C. Dawson, U. S. M. C.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

Rear Admiral, W. K. Van Reypen.
Asst. to Bureau, Medical Inspector J. C. Boyd.
Special Duty, P. A. Surgeon F. L. Pleadwell.

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

Rear Admiral, Albert S. Kenny.
Asst. to Chief Paymaster, Geo. W. Simpson, U. S. N.
Paymaster, T. H. Hicks, U. S. N.
P. A. Paymaster, J. J. Cheatham.
Asst. Paymaster, David M. Addison.

Naval Examining Board.

President, Rear Admiral John A. Howell.
Members, Rear Admiral Benjamin F. Day and
 Capt. F. A. Cook.

Board of Medical Examiners.

President, Med. Director J. B. Parker.
Members, Med. Inspector J. C. Wise and D. N.
 Bertolette.

Naval Retiring Board.

President, Rear Admiral B. J. Cromwell.
Members, Rear Admiral B. F. Day, Capt. F. A.
 Cook, Grove S. Beardsley and W. S. Dixon.

Bureau of Steam Engineering.

Rear Admiral, Engineer-in-Chief George W.
 Melville.
Chief Clerk, Wm. H. H. Smith.
Commander, H. Webster.
Lieut.-Commanders, J. H. Perry, A. B. Willits,
 F. H. Bailey, W. F. Worthington.
Lieuts., R. S. Griffin, B. C. Bryan, C. A. E. King,
 W. W. White, C. E. Rommel.
Asst. Engineer, John A. Henderson.
State, War and Navy Department Building.
Supt., Chief Engineer G. W. Baird.

Board of Inspection and Survey.

President, Rear Admiral Frederick Rodgers.
Members, Capt. Robley D. Evans, Comdrs. W.
 H. Emory, C. R. Roelker, Lieut.-Comdr. R.
 Henderson, Nav. Constr. W. Capps.

Naval Dispensary.

Surgeon, P. M. Rixey.

Museum of Hygiene.

Medical Director, Chas. H. White.
Surgeon, C. G. Herndon and J. D. Gatewood.

Navy Pay Office.

Pay Director, Stephen Rand.

Headquarters of United States Marine Corps.

Col. Commandant, Charles Heywood.
Adj. and Inspector, Maj. George C. Reid.
Quartermaster, Maj. F. L. Denny.
Paymaster, Maj. Green Clay Goodloe.
Asst. Quartermaster, Capt. Chas. L. McCawley.
Surgeon, E. H. Green.

Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C.

Colonel, F. H. Harrington.
Major, R. Dickens.
Capt., C. S. Radford, L. Karmany, J. S. Bates.
Surgeon, E. H. Green.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, Elihu Root (N. Y.).....\$8,000
Sec. to Sec. of War, V. L. Mason (D. C.).... 2,250
Confidential Clerk, Fred C. Squires (Mich.) 1,800
Asst. Sec., Geo. D. Melklejohn (Neb.)..... 4,500
Chief Clerk, John C. Scofield..... 2,500

Headquarters of the Army.

Major-Gen., Nelson A. Miles.
Adj.-Gen., Lt.-Col. J. C. Gilmore.
Aid-de-Camp, Capt. F. Michler, 5th Cav.
Inspector-Gen., Aid-de-Camp 1st Lieut. H. H.
 Whitney.
Asst. Adj.-Gen., Capt. J. B. Morton.

Adjutant-General's Department.

Adj.-Gen., Brig.-Gen. H. C. Corbin.
Assistants, Col. Thos. Ward, Col. James M.
 Moore, Lieut.-Col. J. C. Gilmore, Lieut.-Col.
 W. H. Carter, Maj. J. A. Johnston, Maj.
 W. A. Simpson, Maj. Charles Bird, Maj. Wm.
 S. Patten, Maj. M. C. Martin, Maj. F. G.
 Hodgson, Maj. F. M. Schreiner, Capt. J. Z.
 Dare.
Chief Clerk, R. P. Thian.....\$2,000

Inspector-General's Department.

Inspector-Gen., Brig.-Gen. J. C. Breckinridge.
Assts., Maj. Thos. T. Knox, Maj. S. C. Mills.
Chief Clerk, W. H. Orcutt.

Quartermaster's Department.

Quarterm.-Gen., Brig.-Gen. M. I. Ludington.
Chief Clerk, Henry D. Saxton.
Depot Quartermaster, Maj. Theodore E. True.

Subsistence Department.

Actg. Commissary-Gen., Col. Jno. F. Weston.
Assistant, Lieut.-Col. Henry G. Sharpe.
Chief Clerk, Wm. A. DeCaindry.

Medical Department.

Surgeon-Gen., Brig.-Gen. Geo. M. Sternberg.
Assts., Col. C. H. Alden, Col. Dallas Bache,
 Lieut.-Col. Chas. Smart, Maj. Walter Reed,
 Maj. J. C. Merrill, Maj. G. E. Bushnell.
Chief Clerk, George A. Jones.

Pay Department.

Paymaster-Gen., Brig.-Gen. A. E. Bates.
Assistant, Lieut.-Col. C. C. Sniffen.
Chief Clerk, G. D. Hanson.

Corps of Engineers.

Chief of Engineers, Brig.-Gen. John M. Wilson.
Assistants, Lieut.-Col. A. MacKenzie, Capt.
 Joseph E. Kuhn, Capt. James L. Lusk.
Chief Clerk, Wm. J. Warren.

Public Buildings and Grounds.

Officer in Charge, Col. T. A. Bingham.

Ordinance Department.

Chief of Ordinance, Brig.-Gen. A. R. Buffington.
 Assistants, Maj. V. McNally, Capt. C. B. Wheeler, Maj. C. E. Dutton, Maj. Chas. S. Smith, Capt. Wm. Crozier.
 Chief Clerk, John J. Cook.

Judge-Advocate General's Office.

Judge-Advocate Gen., Brig.-Gen. G. N. Lieber.
 Chief Clerk, Lewis W. Call.

Signal Office.

Chief Signal Officer, Brig.-Gen. A. W. Greely.
 Disburs'g Officer, Capt. Eugene O. Fechet, U.S.V.
 Acting Chief Clerk, Geo. A. Warren.

Record and Pension Office.

Chief of Office, Brig.-Gen. F. C. Alnsworth.
 Assistant, Maj. John Truesdale.
 Chiefs of Division, Jacob Frech, O. B. Brown.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Postmaster-Gen., Charles E. Smith (Pa.)... \$8,000
 Chief Clerk, Blain W. Taylor (W. Va.)... 2,500
 Asst. Atty.-Gen., James N. Tyner (Ind.)... 4,000
 Law Clerk, Harrison J. Barrett (N. C.)... 2,500
 Appointment Clerk, John H. Robinson (Miss.)... 1,800
 Supt. and Disbursing Clerk, Rufus B. Merchant (Va.)... 2,100
 Topographer, A. Von Haake (N. Y.)... 2,500

OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

First Asst. P. M. G., Perry S. Heath (Ind.)... 4,000
 Chief Clerk, Geo. M. Allen (Ind.)... 2,000
 Supt. Div. P. O. Sup., Michael W. Louis (O.)... 2,000
 Supt. Div. Free Delivery, August W. Machen (O.)... 3,000
 Chief Div. of Salaries and Allowances, Geo. W. Beavers (N. Y.)... 2,500
 Supt. Money-Order System, James T. Metcalf (Iowa)... 3,500
 Chief Clerk Money-Order System, Edward M. Gadsden (Ga.)... 2,000
 Supt. Dead-Letter Office, David P. Leibhardt (Ind.)... 2,500
 Chief Clerk Dead-Letter Office, Ward Burlingame (Kas.)... 1,800
 Chief Div. of Correspondence, J. R. Ash (Pa.)... 1,800
 Asst. Supts. Div. Free Delivery, E. C. Fowler (Md.), hdqrs. Wash.; Wm. G. Edens (Ill.), hdqrs. Chicago; and Charles Hedges (Tex.), hdqrs. New York... 2,000

OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Second Asst. P. M. G., W. S. Shallenberger (Pa.)... 4,000
 Chief Clerk, George F. Stone (N. Y.)... 2,000
 Supt. Railway Adjustments, J. H. Crew (O.)... 2,000
 Chief Div. of Inspection, James B. Cook (Md.)... 2,000
 Chief Div. Mail Equipment, Thomas P. Graham (N. Y.)... 1,800
 Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service, James E. White (Ill.)... 3,500
 Chief Clerk Railway Mail Service, John W. Hollyday (O.)... 2,000
 Supt. Foreign Mails, N. M. Brooks (Va.)... 3,000
 Chief Clerk Foreign Mails, R. L. Maddox (Ky.)... 2,000
 Asst. Gen. Supt. Railway Mail Service, Alexander Grant (Mich.)... 2,000

OFFICE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Third Asst. P. M. G., Edwin C. Madden (Mich.)... 4,000
 Chief Clerk, Edward B. Kellogg (Conn.)... 2,000
 Chief Div. Finance, A. W. Bingham (Mich.)... 2,000
 Chief Div. Postage Stamps, James H. Reeve (N. Y.)... 2,250
 Principal Clerk Classification Division, D. C. Fountain (N. Y.)... 1,600
 Principal Clerk Registration Division, John B. Quay (Mo.)... 1,800

Principal Clerk Division of Files, Mail, etc., E. S. Hall (Vt.)... \$1,800
 Postage Stamp Agent, John P. Green (O.)... 2,500
 Postal Card Agent, Edgar H. Shook (W. Va.)... 2,500
 Stamped Envelope Agent, Chas. H. Field (Conn.)... 2,500

OFFICE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Fourth Asst. P. M. G., J. L. Bristow (Kas.)... 4,000
 Chief Clerk, M. O. Chance (Ill.)... 2,000
 Chief Div. of Appointments, Carter B. Keene (Me.)... 2,000
 Chief Div. of Bonds and Commissions, Christian B. Dickey (O.)... 2,000
 Chief P. O. Inspector, W. E. Cochran (Col.)... 3,000
 Chief Clerk Div. of P. O. Inspectors and Mail Depredations, John P. Cunn (Cal.)... 2,000
 Eastern Div. Rural Free Delivery, H. Conquest Clark (D. C.), hdqrs. Wash.
 Western Div., Frank M. Dice (Ind.), hdqrs. Indianapolis.
 Military Postal Service, Cuba—Director-Gen. of Posts, E. G. Rathbone (O.)... 4,500
 Postmaster, Havana, E. P. Thompson (Ind.)... 4,200
 Chief Finance Div., Chas. F. W. Neely (Ind.)... 2,500
 Puerto Rico—Director-Gen. of Posts, W. H. Elliott (Ind.)... 3,600
 Philippines—Director-Gen. of Posts, Frank W. Vaille (Col.)... 3,600

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR FOR THE POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Auditor, Henry A. Castle (Minn.)... 4,000
 Deputy Auditor, Abraham L. Lawshe (Ind.)... 2,500
 Chief Clerk, John M. Bishop (Penn.)... 2,000
 Law Clerk, D. H. Fenton (Ind.)... 2,000
 Disbursing Clerk, B. W. Holman (Wis.)... 2,000
 Chief Collecting Div., Arthur Clements (Md.)... 2,000
 Chief Bookkeeping Div., David W. Duncan (Pa.)... 2,000
 Chief Pay Div., John B. Sieman (Ill.)... 2,000
 Chief Inspecting Div., M. M. Holland (D.C.)... 2,000
 Chief Checking and Assorting Div., R. M. Johnson (Ind.)... 2,000
 Chief Foreign Div., Emanuel Speich (Neb.)... 2,000
 Chief Recording Div., B. A. Allen (Kas.)... 2,000

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, E. A. Hitchcock (Mo.)... 8,000
 First Asst. Sec., Thomas Ryan (Kas.)... 4,500
 Asst. Sec., Webster Davis (Mo.)... 4,000
 Chief Clerk, Edward M. Dawson (Md.)... 2,750

General Land Office.

Commissioner, Binger Hermann (Ore.)... 5,000
 Asst. Comr., W. A. Richards... 3,000

Office of Indian Affairs.

Commissioner, Wm. A. Jones (Wis.)... 4,000
 Asst. Comr., A. Clarke Tonner (O.)... 3,000
 Supt. Indian Schools, Miss Estelle Reel (Wyo.)... 3,000

Pension Office.

Commissioner, H. Clay Evans (Tenn.)... 5,000
 First Deputy Comr., Jas. L. Davenport (N. H.)... 3,600
 Second Deputy Comr., Leverett M. Kelly (Ill.)... 3,600
 Chief Clerk, Wm. H. Bayly (O.)... 2,250
 Medical Referee, Jacob F. Raub (Pa.)... 3,000

Office of Commissioner of Railroads.

Commissioner, James Longstreet (Ga.)... 4,500

Patent Office.

Commissioner, Charles H. Duell (N. Y.)... 5,000
 Asst. Comr., Arthur P. Greeley (N. H.)... 3,000
 Chief Clerk, Edward V. Shepard (N. Y.)... 2,250

Offices of Education.

<i>Commissioner</i> , William T. Harris (Mass.)	\$3,000
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Lovick Pierce (Ga.)	1,800

Geological Survey.

<i>Director</i> , Chas. D. Walcott (N. Y.)	5,000
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Henry C. Rizer (Kas.)	2,400

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

<i>Atty.-Gen.</i> , John W. Griggs (N. J.)	8,000
<i>Solicitor-Gen.</i> , J. K. Richards (O.)	7,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Jas. E. Boyd (N. C.)	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Henry M. Hoyt (Pa.)	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Jno. G. Thompson (Ill.)	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen.</i> , Louis A. Pradt (Wis.)	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen. (Dept. of Int.)</i> , Willis Van Devanter (Wyo.)	5,000
<i>Asst. Atty.-Gen. (P. O. Dept.)</i> , Jas. N. Tyner (Ind.)	4,000
<i>Solicitor of Int. Rev. (Treas. Dept.)</i> , Geo. M. Thomas (Ky.)	4,500
<i>Solicitor for Dept. of State</i> , W. L. Penfield (Ind.)	3,500
<i>Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles</i> , A. J. Bentley (O.)	2,700
<i>Chief Clerk and Supt. of Building</i> , Cecil Clay (W. Va.)	2,750
<i>Gen. Agent</i> , Frank Strong (Ark.)	4,000
<i>Disbursing Clerk</i> , Henry Rechin (O.)	2,300
<i>Appointment Clerk</i> , Joseph P. Rudy (Pa.)	1,800
<i>Atty. in Charge of Pardons</i> , Jno. H. Campbell (Ill.)	2,400
<i>Solicitor of Treas. (Treas. Dept.)</i> , Maurice D. O'Connell (Iowa)	4,500
<i>Asst. Solicitor</i> , Felix A. Reeve (Tenn.)	3,000
<i>Chief Clerk Solicitor's Office (Treas. Dept.)</i> , Charles E. Vrooman (Iowa)	2,000

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

<i>Secretary</i> , James Wilson (Iowa)	8,000
<i>Asst. Sec.</i> , Joseph H. Brigham (O.)	4,500
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Andrew Geddes (Iowa)	2,500
<i>Appointment Clerk</i> , J. B. Bennett (Wis.)	2,000
<i>Private Secretary to Secretary of Agriculture</i> , J. W. Wilson (Iowa)	2,250
<i>Chief of Weather Bureau</i> , Willis L. Moore (Ill.)	4,500
<i>Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry</i> , D. E. Salmon (N. J.)	4,000
<i>Statistician</i> , John Hyde (Neb.)	3,000
<i>Chemist</i> , H. W. Wiley (Ind.)	2,500

<i>Entomologist</i> , L. O. Howard (N. Y.)	\$2,500
<i>Botanist</i> , F. V. Coville (N. Y.)	2,500
<i>Chief of Biological Survey</i> , C. Hart Merriam (N. Y.)	2,500
<i>Chief of Div. of Forestry</i> , Gifford Pinchot (N. Y.)	2,500
<i>Pomologist</i> , G. B. Brackett (Iowa)	2,500
<i>Chief of Div. of Agrostology</i> , F. Lamson Scribner (Tenn.)	2,500
<i>Chief of Div. of Soils</i> , Milton Whitney (Md.)	2,500
<i>Chief of Div. of Vegetable Physiology and Pathology</i> , B. T. Galloway (Mo.)	2,500
<i>Director Office of Experiment Stations</i> , A. C. True (Conn.)	3,000
<i>Chief Div. of Accounts and Disbursements</i> , F. L. Evans (Pa.)	2,500
<i>Editor</i> , George Wm. Hill (Minn.)	2,500
<i>Horticulturist, etc.</i> , Wm. Saunders (Pa.)	2,500
<i>Director of the Office of Public Road Inquiry</i> , Roy Stone (N. Y.)	2,500
<i>Chief of Section of Foreign Markets</i> , Frank H. Hitchcock (Mass.)	2,500
<i>Chief of Seed Division</i> , R. J. Whittleton (Ill.)	2,000

INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS.**Government Printing Office.**

<i>Public Printer</i> , F. W. Palmer (Ill.)	4,500
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , W. H. Collins (D. C.)	2,400
<i>Foreman of Printing</i> , H. T. Brian (Md.)	2,100
<i>Foreman of Binding</i> , H. C. Espey (D. C.)	2,100

United States Civil Service Commission.

<i>Commissioners</i> , John R. Procter (Ky.), John B. Harlow (Mo.), Mark S. Brewer (Mich.)	3,500
<i>Chief Examiner</i> , A. L. Severn	3,000
<i>Secretary</i> , John T. Doyle (N. Y.)	2,000

Department of Labor.

<i>Commissioner</i> , Carroll D. Wright (Mass.)	5,000
<i>Chief Clerk</i> , Oren W. Weaver (Mass.)	2,500
<i>Disbursing Clerk</i> , Charles E. Morse (Pa.)	1,500

Interstate Commerce Commission.

<i>Chairman</i> , Martin A. Knapp (N. Y.)	7,500
<i>Judson C. Clements</i> (Ga.)	7,500
<i>James D. Yeomans</i> (Iowa)	7,500
<i>Chas. R. Prouty</i> (Vt.)	7,500
<i>J. W. Fifer</i> (Ill.)	7,500
<i>Secretary</i> , Edward A. Moseley (Mass.)	3,500

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Illinois Central Railroad company was incorporated by a special act of the legislature Feb. 10, 1851. In the act of incorporation it was stipulated that 7 per centum of the gross income of the company should be paid into the state treasury for general revenue purposes. Pursuant to that proviso, more than \$17,000,000 has been paid into the state treasury since 1855, the year that the road was opened for traffic. The present state constitution,

adopted in 1870, prohibits any legislation, agreement or covenant by which a less proportion than 7 per centum of the gross receipts of the road shall be paid into the public treasury.

The following table shows the amounts received into the treasury of the state from the Illinois Central Railroad company each year since the road has been operated:

1855*.....	\$ 29,751.59	1867.....	\$444,007.74	1879.....	\$325,477.38	1890.....	\$486,281.13
1856*.....	77,631.66	1868.....	428,397.48	1880.....	368,348.66	1891.....	538,005.67
1857.....	145,645.84	1869.....	464,933.31	1881.....	384,582.52	1892.....	589,486.02
1858.....	132,005.53	1870.....	464,584.52	1882.....	396,036.11	1893.....	753,067.24
1859.....	132,104.46	1871.....	463,512.91	1883.....	388,743.19	1894.....	553,911.49
1860.....	177,557.22	1872.....	442,856.54	1884.....	356,679.62	1895.....	614,988.17
1861.....	177,257.81	1873.....	428,574.00	1885.....	367,788.92	1896.....	624,550.83
1862.....	212,174.60	1874.....	394,366.46	1886.....	378,714.50	1897.....	624,532.74
1863.....	300,394.53	1875.....	375,766.02	1887.....	414,374.57	1898.....	657,082.81
1864.....	405,514.04	1876.....	356,005.58	1888.....	418,955.89		
1865.....	496,489.84	1877.....	316,351.94	1889.....	460,244.65		
1866.....	427,075.75	1878.....	320,431.71			Total..	\$17,315,193.24

*Only 5 per centum of the gross receipts of the company was received into the state treasury during 1855 and 1856.

The Army.

[Corrected to Nov. 15, 1899.]

General and Field Officers of the Regular and Volunteer forces of the United States.

DIVISION AND DEPARTMENT COMMANDERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY.**HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.**

Commander, Maj.-Gen. N. A. Miles.
 Aid-de-camp, Capt. Francis Michler, 5th Cav.
 Aid-de-camp, 1st Lt. H. H. Whitney, 4th Art.
 Adjutant-general, Lt.-Col. J. C. Glimore.

DIVISION OF CUBA.—Consisting of the geographical departments and provinces of the island of Cuba; headquarters, Havana, Cuba.

Commander, Maj.-Gen. J. R. Brooke.

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.—States of California and Nevada, the Hawaiian islands and their dependencies; headquarters, San Francisco, Cal.

Commander, Maj.-Gen. W. R. Shafter (retired).

DEPARTMENT OF THE COLORADO.—States of Wyoming (except so much thereof as is embraced in the Yellowstone national park), Colorado and Utah, and the territories of Arizona and New Mexico; headquarters, Denver, Col.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. H. C. Merriam.

DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA.—States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho (except so much of the latter as is embraced in the Yellowstone national park), and the territory of Alaska; headquarters, Vancouver Barracks, Washington.

Commander, Maj.-Gen. W. R. Shafter (retired).

DEPARTMENT OF DAKOTA.—States of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and so much of Wyoming and Idaho as is embraced in the Yellowstone national park; headquarters, St. Paul, Minn.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. J. F. Wade.

DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST.—New England states, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Virginia and North Carolina; headquarters, Governor's island, New York.

Commander, Maj.-Gen. Wesley Merritt.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.—States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana; headquarters, Atlanta, Ga.

Commander, Col. R. T. Frank, 1st artillery.

DEPARTMENT OF HAVANA.—Consisting of that portion of the island of Cuba embraced

within the following boundaries: Beginning at the mouth of the Almendares river; thence south and east following the Almendares to its tributary, the Rio Grande; thence along the Rio Grande to near its head; thence north via Santa Maria del Rosario to the headwaters of the Rio las Vegas; thence along the Rio las Vegas and the Rio Cojimar to the sea; headquarters, Havana, Cuba.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. William Ludlow.

DEPARTMENT OF THE LAKES.—States of Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee; headquarters, Chicago, Ill.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. T. M. Anderson.

DEPARTMENT OF MATANZAS AND SANTA CLARA.—Provinces of Matanzas and Santa Clara; headquarters, Matanzas, Cuba.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. J. H. Wilson.

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.—States of Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas, the Indian Territory and the territory of Oklahoma; headquarters, Omaha, Neb.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. H. C. Merriam.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PACIFIC.—Philippine islands; headquarters, Manila, P. I.

Commander, Maj.-Gen. E. S. Otis.

DEPARTMENT OF PUERTO RICO.—Island of Puerto Rico and the islands and keys adjacent thereto; headquarters, San Juan, Puerto Rico.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. G. W. Davis.

DEPARTMENT OF PROVINCE OF HAVANA AND PINAR DEL RIO.—Consisting of all that portion of the island of Cuba within the limits of the province of Havana (except such portion as is embraced in the Department of Havana) and the province of Pinar del Rio; headquarters, Havana, Cuba.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. Fitzhugh Lee.

DEPARTMENT OF SANTIAGO AND PUERTO PRINCEPE.—Provinces of Santiago and Puerto Principe; headquarters, Santiago, Cuba.

Commander, Brig.-Gen. Leonard Wood.

DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS.—State of Texas; headquarters, San Antonio, Tex.

Commander, Col. Chambers McKibbin, 12th infantry.

OFFICERS OF THE REGULAR ARMY.**MAJOR-GENERALS.**

Miles, Nelson A. Brooke, John R.
 Merritt, Wesley.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

Otis, Elwell S. Wade, James F.
 Merriam, Henry C. Anderson, Thomas M.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]
 Corbin, Henry C.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Colonel.]
 Barber, Merritt. Volkmar, William J.
 Sheridan, Michael V. Schwan, Theodore.
 Ward, Thomas.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.]

MacArthur, Arthur. Hall, William P.
 Glimore, John C. Wagner, Arthur L.
 Babcock, John B. Carter, William H.

[With rank of Major.]

Barry, Thomas H. Johnston, John A.

Helstead, Henry O. S. Simpson, William A.
 Andrews, George.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL.

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]

Breckinridge, Joseph C.

INSPECTORS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Colonel.]

Hughes, Robert P. Lawton, Henry W.
 Burton, George H.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.]

Vroom, Peter D. Garlington, Ernest A.
 Sanger, Joseph P.

[With rank of Major.]

Heyl, Charles H. Mills, Stephen C.
 Knox, Thomas T.

JUDGE-ADVOCATE GENERAL.

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]

Lieber, G. Norman.

ASSISTANT JUDGE-ADVOCATE GENERAL.

[With rank of Colonel.]

Barr, Thomas F.

DEPUTY JUDGE-ADVOCATES GENERAL.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.]

Clous, John W.

Davis, George B.

Hunter, Edward.

JUDGE ADVOCATES.

[With rank of Major.]

Groesbeck, Stephen W. Morrison, Jasper N.

Crowder, Enoch H.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL.

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]

Ludington, Marshall I.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASERS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Colonel.]

Moore, James M.

Scully, James W.

Lee, James G. C.

Kimball, Amos S.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASERS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.]

Furey, John V.

Humphreys, Chas. F.

Atwood, Edwin B.

Wheeler, Daniel D.

Marshall, James M.

Barnett, Charles R.

Simpson, John.

McCauley, Chas. A. H.

QUARTERMASERS.

[With rank of Major.]

Hathaway, Forrest H. Pullman, John W.

Jacobs, Joshua W.

Pope, James W.

Bird, Charles.

Jones, Francis B.

Clem, John L.

Miller, Crosby P.

Booth, Charles A.

Summerhayes, John W.

Patten, William S.

True, Theodore E.

Pond, George E.

Hyde, John McE.

PAYMASTER-GENERAL.

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]

Bates, Alfred E.

ASSISTANT PAYMASTERS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Colonel.]

Coxe, Frank M.

Wilson, Charles I.

DEPUTY PAYMASTERS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.]

Towar, Albert S.

Baird, George W.

Sniffen, Culver C.

PAYMASTERS.

[With rank of Major.]

Dodge, Francis S.

Kilbourne, Charles E.

McClure, Charles.

Bullis, John L.

Whipple, Charles H.

Rogers, Harry L.

Comegys, William H.

Watrous, Jerome A.

Tucker, William F.

Gilbert, William W.

Muhlenberg, John C.

Rees, Harry L.

Smith, George R.

Vinson, Webster.

Baker, John P.

Newbold, Charles.

Halford, Elijah W.

Wallace, Hamilton S.

Hamner, William H.

Wham, Joseph W.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

[Chief of Engineers.]

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]

Wilson, John M.

COLONELS.

Robert, Henry M.

Suter, Charles R.

Barlow, John W.

Smith, Jared A.

Hains, Peter C.

Mansfield, Samuel M.

Gillespie, George L.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Benyaurd, Wm. H. H.

Jones, William A.

Lydecker, Garrett J.

Damrell, Andrew N.

Stiekney, Amos.

Allen, Charles J.

Mackenzie, Alexander.

Raymond, Charles W.

Ernst, Oswald H.

Miller, Alexander M.

Heap, David P.

Adams, Milton B.

Ludlow, William.

Livermore, William R.

MAJORS.

Heuer, William H.

Willard, Joseph H.

Stanton, William S.

Bixby, William H.

Handbury, Thomas H.

Russell, William T.

Adams, Henry M.

Symons, Thomas W.

Davis, Charles E. L. B.

Leach, Smith S.

Quinn, James B.

Kingman, Dan C.

Lockwood, Daniel W.

Black, William M.

Ruffner, Ernest H.

Fisk, Walter L.

Sears, Clinton B.

Roessler, Solomon W.

Mahan, Frederick A.

Derby, George McC.

Powell, Charles F.

Lusk, James L.

Knight, John G. D.

Abbot, Frederic V.

Hoxie, Richard L.

Casey, Thomas L.

Marshall, William L.

Bingham, Theodore A

CHIEF OF ORDNANCE.

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]

Buffington, Adelbert R.

COLONELS.

Whittemore, Jas. M.

Farley, Joseph P.

Mordecai, Alfred.

Babbitt, Lawrence S.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Marye, William A.

Phipps, Frank H.

Arnold, Isaac, Jr.

Reilly, James W.

McGinness, John R.

MAJORS.

Kress, John A.

Shaler, Charles.

Dutton, Clarence E.

Smith, Charles S.

Butler, John G.

Blunt, Stanhope E.

Varney, Almon L.

Heath, Frank.

Greer, John E.

Taylor, Daniel M.

Pitman, John.

Lyle, David A.

CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER.

[With rank of Brigadier-General.]

Greely, Adolphus W.

ASSISTANT CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER.

[With rank of Colonel.]

Dunwoody, Henry H. C.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

Craig, Robert.

MAJOR.

Allen, James.

RECORD AND PENSION OFFICE.

[Chief, with rank of Brigadier-General.]

Ainsworth, Fred C.

[Assistant, with rank of Major.]

Tweedale, John.

REGIMENTAL OFFICERS.**FIRST CAVALRY**—Colonel, Arnold, Abraham K.; lieutenant-colonel, Lebo, Thomas C.; majors, Bell, James M.; Smith, Allen; Ward, Frederick K.**SECOND CAVALRY**—Colonel, Noyes, Henry E.; lieutenant-colonel, Wallace, William M.; majors, Hennisee, Argalus G.; Dorst, Joseph H.; Schuyler, Walter S.**THIRD CAVALRY**—Colonel, Young, Samuel B. M.; lieutenant-colonel, Wessells, Henry W., Jr.; majors, Jackson, Henry; Swigert, Samuel M.; Steever, Edgar Z.**FOURTH CAVALRY**—Colonel, Viele, Chas. D.; lieutenant-colonel, Hayes, Edward

M.; majors, Rucker, Louis H.; Augur, Jacob A.; Morton, Charles.

FIFTH CAVALRY—Colonel, Rafferty, Wm. A.; lieutenant-colonel, Carr, Camillo, C. C.; majors, Cooper, Charles L.; Dimmick, Eugene D.; Thomas, Earl D.**SIXTH CAVALRY**—Colonel, Sumner, Samuel S.; lieutenant-colonel, Wint, Theodore J.; majors, Huggins, Eli L.; Anderson, George S.; Rodgers, Alexander.**SEVENTH CAVALRY**—Colonel, Baldwin, Theodore A.; lieutenant-colonel, Wheelan, James N.; majors, Godfrey, Edward S.; Egerly, Winfield S.; Godwin, Edward A.

EIGHTH CAVALRY—Colonel, Chaffee, Adna R.; lieutenant-colonel, Davis, Wirt; majors, Hatfield, Charles A. P.; Sprole, Henry W.; Stanton, William.

NINTH CAVALRY—Colonel, McGregor, Thomas; lieutenant-colonel, Wells, Almond B.; majors, Woodson, Albert E.; Forbush, William C.; Hughes, Martin B.

TENTH CAVALRY—Colonel, Whitlside, Samuel M.; lieutenant-colonel, Moore, Francis; majors, Pratt, Richard H.; Kerr, John B.; Stedman, Clarence A.

FIRST ARTILLERY—Colonel, Frank, Royal T.; lieutenant-colonel, Kinzie, David H.; majors, Calef, John H.; Tiernan, John L.; Ingalls, James M.

SECOND ARTILLERY—Colonel, Pennington, Alex. C. M.; lieutenant-colonel, Has- kin, William L.; majors, Field, Edward; Scantling, John C.; Grimes, George S.

THIRD ARTILLERY—Colonel, Rawles, Jacob B.; lieutenant-colonel, Randolph, Wallace F.; majors, Hess, Frank W.; Kobbe, William A.; Merrill, Abner H.

FOURTH ARTILLERY—Colonel, Guenther, Francis L.; lieutenant-colonel, Rodney, George B.; majors, Lancaster, James M.; Andruss, E. Van A.; Fuger, Frederick.

FIFTH ARTILLERY—Colonel, Rodgers, John I.; lieutenant-colonel, McCrea, Tully; majors, Maybrick, John R.; Burbank, James B.; Day, Selden A.

SIXTH ARTILLERY—Colonel, Williston, Edward B.; lieutenant-colonel, Smith, Frank G.; majors, Mills, Samuel M.; Vose, William P.; Ennis, William.

SEVENTH ARTILLERY—Colonel, Has- brouck, Henry C.; lieutenant-colonel, Woodruff, Carle A.; majors, Morris, Charles; Story, John P.; Greenough, George G.

FIRST INFANTRY—Colonel, Harbach, Abram A.; lieutenant-colonel, Dempsey, Charles A.; majors, O'Connell, John J.; Edmunds, Frank H.; Smith, Frederick A.

SECOND INFANTRY—Colonel, Bates, John C.; lieutenant-colonel, Corliss, Augustus W.; majors, Bowman, Alpheus H.; Hall, Charles B.; Maus, Marion P.

THIRD INFANTRY—Colonel, Page, John H.; lieutenant-colonel, Goodale, Greenleaf A.; majors, Baldwin, Frank D.; Rice, Edmund; Hannay, John W.

FOURTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Hall, Robert H.; lieutenant-colonel, Sanno, James M. J.; majors, Price, Butler D.; Reade, Philip; Scott, Walter S.

FIFTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Comba, Richard; lieutenant-colonel, Hooton, Mott; majors, Chance, Jesse C.; Forbes, Theodore F.; Borden, George P.

SIXTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Kellogg, Edgar R.; lieutenant-colonel, Miner, Charles W.; majors, Whitney, Folliot A.; Crowell, Wm. H. H.; Rockefeller, Chas. M.

SEVENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Coates, Edwin M.; lieutenant-colonel, Dougherty, William E.; majors, Richards, Wm. V.; Kendrick, Frederick M. H.; Van Orsdale, John T.

EIGHTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Randall, George M.; lieutenant-colonel, Ellis, Philip H.; majors, Stretch, John F.; Ray, P. Henry; Pitcher, William L.

NINTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Liscum, Emerson H.; lieutenant-colonel, Coolridge, Charles A.; majors, Lee, Jesse M.; Foote, Morris C.; Regan, James.

TENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Ewers, Ezra P.; lieutenant-colonel, Lincoln, Sumner H.; majors, Duggan, Walter T.; Hoyt, Ralph W.; Brown, George Le R.

ELEVENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, De Russy, Isaac D.; lieutenant-colonel, Brinkerhoff, Henry R.; majors, Davis, Charles L.; Myer, Albert L.; Mansfield, Francis W.

TWELFTH INFANTRY—Colonel, McKibbin, Chambers; lieutenant-colonel, Bubb, John W.; majors, Haskell, Harry L.; Gerlach, William; Allen, Leven C.

THIRTEENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Bisbee, William H.; lieutenant-colonel, Roberts, Cyrus S.; majors, Auman, William; Duncan, Joseph W.; Gardener, Cornelius.

FOURTEENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Daggett, Aaron S.; lieutenant-colonel, Thompson, J. Milton; majors, Potter, Carroll H.; Quinton, William; Matlie, Leon A.

FIFTEENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Moale, Edward; lieutenant-colonel, Williams, Constant; majors, Guthrie, John B.; Buchanan, James A.; Cornish, George A.

SIXTEENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Hood, Charles C.; lieutenant-colonel, Spurgin, William F.; majors, Ward, Henry C.; Kirkman, Joel T.; Whitall, Samuel R.

SEVENTEENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Smith, Jacob H.; lieutenant-colonel, Robe, Charles F.; majors, O'Brien, Lyster M.; Williams, Charles A.; Cowles, Calvin D.

EIGHTEENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Carpenter, Gilbert S.; lieutenant-colonel, Van Horne, William M.; majors, Paul, Charles R.; Adams, Henry H.; Wheeler, William B.

NINETEENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Snyder, Simon; lieutenant-colonel, Boyle, William H.; majors, Leefe, John G.; Houston, Joseph F.; Woodbury, Thomas C.

TWENTIETH INFANTRY—Colonel, Wheaton, Loyd; lieutenant-colonel, McCaskey, William S.; majors, Miller, James; Rogers, William P.; Rodman, John B.

TWENTY-FIRST INFANTRY—Colonel, Kline, Jacob; lieutenant-colonel, Clapp, William H.; majors, Cornman, Daniel; Lockwood, Benjamin C.; Wittich, Willis.

TWENTY-SECOND INFANTRY—Colonel, French, John W.; lieutenant-colonel, Hartz, Wilson T.; majors, Penney, Chas. G.; Baldwin, John A.; Reynolds, Alfred.

TWENTY-THIRD INFANTRY—Colonel, Davis, George W.; lieutenant-colonel, Eskridge, Richard I.; majors, Sweet, Owen J.; James, William H. W.; Pratt, Edward B.

TWENTY-FOURTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Freeman, Henry B.; lieutenant-colonel, Keller, Charles; majors, Markley, Alfred C.; Wygant, Henry; Macklin, James E.

TWENTY-FIFTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Burt, Andrew S.; lieutenant-colonel, Jocelyn, Stephen P.; majors, Craigie, David J.; Noble, Charles H.; Wilson, David B.

RETIRED LIST.

ABOVE THE RANK OF CAPTAIN. ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED. ADDRESS CARE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Annual pay—Lieutenant-general, \$8,250; major-general, \$5,625; brigadier-general, \$4,125; colonel, \$3,375; lieutenant-colonel, \$3,000; major, \$2,825.

Abbott, Henry L., Col.
 Adam, Emil, Maj.
 Adams, Moses A., Chaplain.
 Alexander, Chas. T., Col.
 Andrews, Geo. L., Col.
 Andrews, John N., Col.
 Arthur, William, Maj.
 Anstine, William, Maj.
 Avery, Robert, Lieut.-Col.
 Bacon, John M., Col.
 Bailey, Clarence M., Col.
 Baily, Elisha I., Col.
 Bainbridge, Augustus H., Lieut.-Col.
 Bainbridge, Edmund C., Col.
 Baird, Absalom, Brig.-Gen.
 Baker, Stephen, Maj.
 Baldrige, Ben L., Chaplain.
 Barriger, John W., Col.
 Bartholf, John H., Maj.
 Bartlett, Charles G., Col.
 Bash, Daniel N., Maj.
 Batchelder, Richard N., Brig.-Gen.
 Bates, Robert F., Maj.
 Beaumont, Eugene B., Lieut.-Col.
 Belcher, John H., Maj.
 Bell, George, Col.
 Bell, William H., Brig.-Gen.
 Benham, Daniel W., Col.
 Bennett, Clarence E., Lieut.-Col.
 Bentley, Edwin, Maj.
 Bentzoni, Charles, Maj.
 Bergland, Eric, Maj.
 Bernard, Reuben F., Lieut.-Col.
 Beddle, James, Col.
 Billings, John S., Lieut.-Col.
 Bingham, Judson D., Col.
 Bliss, Zenas R., Maj.-Gen.
 Blunt, Matthew M., Col.
 Bradford, James H., Lieut.-Col.
 Bradley, Luther P., Col.
 Brayton, George M., Col.
 Breck, Samuel, Brig.-Gen.
 Brewerton, Henry F., Maj.
 Bridgeman, Frank, Maj.
 Brinkle, John R., Maj.
 Brooke, John, Maj.-Gen.
 Brown, Hugh G., Maj.
 Brown, Paul R., Maj.
 Bryant, Cullen, Maj.
 Bryant, Montgomery, Col.
 Burbank, Jacob E., Maj.
 Burke, Daniel W., Brig.-Gen.
 Burns, James M., Maj.
 Caldwell, Daniel G., Maj.
 Campbell, John, Col.
 Campbell, Lafayette E., Maj.
 Canby, James P., Col.
 Card, Benjamin C., Lieut.-Col.
 Carey, Asa B., Brig.-Gen.
 Carlin, William P., Brig.-Gen.
 Carlton, Caleb H., Brig.-Gen.
 Carpenter, Louis H., Brig.-Gen.
 Carr, Eugene A., Brig.-Gen.
 Carrington, Henry B., Col.
 Carroll, Henry, Col.
 Casey, James S., Col.
 Catton, Isaac S., Col.
 Cavanaugh, Harry G., Maj.
 Chandler, John G., Col.
 Chase, Dudley, Chaplain.
 Chester, James, Maj.
 Chipman, Henry L., Lieut.-Col.
 Clark, Joseph C., Maj.
 Closson, Henry W., Col.
 Cochran, Melville A., Col.
 Coe, John N., Lieut.-Col.
 Collier, George W., Chaplain.
 Collins, Edward, Lieut.-Col.
 Compton, Charles E., Col.
 Comstock, Cyrus B., Col.
 Cook, Henry C., Col.
 Cooney, Michael, Col.
 Coppinger, John J., Brig.-Gen.
 Corson, Joseph K., Maj.
 Crabbe, George W., Maj.
 Craighill, William P., Brig.-Gen.
 Crandal, Fred M., Maj.
 Cronkrite, Henry M., Maj.
 Cushing, Harry C., Maj.
 Cushing, Samuel T., Brig.-Gen.
 Dandy, George B., Col.
 Darling, John A., Maj.
 DeComay, Ferd E., Maj.
 Dillenback, John W., Maj.
 Dodd, Stephen G., Chaplain.
 Drum, Richard C., Brig.-Gen.
 DuBarry, Beekman, Brig.-Gen.
 Dudley, Nathan A. M., Col.
 Dunbar, George W., Chaplain.
 Ebstein, Fred H. E., Maj.
 Eckerson, Theo. J., Maj.
 Egan, John, Maj.
 Elbrey, Fred W., Maj.
 Elderkin, William A., Col.
 Elliot, George H., Col.
 Enos, Herbert M., Maj.
 Evans, Andrew W., Col.
 Ewen, Clarence, Maj.
 Fechet, Edmond G., Maj.
 Fessenden, Francis, Brig.-Gen.
 Floyd-Jones, Delacey, Col.
 Forsyth, George A., Lieut.-Col.
 Forsyth, James W., Maj.-Gen.
 Forsyth, Lewis C., Lieut.-Col.
 Foster, Charles W., Maj.
 Frank, Royal T., Brig.-Gen.
 Fryer, Blencowe E., Lieut.-Col.
 Gardiner, Asa B., Maj.
 Gardner, William H., Lieut.-Col.
 Gilty, George W., Col.
 Gibson, Horatio G., Col.
 Gibson, Joseph R., Lieut.-Col.
 Gilbert, Charles C., Col.
 Gilman, Jeremiah H., Lieut.-Col.
 Gordon, David S., Col.
 Gould, William P., Maj.
 Graham, Lawrence P., Col.
 Graham, William M., Brig.-Gen.
 Green, John, Lieut.-Col.
 Greene, Oliver D., Col.
 Grierson, Benjamin H., Brig.-Gen.
 Grugan, Frank C., Maj.
 Guard, Alexander McC., Maj.
 Hall, Henry H., Chaplain.
 Hall, Peter P. G., Maj.
 Hamilton, John, Col.
 Hammond, William A., Brig.-Gen.
 Hardin, Martin D., Brig.-Gen.
 Harris, Moses, Maj.
 Hatch, John P., Col.
 Hawkins, Hamilton S., Brig.-Gen.
 Hawkins, John P., Brig.-Gen.
 Hawley, William, Maj.
 Head, George E., Lieut.-Col.

Head, John F., Col.
 Heger, Anthony, Col.
 Herrick, Osgood E., Chaplain.
 Hinton, Charles B., Maj.
 Hobart, Charles, Lieut.-Col.
 Hodges, Henry C., Col.
 Holabird, Sam B., Brig.-Gen.
 Horton, Sam M., Lieut.-Col.
 Hough, Alfred L., Col.
 Howard, Oliver O., Maj.-Gen.
 Hubbard, William F., Chaplain.
 Humphreys, Henry H., Lieut.-Col.
 Huntington, David L., Lieut.-Col.
 Hunt, George G., Col.
 Ingalls, Charles H., Maj.
 Irvine, Javan B., Maj.
 Irwin, Bernard J. D., Col.
 Jackson, Allen H., Maj.
 Jackson, James, Lieut.-Col.
 Jackson, John W., Chaplain.
 Janeway, John H., Lieut.-Col.
 Johnson, Lewis, Maj.
 Jordan, William H., Col.
 Judd, Edwin D., Maj.
 Kauffman, Albert B., Maj.
 Keefer, John B., Maj.
 Kelley, Joseph M., Maj.
 Kellogg, Sanford C., Maj.
 Kendall, Henry M., Maj.
 Kendig, Daniel, Chaplain.
 Kennedy, William B., Maj.
 Kent, Jacob F., Brig.-Gen.
 Keyes, Alexander S. B., Maj.
 Kirk, Ezra B., Maj.
 Kirtland, Thaddeus S., Maj.
 Kramer, Adam, Maj.
 Lacey, Francis E., Lieut.-Col.
 Langdon, Loomis L., Col.
 Larned, Daniel R., Maj.
 Latimer, Alfred E., Maj.
 Lauderdale, John V., Maj.
 Lawson, Gaines, Maj.
 Lazelle, Henry M., Col.
 Lewis, John R., Col.
 Lindesmith, Eli W. J., Chaplain.
 Litchfield, Henry G., Maj.
 Livingston, La Rhett L., Col.
 Lloyd, Thomas J., Maj.
 Lodor, Richard, Col.
 Loring, Leonard Y., Maj.
 Loud, John S., Maj.
 Lowell, Delmer R., Chaplain.
 Lyman, Wyllys, Maj.
 McArthur, Joseph H., Maj.
 McClure, Daniel, Col.
 McCook, Alex McD., Maj.-Gen.
 MacFeely, Robert, Brig.-Gen.
 McGonnigle, Andrew J., Maj.
 McKeever, Chauncey, Col.
 McLaughlin, William H., Lieut.-Col.
 McMillan, James, Maj.
 Madden, Daniel, Maj.
 Magruder, David L., Col.
 Mallery, John C., Maj.
 Manning, William C., Maj.
 Mathey, Edward G., Maj.
 Matthews, Washington, Maj.
 Mendell, George H., Col.
 Merrill, Sherman H., Chaplain.
 Middleton, Johnson V. D., Lieut.-Col.
 Miles, Evans, Col.
 Miller, Marcus P., Brig.-Gen.
 Mills, Anson, Brig.-Gen.
 Mitchell, George, Maj.
 Mizner, Henry R., Col.
 Montgomery, Robert H., Maj.
 Moore, John, Brig.-Gen.
 Morgan, James N., Maj.
 Morgan, Michael R., Brig.-Gen.
 Morrow, Albert P., Col.

Mosher, Theodore, Maj.
 Moylan, Myles, Maj.
 Mullins, George G., Chaplain.
 Murphy, John, Maj.
 Murray, Robert, Brig.-Gen.
 Nash, William H., Brig.-Gen.
 Norvell, Steven T., Lieut.-Col.
 Nugent, Robert, Maj.
 Oakes, James, Col.
 Olmsted, Jerauld A., Maj.
 Ord, James C., Maj.
 Ovenshine, Samuel, Brig.-Gen.
 Page, Charles, Col.
 Palmer, George H., Maj.
 Palmer, Innus N., Col.
 Parke, John G., Col.
 Parker, Daingerfield, Col.
 Parker, John D., Chaplain.
 Parker, Leopold O., Lieut.-Col.
 Patterson, John H., Brig.-Gen.
 Patzki, Julius H., Maj.
 Pearson, Edward P., Col.
 Pearson, William H., Chaplain.
 Pennington, Alex C. M., Brig.-Gen.
 Pennypacker, Galusha, Col.
 Penrose, William H., Col.
 Perry, Alex, Col.
 Perry, David, Col.
 Piper, Alex, Col.
 Pollock, Otis W., Maj.
 Poole, DeWitt C., Maj.
 Porter, Charles, Lieut.-Col.
 Porter, Fitz-John, Col.
 Potter, James B. M., Lieut.-Col.
 Powell, James W., Col.
 Powell, William H., Col.
 Prime, Fred E., Maj.
 Quimby, Ira, Maj.
 Randall, Edward L., Maj.
 Randlett, James F., Lieut.-Col.
 Reese, Henry B., Maj.
 Rexford, William H., Maj.
 Ritner, J. N., Chaplain.
 Ritzlous, Henry P., Maj.
 Robinson, George F., Maj.
 Rochester, William B., Brig.-Gen.
 Rockwell, Almon F., Lieut.-Col.
 Rodenborough, F. F., Col.
 Rogers, Benjamin H., Maj.
 Rose, Thomas E., Maj.
 Rucker, Daniel H., Brig.-Gen.
 Ruger, Thomas H., Maj.-Gen.
 Ruggles, George D., Brig.-Gen.
 Runkle, Benjamin P., Maj.
 Russell, Edmund K., Maj.
 Russell, George B., Lieut.-Col.
 Russell, Gerald, Maj.
 Sanborn, Washington I., Maj.
 Sanford, George B., Col.
 Savage, Egbert B., Lieut.-Col.
 Sawtelle, Charles G., Brig.-Gen.
 Saxton, Rufus, Col.
 Scofield, John M., Lieut.-Gen.
 Scott, Douglas M., Maj.
 Scott, William H., Chaplain.
 Scott, Winfield, Chaplain.
 Seibold, John S., Chaplain.
 Seton, Henry, Maj.
 Shafter, William R., Brig.-Gen.
 Shannon, William C., Maj.
 Sharp, Alex, Maj.
 Sharp, Thomas, Maj.
 Shea, Thomas, Lieut.-Col.
 Sickles, Daniel E., Maj.-Gen.
 Simpson, George W., Chaplain.
 Simpson, Marcus D. L., Col.
 Sinclair, William, Brig.-Gen.
 Skinner, John O., Maj.
 Smith, Alfred T., Col.
 Smith, Andrew K., Col.

Smith, Charles H., Col.
 Smith, Joseph R., Col.
 Smith, Leslie, Lieut.-Col.
 Smith, Lewis, Maj.
 Smith, Rodney, Col.
 Smith, Thomas M. K., Lieut.-Col.
 Smith, William, Brig.-Gen.
 Smith, Wm. F., Maj.
 Stafford, Stephen R., Maj.
 Stanley, David S., Brig.-Gen.
 Stanton, Thaddeus H., Brig.-Gen.
 Stewart, Charles S., Col.
 Stewart, Joseph, Lieut.-Col.
 Stone, Ebenezer W., Maj.
 Stouch, George W. H., Maj.
 Strong, Norton, Maj.
 Sullivan, Thomas C., Brig.-Gen.
 Summers, John E., Col.
 Sumner, Edwin V., Brig.-Gen.
 Swaine, Peter T., Col.
 Swayne, Wager, Col.
 Terrell, Charles M., Col.
 Theaker, Hugh A., Col.
 Thompson, William A., Maj.
 Throckmorton, Charles B., Maj.
 Tidball, John C., Col.
 Tilford, Joseph G., Col.
 Tompkins, Charles H., Col.
 Tower, Z. B., Col.
 Town, Francis L., Col.
 Townsend, Edwin F., Col.
 Van Valzah, David D., Col.
 Van Vliet, Stewart, Col.
 Van Voast, James, Col.
 Vernon, Charles A., Maj.

Vickery, Richard S., Maj.
 Vincent, Thomas M., Col.
 Vullum, Edward P., Col.
 Wagner, Henry, Lieut.-Col.
 Warner, Edward R., Maj.
 Waterbury, William M., Maj.
 Waters, William E., Lieut.-Col.
 Weaver, Francis H., Chaplain.
 Wedemeyer, William G., Maj.
 Weeks, George H., Brig.-Gen.
 Wells, Daniel T., Maj.
 Wheaton, Frank, Maj.-Gen.
 Wheeler, George M., Maj.
 Wherry, William M., Brig.-Gen.
 Whipple, William D., Col.
 White, David, Chaplain.
 White, Robert H., Maj.
 Whittemore, Edward W., Lieut.-Col.
 Wilcox, John A., Lieut.-Col.
 Wilhelm, Thomas, Maj.
 Wilkins, John D., Col.
 Willard, Wells, Lieut.-Col.
 Wilcox, Orlando B., Brig.-Gen.
 Williams, Robert, Brig.-Gen.
 Wills, David, Chaplain.
 Wilson, David, Chaplain.
 Wilson, Thomas, Col.
 Witcher, John S., Maj.
 Wolverton, William D., Lieut.-Col.
 Wood, Henry C., Col.
 Wood, Thomas J., Brig.-Gen.
 Woodruff, Edward C., Lieut.-Col.
 Woodward, George A., Col.
 Worth, William S., Brig.-Gen.

GENERAL OFFICERS AND OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL STAFF, UNITED STATES VOLUNTEERS.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

MAJOR-GENERALS.

Shafter, William R. Lawton, Henry W.
 Otis, Elwell S. MacArthur, Arthur.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

Wilson, James H. Davis, George W.
 Lee, Fitzhugh. Schwan, Theodore.
 Wheeler, Joseph. Hall, Robert H.
 Bates, John C. Wheaton, Loyd.
 Young, Samuel B. M. Grant, Frederick D.
 Chaffee, Adna R. Hughes, Robert P.
 Ludlow, William. Smith, James F.
 Wood, Leonard. Funston, Frederick.

OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL STAFF.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.]

Richards, William V. Scott, Hugh L.
 Barry, Thomas H.

[With rank of Major.]

Sturgis, Samuel D. Greble, Edwin St. J.
 Pershing, John J. Noble, Robert H.
 Michie, Robert E. L. Alvord, Benjamin.
 Hickey, James B.

INSPECTORS-GENERAL.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.]

Maus, Marion P. Heyl, Charles H.
 Reade, Philip.

[With rank of Major.]

Harrison, Russell B. West, Parker W.
 Rolfe, Robert H. Beach, Wm. D.
 Murray, Cunliffe H. Brown, Robert A.
 Sharpe, Alfred C.

JUDGE ADVOCATES.

[With rank of Major.]

Dudley, Edgar S. Hull, John A.
 McClure, Charles. Dunn, George M.
 Carbaugh, Harvey C.

QUARTERMASTERS.

[With rank of Major.]

Jones, Samuel R. Miller, William H.
 Sawyer, J. Estcourt. Thompson, Charles B.
 Von Schrader, Fred. Devol, Carroll A.
 Long, Oscar F. Brooks, John C. W.
 Martin, Medad C. Bingham, Gonzalez S.
 Cruse, Thomas. Schreiner, Francis M.
 Hodgson, Frederick G. Young, Haldimand P.
 Ladd, Eugene F. Baker, Chauncey B.
 Carson, John M., Jr. White, William J.
 Ruhlen, George. Aleshire, James B.
 Robertson, Edgar B. Cragger, Noble H.
 Hutchins, Morris C. Knight, John T.
 Wilson, James L. French, John T., Jr.
 Bellinger, John B. Cartwright, George S.
 Roudiez, Leons.

COMMISSARIES OF SUBSISTENCE.

[With rank of Major.]

Miles, Perry L. Davis, George B.
 Gallagher, Hugh J. Brainard, David L.
 Mercer, Carroll. Ruthers, George W.
 Wood, Oliver E.

ASSISTANT COMMISSARIES OF SUBSISTENCE.

[With rank of Captain.]

Hacker, Theodore B. Read, James C.
 Bootes, Samuel B. Ryan, Thomas F.
 Fenton, Eben B. Logan, James A., Jr.
 Deming, Peter C. Street, Harlow L.
 Hutchins, Edward R. Kraushoff, Charles R.
 Milliken, Seth M. Mothersill, Philip.
 Pomroy, Frederick H. Landstreet, John, Jr.

SURGEONS.

[With rank of Major.]

Cardwell, Herbert W. Kendall, William P.
 Hysell, James H. Morris, Edward R.
 Hoyt, Henry F. Potter, Samuel O. L.
 Edie, Guy L. Harris, Henry S. T.
 Crosby, William D. Armstrong, Samuel T.
 Raymond, Henry I. Penrose, George H.
 Ives, Francis J. Shiels, George F.

De Niedeman, Wm. F. Laine, Damaso T.
Carr, Lawrence C. Ducker, Orlando.
Brown, Ira C. Combe, Frederick J.
Davis, John G. Meacham, Franklin A.
Turnbull, Wilfrid. Kean, Jefferson R.
Balch, Lewis. Drake, Charles M.
Winn, William B. Keefer, Frank R.
Matthews, W. S. H. Flsher, Henry C.
Echeverria, Rafael F. Ewing, Charles B.
Thomason, Henry D. Bannister, William B

ADDITIONAL PAYMASTERS.

[With rank of Major.]

Gambrill, William G. Ray, Beecher B.
Downey, George F. Rochester, Wm. B., Jr.
Fishback, George W. Holloway, George T.
Keleher, Timothy D. Smith, Robert S.

Lord, Herbert M.
Howell, Seymour.
Schofield, William B.
Houston, James B.
Pickett, George E.
Dawes, James W.
Becker, Otto.
Canby, James.
Curry, Manly B.
Wilkins, Joseph S.
Monaghan, William.
Coffin, Eugene.

Varney, Thaddeus P.
Lynch, John R.
Goodman, Thomas C.
Graham, William R.
Sternberg, Theodore.
Sanders, Julius G.
Stanton, Charles E.
Arthur, George G.
Stevens, Pierre C.
Belknap, Hugh R.
Slaughter, Bradner D.

SIGNAL OFFICERS.

[With rank of Major.]

Thompson, Richard E. Glassford, William A.
Scriven, George P. Maxfield, Joseph E.

REGIMENTAL OFFICERS OF THE VOLUNTEERS.

ELEVENTH CAVALRY—Colonel, Lockett, James; lieutenant-colonel, Starr, Charles G.; majors, Sline, Hugh T.; Carson, Thomas G.; Nolan, Dennis E.

TWENTY-SIXTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Rice, Edmund; lieutenant-colonel, Dickman, Joseph T.; majors, Anderson, Edward D.; Cook, Frank A.; Henry, Guy V., Jr.

TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Bell, James M.; lieutenant-colonel, Cummins, Albert S.; majors, Byram, George L.; Hunt, Clyde D. V.; Cassatt, Edward B.

TWENTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Birkhimer, William E.; lieutenant-colonel, Leonard, Robert W.; majors, Morgan, George H.; Porter, John B.; Taggart, Elmore F.

TWENTY-NINTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Hardin, Edward E.; lieutenant-colonel, Sargent, Herbert H.; majors, Hawthorne, Harry L.; Case, David B.; Johnson, Evan M.

THIRTIETH INFANTRY—Colonel, Gardner, Cornelius; lieutenant-colonel, Campbell, James R.; majors, Steele, Matthew F.; Hartigan, Thomas L.; Lovering, Leonard A.

THIRTY-FIRST INFANTRY—Colonel, Pettet, James S.; lieutenant-colonel, Hayes, Webb C.; majors, McMahon, John E.; Liggett, Hunter; Brett, Lloyd M.

THIRTY-SECOND INFANTRY—Colonel, Craig, Louis A.; lieutenant-colonel, Strother, Lewis H.; majors, Spence, Robert E. L.; Cabell, Charles E.; Henry, Morton J.

THIRTY-THIRD INFANTRY—Colonel, Hare, Luther R.; lieutenant-colonel, Brereton, John J.; majors, Cronin, Marcus D.; March, Peyton C.; Sirmeyer, Edgar A.

THIRTY-FOURTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Kennon, Lyman W. V.; lieutenant-colonel, Howze, Robert L.; majors, Penn, Julius A.; Wheeler, Joseph, Jr.; Shunk, William A.

THIRTY-FIFTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Kobbe, William A.; lieutenant-colonel, Plummer, Edward H.; majors, Short, Walter C.; Laws, Albert; Walsh, Robert D.

THIRTY-SIXTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Bell, J. Franklin; lieutenant-colonel, Grove, William R.; majors, Bishop, William H.; Braden, John Q. A.; Lubn, William L.

THIRTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY—Colonel,

Wallace, Robert B.; lieutenant-colonel, Hamer, Thomas R.; majors, Cheatham, B. Frank; Boyd, Charles T.; Orwig, Henry B.

THIRTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Anderson, George S.; lieutenant-colonel, Crane, Charles J.; majors, Holbrook, Willard A.; Muir, Charles H.; Goodier, Lewis E.

THIRTY-NINTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Bullard, Robert L.; lieutenant-colonel, Crowder, Enoch H.; majors, Mulford, Harry B.; Parker, John H.; Langhome, Geo. T.

FORTIETH INFANTRY—Colonel, Goodwin, Edward A.; lieutenant-colonel, Byrne, Bernard A.; majors, McNamee, Michael M.; Craighill, William E.; Case, James F.

FORTY-FIRST INFANTRY—Colonel, Richmond, Ephraim T. O.; lieutenant-colonel, Mallory, John S.; majors, Preston, Guy H.; Wood, Palmer G.; Wholley, John H.

FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY—Colonel, Thompson, J. Milton; lieutenant-colonel, Beacom, John H.; majors, Brown, William C.; Prime, John R.; Carey, Edward C.

FORTY-THIRD INFANTRY—Colonel, Murray, Arthur; lieutenant-colonel, Wilder, Wilber E.; majors, Allen, Henry T.; Gilmore, John C., Jr.; Andrews, Lincoln C.

FORTY-FOURTH INFANTRY—Colonel, McClernand, Edward J.; lieutenant-colonel, Scott, William S.; majors, Hale, Harry C.; Walcutt, Charles C., Jr.; McCoy, Henry B.

FORTY-FIFTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Dorst, Joseph H.; lieutenant-colonel, Parker, James; majors, Frederick, Daniel A.; Cole, Edwin T.; Birkhaeuser, Theodore K.

FORTY-SIXTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Schuyler, Walter S.; lieutenant-colonel, Pratt, Edward B.; majors, Miller, Samuel W.; Johnson, William H.; Brooke, William.

FORTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Howe, Walter; lieutenant-colonel, Edwards, Clarence R.; majors, Wise, Hugh D.; Shipton, James A.; Anderson, Keller.

FORTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Duvall, William P.; lieutenant-colonel, Jones, Thaddeus W.; majors, Rice, Sedgwick; Dade, Alex L.; Howard, John.

FORTY-NINTH INFANTRY—Colonel, Beck, William H.; lieutenant-colonel, Ducat, Arthur C.; majors, Hinds, Ernest; Kirkman, George W.; Johnson, Carter P.

GARRISONED POSTS.

- Adams, Ft., Newport, R. I. (East).—Hdqs. C, H and I, 7th Art.
 Adjuntas, P. R.—B, 5th Cav.
 Aguadilla, P. R.—H, 11th Inf.
 Albonito, P. R.—G, 5th Cav.
 Alcatraz Island, Cal. (Cal.).—N, 3d Art.
 Angel Island, Cal. (Cal.).—Hdqs. A, 2d Inf.
 Apache, Ft., Ariz. (Colo.).—E and G, 9th Cav.
 Arellibo, P. R.—A, 5th Cav.
 Armistead, Ft., Baltimore, Md. (East).—Det. D, 4th Art.
 Assiniboine, Ft., Mont. (Dak.).—Det. 24th Inf.
 Banes, Cuba.—F, 10th Cav.
 Banks, Ft., Winthrop, Mass.—F, 7th Art.
 Baracca, Cuba.—B, 5th Inf.
 Barrancas, Ft., Warrington, Fla. (East).—H and L, 1st Art.
 Bayamo, Cuba.—L and M, 10th Cav.
 Bayard, Ft., N. Mex. (Colo.).—K, 9th Cav.
 Benicia Barracks, Benicia, Cal. (Cal.).—Det.
 Bliss, Ft., El Paso, Tex. (East).—A, 25th Inf.
 Boise Barracks, Boise, Idaho (Col.).—H, 6th Cav.
 Brady, Ft., Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. (Lakes).—M, 7th Inf.
 Brown, Ft., Brownsville, Tex. (Texas).—L, 9th Cav.
 Calbarlen, Cuba.—L, 2d Inf.
 Canby, Ft., Wash. (Col.).—Det.
 Cardenas, Cuba.—C, D and E, 10th Inf.
 Casey, Ft., Seattle, Wash.—Det. 3d Art.
 Caswell, Ft., Southport, N. C. (East).—C, 4th Art.
 Canto, Cuba.—Det. 10th Cav.
 Cayey, P. R.—M, 5th Cav.
 Ciego de Avila, Cuba.—B, I and L, 15th Inf.
 Cienfuegos, Cuba.—M, 2d Inf.
 Circle City, Alaska.—Det. L, 7th Inf.
 Clark, Ft., Bracketville, Tex. (Texas).—M, 9th Cav.
 Columbus Barracks, Columbus, O. (Lakes).—G, 7th Inf.
 Columbus, Ft., N. Y. City, N. Y. (East).—A, 5th Art.
 Constitution, Ft., New Castle, N. H. (East).—Det. 4th Art.
 Crook, Ft., Neb. (Mo.).—I, K and M, 10th Inf.
 D. A. Russell, Ft., Wyo. (Col.).—B, 1st Cav.
 Delaware, Ft., Delaware City, Del. (East).—Det.
 Douglas, Ft., Utah (Col.).—C, 9th Cav.
 Duchesne, Ft., Utah (Col.).—I, 9th Cav.
 Du Pont, Ft., Delaware City, Del. (East).—L, 4th Art.
 Dyea, Alaska (Col.).—L, 24th Inf.
 Egbert, Ft., Eagle City, Alaska.—L, 7th Inf.
 El Caney, Cuba.—E and D, 5th Inf.
 El Cobre, Cuba.—Det. 5th Inf.
 Ethan Allen, Ft., Essex Junction, Vt. (East).—Det.
 Flagler, Ft., Port Townsend, Wash.—B, 3d Art.
 Gibara, Cuba.—B, 10th Cav.
 Gibbon, Ft., Tananan, Alaska.—E and F, 7th Inf.
 Grant, Ft., Ariz. (Colo.).—Hdqs. A and B, 9th Cav.
 Greble, Ft., Jamestown, R. I. (East).—A, 7th Art.
 Guanajay, Cuba.—I, K, L and M, 1st Inf.
 Guantanamo, Cuba.—H, 5th Inf.
 Hamilton, Ft., N. Y. (East).—Hdqs. H, K and N, 5th Art.
 Hancock, Ft., N. J. (East).—C, I and L, 5th Art.
 Harrison, Ft., Helena, Mont. (Dak.).—D, 24th Inf.
 Havana, Cuba.—Hdqs. G, H, I, K, L, M, N and O, 2d Art.
 Holguin, Cuba.—E and I, 10th Cav.
 Honolulu, H. I.—I and K, 6th Art.
 Huachuca, Ft., Ariz. (Col.).—F, 9th Cav.
 Humacao, P. R.—C, 5th Cav.
 Hunt, Ft., Riverside Park, Va. (East).—A, 4th Art.
 Jackson Barracks, New Orleans, La. (East).—D and O, 1st Art.
 Jefferson Barracks, Mo. (Mo.).—M, 6th Cav.
 Keogh, Ft., Mont. (Dak.).—F, 1st Cav.
 Key West Barracks, Key West, Fla. (East).—Det.
 Lares, Puerto Rico.—L, 11th Inf.
 Leavenworth, Ft., Kan. (Mo.).—B and K, 6th Cav.; B, C and D, 1st Inf.
 Logan H. Roots, Ft., Ft. Roots, Ark. (Mo.).—A, 1st Inf.
 Logan, Ft., Col. (Colo.).—C, 6th Cav.
 Mackenzie, Ft., Sheridan, Wyo. (Colo.).—L, 10th Inf.
 Madison Barracks, Sacket Harbor, N. Y. (East).—I, 7th; E, F, G and H, 15th Inf.
 Manati, P. R.—K, 5th Cav.
 Manzanillo, Cuba.—Hdqs. A, C, G and H, 10th Cav.
 Mason, Ft., San Francisco, Cal. (Cal.).—E, 3d Art.
 Matanzas, Cuba.—A, C, D, F, G and M, 3d Cav.; Hdqs. A, B, F, G and H, 10th Inf.
 Mayaguez, P. R.—Hdqs. D, E, H and L, 5th Cav.; C, 11th Inf.
 Mayari, Cuba.—D, 10th Cav.
 McHenry, Ft., Baltimore, Md. (East).—D, 4th Art.
 McIntosh, Ft., Laredo, Tex. (Texas).—D, 25th Inf.
 McPherson, Ft., Ga. (East).—B, C, D and E, 2d Art.; B, 7th Inf.
 Meade, Ft., S. Dak. (Dak.).—Hdqs. G, H and I, 1st Cav.
 Michie, Ft., N. Y., New London, Conn. (East).—B, 7th Art.
 Missoula, Ft., Mont. (Dak.).—Det. 24th Inf.
 Monroe, Ft., Va. (East).—Hdqs. G, N and O, 4th Art.
 Morgan, Ft., Mobile, Ala. (East).—I, 1st Art.
 Mott, Ft., Salem, N. J. (East).—H, 4th Art.
 Myer, Ft., Va. (East).—B, G, H and I, 3d Cav.
 Myer, Ft., Va. (East).—Signal Post; B, Sig. Corps.
 Niagara, Ft., Youngstown, N. Y. (East).—Det. 7th Inf.
 Nibbrara, Ft., Neb. (Mo.).—K, 1st Cav.
 North Point, Baltimore, Md. (East).—E, 4th Art.
 Nuevitas, Cuba.—K, 15th Inf.
 Ontario, Ft., Oswego, N. Y. (East).—I, 7th Inf.
 Palma Soriano, Cuba.—Det. 5th Inf.
 Paso Caballo, Cuba.—Hdqs. B, C and D, 2d Inf.
 Philippine Islands.—A and B, Eng. Batl.; Hdqs. A, C, D, E, F, K, L and M, 3d Cav.; 4th Cav.; E, 1st, G, H, K and L, 3d, F, 4th, F, 5th; Hdqs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, L, M, N and O, 6th Art.; 3d, 4th, 6th, 9th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d;

Hdqrs. A, C, E, F, G, H, I and K, 24th; Hdqrs. B, E, F, H, I, K, L and M, 25th Inf.; 11th U. S. Vol. Cav.; 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 43d, 46th and 47th U. S. Vol. Inf.

Pinar del Rio, Cuba.—C, E, G and I, 7th Cav.; Hdqrs. E, F, G and H, 1st Inf.

Placetas, Cuba.—I and L, 2d Cav.

Plattsburg Barracks, Plattsburg, N. Y. (East).—C, 7th Inf.

Point, Ft., San Francisco, Cal. (Cal.).—Det.

Ponce, P. R.—I, 5th Cav.; A, F and G, 11th Inf.

Porter, Ft., Buffalo, N. Y. (East).—K, 7th Inf.

Preble, Ft., Portland, Me. (East).—E, 7th Art.

Presidio of San Francisco, Cal. (Cal.).—F and G, 6th Cav.; C and O, 3d Art.

Puerto Padre, Cuba.—K, 10th Cav.

Puerto Principe, Cuba.—8th Cav.; Hdqrs. A, C, D and M, 15th Inf.

Quemados, Cuba.—A and F, 2d Art.; Hdqrs. A, B, D, F, H, K, L and M, 7th Cav.; Hdqrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, 8th Inf.

Rampart City, Alaska.—Det. E and F, 7th Inf.

Reno, Ft., Okla. (Mo.).—D, 6th Cav.

Riley, Ft., Kas. (Mo.).—Hdqrs. A, 6th Cav.; F, 3d, and B, 4th Art.

Ringgold, Ft., Rio Grande, Tex. (Texas).—D, 9th Cav.

Robinson, Ft., Neb. (Mo.).—A, C and L, 1st Cav.

Sagua la Grande, Cuba.—I, 2d Inf.

Saint Francis Barracks, St. Augustine, Fla. (East).—A, 1st Art.

Sam Houston, Ft., San Antonio, Tex. (Texas).—K, 1st Art.; G, 25th Inf.

San Carlos (sub-post of Ft. Grant), Ariz. (Colo.).—D, 7th Inf.; C, 25th Inf.

Sancti Spiritus, Cuba.—A, 2d Inf.

San Diego Barracks, San Diego, Cal. (Cal.).—D, 3d Art.

San Francisco, Cal. (Cal.).—42d, 44th, 45th, 48th and 49th U. S. Vol. Inf.

San Jacinto, Ft., Galveston, Tex. (Texas).—G, 1st Art.

San Juan, P. R.—F, 5th Cav.; E and G, 5th Art.; Hdqrs. B, E, I, K and M, 11th Inf.

San Luis, Cuba.—E, 5th Inf.

Santa Clara, Cuba.—Hdqrs. B, E, H and K, 2d Cav.

Santiago, Cuba.—Hdqrs. A, C, F and G, 5th Inf.

Schuyler, Ft., Westchester, N. Y. (East).—K, 7th Art.

Screven, Ft., Tybee Island, Ga. (East).—F, 1st Art.

Sheridan, Ft., Ill. (Lakes).—D, 5th Art., and I, K, L and M, 5th Inf.

Sherman, Ft., Idaho (Colo.).—Det. 24th Inf.

Sill, Ft., Okla. (Mo.).—I and L, 6th Cav.

Slocum, Ft., New Rochelle, N. Y. (East).—L, 7th Art.

Snelling, Ft., Minn. (Dak.).—Det. 7th; I, K, L and M, 8th Inf.

Stevens, Ft., Hammond, Ore. (Col.).—M, 3d Art.

St. Michael, Ft., Alaska (Col.).—Det. E and F, 7th Inf.

Strong, Ft., Boston, Mass. (East).—Det. 4th Art.

Sullivan's Island, Moultrieville, S. C. (East).—Hdqrs. C and M, 1st Art.

Terry, Ft., N. Y., New London, Conn. (East).—B and N, 1st Art.

Thomas, Ft., Newport, Ky. (Lakes).—E, F, G and H, 2d Inf.

Totten, Ft., Willets Point, N. Y. (East).—Hdqrs. C and D, Eng. Batl., and N, 7th Art.

Trinidad, Cuba.—K, 2d Inf.

Trumbull, Ft., New London, Conn. (East).—I, 4th Art.

Vancouver Barracks, Vancouver, Wash. (Col.).—B, 24th Inf.

Wadsworth, Ft., Rosebank, N. Y. (East).—B, M and O, 5th Art.

Walker, Minn.—A, 7th Inf.

Walla Walla, Ft., Walla Walla, Wash. (Col.).—E, 6th Cav.

Warren, Ft., Boston, Mass. (East).—M, 4th, and G, 7th Art.

Washakie, Ft., Wyo. (Colo.).—E, 1st Cav.

Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C. (East).—M and O, 7th Art.

Washington, Ft., Md. (East).—K, 4th Art.

Wayne, Ft., Detroit, Mich. (Lakes).—Hdqrs. and H, 7th Inf.

West Point, N. Y.—E, Eng. Batl.

Williams, Ft., Willard, Me. (East).—D, 7th Art.

Winfield Scott, Ft., San Francisco, Cal. (Cal.).—I, 3d Art.

Wingate, Ft., N. Mex. (Colo.).—H, 9th Cav.

Wood, Ft., New York city (East).—Det.

Wragel, Ft., Alaska (Col.).—Det. 24th Inf.

Wright, Ft., Spokane, Wash. (Col.).—M, 24th Inf.

Yates, Ft., N. Dak. (Dak.).—D, 1st Cav.

Yauco, P. R.—D, 11th Inf.

Yellowstone, Ft., Mammoth Hot Springs, Wyo. (Dak.).—M, 1st Cav.

Department in which post is located is shown in brackets.

STRENGTH OF THE ARMY.

The military forces in the service of the United States on the 25th of October, 1890, were composed as follows:

REGULAR ARMY.

	Enlisted			Enlisted		
	Officers.	men.	Total.	Officers.	men.	Total.
General officers.....	7	....	7	Chaplains.....	30	 30
Adjutant-General's dept.....	14	....	14	Record and pension office....	2	 2
Inspector-General's dept.....	8	....	8	Military academy.....	246	 246
Judge-Advocate Gen.'s dept....	7	....	7	Electrician sergeants.....	15	 15
Quartermaster's dept.....	30	105	144	Total.....	509	5,702 6,211
Subsistence dept.....	19	163	182	10 regiments of cavalry.....		12,022
Medical dept.....	167	3,314	3,481	7 regiments of artillery.....		10,191
Pay dept.....	26	....	26	25 regiments of infantry.....		84,588
Corps of engineers.....	123	628	751	Indian scouts and recruits.....		1,579
Ordnance dept.....	62	681	743	Total.....		64,586
Signal corps.....	5	550	555			

VOLUNTEERS.

General officers and staff corps.....	260
1 regiment of cavalry.....	1,284
24 regiments of infantry.....	32,616
Puerto Rico battalion.....	414
Total.....	34,574

RECAPITULATION.

Regular army.....	64,586
United States volunteers.....	34,574
Grand total.....	99,160

On the 1st of October these forces were distributed as follows:

	Officers.	Men.	Total.
In the United States.....	1,683	32,541	34,229
In Puerto Rico.....	108	3,255	3,363
In Cuba.....	391	10,796	11,187
In Philippine Islands.....	971	31,344	32,315
En route to Philippine Isld.	546	16,553	17,099
In Alaska.....	15	484	499
In Hawaiian Islands.....	13	453	466

Total..... 3,732 95,426 99,158

The adjutant-general says in his report that "It is expected by Dec. 1, next, all the infantry regiments United States volunteers, shown above as in the United States, will have sailed for the Philippine Islands. These, with the troops now there, will give a total strength of 2,117 officers and 63,608 enlisted men (an aggregate of 65,725)."

PAST POLITICAL COMPLEXION OF THE STATES.

R., Republican; W., Whig; D., Democratic; U., Union; A., American; A. M., Anti-Masonic; N. R., National Republican; P., Populist.

STATES.	1824.	1828.	1832.	1836.	1840.	1844.	1848.	1852.	1856.	1860.	1864.	1868.	1872.	1876.	1880.	1884.	1888.	1892.	1896.
Alabama.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Arkansas.....				D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
California.....											R.	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Colorado.....														D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Connecticut.....	R.	R.	N. R.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Delaware.....	W.	R.	N. R.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Florida.....														D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Georgia.....	W.	D.	D.	W.	W.	D.	W.	D.	D.	D.		D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Idaho.....																			
Illinois.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Indiana.....	D.	D.	D.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Iowa.....							D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Kansas.....														R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Kentucky.....	W.	D.	N. R.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	U.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Louisiana.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Maine.....	R.	R.	D.	D.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Maryland.....	D.	R.	N. R.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	A.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Massachusetts.....	R.	R.	N. R.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Michigan.....				D.	W.	D.	W.	D.	D.	R.									
Minnesota.....										R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Mississippi.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Missouri.....	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Montana.....																			
Nebraska.....														R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Nevada.....											R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
New Hampshire.....	R.	R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
New Jersey.....	D.	R.	D.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
New York.....	R.	D.	D.	D.	W.	W.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
North Carolina.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.				D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
North Dakota.....																			
Ohio.....	W.		D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Oregon.....		D.																	
Pennsylvania.....	D.	D.	D.	D.	W.	D.	W.	D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Rhode Island.....	R.	R.	N. R.	D.	W.	W.	W.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
South Carolina.....	D.	D.	W.	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.									
South Dakota.....																			
Tennessee.....	D.	D.	D.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	U.		R.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Texas.....							D.	D.	D.	D.									
Vermont.....	R.	R.	A. M.	W.	W.	W.	W.	W.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Virginia.....	W.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	D.	U.									
Washington.....																			
West Virginia.....															D.	D.	D.	D.	D.
Wisconsin.....							D.	D.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.	R.
Wyoming.....																			

In five states in 1892 the electoral vote was divided: California gave 8 electoral votes for Cleveland and 1 for Harrison; Ohio gave 1 for Cleveland and 22 for Harrison; in Michigan, by act of the legislature, each congressional district voted separately for an elector; in Oregon 1 of the 4 candidates for electors on the people's party ticket was also on the democratic ticket; in North Dakota 1 of the 2 people's party electors cast his vote for Cleveland, Harrison and Weaver. In 1896 California gave 8 electoral votes to McKinley and 1 to Bryan; Kentucky gave 12 to McKinley and 1 to Bryan.

The Navy.

[Corrected to Nov. 15, 1899.]

ACTIVE LIST.

ADMIRAL.

George Dewey, Navy Department.

REAR ADMIRALS.

Frederick V. McNair, supt Naval Academy.
 John A. Howell, prest Naval Exam. Board.
 Albert Kautz, comdg Pacific Station.
 Geo. C. Remy, comdt Navy Yard, Portsmouth.
 Norman H. Farquhar, comdg North Atl. Sta.
 John C. Watson, comdg Asiatic Station.
 Winfield S. Schley, comdg South Atl. Station.
 Silas Casey, comdt Navy Yard, League Island.
 William T. Sampson, comdt Navy Yd., Boston.
 Bartlett J. Cromwell, waiting orders.
 John W. Philip, comdt Navy Yard, New York.
 Francis J. Higginson, chm Lighthouse Board.
 Frederick Rodgers, prest Board Inspection and Survey.
 Louis Kempf, comdt Navy Yard, Mare Island.
 George W. Sumner, comdt Naval Station, Port Royal.
 Benjamin F. Day, mem Examining and Retiring Boards.
 Alex H. McCormick, comdt Navy Yard, Wash.
 A. S. Barker, comdg Navy Yard, Norfolk.

CAPTAINS.

Charles S. Cotton, comdg regc ship *Independence*.
 Silas W. Terry, waiting orders.
 Merrill Miller, comdg regc ship *Vermont*.
 John J. Read, comdg regc ship *Richmond*.
 Mortimer L. Johnson, capt Navy Yard, Boston.
 Edwin M. Shepard, lighthouse Insp., 3d dist.
 Robley D. Evans, mem Bd. Insp. and Survey.
 Frank Wildes, capt Navy Yard, New York.
 Henry Glass, comdg *Pensacola* and Training Station, San Francisco.
 Phillip H. Cooper, leave absence.
 Henry C. Taylor, War College, Newport.
 Geo. H. Wadleigh, comdg regc ship *Wabash*.
 A. S. Crowninshield, chief Bureau Navigation.
 James H. Sands, gov Naval Home.
 Yates Stirling, mem Lighthouse Board.
 William C. Wise, comdg regc ship *Franklin*.
 Joseph B. Coghlan, comdt Puget Sound Naval Station.
 Purnell F. Harrington, capt Navy Yard, Portsmouth.
 Louis J. Allen, Navy Yard, Mare Island.
 George W. Melville, chief Bureau Steam Engineering.
 Nehemiah M. Dyer, waiting orders.
 Francis A. Cook, mem Examining and Retiring Boards.
 Colby M. Chester, gen Insp *Kentucky*.
 C. E. Clark, capt Navy Yard, League Island.
 Charles J. Barclay, waiting orders.
 Peter A. Rearick, insp mch, Newport News.
 Charles D. Sigsbee, comdg *Texas*.
 Benj. P. Lamberton, waiting orders.
 Richard P. Leary, gov Island Guam.
 William H. Whiting, San Francisco, Cal.
 Charles O'Neil, chief Bureau Ordnance.
 Caspar F. Goodrich, comdg U. S. S. *Iowa*.
 French E. Chadwick, comdg *New York*.
 Theodore F. Jewell, comdg *Brooklyn*.
 William M. Folger, gen Insp *Kearsarge*.
 Cipriano Andrade, prest Engr. Exam. Board.
 John Lowe, special dut, Hartford, Conn.
 John Schouler, Annapolis, Md.
 Francis W. Dickinson, comdg *Indiana*.
 Lewis W. Robinson, rectrg rend, Chicago.
 George F. F. Wilde, comdg *Oregon*.
 Charles H. Davis, supt Naval Observatory.
 Bowman H. McCalla, comdg U. S. S. *Newark*.
 Charles J. Train, comdg *Massachusetts*.
 Edwin White, waiting orders.
 William H. Harris, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.

Ralph Aston, insp mch, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 George W. Pigman, comdg *Charleston*.
 John McGowan, comdg *Monadnock*.
 J. G. Green, comdt Naval Sta., Havana, Cuba.
 Charles H. Rockwell, comdg U. S. S. *Chicago*.
 James M. Forsyth, comdg *Baltimore*.
 George A. Converse, Bureau of Navigation.
 Royal B. Bradford, chief Bureau Equipment.
 J. E. Craig, hydrographer Bureau Equipment.
 Charles M. Thomas, comdg *Lancaster*.
 Albert S. Snow, waiting orders.
 George C. Relter, comdg U. S. S. *Philadelphia*.
 William H. Brownson, Cramp's shipyard.
 William W. Mead, capt Navy Yard, Mare Isl.
 Edwin S. Houston, comdg U. S. S. *Amphitrite*.
 Edwin Longnecker, comdg *New Orleans*.
 George E. Ide, comdg *Yosemite*.
 George M. Book, waiting orders.
 Thomas Perry, secy Lighthouse Board.
 C. H. Stockton, prest War College, Newport.
 Asa Walker, War College, Newport.
 Oscar Farenholt, Navy Yard, Boston.
 Edward T. Strong, waiting orders.
 Eugene W. Watson, Navy Yard, Norfolk.

COMMANDERS.

Robert E. Impey, waiting orders.
 John F. Merry, Naval Repr., Honolulu.
 William C. Gibson, Navy Yard, New York.
 Washburn Maynard, lighthouse Insp, 8th dist.
 H. W. Lyon, Navy Yard, New York.
 J. H. Dayton, comdg San Juan, Puerto Rico.
 Morris R. S. Mackenzie, comdg *Prairie*.
 Charles S. Sperry, comdg *Yorktown*.
 Frank Courtis, comdg trng ship *Essex*.
 W. W. Relsinger, comdt Navy Yard, Pensacola.
 William T. Burwell, comdg *Wheeling*.
 J. J. Hunker, comdg trng ship sta., Newport.
 Franklin Hanford, lighthouse Insp, 10th dist.
 Robert M. Berry, Naval Home.
 Samuel W. Very, comdg *Castine*.
 Henry N. Manney, Navy Yard, New York.
 Chapman C. Todd, Navy Yard, Washington.
 Joseph N. Hemphill, comdg *Detroit*.
 Abraham B. H. Lillie, Navy Yard, New York.
 William T. Swinburne, Navy Yd., Portsmouth.
 Wm. H. Emory, mem Board Insp. and Survey.
 George A. Bicknell, comdg *Monocacy*.
 C. T. Hutchins, comdt Cadets, Naval Academy.
 Seth M. Ackley, comdg *Concord*.
 Benjamin F. Tilley, comdg *Abarenda*.
 Harry Knox, comdg U. S. S. *Princeton*.
 Clifford H. West, Navy Yard, New York.
 John P. Merrell, comdg *Montgomery*.
 Joseph G. Eaton, Navy Yard, Boston.
 Edward P. Wood, lighthouse Insp, 5th dist.
 William I. Moore, Naval Station, Port Royal.
 Charles Belknap, waiting orders.
 Fernando P. Gilmore, comdg U. S. S. *Ile de Cuba*.
 Eugene H. C. Leutze, waiting orders.
 Uriel Seebre, lighthouse Insp, 12th dist.
 William A. Windsor, insp mch, Elizabethport.
 Albert R. Couden, Insp ord Proving Grounds.
 Edwin C. Pendleton, supt Gun Factory.
 William Swift, ord office, Navy Yd., New York.
 Henry B. Mansfield, lighthouse Insp, 15th dist.
 Charles R. Roelker, mem Bd. Insp. and Survey.
 F. M. Symonds, comdg Navy Insp, 9th dist.
 Walton Goodwin, comdg trng ship *Adams*.
 John D. Ford, Columbian Iron Works.
 Albert Ross, comdg *Alliance*.
 Richardson Clover, chief Intelligence officer.
 James M. Miller, dut con U. S. S. *Scindia*.
 Frederick M. Wise, comdg N. S. S. *Enterprise*.
 J. V. B. Bleeker, comdg U. S. S. *Ile de Luzon*.
 Andrew Dunlap, comdg *Solace*.
 John A. B. Smith, Navy Yard, New York.
 Edward H. Gheen, comdg *Marietta*.

Wells L. Field, comdg U. S. S. *Ranger*.
 Harrison G. O. Colby, comdg *Marblehead*.
 Leavitt C. Logan, comdg *Machias*.
 Conway H. Arnold, comdg U. S. S. *Bennington*.
 William S. Cowles, asst Bureau Navigation.
 Charles O. Allibone, comdg *Wilmington*.
 Alexander G. Bates, Navy Yard, League Isld.
 Edward D. Taussig, lighthouse insp, 13th dist.
 J. E. Pillsbury, equip office, Navy Yd., Boston.
 William H. Reeder, comdg naut U. S. S. *Marys*.
 Robert W. Milligan, Navy Yard, Norfolk.
 George W. Baird, supt S., W. and N. bldg.
 Richard Inch, Naval Station, Cavite, P. I.
 Harrie Webster, Bureau Steam Engineering.
 Daniel Delehanty, gov Sailor's Snug Harbor.
 Charles C. Cornwell, comdg *Monterey*.
 Holland N. Stevenson, Union Iron Works.
 Charles W. Rae, Naval Station, San Francisco.
 George H. Kearny, Naval Academy.
 William S. Moore, insp mach, Cramp's.
 Royal R. Ingersoll, Naval Academy.
 Adolph Marx, lighthouse insp, 4th dist.
 Duncan Kennedy, lighthouse insp, 11th dist.
 James D. J. Kelley, comdg U. S. S. *Resolute*.
 Jefferson F. Moser, comdg *Albatross*.
 Raymond P. Rogers, comdg U. S. S. *Nashville*.
 Seaton Schroder, Navy Yard, Washington.
 Franklin J. Drake, ord office Navy Yard, Mare Island.
 Thomas C. McLean, comdg U. S. S. *Don Juan de Austria*.
 William J. Barnette, comdg N. S. S. *Saratoga*.
 Francis H. Delano, Navy Yard, Boston.
 Charles T. Forse, lighthouse insp 14th dist.
 Edwin K. Moore, comdg *Helena*.
 A. W. Wadhams, comdg U. S. S. *Monongahela*.
 James D. Adams, Hydrographic Office.
 Richard Wainwright, Naval Academy.
 James R. Selfridge, lighthouse insp, 2d dist.
 William H. Everett, comdg *Iris*.
 John M. Hawley, comdg U. S. S. *Hartford*.
 John A. Rodgers, lighthouse insp, 6th dist.
 James W. Carlin, comdg *Culgoa*.
 Gottfried Blocklinger, naval rend, Chicago.
 Perry Garst, Naval Academy.
 James K. Cogswell, lighthouse insp, 1st dist.
 Frederic Singer, lighthouse insp, 7th dist.
 Arthur B. Speyers, Navy Yard, New York.
 Ebenezer S. Prime, equip office, Navy Yard, League Island.
 N. E. Niles, equip office, Navy Yard, Norfolk.
 Thomas H. Stevens, Navy Yard, Norfolk.
 Julien S. Ogden, recg ship *Richmond*.
 George Cowie, Morris Heights, New York.
 Charles P. Howell, Navy Yard, New York.
 Charles P. Perkins, comdg U. S. S. *Michigan*.
 Charles G. Bowman, Navy Yard, Mare Island.
 William P. Potter, Navy Yard, League Island.
 William H. Bechler, naval attache, Rome, Vienna, Berlin.
 Giles B. Harber, waiting orders.
 John B. Briggs, comdg U. S. S. *Glacier*.
 Newton Mason, in charge Torpedo Station.
 Dennis W. Mullan, under suspension.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDERS.

Arthur P. Nazro, comdg *Manila*.
 William W. Kimball, comdg *Vixen*.
 William P. Day, sick leave.
 John C. Wilson, U. S. S. *Indiana*.
 Uriah R. Harris, U. S. S. *Monongahela*.
 Richard G. Davenport, Hydrographic Office.
 Edward B. Barry, *Amphitrite*.
 Herbert Winslow, U. S. S. *Constellation*.
 William H. Turner, *Iowa*.
 George P. Colvocoresses, Library, Navy Dept.
 Charles E. Colahan, Bureau of Navigation.
 Albert G. Berry, asst lighthouse insp, 3d dist.
 John A. Norris, *Charleston*.
 N. J. K. Patch, comdg *Celtic*.
 Thomas S. Phelps, Jr., recg ship *Independence*.
 Karl Rohrer, Newport News, Va.
 John A. H. Nickels, Navy Yard, New York.
 C. K. Curtis, Navy Yard, Norfolk.
 Theodorle Porter, recg ship *Franklin*.

D. D. V. Stuart, recg ship *Vermont*.
 C. A. Adams, ordered Asiatic Station.
 Kossuth Niles, *Massachusetts*.
 Dennis H. Mahan, *Brooklyn*.
 William F. Low, U. S. S. *Chicago*.
 N. T. Houston, *Lancaster*.
 James H. Perry, Bureau Steam Engineering.
 Warner B. Bayley, New York.
 Albert F. Dixon, *Brooklyn*.
 J. P. Mickle, insp mch, Philadelphia.
 Clayton S. Richman, ordered to U. S. S. *Newark*.
 Samuel P. Comly, recg ship *Richmond*.
 John Hubbard, Navy Yard, New York.
 Alexander McCrackin, U. S. S. *Oregon*.
 George L. Dyer, comdg *Yankton*.
 Lewis C. Heliner, Navy Yard, New York.
 Martin E. Hall, U. S. S. *New Orleans*.
 Edward M. Hughes, *Boston*.
 Joseph B. Murdock, U. S. S. *New York*.
 Hugo Osterhans, waiting orders.
 Charles E. Vreeland, *Baltimore*.
 Corwin P. Rees, Torpedo Station.
 Albert C. Dillingham, U. S. S. *Texas*.
 George F. W. Holman, Torpedo Station.
 Nathan Sargent, comdg U. S. S. *Scorpion*.
 Lazarus L. Reamey, Navy Yard, Washington.
 James H. Bull, *Monterey*.
 G. A. Merriam, asst to gen insp, *Kearsarge*.
 John B. Milton, Navy Yard, Boston.
 William Kilburn, Navy Yard, Washington.
 William H. Nauman, Insp mch, Bath, Me.
 Jacob J. Hunter, Bureau of Navigation.
 George W. Mentz, U. S. S. *Marblehead*.
 S. A. Staunton, Isthmian Canal Commission.
 Aaron Ward, ordered Asiatic Station.
 Charles W. Bartlett, Naval Academy.
 Chauncey Thomas, U. S. S. *Baltimore*.
 William A. Marshall, U. S. S. *New York*.
 William M. Irwin, U. S. S. *Marietta*.
 John E. Koller, Navy Yard, Boston.
 Francis E. Greene, *Montgomery*.
 Carlos G. Calkins, Bureau Hydrographic Office, San Francisco.
 William P. Elliott, Naval Station, Cavite, P. I.
 William E. Sewell, *Abarenda*.
 Henry McCrea, Navy Yard, Washington.
 Edward F. Qualtrough, insp duty, Bureau of Equipment.
 James C. Cresap, U. S. S. *Detroit*.
 Asher C. Baker, special duty, Paris Exposition.
 William H. H. Southerland, comdg *Dolphin*.
 Lucian Young, Naval Station, Havana.
 Jesse M. Roper, U. S. S. *Dixie*.
 Charles E. Fox, *Helena*.
 John C. Fremont, supervisor N. Y. Harbor.
 Albert Mertz, *Glacier*.
 Rogers H. Galt, U. S. S. *Brooklyn*.
 Vincendon L. Cottman, Cavite, P. I.
 Frank E. Sawyer, comdg *Cesar*.
 William H. Schuetze, *Philadelphia*.
 Thomas B. Howard, U. S. S. *Monadnock*.
 Walter C. Cowles, Asiatic Station.
 Austin M. Knight, Naval Academy.
 Charles J. Badger, Cramp's Ship Yard.
 Samuel W. B. Diehl, Bureau Equipment.
 Reginald F. Nicholson, comdg *Farragut*.
 Samuel C. Lemly, Judge Advocate General.
 Edmund B. Underwood, *Alliance*.
 William F. Halsey, Naval Academy.
 Frank A. Wilner, recg ship *Wabash*.
 Henry Morrell, waiting orders.
 William Winder, *Michigan*.
 Charles B. T. Moore, *Bennington*.
 Ten Eyke D. W. Vedder, Bureau Equipment Navy Department.
 Alfred Reynolds, U. S. S. *Nashville*.
 John M. Robinson, U. S. S. *Wilmington*.
 John K. Barton, Navy Yard, Boston.
 Robert G. Denig, *Chicago*.
 George H. Peters, office Naval Intelligence.
 Bradley A. Fiske, U. S. S. *Yorktown*.
 Frank H. Holmes, U. S. S. *Monocacy*.
 John F. Parker, U. S. S. *Dixie*.
 Hamilton Hutchins, *Machias*.
 John M. Bowyer, *Princeton*.

John C. Colwell, Naval Academy, London.
 William R. A. Rooney, *New Orleans*.
 Edward J. Dorn, Naval Academy.
 Bernard O. Scott, *Concord*.
 George B. Ransom, *Baltimore*.
 William C. Eaton, U. S. S. *Philadelphia*.
 Alfred B. Canaga, ordered Asiatic Station.
 Abraham V. Zane, duty with *Alabama*.
 John R. Edwards, *Texas*.
 Stacy Potts, Naval Academy.
 Henry T. Cleaver, *Yorktown*.
 Albert B. Willits, Bureau Steam Engineering.
 James P. S. Lawrence, U. S. S. *Massachusetts*.
 Isaac S. K. Reeves, regt ship *Franklin*.
 York Noel, *Iowa*.
 Albon C. Hodgson, Torpedo Station, Newport.
 James M. Helm, lighthouse insp. 16th District.
 William G. Cutler, *Newark*.
 Cameron Mck. Winslow, waiting orders.
 Charles Laird, waiting orders.
 Nathan R. Usher, Newport News.
 Walter S. Hughes, *Philadelphia*.
 Eldelio S. Carter, U. S. S. *Prairie*.
 Frank F. Fletcher, comdg *Eagle*.
 Alexander Sharpe, Jr., U. S. S. *Hartford*.
 Harry H. Hosley, regt ship *Vermont*.
 Frank E. Beatty, U. S. S. *Wheeling*.
 Moses L. Wood, Navy Yard, Pensacola.
 John A. Shearman, U. S. S. *Castine*.
 Robert M. Doyle, Bureau Ordnance.
 George M. Stoney, Naval Academy.
 Frederick W. Coffin, *Solace*.
 Wythe M. Parks, *Iowa*.
 Harry M. Hodges, *Nero*.
 William B. Caperton, Bureau Ordnance.
 James T. Smith, waiting orders.
 Frank H. Bailey, M. S. S. *Petrel*.
 George S. Willits, *Marblehead*.
 Walter F. Worthington, Bureau Steam Engineering.
 William N. Little, *Charleston*.
 Edward R. Freeman, *Indiana*.
 Theo. F. Burgdorff, *Monadnock*.
 Frank H. Eldridge, U. S. S. *Oregon*.
 Edgar T. Warburton, Naval Academy.
 Henry C. Gearing, U. S. S. *Cuicoo*.
 Tempin M. Potts, waiting orders.
 William H. Allen, Bureau Equipment.
 Burns T. Walling, Naval Station, Cavite, P. I.
 Clifford J. Boush, *Yosemite*.
 J. H. Sears, U. S. S. *Chicago* (aide to Admiral).
 Abraham E. Culver, U. S. S. *Chicago*.
 Henry T. Mayo, Union Iron Works.
 Charles C. Rogers, U. S. S. *New York*.
 John T. Newton, Navy Yard, New York.
 Waldemar D. Rose, U. S. S. *Indiana*.
 Charles F. Pond, U. S. S. *Iroquois*.
 Walter McLean, Bureau Ordnance.
 W. I. Chambers, U. S. S. *Texas*.
 James C. Gilmore, prisoner from *Yorktown*.
 Benjamin Tappan, comdg U. S. S. *Callao*.
 Charles A. Gove, U. S. S. *Massachusetts*.
 DeWitt Coffman, Naval Academy.
 William Hannam, sick leave.
 Richard Henderson, Board Insp. and Survey.
 Thomas D. Griffin, U. S. S. *Hartford*.
 Henry Minett, U. S. S. *Adams*.
 Richard Mulligan, Office Naval Intelligence.
 W. Braunersreuther, U. S. S. *Charleston*.
 F. H. Sherman, Navy Yard, New York.

Medical Corps.

MEDICAL DIRECTORS.

[Rank of Captain.]

Walter K. Scofield, pres Medical Examining Board, *Philadelphia*.
 Grove S. Beardsley, mem Retiring Board.
 William K. Van Reyphen, chief Bureau Med and Surgery.
 T. C. Walton, Naval Laboratory, New York.
 Charles H. White, Naval Museum of Hygiene.
 George W. Woods, Naval Hospital, New York.
 James M. Flint, Smithsonian Institution.

George F. Winslow, Navy Yard, Boston.
 Hosea J. Babin, pres Board Medical Examiners, New York.
 Joseph B. Parker, mem Medical Examining Boards.
 Joseph G. Ayers, Naval Hospital, Boston.
 Abel F. Price, waiting orders.
 James A. Hawke, Navy Yard, New York.
 Robert A. Marmion, Naval Hospital, Phila.
 Dwight Dickinson, Naval Hosp, Washington.

MEDICAL INSPECTORS.

[Rank of Commander.]

Wm. G. Farwell, Navy Yard, League Island.
 John C. Wise, mem Examining Board.
 G. P. Bradley, Naval Hospital, Mare Island.
 Charles U. Gravatt, mem Medical Examining Board, New York.
 Paul Fitzsimons, New York (Fleet Surgeon).
 Wm. S. Dixon, mem Retiring Board.
 C. A. Siegfried, Naval Hospital, Newport.
 Remus C. Persons, Baltimore (Fleet).
 Nelson M. Ferebee, Naval Hospital, Norfolk.
 Franklin Rogers, Marine Rendez, Phila.
 James R. Waggener, Naval Hosp, Cavite, P. I.
 Thomas H. Streets, Philadelphia (Fleet Surg).
 Manly H. Simons, waiting orders.
 John C. Boyd, asst. Bureau of Med and Surg.
 Geo. E. H. Harmon, *Brooklyn*.

SURGEONS.

[Rank of Lieutenant-Commander.]

Howard Wells, *Chicago*.
 Daniel N. Bertolette, mem Medical Exam Bd.
 Ezra Z. Derr, Navy Yard, Portsmouth.
 Frank B. Stephenson, *Oregon*.
 Presley M. Hixey, Naval Dispensary.
 Walter A. McClurg, U. S. S. *Indiana*.
 Cumberland G. Herndon, Museum Hygiene.
 Lucien G. Heneberger, waiting orders.
 Edward H. Green, Hdqrs Marine Corps.
 Samuel H. Dickson, Navy Yard, Washington.
 David O. Lewis, U. S. S. *Iowa*.
 Howard E. Ames, Navy Yard, Norfolk.
 Frank Anderson, Naval Hospital, Yokohama.
 Phillips A. Lovering, Navy Yard, Mare Island.
 William R. Du Bose, Naval Academy.
 Charles T. Hibbett, *Charleston*.
 N. H. Drake, mem Medical Exam Bd, N. Y.
 Henry G. Beyer, regt ship *Wabash*.
 John M. Steele, Torpedo Station, Newport.
 James E. Gardner, Marine Rend, Boston.
 Millard H. Crawford, Naval Rend, New York.
 George P. Lumsden, recruiting duty, Buffalo.
 Emlyn H. Marsteller, U. S. S. *Richmond*.
 William H. Rush, *Solace*.
 James C. Byrnes, *Massachusetts*.
 Samuel H. Griffith, *Prairie*.

[Rank of Lieutenant.]

Averley C. H. Russell, *Newark*.
 Clement Biddle, *Texas*.
 Henry T. Percy, waiting orders.
 James D. Gatewood, *Lancaster*.
 Oliver Diehl, *Michigan*.
 John M. Edgar, *Amphitrite*.
 Philip Leach, U. S. S. *New York*.
 Lloyd W. Curtis, regt ship *Vermont*.
 Henry B. Flitts, Marine Barracks, Sitka.
 Victor C. B. Means, Rec Rend, San Francisco.
 Frederick J. B. Cordelro, *New Orleans*.
 Francis W. F. Wieber, *Cesar*.
 Oliver D. Norton, *Monadnock*.
 Frederick A. Hesler, Naval Hospital, Boston.
 Isaac W. Kite, *Monterey*.
 Andrew R. Wentworth, regt ship *Independence*.
 Corbin J. Decker, *Monocacy*.
 Thomas A. Berryhill, U. S. S. *Monongahela*.
 Eugene P. Stone, Naval Dispensary.
 George M. Peckeral, U. S. S. *Monterey*.
 Rand P. Crandell, U. S. S. *Constellation*.
 H. N. T. Harris, waiting orders.
 John F. Uric, U. S. S. *Dolphin*.
 A. N. D. McCormick, U. S. S. *Montgomery*.

Pay Corps. PAY DIRECTORS.

[With rank of Captain.]

Charles H. Eldredge, Navy Pay Office, Norfolk.
Edward May, Navy Pay Office, Boston.
Henry M. Denniston, Navy Pay Office, N. Y.
Frank C. Cosby, gen insp Pay Corps.
George Cochran, Navy Pay Office, Phila.
Albert S. Kenny, chief Bureau Supplies and Accounts.
George A. Lyon, waiting orders.
Edward Bellows, gen strkpr, Portsmouth.
Arthur Burtis, waiting orders.
Edwin Putnam, gen strkpr, New York.
Robert P. Lisle, ordered to League Island.
Leonard A. Frailey, gen strkpr, Washington.
George E. Hendee, Navy Yard, Boston.

PAY INSPECTORS.

[With rank of Commander.]

Henry T. Wright, Navy Yard, New York.
Daniel A. Smith, waiting orders.
Albert W. Bacon, gen strkpr, Mare Island.
Joseph Foster, New York (fleet).
Theodore S. Thompson, Navy Pay Office, San Francisco.
William J. Thomson, Baltimore (fleet).
Henry G. Colby, Navy Pay Office, Baltimore.
John B. Redfield, ord to Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Ichabod G. Hobbs, waiting orders.
Joel P. Loomis, cadet strkpr, Naval Academy.
Henry T. B. Harris, recg ship *Vermont*.
Stephen Rand, Navy Pay Office, Washington.
Lawrence G. Boggs, U. S. S. *Massachusetts*.

PAYMASTERS.

[With rank of Lieutenant-Commander.]

Samuel R. Colhoun, torpedo station.
Josiah R. Stanton, U. S. S. *Philadelphia*.
James A. Ring, U. S. S. *Iowa*.
James E. Cann, Navy Pay Office, Portsmouth.
J. N. Spiel, Naval Home, Philadelphia.
Reah Frazer, Navy Yard, League Island.
Hiram E. Drury, clothing factory, New York.
Charles W. Littlefield, recg ship *Wabash*.
Arthur Peterson, Navy Yard, League Island.
William W. Galt, Navy Yard, Norfolk.
John Clyde Sullivan, ord to trng ship *Adams*.

[With rank of Lieutenant.]

John R. Martin, ord to recg ship *Richmond*.
Charles M. Ray, Naval Academy.
Mitchell C. MacDonald, Naval Station, Cavite.
Eustace B. Rogers, U. S. S. *Oregon*.
Leeds C. Kerr, recg ship *Independence*.
Richard T. M. Ball, Chicago.
Charles S. Williams, gen strkpr, Boston.
Thomas J. Cowie, Training Station, Newport.
John S. Carpenter, U. S. S. *Texas*.
Livingston Hunt, Navy Yard, Washington.
John A. Mudd, Navy Yard, New York.
Willis B. Wilcox, asst to gen strkpr, League Isl.
George W. Simpson, asst Bureau Supplies and Accounts.
Harry R. Sullivan, ord Naval Station, Cavite.
Samuel L. Heap, U. S. S. *Brooklyn*.

REAR ADMIRALS, \$4,500.

Thomas O. Selfridge, Washington, D. C.
Roger N. Stembel, Washington, D. C.
George B. Balch, Baltimore, Md.
Aaron K. Hughes, Washington, D. C.
Thomas S. Phelps, Washington, D. C.
Francis A. Roe, Washington, D. C.
Samuel R. Franklin, Washington, D. C.
John H. Upshur, Washington, D. C.
S. B. Luce, Newport, R. I.
James E. Jouett, Washington, D. C.
L. A. Kimberly, West Newton, Mass.
Geo. E. Belknap, Brookline, Mass.
D. B. Harmony, Santa Barbara, Cal.
A. W. Weaver, Washington, D. C.

John Q. Lovell, U. S. S. *Amphitrite*.

James S. Phillips, *Solace*.
Thomas S. Jewett, *Glacier*.
Frank T. Arms, *Indiana*.
Thomas H. Hicks, Bureau Supplies and Accts.
Henry E. Jewett, U. S. S. *Newark*.
Ziba W. Reynolds, ord *Charleston*.
Samuel McGowan, gen strkpr, Cavite.
Henry A. Dent, asst gen strkpr, Norfolk.
Walter L. Wilson, U. S. S. *Pensacola*.
William J. Littell, Navy Yard, New York.
Phillip V. Mohun, sick leave.
Martin McM. Ramsey, Coast Survey Office.
Joseph J. Cheatham, Bureau Supplies and Accounts.
Richard Hattan, Navy Yard, New York.

Marine Corps.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL, COMMANDANT.

Charles Heywood, hdqrs Washington.

GENERAL STAFF.

George C. Reid, col, adj and insp, hdqrs Washington.
Charles H. Lauchheimer, maj, asst adj and insp, hdqrs Washington.
Frank L. Denny, col and qtrmstr, hdqrs Washington.
Thos. C. Prince, maj and asst qtrmstr, asst qtrmstr's office, Philadelphia.
Charles L. McCawley, maj and asst qtrmstr, marine bks, Washington.
Cyrus S. Radford, capt and asst qtrmstr, hdqrs Washington.
Robert P. Faunt Le Roy, capt and asst qtrmstr, asst qtrmstr's office, Philadelphia.
William B. Lemly, capt and asst qtrmstr, Cavite, P. I.
Green Clay Goodloe, col and paymaster, hdqrs Washington.
George Richards, maj and asst paymaster, hdqrs Washington.

COLONELS.

James Forney, marine bks, League Island.
Percival C. Pope, marine bks, Manila, P. I.
Robert L. Meade, marine bks, Cavite, P. I.
Charles F. Williams, marine bks, Mare Island.
Henry C. Cochran, marine bks, Boston.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

William S. Muse, marine bks, Norfolk.
Francis H. Harrington, marine bks, Washington.
Manil C. Goodrell, Seattle, Washington.
George F. Elliott, Cavite, P. I.
Allan C. Kelton, marine bks, Island Guam.

MAJORS.

Richard Wallach, Naval Academy.
Benjamin R. Russell, U. S. S. *New York*.
Otway C. Berryman, Naval Academy.
William F. Spicer, U. S. S. *Brooklyn*.
Paul St. C. Murphy, Training Station, Newport.
William P. Biddle, supt of recruiting.
Randolph Dickens, Navy Yard, Washington.
Thomas N. Wood, waiting orders.
L. W. T. Waller, Cavite, P. I.
Harry K. White, Manila, P. I.

RETIRED LIST.

A. E. K. Benham, Washington, D. C.
John Irwin, Washington, D. C.
Bancroft Gherardi, New York.
O. F. Stanton, New London, Conn.
Henry Erben, New York.
J. A. Greer, Washington, D. C.
George Brown, Indianapolis, Ind.
John G. Walker, Washington, D. C.
Francis M. Ramsay, Washington, D. C.
Joseph N. Miller, New York.
Montgomery Sclard, Washington, D. C.
Edmund O. Matthews, Newport.
F. M. Bunce, Hartford, Conn.
Lester A. Beardsley, Little Falls, N. Y.
Thomas O. Selfridge, Jr., Washington, D. C.

Henry L. Howison, New York.
 Nichol Ludlow, Washington, D. C.
 I. R. Tryon, Coxsack, N. Y.
 Edwin Stewart, Washington, D. C.
 J. A. Smith, Philadelphia, Pa.
 J. E. Tolfree, New York, N. Y.
 Joseph Treley, San Francisco, Cal.
 James Entwistle, Paterson, N. J.

COMMODORES, \$3,750.

Albert G. Clary, leave of absence.
 Somerville Nicholson, Washington, D. C.
 William K. Mayo, Washington, D. C.
 William P. McCann, New Rochelle, N. Y.
 James H. Gillis, Washington, D. C.
 E. E. Potter, Belvidere, Ill.
 R. L. Phythian, Annapolis, Md.
 R. R. Wallace, Washington, D. C.

CAPTAINS, \$3,375.

Thomas G. Corbin, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Francis Lowry, Burlington, Vt.
 A. T. Mahan, New York.
 H. B. Seely, Philadelphia, Pa.
 H. S. Ross, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 J. L. Hannum, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Richard Rush, Washington, D. C.

COMMANDERS, \$2,625.

Thomas L. Swann, sick leave.
 Smith W. Nichols, Dorchester, Mass.
 C. A. Schetky, leave of absence.
 George T. Davis, Asheville, N. C.
 Thos. Nelson, Annapolis, Md.
 John K. Winn, Chelsea, Mass.
 W. B. Newman, Hackensack, N. J.
 A. J. Iverson, Boston, Mass.
 F. L. Tanner, Washington, D. C.
 J. C. Marong, San Francisco, Cal.
 J. D. Graham, New York.
 Samuel Belden, New London, Conn.
 B. E. Richards, Washington, D. C.
 Robert S. Jasper, Charlestown, W. Va.
 William H. Driggs, Washington, D. C.
 John H. Moore, Washington, D. C.
 H. O. Rittenhouse, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Robert G. Peck, Washington, D. C.
 H. F. Eichbohm, Chicago, Ill.
 G. C. Hannis, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 H. H. Barroll, Danbury, Conn.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDERS, \$2,250.

Antoine R. McNair, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.
 Charles E. McKay, Orange, N. J.
 Henry C. Tallman, New York.
 Francis O. Davenport, Detroit, Mich.
 Frederick I. Nalle, Norristown, Pa.
 Gouverneur K. Haswell, New York city.
 Edward M. Stedman, Chicago, Ill.
 Socrates Hubbard, Garden City, N. Y.
 Leonard Cheney, New York.
 E. L. Amory, Boston, Mass.
 Isaac Hazlett, Washington, D. C.
 Frederick A. Miller, leave of absence.
 William P. Randall, New Bedford, Mass.
 Francis H. Sheppard, St. Andrews, Fla.
 George F. Morrison, Washington, D. C.
 Charles W. Tracy, Boston, Mass.

David C. Woodrow, Cincinnati, O.
 R. M. G. Brown, Washington, D. C.

MEDICAL DIRECTORS, \$3,300.

William Grier, Washington, D. C.
 Samuel Jackson, Washington, D. C.
 Thomas J. Turner, Coldwater, Mich.
 John Y. Taylor, Washington, D. C.
 Phineas J. Horwitz, Philadelphia, Pa.
 F. M. Ginnell, Washington, D. C.
 Samuel F. Cones, Cambridge, Mass.
 Edward Shippen, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Jacob S. Dungan, San Francisco, Cal.
 George Peck, Elizabeth, N. J.
 W. T. Hurd, Washington, D. C.
 A. L. Gilson, New York.
 R. C. Dean, Washington, D. C.
 D. Bloodgood, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 D. Kindleberger, New York.
 P. S. Wales, leave of absence.
 H. M. Wells, New York.
 I. N. Penrose, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SURGEONS, \$2,100.

C. J. Cleborne, Wernersville, Pa.
 L. Baldwin, Louisville, Ky.

MEDICAL INSPECTORS, \$3,300.

William E. Taylor, Honolulu, H. I.
 John C. Spear, Norristown, Pa.
 Archibald C. Rhoades, New York.
 A. S. Oberly, leave of absence.
 F. Woolverton, Suspension Bridge, N. Y.
 W. H. Jones, Bethlehem, Pa.

PAY DIRECTORS, \$3,300.

James H. Watmough, Washington, D. C.
 Thomas H. Looker, Washington, D. C.
 Charles W. Abbot, Warren, R. I.
 Alexander W. Russell, Philadelphia, Pa.
 J. D. Murray, Annapolis, Md.
 Caspar Schenck, Annapolis, Md.
 Luther G. Billings, Clifton, N. Y.
 A. J. Pritchard, Baltimore, Md.

PAY INSPECTORS, \$3,300.

Francis H. Swan, Brookline, Mass.
 W. W. Woodhull, San Juan, Puerto Rico.

PAYMASTERS, \$2,100.

W. W. Barry, New Bedford, Mass.

CHIEF ENGINEERS, \$3,300.

Benjamin F. Isherwood, New York city.
 William H. Shock, Washington, D. C.
 Theodore Zeller, New York city.
 James W. King, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Edwin Flthian, Bridgeton, N. J.
 William S. Stamm, Philadelphia, Pa.
 F. C. Dade, Philadelphia, Pa.
 D. B. Macomb, Boston, Mass.
 Henry Mason, Plymouth, Conn.
 Edward B. Latch, Academy, Pa.
 George W. Sensner, Washington, D. C.
 Charles H. Loring, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Edward Farmer, Boston, Mass.
 F. A. Wilson, Boston, Mass.
 A. Kirby, Washington, D. C.

LIST OF THE VESSELS OF THE U. S. NAVY IN COMMISSION, WITH NAMES OF COMMANDING AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

[Corrected to Nov. 15, 1899.]

ABARENDA—Comdr. Benjamin F. Tilley, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Wm. E. Sewell, executive.
 ACCOMAC—Acting Boatswain Timothy Sullivan, comdg.
 ACTIVE—Acting Boatswain Aaron B. Irean, comdg.
 ADAMS—Comdr. Walton Goodwin, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Henry Minett, executive.
 ALBATROSS—Comdr. Jefferson F. Moser, comdg; Lieut. Hugh Rodman, executive.
 ALLIANCE—Comdr. Albert Ross, comdg;

Lt.-Comdr. Edmund B. Underwood, executive.
 AMPHITRITE—Capt. Edwin S. Houston, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Edward B. Barry, executive.
 BALTIMORE—Capt. James M. Forsyth, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Charles E. Vreeland, executive.
 BENNINGTON—Comdr. Conway H. Arnold, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Charles B. T. Moore, executive.
 BROOKLYN—Capt. Theodore F. Jewell,

- comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Dennis H. Mahan, executive.
- CAESAR—Lt.-Comdr. F. E. Sawyer, comdg.
- CALLAO—Lt.-Comdr. Benjamin F. Tappan, comdg.
- CASTINE—Comdr. Samuel W. Very, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. John A. Shearman, executive.
- CELTIC—Lt.-Comdr. Nathaniel J. K. Patch, comdg; Lieut. Wm. S. Hogg, executive.
- CHARLESTON—Capt. George W. Pigman, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. John A. Norris, executive.
- CHICAGO—Capt. Charles H. Rockwell, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Wm. F. Low, executive.
- CHOCTAW—Acting Boatswain Christopher J. Cooper, comdg.
- CONCORD—Comdr. Seth M. Ackley, comdg; Lieut. Bernard O. Scott, executive.
- CONSTELLATION—Comdr. John J. Hunker, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Herbert Winslow, executive.
- CULGOA—Comdr. James W. Carlin, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Henry C. Gearing, executive.
- DETROIT—Comdr. Joseph N. Hemphill, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. James C. Cresap, executive.
- DIXIE—Lt.-Comdr. Jesse M. Roper, executive.
- DOLPHIN—Lt.-Comdr. Wm. H. H. Southard, comdg; Lieut. Thomas Snowden, executive.
- EAGLE—Lt.-Comdr. Frank F. Fletcher, comdg; Lieut. Albert M. Beecher, executive.
- ENTERPRISE—Comdr. Frederick M. Wise, comdg; Lieut. Levi C. Bertolette, executive.
- ESSEX—Comdr. Frank Courtis, comdg; Lieut. Edward E. Wright, executive.
- FARRAGUT—Lt.-Comdr. Reginald F. Nicholson, comdg.
- FRSHHAWK—Mate Jas. A. Smith, comdg.
- FRANKLIN—Capt. Wm. C. Wise, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Theodor Porter, executive.
- GLACIER—Lt.-Comdr. John B. Briggs, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Albert Mertz, executive.
- HARTFORD—Comdr. John M. Hawley, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Alexander Sharp, Jr., executive.
- HELENA—Comdr. Edwin T. Moore, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Charles E. Fox, executive.
- HERCULES—Boatswain James W. Angus, comdg.
- INDEPENDENCE—Capt. Charles S. Cotton, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Thomas S. Phelps, executive.
- INDIANA—Capt. Francis W. Dickens, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. John C. Wilson, executive.
- IOWA—Capt. Charles F. Goodrich, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Wm. H. Turner, executive.
- IRIS—Comdr. William H. Everett, comdg; Lieut. John M. Orchard, executive.
- IROQUOIS—Lt.-Comdr. Charles F. Pond, comdg.
- LANCASTER—Capt. Charles M. Thomas, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Nelson T. Houston, executive.
- MACHIAS—Comdr. Leavitt C. Logan, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Hamilton Hutchins, executive.
- MANILA—Lt.-Comdr. Arthur P. Nazro, comdg; Lieut. Albert L. Norton, executive.
- MARBLEHEAD—Comdr. Harrison G. O. Colby, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. George W. Mentz, executive.
- MARIETTA—Comdr. Edward H. Gheen, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Wm. M. Irwin, executive.
- MASSACHUSETTS—Capt. Charles J. Train, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Kossuth Niles, executive.
- MICHIGAN—Comdr. Charles P. Perkins, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. William Winder, executive.
- MONADNOCK—Capt. John McGowan, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Thomas B. Howard, executive.
- MODOC—Acting Boatswain Emil H. Eycke, comdg.
- MONOCACY—Comdr. George A. Bicknell, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Frank H. Holmes, executive.
- MONONGAHELA—Comdr. Albion V. Wadhams, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Uriah H. Harris, executive.
- MONTEREY—Comdr. Charles C. Cornwell, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. James H. Bull, executive.
- MONTGOMERY—Comdr. John P. Merrell, comdg; Lieut. Francis E. Greene, executive.
- NASHVILLE—Comdr. Raymond P. Rodgers, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Alfred Reynolds, executive.
- NERO—Lt.-Comdr. Harry M. Hodges, comdg; Lieut. John Hood, executive.
- NEWARK—Capt. Bowman H. McCalla, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Clayton S. Richman, executive.
- NEW ORLEANS—Capt. Edwin Longnecker, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Martin E. Hall, executive.
- NEW YORK—Capt. French E. Chadwick, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Joseph B. Murdock, executive.
- NEZINSCOT—Boatswain Lee R. Boland, comdg.
- OREGON—Capt. George F. F. Wilde, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Alexander McCrackin, executive.
- PENSACOLA—Capt. Henry Glass, comdg; Lieut. Richard M. Hughes, executive.
- PETREL—Lt.-Comdr. James T. Smith, comdg; Lieut. Albert N. Wood, executive.
- PHILADELPHIA—Capt. George C. Reiter, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Wm. H. Schuetze, executive.
- PORTER—Lieut. Irvin V. Gillis, comdg.
- PRAIRIE—Comdr. Morris R. S. Mackenzie, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Fidelio S. Carter, executive.
- PRINCETON—Comdr. Harry Knox, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. John M. Bowyer, executive.
- RANGER—Comdr. Wells L. Field, comdg; Lieut. John H. L. Holcombe, executive.
- RESOLUTE—Comdr. James D. J. Kelley, comdg; Lieut. Reuben O. Bitler, executive.
- RICHMOND—Capt. John J. Read, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Samuel P. Comly, executive.
- ST. MARY'S—Comdr. William H. Reeder, comdg; Lieut. George R. Evans, executive.
- SANTEE—Lt.-Comdr. Richard Wainwright, comdg.
- SARATOGA—Lt.-Comdr. William J. Barnette, comdg; Lieut. Andrew T. Long, executive.
- SCINDIA—Comdr. James M. Miller, comdg.
- SCORPION—Lt.-Comdr. Nathan Sargent, comdg; Lieut. Roger Welles, Jr., executive.
- SIOUX—Boatswain Albert F. Benzon, comdg.

SOLACE—Comdr. Andrew Dunlap, comdg;
Lt.-Comdr. Frederick W. Coffin, executive.
SYLPH—Lieut. William J. Maxwell, comdg.
TACOMA—Acting Boatswain Charles T. Chase, comdg.
TECUMSEH—Boatswain James Dowling, comdg.
TEXAS—Capt. Charles D. Sigsbee, comdg;
Lt.-Comdr. Albert C. Dillingham, executive.
UNCAS—Lieut. Thomas J. Senn, comdg.
VERMONT—Capt. Merrill Miller, comdg;
Lt.-Comdr. Daniel D. V. Stewart, executive.
VIXEN—Lt.-Comdr. William W. Kimball, comdg; Lieut. Leon S. Thompson, executive.

WABASH—Capt. George H. Wadleigh, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Frank A. Wilner, executive.
WHEELING—Comdr. William T. Burwell, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Frank E. Beatty, executive.
WILMINGTON—Comdr. Charles O. Allibone, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. John M. Robinson, executive.
YANKTON—Lt.-Comdr. George L. Dyer, comdg; Lieut. Isaac K. Seymour, executive.
YORKTOWN—Comdr. Charles S. Sperry, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Bradley A. Fiske, executive.
YOSEMITE—Capt. George E. Ide, comdg; Lt.-Comdr. Clifford J. Boush, executive.

SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

July 1, 1899.

[ABBREVIATIONS.—Hull: S., steel; S.W., steel, wood sheathed; I., iron; W., wood. Propulsion: S., screw; T.S., twin screw; Tr. S., triple screw; P., paddle.]

FIRST RATE.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (m'n battery).	Station or condition.
Iowa.....	11,340	1st-class battleship..	S.	12,105	16	T.S.	18	Pacific Station.
Indiana.....	10,288	do.....	S.	9,788	15.55	T.S.	16	North Atlantic Station.
Massachusetts.....	10,288	do.....	S.	10,408	16.15	T.S.	16	Do.
Oregon.....	10,288	do.....	S.	11,111	16.78	T.S.	16	Asiatic Station.
Brooklyn.....	9,215	Armored cruiser.....	S.	18,769	21.07	T.S.	20	Do.
New York.....	8,200	do.....	S.	17,401	21	T.S.	18	North Atlantic Station.
Columbia.....	7,375	Protected cruiser.....	S.	18,509	22.8	Tr.S.	11	In reserve, League I., Pa.
Minneapolis.....	7,375	do.....	S.	20,862	23.7	Tr.S.	11	Do.
Texas.....	6,315	2d-class battleship..	S.	8,610	17	T.S.	8	North Atlantic Station.
Puritan.....	6,000	Double-tur. monitor..	I.	3,700	12.4	T.S.	10	Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.
Olympia.....	5,870	Protected cruiser.....	S.	17,313	21.78	T.S.	14	Navy Yard, Boston.

SECOND RATE.

Chicago.....	4,500	Protected cruiser....	S.	9,000	15.1	T.S.	18	South Atlantic Station.
Baltimore.....	4,413	do.....	S.	10,064	20.9	T.S.	10	Asiatic Station.
Philadelphia.....	4,324	do.....	S.	8,815	19.68	T.S.	12	Pacific Station.
Monterey.....	4,084	Barbette turret, low freeboard monitor.	S.	5,244	13.6	T.S.	4	Asiatic Station.
Newark.....	4,068	Protected cruiser....	S.	8,869	19	T.S.	12	Do.
San Francisco.....	4,068	do.....	S.	9,913	19.53	T.S.	12	Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.
Charleston.....	3,730	do.....	S.	6,666	18.20	T.S.	8	Asiatic Station.
Miantonomob.....	3,990	Double-tur. monitor..	I.	1,426	10.5	T.S.	4	League Island, Pa.
Ampbitrite.....	3,990	do.....	I.	1,600	10.5	T.S.	6	Special service.
Monadnock.....	3,990	do.....	I.	3,000	12	T.S.	6	Asiatic Station.
Terror.....	3,990	do.....	I.	1,600	10.5	T.S.	4	Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.
New Orleans.....	3,437	Protected cruiser....	SW	7,500	21	T.S.	10	Asiatic Station.
Lancaster.....	3,250	Cruiser.....	W.	1,000	21	S.	12	Training service.
Cincinnati.....	3,213	Protected cruiser....	S.	10,000	19	T.S.	11	Navy Yard, New York.
Raleigh.....	3,213	do.....	S.	10,000	19	T.S.	11	Navy Yard, Portsmouth.
Reina Mercedes.....	3,000	do.....	S.	3,700	.....	S.	8	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Atlanta.....	3,000	do.....	S.	4,030	15.6	S.	8	Repairing at Navy Yard, New York.
Boston.....	3,000	do.....	S.	4,030	15.6	S.	8	Navy Yard, Mare Island.

THIRD RATE.

Buffalo.....	6,888	Cruiser (converted)..	S.	3,600	.....	S.	6	Special service.
Yankee.....	6,888	do.....	I.	3,800	.....	S.	10	In reserve, League Isl'd.
Prairie.....	6,872	do.....	I.	3,800	.....	S.	10	Special service.
Dixie.....	6,145	do.....	S.	3,800	.....	S.	10	Loaned to War Dept. (to be returned shortly).
Yosemite.....	6,145	do.....	I.	3,800	.....	S.	10	Asiatic Station, Guam.
Badger.....	4,784	do.....	S.	3,200	.....	S.	6	Pacific Station.
Solace.....	4,700	Hospital ship.....	S.	3,200	.....	S.	.....	Special service.
Panther.....	4,260	Cruiser (converted)..	I.	.....	.....	S.	8	Lesgue Island Yard.
Hartford.....	2,790	Cruiser.....	W.	2,000	.....	S.	13	Special service.
Mayflower.....	2,690	Cruiser (converted)..	S.	4,700	18.8	T.S.	2	Navy Yard, New York.
Katahdin.....	2,155	Harbor-defense ram	S.	5,068	16.25	T.S.	4	Navy Yard, League Isl'd.
Canonieus.....	2,100	Single-tur. monitor..	I.	340	6	S.	2	Do.
Mahopac.....	2,100	do.....	I.	340	6	S.	2	Do.
Manhattan.....	2,100	do.....	I.	340	6	S.	2	Do.

SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (m'n battery).	Station or condition.
Detroit.....	2,089	Unprotected cruiser.	g.	5,227	18.71	T.S.	10	North Atlantic Station.
Montgomery.....	2,089	do.....	g.	5,580	13.6	T.S.	10	South Atlantic Station.
Marblehead.....	2,089	do.....	g.	5,451	18.44	T.S.	10	Pacific Station.
Mohican.....	1,900	Cruiser.....	W.	1,100	.....	.....	6	Training service.
Catskill.....	1,875	Single-tur. monitor.	I.	340	5.50	.....	2	Navy Yard, League Isl'd.
Jason.....	1,875	do.....	I.	340	5.50	.....	2	Do.
Lehigh.....	1,875	do.....	I.	340	5.50	.....	2	Do.
Montauk.....	1,875	do.....	I.	340	5.50	.....	2	Do.
Nahant.....	1,875	do.....	I.	340	5.50	.....	2	Do.
Nantucket.....	1,875	do.....	I.	340	5.50	.....	2	Naval Station. Port Royal, S. C.
Passaic.....	1,875	do.....	I.	340	5.50	S.	2	Navy Yard, Pensacola.
Bennington.....	1,710	Gunboat.....	g.	3,436	17.5	T.S.	6	Asiatic Station.
Concord.....	1,710	do.....	g.	3,405	16.8	T.S.	6	Do.
Yorktown.....	1,710	do.....	g.	3,392	16.14	T.S.	6	Do.
Topeka.....	1,700	do.....	I.	2,000	16	S.	6	Navy Yard, Boston.
Dolphin.....	1,486	Dispatch boat.....	g.	2,253	15.5	T.S.	3	Special service.
Wilmington.....	1,392	Light-draft gunboat.	g.	1,894	16	T.S.	8	South Atlantic.
Helena.....	1,392	do.....	g.	1,983	16	T.S.	8	Asiatic Station.
Adams.....	1,375	Cruiser.....	W.	800	.....	.....	6	Training service.
Alliance.....	1,375	do.....	W.	800	.....	.....	6	Do.
Essex.....	1,375	do.....	W.	800	.....	.....	6	Do.
Enterprise.....	1,375	do.....	W.	800	.....	.....	1	Public Marine School, Boston.
Nashville.....	1,371	Light-draft gunboat.	S.	2,536	16	T.S.	8	Asiatic Station.
Monocacy.....	1,370	do.....	I.	850	.....	P.	6	Do.
Castine.....	1,177	Gunboat.....	g.	2,199	16.3	T.S.	8	Do.
Machias.....	1,177	do.....	g.	2,046	15.5	T.S.	8	North Atlantic Station.
Don Juan de Austria.....	1,159	do.....	I.	1,500	.....	S.	4	Asiatic Station.
Isla de Luzon.....	1,030	do.....	g.	2,627	.....	T.S.	6	Do.
Isla de Cuba.....	1,030	do.....	g.	2,627	.....	T.S.	6	Do.
Alert.....	1,020	Cruiser.....	I.	500	.....	.....	3	Navy Yard, Mare Island.
Ranger.....	1,020	do.....	I.	500	.....	.....	6	Do.
Annapolis.....	1,000	Composite gunboat.	Co.	1,227	13.7	.....	6	Naval Academy.
Vicksburg.....	1,000	do.....	Co.	1,113	12.71	.....	6	Navy Yard, Boston.
Wheeling.....	1,000	do.....	Co.	1,081	12.89	T.S.	6	Asiatic Station.
Marietta.....	1,000	do.....	Co.	1,054	13.3	T.S.	6	Do.
Newport.....	1,000	do.....	Co.	1,008	12.29	S.	6	Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.
Princeton.....	1,000	do.....	Co.	800	12	S.	6	Asiatic Station.

FOURTH RATE.

Scindia.....	*7,500	Collier.....	g.	3,000	.....	S.	12	Navy Yard, Mare Island
Celtic.....	6,428	Supply ship.....	g.	1,890	.....	S.	12	Asiatic Station.
Saturn.....	*6,230	Collier.....	I.	1,500	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Rainbow.....	6,206	Distilling ship.....	g.	1,800	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, New York.
Alexander.....	6,181	Collier.....	g.	1,026	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Iris.....	6,100	Distilling ship.....	g.	1,300	.....	.....	12	Asiatic Station.
Sterling.....	5,663	Collier.....	I.	*926	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Boston.
Cæsar.....	5,016	do.....	g.	1,500	.....	.....	14	San Juan, P. R.
Nero.....	4,925	do.....	g.	1,000	.....	S.	14	Special service.
Nanshan.....	*4,827	do.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	14	Asiatic Station.
Abrenda.....	4,670	do.....	g.	1,050	.....	.....	14	Pacific Station.
Supply.....	4,460	Supply ship.....	g.	1,069	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, New York.
Hannibal.....	4,291	Collier.....	g.	1,100	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Leonidas.....	4,242	do.....	g.	1,000	.....	.....	12	Navy Yd., League Isl'd.
Resolute.....	4,175	Transport.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Portsmouth.
Lebanon.....	3,375	Collier.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	14	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Justin.....	3,300	do.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	14	Mare Island Navy Yard.
Southery.....	*3,100	do.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Pompey.....	*3,085	do.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	Navy Yd., League Isl'd.
Arethusa.....	.....	Tank steamer.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	League Island.
Brutus.....	.....	Collier.....	g.	1,200	.....	.....	12	Pacific Station.
Cassius.....	.....	.....do.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Culgoa.....	.....	Supply ship.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	Asiatic Station.
Glacier.....	.....	Refrigerator ship.....	g.	.....	.....	S.	13	Do.
Hector.....	.....	Collier.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	Navy Yard, Boston.
Marcellus.....	.....	.....do.....	I.	1,200	.....	S.	12	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Zafiro.....	.....	Supply ship.....	g.	.....	.....	.....	12	Asiatic Station.
Manila.....	1,900	Transport.....	I.	750	.....	.....	12	Do.
Yankton.....	975	Yacht.....	g.	750	.....	P.S.	12	Special service.
Vesuvius.....	929	Dynamite-gun vessel.....	g.	3,735	.....	.....	13	Navy Yard, Boston.
Petrel.....	892	Gunboat.....	g.	1,095	.....	.....	14	Asiatic Station.
Scorpion.....	850	Yacht.....	g.	2,800	.....	P.S.	14	Navy Yard, New York.
Fern.....	840	Training ship.....	W.	300	.....	S.	13	Naval Militia, Washington, D. C.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propul- sion.	Guns (m'n battery).	Station or condition.
Baneroff	839	Gunboat.....	g.	1,213	.....	T.S.	†‡	Navy Yard, Boston.
Vixen	806	Yacht.....	g.	1,250	.....	g.	†‡	North Atlantic.
Gloucester.....	786	do.....	g.	2,000	.....	g.	†10	Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
Michigan.....	685	Cruiser.....	I.	365	.....	P.	†6	Special service, North-western Lakes.
Wasp.....	630	Yacht.....	g.	1,800	.....	g.	†6	Naval Sta., Port Royal.
Frolic.....	607	do.....	g.	550	.....	g.	†4	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Dorothea.....	594	do.....	g.	1,588	.....	g.	†10	Do.
El Cano.....	560	Gunboat.....	g.	600	.....	T.S.	.....	Under repairs; ready for armament in July.
Pinta.....	550	do.....	I.	310	.....	S.	†2	Naval Militia, San Diego, Cal.
Stranger.....	*546	Yacht.....	I.	.....	.....	g.	†5	Loaned to Louisiana.
Peoria.....	498	Gunboat (converted)	S.	.....	.....	g.	†7	Under repairs at Boston for Naval Training Station, Newport.
Hist.....	472	Yacht.....	g.	500	.....	g.	†6	Pensacola Station.
Eagle.....	434	do.....	g.	850	.....	g.	†6	Special service.
Hornet.....	425	do.....	g.	800	.....	g.	†9	Loaned to N. Carolina.
Hawk.....	375	do.....	g.	1,000	.....	g.	†4	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Siren.....	*315	do.....	g.	.....	.....	g.	†4	Naval Militia, Virginia.
Sylvia.....	*302	do.....	I.	.....	.....	g.	†6	Loaned to Maryland.
Viking.....	218	do.....	I.	420	.....	g.	†4	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Callao.....	208	Gunboat.....	g.	250	.....	T.S.	†2	Asiatic Station.
Pampango.....	201	do.....	I.	250	.....	T.S.	†4	Do.
Paragua.....	201	do.....	I.	250	.....	T.S.	†4	Do.
Samar.....	201	do.....	I.	250	.....	T.S.	†4	Do.
Alleen.....	192	Yacht.....	g.	500	.....	g.	†5	Loaned to New York.
Kanawah.....	*175	do.....	Co.	.....	.....	g.	†6	Loaned to Rhodelsland.
Elfrida.....	*173	do.....	g.	200	.....	g.	†2	Loaned to New Jersey.
Sylph.....	152	do.....	g.	550	.....	g.	†8	Special service.
Calamianes.....	151	Gunboat.....	I.	125	.....	T.S.	.....	Repairing; ready for armament in July.
Leyte.....	151	do.....	I.	125	.....	T.S.	.....	Asiatic Station.
Albay.....	151	do.....	I.	125	.....	T.S.	†3	Do.
Oneida.....	150	Yacht.....	W.	350	.....	S.	†6	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Panay.....	142	Gunboat.....	I.	125	.....	T.S.	†4	Asiatic Station.
Manileno.....	142	do.....	I.	125	.....	T.S.	†4	Do.
Mariveles.....	142	do.....	I.	125	.....	T.S.	†4	Do.
Mindoro.....	142	do.....	I.	125	.....	T.S.	†4	Do.
Restless.....	137	Yacht.....	I.	500	.....	g.	†8	Navy Yard, New York.
Alvarado.....	100	Gunboat.....	S.	137	.....	g.	†2	North Atlantic Station.
Sandoval.....	100	do.....	S.	137	.....	g.	†2	Navy Yd., Portsmouth
Huntress.....	82	Yacht.....	Co.	.....	.....	g.	†3	Loaned to New Jersey.
Vasco.....	42	Gunboat.....	I.	44	.....	g.	†3	Asiatic Station.
Guardoqui.....	42	do.....	I.	44	.....	g.	†3	Do.
Urdaneta.....	42	do.....	I.	44	.....	g.	†3	Do.
Inca.....	.....	Yacht.....	W.	400	.....	g.	†3	Loaned to Massachusetts.
Shearwater.....	.....	.....do.....	S.	.....	.....	g.	†3	Loaned to Pennsylvania
Belusan.....	.....	Gunboat.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Underrep's; Asiatic Sta.
Mindanao.....	.....	.....do.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Do.

TORPEDO BOATS.

Cushing (No. 1)...	105	Torpedo boat.....	S.	1,720	22.5	T.S.	†‡	Navy Yard, New York.
Ericsson (No. 2)...	120	do.....	g.	1,800	24	T.S.	.....	Do.
Foote (No. 3)...	142	do.....	g.	2,000	24.5	T.S.	.....	Do.
Rodgers (No. 4)...	142	do.....	g.	2,000	24.5	T.S.	.....	Do.
Winslow (No. 5)...	142	do.....	g.	2,000	24.5	T.S.	.....	Naval Sta., Newport, R.I.
Porter (No. 6)...	165	do.....	g.	.....	28.6	g.	.....	Do.
Dupont (No. 7)...	165	do.....	g.	.....	28.5	g.	.....	Do.
Rowan (No. 8)...	182	do.....	g.	3,200	26	T.S.	.....	Naval Sta., Puget Sound.
Farragut (No. 11)...	273	do.....	g.	5,000	30	T.S.	.....	Navy Yard, Mare Island.
Davis (No. 12)...	132	do.....	g.	1,750	22.5	T.S.	.....	Do.
Fox (No. 13)...	132	do.....	g.	1,750	22.5	T.S.	.....	Do.
Morris (No. 14)...	105	do.....	g.	1,750	24.5	T.S.	.....	Naval Sta., Newport, R.I.
Talbot (No. 15)...	46½	do.....	g.	850	20	g.	.....	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Gwin (No. 16)...	46	do.....	g.	850	20	g.	.....	Newport.
McKenzie (No. 17)...	65	do.....	g.	850	20	g.	.....	League Island.
McKee (No. 18)...	65	do.....	g.	850	20	g.	.....	Navy Yard, New York.
Manly (No. 22)...	.....	.....do.....	g.	.....	17	g.	.....	Naval Academy.
Somers (No. 23)...	145	do.....	g.	1,900	.....	g.	.....	Navy Yard, New York.
Barcelo.....	66	do.....	g.	600	.....	g.	.....	Asiatic Station.
Stiletto.....	31	do.....	W.	359	.....	g.	.....	Torpedo Station, Newport, R. I.

*Estimated. †Secondary battery. ‡Main battery. §Torpedo tubes.

SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

TUGS.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (m/n battery).	Station or condition.
Accomac.....	187	Tug.....	I.	250	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Havana Station, Cuba.
Active.....	296	do.....	S.	600	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*3	Puget Sound Naval Sta.
Alice.....	356	do.....	W.	250	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Apache.....	650	do.....	W.	550	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*3	Do.
Cheyenne.....	.....	do.....	W.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Port Royal, S. C.
Chickasaw.....	.....	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Do.
Choctaw.....	.....	do.....	I.	188	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*3	Navy Yard, Pensacola.
Hercules.....	1198	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*3	Norfolk, Va.
Iroquois.....	702	do.....	S.	1,000	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*3	Honolulu.
Massasoit.....	202	do.....	S.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Key West.
Modoc.....	241	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	League Island, Pa.
Mohawk.....	420	do.....	S.	400	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Nezinscot.....	156	do.....	S.	400	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Key West.
Osceola.....	571	do.....	S.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Navy Yard, Boston.
Pawnee.....	275	do.....	W.	250	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	New York.
Piscataqua.....	1631	do.....	S.	1,600	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*4	Portsmouth, N. H.
Pontiac.....	1401	do.....	S.	425	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*3	Boston.
Potomac.....	677	do.....	S.	2,000	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*4	Special service.
Powhatan.....	1194	do.....	S.	397	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Navy Yard, Pensacola.
Seminole.....	.....	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*3	Navy Yard, Boston.
Sioux.....	155	do.....	I.	290	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Tacoma.....	.....	do.....	S.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Navy Yard, Pensacola.
Tecumseh.....	214	do.....	S.	500	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Navy Yard, Washington.
Uncas.....	441	do.....	S.	750	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*2	Under orders to San Juan, P. R.
Vigilant.....	300	do.....	.....	450	g.g.g.g.g.	S.	*5	Mare Island.
Waban.....	.....	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Port Royal, S. C.
Wompatuck.....	402	do.....	I.	650	g.g.g.g.g.	S.	*2	Navy Yard, New York.
Rapido.....	.....	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Asiatic Station.
Sureste.....	.....	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Do.
Petrelita.....	.....	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Do.
Barcelo.....	.....	do.....	I.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Do.
Iona.....	.....	Steam launch.....	.....	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Do.
Ordina.....	.....	Steam barge.....	.....	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Do.
Fortune.....	450	Tug.....	I.	340	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Repairing at Navy Yard, Norfolk.
Iwana.....	192	do.....	S.	300	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Yard tug, Boston.
Leyden.....	450	do.....	I.	340	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Nav. Sta., Newport, R. I.
Narkeeta.....	192	do.....	S.	300	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Yard tug, New York.
Nina.....	357	do.....	I.	388	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Navy Yard, New York.
Rocket.....	187	do.....	W.	147	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Navy Yard, Boston.
Standish.....	450	do.....	I.	340	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	*1	Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.
Traffic.....	280	do.....	W.	.....	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Navy Yard, New York.
Triton.....	212	do.....	S.	300	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Yard tug, Washington.
Wahnetta.....	192	do.....	S.	300	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Yard tug, Norfolk.
Unadilla.....	315	do.....	S.	500	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Yard tug, Mare Island.
Samoset.....	225	do.....	S.	450	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Yard tug, League Island.
Penacook.....	225	do.....	S.	450	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Naval Sta., Port Royal.
Pawtucket.....	225	do.....	S.	450	g.g.g.g.g.	g.g.g.g.g.	.....	Nav. Sta., Puget Sound.

SAILING SHIPS.

Monongahela.....	2,100	Sailing ship.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	4	Training Service.
Constellation.....	1,196	do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	8	Stationary train'g ship, Newport.
Jamestown.....	1,150	do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Transferred to Marine Hospital Service.
Portsmouth.....	1,125	do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	12	Naval Militia, N. J.
Saratoga.....	1,025	do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Public Marine School, Philadelphia.
St. Mary's.....	1,025	do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Public Marine School, New York.

RECEIVING SHIPS.

Franklin.....	5,170	Receiving ship.....	W.	1,050	.....	S.	4	Recg ship, Norfolk.
Wabash.....	4,650	do.....	W.	950	.....	S.	.....	Recg ship, Boston.
Vermont.....	4,150	do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Recg ship, New York.
Independence.....	3,270	do.....	W.	.....	.....	Sails	6	Recg ship, Mare Island.
Richmond.....	2,700	do.....	W.	692	.....	S.	2	Recg ship, League Isld.
Pensacola.....	3,000	do.....	W.	680	.....	S.	.....	Yerba Buena Island.

SHIPS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.—CONTINUED.

UNSERVICEABLE.

NAME.	Displacement (tons).	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (m ⁿ battery).	Station or condition.
New Hampshire.	4,150	Sailing ship	W.	.....	.....	Sails	2	Naval Militia, N. Y.
Omaha.....	2,400	Cruiser	W.	353	.....	S.	.....	Transferred to Marine Hospital Service.
Constitution.....	2,200	Sailing ship	W.	.....	.....	Sails	4	Navy Yard, Boston.
Iroquois.....	1,575	Cruiser	W.	1,202	.....	S.	.....	Transferred to Marine Hospital Service.
Nipsic.....	1,375	do.	W.	839	.....	S.	4	Puget Sound Naval Station.
St. Louis.....	830	Sailing ship	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Naval Militia, Penn.
Dale.....	675	do.	W.	.....	.....	Sails	.....	Naval Militia, Md.
Minnesota.....	4,700	Cruiser	W.	1,000	.....	S.	9	Naval Militia, Mass.
Marion.....	1,900	do.	W.	1,100	.....	S.	8	Naval Militia, Cal.
Yantic.....	900	do.	W.	310	.....	S.	4	Naval Militia, Mich.

*Secondary battery guns. †In ordinary.

VESSELS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

Kearsarge.....	11,525	1st-class battleship	S.	10,000	.....	T.S.	22	Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Co., Newport News, Va.
Kentucky.....	11,525	do.	S.	10,000	.....	T.S.	22	Do.
Illinois.....	11,525	do.	S.	10,000	.....	T.S.	18	Do.
Alabama.....	11,525	do.	S.	10,000	.....	T.S.	18	Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia.
Wisconsin.....	11,525	do.	S.	10,000	.....	T.S.	18	Union Iron Works, San Francisco.
Maine.....	12,500	do.	S.	16,000	.....	T.S.	20	Wm. Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia.
Missouri.....	12,500	do.	S.	16,000	.....	T.S.	20	Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Co., Newport News, Va.
Ohio.....	12,500	do.	S.	16,000	.....	T.S.	20	Union Iron Works, San Francisco.
Georgia.....	13,500	do.	SW	18,000	.....	T.S.	.....	Contract not awarded.
New Jersey.....	13,500	do.	SW	18,000	.....	T.S.	.....	Do.
Pennsylvania.....	13,500	do.	SW	18,000	.....	T.S.	.....	Do.
California.....	12,000	Armored cruiser	SW	23,000	.....	T.S.	.....	Do.
Nebraska.....	12,000	do.	SW	23,000	.....	T.S.	.....	Do.
West Virginia.....	12,000	do.	SW	23,000	.....	T.S.	.....	Do.
Albany.....	3,437	Protected cruiser	SW	7,500	.....	T.S.	10	Being completed.
Chattanooga.....	3,100	Cruiser	SW	4,700	.....	T.S.	10	Contract not yet awarded.
Cleveland.....	3,100	do.	SW	4,700	.....	T.S.	10	Do.
Denver.....	3,100	do.	SW	4,700	.....	T.S.	10	Do.
Des Moines.....	3,100	do.	SW	4,700	.....	T.S.	10	Do.
Galveston.....	3,100	do.	SW	4,700	.....	T.S.	10	Do.
Tacoma.....	3,100	do.	SW	4,700	.....	T.S.	10	Do.
Plunger.....	168	Submarine torpedo boat.	S.	1,200	.....	T.S.	2	Columbian Iron Works and Dry Dock Co., Baltimore, Md., under contract with J. P. Holland Torpedo Boat Co.
Chesapeake.....	1,175	Sailing ship	Co.	.....	.....	Sails	6	Bath Iron Works, Bath, Me.
Gunboat No. 16.....	3,214	Gunboat	S.	2,400	.....	T.S.	6	Contract not awarded.
Arkansas.....	3,214	Monitor	S.	2,400	.....	T.S.	6	Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Co., Newport News, Va.
Connecticut.....	3,214	do.	S.	2,400	.....	T.S.	6	Bath Iron Works, Bath, Me.
Florida.....	3,214	do.	S.	2,400	.....	T.S.	6	Lewis Nixon, Elizabethport, N. J.
Wyoming.....	3,214	do.	S.	2,400	.....	T.S.	6	Union Iron Works, San Francisco.
Bainbridge.....	420	Torpedo boat destr.	S.	8,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Neafie & Levy, Phila.
Barry.....	420	do.	S.	8,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Chauncey.....	420	do.	S.	8,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Dale.....	420	do.	S.	8,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Wm. R. Trigg Co., Richmond, Va.
Decatur.....	420	do.	S.	8,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Hopkins.....	408	do.	S.	7,200	.....	T.S.	*2	Harlan & Hollingsworth Co., Wilmington, Del.
Hull.....	408	do.	S.	7,200	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Lawrence.....	400	do.	S.	8,400	.....	T.S.	*2	Fall River Engine Co., Weymouth, Mass.

VESSELS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.—CONTINUED.

NAME.	Displacement (tons.)	Type.	Hull.	Indicated horse power.	Speed (knots).	Propulsion.	Guns (m'n battery).	Station or condition.
Macdonough.....	400	Torpedo boat dstyr..	S.	8,400	.....	T.S.	*2	Fall River Engine Co., Weymouth, Mass.
Paul Jones.....	420	do.....	S.	7,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Union Iron Works, San Francisco.
Perry.....	420	do.....	S.	7,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Preble.....	420	do.....	S.	7,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Stewart.....	420	do.....	S.	7,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Gas Engine and Power Co. and Chas. L. Seabury & Co., Consolidated, Morris Heights, N. Y.
Truxtun.....	433	do.....	S.	8,300	.....	T.S.	*2	Maryland Steel Works, Sparrow Point, Md.
Whipple.....	433	do.....	S.	8,300	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Worden.....	433	do.....	S.	8,300	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Dahlgren (No. 9).	146	do.....	S.	4,200	.....	T.S.	*2	Bath Iron Works, Me.
T. A. M. Craven (No. 10).	146	do.....	S.	4,200	.....	T.S.	*2	Do.
Stringham (No. 19)	340	do.....	S.	7,200	.....	T.S.	*2	Harlan & Hollingsworth Co.'s Works, Wilmington, Del.
Goldsbrough (No. 20).	247½	do.....	S.	6,000	.....	T.S.	*2	Wolf & Zwicker's Works, Portland, Ore.
Bailey (No. 21)...	235	do.....	S.	5,600	.....	T.S.	*2	Gas Engine and Power Co. and Chas. L. Seabury & Co., Consolidated, Morris Heights, N. Y.
Bagley (No. 24)...	167	do.....	S.	4,200	.....	T.S.	*3	Bath Iron Works, Maine.
Barney (No. 25)...	167	do.....	S.	4,200	.....	T.S.	*3	Do.
Biddle (No. 26)...	167	do.....	S.	4,200	.....	T.S.	*3	Do.
Blakeley (No. 27)...	165	do.....	S.	3,000	.....	T.S.	*3	Lawley & Sons, South Boston, Mass.
DeLong (No. 28).	165	do.....	S.	3,000	.....	T.S.	*3	Do.
Nicholson (No. 29)	174	Torpedo boat.....	S.	.....	.....	T.S.	*3	Lewis Nixon, Ellizabethport, N. Y.
O'Brien (No. 30)...	174	do.....	S.	.....	.....	T.S.	*3	Do.
Shubrick (No. 31)	165	do.....	S.	3,000	.....	T.S.	*3	Wm. R. Trigg Co., Richmond, Va.
Stockton (No. 32).	165	do.....	S.	3,000	.....	T.S.	*3	Do.
Thornton (No. 33)	165	do.....	S.	3,000	.....	T.S.	*3	Do.
Tingey (No. 34)...	165	do.....	S.	3,000	.....	T.S.	*3	Columbian Iron Works, Baltimore, Md.
Wilkes (No. 35)...	165	do.....	S.	3,000	.....	T.S.	*3	Gas Engine and Power Co. and Chas. L. Seabury & Co. Consolidated, Morris Heights, N. Y.

*Torpedo tubes.

COST OF RARE METALS.

The following shows the cost of rare metals per pound avoirdupois, says the Mining and Scientific Press:

1. Gallium	\$68,600.00	22. Osmium	\$1,040.00
2. Vanadium	10,780.00	23. Uranium	980.00
3. Rubidium	9,800.00	24. Palladium	560.00
4. Thorium	8,330.00	25. Tellurium	490.00
5. Glucinium	5,800.00	26. Chromium	490.00
6. Calcium	4,900.00	27. Gold	300.00
7. Lanthanum	4,900.00	28. Molybdenum	245.00
8. Lithium	4,900.00	29. Platinum	144.00
9. Indium	4,410.00	30. Thallium	122.50
10. Tantalum	4,410.00	31. Iridium	112.00
11. Yttrium	4,410.00	32. Tungsten	26.00
12. Didymium	4,410.00	33. Potassium	28.00
13. Strontium	4,200.00	34. Selenium	18.80
14. Arlum	3,675.00	35. Cobalt	8.00
15. Erbium	3,675.00	36. Magnesium	4.50
16. Ruthenium	2,695.00	37. Bismuth	2.75
17. Niobium	2,450.00	38. Sodium	2.50
18. Rhodium	2,450.00	39. Cadmium	1.30
19. Barium	1,960.00	40. Manganese	1.10
20. Titanium	1,102.00	41. Arsenic	.40
21. Zirconium	1,040.00	42. Aluminium	.34

Fifty-Sixth Congress.

From March 4, 1899, to March 4, 1901.

SENATE.

Republicans, 56; Democrats, 25; PEOPLE'S PARTY, 5; Vacant, 4.

President pro tem—*William P. Frye.*

ALABAMA.

John T. Morgan.....Selma.....1901

Edmund W. Pettus.....Selma.....1903

ARKANSAS.

James H. Berry.....Bentonville.....1901

James K. Jones.....Washington.....1903

CALIFORNIA.

Vacant.....1905

Geo. C. Perkins.....San Francisco.....1903

COLORADO.

Edward O. Wolcott.....Denver.....1901*Henry M. Teller*.....Central City.....1903

CONNECTICUT.

Joseph R. Hawley.....Hartford.....1905*Orville H. Platt*.....Meriden.....1903

DELAWARE.

Richard R. Kenney.....Dover.....1901

Vacant.....1905

FLORIDA.

James P. Tallaferra.....Jacksonville.....1905

Stephen H. Mallory.....Pensacola.....1903

GEORGIA.

Augustus O. Bacon.....Macon.....1901

Alexander S. Clay.....Marietta.....1903

IDAHO.

George L. Shoup.....Salmon City.....1901

HENRY HEITFELD.....Lewiston.....1903

ILLINOIS.

Shelby M. Cullom.....Springfield.....1901*William E. Mason*.....Chicago.....1903

INDIANA.

Albert J. Beveridge.....Indianapolis.....1905*Charles W. Fairbanks*.....Indianapolis.....1903

IOWA.

John H. Gear.....Burlington.....1901*William B. Allison*.....Dubuque.....1903

KANSAS.

Lucien Baker.....Leavenworth.....1901

WILLIAM A. HARRIS.....Linwood.....1903

KENTUCKY.

William Lindsay.....Frankfort.....1901*William J. Deboe*.....Marion.....1903

LOUISIANA.

Donelson Caffery.....Franklin.....1901*Samuel D. McEnery*.....New Orleans.....1903

MAINE.

William P. Frye.....Lewiston.....1901*Eugene Hale*.....Ellsworth.....1905

MARYLAND.

Louis E. McComas.....Hagerstown.....1905*George L. Wellington*.....Cumberland.....1903

MASSACHUSETTS.

George F. Hoar.....Worcester.....1901*Henry Cabot Lodge*.....Nahant.....1905

MICHIGAN.

James McMillan.....Detroit.....1901*Julius C. Burrows*.....Kalamazoo.....1905

MINNESOTA.

Knute Nelson.....Alexandria.....1901*Cushman K. Davis*.....St. Paul.....1905

MISSISSIPPI.

William V. Sullivan.....Oxford.....1901*Hernando D. S. Money*.....Carrollton.....1905

MISSOURI.

Francis M. Cockrell.....Warrensburg.....1905*George G. Vest*.....Kansas City.....1903

MONTANA.

Thomas H. Carter.....Helena.....1901*William A. Clark*.....Butte.....1905

NEBRASKA.

John M. Thurston.....Omaha.....1901

Vacant.....1905

NEVADA.

WILLIAM M. STEWART.....Carson City.....1905

John P. Jones.....Gold Hill.....1903

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

William E. Chandler.....Concord.....1901*Jacob H. Gallinger*.....Concord.....1903

NEW JERSEY.

William J. Sewell.....Camden.....1901*John Kean*.....Elizabeth.....1905

NEW YORK.

Chauncey M. Depew.....New York.....1905*Thomas C. Platt*.....Owego.....1903

NORTH CAROLINA.

MARION BUTLER.....Raleigh.....1901

Jeter C. Pritchard.....Marshall.....1903

NORTH DAKOTA.

Porter J. McCumber.....Wahpeton.....1905*Henry C. Hansbrough*.....Devil's Lake.....1903

OHIO.

Marcus A. Hanna.....Cleveland.....1905*Joseph B. Foraker*.....Cincinnati.....1903

OREGON.

George W. McBride.....Portland.....1901*Joseph Simon*.....Portland.....1903

PENNSYLVANIA.

*Matthew S. Quay**.....Beaver.....1905*Boies Penrose*.....Philadelphia.....1903

RHODE ISLAND.

George P. Wetmore.....Newport.....1901*Nelson W. Aldrich*.....Providence.....1905

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Benjamin R. Tillman.....Trenton.....1901

John L. McLaughlin.....Bennettsville.....1903

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Richard F. Pettigrew.....Sioux Falls.....1901*James H. Kyle*.....Aberdeen.....1903

TENNESSEE.

Thomas B. Turley.....Memphis.....1901

William B. Bate.....Nashville.....1905

TEXAS.

Horace R. Chilton.....Tyler.....1901

Charles A. Culberson.....Dallas.....1905

UTAH.

Vacant.....1905

Joseph L. Rawlins.....Salt Lake City.....1903

VERMONT.

Redfield Proctor.....Proctor.....1905*Jonathan Ross*.....St. Johnsbury.....1903

VIRGINIA.

Thomas S. Martin.....Scottsville.....1901*John W. Daniel*.....Lynchburg.....1905

WASHINGTON.

Addison G. Foster.....Tacoma.....1905*George F. Turner*.....Spokane.....1903

WEST VIRGINIA.

Stephen B. Elkins.....Elkins.....1901*Nathan B. Scott*.....Wheeling.....1905

WISCONSIN.

Joseph V. Quarles.....Milwaukee.....1905*John C. Spooner*.....Hudson.....1903

WYOMING.

Francis E. Warren.....Cheyenne.....1901*Clarence D. Clark*.....Evanston.....1905

*Appointed by the governor.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Republicans (*in italics*), 185; democrats (*in roman*), 163; populists (*IN SMALL CAPS*), 5; silverites (*IN CAPS*), 3. Vacant, 1. Whole number, 357. Those marked * served in the LVth congress. Those marked † served in a previous house.

Speaker—David B. Henderson*..Iowa.

ALABAMA.

1. George W. Taylor*.....Demopolis.
2. Jesse F. Stallings*.....Greenville.
3. Henry D. Clayton*.....Enfauila.
4. Gaston A. Robbins*.....Selma.
5. Willis Brewer*.....Hayneville.
6. John H. Bankhead*.....Fayette.
7. John L. Barnett.....Gadsden.
8. Joseph Wheeler*.....Wheeler.
9. Oscar W. Underwood*.....Birmingham.

ARKANSAS.

1. Philip D. McCulloch, Jr.*...Marianna.
2. John S. Little*.....Greenwood.
3. Thomas C. McRae*.....Prescott.
4. William L. Terry*.....Little Rock.
5. Hugh A. Dinsmore*.....Fayetteville.
6. Stephen Brundidge, Jr.*...Searcy.

CALIFORNIA.

1. John A. Barham*.....Santa Rosa.
2. Marion DeVries.....Stockton.
3. Victor Metcalf.....Oakland.
4. Julius Kahn.....San Francisco.
5. Eugene F. Loud*.....San Francisco.
6. Russell J. Waters.....Los Angeles.
7. James C. Needham.....Modesto.

COLORADO.

1. JOHN F. SHAFROTH*.....Denver.
2. JOHN C. BELL*.....Montrose.

CONNECTICUT.

1. E. Stevens Henry*.....Rockville.
2. Nehemiah D. Sperry*.....New Haven.
3. Charles A. Russell*.....Killingly.
4. Ebenezer J. Hill*.....Norwalk.

DELAWARE.

John H. Hoffecker.....Smyrna.

FLORIDA.

1. Stephen M. Sparkman*.....Tampa.
2. Robert W. Davis.....Palatka.

GEORGIA.

1. Rufus E. Lester*.....Savannah.
2. James M. Griggs*.....Dawson.
3. Elijah B. Lewis*.....Montezuma.
4. William C. Adamson*.....Carrollton.
5. Leonidas F. Livingston*.....Kings.
6. Charles L. Bartlett*.....Macon.
7. John W. Maddox*.....Rome.
8. William M. Howard*.....Lexington.
9. Farish Carter Tate*.....Jasper.
10. W. H. Fleming*.....Augusta.
11. William G. Brantley*.....Brunswick.

IDAHO.

EDGAR WILSON.....Boise.

ILLINOIS.

1. James R. Mann*.....Chicago.
2. William Lorimer*.....Chicago.
3. George F. Foster.....Chicago.
4. Thomas Cusack.....Chicago.
5. Edgar T. Noonan.....Chicago.
6. Henry S. Boutell*.....Chicago.
7. George E. Foss*.....Chicago.
8. Albert J. Hopkins*.....Aurora.
9. Robert R. Hill*.....Mount Morris.
10. George W. Prince*.....Galesburg.
11. Walter Reeves*.....Streator.
12. Joseph G. Cannon*.....Danville.
13. Vespasian Warner*.....Clinton.
14. Joseph V. Graff*.....Pekin.
15. Benjamin F. Marsh*.....Warsaw.
16. William E. Williams.....Pittsfield.
17. Benjamin F. Colwell*.....Chatham.
18. Thomas M. Jett*.....Hillsboro.

19. Joseph B. Crowley.....Robinson.
20. James R. Williamst.....Carmi.
21. William A. Rodenberg.....E. St. Louis.
22. George W. Smith*.....Murphysboro.

INDIANA.

1. James A. Hemenway*.....Boonville.
2. Robert W. Miers*.....Bloomington.
3. William T. Zenor*.....Corydon.
4. Francis M. Griffith*.....Vevay.
5. George W. Faris*.....Terre Haute.
6. James E. Watson*.....Rushville.
7. Jesse Overstreet*.....Franklin.
8. George W. Cromer.....Muncie.
9. Charles B. Landis*.....Delphi.
10. E. D. Crumpacker*.....Valparaiso.
11. George W. Steele*.....Marion.
12. James M. Robinson.....Fort Wayne.
13. Abraham L. Brick.....South Bend.

IOWA.

1. Thomas Hedge.....Burlington.
2. Joe R. Lane.....Davenport.
3. David B. Henderson*.....Dubuque.
4. Gilbert N. Haugen.....Northwood.
5. Robert G. Cousins*.....Tipton.
6. John F. Lacey*.....Oskaloosa.
7. John A. T. Hull*.....Des Moines.
8. William P. Hepburn*.....Clarinda.
9. Smith McPherson.....Red Oak.
10. Jonathan P. Dolliver*.....Fort Dodge.
11. Lot Thomas.....Storm Lake.

KANSAS.

- At Large—W. J. Bailey.....Baileyville.
1. Charles Curtis.....Topeka.
 2. Justin D. Bowersock.....Lawrence.
 3. EDWIN R. RIDGELY*.....Pittsburg.
 4. James M. Miller.....Council Grove.
 5. William A. Calderhead.....Marysville.
 6. William A. Reeder.....Logan.
 7. Chester I. Long*.....Hutchinson.

KENTUCKY.

1. Charles K. Wheeler*.....Paducah.
2. Henry D. Allen.....Morganfield.
3. John S. Rhea*.....Russellville.
4. David H. Smith*.....Hodgenville.
5. Oscar Turner.....Louisville.
6. Albert S. Berry*.....Newport.
7. Vacant.
8. George G. Gilbert.....Shelbyville.
9. Samuel J. Pugh*.....Vanceburg.
10. Thomas Y. Fitzpatrick*.....Prestonburg.
11. Vincent Boering.....London.

LOUISIANA.

1. Adolph Meyer*.....New Orleans.
2. Robert C. Davey*.....New Orleans.
3. Robert F. Broussard*.....New Iberia.
4. Phanor Breazeale.....Natchitoches.
5. Joseph E. Ransdell.....Lake Providence.
6. Samuel M. Robertson*.....Baton Rouge.

MAINE.

1. Amos L. Allen.....Alfred.
2. Charles E. Littlefield.....Rockland.
3. Edwin C. Burleigh*.....Augusta.
4. Charles A. Boutelle*.....Bangor.

MARYLAND.

1. John W. Smith.....Snow Hill.
2. William B. Baker*.....Aberdeen.
3. Frank C. Wachter.....Baltimore.
4. James W. Denny.....Baltimore.
5. Sidney E. Mudd*.....Laplatia.
6. George A. Pearre.....Cumberland.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1. George P. Lawrence*.....North Adams.
2. Frederick H. Gillett*.....Springfield.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

3. John R. Thayer..... Worcester.
4. George W. Weymouth*..... Fitchburg.
5. William S. Knox*..... Lawrence.
6. William H. Moody*..... Haverhill.
7. Ernest W. Roberts..... Chelsea.
8. Samuel W. McCall*..... Winchester.
9. John F. Fitzgerald*..... Boston.
10. Henry F. Naphen..... Boston.
11. Charles F. Sprague*..... Boston.
12. William C. Lovering*..... Taunton.
13. William S. Greene*..... Fall River.

MICHIGAN.

1. John B. Corliss*..... Detroit.
2. Henry C. Smith..... Adrian.
3. Washington Gardner..... Albion.
4. Edward L. Hamilton..... Niles.
5. William Alden Smith*..... Grand Rapids.
6. Samuel W. Smith..... Pontiac.
7. Edgar Weeks..... Mt. Clemens.
8. John W. Fordney..... Saginaw.
9. Roswell P. Bishop*..... Ludington.
10. Rosseau O. Crump*..... Bay City.
11. William S. Mesick*..... Mancelona.
12. Carlos D. Sheldon..... Houghton.

MINNESOTA.

1. James A. Tawney*..... Winona.
2. James T. McCleary*..... Mankato.
3. Joel P. Heatwole*..... Northfield.
4. Frederick C. Stevens*..... St. Paul.
5. Loren Fletcher*..... Minneapolis.
6. Page Morris*..... Duluth.
7. Frank M. Eddy*..... Glenwood.

MISSISSIPPI.

1. John M. Allen*..... Tupelo.
2. Thomas Spight*..... Ripley.
3. Thomas C. Catchings*..... Vicksburg.
4. Andrew F. Fox*..... West Point.
5. John S. Williams*..... Yazoo City.
6. Frank A. McLain*..... Gloster.
7. Patrick Henry*..... Brandon.

MISSOURI.

1. James T. Lloyd*..... Shelbyville.
2. William W. Rucker..... Keytesville.
3. John T. Dougherty..... Liberty.
4. Charles F. Cochran*..... St. Joseph.
5. William S. Cowberd*..... Kansas City.
6. David A. De Armond*..... Butler.
7. James A. Cooney*..... Marshall.
8. Dorsey W. Shackelford..... Jefferson City.
9. Champ Clark*..... Bowling Green.
10. Richard Barthold*..... St. Louis.
11. Charles F. Joy*..... St. Louis.
12. Charles E. Pearce*..... St. Louis.
13. Edward A. Robb*..... Perryville.
14. William D. Vandiver*..... Cape Girardeau.
15. Mæcenas E. Benton..... Neosho.

MONTANA.

Albert J. Campbell..... Butte.

NEBRASKA.

1. E. J. Burkett..... Lincoln.
2. David H. Mercer..... Omaha.
3. John S. Robinson..... Madison.
4. WILLIAM L. STARK*..... Aurora.
5. ROBERT K. D. SUTHERLAND*..... Nelson.
6. William Neville..... North Platte.

NEVADA.

FRANCIS G. NEWLANDS*..... Reno.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1. Cyrus A. Sulloway*..... Manchester.
2. Frank G. Clarke*..... Peterboro.

NEW JERSEY.

1. Henry C. Loudenslager*..... Paulsboro.
2. John J. Gardner*..... Atlantic City.
3. Benjamin F. Howell*..... New Brunswick.
4. Joshua S. Solomon*..... Boonton.
5. James F. Stewart*..... Paterson.

6. Richard Wayne Parker*..... Newark.
7. William D. Daly..... Hoboken.
8. Charles Newell Fowler*..... Elizabeth.

NEW YORK.

1. Townsend Scudder..... Glenhead.
2. John T. Fitzgerald..... Brooklyn.
3. Edmund H. Driggs*..... Brooklyn.
4. Bertram T. Clayton..... Brooklyn.
5. Frank E. Wilson..... Brooklyn.
6. Mitchell May..... Brooklyn.
7. Nicholas Mulier*..... New York city.
8. Daniel J. Riordan..... New York city.
9. Thomas J. Bradley*..... New York city.
10. Amos J. Cummings*..... New York city.
11. William Sulzer*..... New York city.
12. George B. McClellan*..... New York city.
13. Jefferson M. Levy..... New York city.
14. William A. Chanler..... New York city.
15. Jacob Rupert, Jr..... New York city.
16. John Q. Underhill..... New Rochelle.
17. Arthur S. Tompkins..... Nyack.
18. John H. Ketcham*..... Dover Plains.
19. Aaron V. S. Cochrane*..... Hudson.
20. Martin H. Glynn..... Albany.
21. John K. Stewart..... Amsterdam.
22. Lucien N. Littauer*..... Gloversville.
23. Lewis W. Emerson..... Warrensburg.
24. Charles A. Chickering*..... Coppenhagen.
25. James S. Sherman*..... Utica.
26. George W. Ray*..... Norwich.
27. Michael E. Driscoll..... Syracuse.
28. Sereno E. Payne*..... Auburn.
29. Charles W. Gillet*..... Addison.
30. James W. Wadsworth*..... Genesee.
31. James M. E. O'Grady..... Rochester.
32. William H. Ryan..... Buffalo.
33. De Alva S. Alexander*..... Buffalo.
34. Edward B. Vreeland..... Salamanca.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1. John H. Small..... Elizabeth City.
2. George H. White*..... Tarboro.
3. Charles R. Thomas..... Newbern.
4. JOHN W. ATWATER..... Rialto.
5. W. W. Kitebin*..... Roxboro.
6. John D. Bellamy..... Wilmington.
7. Theodore F. Klutz..... Salisbury.
8. Romulus Z. Linney*..... Taylorsville.
9. William T. Crawford..... Waynesville.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Burleigh F. Spalding..... Fargo.

OHIO.

1. William B. Shattuc*..... Madisonville.
2. Jacob H. Bromwell*..... Cincinnati.
3. John L. Brenner*..... Dayton.
4. Robert B. Gordon..... St. Marys.
5. David Meekison*..... Napoleon.
6. Seth W. Brown*..... Lebanon.
7. Walter L. Weaver*..... Springfield.
8. Archibald Lybrand*..... Delaware.
9. James H. Southard*..... Toledo.
10. Stephen Morgan..... Oak Hill.
11. Charles H. Grosvenor*..... Athens.
12. John J. Lentz*..... Columbus.
13. James A. Norton*..... Tiffin.
14. Winfield S. Kerr*..... Mansfield.
15. Henry C. Van Voorhis*..... Zanesville.
16. Joseph J. Gilt..... Steubenville.
17. John A. McDowell*..... Millersburg.
18. Robert W. Taylor*..... Lisbon.
19. Charles Dick*..... Akron.
20. Fremont O. Phillips..... Medina.
21. Theodore E. Burton*..... Cleveland.

OREGON.

1. Thomas H. Tongue*..... Hillsboro.
2. Malcolm A. Moody..... Dallas.

PENNSYLVANIA.

- At Large—Gatusha A. Grow*..... Glenwood.
 Samuel A. Davenport*..... Erie.
1. Henry H. Bingham*..... Philadelphia.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

2. Robert Adams, Jr.*	Philadelphia.
3. William McAleer*	Philadelphia.
4. James R. Young*	Philadelphia.
5. Alfred C. Harmer*	Philadelphia.
6. Thomas S. Butler*	West Chester.
7. Irving P. Wanger*	Norristown.
8. David H. Barber*	Mauch Chunk.
9. Henry D. Green*	Reading.
10. Marriott Brostius*	Lancaster.
11. William Connell*	Scranton.
12. Stanley W. Davenport.	Plymouth.
13. James W. Ryan.	Pottsville.
14. Martin E. Olmsted*	Harrisburg.
15. Frederick C. Wright.	Susquehanna.
16. Horace B. Packer*	Wellsboro.
17. Rufus K. Polk	Danville.
18. Thaddeus M. Mahon*	Chambersburg.
19. Edward D. Ziegler	York.
20. Edward E. Throop.	Bedford.
21. Summers N. Jack.	Indiana.
22. John Dalzell*	Pittsburg.
23. William H. Graham*	Allegheny.
24. Ernest F. Acheson*	Washington.
25. Joseph B. Showalter*	Chicago.
26. Athelston Gaston	Meadville.
27. Joseph C. Shibley	Franklin.
28. James K. P. Hall.	Ridgway.

RHODE ISLAND.

1. Melville Bull*	Middletown.
2. Adin B. Capron*	Stillwater.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. William Elliott*	Beaufort.
2. W. Jasper Talbert*	Parksville.
3. Asbury C. Latimer*	Belton.
4. Stanyarne Wilson*	Spartansburg.
5. David E. Finley	Yorkville.
6. James Norton*	Mullins.
7. J. William Stokes*	Orangeburg.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

At Large—Robert J. Gamble*	Yankton.
Charles H. Burke	Pierre.

TENNESSEE.

1. Walter P. Brownlow*	Jonesboro.
2. Henry R. Gibson*	Knoxville.
3. John A. Moon*	Chattanooga.
4. Charles E. Snodgrass.	Crossville.
5. James D. Richardson*	Murfreesboro.
6. John W. Gaines*	Nashville.
7. Nicholas N. Cox*	Franklin.
8. Thetus W. Sims*	Linden.
9. Rice A. Pierce*	Union City.
10. Edward W. Carmack*	Memphis.

TEXAS.

1. Thomas H. Ball*	Huntsville.
2. Samuel B. Cooper*	Woodville.
3. R. C. DeGraffenried*	Longview.

4. John L. Sheppard	Pittsburg.
5. Joseph W. Bailey*	Gainesville.
6. Robert E. Burke*	Dallas.
7. Robert L. Henry*	Waco.
8. Samuel W. T. Lanham*	Weatherford.
9. Albert S. Burleson	Austin.
10. R. B. Hawley*	Galveston.
11. Rudolph Kleberg*	Cuero.
12. James L. Slayden*	San Antonio.
13. John H. Stephens*	Vernon.

UTAH.

Brigham H. Roberts.	Centerville.
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VERMONT.

1. H. Henry Powers*	Morrisville.
2. William W. Grout*	Barton.

VIRGINIA.

1. William A. Jones*	Warsaw.
2. William A. Young*	Norfolk.
3. John Lamb*	Richmond.
4. Sidney P. Epes*	Blackstone.
5. Claude A. Swanson*	Chatham.
6. Peter J. Otey*	Lynchburg.
7. James Hay*	Madison C. H.
8. John F. Rixey*	Culpeper.
9. William F. Rhea.	Bristol.
10. Julian M. Quarles.	Staunton.

WASHINGTON.

At Large—Wesley L. Jones.	Yakima.
Francis W. Cushman.	Tacoma.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1. Blackburn B. Dovenor*	Wheeling.
2. Alston G. Dayton*	Phillippi.
3. David E. Johnson.	Bluefield.
4. Romeo H. Freer.	Harrisville.

WISCONSIN.

1. Henry A. Cooper*	Racine.
2. Herman B. Dahle	Mt. Horeb.
3. Jos. W. Babcock*	Neenah.
4. Theobald Otjen*	Milwaukee.
5. Samuel S. Barney*	West Bend.
6. James H. Davidson*	Oshkosh.
7. John J. Esch.	La Crosse.
8. Edward S. Minor*	Sturgeon Bay.
9. Alexander Stewart*	Wausau.
10. John J. Jenkins*	Chippewa Falls.

WYOMING.

Frank W. Mendell.	New Castle.
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TERRITORIES.

ARIZONA—John F. Wilson.	Prescott.
NEW MEXICO—Pedro Perea.	Bernalillo.
OKLAHOMA—Dennis Flynn*	Guthrie.

RECAPITULATION.

State.	R. D.	Peo.	Sil.	State.	R. D.	Peo.	Sil.	State.	R. D.	Peo.	Sil.
Alabama	9			Maryland	4	2		Pennsylvania	20	10	
Arkansas	6			Massachusetts	10	3		Rhode Island	2		
California	6	1		Michigan	12			South Carolina	7		
Colorado		1	1	Minnesota	7			South Dakota	2		
Connecticut	4			Mississippi	7	7		Tennessee	2	8	
Delaware	1			Missouri	3	12		Texas	1	12	
Florida		2		Montana		1		Utah		1	
Georgia	11			Nebraska	2	2	2	Vermont	2		
Idaho			1	Nevada			1	Virginia		10	
Illinois	14	8		New Hampshire	2			Washington	2		
Indiana	9	4		New Jersey	6	2		West Virginia	3	1	
Iowa	11			New York	16	18		Wisconsin	10		
Kansas	7		1	North Carolina	2	6	1	Wyoming	1		
Kentucky*	2	8		North Dakota	1						
Louisiana		6		Ohio	15	6		Total	135	163	5
Maine	4			Oregon	2			*Vacant l.			

SENATORS (Alphabetically Arranged).

Aldrich, N. W. Rhode Island	Gear, John H. Iowa	Perkins, G. C. California
Allison, William B. Iowa	Hale, Eugene. Maine	Pettigrew, R. F. South Dakota
Bacon, Augustus O. Georgia	Hanna, Marcus A. Ohio	Pettus, Edmund W. Alabama
Baker, Lucien. Kansas	Hansbrough, H. C. N. Dakota	Piatt, Orville H. Connecticut
Bate, W. B. Tennessee	Harris, William A. Kansas	Platt, Thomas C. New York
Berry, James H. Arkansas	Hawley, Jos. R. Connecticut	Pritchard, J. C. North Carolina
Beveridge, A. J. Indiana	Helfield, Henry. Idaho	Proctor, Redfield. Vermont
Burrows, Julius C. Michigan	Hoar, George F. Massachusetts	Quarles, J. V. Wisconsin
Butler, Marion. North Carolina	Jones, James K. Arkansas	Quay, M. S. Pennsylvania
Caffery, D. Louisiana	Jones, John P. Nevada	Rawlins, Joseph L. Utah
Carter, Thomas H. Montana	Kean, John. New Jersey	Ross, Jonathan. Vermont
Chandler, W. E. New Hampshire	Kenney, Richard R. Delaware	Scott, N. B. West Virginia
Chilton, Horace R. Texas	Kyle, J. H. South Dakota	Sewell, W. J. New Jersey
Clark, Clarence D. Wyoming	Lindsay, William. Kentucky	Shoup, George L. Idaho
Clark, W. A. Montana	Lodge, H. C. Massachusetts	Simon, Joseph. Oregon
Clay, Alexander S. Georgia	McBride, George W. Oregon	Spooner, John C. Wisconsin
Cockrell, F. M. Missouri	McComas, L. E. Maryland	Stewart, W. M. Nevada
Culberson, C. A. Texas	McCumber, P. J. N. Dakota	Sullivan, W. V. Mississippi
Cullom, Shelby M. Illinois	McEnery, S. D. Louisiana	Taliaferro, J. P. Florida
Daniel, John W. Virginia	McLaurin, J. L. South Carolina	Teller, Henry M. Colorado
Davis, C. K. Minnesota	McMillan, James. Michigan	Thurston, John M. Nebraska
Deboe, W. J. Kentucky	Mallory, S. R. Florida	Tillman, B. R. South Carolina
Depew, C. A. New York	Martin, Thomas S. Virginia	Turley, Thos. B. Tennessee
Elkins, S. B. West Virginia	Mason, William E. Illinois	Turner, George F. Washington
Fairbanks, C. W. Indiana	Money, H. D. S. Mississippi	Vest, George G. Missouri
Foraker, Joseph B. Ohio	Morgan, John T. Alabama	Warren, F. E. Wyoming
Foster, A. G. Washington	Nelson, Knute. Minnesota	Wellington, G. L. Maryland
Frye, William P. Maine	Penrose, Boles. Pennsylvania	Wetmore, Geo. P. Rhode Island
Gallinger, J. H. New Hampshire		Wolcott, E. O. Colorado

REPRESENTATIVES (Alphabetically Arranged).

Acheson, E. F. Pennsylvania	Burke, Robt. E. Texas	Davenport, S. A. Pennsylvania
Adams, Robt. Jr. Pennsylvania	Burkett, E. J. Nebraska	Davenport, S. W. Pennsylvania
Adamson, Wm. C. Georgia	Burleigh, E. C. Maine	Davey, Robt. C. Louisiana
Alexander, DeA. S. New York	Burleson, A. S. Texas	Davidson, J. H. Wisconsin
Allen, A. L. Maine	Burnett, J. L. Alabama	Davis, Robt. W. Florida
Allen, H. D. Kentucky	Burton, T. E. Ohio	Dayton, A. G. West Virginia
Allen, J. M. Mississippi	Butler, T. S. Pennsylvania	DeArmond, D. A. Missouri
Atwater, J. W. North Carolina		DeGrafenried, R. C. Texas
Babcock, J. W. Wisconsin	Calderhead, W. A. Kansas	DeVries, Marion. California
Bailey, J. W. Texas	Caldwell, B. F. Illinois	Denny, J. W. Maryland
Bailey, W. B. Kansas	Campbell, A. J. Montana	Dick, Charles. Ohio
Baker, W. J. Maryland	Cannon, J. G. Illinois	Dinsmore, H. A. Arkansas
Ball, Thomas H. Texas	Capron, Adin B. Rhode Island	Dolliver, J. P. Iowa
Bankhead, John H. Alabama	Carmack, E. W. Tennessee	Dougherty, J. Missouri
Barber, L. H. Pennsylvania	Catchings, T. C. Mississippi	Dovener, G. B. West Virginia
Barham, John A. California	Chanler, W. A. New York	Driggs, E. H. New York
Barney, S. S. Wisconsin	Chickering, C. A. New York	Driscoll, M. E. New York
Bartholdt, R. Missouri	Clark, C. Missouri	Eddy, F. M. Minnesota
Bartlett, C. L. Georgia	Clarke, F. G. New Hampshire	Elliott, Wm. South Carolina
Bell, J. C. Colorado	Clayton, B. F. New York	Emerson, L. W. New York
Bellamy, J. D. North Carolina	Clayton, H. D. Alabama	Epes, S. P. Virginia
Benton, M. E. Missouri	Cochran, Chas. F. Missouri	Esch, J. J. Wisconsin
Berry, A. S. Kentucky	Cochrane, A. V. S. New York	
Bingham, H. H. Pennsylvania	Connell, Wm. Pennsylvania	Faris, Geo. W. Indiana
Bishop, R. P. Michigan	Cooney, J. A. Missouri	Finley, D. E. South Carolina
Boeing, V. Kentucky	Cooper, H. A. Wisconsin	Fitzgerald, J. F. Massachusetts
Boutell, H. S. Illinois	Cooper, S. B. Texas	Fitzgerald, J. J. New York
Boutelle, C. A. Maine	Corliss, John B. Michigan	Fitzpatrick, T. Y. Kentucky
Bowersock, J. D. Kansas	Cousins, R. G. Iowa	Fleming, Wm. H. Georgia
Bradley, T. J. New York	Cowherd, Wm. S. Missouri	Fletcher, L. Minnesota
Brantley, Wm. G. Georgia	Cox, N. N. Tennessee	Fordney, J. W. Michigan
Breazeale, P. Louisiana	Cranford, J. W. Texas	Foss, Geo. E. Illinois
Brenner, John L. Ohio	Cromer, G. W. Indiana	Foster, G. P. Illinois
Brewer, Willis. Alabama	Crowley, J. B. Illinois	Fowler, C. N. New Jersey
Brick, A. L. Indiana	Crump, R. O. Michigan	Fox, Andrew F. Mississippi
Brown, J. H. Ohio	Crumppacker, E. D. Indiana	Freer, R. H. West Virginia
Brosius, M. Pennsylvania	Cummings, A. J. New York	
Broussard, Robt. F. Louisiana	Curtis, C. Kansas	Gaines, John W. Tennessee
Brown, Seth W. Ohio	Cusack, Thos. Illinois	Gamble, R. J. South Dakota
Brownlow, W. P. Tennessee	Cushman, F. W. Washington	Gardner, John J. New Jersey
Brundidge, S. Jr. Arkansas		Gardner, Wash. Michigan
Bull, Melville. Rhode Island	Dahle, H. B. Wisconsin	Gaston, A. Pennsylvania
Burke, C. H. South Dakota	Daly, W. D. New Jersey	Gibson, H. R. Tennessee
	Dalzell, John. Pennsylvania	Gilbert, G. G. Kentucky

REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

Gill, J. J.	Ohio	McRae, Thomas C.	Arkansas	Shepard, J. L.	Texas
Gillet, C. W.	New York	Maddox, J. W.	Georgia	Showalter, J. B.	Pennsylvania
Gillett, F. H.	Massachusetts	Mahon, T. M.	Pennsylvania	Sibley, J. C.	Pennsylvania
Glynn, M. H.	New York	Mann, J. R.	Illinois	Sims, Thetus W.	Tennessee
Gordon, R. B.	Ohio	Marsh, B. F.	Illinois	Slayden, J. L.	Texas
Graff, Joseph V.	Illinois	Marshall, G. A.	Ohio	Small, J. H.	North Carolina
Graham, W. H.	Pennsylvania	May, Mitchell.	New York	Smith, D. H.	Kentucky
Green, D. H.	Pennsylvania	Meekison, D.	Ohio	Smith, G. W.	Illinois
Greene, W. S.	Massachusetts	Mendell, F. W.	Wyoming	Smith, H. C.	Michigan
Griffith, F. M.	Indiana	Mercer, D. H.	Nebraska	Smith, J. W.	Maryland
Griggs, James M.	Georgia	Mesick, W. S.	Michigan	Smith, S. W.	Michigan
Grosvenor, C. H.	Ohio	Metcalf, V. H.	California	Smith, W. A.	Michigan
Grout, W. W.	Vermont	Meyer, A.	Louisiana	Snodgrass, C. E.	Tennessee
Grow, G. A.	Pennsylvania	Miers, Robert W.	Indiana	Southard, J. H.	Ohio
Hall, J. K. P.	Pennsylvania	Miller, J. M.	Kansas	Spalding, B. F.	North Dakota
Hamilton, E. L.	Michigan	Minor, E. S.	Wisconsin	Sparkman, S. M.	Florida
Harmer, A. C.	Pennsylvania	Moody, W. H.	Massachusetts	Sperry, N. D.	Connecticut
Haugen, G. N.	Iowa	Moody, M. A.	Oregon	Spight, T.	Mississippi
Hawley, R. B.	Texas	Moon, J. A.	Tennessee	Sprague, C. F.	Massachusetts
Hay, James.	Virginia	Morgan, S.	Ohio	Stallings, J. F.	Alabama
Heatwole, J. P.	Minnesota	Morris, Page.	Minnesota	Stark, W. L.	Nebraska
Hedge, Thomas.	Iowa	Mudd, Sidney E.	Maryland	Steele, G. W.	Indiana
Hemenway, J. A.	Indiana	Mulier, N.	New York	Stephens, J. H.	Texas
Henderson, D. B.	Iowa	Naphen, H. F.	Massachusetts	Stevens, F. C.	Minnesota
Henry, E. S.	Connecticut	Needham, J. C.	California	Stewart, Alex.	Wisconsin
Henry, Patrick.	Mississippi	Neville, W.	Nebraska	Stewart, J. F.	New Jersey
Henry, Robert L.	Texas	Newlands, F. G.	Nevada	Stewart, J. K.	New York
Heppburn, W. P.	Iowa	Noonan, E. T.	Illinois	Stokes, J. W.	South Carolina
Hill, E. J.	Connecticut	Norton, J.	South Carolina	Sulloway, C. A.	New Hampshire
Hilt, R. R.	Illinois	Norton, J. A.	Ohio	Sulzer, W.	New York
Hoffecker, J. H.	Delaware	O'Grady, J. M. E.	New York	Sutherland, R. D.	Nebraska
Hopkins, A. J.	Illinois	Olmsed, M. E.	Pennsylvania	Swanson, C. A.	Virginia
Howard, Wm. M.	Georgia	Otey, Peter J.	Virginia	Talbert, W. J.	South Carolina
Howell, B. F.	New Jersey	Otjen, Theobald.	Wisconsin	Tate, F. C.	Georgia
Hull, J. A. T.	Iowa	Overstreet, Jesse.	Indiana	Tawney, J. A.	Minnesota
Jack, S. M.	Pennsylvania	Packer, H. B.	Pennsylvania	Taylor, R. W.	Ohio
Jenkins, J. J.	Wisconsin	Parker, R. W.	New Jersey	Taylor, G. W.	Alabama
Jett, Thos. M.	Illinois	Payne, S. E.	New York	Terry, W. L.	Arkansas
Johnson, D. E.	West Virginia	Pearce, C. E.	Missouri	Thayer, J. R.	Massachusetts
Jones, W. A.	Virginia	Pearce, G. A.	Maryland	Thomas, C. R.	North Carolina
Jones, W. L.	Washington	Pearson, R.	North Carolina	Thomas, Lot.	Iowa
Joy, C. F.	Missouri	Perkins, G. D.	Iowa	Thropp, J. E.	Pennsylvania
Kahn, Julius.	California	Peters, M. S.	Kansas	Tompkins, A. S.	New York
Kerr, W. S.	Ohio	Phillips, F. O.	Ohio	Tongue, T. H.	Oregon
Ketcham, J. H.	New York	Pierce, R. A.	Tennessee	Turner, O.	Kentucky
Kitchin, W. W.	North Carolina	Polk, R. K.	Pennsylvania	Underhill, J. Q.	New York
Kleberg, R.	Texas	Powers, H. H.	Vermont	Underwood, O. W.	Alabama
Klutz, T. F.	North Carolina	Prince, G. W.	Illinois	Vandiver, W. D.	Missouri
Knox, W. S.	Massachusetts	Pugh, S. J.	Kentucky	Van Voorhis, H. C.	Ohio
Lacey, J. F.	Iowa	Quarles, J. M.	Virginia	Vreeland, E. B.	New York
Lamb, John.	Virginia	Ransdell, J. E.	Louisiana	Wachter, F. C.	Maryland
Landis, C. B.	Indiana	Ray, G. W.	New York	Wadsworth, J. W.	New York
Lane, J. R.	Iowa	Reeder, W. A.	Kansas	Wanger, I. P.	Pennsylvania
Lanham, S. W. T.	Texas	Reeves, W.	Illinois	Warner, V.	Illinois
Latimer, A. C.	South Carolina	Rhea, J. S.	Kentucky	Waters, R. J.	California
Lawrence, Geo. P.	Mass.	Rhea, W. F.	Virginia	Watson, J. E.	Indiana
Lentz, J. J.	Ohio	Richardson, J. D.	Tennessee	Weaver, W. L.	Ohio
Lester, R. E.	Georgia	Ridgely, E. R.	Kansas	Weeks, E.	Michigan
Levy, J. M.	New York	Rlordan, D. J.	New York	Weymouth, G. W.	Massachusetts
Lewis, E. B.	Georgia	Rlxy, J. F.	Virginia	Wheeler, C. K.	Kentucky
Linney, R. Z.	North Carolina	Robb, E. A.	Missouri	Wheeler, J.	Alabama
Littauer, L. N.	New York	Robbins, G. A.	Alabama	White, G. H.	North Carolina
Little, J. S.	Arkansas	Roberts, B. H.	Utah	Williams, J. R.	Illinois
Littlefield, C. E.	Maine	Roberts, E. W.	Massachusetts	Williams, J. S.	Mississippi
Livingston, L. F.	Georgia	Robertson, S. M.	Louisiana	Williams, W. E.	Illinois
Lloyd, J. T.	Missouri	Robinson, J. M.	Indiana	Wilson, E.	Idaho
Long, C. I.	Kansas	Robinson, J. S.	Nebraska	Wilson, F. E.	New York
Lorimer, Wm.	Illinois	Rodenberg, W. A.	Illinois	Wilson, S.	South Carolina
Loud, E. F.	California	Rucker, W. W.	Missouri	Wright, C. T.	Pennsylvania
Loudenslager, H. C.	N. Jersey	Ruppert, J. Jr.	New York	Young, J. R.	Pennsylvania
Lovering, W. C.	Massachusetts	Russell, C. A.	Connecticut	Young, W. A.	Virginia
Lybraud, Archibald.	Ohio	Ryan, J. W.	Pennsylvania	Zenor, W. T.	Indiana
McAleer, Wm.	Pennsylvania	Ryan, W. H.	New York	Ziegler, E. D.	Pennsylvania
McCall, S. W.	Massachusetts	Salmon, J. S.	New Jersey		
McCleary, J. T.	Minnesota	Scudder, T.	New York		
McClellan, G. B.	New York	Shackelford, D. W.	Missouri		
McClulloch, P. D., Jr.	Arkansas	Shafroth, J. F.	Colorado		
McDowell, J. A.	Ohio	Shattuck, W. B.	Ohio		
McLain, F. A.	Mississippi	Shelden, C. D.	Michigan		
McPherson, S.	Iowa	Sherman, J. S.	New York		

DELEGATES.

Flynn, D. T.	Oklahoma
Perea, P.	New Mexico
Wilson, J. F.	Arizona

Judicial.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice—MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, 1888.

Justices—Jno. M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877	George Shiras, Jr.,.....	Pennsylvania.....	1892
Horace Gray.....	Massachusetts.....	Edward D. White.....	Louisiana.....	1894
David J. Brewer.....	Kansas.....	Rufus W. Peckham.....	New York.....	1895
Henry B. Brown.....	Michigan.....	Joseph McKenna.....	California.....	1898
Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C.....				
Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500; Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$6,000.				
Marshal—J. M. Wright, Kentucky.....	\$3,500	Reporter—J. C. B. Davis, New York.....	\$4,500	

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Horace Gray; Circuit Judges, Le Baron B. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Francis C. Lowell, Nathan Webb, Arthur L. Brown, Edgar Aldrich. Clerk—J. G. Stetson. Boston, Mass.

SECOND CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Rufus W. Peckham; Circuit Judges, William J. Wallace, E. H. Lacombe, Nathaniel Shipman; District Judges, Hoyt H. Wheeler, W. K. Townsend, A. C. Cox, Edw. B. Thomas, Addison Brown. Clerk—Wm. Parkins. New York city.

THIRD CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice George Shiras, Jr.; Circuit Judges, M. W. Acheson, G. M. Dallas, George Gray; District Judges, John B. McPherson, Andrew Kirkpatrick, Joseph Buffington, Edward G. Bradford. Clerk—W. V. Williamson. Philadelphia.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, Chief Justice United States; Circuit Judges, C. H. Simonton, Nathan Goff; District Judges, John J. Jackson, Thomas R. Purnell, Hamilton G. Ewart, W. H. Brawley, T. J. Morris, Edmund Waddill, Jr., John Paul. Clerk—H. T. Meloney. Richmond, Va.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice E. D. White; Circuit Judges, D. A. Pardee, A. P. McCormick, David D. Shelby; District Judges, W. T. Newman, Emory Speer, Charles Swayne, J. W. Locke, John Bruce, H. T. Poulhuln, H. C. Niles, Charles Parlange, Aleck Boardman, Ed-

ward R. Meek, D. E. Bryant, T. S. Maxey. Clerk—James M. McKee. New Orleans, La.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice John M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, W. H. Taft, H. H. Lurton, Wm. R. Day; District Judges, Albert C. Thompson, A. J. Kicks, H. H. Swan, H. F. Severens, Walter Evans, E. S. Hammond, C. D. Clark. Clerk—Frank O. Loveland. Cincinnati, O.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice H. B. Brown; Circuit Judges, W. A. Woods, J. G. Jenkins, Peter S. Grosscup; District Judges, C. C. Kohlsaat, J. H. Baker, W. J. Allen, W. H. Seaman, R. Bunn. Clerk—Edw. M. Holloway. Chicago, Ill.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice D. J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, H. C. Caldwell, W. H. Sanborn, A. M. Thayer; District Judges, Wm. H. Munger, O. P. Shiras, J. S. Woolson, Wm. Lochren, J. F. Phillips, J. A. Williams, Moses Hallett, Wm. C. Hook, J. A. Riner, Elmer B. Adams, John H. Rogers, Chas. F. Amidon, John E. Carland, Jno. A. Marshall. Clerk—J. D. Jordan. St. Louis, Mo.

NINTH CIRCUIT.—Judges—Mr. Justice Joseph McKenna; Circuit Judges, E. M. Ross, William B. Gilbert, W. W. Morrow; District Judges, James H. Beatty, J. J. DeHaven, C. B. Bellinger, T. P. Hawley, O. Wellborn, Hiram Knowles, C. H. Hanford. Clerk—F. D. Monckton. San Francisco.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. Circuit Judges—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 5, 1884; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Peckham. Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. Circuit Judges—Wm. J. Wallace, Albany, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. Lacombe, New York, May 26, 1887; Nathaniel Shipman, Hartford, Conn., March 17, 1892.

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Shiras, Pittsburg, Pa. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. Circuit Judges—Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1891; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892; George Gray, Wilmington, Del., March 29, 1899.

FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Washington, D. C. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina. Circuit Judges—C. H. Simonton, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 19, 1893; Nathan Goff, Clarksburg, W. Va., March 17, 1892.

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice White. Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. Circuit Judges—Don A. Pardee, New Orleans, La.,

May 13, 1881; A. P. McCormick, Dallas, Tex., March 17, 1892; D. D. Shelby, Huntsville, Ala., March 2, 1899.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Harlan. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. Circuit Judges—W. H. Taft, Cincinnati, O., March 17, 1892; H. H. Lurton, Nashville, Tenn., March 27, 1893; Wm. R. Day, Canton, O., Feb. 28, 1899.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brown, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. Circuit Judges—W. A. Woods, Indianapolis, Ind., March 17, 1892; J. G. Jenkins, Milwaukee, Wis., March 23, 1893; Peter S. Grosscup, Chicago, Ill., Jan. 25, 1899.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah. Circuit Judges—W. H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn., March 17, 1892; H. C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890; Amos M. Thayer, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice McKenna. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada. Circuit Judges—E. M. Ross, Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 22, 1895; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; Wm. W. Morrow, San Francisco, Cal., May 20, 1897.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of Judges, \$4,500 each.)

Chief Justice—C. C. NOTT, New York, 1863.

Judges—Lawrence Weldon, Illinois.....	1883	S. J. Peelle.....	Indiana.....	1892
John Davis.....	Dis. Columbia 1885	C. B. Hoewry.....	Mississippi.....	1897
Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.				

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS.

(Salaries, \$5,000 each.)

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.	Date of commission.
ALABAMA—Northern and Middle Dist.	John Bruce.....	Montgomery.....	Feb. 27, 1875
Southern District.....	H. T. Toulmin.....	Mobile.....	Jan. 13, 1887
ALASKA.....	Charles S. Johnson.....	Sitka.....	June 14, 1898
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.....	John A. Williams.....	Little Rock.....	Sept. 22, 1890
Western District.....	John H. Rogers.....	Fort Smith.....	Nov. 27, 1896
ARIZONA.....	Webster Street.....	Phoenix.....	Mar. 21, 1898
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.....	John J. De Haven.....	San Francisco.....	June 8, 1897
Southern District.....	Olin Wellborn.....	Los Angeles.....	Mar. 1, 1895
COLORADO.....	Moses Hallett.....	Denver.....	Jan. 12, 1877
CONNECTICUT.....	Edward G. Bradford.....	New Haven.....	Mar. 28, 1892
DELAWARE.....	W. K. Townsend.....	Wilmington.....	May 11, 1897
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	E. F. Bingham.....	Washington.....	April 22, 1887
FLORIDA—Northern District.....	Charles Swayne.....	Pensacola.....	May 17, 1889
Southern District.....	James W. Locke.....	Jacksonville.....	Feb. 1, 1872
GEORGIA—Northern District.....	Wm. T. Newiman.....	Atlanta.....	Aug. 13, 1886
Southern District.....	Emory Speer.....	Macon.....	Feb. 18, 1885
IDAHO.....	James H. Beatty.....	Boise.....	Mar. 7, 1891
ILLINOIS—Northern District.....	C. C. Kohlsant.....	Chicago.....	Feb. 28, 1899
Southern District.....	Wm. J. Allen.....	Springfield.....	April 13, 1887
INDIANA.....	John H. Baker.....	Indianapolis.....	Mar. 29, 1892
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern Dist.	W. M. Springer.....	Muscoogie.....	Dec. 12, 1885
Middle District.....	Wm. H. H. Clayton.....	South McAlester.....	May 18, 1897
Southern District.....	Hosea Townsend.....	Ardmore.....	Jan. 10, 1898
Additional Judge.....	John R. Thomas.....	Vinita.....	July 1, 1897
IOWA—Northern District.....	Oliver P. Shirlas.....	Dubuque.....	Aug. 4, 1882
Southern District.....	John S. Woolson.....	Des Moines.....	Aug. 14, 1891
KANSAS.....	Wm. C. Hook.....	Leavenworth.....	Mar. 1, 1889
KENTUCKY.....	Walter Evans.....	Louisville.....	Mar. 3, 1889
LOUISIANA—Eastern District.....	C. Parlange.....	New Orleans.....	Jan. 15, 1894
Western District.....	Aleck Boardman.....	Shreveport.....	May 13, 1881
MAINE.....	Nathan Webb.....	Portland.....	Jan. 24, 1882
MARYLAND.....	Thomas J. Morris.....	Baltimore.....	July 1, 1879
MASSACHUSETTS.....	Francis C. Lowell.....	Boston.....	Jan. 10, 1898
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.....	Henry H. Swan.....	Detroit.....	Jan. 19, 1891
Western District.....	Henry F. Severens.....	Grand Rapids.....	May 25, 1886
MINNESOTA.....	William Lochren.....	Minneapolis.....	May 18, 1896
MISSISSIPPI—Two Districts.....	Henry C. Niles.....	Kosciusko.....	Aug. 11, 1891
MISSOURI—Eastern District.....	E. B. Adams.....	St. Louis.....	May 17, 1895
Western District.....	John F. Phillips.....	Kansas City.....	June 25, 1888
MONTANA.....	Hiram Knowles.....	Helena.....	Feb. 21, 1890
NEBRASKA.....	Wm. H. Munger.....	Omaha.....	Feb. 18, 1897
NEVADA.....	Thomas P. Hawley.....	Carson City.....	Sept. 9, 1890
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	Edgar Aldrich.....	Littleton.....	Feb. 20, 1891
NEW JERSEY.....	Andrew Kirkpatrick.....	Newark.....	Nov. 20, 1895
NEW MEXICO.....	Wm. J. Mills.....	Las Vegas.....	Jan. 31, 1898
NEW YORK—Northern District.....	Alfred C. Cox.....	Utica.....	May 4, 1882
Southern District.....	Addison Brown.....	New York city.....	June 2, 1881
Eastern District.....	Edw. B. Thomas.....	Brooklyn.....	Feb. 15, 1898
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.....	Thomas R. Purnell.....	Raleigh.....	May 5, 1897
Western District.....	Hamilton G. Ewart.....	Hendersonville.....	July 13, 1888
NORTH DAKOTA.....	Charles F. Amidon.....	Fargo.....	Aug. 31, 1896
OHIO—Northern District.....	A. J. Ricks.....	Cleveland.....	July 1, 1889
Southern District.....	Albert C. Thompson.....	Cincinnati.....	Sept. 23, 1898
OKLAHOMA.....	John H. Burford.....	Guthrie.....	Feb. 16, 1898
OREGON.....	Charles B. Bellinger.....	Portland.....	April 15, 1893
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.....	John B. McPherson.....	Harrisburg.....	Mar. 2, 1899
Western District.....	Joseph Buffington.....	Pittsburg.....	Feb. 23, 1892
RHODE ISLAND.....	Arthur L. Brown.....	Providence.....	Oct. 15, 1896
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	W. H. Brawley.....	Charleston.....	Jan. 18, 1894
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	John E. Carland.....	Sioux Falls.....	Aug. 31, 1896
TENNESSEE—Eastern and Middle Dist.	Charles D. Clark.....	Chattanooga.....	Jan. 21, 1895
Western District.....	Ell S. Hammond.....	Memphis.....	June 17, 1878
TEXAS—Eastern District.....	David E. Bryant.....	Sherman.....	May 27, 1890
Western District.....	Thomas M. Maxey.....	Austin.....	June 25, 1888
Northern District.....	Edw. R. Meek.....	Fort Worth.....	July 13, 1898
UTAH.....	John A. Marshall.....	Salt Lake City.....	Feb. 4, 1896
VERMONT.....	Hoyt H. Wheeler.....	Brattleboro.....	Mar. 16, 1877
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.....	Edmund Waddill Jr.....	Richmond.....	Mar. 22, 1898
Western District.....	John Paul.....	Harrisonburg.....	Mar. 3, 1893
WASHINGTON.....	C. H. Hanford.....	Seattle.....	Feb. 25, 1890
WEST VIRGINIA.....	John J. Jackson.....	Parkersburg.....	Aug. 3, 1891
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.....	W. H. Seaman.....	Sheboygan.....	April 3, 1893
Western District.....	Romanzo Bunn.....	Madison.....	Oct. 30, 1877
WYOMING.....	John A. Riner.....	Cheyenne.....	Sept. 22, 1890

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.
ALABAMA—Northern District.....	Wm. Vaughan.....	Birmingham.
Middle District.....	Warren S. Reese, Jr.....	Montgomery.
Southern District.....	Morris D. Wickersham.....	Mobile.
ALASKA.....	Robert A. Friedrich.....	Sitka.
ARIZONA.....	Robert E. Morrison.....	Prescott.
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.....	Jacob Trieber.....	Little Rock.
Western District.....	James K. Barnes.....	Fort Smith.
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.....	Frank L. Coombs.....	San Francisco.
Southern District.....	Frank P. Flint.....	Los Angeles.
COLORADO.....	Greeley W. Whitford.....	Denver.
CONNECTICUT.....	Charles W. Constock.....	Hartford.
DELAWARE.....	Wm. Michael Byrne.....	Wilmington.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	Thos. H. Anderson.....	Washington.
FLORIDA—Northern District.....	John Eagan.....	Pensacola.
Southern District.....	Jos. N. Stripling.....	Jacksonville.
GEORGIA—Northern District.....	Edgar A. Angier.....	Atlanta.
Southern District.....	Marion Erwin.....	Macon.
IDAHO.....	Robert V. Cozier.....	Moscow.
ILLINOIS—Northern District.....	Solomon H. Bethea.....	Chicago.
Southern District.....	J. Otis Humphrey.....	Springfield.
INDIANA.....	Albert W. Wishard.....	Indianapolis.
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern District.....	Pliny L. Soper.....	Vinita.
Central District.....	John H. Wilkins.....	South McAlester.
Southern District.....	William B. Johnson.....	Ardmore.
IOWA—Northern District.....	Horace G. McMillan.....	Cedar Rapids.
Southern District.....	Lewis Miles.....	Corydon.
KANSAS.....	Isaac E. Lambert.....	Topeka.
KENTUCKY.....	Reuben D. Hill.....	Louisville.
LOUISIANA—Eastern District.....	J. Ward Gurley, Jr.....	New Orleans.
Western District.....	Milton C. Elstner.....	Shreveport.
MAINE.....	Isaac W. Dyer.....	Portland.
MARYLAND.....	John C. Rose.....	Baltimore.
MASSACHUSETTS.....	Boyd B. Jones.....	Boston.
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.....	William D. Gordon.....	Detroit.
Western District.....	George G. Covell.....	Grand Rapids.
MINNESOTA.....	Robert G. Evans.....	St. Paul.
MISSISSIPPI—Northern District.....	Mack A. Montgomery.....	Oxford.
Southern District.....	Albert M. Lea.....	Vicksburg.
MISSOURI—Eastern District.....	Edward A. Rozier.....	St. Louis.
Western District.....	William Warner.....	Kansas City.
MONTANA.....	William B. Rodgers.....	Helena.
NEBRASKA.....	Williamson S. Summers.....	Omaha.
NEVADA.....	Sardis Summerfield.....	Carson City.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	Charles J. Hamblett.....	Concord.
NEW JERSEY.....	J. Kearny Rice.....	New Brunswick.
NEW MEXICO.....	William B. Childers.....	Albuquerque.
NEW YORK—Northern District.....	Chas. H. Brown.....	Buffalo.
Southern District.....	Henry L. Burnett.....	New York city.
Eastern District.....	George H. Pettit.....	Brooklyn.
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.....	Claude M. Bernard.....	Raleigh.
Western District.....	Alfred E. Holton.....	Winston.
NORTH DAKOTA.....	Patrick H. Rourke.....	Fargo.
OHIO—Northern District.....	Samuel D. Dodge.....	Cleveland.
Southern District.....	William E. Bundy.....	Cincinnati.
OKLAHOMA.....	(Vacant).....	
OREGON.....	John H. Hall.....	Portland.
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.....	James M. Beck.....	Philadelphia.
Western District.....	Daniel B. Heiner.....	Pittsburg.
RHODE ISLAND.....	Charles A. Wilson.....	Providence.
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	Abial Lathrop.....	Charleston.
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	James D. Elliott.....	Sioux Falls.
TENNESSEE—Eastern District.....	William D. Wright.....	Knoxville.
Middle District.....	Abram M. Tillman.....	Nashville.
Western District.....	George Randolph.....	Memphis.
TEXAS—Eastern District.....	Marcus C. McLeomore.....	Galveston.
Northern District.....	William H. Atwell.....	Dallas.
Western District.....	Henry Terrell.....	San Antonio.
UTAH.....	Charles O. Whittenmore.....	Salt Lake City.
VERMONT.....	James L. Martin.....	Brattleboro.
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.....	Edgar Allan.....	Norfolk.
Western District.....	Thomas M. Alderson.....	Abingdon.
WASHINGTON.....	W. R. Gay.....	Seattle.
WEST VIRGINIA.....	Joseph H. Gaines.....	Charleston.
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.....	Milton C. Phillips.....	Oshkosh.
Western District.....	David F. Jones.....	La Crosse.
WYOMING.....	Timothy F. Burke.....	Cheyenne.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.
ALABAMA—Northern District.....	D. N. Cooper.....	Birmingham.
Middle District.....	Leander J. Bryan.....	Montgomery.
Southern District.....	Frank Simmons.....	Mobile.
ALASKA.....	James M. Shoup.....	Sitka.
ARIZONA.....	William M. Griffith.....	Tucson.
ARKANSAS—Eastern District.....	Henry M. Cooper.....	Little Rock.
Western District.....	Solomon F. Stahl.....	Fort Smith.
CALIFORNIA—Northern District.....	John H. Shue.....	San Francisco.
Southern District.....	Henry Z. Osborne.....	Los Angeles.
COLORADO.....	Dewey C. Bailey.....	Denver.
CONNECTICUT.....	Edson S. Bishop.....	New Haven.
DELAWARE.....	John C. Short.....	Wilmington.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.....	Aulick Palmer.....	Washington.
FLORIDA—Northern District.....	Thomas F. McGourin.....	Pensacola.
Southern District.....	John F. Horr.....	Jacksonville.
GEORGIA—Northern District.....	Walter H. Johnson.....	Atlanta.
Southern District.....	John M. Barnes.....	Macon.
IDAHO.....	Frank C. Ramsey.....	Boise City.
ILLINOIS—Northern District.....	John C. Ames.....	Chicago.
Southern District.....	Charles P. Hitch.....	Springfield.
INDIANA.....	Samuel E. Kercheval.....	Indianapolis.
INDIAN TERRITORY—Northern District.....	Leo E. Bennett.....	Muscogee.
Central District.....	Jasper P. Grady.....	South McAlester.
Southern District.....	John S. Hammer.....	Ardmore.
IOWA—Northern District.....	Edward Knott.....	Dubuque.
Southern District.....	Geo. M. Christian.....	Des Moines.
KANSAS.....	Wm. Edgar Sterne.....	Topeka.
KENTUCKY.....	A. D. James.....	Louisville.
LOUISIANA—Eastern District.....	Charles Fontellen.....	New Orleans.
Western District.....	James M. Martin.....	Shreveport.
MAINE.....	Hutson B. Saunders.....	Portland.
MARYLAND.....	William F. Airey.....	Baltimore.
MASSACHUSETTS.....	Chas. K. Darling.....	Boston.
MICHIGAN—Eastern District.....	William R. Bates.....	Detroit.
Western District.....	A. Oren Wheeler.....	Grand Rapids.
MINNESOTA.....	Wm. H. Grimshaw.....	St. Paul.
MISSISSIPPI—Northern District.....	Geo. M. Buchanan.....	Oxford.
Southern District.....	Frederick W. Collins.....	Jackson.
MISSOURI—Eastern District.....	Louis C. Bohle.....	St. Louis.
Western District.....	Edwin R. Durham.....	Kansas City.
MONTANA.....	Joseph P. Woolman.....	Helena.
NEBRASKA.....	T. L. Mathews.....	Omaha.
NEVADA.....	J. F. Emmitt.....	Carson City.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.....	Engene P. Nute.....	Concord.
NEW JERSEY.....	Thomas J. Alcott.....	Trenton.
NEW MEXICO.....	Creighton M. Foraker.....	Albuquerque.
NEW YORK—Northern District.....	William R. Compton.....	Elmira.
Southern District.....	William Henkel.....	New York city.
Eastern District.....	Charles J. Haubert.....	Brooklyn.
NORTH CAROLINA—Eastern District.....	Henry C. Dockery.....	Raleigh.
Western District.....	Jas. M. Millikan.....	Greensboro.
NORTH DAKOTA.....	John E. Haggart.....	Fargo.
OHIO—Northern District.....	Matthias A. Smalley.....	Cleveland.
Southern District.....	Vivian J. Fagin.....	Cincinnati.
OKLAHOMA.....	C. H. Thompson.....	Guthrie.
OREGON.....	Zoeth Houser.....	Portland.
PENNSYLVANIA—Eastern District.....	James B. Reilly.....	Philadelphia.
Western District.....	Frederick C. Leonard.....	Pittsburg.
RHODE ISLAND.....	James S. McCabe.....	Providence.
SOUTH CAROLINA.....	Lawson D. Melton.....	Charleston.
SOUTH DAKOTA.....	Edward G. Kennedy.....	Sioux Falls.
TENNESSEE—Eastern District.....	Richard W. Austin.....	Knoxville.
Middle District.....	John W. Overall.....	Nashville.
Western District.....	Thomas H. Baker.....	Memphis.
TEXAS—Eastern District.....	John Grant.....	Paris.
Northern District.....	George H. Green.....	Dallas.
Western District.....	George L. Siebrecht.....	San Antonio.
UTAH.....	Glen Miller.....	Salt Lake City.
VERMONT.....	Fred A. Field.....	Rutland.
VIRGINIA—Eastern District.....	Morgan Treat.....	Richmond.
Western District.....	S. Brown Allen.....	Harrisonburg.
WASHINGTON.....	Clarence W. Ide.....	Tacoma.
WEST VIRGINIA.....	John K. Thompson.....	Parkersburg.
WISCONSIN—Eastern District.....	Thomas B. Reid.....	Milwaukee.
Western District.....	William H. Canon.....	Madison.
WYOMING.....	Frank A. Hadsell.....	Cheyenne.

COLLECTORS OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Alabama.....	Julian H. Bingham, Birmingham	Nevada.....	(See California)
Alaska.....	(See Oregon)	New Hampshire.....	J. A. Wood, Portsmouth
Arizona.....	(See New Mexico)	New Jersey—1.....	Isaac Moffett, Camden
Arkansas.....	Harmon L. Rimmel, Little Rock	2.....	H. C. H. Herold, Newark
California—1.....	John C. Lynch, San Francisco	New Mexico.....	Alex L. Morrison, Santa Fe
2.....	Henry C. Bell, Sacramento	New York—1.....	Frank R. Moore, Brooklyn
Colorado.....	Frank W. Howbert, Denver	2.....	Charles N. Treat, New York city
Connecticut.....	Thomas L. Lake, Hartford	3.....	Ferd Eldman, New York city
Dakota.....	(See Nebraska)	14.....	John G. Ward, Albany
Delaware.....	(See Maryland)	21.....	Charles E. Cole, Syracuse
Florida.....	Joseph E. Lee, Jacksonville	28.....	Archib D. Sanders, Rochester
Georgia.....	Henry A. Rucker, Atlanta	North Carolina—4.....	Ed C. Duncan, Raleigh
Idaho.....	(See Montana)	5.....	Herschel S. Harkins, Asheville
Illinois—1.....	Fred E. Coyne, Chicago	North Dakota.....	(See Nebraska)
5.....	Aquilla J. Daugherty, Peoria	Ohio—1.....	Bernhard Bettmann, Cincinnati
8.....	Richard Yates, Springfield	10.....	George P. Waldorf, Toledo
13.....	William H. Powell, East St. Louis	11.....	John Entreklin, Chillicothe
Indian Territory.....	(See Kansas)	18.....	Frank McCord, Cleveland
Indiana—6.....	A. E. Nowlin, Lawrenceburg	Oklahoma.....	(See Kansas)
7.....	David W. Henry, Terre Haute	Oregon.....	David M. Dunn, Portland
Iowa—3.....	John W. Patterson, Dubuque	Pennsylvania—1.....	P. A. McClain, Philadelphia
4.....	John M. Campbell, Burlington	9.....	Henry L. Hershey, Lancaster
Kansas.....	Michael W. Sutton, Leavenworth	12.....	Thomas Penman, Scranton
Kentucky—2.....	Edward T. Franks, Owensboro	23.....	James S. Fruit, Pittsburg
5.....	Charles E. Sapp, Louisville	Rhode Island.....	(See Connecticut)
6.....	David N. Comlgore, Covington	South Carolina.....	E. A. Webster, Columbia
7.....	Samuel J. Roberts, Lexington	South Dakota.....	(See Nebraska)
8.....	John W. Yerkes, Danville	Tennessee—2.....	A. J. Tyler, Knoxville
Louisiana.....	Lewis J. Soner, New Orleans	5.....	David A. Munn, Nashville
Maine.....	(See New Hampshire)	Texas—3.....	Webster Flanagan, Austin
Maryland.....	Benj. F. Partlett, Baltimore	4.....	Philemon B. Hunt, Dallas
Massachusetts.....	James D. Gill, Boston	Utah.....	(See Montana)
Michigan—1.....	Charles Wright, Detroit	Vermont.....	(See New Hampshire)
2.....	Samuel M. Lemon, Grand Rapids	Virginia—2.....	James D. Brady, Richmond
Minnesota.....	Fred Von Baumbach, St. Paul	6.....	Park Agnew, Alexandria
Mississippi.....	(See Louisiana)	Washington.....	(See Oregon)
Missouri—1.....	Henry C. Grenner, St. Louis	West Virginia.....	A. B. White, Parkersburg
2.....	Frank E. Kellogg, Kansas City	Wisconsin—1.....	Henry Fink, Milwaukee
Montana.....	Charles M. Webster, Helena	2.....	James G. Monahan, Madison
Nebraska.....	Jacob E. Houtz, Omaha	Wyoming.....	(See Colorado)

CUSTOMS OFFICERS.

Port.	Collectors.
Alabama—Mobile.....	J. W. Burke
Alaska—Sitka.....	J. W. Ivey
Arizona—Nogales.....	H. K. Chenoweth
California—San Francisco.....	J. P. Jackson
San Diego.....	W. W. Bowers
Los Angeles.....	J. C. Cline
Eureka.....	S. A. Campbell
Connecticut—Bridgeport.....	F. J. Navamore
Hartford.....	J. H. Blakesley
New Haven.....	J. W. Mix
New London.....	T. O. Thompson
Stonington.....	C. T. Stanton
Delaware—Wilmington.....	W. H. Cooper
Dist. of Columbia—Washington.....	W. B. Todd
Florida—Apalachicola.....	W. B. Sheppard
Fernandina.....	J. W. Howell
Pensacola.....	J. E. Stillman
St. Augustine.....	T. B. George
Jacksonville.....	W. H. Lucas
Cedar Keys.....	S. P. Anthony
Key West.....	G. W. Allen
Tampa.....	M. B. Macfarlane
Georgia—Brunswick.....	H. T. Dunn
Savannah.....	J. H. Devaux
St. Marys.....	Rudd Coffee
Illinois—Chicago.....	W. P. Nixon
Louisiana—New Orleans.....	A. T. Wimberly
Brashear.....	J. A. Thornton
Maine—Houlton.....	T. H. Phair
Bangor.....	A. R. Day
Bath.....	G. Moulton, Jr.
Belfast.....	J. H. Harriman

Port.	Collectors.
Castine.....	G. M. Warren
Ellsworth.....	Henry Whiting
Machias.....	J. K. Ames
Kennebunk.....	Edwin Parsons
Eastport.....	G. A. Curran
Portland.....	W. F. Milliken
Saco.....	F. H. Oaks
Waldoboro.....	F. B. Wright
Wiscasset.....	D. H. Moody
York.....	E. H. Banks
Maryland—Annapolis.....	L. S. Clayton
Baltimore.....	W. F. Stone
Crisfield.....	J. C. Tawes
Massachusetts—Barnstable.....	T. H. Hallet
Boston.....	G. H. Lyman
Edgartown.....	C. H. Marchant
Fall River.....	John Desmond
Gloucester.....	F. C. Richardson
Marblehead.....	C. H. Bateman
Nantucket.....	C. E. Smalley
New Bedford.....	Z. W. Pease
Newburyport.....	H. P. Mackintosh
Plymouth.....	D. W. Andrews
Salem.....	John Daland
Michigan—Grand Haven.....	G. A. Farr
Detroit.....	J. T. Rieh
Marquette.....	J. Q. Adams
Port Huron.....	A. R. Avery
Minnesota—St. Paul.....	John Peterson
Duluth.....	L. M. Willcuts
Mississippi—Shuldsboro.....	J. P. Walworth
Natchez.....	David King

<i>Port.</i>	<i>Collectors.</i>
Vicksburg.....	J. H. Short
Montana—Great Falls.....	D. G. Browne
New Hampshire—Portsmouth.....	R. N. Elwell
New Jersey—Bridgeton.....	G. W. McCowan
Jersey City.....	M. I. Fagen
Trenton.....	R. Billingham
Somers Point.....	Walter Ffield
Camden.....	F. F. Patterson
Tuckerton.....	S. P. Bartlett
Newark.....	G. L. Smith
Perth Amboy.....	Robert Carson
New York—Buffalo.....	H. W. Brendel
Cape Vincent.....	W. J. Grant
Plattsburg.....	W. C. Witherbee
Dunkirk.....	John Bourne
Rochester.....	Henry Harrison
New York.....	Geo. R. Bidwell
Niagara Falls.....	James Low
Ogdensburg.....	C. A. Kellogg
Oswego.....	J. H. Cooper
Sag Harbor.....	Peter Dippel
North Carolina—Beaufort.....	C. D. Jones
Newbern.....	Mayer Hahn
Edenton.....	K. R. Pendleton
Wilmington.....	J. C. Dancy
North Dakota—Pembina.....	N. E. Nelson
Ohio—Cleveland.....	C. F. Leach
Toledo.....	J. H. Puck
Sandusky.....	E. H. Zuerhorst

<i>Port.</i>	<i>Collectors.</i>
Oregon—Astoria.....	John Fox
Portland.....	I. R. Patterson
Coos Bay.....	John Morgan
Yaquina.....	C. B. Crosno
Pennsylvania—Philadelphia.....	C. W. Thomas
Erie.....	B. B. Brown
Rhode Island—Bristol.....	C. D. Eddy
Newport.....	J. H. Cozzens
Providence.....	E. H. Wilson
South Carolina—Beaufort.....	Robert Smalls
Charleston.....	J. R. Talbert
Georgetown.....	A. M. Hamby, Jr.
Texas—Brownsville.....	C. H. Maris
Eagle Pass.....	C. C. Drake
Galveston.....	F. L. Lee
El Paso.....	Moses Dillon
Corpus Christi.....	J. J. Haynes
Vermont—Burlington.....	Olin Merrill
Newport.....	Z. M. Mansur
Virginia—Alexandria.....	M. L. King
Cape Charles City.....	C. G. Smithers
Norfolk.....	R. G. Banks
Petersburg.....	William Mahone
Richmond.....	J. S. Bethel
Tappahannock.....	T. C. Walker
Newport News.....	J. W. Elliott
Washington—Port Townsend.....	F. D. Huestis
Wisconsin—Milwaukee.....	C. B. Roberts

SURVEYORS OF CUSTOMS.

<i>Port.</i>	<i>Surveyors.</i>
California—San Francisco.....	J. S. Spear, Jr.
Colorado—Denver.....	C. H. Brickenstein
Georgia—Atlanta.....	C. C. Wimbish
Illinois—Galena.....	R. S. Bostwick
Peoria.....	R. W. Burt
Cairo.....	T. C. Elliott
Rock Island.....	R. G. Pearce
Indiana—Evansville.....	W. S. Vielo
Indianapolis.....	A. A. Young
Michigan City.....	C. J. Rabb
Iowa—Burlington.....	C. H. Ross
Sioux City.....	J. H. Bolton
Dubuque.....	J. M. Lenihan
Council Bluffs.....	L. M. Shubert
Des Moines.....	L. Redmon
Kentucky—Louisville.....	C. M. Barnett
Paducah.....	J. R. Puryear
Louisiana—New Orleans.....	F. W. Gibson
Maine—Portland.....	W. H. Anderson
Maryland—Baltimore.....	J. B. Hanna
Massachusetts—Boston.....	J. J. McCarthy
Springfield.....	H. L. Hines

<i>Port.</i>	<i>Surveyors.</i>
Michigan—Grand Rapids.....	J. A. Coye
Missouri—St. Louis.....	C. H. Smith
St. Joseph.....	W. L. Buechle
Kansas City.....	W. L. Kessinger
Nebraska—Omaha.....	Cadet Taylor
Lincoln.....	C. H. Morrill
New York—New York.....	S. C. Croft
Albany.....	William Barnes, Jr.
Port Jefferson.....	G. F. Bayles
Syracuse.....	J. F. Nash
Patchogue.....	S. O. Weeks
Greenport.....	J. A. Bassarear
Ohio—Cincinnati.....	L. Vorgt
Columbus.....	E. J. Miller
Pennsylvania—Pittsburg.....	P. M. Lytle
Tennessee—Nashville.....	J. W. Dillin
Memphis.....	James Jeffreys
Knoxville.....	E. W. Adkins
Chattanooga.....	T. B. Stapp
West Virginia—Wheeling.....	C. H. Sensensy
Wisconsin—Lacrosse.....	Robert Calvert

DISTRICT SUPERVISORS OF THE TWELFTH CENSUS.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>ALABAMA.</i>
1.	J. W. Goldsby, Mobile.
2.	A. Steinhart, Greenville.
3.	A. E. Stratton, Troy.
4.	J. J. Sims, Silver Run.
5.	R. B. Smyer, Birmingham.
6.	J. B. Long, Jasper.
7.	D. S. Jones, Moody.
8.	W. W. Simmons, Courtland.
	<i>ALASKA.</i>
Northern—	S. C. Dunham, Circle City.
Southern—	W. A. Kelly, Sitka.
	<i>ARIZONA.</i>
1.	F. A. Tritle, Prescott.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>ARKANSAS.</i>
1.	C. Rembert, Helena.
2.	J. B. Baker, Melbourne.
3.	W. B. Moss, Jasper.
4.	J. T. O'Hair, Little Rock.
5.	G. M. French, Hot Springs.
6.	W. F. Avera, Camden.
	<i>CALIFORNIA.</i>
1.	C. C. Piehn, Berkeley.
2.	J. D. Mackenzie, San Jose.
3.	S. H. Olmsted, San Rafael.
4.	T. W. O'Neill, Sacramento.
5.	A. M. Drew, Fresno.
6.	F. F. Davis, Los Angeles.
	<i>COLORADO.</i>
1.	F. S. Tesch, Denver.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>2. W. H. Brisbane, Leadville.</i>
	<i>CONNECTICUT.</i>
1.	S. A. Eddy, Canaan.
	<i>DELAWARE.</i>
1.	J. S. Willis, Milford.
	<i>DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.</i>
1.	H. Dingman, Washington.
	<i>FLORIDA.</i>
1.	R. Turnbull, Monticello.
2.	J. M. Cheney, Orlando.
	<i>GEORGIA.</i>
1.	H. Binn, Jr., Savannah.
2.	H. W. Hopkins, Thomasville.
3.	H. Wetteroth, Americus.

Dist. 4. M. L. Covington, Carrollton. 5. J. W. Anderson, Covington. 6. J. M. Strickland, Thomas-ton. 7. G. D. Anderson, Marletta. 8. E. L. Campbell, Eudora. 9. E. H. Witzel, Blue Ridge. 10. E. D. Smythe, Augusta. 11. A. Akerman, Dublin. HAWAII. 1. A. T. Atkinson, Honolulu. IDAHO. 1. W. H. Savidge, Boise. ILLINOIS. 1. G. F. Gilbert, Chicago. 2. W. Jackson, Shabbona. 3. H. C. Burchard, Freeport. 4. W. C. Galloway, Aleo. 5. W. E. Birkenbeuel, La-Salle. 6. J. B. Elthian, Joliet. 7. E. S. Swigart, Champaign. 8. G. De F. Kinney, Peoria. 9. G. M. Finlay, Augusta. 10. T. Worthington, Jacksonville. 11. E. D. Blinn, Lincoln. 12. J. M. Truitt, Hillsboro. 13. F. W. Booth, Marshall. 14. T. G. Risley, Mt. Carmel. 15. H. J. Schmidt, Nashville. 16. J. C. Willis, Metropolis. INDIANA. 1. C. G. Covert, Evansville. 2. J. C. Billheimer, Washington. 3. J. D. Poutch, New Albany. 4. C. W. Lee, Sugar Branch. 5. I. L. Wimmer, Rockville. 6. J. F. Thompson, New Castle. 7. V. G. Clifford, Indianapolis. 8. A. L. Sharpe, Bluffton. 9. A. E. Bradshaw, Delphi. 10. E. N. Norris, Valparaiso. 11. O. A. Somers, Kokomo. 12. S. A. Wood, Angola. 13. D. B. J. Schafer, South Bend. INDIAN TERRITORY. 1. W. H. Darrow, Wyandotte. IOWA. 1. J. W. Rowley, Keosauqua. 2. C. D. Eaton, Wilton Jet. 3. J. W. Krapfel, Waterloo. 4. G. H. Markley, Lansing. 5. J. W. Doxsee, Monticello. 6. A. H. Fortune, Bloomfield. 7. S. C. Smith, Winterset. 8. F. M. Kyte, Osceola. 9. F. F. Everest, Council Bluffs. 10. J. T. Drug, Stratford. 11. W. E. Hamilton, Odebolt. KANSAS. 1. A. J. White, Todd. 2. J. M. Humphrey, Ft. Scott. 3. Asa Smith, Parsons. 4. C. S. Briggs, Carbondale. 5. W. H. Smith, Marysville. 6. O. W. Landis, Osborne.	Dist. 7. J. C. O. Morse, Hutchin-son. KENTUCKY. 1. A. C. Moore, Marion. 2. E. M. Flack, Hopkinsville. 3. H. Morris, Glasgow. 4. W. N. Foster, Greensburg. 5. C. K. Caron, Louisville. 6. R. H. Elliston, Williams-town. 7. E. Bainbridge, Owenton. 8. John Bright, Stanford. 9. C. G. McAllister, Owensville. 10. H. S. Howes, Paintsville. 11. J. G. Forester, Harlan. LOUISIANA. 1. A. E. Livaudais, New Orleans. 2. P. H. Segura, New Iberia. 3. W. Clegg, Lafayette. 4. W. B. Peyton, Keatchie. 5. C. W. Phillips, Lonewa. 6. J. Yost, New Roads. MAINE. 1. J. A. Place, South Berwick. 2. E. P. Spofford, Deer Isle. MARYLAND. 1. O. L. Quinlan, Baltimore. 2. B. G. Stevens, Williston. 3. W. T. S. Rollins, Seat Pleasant. 4. A. H. Harrington, Frederick. MASSACHUSETTS. 1. H. G. Wadlin, Boston. MICHIGAN. 1. F. L. Brooke, Detroit. 2. F. R. Metcalf, Adrian. 3. C. H. Gurney, Hillsdale. 4. B. S. Wing, Hastings. 5. E. M. Allen, Portland. 6. E. V. Chilson, Lansing. 7. G. H. Brown, Port Huron. 8. O. L. Sprague, Owosso. 9. J. K. Flood, Hart. 10. C. R. Jackson, East Tawas. 11. C. L. Rarden, Greenville. 12. R. J. Bates, Ironwood. MINNESOTA. 1. L. D. Frost, Winona. 2. J. G. Hamlin, Blue Earth. 3. H. B. Wakefield, Hutchinson. 4. E. Yanish, St. Paul. 5. C. S. Cairns, Minneapolis. 6. A. N. Dare, Elk River. 7. E. E. Adams, Fergus Falls. MISSISSIPPI. 1. H. E. Pitts, Aberdeen. 2. W. A. McDonald, Holly Springs. 3. C. Banks, Clarksdale. 4. G. E. Galceran, Sturges. 5. R. M. Bonrdeaux, Meridian. 6. W. H. Mounger, Enterprise. 7. W. E. Mollison, Vicksburg.	Dist. MISSOURI. 1. S. J. Harrison, Hannibal. 2. J. Broadus, Chillicothe. 3. J. F. Reed, Liberty. 4. E. E. E. McJimsy, Marysville. 5. G. J. Baer, Kansas City. 6. J. M. Pidcock, Greenfield. 7. H. H. Parsons, Marshall. 8. J. W. Vosholl, Linn. 9. C. A. Davaut, Farber. 10. F. W. Rauchenstein, Clayton. 11. J. S. Higgins, St. Louis. 12. B. T. Walker, Dexter. 13. B. J. Morrow, Neosho. MONTANA. 1. J. E. Rickards, Butte. NEBRASKA. 1. F. W. Miller, Falls City. 2. W. E. Peebles, Pender. 4. T. E. Hibbert, Adams. 5. I. D. Evans, Kenesaw. 6. J. T. Mallalien, Kearney. NEVADA. 1. E. W. Tremont, Eureka. NEW HAMPSHIRE. 1. D. F. Healy, Manchester. NEW JERSEY. 1. J. H. Weastell, Jersey City. 2. S. A. Smith, Newark. 3. J. M. Denton, Paterson. 4. C. S. Tunis, New Brunswick. 5. W. L. James, Riverton. 6. John Blowe, Camden. NEW MEXICO. 1. P. Sanchez, Santa Fe. NEW YORK. 1. C. S. Wilbur, New York. 2. W. B. Atterbury, Brooklyn. 3. J. L. Williams, Poughkeepsie. 4. M. A. Heeran, Rensselaer. 5. F. S. Steenberge, North Bangor. 6. F. A. Weed, Potsdam. 7. W. B. Collins, Gloversville. 8. J. R. Stevens, Cohoes. 9. F. D. Cole, Cairo. 10. Edgar M. Gordon, Port Jervis. 11. J. Schnell, Binghamton. 12. J. T. Roberts, Syracuse. 13. J. Batchelor, Utica. 14. R. J. Myers, Auburn. 15. W. S. Hodgman, Painted Post. 16. J. A. Warren, Fredonia. 17. J. A. Hamilton, Buffalo. 18. Albert J. Slaughter, West Sparta. 19. J. W. Hannan, Rochester. NORTH CAROLINA. 1. W. Martin, Williamston. 2. A. M. Moore, Greenville. 3. D. J. Lewis, Whiteville. 4. J. J. Jenkins, Pittsboro. 5. J. T. B. Hoover, Oxford. 6. W. B. Steele, High Point. 7. G. A. Bingham, Salisbury. 8. O. F. Pool, Taylorsville. 9. J. A. Hendricks, Marshall.
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Dist. NORTH DAKOTA.

1. A. H. Laughlin, Lisbon.

OHIO.

1. G. Stoddard, Wyoming.
2. F. P. Richter, Hamilton.
3. W. Binkley, Sidney.
4. U. H. Hester, Van Wert.
5. E. Q. Crane, Batavia.
6. S. W. Durringer, London.
7. W. T. Hoopes, Marysville.
8. R. J. West, Toledo.
9. W. S. Lambert, South Webster.
10. O. E. Vollenweider, McArthur.
11. H. A. Williams, Columbus.
12. A. Kiskadden, Tiffin.
13. L. B. Fauver, Elyria.
14. F. M. Martin, Caldwell.
15. I. H. Gaston, St. Clairsville.
16. J. W. Little, Akron.
17. W. M. Hostetter, Lisbon.
18. C. F. Brotherton, Ashtabula.
19. E. Batt, Cleveland.

OKLAHOMA.

1. I. G. Conkling, Enid.

OREGON.

1. C. B. Winn, Albany.
2. G. F. Telfer, Portland.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1. H. D. Beaston, Philadelphia.
2. D. S. Talbot, Westchester.
3. H. G. Selp, Easton.
4. J. R. Edwards, Scranton.
5. C. H. Alney, Montrose.
6. C. A. Durant, Wilkesbarre.
7. H. G. Reitzel, Mahanoy City.
8. A. F. Shenck, Lancaster.
9. J. M. Barnett, New Bloomfield.
10. H. A. Reed, Sunbury.
11. M. H. Stebbins, Wellsboro.

- Dist. 12. C. A. Zerbe, Lewistown.
13. G. R. Scull, Somerset.
14. J. L. Alliston, Pannsu tawuey.
15. W. B. Sterrett, Titusville.
16. G. W. Youngson, Parnassus.
17. F. M. Fuller, Uniontown.
18. J. M. Esler, Tarentum.
19. J. A. McMillan, Harlansburg.

RHODE ISLAND.

1. G. H. Webb, Providence.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. J. W. Wheeler, Charleston.
2. S. A. Pearce, Columbia.
3. D. H. Russell, Anderson.
4. G. W. Shell, Laurens.
5. T. J. Cunningham, Clowney.
6. L. J. Breeden, Bennettsville.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

1. J. L. Burke, Hot Springs.
2. D. Williams, Webster.

TENNESSEE.

1. J. S. Hill, Morristown.
2. J. R. Penland, Knoxville.
3. E. W. Mattson, Chattanooga.
4. G. H. Morgan, Cookeville.
5. J. J. Jones, Fayetteville.
6. P. P. Pickard, Waverly.
7. A. M. Hughes, Columbia.
8. D. A. McDougal, Savannah.
9. J. D. Senter, Humboldt.
10. T. F. Tobin, Memphis.

TEXAS.

1. John B. Stephens, Mount Pleasant.
2. R. M. Kelso, Denton.
3. W. D. Bell, Quanah.
4. S. M. Vernon, Brownwood.
5. W. G. Robinson, San Antonio.
6. K. S. Fisher, Ennis.

- Dist. 7. J. S. Burns, Tyler.
8. E. W. Smith, Nacogdoches.
9. D. R. Emerson, Marlin.
10. E. R. McLean, Austin.
11. H. Settle, Galveston.
12. T. H. Dwyer, Brenham.
13. J. O. Luby, San Diego.

UTAH.

1. A. Pratt, Salt Lake City.

VERMONT.

1. W. B. Gates, Burlington.

VIRGINIA.

1. G. T. Scarburg, Accomack.
2. H. E. Smith, Suffolk.
3. C. P. Snead, Etna Mills.
4. F. R. Lassiter, Petersburg.
5. C. M. Hirt, Rocky Mount.
6. C. C. Carrington, Houston.
7. J. M. Steck, Winchester.
8. R. R. Campbell, Warrenton.
9. G. W. Blankenship, Bristol.
10. R. T. Hubbard, Bolling.

WASHINGTON.

1. J. B. McMillan, Fairhaven.
2. A. Mires, Ellensburg.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1. H. W. Harmer, Clarksburg.
2. L. C. Powell, Fairmont.
3. E. L. Dunn, Red Sulphur Springs.
4. T. A. Brown, Elizabeth.

WISCONSIN.

1. A. J. Turner, Portage.
2. R. Meyer, Jr., Lancaster.
3. A. A. Loper, Ripon.
4. A. G. Wright, Milwaukee.
5. E. McIntyre, Waldo.
6. F. S. Baldwin, Waupaca.
7. C. S. Van Auker, La Crosse.
8. J. W. Miller, Wausau.
9. J. B. Jensen, Ellsworth.

WYOMING.

1. C. W. Riner, Cheyenne.

COPPER PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

[Tons of 2,240 pounds.]

1851.....	900	1867.....	10,000	1883.....	51,574
1852.....	1,100	1868.....	11,600	1884.....	64,708
1853.....	2,070	1869.....	12,500	1885.....	74,058
1854.....	2,250	1870.....	12,600	1886.....	70,430
1855.....	3,000	1871.....	13,000	1887.....	81,017
1856.....	4,000	1872.....	12,500	1888.....	101,054
1857.....	4,800	1873.....	15,500	1889.....	101,239
1858.....	5,500	1874.....	17,500	1890.....	115,006
1859.....	6,300	1875.....	18,000	1891.....	126,839
1860.....	7,200	1876.....	19,000	1892.....	154,018
1861.....	7,500	1877.....	21,000	1893.....	147,033
1862.....	9,000	1878.....	21,500	1894.....	153,120
1863.....	8,500	1879.....	23,000	1895.....	170,137
1864.....	8,000	1880.....	27,000	1896.....	202,235
1865.....	8,500	1881.....	32,000	1897.....	219,481
1866.....	8,900	1882.....	40,467	1898.....	235,790

United States Diplomatic and Consular Service.

DIPLOMATIC SERVICE-OCT. 1, 1899.

Explanation—A. E. and P., Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary; E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul-General.

COUNTRY.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Argentine Republic.....	Wm. P. Lord, E. E. & M. P....	Buenos Ayres.	Oregon.....	\$10,000
	Francois S. Jones, Sec. of Leg.	Buenos Ayres.	Louisiana.....	1,500
Austria-Hungary	A. C. Harris, E. E. & M. P.....	Vienna.....	Indiana.....	12,000
	Chas. V. Herdliska, S. of L....	Vienna.....	Dis. Columbia	1,800
	Lt.-Com. W. H. Bechler, Nv. Att.	Vienna.....		
Belgium.....	L. Townsend, E. E. & M. P....	Brussels.....	Pennsylvania	10,000
Bolivia.....	G. H. Bridgeman, E. E. & M. P.	La Paz.....	Illinois.....	5,000
Brazil.....	Chas. P. Bryan, E. E. & M. P....	Rio de Janeiro.	Illinois.....	12,000
	Thos. C. Dawson, Sec. of Leg.	Rio de Janeiro.	Iowa.....	1,800
	Lt. James A. Shipton, Mil. Att.			
Chile.....	H. L. Wilson, E. E. & M. P....	Santiago.....	Washington..	10,000
	H. J. Lenderink, Sec. of Leg.	Santiago.....	Iowa.....	1,500
China.....	E. H. Conger, E. E. & M. P....	Peking.....	Iowa.....	12,000
	H. G. Squires, Sec. of Leg....	Peking.....	New York....	2,625
	W. E. Bainbridge, 2d Sec. of Leg.	Peking.....	Wisconsin....	1,800
	Lt. A. L. Key, Nav. Att.....	Peking.....		
Colombia	Fleming D. Cheshire, Int.....	Peking.....	China.....	3,000
	Chas. B. Hart, E. E. & M. P....	Bogota.....	W. Virginia..	10,000
	I. C. McNally, Sec. of Leg....	Bogota.....	Massachus'ts.	2,000
Costa Rica, Nicaragua {	W. L. Merry, E. E. & M. P....	Managua.....	California....	10,000
and Salvador {	Rufus A. Laue, Sec. of Leg....	Managua.....	California....	1,800
Denmark.....	L. S. Swenson, E. E. & M. P....	Copenhagen..	Minnesota....	7,500
Dominican Republic {	Wm. F. Powell, Charge d'A....	Port-au-Prince.	New Jersey...	5,000
Ecuador.....	A. J. Sampson, E. E. & M. P....	Quito.....	Arizona.....	5,000
Egypt.....	John G. Long, Agt. & C. G....	Cairo.....	Florida.....	5,000
France.....	Horace Porter, A. E. & P....	Paris.....	New York....	17,500
	Henry Vignaud, Sec. of Leg....	Paris.....	Louisiana....	2,625
	S. F. Eddy, 2d Sec. of Leg....	Paris.....	Illinois.....	2,000
	S. Merrill, 3d Sec. of Leg....	Paris.....	Massachus'ts.	1,200
	Capt. A. Rogers, Mil. Attache	Paris.....		
	Lieut. Wm. S. Sims, N. A....	Paris.....		
Germany.....	Andrew D. White, A. E. & P.	Berlin.....	New York....	17,500
	John B. Jackson, Sec. of Em.	Berlin.....	New Jersey...	2,625
	Geo. M. Fisk, 2d Sec. of Em.	Berlin.....	Ohio.....	2,000
	P. H. Dodge, 3d Sec.	Berlin.....	Massachus'ts.	1,200
	Comdr. F. M. Barber, Nav. Att.	Berlin.....		
	Capt. H. T. Allen, Mil. Att....			
Great Britain	J. H. Choate, A. E. & P....	London.....	New York....	17,500
	Henry White, Sec. of Em....	London.....	Dis. Columbia	2,625
	John R. Carter, 2d Sec. of Em.	London.....	Maryland....	2,000
	J. H. Choate, Jr., 3d Sec....	London.....	New York....	1,200
	Lieut. John C. Colwell, N. A.	London.....	Pennsylvania..	10,000
	Maj. Gen. S. S. Sumner, Mil. Att.	London.....	Pennsylvania..	10,000
Greece.....	A. S. Hardy, E. E. & M. P. & C. G.	Athens.....	N. Hampshire	6,500
Guatemala.....	W. G. Hunter, E. E. & M. P....	Guatemala....	Kentucky.....	10,000
	A. M. Beaupre, Sec. Leg. & C. G.	Guatemala....	New York....	2,000
Haiti.....	Wm. F. Powell, E. E. & M. P....	Port-au-Prince	New Jersey...	5,000
Honduras.....	W. G. Hunter, E. E. & M. P....	Guatemala....	Kentucky.....	10,000
Italy.....	Wm. F. Draper, A. E. & P....	Rome.....	Massachus'ts.	12,000
	M. L. Iddings, Sec. of Em....	Rome.....	New York....	1,500
	R. C. Parsons, Jr., 2d Sec. of Em.			
	Capt. G. P. Scriven, Mil. Att.	Rome.....		
	Lt. Com. W. H. Bechler, Nv. Att.	Rome.....		
Japan.....	Alfred E. Buck, E. E. & M. P.	Tokyo (Yedo)	Georgia.....	12,000
	J. R. Herod, Sec. of Leg....	Tokyo (Yedo)	Indiana.....	2,625
	H. Wilson, 2d Sec. of Leg....	Tokyo (Yedo)	Illinois.....	1,800
	Lt. A. Key, Nav. Att.....	Tokyo (Yedo)	Tennessee....	2,500
	Ransford S. Miller, Jr., Int....	Tokyo (Yedo)	New York....	7,500
Korea.....	H. N. Allen, M. R. & C. G....	Seoul.....	Ohio.....	1,500
	W. F. Sands, Sec. of Leg....	Seoul.....	Korea.....	500
	Pang Kyeng Hui, Int.....	Seoul.....		
	Ye Ho Yung, Int.....	Seoul.....		
Liberia.....	O. L. W. Smith, M. R. & C. G.	Monrovia....	N. Carolina..	4,000
	J. R. Spurgeon, Sec. of Leg....	Monrovia....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Mexico.....	Powell Clayton, A. E. & P....	Mexico.....	Arkansas....	17,500
	F. R. McCreery, Sec. of Leg....	Mexico.....	Michigan....	2,625
	Wm. Helmke, 2d Sec. of Leg....	Mexico.....	New York....	2,000
Netherlands.....	Stanford Newel, E. E. & M. P.	The Hague....	Minnesota....	7,500
	Maj. Jas. N. Wheelan, Mil. Att.			
Paraguay and Uruguay.	Wm. H. Finch, E. E. & M. P....	Montevideo..	Wisconsin....	7,500
Persia.....	H. W. Bowen, M. R. & C. G....	Teheran.....	New York....	5,000
	John Tyler, Int.....	Teheran.....	Persia.....	1,000
Peru.....	I. B. Dudley, E. E. & M. P....	Lima.....	California....	10,000
	Richard H. Neill, Sec. of Leg.	Lima.....	Pennsylvania..	1,500

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

COUNTRY.	Representative.	Location.	App'ted from.	Salary.
Portugal.....	J. N. Irwin, E. E. & M. P.....	Lisbon.....	Iowa.....	\$7,500
Roumania and Servia.....	A. S. Hardy, E. E., M. P. and C. G.....	Athens.....	New Hampshire.....	6,500
Russia.....	C. Tower, A. E. & P.....	St. Petersburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	17,500
	H. H. D. Pierce, Sec. of Em.....	St. Petersburg.....	Massachusetts.....	2,625
	Lieut. W. S. Sims, Nav. Att.....	St. Petersburg.....		
Siam.....	Hamilton King, M. R. & C. G.....	Bangkok.....	Michigan.....	5,000
	James A. Chivers, Int.....	Bangkok.....		500
Spain.....	Bellamy Storer, E. E. & M. P.....	Madrid.....	Ohio.....	12,000
	Stanton Sickels, Sec.....	Madrid.....	New York.....	1,800
Sweden and Norway.....	W. W. Thomas, E. E. & M. P.....	Stockholm.....	Maine.....	7,500
Switzerland.....	J. G. A. Leishman, E. E. & M. P.....	Berne.....	Pennsylvania.....	7,500
	1st Lt. J. R. Williams, Mil. Att.....	Constantinople.....	New York.....	10,000
Turkey.....	Oscar S. Straus, E. E. & M. P.....	Constantinople.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,800
	L. C. Griscom, Sec. of Leg.....	Constantinople.....		
	A. A. Gargiulo, Int.....	Constantinople.....	Turkey.....	3,000
Venezuela.....	F. B. Loomis, E. E. & M. P.....	Caracas.....	Ohio.....	7,500
	W. W. Russell, Sec. of Leg.....	Caracas.....	Maryland.....	1,500

CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—			
Buenos Ayres.....	Daniel Mayer.....	West Virginia.....	\$2,500
Bahia Blanca.....	Walter T. Jones.....	Argentine.....	
Cordoba.....	John M. Thome.....	Argentine.....	Fees
Rosario.....	J. M. Ayres.....	Ohio.....	Fees
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—			
Budapest, Hungary.....	Frank Dyer Chester.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Flume.....	Giovanni Gellertich.....	Austria-Hungary.....	
Prague, Bohemia.....	Hugo Donzelmann.....	Wyoming.....	3,000
Reichenberg, Bohemia.....	F. W. Mahin.....	Iowa.....	2,500
Haide.....	F. Siller.....	Wisconsin.....	
Trieste, Austria.....	Frederick W. Hossfeld.....	Iowa.....	2,000
Vienna, Austria.....	Carl Bailey Hurst.....	District of Columbia.....	3,500
Brunn.....	Gustavus Schoeller.....	Austria-Hungary.....	
Innsbruck.....	August Bargehr.....	Austria-Hungary.....	
BELGIUM—Antwerp.....			
	George F. Lincoln.....	Connecticut.....	3,000
Brussels.....	George W. Roosevelt.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Charleroi.....	J. Fisher Reese.....	New York.....	
Ghent.....	K. Le Bert.....	Colorado.....	1,000
Liège.....	A. A. Winslow.....	Indiana.....	1,500
Verviers.....	Henry Dodd.....	Germany.....	
BOLIVIA—La Paz.....			
	Gerardo Zalles.....	Bolivia.....	Fees
BRAZIL—Bahia.....			
	H. W. Furniss.....	Indiana.....	2,000
Aracaju.....	Lulz Schmidt.....	Brazil.....	
Para.....	K. K. Kenneday.....	Mississippi.....	2,000
Manaos.....	John C. Redman.....	New York.....	
Maranhao.....	Lulz F. da S. Santos.....	United States.....	
Pernambuco.....	L. Goldschmidt.....	New Hampshire.....	2,000
Ceara.....	Antonio E. da Frota.....	Brazil.....	
Maceio.....	Charles Goble.....	Brazil.....	
Natal.....	A. Barroca.....	Brazil.....	
Rio de Janeiro.....	Eugene Seeger.....	Illinois.....	5,000
Victoria.....	Jean Zinnen.....	Brazil.....	
Santos.....			1,500
Rio Grande do Sul.....	Jorge Vereker.....	Brazil.....	
CHILE—Antofagasta.....			
	Charles C. Greene.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Arica.....	J. W. Lutz.....	Ohio.....	Fees
Iquique.....	Joseph W. Merriam.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Valparaiso.....	John F. Caples.....	Oregon.....	3,000
Caldera.....	John C. Morong.....	Chile.....	
Coronel.....	J. H. Downs.....	Chile.....	
Punta Arenas.....	Moritz Braun.....	Chile.....	
Talcahuano.....	John O. Smith.....	Chile.....	
CHINA—Amoy.....			
	Anson B. Johnson.....	Colorado.....	3,500
Canton.....	Edward Bedloe.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,500
Chefoo.....	John Fowler.....	Massachusetts.....	2,500
Chinkiang.....	William Martin.....	New York.....	3,000
Chungking.....	George F. Smithers.....	Delaware.....	3,000
Fuchau.....	Samuel L. Gracey.....	Massachusetts.....	3,000
Hankow.....	Levi S. Wilcox.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Nuchwang.....	J. J. F. Bandinel.....	China.....	Fees
Shanghai.....	John Goodnow.....	Minnesota.....	5,000
Tientsin.....	J. W. Ragsdale.....	California.....	3,500

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
COLOMBIA—			
Barranquilla.....	W. I. Shaw.....	Pennsylvania.....	\$2,000
Rio Hacha.....			
Santa Marta.....	Gerardo M. Danies. Agt.	Colombia.....	
Bogota.....	J. C. McNally.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000
Rucaramanga.....	Gustave Volkman. Agt.	Colombia.....	
Cali.....	W. A. Barney.....	United States.....	
Cucuta.....	P. Tillinghast, Jr. Agt.	Washington.....	
Honda.....	Henry Hallam.....	Colombia.....	
Cartagena.....	Rafael Madrigal.....	Maryland.....	Fees
Quibdo.....	H. G. Granger.....	Pennsylvania.....	
Colon (Aspinwall).....	William W. Cobbs.....	Virginia.....	3,000
Bocas del Toro.....	David R. Hand.....	Colombia.....	
Medellin.....	Thomas Herran.....	Colombia.....	Fees
Panama.....	Hezekiah A. Guder.....	North Carolina.....	4,000
COSTA RICA—San Jose.....	John C. Caldwell.....	Kansas.....	2,000
Punta Arenas.....	Max Diernissen.....	Costa Rica.....	
DENMARK AND DOMINIONS—			
Copenhagen.....	J. C. Ingersoll.....	Illinois.....	1,500
St. Thomas, W. I.....	Mahlon W. Horne.....	Rhode Island.....	2,500
Christianssted.....	And'w J. Blackwood. Agt.	West Indies.....	
Frederiksted.....	William F. Moore.....	West Indies.....	
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC—			
Puerto Plata.....	Thomas Simpson.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Monte Christi.....	Isaac T. Petit.....	Dominican Republic.....	
Samana.....	Jenn M. Villain.....	Dominican Republic.....	Fees
Santo Domingo.....	C. L. Maxwell.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Azuza.....	John Hardy.....	Massachusetts.....	
Macoris.....	Edward C. Reed.....	Dominican Republic.....	
Sanchez.....	Jose A. Puente.....	Dominican Republic.....	
ECUADOR—			
Guayaquil.....	Perry M. De Leon.....	Georgia.....	3,000
Bahia de Caraquez.....			
Esmeraldas.....	Ferdinand Servat.....	Ecuador.....	
Manta.....	Pedro A. Moreira.....	Ecuador.....	
FRANCE AND DOMINIONS—			
Algiers, Africa.....	Charles T. Grellet.....	California.....	Fees
Beni-saf.....	E. L. G. Milsom.....	Algeria.....	
Bone.....	Antoine Felix Garbe. Agt.	Algeria.....	
Oran.....	Benj. A. Courcelle.....	Algeria.....	
Bordeaux.....	Albion W. Tourgee.....	New York.....	3,000
Pau.....	J. Morris Post.....	New York.....	
Calais.....	J. B. Milner.....	Indiana.....	Fees
Boulogne-sur-Mer.....	William Hale.....	North Carolina.....	
Gorce-Dakar, Africa.....	Peter Strickland.....	Connecticut.....	Fees
Grenoble.....	G. B. Anderson.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Guadaloupe Island, W. I.....	L. H. Ayme.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Havre.....	Alexander M. Thackara.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,500
Cherbourg.....	H. J. E. Hainneville. Agt.	France.....	
Honfleur.....	Henry M. Hardy.....	France.....	
Rennes.....	Ernest Follard.....	France.....	
St. Malo.....	Raymond Moulton.....	France.....	
La Rochelle.....	Geo. H. Jackson.....	Connecticut.....	
Cognac.....	Elisee Jouard.....	New York.....	
Limoges.....	Walter T. Griffin.....	New York.....	1,500
Lyons.....	John C. Covert.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Dijon.....	Ernest Bourette.....	France.....	
Marseilles.....	R. P. Skinner.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Bastia.....	Simon Damiani.....	Corsica.....	
Cette.....	L. S. Nahmens.....	France.....	
Toulon.....	Louis J. B. Jouve.....	France.....	
Martinique, W. I.....	G. L. Darte.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
Nantes.....	J. I. Britain.....	Ohio.....	1,000
Angers.....	Jules H. Lunan.....	France.....	
Brest.....	A. Pitel.....	France.....	
L'Orient.....	L. Deprez.....	France.....	
St. Nazaire.....	T. Sankey.....	France.....	
Nice.....	Harold S. Van Buren.....	New Jersey.....	1,500
Cannes.....	Phillip T. Riddett.....	France.....	
Mentone.....	A. Isnard.....	France.....	
Monaco.....	Emile de Loth.....	Monaco.....	
Noumea, New Caledonia.....	Paul E. Wolff.....	New Jersey.....	Fees
Paris.....	John K. Gowdy.....	Indiana.....	5,000
Rheims.....	W. J. Prickett.....	New Jersey.....	2,000
Troyes.....	Gaston Baltet.....	France.....	
Roubaix.....	William P. Atwell.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Caudry.....	Hans Dietiker.....	France.....	
Dunkirk.....	Benjamin Morel.....	France.....	
Lille.....	C. Dubois Gregoire.....	France.....	
Rouen.....		Pennsylvania.....	Fees
Dieppe.....	Raoul le Bourgeois.....	France.....	

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Saigon, Cochln China.....	Edward Schneegans.....	Saigon.....	Fees
St. Bartholomew, W. I.....	R. Burton Dinzey.....	Pennsylvania.....	Fees
St. Etienne.....	Hillary S. Brunot.....	Pennsylvania.....	\$2,000
St. Pierre, Miquelon.....	C. M. Freeman.....	New Hampshire.....	Fees
Tahiti, Society Islands.....	Jacob L. Doty.....	New York.....	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar.....	M. W. Gibbs.....	Arkansas.....	2,000
Tunis, Africa.....	E. L. Barryte, V. C.....	Colorado.....	Fees
GERMANY—			
Aix-la-Chapelle.....	F. M. Brundage.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Annaberg.....	J. F. Winter.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Elbenstock.....	E. L. Harris.....	Illinois.....	
Bamberg.....	Louis Stern.....	Minnesota.....	1,500
Barmen.....	Max Bouchsein.....	Illinois.....	3,000
Berlin.....	F. H. Mason, C. G.....	Ohio.....	4,000
Sorau.....	William B. Murphy, Agt.....	North Carolina.....	
Bremen.....	Louis Lange, Jr.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Brake and Nordenhamm.....	Wilhelm Clemens..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Bremerhaven & Geestomunde.....	J. H. Schnabel..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Breslau.....	C. W. Erdman.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Brunswick.....	T. J. Albert.....	Maryland.....	2,000
Chemnitz.....	James C. Monahan.....	Rhode Island.....	2,500
Coburg.....	O. J. Hughes.....	Connecticut.....	2,000
Sonneberg.....	V. B. Joy..... Agt.....	Illinois.....	
Cologne.....	John A. Barnes.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Crefeld.....	Julian Phelps.....	Iowa.....	2,000
Dresden.....	Charles L. Cole.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,000
Dusseldorf.....			2,000
Essen.....	F. Asthorver, Jr..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Frankfort.....	R. Guenther, C. G.....	Wisconsin.....	3,000
Cassel.....	Gustav C. Kothe..... Agt.....	Kansas.....	
Langen Schwalbach.....	Ernest Grebert..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Freiburg, Baden.....	E. T. Lefield.....	Connecticut.....	1,500
Glauchau.....	George Sawter.....	Connecticut.....	2,000
Hamburg.....	Hugh Pitcairn.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Kiel.....	August Sartori..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Lubeck.....	Jacob Meyer, Jr..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Ritzbuttel and Cuxhaven.....	Johann G. F. Starke, Agt.....	Germany.....	
Hanover.....	Wm. K. Anderson.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Kehl.....	M. J. Baehr.....	Nebraska.....	1,500
Leipsic.....	B. H. Warner, Jr..... Agt.....	Maryland.....	2,000
Gera.....	Charles Neuer..... Agt.....	New York.....	
Magdeburg.....	Henry W. Diederich.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Malnz.....	W. Schumann.....	New York.....	2,500
Mannheim.....	Walter J. Hoffman.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Neustadt.....	Leopold Blum..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Munich.....	J. H. Worman.....	New York.....	2,000
Augsburg.....	G. Oberndorf..... Agt.....	New York.....	
Nuremberg.....	Gustave C. E. Weber.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Plauen.....	Thomas W. Peters.....	District of Columbia.....	2,500
Markneukirchen.....	Oscar Malmros..... Agt.....	Minnesota.....	
Sollingen.....	E. Z. Brodowski.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Stettin.....	J. B. Kehl.....	Ohio.....	1,000
Danzig.....	Philipp Albrecht..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Konigsberg.....	A. Eckhardt..... Agt.....	New York.....	
Sulnemunde.....	G. Ludwig..... Agt.....	Germany.....	
Stuttgart.....	Edward H. Ozmun.....	Minnesota.....	2,500
Welmarr.....	Thomas E. Moore.....	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Zittau.....	William K. Herzog.....	Illinois.....	1,500
GREAT BRITAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Aden, Arabia.....	E. S. Cunningham.....	Tennessee.....	Fees
Hodeida.....	Vittorio Cremasche..... Agt.....	Arabia.....	
Amherstburg, Ont.....	C. W. Martin.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Antigua, W. I.....	H. M. Hunt.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Montserrat.....	Richard Hannan..... Agt.....	Antigua.....	
Roseau, Dominica.....	H. A. Frampton..... Agt.....	Dominica.....	
Auckland, N. Z.....	Frank Dillingham.....	California.....	2,000
Christchurch.....	Robt. Pitcaithly..... Agt.....	New Zealand.....	
Dunedin.....	W. G. Neill..... Agt.....	New Zealand.....	
Monganui.....	Robert Wyles..... Agt.....	New Zealand.....	
Wellington.....	John Duncan..... Agt.....	New Zealand.....	
Barbados, W. I.....	S. A. Macallister.....	Delaware.....	2,000
St. Lucia.....	William Peter..... Agt.....	St. Lucia.....	
St. Vincent.....	E. A. Richards..... Agt.....	St. Vincent.....	
Bathurst, Africa.....	Henry Goddard.....		Fees
Belfast, Ireland.....	William W. Touvelle.....	Ohio.....	3,000
Ballymena.....	John G. Ballentine..... Agt.....	Ireland.....	
Londonderry.....	P. T. Rodger..... Agt.....	Ireland.....	
Lurgan.....	F. W. Magahan..... Agt.....	Ireland.....	
Belize, Honduras.....	W. L. Avery.....	Montana.....	1,500
Belleville, Ont.....	M. J. Hendrick.....	New York.....	Fees

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Deseronto.....	Charles A. Milliner..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Napanee.....	William Templeton..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Pictou.....	Jacob F. Berlinger..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Trenton.....	Stephen J. Young..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Birmingham, England.....	Marshall Halstead..... Agt.	New York.....	\$2,500
Kidderminster.....	James Morton..... Agt.	England.....	
Redditch.....	H. C. Browning..... Agt.	England.....	
Wolverhampton.....	John Neve..... Agt.	England.....	
Bombay, India.....	W. T. Fee..... C.	Ohio.....	2,000
Karachi.....	A. H. R. Armstrong..... Agt.	India.....	
Bradford, England.....	Erastus Sheldon Day..... C.	Connecticut.....	3,000
Bristol, England.....	Lorin A. Lathrop..... C.	California.....	1,500
Gloucester.....	Arnold Henry Palin, Agt.	England.....	
Brockville, Ont.....	C. W. Merriman..... C.	Wisconsin.....	1,500
Calcutta, India.....	Robert F. Patterson..... C.	Tennessee.....	5,000
Akyab.....	Charles Findlay..... Agt.	India.....	
Basseln.....			
Chitagong.....	R. A. Mactaggart..... Agt.	India.....	
Madras.....	Henry Scott..... Agt.	India.....	
Moulmein.....	W. J. Davidson..... Agt.	India.....	
Rangoon.....	John Young..... Agt.	India.....	
Campbellton, N. B.....	James S. Benedict..... Agt.	New York.....	Fees
Bathurst.....	Benedict C. Mullins..... Agt.	New Brunswick.....	
Cape Town, Africa.....	J. G. Stowe..... C. G.	Missouri.....	3,000
Durban, Natal.....	A. H. Renne..... Agt.	New Brunswick.....	
East London.....	William H. Fuller..... Agt.	Cape Colony.....	
Kimberley.....	Gardner Williams..... Agt.	Cape Colony.....	
Port Elizabeth.....	John A. Chabaud..... Agt.	Cape Colony.....	
Cardiff, Wales.....	Daniel T. Phillips..... C.	Illinois.....	2,000
Newport.....	William E. Heard..... Agt.	Wales.....	
Ceylon, India.....	William Morey..... Agt.	Maine.....	1,500
Point de Galle.....	E. Bretscher..... Agt.	Ceylon.....	
Charlottetown, P. E. I.....	Delmar J. Vail..... Agt.	Vermont.....	1,500
Alberton.....	Albert Glidden..... Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	
Georgetown.....	A. J. McDonald..... Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	
Souris.....	Caleb C. Carlton..... Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	
Summerside.....	John Gaffney..... Agt.	Prince Edward Island.....	
Chatham, Ont.....	C. E. Monteith..... Agt.	Idaho.....	2,000
Chaudiere Junction, Ont.....	J. M. Rosse..... C. A.	New York.....	Fees
Coaticook, Que.....			1,500
Hereford.....	John R. Nichols..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Lineboro.....	Hoel S. Beebe..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Potter.....	Chandler Bailey..... Agt.	Vermont.....	
Stanstead.....	B. F. Butterfield..... Agt.	Vermont.....	
Collingwood, Ont.....	William Small..... Agt.	District of Columbia.....	2,000
Barrie.....	A. E. H. Creswicke..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Lindsay.....	Jas. M. Knowlson..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Owen Sound.....	Wm. T. Robertson..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Parry Sound.....	Walter R. Foot..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Cork (Queenstown).....	Daniel Swiney..... Agt.	Ohio.....	2,000
Waterford.....	Wm. H. Farrell..... Agt.	Ireland.....	
Dawson City, N. W. T.....	J. C. McCook..... Agt.	Pennsylvania.....	3,000
Demerara, Guiana.....	G. H. Moulton..... Agt.	Colorado.....	3,000
Cayenne, E. A.....	L. Lalanne..... Agt.	Guiana.....	
Paramaribo.....	Arthur Deyo..... Agt.	New York.....	
Dublin, Ireland.....	J. Wilbour..... Agt.	Rhode Island.....	2,000
Athlone.....	John Burgess..... Agt.	Ireland.....	
Limerick.....	Edmund Ludlow..... Agt.	Ireland.....	
Dundee, Scotland.....	John C. Higgins..... Agt.	Delaware.....	2,500
Aberdeen.....	Andrew Murray..... Agt.	Scotland.....	
Dunfermline, Scotland.....	John N. McCunn..... Agt.	Wisconsin.....	2,000
Kirkcaldy.....	Andrew Innes..... Agt.	Scotland.....	
Edinburgh.....	R. Fleming..... Agt.	Ohio.....	2,500
Galashiels.....	John Stalker..... Agt.	Scotland.....	
Falmouth, England.....	Howard Fox..... Agt.	England.....	Fees
Selly Islands.....	John Banfield, Jr..... Agt.	England.....	
Fort Erie, Ont.....	Ossian Bedell..... Agt.	New York.....	1,500
Gaspe Basin, Que.....	Almar F. Dickson..... Agt.	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Paspebiac.....	Daniel Bisson..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Gibraltar, Spain.....	Horatio J. Sprague..... Agt.	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Glasgow, Scotland.....	Samuel M. Taylor..... Agt.	Ohio.....	3,000
Greenock.....	James A. Love..... Agt.	Scotland.....	
Troon.....	Peter H. Waddell..... Agt.	Scotland.....	
Goderich, Ont.....	Robert S. Chilton..... Agt.	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Clinton.....	A. O. Pattison..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Guelph, Ont.....	Charles N. Daly..... Agt.	New Jersey.....	1,500
Halifax, N. S.....	John G. Foster..... Agt.	Vermont.....	3,500
Bridgewater.....	William H. Owen..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Liverpool.....	Jason M. Mack..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Lunenburg.....	Daniel M. Owen..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Hamilton, Bermuda.....	W. M. Greene..... Agt.	Rhode Island.....	2,000

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Hamilton, Ont.	James M. Shepard	Michigan	\$2,000
Brantford	H. S. Hewitt	Canada	
Galt	J. Ryerson	Canada	
Paris	Wm. W. Hume	Canada	
Hobart, Tasmania	Alexander G. Webster	Tasmania	Fees
Launceston	Lindsay Tullock	Tasmania	
Hongkong, China	Rounseville Wildman	California	5,000
Huddersfield, England	B. F. Stone	Ohio	2,500
Hull, England	William P. Smyth	Missouri	1,500
Kingston, Jamaica	Louis A. Dent	District of Columbia	3,000
Black River	C. M. Farquharson	Jamaica	
Falmouth	Charles A. Nunes	Jamaica	
Montego Bay	G. L. P. Corinaidl	Jamaica	
Port Morant	L. D. Baker, Jr.	Jamaica	
Port Maria	R. R. Baker	Maryland	
St. Ann's Bay	R. W. Harris	Jamaica	
Savannah-la-Mar	Ch. S. Farquharson	Jamaica	
Kingston, Ont.	Marshall H. Twitchell	Louisiana	1,500
Gananogue	E. E. Abbott	Canada	
Leeds, England	Lewis Dexter	Rhode Island	2,000
Liverpool, England	James Boyle	Ohio	5,000
Holyhead	Richard D. Roberts	England	
St. Helen's	John Hammill	England	
London, England	William M. Osborne	Massachusetts	5,000
Dover	F. W. Prescott	England	
London, Ont.	H. S. Culvert	Ohio	1,500
Malta (island)	J. H. Gront, Jr.	Massachusetts	1,500
Manchester, England	William F. Grinnell	New York	3,000
Melbourne, Australia	John P. Bray	North Dakota	4,500
Adelaide	Charles A. Murphy	South Australia	
Albany	Frank R. Dymes	West Australia	
Freemantle	A. D. Allen	West Australia	
Moncton, N. B.	G. Beutelspacher	Ohio	Fees
Newcastle	R. R. Call	New Brunswick	
Richibucto	G. V. McInerney	New Brunswick	
Montreal, Que.	John L. Bittling	Missouri	4,000
Coteau	Thomas Stapleton	Canada	
Grenville	Alex. Pridham	Canada	
Hemmingford	W. W. Wark	Canada	
Huntingdon	John Dineen	Canada	
Morrisburg, Ont.	John E. Hamilton	Kentucky	1,500
Cornwall	David A. Flack	Canada	
Nassau	Thomas J. McLain	Ohio	2,000
Albert Town	J. G. Maura	Bahamas	
Dunmore Town	N. E. B. Munro	Bahamas	
Governor's Harbor	Abner W. Griffin	Bahamas	
Green Turtle Cay	Edward W. Bethel	Bahamas	
Mathewtown	Daniel D. Sargent	Bahamas	
Newcastle-on-Tyne, England	Horace W. Metcalf	Maine	2,000
Carlisle	T. S. Strong	England	
W. Hartlepool	Hans C. Nielsen	England	
Sunderland	Thos. A. Horan	England	
Newcastle, N. S. W.	F. W. Goding	Illinois	Fees
Brisbane	Wm. J. Weatherill	Queensland	
Townsville	John H. Rogers	Queensland	
Niagara Falls, Ont.	H. W. Brush	New York	1,500
St. Catharines	L. H. Collard	Ontario	
Nottingham, England	S. C. McFarland	Iowa	2,500
Derby	Chas. K. Eddowes	England	
Leicester	S. S. Partridge	England	
Orilla, Ont.	E. A. Wakefield	Maine	Fees
North Bay, Nipissing	Daniel J. McKeown	Canada	
Sudbury	W. P. Martin	Canada	
Waubanshene	R. F. White	Canada	
Ottawa, Ont.	Charles E. Turner	Connecticut	3,000
Arnprior	C. H. Sawyer	Connecticut	
Palmerston, Ont.	Loton S. Hunt	New York	Fees
Warton	J. H. Tibeando	Canada	
Wingham	H. O. Bell	Canada	
Plymouth, England	Joseph G. Stephens	Indiana	Fees
Dartmouth	Jasper Bartlett	England	
Guernsey	William Carey	England	
Jersey	E. B. Kenonf	Jersey	
Port Antonio, Jamaica	N. R. Snyder	Pennsylvania	Fees
Port Hope, Ont.	Harry P. Dill	Maine	1,500
Peterborough	Frank J. Bell	Canada	
Port Louis, Mauritius	John P. Campbell	California	2,000
Port Rowan, Ont.	George B. Kilmaster	Michigan	Fees
Port Sarnia, Ont.	Neal McMillan	Michigan	1,500
Port Stanley, F. I.	John B. Rowen	Iowa	1,500
Prescott, Ont.	Grenville James	New York	1,500

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Quebec.....	Wm. W. Henry.....	Vermont.....	\$2,000
Rimouski, Quebec.....	C. A. Boardman.....	Maine.....	Fees
St. Christopher, W. I.	Jos. Haven.....	Illinois.....	Fees
Nevis.....	Charles C. Greaves, Agt.	St. Christopher.....	
St. George's, Bermuda.....	R. P. Pooley.....	New York.....	Fees
St. Helena (Island).....	J. M. Anthier.....	Rhode Island.....	1,500
St. Hyacinthe, Que.....	Isale Sylvestre..... Agt.	Canada.....	Fees
Sorel.....	Arthur S. Newell..... Agt.	Canada.....	
Waterloo.....	Ira B. Myers.....	Indiana.....	2,000
St. John, N. B.....	John I. Alexander..... Agt.	New Brunswick.....	
Campobello Island.....	James T. Sharkey..... Agt.	New Brunswick.....	
Fredericton.....	William A. Fraser..... Agt.	New Brunswick.....	
Grand Manan.....	Ed. Milliken..... Agt.	New Brunswick.....	
St. George.....	Martin J. Carter.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,500
St. John's, N. F.....	Charles Deal.....	New York.....	1,500
St. John's, Quebec.....	William L. Hibbard, Agt.	Quebec.....	
Farnham.....	Henry Hoyle..... Agt.	Quebec.....	
Lacolle.....	Charles A. McCullough.....	Maine.....	1,500
St. Stephen, N. B.....	George H. Stickney, Agt.	New Brunswick.....	
St. Andrew.....	M. J. Burke.....	Illinois.....	2,000
St. Thomas, Ont.....	F. W. Baby..... Agt.		
Courtright.....	G. W. Shotts.....	Michigan.....	Fees
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.....	James Johnston.....	New Jersey.....	2,500
Sheffield, England.....	Robert D. Maddison, Agt.	England.....	
Barnsley.....	Paul Lang.....	New Hampshire.....	2,000
Sherbrooke, Que.....	W. F. Given..... Agt.	District of Columbia.....	
Cookshire.....	H. W. Albro..... Agt.	Quebec.....	
Megantic.....	J. T. Williams.....	North Carolina.....	1,000
Sierra Leone, Africa.....	R. A. Meseley.....	Alabama.....	3,000
Singapore, S. S.....	Otto Schule..... Agt.	Straits Settlements.....	
Penang.....	J. E. Hopley.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Southampton, England.....	W. J. Main.....	England.....	
Portsmouth.....	A. C. Higgs.....	England.....	
Weymouth.....			
Stanbridge, Que.....	Edmund Macomber, Agt.		Fees
Clarenceville.....	William A. Reynolds, Agt.	Quebec.....	
Freilighsburg.....	James E. Ireland..... Agt.	Quebec.....	
Sutton.....	A. G. Seyfert.....	West Virginia.....	1,500
Stratford, Ont.....	Alexander B. Joske.....	Fiji.....	Fees
Suva, Fiji Islands.....	Griffith W. Preece.....	Wisconsin.....	2,500
Swansea.....	W. Bowen..... Agt.	Wales.....	
Llanelli.....	G. S. Kelway..... Agt.	Wales.....	
Milford Haven.....	George N. West.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Sydney, N. S.....	S. Binet..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Arichat.....	Alfred W. Hart..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Cape Canso.....	H. C. V. LeVatte..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Louisburg.....	John R. Davies..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Pictou.....	Alexander Bain..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Port Hawksbury & Muirgrave.....	Conrad W. Morris..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Pagwash and Wallace.....	George W. Bell.....	Washington.....	2,000
Sydney, N. S. W.....	Isaac Robinson..... Agt.	New South Wales.....	
Norfolk Island.....	Urbain J. Ledoux..... Agt.	Maine.....	1,500
Three Rivers, Que.....	Arthur Poltras..... Agt.	Quebec.....	
Arthabaska.....	William L. Sewell.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Toronto, Ont.....	W. P. Stericker..... Agt.	Ontario.....	
Oshawa.....	Alvin Smith.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Trinidad, W. I.....	P. J. Dean..... Agt.		
Grenada.....	Edward Keens..... Agt.	Tobago.....	
Scarborough.....	Wm. Harrison Bradley.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Tunstall, England.....			Fees
Turks Island, W. I.....	Cleophas H. Dunham, Agt.	Turks Island.....	
Cockburn Harbor.....	Daniel F. Harriott..... Agt.	Turks Island.....	
Salt Cay.....	L. Edwin Dudley.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Vancouver, B. C.....	F. R. Blochberger..... Agt.	Oregon.....	
Rossland.....	George W. Clinton..... Agt.	British Columbia.....	
Cumberland.....	Abraham E. Smith.....	Illinois.....	2,500
Victoria, B. C.....	J. S. Gibbon..... Agt.	Alabama.....	
Chemainus.....	G. S. Shetky.....	New York.....	
Nanaimo.....	Isaac G. Worden.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Wallaceburgh, Ont.....	J. T. Hoke.....	West Virginia.....	1,000
Windsor, N. S.....	J. G. Burgess..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Cheverie.....	A. F. Borden..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Kingsport.....	L. H. Hoke..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
Parrsboro.....	J. C. Gordon..... Agt.	Nova Scotia.....	
River Hebert.....	H. C. Morris.....	Michigan.....	1,500
Windsor, Ont.....	W. H. N. Graham.....	Indiana.....	1,500
Winnipeg, Man.....	Albert M. Herron..... Agt.	Manitoba.....	
Deloraine.....	Duncan McArthur..... Agt.	Manitoba.....	
Emerson.....	C. W. Jarvis.....	Ontario.....	
Fort William, Ont.....	Enoch Winkler..... Agt.	Manitoba.....	
Gretna.....			

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
Lethbridge.	F. W. Downer.....Agt.	Montana	
North Portal, Assiniboia.	W. H. Dorsey.....Agt.	Assiniboia	
Rat Portage, Ont.	George E. Frisbie.....Agt.	Manitoba	
Woodstock, N. B.	Frank C. Denison.....Agt.	Vermont	\$1,500
Edmundston.	J. Adolphe Guy.....Agt.		
Yarmouth, N. S.	Radcliffe H. Ford.....Agt.	Malne	1,500
Annapolis.	Jacob M. Owen.....Agt.	Nova Scotia	
Barrington.	T. W. Robertson.....Agt.	Nova Scotia	
Digby.	William B. Stewart.....Agt.	Nova Scotia	
Shelburne.	T. Howland White.....Agt.	Nova Scotia	
GREECE—Athens	D. E. McGinley.....Agt.	Wisconsin	6,500
Piræus	M. T. Sourmely.....Agt.	Greece	
Patras.	A. C. Yates.....Agt.	Virginia	1,000
Corfu	Charles E. Hancock.....Agt.	Greece	
Kalamata	D. A. Pantasopoulos.....Agt.	Greece	
Zante	Alfred L. Crowe.....Agt.	Greece	
GUATEMALA—Guatemala.	A. M. Beaupre.....Agt.	Illinois	2,000
Champerlico.			
Livingston	Frank C. Dennis.....Agt.	Gautemala	
Ocos.	Samuel Wolford.....Agt.	California	
Quezaltenango	G. A. Morrill.....Agt.	California	
San Jose de Guatemala.	Upton Lorentz.....Agt.	United States	
HAITI—Cape Haitien.	L. W. Livingson.....Agt.	Florida	1,000
Gonaives.			
Port de Paix.	Carl Abegg.....Agt.	Haiti	
Port-au-Prince	John B. Terres.....Agt.	Haiti	
Aux Cayes	Henry E. Roberts.....Agt.	Haiti	
Jacmel.	Jean B. Vital.....Agt.	Haiti	
Jeremie.	L. Treband Ronzier.....Agt.	Haiti	
Miragoane	Francis W. Mitchell.....Agt.	Haiti	
Petit Goave.	L. Kampmeyer.....Agt.	Haiti	
St. Marc.	Charles Miot.....Agt.	Haiti	
HAWAII—Honolulu	William Haywood.....Agt.	District of Columbia	4,000
HONDURAS—Tegucigalpa	F. H. Allison.....Agt.	New York	2,000
Amapala	William Heyden.....Agt.	Honduras	
Ceiba	Louis Bier.....Agt.	Louisiana	
Nacaome	John E. Foster.....Agt.	New York	
Puerto Cortez	William E. Alger.....Agt.	Massachusetts	
San Juanctio.	E. E. Dickason.....Agt.	Texas	
San Pedro Sula	J. M. Mitchell, Jr.....Agt.	Pennsylvania	
Truxillo.	J. T. Glynn.....Agt.	Louisiana	
Utilla	B. Johnston.....Agt.	Iowa	1,000
Bonacca	William Bayly.....Agt.	Honduras	
Ruatan.	William C. Wildt.....Agt.	Illinois	
ITALY			
Castellamare di Stabia.	Joseph E. Hayden.....Agt.	District of Columbia	1,500
Sorrento.	A. G. Studer.....Agt.	Iowa	
Catania.	A. Heingartner.....Agt.	Ohio	1,500
Florence	E. C. Cramer.....Agt.	Wisconsin	1,500
Bologna	Carlo Gardini.....Agt.	Italy	
Genoa.	James Fletcher.....Agt.	Iowa	1,500
San Remo.	Albert Ameglio.....Agt.	Italy	
Leghorn.	James A. Smith.....Agt.	Vermont	1,500
Carrara	Ulisse Boccacci.....Agt.	Italy	
Messina.	Charles M. Caughy.....Agt.	Maryland	1,500
Reggio, Calabria.	Nicola Siles.....Agt.	Italy	
Milan.	William Jarvis.....Agt.	New Hampshire	1,500
Naples.	A. Homer Byington.....Agt.	Connecticut	1,500
Bari.	Nicholas Schuck.....Agt.	Italy	
Rodi.	Tomaso del Giudice.....Agt.	Italy	
Palermo.	Church Howe.....Agt.	Nebraska	2,000
Carini.	F. Crocchiolo.....Agt.	Italy	
Girgenti.	Francis Clotta.....Agt.	Italy	
Licata.	Arthur Verderame.....Agt.	Italy	
Trapani.	Ignazio Marrone.....Agt.	Italy	
Rome.	Hector de Castro.....Agt.	New York	3,000
Ancona.	A. P. Tomassini.....Agt.	Italy	
Cagliari.	Alphonse Dol.....Agt.	Italy	
Civita Vecchia.	Gustav Marsanick.....Agt.	Italy	
Turin.	Percy McElrath.....Agt.	New York	1,000
Venice	Henry A. Johnson.....Agt.	District of Columbia	1,500
JAPAN—Nagasaki.	Chas. B. Harris.....Agt.	Indiana	3,000
Tamsui, Formosa.	James W. Davidson.....Agt.	United States	
Osaka and Higo (Kobe).	Samuel S. Lyon.....Agt.	New Jersey	3,000
Yokohama.	John F. Gowey.....Agt.	Washington	4,000
KOREA—Seoul.	Horace N. Allen.....Agt.	Ohio	7,500
LIBERIA—Monrovia	O. L. W. Smith.....Agt.	North Carolina	4,000
Cape Coast Castle.			
MASKAT—Maskat.	A. Mackirdy, V. C.....Agt.	Maskat	Fees

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
MEXICO—Acapulco.....	G. W. Dickinson.....	New York.....	\$2,000
San Benito.....	L. R. Brewer..... Agt.	United States.....	
Tehuantepec and Salina Cruz	Jervas Jefferis..... Agt.	Pennsylvania.....	
Chihuahua.....	W. W. Mills.....	Texas.....	Fees
Parral.....	James J. Long..... Agt.	Pennsylvania.....	
Ciudad Juarez.....	Charles W. Kindrick.....	Louisiana.....	2,500
Ciudad Portillo Diaz.....	C. P. Snyder.....	.....	2,000
Sierra Mojada.....	H. B. Hickey..... Agt.	Kentucky.....	
Durango.....	W. N. Faulkner.....	Texas.....	Fees
Toreon.....	.....	.....	
Ensenada.....	.....	.....	Fees
La Paz.....	.....	.....	Fees
San Jose.....	Abraham Kurnitzky..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
Matamoros.....	P. M. Griffith.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Mier.....	Henry Vizcayo..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
Mazatlan.....	Louis Kaiser.....	Illinois.....	Fees
Mexico.....	Andrew D. Barlow.....	Missouri.....	4,000
Aguas Calientes.....	A. M. Raphael..... Agt.	New York.....	
Guadalajara.....	Edward B. Light..... Agt.	Colorado.....	
Guanajuato.....	Dwight Furness..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
Puebla.....	W. Headen..... Agt.	Texas.....	
Zacatecas.....	E. von Gehren..... Agt.	Texas.....	
Monterey.....	J. K. Pollard.....	Ohio.....	
Victoria.....	W. J. Storms..... Agt.	New York.....	
Nogales.....	J. F. Darnell.....	.....	1,500
Guaymas.....	Frank M. Crocker..... Agt.	Iowa.....	
Nuevo Laredo.....	R. B. Mahone.....	Virginia.....	2,500
Progreso.....	Edward H. Thompson.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Campechi.....	R. Preciat..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
Laguna de Terminos.....	German Hahn..... Agt.	United States.....	
Saltillo.....	C. B. Towle.....	New Hampshire.....	Fees
Tampico.....	Samuel E. Magill.....	Illinois.....	2,000
San Luis Potosi.....	J. H. Farwell.....	Nebraska.....	
Tuxpan.....	.....	.....	Fees
Vera Cruz.....	William W. Canada.....	Indiana.....	3,000
Coatzacoalcas.....	W. S. Linscott.....	Kansas.....	
Frontera.....	Michael Girard..... Agt.	Mexico.....	
MOROCCO—Tangier.....	S. R. Gummere.....	New Jersey.....	2,000
Casa Blanca.....	John Cobb..... Agt.	United States.....	
Mogador.....	George Broome..... Agt.	.....	
NETHERLANDS AND DOMIN-			
IONS—Amsterdam.....	F. D. Hill.....	Minnesota.....	1,500
Batavia, Java.....	Sidney B. Everett.....	Massachusetts.....	1,000
Macassar, Celebes.....	Karl Auer..... Agt.	Celebes.....	
Padang, Sumatra.....	H. J. P. Haacke..... Agt.	Sumatra.....	
Samarang.....	Arthur Thomson..... Agt.	Java.....	
Sorabaya.....	B. N. Powell..... Agt.	Java.....	
Curacao, W. I.....	E. H. Cheney.....	New Hampshire.....	2,000
Buen Ayre.....	Lodewyk C. Boye..... Agt.	Curacao.....	
Padang, Sumatra.....	Hinrich J. P. Haacke.....	Sumatra.....	Fees
Rotterdam.....	Soren Listoe.....	Minnesota.....	2,000
Flushing.....	C. F. Auer..... Agt.	Netherlands.....	
Schiedam.....	E. A. Man.....	Florida.....	
St. Martin, W. I.....	Diederick C. Van Romondt.....	St. Martin.....	Fees
St. Eustatius.....	J. G. C. Every..... Agt.	.....	
NICARAGUA—Managua.....	Chester Donaldson.....	New York.....	2,000
Corinto.....	Henry Palazzo..... Agt.	Nicaragua.....	
Matagalpa.....	J. B. Connelly..... Agt.	Georgia.....	
San Juan del Sur.....	Charles Holmann..... Agt.	Nicaragua.....	
San Juan del Norte.....	W. B. Sorsby.....	Mississippi.....	2,000
Bluefields.....	M. J. Clancy..... Agt.	Indiana.....	
PARAGUAY—Asuncion.....	John N. Ruffin.....	Tennessee.....	1,500
PERSIA—Teheran.....	H. W. Bowen.....	New York.....	5,000
PERU—Callao.....	William B. Dickey.....	Louisiana.....	3,500
Chilcayo.....	Alfred Solf..... Agt.	Peru.....	
Mollendo.....	Enrique Meier..... Agt.	Peru.....	
Paiza.....	John F. Hopkins, Jr..... Agt.	Peru.....	
Truxillo.....	Edward Gottfried..... Agt.	Peru.....	
Tumbez.....	William Balami..... Agt.	Peru.....	
PORTUGAL AND DOMINIONS—			
Funchal, Madeira.....	Thomas C. Jones.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Lisbon.....	J. H. Thieriot.....	New York.....	Fees
Faro.....	F. J. Tavares..... Agt.	Portugal.....	
Loanda, Africa.....	.....	.....	
Oporto.....	William Stuve..... Agt.	Portugal.....	
Setubal.....	Joaquin T. O'Neill..... Agt.	Portugal.....	
Beira.....	W. B. Diepvechen..... Agt.	Mozambique.....	
Lourenco Marquez.....	James McIntosh..... Agt.	Mozambique.....	
St. Michael's, Azores.....	G. H. Pickereil.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Fayal.....	M. Benarus..... Agt.	Azores.....	
Flores.....	James Mackay..... Agt.	Azores.....	

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
San Jorge.....	Joaquin J. Cardozo. Agt.	Azores.....	
Terceira.....	Henrique de Castro. Agt.	Azores.....	
Brava.....	Joao J. Nunes..... Agt.		
Fogo.....	C. J. Barbosa..... Agt.	Cape Verde Islands.	
St. Vincent.....	J. B. Guimaraes..... Agt.	Cape Verde Islands.	
ROUMANIA—Bucharest.....	W. G. Boxshall.....	Roumania.....	\$6,500
RUSSIA—Batum.....	James C. Chambers.....	New York.....	Fees
Helsingfors.....	Victor Elk..... V. C.	Russia.....	Fees
Abo.....	Victor Forselius..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Wiborg.....	C. Edwin Ekstrom..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Moscow.....	Thomas Smith.....	New Jersey.....	Fees
Odessa.....	Thomas E. Heenan.....	Minnesota.....	2,000
Rostoff and Taganrog.....	Wm. R. Martin. Act'g Agt.	Russia.....	
Riga.....	Niels P. A. Bornholdt.....	Russia.....	Fees
St. Petersburg.....	William R. Holloway.....	Indiana.....	3,000
Cronstadt.....	Peter Wigius..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Libau.....	Hugo Smit..... Agt.	Russia.....	
Revel.....	Edmund Von Glehn. Agt.	Russia.....	
Vladivostok.....	R. T. Greener.....	New York.....	2,500
Warsaw.....	Joseph Rawicz.....	Russia.....	Fees
SALVADOR—San Salvador.....	John Jenkins.....	Nebraska.....	2,000
Acajutla.....			
La Libertad.....	A. Cooper..... Agt.	Salvador.....	
La Union.....	John B. Courtade..... Agt.	Salvador.....	
SAMOA—Apia.....	Luther W. Osborn.....	Nebraska.....	3,000
SERBIA—Belgrade.....			6,500
SIAM—Bangkok.....	H. King.....	Michigan.....	5,000
SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLIC—			
Pretoria.....	C. E. Macrum.....	Ohio.....	2,000
Bloemfontein, O. F. S.....	Alfred Elliott..... Agt.		
Johannesburg.....	J. C. Manion..... Agt.	New York.....	
SPAIN AND DOMINIONS—			
Alicante.....	H. C. Carey..... V. C.	Spain.....	Fees
Barcelona.....	J. G. Lay.....	District of Columbia.....	1,500
Bilbao.....			
Gijon.....			
Grao.....			
Palma Majorca.....			
Port Mahon.....			
San Feliu de Guixols.....			
San Sabastian.....			
Santander.....			
Tarragona.....			
Torrevieja.....			
Cadiz.....	J. H. Carroll.....	Spain.....	1,500
Huelva.....			
Jeres de la Frontera.....			
Port St. Mary's.....			
Seville.....			
Carthagena.....	Joseph Bowron.....	Spain.....	Fees
Corunna.....			Fees
Madrid.....	D. T. Reed.....	New York.....	Fees
Malaga.....	Richard M. Bartleman.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Almeria Malaga.....	A. E. Carleton..... Agt.	Vermont.....	
Port of Marbella.....			
Grand Canary (Canary islands).....			
Lanzarote (Canary islands).....			
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—			
Bergen, Norway.....	Victor E. Nelson.....	California.....	Fees
Drontheim.....	Claus Berg..... Agt.	Norway.....	
Stavanger.....	C. F. Falck..... Agt.	Norway.....	
Tromso.....	Richard Killengren..... Agt.	Norway.....	
Christiania, Norway.....	Henry Bordewich.....	Minnesota.....	1,000
Arendal.....	Christian Eyde..... Agt.	Norway.....	
Christiansand.....	Berne Reinhardt..... Agt.	Norway.....	
Gothenburg, Sweden.....	R. S. S. Bergh.....	North Dakota.....	1,500
Helsingborg.....	Lars Virgin..... Agt.	Sweden.....	
Malmo.....	Peter M. Flensburg..... Agt.	Sweden.....	
Stockholm, Sweden.....	Edward W. Winslow.....	Illinois.....	1,500
Sundsva.....	Victor Svensson..... Agt.	Sweden.....	
SWITZERLAND—Aarau.....	H. H. Morgan.....	Louisiana.....	2,000
Lucerne.....	J. White..... Agt.	Michigan.....	
Basle.....	George Gifford.....	Maine.....	3,000
Chaux-de-Fonds.....	H. Bleckel Jr..... Agt.		
Berne.....	A. L. Frankenthal.....	Massachusetts.....	Fees
Geneva.....	Benjamin H. Ridgely.....	Kentucky.....	1,500
Vevey.....	William Cuenod..... Agt.	Switzerland.....	
St. Gall.....	J. T. Dubois.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,000
Zurich.....	Adam Lieberknecht.....	Illinois.....	2,000
Winterthur.....	Heinrich Langsdorf..... Agt.	Switzerland.....	

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.—CONTINUED.

PLACE.	Name.	Appointed from.	Salary.
TONGA—Nukualofa.....	L. W. Osborn.....	Nebraska.....	
TURKEY AND DOMINIONS—			
Alexandretta.....	W. R. Davis.....	Ohio.....	\$1,500
Aleppo.....	Frederick Poche.....	Syria.....	
Mersine.....	Richard Viterbo.....	Turkey.....	
Bagdad.....	R. Hurner, V. C.....	Turkey.....	Fees
Bassorah.....	James Hamilton.....	Great Britain.....	
Beirut, Syria.....	G. B. Ravndal.....	South Dakota.....	2,000
Damascus.....	Nasif Meshaka.....	Syria.....	
Haifa.....	Gottlieb Schumacher.....	Syria.....	
Tripoli.....	Ira Harris.....	New York.....	
Cairo, Egypt.....	E. Watts, D. C. G.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000
Alexandria.....	James Hewat.....	Egypt.....	
Assiout.....	B. W. Khayat.....	Egypt.....	
Keneh.....	Abdel K. Mel Ammari.....	Egypt.....	
Luxor.....	Aly Mourad.....	Egypt.....	
Mansourah.....	Ibrahim Daoud.....	Egypt.....	
Port Said.....	Samuel G. Broadbent.....	Egypt.....	
Suez.....	Alfred W. Haydn.....	Egypt.....	
Constantinople.....	Charles M. Dickinson.....	New York.....	3,000
Candia, Crete.....	A. L. Calokerinos.....	Crete.....	
Dardanelles.....	Frank Calvert.....	Turkey.....	
Salonika.....	Pericles H. Lazzaro.....	Turkey.....	
Erzerum, Armenia.....	Leo A. Bergholz.....	New York.....	2,000
Harput.....			
Jerusalem, Syria.....	Selah Merrill.....	Massachusetts.....	2,500
Yafa.....	E. Hardegg.....	Syria.....	
Sivas.....	Milo A. Jewett.....	Massachusetts.....	1,500
Samsoun.....	G. C. Stephopoulos.....	Turkey.....	
Trebizonde.....	H. Z. Longworth.....	Turkey.....	
Smyrna.....	F. W. Lane.....	Ohio.....	2,500
Mitylene.....	Michael M. Fottlon.....	Turkey.....	
URUGUAY—Colonia.....	Benjamin D. Manton.....	Rhode Island.....	Fees
Montevideo.....	Albert W. Swalm.....	Iowa.....	3,000
Paysandu.....	John G. Hufnagel.....	Maryland.....	Fees
VENEZUELA—La Guayra.....			1,500
Barcelona.....	Ignacio H. Balz.....	Venezuela.....	
Caracas.....	Frederick De Sola.....	United States.....	
Carupano.....	Juan A. Orsini.....	Venezuela.....	
Ciudad Bolivar.....	Robert Henderson.....	Venezuela.....	
Cumana.....	Jose G. N. Romberg.....	Venezuela.....	
Maracaibo.....	Eugene H. Plumacher.....	Tennessee.....	2,000
Coro.....	Josiah L. Senior.....	Venezuela.....	
San Cristobal.....	Alexander Boue.....	Venezuela.....	
Tovar.....	W. J. N. Muehe.....	Germany.....	
Valera.....			
Puerto Cabello.....	L. T. Ellsworth.....	Ohio.....	1,500
Valencia.....	O. H. Becker.....	Venezuela.....	
ZANZIBAR—Zanzibar.....	R. E. Mansfield.....	Indiana.....	2,000

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

COUNTRIES.	Name.	Rank.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.....	Dr. Martin G. Merou.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Antonio del Viso.....	Secretary of Legation.
AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.....	Col. R. A. Day.....	Military Attache.
	Mr. L. H. von Hengervar.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Baron F. R. Von Rledenan.....	Secretary of Legation.
BELGIUM.....	Lieut.-Comdr. J. Rodier.....	Naval Attache.
	Count G. de Lichtervelde.....	E. E. and M. P.
BOLIVIA.....	Mr. Georges Allart.....	Counselor of Legation.
BRAZIL.....	Senor Luis Paz.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. J. F. de Assis Brasil.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senhor Manoel de O. Lima.....	First Secretary.
CHILE.....	Senor Don Carlos M. Vicuna.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Ellodoro Infante.....	First Secretary.
	Senor Don M. Balmaceda.....	Second Secretary.
CHINA.....	Mr. Wu Ting-fang.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Shen Tung.....	First Secretary.
	Mr. Chow Tsz-chi.....	Second Secretary.
	Mr. Chwang Hai-kwan.....	Second Secretary.
	Mr. Chung Mun-yew.....	Secretary Interpreter.
COLOMBIA.....	Senor Don Climaco Calderon.....	E. E. and M. P.
COSTA RICA.....	Senor Don Joaquin B. Caivo.....	E. E. and M. P.
DENMARK.....	Mr. Constantin Brun.....	E. E. and M. P.
ECUADOR.....	Senor Don L. F. Carbo.....	E. E. and M. P.
FRANCE.....	Mr. J. Cambon.....	A. E. and P.
	Mr. E. Thiebaut.....	First Secretary.
	Capt. P. Vignal.....	Military Attache.
	Mr. Jules Beauve.....	Chancellor.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTRIES.	Name.	Rank.
GERMANY.....	Herr von Holleben..... F. S. von Sternburg..... Count von Hacke..... Lt.-Comdr. von Rebeur-Paschwitz.....	A. E. and P. Counselor, First Secretary. Second Secretary. Attache.
GREAT BRITAIN.....	Sir J. Pauncefote, G.C.B., G.C.M.G. Mr. Gerard A. Lowther..... Mr. C. N. E. Elliot..... Mr. Reginald Tower..... Mr. Robert Bromley.....	A. E. and P. Secretary of Embassy. Second Secretary. Second Secretary. Attache.
GUATEMALA.....	Senor Don A. L. Arriaga.....	E. E. and M. P.
HAITI.....	Mr. J. N. Leger.....	E. E. and M. P.
ITALY.....	Baron de Fava..... Count Vinci.....	A. E. and P. Secretary Embassy.
JAPAN.....	Senor C. Romano..... Mr. Jutaro Komura..... Mr. T. J. Nakagawa..... M. Funakoshi..... Mr. Durham W. Stevens.....	Second Secretary. E. E. and M. P. First Secretary. Third Secretary. Counselor of Legation.
KOREA.....	Mr. Chin Pom Ye..... Mr. Tam E. Ye.....	E. E. and M. P. Secretary.
MEXICO.....	Senor Don Manuel de Azpiroz..... Senor Don Jose F. Godoy..... Senor Don Enrique Santibanez..... Senor Don Rodrigo de Azpiroz..... Mr. G. de Weckherlin.....	A. E. and P. First Secretary. Second Secretary. Third Secretary. E. E. and M. P.
NETHERLANDS.....	Senor Don Luis F. Corea.....	E. E. and M. P.
NICARAGUA.....	John Stewart.....	Consul-General.
PARAGUAY.....	Viscount de Santo-Thyrso.....	E. E. and M. P.
PORTUGAL.....	Comte Cassini.....	A. E. and P.
RUSSIA.....	Mr. de Wollant..... Mr. Alex. Zelenoy.....	First Secretary. Second Secretary.
SIAM.....	Phya Prasiddhi.....	E. E. and M. P.
SPAIN.....	Duke d' Arcos..... Senor Don Juan Riano..... Senor Don Luis Pastor..... Lt.-Col. Federico de Monteverde.....	E. E. and M. P. First Secretary. Second Secretary. Military Attache.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY.....	Mr. A. Grip.....	E. E. and M. P.
SWITZERLAND.....	Mr. G. V. T. de Strale..... Mr. J. B. Pioda.....	Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P.
TURKEY.....	Mr. W. Deucher..... Ali Ferrouh Bey..... A. Rustem Bey.....	Secretary Legation. E. E. and M. P. First Secretary of Legation.
URUGUAY.....	Senor Don P. de Murgulondo.....	Consul-General.
VENEZUELA.....	Senor Don Jose Andrade..... Senor Don Jose Andrade Penny.....	E. E. and M. P. Secretary of Legation.

HIGHEST POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

[Computed by the United States Geological Survey.]

STATE OR TERRITORY	Name of place.	Height.	STATE OR TERRITORY	Name of place.	Height.
Alabama.....	Cheauha Mt. (Talladega Co.)	2,407	Montana.....	Mt. Douglas.....	11,300
Alaska.....	Mt. Logan.....	19,500	Nebraska.....	White River Summit.....	4,876
Arizona.....	San Francisco Mt.....	12,794	Nevada.....	Wheeler Peak.....	13,036
Arkansas.....	Magazine Mt.....	2,800	N. H.....	Mt. Washington.....	6,286
California.....	Mt. Whitney.....	14,838	N. J.....	Kittatinny Mountain.....	1,630
Colorado.....	Blanca Peak.....	14,464	N. M.....	Cerro Blanco.....	14,269
Conn'e'ct.....	Bear Mt.....	2,355	New York.....	Mt. Marcy (Adirondack).....	5,379
Delaware.....	Dupont.....	282	N. C.....	Mt. Mitchell.....	6,703
D. of Col.....	Tenney.....	400	N. Dakota.....	Sentinel Butte.....	2,707
Florida.....	Highland.....	210	Ohio.....	Ontario.....	1,876
Georgia.....	Enota Mt.....	4,738	Okl'homa.....	Goodwin.....	2,536
Idaho.....	Meade Peak.....	10,541	Oregon.....	Mt. Hood.....	11,225
Illinois.....	Warren.....	1,009	Penn.....	Negro Mt.....	2,826
Indiana.....	Haley.....	1,140	R. Island.....	Durfee Hill.....	805
Ind. Ter'y.....	Wichita Mts.....	2,540	S. C.....	Rocky Mt. (Pickens Co.).....	3,000
Iowa.....	Ocheyedan.....	1,554	S. Dakota.....	Harney Peak.....	7,363
Kansas.....	Kanarado.....	3,906	Tenn.....	Mt. Leconte.....	6,612
Kentucky.....	Big Black Mt. (Harlan Co.).....	4,100	Texas.....	North Franklin Mt.....	7,069
Louisiana.....	Mansfield.....	321	Utah.....	Mt. Emmons.....	13,694
Maine.....	Katahdin Mt.....	5,200	Vermont.....	Mt. Mansfield.....	4,430
Maryland.....	Great Backbone Mt.....	3,400	Virginia.....	Mt. Rogers (Grayson Co.).....	5,719
Mass.....	Mt. Greylock.....	3,535	Wash.....	Mt. Ranier.....	14,444
Michigan.....	Porcupine Mt.....	2,023	West Va.....	Spruce Mt. (Pendleton Co.).....	4,860
Minn.....	Woodstock.....	1,826	Wisc'nsn.....	Summit Lake.....	1,732
Miss.....	Pontotoc Ridge.....	506	Wyoming.....	Great Teton.....	14,150
Missouri.....	Cedar Gap.....	1,675			

THE PENSION OFFICE.

NUMBER OF PENSIONS ALLOWED AND INCREASED DURING THE YEAR,
With the annual value of all pensions on the rolls.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1899.	PENSIONS ALLOWED AND INCREASED DURING THE YEAR.						DROPPED FROM THE ROLLS.		Number of pen- sioners June 30, 1899.	Annual value pen- sions as shown by the rolls June 30, 1899.
	Original.		Increase, re- issue and additional.		Restoration and renewal.					
	No.	Ann'al value.	No.	Annual value.	No.	Ann'al value.	No.	Annual value.		
Army, general law—										
Invalids.....	1,838	\$226,276	14,569	\$1,042,558	1,620	\$283,678	13,704	\$2,344,069	316,834	\$53,325,876
Nurses.....	16	2,304	1	96	.....	.....	18	2,592	653	96,992
Widows, etc.....	3,361	492,756	135	1,406	61	9,544	5,371	816,285	90,608	14,062,864
Navy, general law—										
Invalids.....	137	23,898	196	19,170	26	3,986	275	48,857	4,721	847,302
Widows, etc.....	99	18,409	5	673	1	120	107	20,187	2,293	452,160
Army, act June 27, '90										
Invalids.....	17,516	1,519,513	16,408	895,877	2,056	192,359	12,951	1,489,495	405,987	44,639,576
Widows, etc.....	11,637	1,158,929	130	8,155	85	9,238	7,380	794,309	124,127	13,211,516
Navy, act June 27, '90										
Invalids.....	1,009	86,956	526	21,655	60	5,195	687	77,631	14,925	1,580,220
Widows, etc.....	463	4,760	4	192	.....	.....	268	32,136	6,139	641,304
Army, war with										
Spain—Invalids...	119	25,456	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	192	117	25,264
Widows, etc.....	167	30,169	1	.....	.....	.....	2	288	165	29,881
Navy, war with Spain										
Invalids.....	6	1,216	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	1,216
Widows, etc.....	11	2,400	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	2,400
War of 1812—										
Survivors.....	.....	.....	1	264	.....	.....	2	456	1	96
Widows.....	5	509	3	154	.....	.....	414	60,262	1,998	288,440
War with Mexico—										
Survivors.....	26	2,551	153	14,849	3	460	837	92,062	9,204	1,091,452
Widows.....	427	40,659	8	828	2	192	397	38,112	8,175	786,308
Indian wars, 1832-42—										
Survivors.....	13	1,248	8	754	.....	.....	376	36,096	1,656	160,166
Widows.....	227	21,792	.....	.....	.....	.....	395	37,920	3,889	374,129
Total.....	37,077	3,659,801	32,148	2,006,691	3,914	504,772	43,186	5,890,949	991,519	131,617,961
Average annual value of each pension.....										\$132.74
Average annual value of each pension under the general law.....										165.70
Average annual value of each pension under act of June 27, 1890.....										108.99
Average annual value of pension allowed on account of the war with Spain.....										196.53

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLLS JUNE 30, 1899.

In each state and territory of the United States and in each foreign country.

United States.	No.	Amount.	United States.	No.	Amount.	Foreign.	No.	Amount.
Alabama.....	3,692	\$490,405.91	New Jersey.....	20,824	\$2,494,626.12	Belgium.....	16	\$3,492.07
Alaska.....	85	10,744.02	New Mexico.....	1,559	228,775.97	Bermuda.....	6	912.00
Arizona.....	651	91,087.06	New York.....	87,527	12,003,854.75	Bolivia.....	1	.....
Arkansas.....	10,472	1,399,748.33	N. Carolina.....	3,971	521,206.95	Brazil.....	4	216.00
California.....	17,566	2,389,857.57	N. Dakota.....	1,762	219,935.94	Brit. Guiana.....	1	72.00
Colorado.....	7,438	1,010,732.68	Ohio.....	105,627	15,456,006.90	Bulgaria.....	1	140.00
Connecticut.....	12,058	1,353,738.21	Okla.	6,861	956,513.57	Canada.....	2,139	310,797.43
Delaware.....	2,743	401,615.10	Oregon.....	5,031	686,119.53	Chile.....	9	840.00
Dist. of Col.....	8,679	1,476,917.84	Pennsylv'a.....	104,681	12,470,795.11	China.....	16	3,004.50
Florida.....	3,021	422,569.93	Rhode Isl'd.....	4,404	496,550.26	Comoro Islds.....	1	120.00
Georgia.....	3,674	509,802.46	S. Carolina.....	1,627	236,181.14	Costa Rica.....	4	490.00
Idaho.....	1,350	181,775.20	S. Dakota.....	4,814	610,706.38	Cuba.....	22	1,734.13
Illinois.....	70,476	9,856,499.14	Tennessee.....	18,327	2,375,608.16	Cyprus.....	2	168.90
Indiana.....	67,095	10,443,951.26	Texas.....	7,955	1,047,403.72	Dan. W. Ind's.....	2	168.00
Indian Ter.....	2,812	385,303.21	Utah.....	796	188,778.27	Denmark.....	25	5,592.00
Iowa.....	37,955	5,156,942.62	Vermont.....	9,480	1,491,150.46	D'tch. W. Ind.	3	198.00
Kansas.....	41,791	6,203,397.29	Virginia.....	8,820	1,309,294.79	Denador.....	3	471.00
Kentucky.....	28,927	4,119,108.31	Washington.....	5,765	773,127.48	England.....	321	46,524.80
Louisiana.....	5,246	779,123.30	W. Virginia.....	13,067	1,999,772.83	Egypt.....	1	72.00
Maine.....	20,532	2,990,623.94	Wisconsin.....	28,005	4,009,543.41	France.....	69	10,031.93
Maryland.....	12,339	1,694,441.76	Wyoming.....	279	39,058.94	Germany.....	605	89,960.95
Massachu'ts.....	38,754	5,420,782.58	Total.....	987,213	137,620,613.21	Greece.....	5	810.00
Michigan.....	45,170	6,335,328.09	Foreign.	No.	Amount.	Guatemala.....	5	855.00
Minnesota.....	16,554	2,372,243.45	Algiers.....	1	\$72.00	Hawaii.....	37	5,975.27
Mississippi.....	4,095	556,081.08	Arg't n't Rep.....	6	498.00	Honduras.....	4	536.00
Missouri.....	53,876	7,106,091.93	Australia.....	35	5,089.27	India.....	4	335.67
Montana.....	1,461	198,166.99	Aust. Hung'y.....	30	4,362.50	Ireland.....	415	60,396.87
Nebraska.....	17,611	2,757,364.92	Azores Isl's.....	4	318.00	Ile of Man.....	2	276.00
Nevada.....	296	34,521.75	Bahamas.....	2	240.00	Italy.....	32	4,652.50
N. Hampsh'e.....	9,012	1,296,122.55				Japan.....	10	2,058.00

Foreign.	No.	Amount.	Foreign.	No.	Amount.	Foreign.	No.	Amount.
Korea.....	1	\$30.00	Philippines..	1	\$48.00	Switzerland..	71	\$10,322.87
Liberia.....	9	1,105.33	Puerto Rico..	9	576.00	Tahiti.....	2	246.00
Madeira.....	6	792.00	Portugal.....	1	72.00	Turkey.....	5	756.00
Malta.....	2	288.00	Russia.....	6	921.50	U. S. of Col'a	3	186.00
Manritius ..	1	96.00	San Salvador	1	96.00	Uruguay.....	3	1,128.53
Mexico.....	105	15,265.95	Scotland.....	86	13,004.40	Wales.....	12	1,338.00
Netherlands.	9	1,596.00	Seychelles Isl	2	324.00	West Indies..	13	2,204.60
New Zealand	7	906.00	Slam.....	2	204.00			
Nicaragua...	2	180.00	S. Afr'n Rep.	3	576.00			
Norway.....	37	9,794.53	Spain.....	6	1,042.50			
Paraguay....	1	24.00	St. Helena..	1	144.00			
Peru.....	7	901.80	Sweden.....	50	7,269.50			
						Total.....	4,306	633,309.70
						G'd total.	991,519	138,253,922.91

PENSIONERS DROPPED.

Pensioners of the various classes dropped from the rolls during the year, with the cause, and the number of each class on the rolls June 30, 1899:

CLASSES.	By death.	By remarriage.	Minors by legal limitation.	By failure to claim.	For other causes.	No. drop'd from rolls.	No. on rolls Jun. 30, 1899.
GENERAL LAW.							
Army and Navy—Invalids.....	11,222			303	2,454	13,979	321,555
Nurses.....	18					18	653
Widows, etc.....	4,157	333	395	474	119	5,478	92,901
Total.....	15,397	333	395	777	2,573	19,475	415,109
Classification of widows' roll, general law—Widows without children.....	2,350	179		235	91	2,855	67,570
Widows with children.....	95	152		12	13	272	9,281
Minor children.....	6		395		3	404	1,701
Mothers.....	1,347	2		193	4	1,546	12,003
Fathers.....	357			34	5	396	2,219
Brothers and sisters, dependent sons and daughters.....	2				3	5	127
ACT OF JUNE 27, 1890.							
Army and Navy—Invalids.....	12,675			622	361	13,638	420,912
Widows, etc.....	4,195	629	1,236	448	1,140	7,648	130,266
Total.....	16,850	629	1,236	1,070	1,501	21,286	551,178
Classification of widows' roll, act of June 27, 1890—Widows without children.....	2,980	379		345	1,019	4,723	94,369
Widows with children.....	271	249		33	94	647	23,276
Minor children.....	6		1,236		4	1,246	4,462
Mothers.....	544	1		41	6	592	5,203
Fathers.....	377			28	5	410	2,337
Helpless children.....	17			1	12	30	619
WAR WITH SPAIN.							
Army and Navy—Invalids.....	1				1	2	123
Widows, etc.....	2					2	176
Total.....	3				1	4	299
Classification of widow's roll, war with Spain—Widows without children.....	2					2	77
Widows with children.....							83
Minor children.....							5
Mothers.....							10
Fathers.....							1
WAR OF 1812.							
Survivors.....	2					2	1
Widows.....	373			40	1	414	1,968
Total.....	375			40	1	416	1,969
WAR WITH MEXICO.							
Survivors.....	698			31	108	837	9,204
Widows.....	312	16		55	14	397	8,175
Total.....	1,010	16		86	122	1,234	17,379
INDIAN WARS, 1832-42.							
Survivors.....	351			22		376	1,656
Widows.....	356	5		34		395	3,899
Total.....	710	5		56		771	5,555
Grand total.....	34,345	983	1,631	2,029	4,198	43,186	991,519

Total number of children on the rolls: General law, 15,722; act June 27, 1890, 42,673; war with Spain, 173. Total number of children, 58,568.

DISBURSEMENTS, 1899.

Amount disbursed at United States pension agencies during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899.

AGENCIES.	ARMY.		Navy.	Grand total.
	Pensions.	Total.		
Augusta.....	\$2,913,922.00	\$2,926,929.78		\$2,926,929.78
Boston.....	6,378,949.86	6,407,889.68	\$31,622.52	7,239,502.00
Buffalo.....	6,384,711.19	6,412,862.28		6,412,862.28
Chicago.....	9,909,462.04	9,945,017.78	744,763.76	10,689,781.54
Columbus.....	15,353,654.26	15,394,829.03		15,394,829.03
Concord.....	2,886,951.62	2,909,706.60		2,909,706.60
Des Moines.....	8,305,763.75	8,333,509.13		8,333,509.13
Detroit.....	6,729,618.53	6,756,289.75		6,756,289.75
Indianapolis.....	10,807,022.56	10,843,629.60		10,843,629.60
Knoxville.....	7,473,251.90	7,500,524.36		7,500,524.36
Louisville.....	4,130,388.04	4,146,657.90		4,146,657.90
Milwaukee.....	7,264,259.31	7,291,975.64		7,291,975.64
New York city.....	6,180,831.15	6,216,401.72	667,843.11	6,884,244.83
Philadelphia.....	7,304,939.32	7,397,842.06	503,467.78	7,901,309.84
Pittsburg.....	6,702,985.73	6,731,453.73		6,731,453.73
San Francisco.....	3,340,598.03	3,356,821.70	164,880.26	3,521,701.96
Topeka.....	15,027,309.31	15,071,152.51		15,071,152.51
Washington.....	7,408,843.13	8,158,771.44	767,843.75	8,926,615.19
Total.....	134,573,501.73	135,802,274.69	3,680,421.18	139,482,695.87

In addition to the above there was disbursed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, the following sum, chargeable to the appropriation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898: Fees of examining surgeons, pensions, \$22,445.50.

TOTAL COST OF PENSIONS.

Statement showing disbursements for pensions, fees of examining surgeons, cost of disbursement, salaries, and other expenses of the pension bureau, each fiscal year since July 1, 1866.

FISCAL YEAR.	DISBURSEMENTS FOR PENSIONS.		FEES OF EXAMINING SURGEONS.		Cost of disbursement, maintaining pension agencies, etc.	PENSION BUREAU.	
	Army.	Navy.	Army.	Navy.		Salaries.	Other expenses.
1867.....	\$20,552,948.47	\$231,841.22			*\$155,000.00	\$308,361.49	\$27,615.86
1868.....	22,811,183.75	290,325.61			*155,000.00	303,186.20	31,834.14
1869.....	28,168,323.34	344,923.93			*155,000.00	306,007.31	43,519.50
1870.....	29,043,217.00	308,251.78			216,212.86	333,000.00	51,125.00
1871.....	28,081,542.41	437,250.21			431,720.08	372,378.97	58,980.00
1872.....	29,276,921.02	475,825.79			457,379.51	406,315.71	67,557.78
1873.....	26,502,528.96	479,534.93			436,323.99	456,021.26	90,855.59
1874.....	29,608,159.24	603,619.75			447,603.17	444,052.24	75,048.72
1875.....	28,727,104.76	543,300.00			444,074.79	461,821.21	73,799.37
1876.....	27,411,309.53	524,900.00			447,702.13	468,577.80	98,708.88
1877.....	27,659,461.72	523,340.00	\$96,057.42	\$767.00	455,270.05	445,262.08	67,102.75
1878.....	26,251,725.91	534,283.53	231,658.26	3,310.00	313,194.37	443,006.56	41,240.00
1879.....	32,109,339.92	555,089.00	85,543.50	906.00	203,851.24	403,255.70	54,088.70
1880.....	56,901,670.42	787,558.66	73,161.00	2,386.00	212,926.76	582,517.54	65,065.68
1881.....	49,419,905.35	1,163,500.00	113,392.00	3,345.00	222,205.00	687,565.45	46,462.19
1882.....	53,323,192.05	984,980.00	222,995.87	9,600.00	234,544.37	868,113.92	130,861.35
1883.....	59,468,610.70	958,963.11	321,936.49	19,220.00	285,620.29	1,723,285.68	241,555.83
1884.....	56,945,115.25	967,272.22	247,976.32	14,100.00	343,430.61	1,936,161.65	353,422.32
1885.....	64,222,275.34	919,061.78	475,081.13	7,150.00	275,976.55	2,122,926.54	511,422.12
1886.....	69,034,642.90	1,056,500.00	487,614.76	6,100.00	234,724.14	1,948,285.80	509,291.01
1887.....	72,464,236.69	1,288,760.39	1,089,724.92	16,600.00	248,280.42	1,968,569.66	590,195.91
1888.....	77,712,789.27	1,237,712.40	833,561.86	11,581.75	263,100.87	1,986,027.55	420,776.24
1889.....	86,006,502.15	1,845,218.43	772,272.72	15,119.00	278,902.30	1,973,119.98	422,554.50
1890.....	106,800,250.39	2,285,000.00	876,108.51	19,539.11	292,637.35	1,957,725.43	380,281.73
1891.....	114,744,750.83	2,567,939.67	1,591,233.76	49,700.00	380,360.14	2,501,721.80	377,560.74
1892.....	135,914,611.76	3,479,535.35	1,630,507.47	35,093.00	500,122.63	2,594,122.81	178,823.44
1893.....	153,045,450.94	3,361,177.00	1,614,392.50	43,235.50	519,292.35	2,430,044.50	230,768.67
1894.....	136,435,995.05	3,490,700.56	632,678.50	20,000.00	517,430.37	2,405,522.75	370,344.69
1895.....	134,156,808.35	3,580,380.43	732,631.08	25,130.25	563,419.80	2,461,880.50	504,912.52
1896.....	134,632,175.88	3,582,948.10	675,513.97	7,275.50	565,027.35	2,258,969.35	434,800.94
1897.....	135,914,914.64	3,635,862.71	675,336.44	(†)	572,435.81	2,262,597.70	474,350.52
1898.....	140,924,948.71	3,727,531.09	804,249.08	(†)	563,629.84	2,254,181.40	429,031.14
1899.....	134,671,238.68	3,683,794.27	715,191.26	(†)	522,496.49	2,151,578.85	465,806.63
Total.....	2,338,559,870.58	51,351,104.16	15,181,704.12	309,278.11	12,062,178.63	44,442,110.75	7,795,115.67

*Approximate.

†Now included in army.

NUMBER OF PENSION CLAIMS, PENSIONERS AND DISBURSEMENTS—1862-99.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	Army and Navy— Claims Allowed.		Total No. of applica- tions filed.	Total No. of claims allowed.	Pensioners on the roll and amount paid, with cost of disbursement.			
	Invalids.	Widows, etc.			Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Total.	Disburse- ments.
1862.....	413	49	2,487	462	4,341	3,818	8,159	\$790,385.00
1863.....	4,121	3,763	49,352	7,884	7,821	6,970	14,791	1,025,140.00
1864.....	17,041	22,446	53,599	39,487	23,479	27,656	51,135	4,504,617.00
1865.....	15,212	24,959	72,684	40,171	35,880	50,106	85,986	8,525,153.00
1866.....	22,883	27,294	65,256	50,177	55,652	71,070	126,722	13,459,996.00
1867.....	16,589	19,893	36,753	36,482	69,565	83,678	153,183	18,619,956.00
1868.....	9,490	19,461	20,768	28,921	75,957	93,686	169,643	24,010,982.60
1869.....	7,292	15,904	26,066	23,195	82,859	105,104	187,963	28,422,884.00
1870.....	5,721	12,500	24,851	18,221	87,521	111,165	198,686	27,780,812.00
1871.....	7,934	8,369	43,969	16,562	93,394	114,101	207,495	33,077,384.00
1872.....	6,468	7,244	26,391	34,333	113,954	118,275	232,229	30,169,341.00
1873.....	6,551	4,073	18,303	16,052	119,500	118,911	238,411	29,185,290.00
1874.....	5,937	3,152	16,734	10,462	121,628	114,613	236,241	30,593,750.00
1875.....	5,760	4,736	18,704	11,152	122,989	111,832	234,821	29,688,117.00
1876.....	5,360	4,376	23,523	9,977	124,239	107,888	232,137	28,351,607.00
1877.....	7,282	3,861	22,715	11,325	128,723	103,381	232,104	28,580,157.00
1878.....	7,414	3,550	44,587	11,962	131,649	92,349	223,998	26,844,415.00
1879.....	7,242	3,379	57,118	31,346	138,615	104,140	242,755	33,780,526.00
1880.....	10,176	4,455	141,466	19,545	145,410	105,392	250,802	57,240,540.00
1881.....	21,394	3,920	31,116	27,394	164,110	104,720	268,830	50,626,539.00
1882.....	22,946	3,969	40,989	27,664	182,633	103,064	285,697	64,296,281.00
1883.....	32,014	5,308	48,776	38,162	206,042	97,616	303,658	60,431,973.00
1884.....	27,414	6,366	41,785	34,192	225,470	97,286	322,756	57,273,537.00
1885.....	27,580	7,743	40,918	35,767	247,146	97,979	345,125	65,693,707.00
1886.....	31,937	8,610	49,895	40,857	270,346	95,437	365,783	64,584,270.00
1887.....	35,263	11,217	72,465	55,194	306,238	99,709	406,007	74,815,486.85
1888.....	44,893	15,359	75,726	60,252	343,701	108,857	452,557	79,646,146.37
1889.....	36,830	11,924	81,220	51,912	351,434	173,241	524,675	88,275,113.28
1890.....	50,395	14,612	105,044	66,637	415,664	122,290	537,944	106,493,890.19
1891.....	41,381	11,914	363,739	156,486	536,821	139,339	676,160	118,548,959.71
1892.....	17,876	7,287	198,345	224,047	703,242	172,826	876,068	141,066,211.84
1893.....	10,232	7,285	119,361	121,630	759,706	206,306	966,012	158,155,342.51
1894.....	6,129	4,225	40,148	39,045	.....	.....	969,544	140,772,163.78
1895.....	5,415	3,627	37,090	39,185	.....	.....	970,524	140,959,076.37
1896.....	3,864	3,912	33,749	40,374	.....	.....	970,678	139,280,078.15
1897.....	3,726	4,612	39,847	50,101	.....	.....	976,014	139,949,717.35
1898.....	3,741	4,339	57,524	52,618	.....	.....	983,714	145,748,895.56
1899.....	1,975	3,460	48,765	37,077	.....	.....	991,519	139,482,685.87
Total..	584,831	338,721	2,271,705	1,616,391	.....	.....	.....	2,422,696,133.50

NAMES OF SURVIVING WIDOWS AND DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS ON THE PENSION ROLLS JUNE 30, 1899.

NAME.	Age	Name of soldier.	Service.	Residence.
Barrett, Hannah Newell.....	98	Harrod, Noah.....	Massachusetts.	Boston, Mass.
Chadwick, Susannah.....	83	Chadwick, Elihu.....	New Jersey.....	Emporium, Pa.
Damon, Esther S.....	84	Damon, Noah.....	Massachusetts.	Plymouth Union, Vt.
Hurlburt, Sarah C.....	80	Weeks, Elijah.....	Massachusetts.	Little Marsh, Pa.
Jones, Nancy.....	84	Darling, James.....	North Carolina	Jonesboro, Tenn.
Mayo, Rebecca.....	85	Mayo, Stephen.....	Virginia.....	Newbern, Va.
Sandford, Eliza.....	84	Sandford, William.....	United States.....	Bloomfield, N. J.
Slaughter, Ann M.....	88	Slaughter, Phillip.....	Virginia.....	Mitchell Station, Va.
Snead, Mary.....	82	Snead, Bowdoin.....	Virginia.....	Parkley, Va.
Thompson, Rhoda Augusta..	77	Thompson, Thaddens.	New York.....	Woodbury, Conn.
Tuller, Augusta.....	.....	Way, Isaac.....	Connecticut....	Bridgeport, Conn.

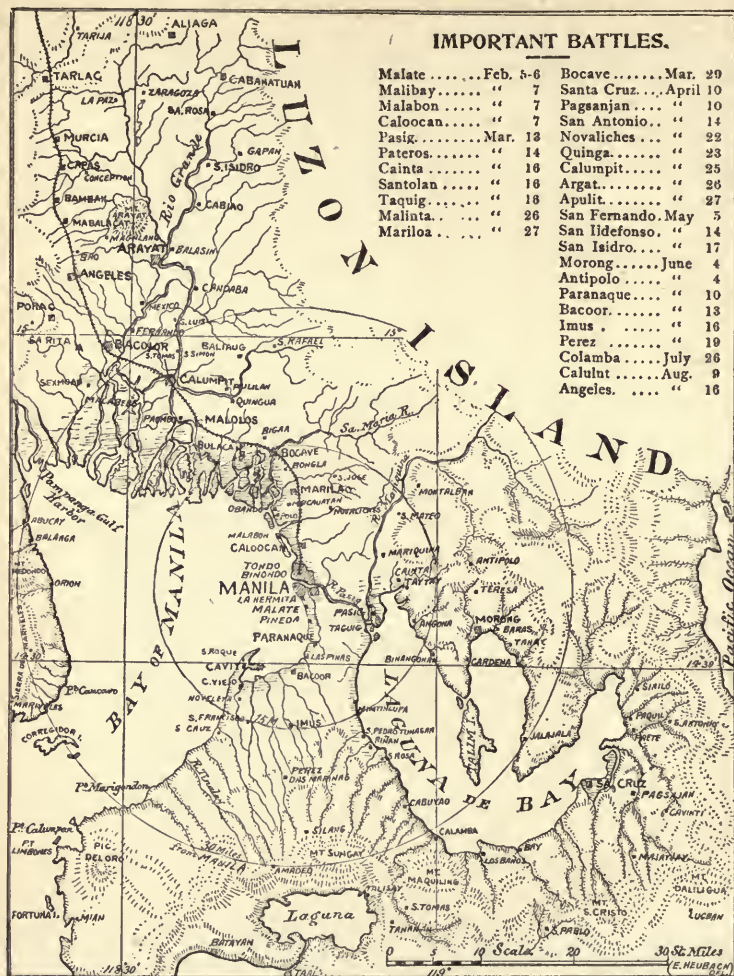
Hiram Cronk, who served with the troops from New York, is the only surviving pensioned soldier of the war of 1812. He is 99 years of age, and resides in northwestern New York.

Daniel F. Bakeman, the last survivor of the war of the Revolution, was born in Schoharie county, New York, Sept. 28, 1759, died in Freedom, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., April 5, 1893, aged 109 years 6 months and 8 days.

CLIMATOLOGY OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table of average rainfall, highest and lowest temperatures, based upon observations of twenty-seven or less years, at selected stations in the several states and territories of the United States, was compiled from the records of the weather bureau for the Chicago Daily News Almanac by the United States weather office at Chicago, Ill. :

STATIONS.	No. of years.	TEMPERATURE.				Average precipitation.	STATIONS.	No. of years.	TEMPERATURE.				Average precipitation.
		Maximum		Minimum.					Maximum		Minimum.		
		Year.		Year.					Year.		Year.		
Alabama—Mobile.....	28	101	1883	11	1886	62.6	Montana—Helena.....	19	103	1886	42	1882	13.2
Montgomery.....	26	107	1881	-2	1889	62.7	Hayre (Assiniboia).....	17	107	1887	-55	1887	14.1
Alaska—Sitka.....	8	80	1887	-2	1887	111.7	Nebraska—North Platte.....	23	107	1877	-55	1887	18.6
Arizona—Fort Grant.....	14	108	1879	-2	1887	16.8	Omaha.....	20	106	1884	-54	1884	31.7
Yuma.....	23	118	1878	22	1883	3.0	Nevada—Winnemucca.....	20	104	1877	-58	1883	8.5
Arkansas—Little Rock.....	19	105	1886	-12	1889	53.6	New Hampshire—Manchester.....	9	96	1888	-11	1888	39.6
California—San Francisco.....	28	100	1891	28	1888	23.7	New Jersey—Atlantic City.....	53	100	1880	-16	1880	41.2
San Diego.....	27	101	1887	32	1881	10.5	New York—Albany.....	22	100	1886	-18	1875	87.9
Colorado—Denver.....	27	105	1878	-29	1875	14.5	Rochester.....	22	100	1884	-16	1878	84.8
Pueblo.....	10	103	1876	-27	1880	12.1	New Mexico—Fort Stanton.....	26	100	1886	-18	1887	19.0
Cincinnati—New Haven.....	26	100	1881	-14	1873	47.9	Santa Fe.....	26	97	1878	-13	1883	14.2
Dist. Columbia—Washington.....	28	104	1881	-15	1880	43.5	North Carolina—Charlotte.....	20	102	1887	-5	1880	51.9
Florida—Jacksonville.....	28	100	1879	10	1880	54.1	Winthrop.....	22	103	1879	-5	1880	54.3
Key West.....	34	100	1886	41	1886	38.5	North Dakota—Bismarck.....	22	103	1876	-44	1887	18.4
Georgia—Atlanta.....	20	100	1887	-8	1880	52.0	Fort Buford.....	16	107	1883	-49	1888	13.5
Savannah.....	28	105	1885	8	1880	51.9	Ohio—Cincinnati.....	22	104	1881	-17	1882	39.5
Illinois—Carlo.....	27	103	1881	-16	1884	42.8	Cleveland.....	22	102	1881	-17	1873	36.8
Chicago.....	28	100	1887	-22	1872	34.8	Oregon—Portland.....	21	102	1881	-2	1888	46.8
Springfield.....	19	102	1879	-22	1884	38.0	Roseburg.....	21	104	1884	-6	1888	35.2
Indiana—Indianapolis.....	28	101	1887	-25	1884	43.0	Pennsylvania—Philadelphia.....	28	102	1881	-6	1880	39.5
Oklahoma—Oklahoma City.....	20	104	1884	-17	1880	33.3	Pittsburg.....	22	103	1881	-20	1880	36.7
Iowa—Des Moines.....	20	104	1886	-30	1884	32.0	Rhode Island—Block Island.....	19	103	1885	-4	1880	44.2
Kansas—Leavenworth.....	24	107	1886	-29	1883	38.4	South Carolina—Charleston.....	13	104	1879	-7	1880	56.7
Dodge City.....	24	108	1876	-26	1880	19.8	South Dakota—Rapid City.....	24	108	1881	-10	1880	16.7
Kentucky—Louisville.....	27	105	1881	-20	1884	45.8	Yankton.....	24	103	1880	-24	1880	26.8
Louisiana—New Orleans.....	28	99	1884	7	1880	69.5	Tennessee—Knoxville.....	28	100	1887	-16	1884	51.0
Shreveport.....	27	107	1875	-5	1880	48.6	Memphis.....	28	102	1886	-9	1880	53.3
Maine—Bangor.....	26	91	1884	-21	1884	45.2	Texas—Ableene.....	12	110	1886	-6	1880	23.0
Portland.....	28	97	1878	-17	1872	42.3	Galveston.....	23	102	1886	-18	1880	48.7
Maryland—Baltimore.....	28	104	1888	-7	1880	46.8	Utah—Salt Lake City.....	23	102	1889	-20	1883	16.2
Massachusetts—Boston.....	28	101	1881	-18	1882	45.0	Virginia—Norfolk.....	28	102	1887	2	1886	18.6
Michigan—Alpena.....	26	98	1886	-27	1882	53.1	Vermont—Northfield.....	17	93	1887	-32	1880	52.1
Detroit.....	28	101	1887	-21	1882	32.3	Washington—Olympia.....	10	97	1886	-38	1888	85.4
Marquette.....	28	100	1878	-27	1875	32.4	Spokane.....	16	104	1888	-30	1888	18.4
Minnesota—St. Paul.....	28	100	1883	-41	1888	27.5	West Virginia—Parkersburg.....	10	99	1886	-27	1880	43.5
Moorehead.....	18	102	1884	-48	1887	22.8	Wisconsin—Milwaukee.....	28	100	1887	-25	1875	32.1
Mississippi—Vicksburg.....	27	101	1884	-41	1880	55.7	Wyoming—Cheyenne.....	28	100	1881	-38	1876	12.2
Missouri—St. Louis.....	28	106	1881	-22	1884	37.6							



THE PHILIPPINE WAR.

In the absence of official reports of nearly every description it is difficult to give a detailed account of the contest now going on in the island of Luzon. Press reports have been so censored and vary so greatly as to be of little aid in an intelligent discussion of affairs, while the more carefully prepared articles of the reviews are liable

to the criticism of being partisan and of having been prepared rather for the purpose of influencing public opinion and sentiment than for dealing with the actual facts as they exist in the Philippine islands. In the following account of the war every effort has been made to verify each important statement of fact.

AGONCILLO'S PROTEST.

The treaty of Paris was signed by the American and Spanish commissioners on the 10th day of December, 1898, and two days after that event, but before the terms of the pact had been published, the agent of Aguinaldo, one Felipe Agoncillo, filed with the American and Spanish peace commissioners a protest against the transfer by Spain of the Philippine Islands to the sovereignty of the United States. As the protest presents the entire case of the insurgent leaders in Luzon, with all the arguments upon which it is based, it has an important bearing upon the whole situation. It is as follows:

"Paris, Dec. 12, 1898.—Their Excellencies the President and Delegates of the Spanish-American Peace Commission, Paris. Your Excellencies: The very noble and gallant Gen. Aguinaldo, president of the Philippine republic, and his government have honored me with the post of official representative to the very honorable president and government of the United States of America, devolving on me, at the same time, the duty of protesting against any resolutions contrary to the independence of that country which might be passed by the peace commission in Paris.

"This has already terminated its sessions and the resolutions passed cannot be accepted as obligatory by my government, since the commission has neither heard nor in any wise admitted to its deliberations the Philippine nation, who held an unquestionable right to intervene in them in relation to what might affect their future.

"I fulfill, therefore, my duty when I protest, as I do in the most solemn manner, in the name of the president and the national government of the Philippines, against any resolution agreed upon at the peace conference in Paris, as long as the juridical, political, independent personality of the Filipino people is entirely unrecognized and attempts are made in any form to impose on these inhabitants resolutions which have not been sanctioned by their public powers, the only ones who can legally decide as to their future in history.

SPAIN DEVOID OF A STATUS.

"Spain is absolutely devoid of a status and power to decide in any shape or form the before-mentioned matter.

"The union of Spain and the Philippines was founded solely on two historical facts, in which the exclusive right of the Filipinos to decide their own destiny was implicitly recognized.

"1. The 'blood treaty' (pacto de sangre) of March 12, 1565, entered into between the Gen. Don Miguel Lopez de Legazpi and the Filipino sovereign, Sikatuna, a compact which was ratified and confirmed on the one side by the king of Spain, Philip II., and on the other side by the monarchs of Mindanao, Visayas and Luzon and by the supreme chief of that confederation, the sultan Lancandola, proclaiming, as a consequence, the autonomous nationality of the kingdom of 'New Castile,' formed by the Philippine Islands, under the scepter of the king of Spain.

"2. The so-called 'constitution of Cadiz,' in the discussion, vote, promulgation and execution of which the deputies and Filipino people took an active part, and by

which constitution the nationality of 'The Spains' was made effective.

"But from the first moment in which the peninsular public powers attempted to impose their absolute sovereignty on the islands the Filipinos protested energetically by force of arms, and from the first attempt, in 1814, the struggle in defense of their political personality was implanted.

"When, in 1837, the violent deprivation of their rights was consummated, the Filipinos again protested, sustaining against them a fratricidal and an inhuman struggle, which has lasted from that time onward up to the present day.

"Falsehood, which always characterized the actions of the peninsular authorities, constantly hid from the world the fact of the real situation of force which has lasted almost a century.

WON AFTER A CENTURY OF STRUGGLE.

"At length, at the end of the present century, the Spanish forces have been completely routed by those of the natives, and Spain cannot now even allege the possession by her of the Islands, because the permanency of a handful of peninsular soldiers (approximately 400), who are existing besieged in one or two fortresses in the south of the archipelago cannot constitute such a right.

"The Spanish government has ceased to hold any dominion by deed and by right, and the only authority which exists there and preserves order is that constituted by the Filipinos, with the solemn sanction of their votes, the only legal fount of positive modern power.

"Under such conditions the Spanish commissioners in Paris have not been able within the principles of the law of nations to give up or to transfer what, if they ever had, they have totally lost before the signing of the protocol of Washington and the arranging of the terms of the peace treaty in Paris.

"The Filipino people who consented to the 'blood treaty' and the 'constitution of 1812' annulled those conventions by reason of Spain not complying with her undertakings, and renewed their sovereignty by the solemn proclamation of the Philippine republic on Aug. 1, 1898, and by the establishment of a government and a regular and well-ordered administration created by the decisive votes of the natives.

"If any judicial effect can be attributed to the Spanish action in the peace treaty within the principles of international law it is the explicit renunciation of all future pretensions over the land, the dominion and possession of which she had lost, and therefore is only of use to make the recognition of the corporate body of the Filipino nation and that of their rights to rule effectively in respect of their future.

AMERICA HAS NO BETTER RIGHT.

"The United States of America, on their part, cannot allege a better right to constitute themselves as arbiters as to the future of the Philippines.

"On the contrary, the demands of honor and good faith impose on them the explicit recognition of the political status of the people who, loyal to their conventions, were a devoted ally of their forces in the moments of danger and strife.

"The noble Gen. Emilio Aguinaldo and

the other Filipino chiefs were solicited to place themselves at the head of the suffering and heroic sons of that country, to fight against Spain and to second the action of the brave and skillful Admiral Dewey.

"At the time of imploring their armed co-operation, both the commander of the Petrel and Capt. Wood, in Hongkong, before the declaration of war, the American consuls-general—Mr. Pratt in Singapore, Mr. Wildman in Hongkong and Mr. Williams in Cavite—acting as international agents of the great American nation at a moment of great anxiety, offered to recognize the independence of the Filipino nation as soon as triumph was attained.

"Under the faith of such promises an American man-of-war, the McCulloch, was placed at the disposal of the said leaders and took them to their native shores, and Admiral Dewey himself, by sending the man-of-war; by not denying to Gen. Aguinaldo and his companions the enacting of his promises, when they were presented to him on board his flagship in the bay of Manila; by receiving the said Gen. Aguinaldo before and after his victories and notable deeds of arms with the honors due to the commander-in-chief of an allied army and chief of an independent state; by accepting the efficacious co-operation of that army and of those generals; by recognizing the Filipino flag and permitting it to be hoisted on sea and land, consenting that their ships should sail with the said flag within the places which were blockaded; by receiving a solemn notification of the formal proclamation of the Philippine nation without protesting against it or opposing in any way its existence; by entering into relations with those generals and with the national Filipino authorities recently established, recognized without question the incorporated body and autonomous sovereignty of the people who had just succeeded in breaking their fetters and freeing themselves by the impulse of their own force.

"And that recognition cannot be denied by the honorable and serious people of the United States of America, who ought not to deny nor discuss the word given by the officials and representatives in those parts in moments so solemn in gravity for the American republic.

WOULD BE AN ACT OF INJUSTICE.

"To pretend to put now in question the attributes of such public functionaries, after the danger, would be an act of notorious injustice, which cannot be consented to by those who have the unavoidable duty of preserving unstained the brilliant reputation of the sons of the great nation founded by the immortal Washington, whose first glory was, and has always been, the constant fulfillment of their word of honor.

"It must be remembered here that the Filipinos did not fight as paid troops or mercenaries of America. On their arrival they only received a reduced number of arms, which were delivered to them by the order of Admiral Dewey. The arms, ammunition and provisions with which the Filipinos have since sustained the war against the Spanish forces were acquired, some by their gallantry and others bought with their own funds, these latter being exclusively provided by the Filipino patriots.

"And it would not be noble now, after

having used the alliance, to deny the courage, loyalty and nobility of the Filipino forces in fighting at the side of the American troops, lending them a decided support, both enthusiastic and efficacious.

"Without their co-operation and without the previous siege, would the Americans have been able so easily to have gained possession of the walled city of Manila?

"They could—who can deny it?—have destroyed it by bombardment, but without the foregoing armed deeds, and without the rigorous circle in which the Spanish army was inclosed, the sham fight of the attack and surrender which took place could not absolutely have been realized.

"Admiral Dewey gloriously destroyed the Spanish squadron, but he had no disembarking forces and could not inconsiderately dispose of his ammunition and provisions; and under such conditions the support which, as companions-in-arms, was lent to him by the Filipino generals and their forces was a positive and undeniable advantage. Without them Gen. Anderson's troops and those which afterward were disembarked probably would not have been able to arrive at Manila before the suspension of hostilities and the signing of the protocol of Washington.

"Truth and sincerity in their places.

AGONCILLO'S CONCLUSIONS.

"Now, if the Spaniards have not been able to transfer to the Americans the rights which they did not possess; if the former have not militarily conquered positions in the Philippines; if the international officials and representatives of the republic of the United States of America offered to recognize the independence and sovereignty of the Philippines, solicited and accepted their alliance, how can they now constitute themselves as the sole disposers of the control, administration and future government of the Philippine islands?

"If, in the treaty of Paris, there had simply been declared the withdrawal and abandonment by the Spanish of their dominion, if they ever had one, over the Philippine territory; if America, on accepting peace, had signed the treaty without prejudice to the rights of the Philippines and with the view of coming to a subsequent settlement with the existing Filipino national government, thus recognizing the sovereignty of the latter, their alliance and the carrying out of their promises of honor to the said Filipinos, it is very evident that no protest against their action would have been made. But in view of the terms of the third article of the protocol, the proceedings of the American commissioners, and the imperative necessity of safeguarding the national rights of my country, I make this protest, which I have made an extensive one for the before-said reasons, and with the corresponding legal restrictions against the action taken and the resolutions passed by the peace commissioners at Paris and in the treaty signed by them.

"And, on making this protest, I claim, in the name of the Filipino nation, in that of their president and government, the fulfillment of the solemn declaration made by the illustrious William McKinley, president of the republic of the United States of North America, that, on going to war, he was not guided by any intention of aggrandizement and extension of national territory, but only in respect to the principles

of humanity, the duty of liberating tyrannized peoples and the desire to proclaim the inalienable rights, with their sovereignty, of the countries released from the yoke of Spain.

"God keep your excellencies many years.

"FELIPE AGONCILLO."

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

On the 5th of January Gen. Otis, in command of the United States forces in the Philippines, promulgated at Manila the following proclamation, by order of the president:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, Dec. 21, 1898.—To the Secretary of War. Sir: The destruction of the Spanish boats in the harbor of Manila by the United States naval squadron commanded by Rear-Admiral Dewey, followed by the reduction of the city and the surrender of the Spanish forces, practically effected the conquest of the Philippine Islands and the suspension of Spanish sovereignty therein.

"With the signature of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain by their respective plenipotentiaries at Paris on the 10th inst., and, as the result of the victories of American arms, the future control, disposition and government of the Philippine Islands are ceded to the United States. In fulfillment of the rights of sovereignty thus acquired and the responsible obligations of government thus assumed, the actual occupation and administration of the entire group of the Philippine Islands become immediately necessary, and the military government heretofore maintained by the United States in the city, harbor and bay of Manila is to be extended with all possible dispatch to the whole of the ceded territory.

"In performing this duty the military commander of the United States is enjoined to make known to the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands that, in succeeding to the sovereignty of Spain, in severing the former political relations of the inhabitants and in establishing a new political power, the authority of the United States is to be exerted for the sovereignty of the persons and property of the people of the islands and for the confirmation of all their private rights and relations.

"It will be the duty of the commander of the forces of occupation to announce and proclaim in the most public manner that we come, not as invaders or conquerors, but as friends, to protect the natives in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights. All persons who, either by active aid or by honest submission, co-operate with the government of the United States to give effect to these benefits and purposes, will receive the reward of its support and protection. All others will be brought within the lawful rule we have assumed, with firmness, if need be, but without severity so far as may be possible.

"Within the absolute domain of military authority, which necessarily is and must remain supreme in the ceded territory until the legislation of the United States shall otherwise provide, the municipal laws of the territory in respect to private rights and property and the repression of crime are to be considered as continuing in force and to be administered by the ordinary tribunals so far as possible.

"The operations of civil and municipal

government are to be performed by such officers as may accept the supremacy of the United States by taking the oath of allegiance or by officers chosen as far as may be practicable from the inhabitants of the islands.

"While the control of all the public property and the revenues of the state passes with the cession, and while the use and management of all public means of transportation are necessarily reserved to the authority of the United States, private property, whether belonging to individuals or corporations, is to be respected, except for cause fully established.

"The taxes and duties heretofore payable by the inhabitants to the late government become payable to the authorities of the United States, unless it be seen fit to substitute for them other reasonable rates or modes of contribution to the expenses of government, whether general or local. If private property be taken for military use it shall be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation, and when payment in cash is not practicable receipts are to be given.

"All ports and places in the Philippine islands in the actual possession of the land and naval forces of the United States will be opened to the commerce of all friendly nations. All goods and wares, not prohibited for military reasons by due announcement of the military authority, will be admitted upon payment of such duties and other charges as shall be in force at the time of their importation.

"Finally, it should be the earnest and paramount aim of the military administration to win the confidence, respect and affection of the inhabitants of the Philippines by assuring to them in every possible way that full measure of individual rights and liberty which is the heritage of free people and by proving to them that the mission of the United States is one of benevolent assimilation, substituting the mild sway of justice and right for arbitrary rule.

"In the fulfillment of this high mission, supporting the temperate administration of affairs for the greatest good of the governed, there must be sedulously maintained the strong arm of authority to repress disturbance and to overcome all obstacles to the bestowal of the blessings of good and stable government upon the people of the Philippine Islands under the free flag of the United States.

"WILLIAM M'KINLEY."

On the 17th of January, 1899, the president announced the appointment of five commissioners to visit the islands and canvass the whole situation and report their conclusions to him. The following were named as constituting the Philippine commission:

Jacob Gould Schurman, A. M., D. Sc., president of Cornell university, Ithaca, N. Y., chairman.

George Dewey, admiral, United States navy.

Elwell S. Otis, major-general, United States army.

The Hon. Charles Denby of Indiana, ex-minister to China.

Prof. Dean C. Worcester of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.

TREND OF PUBLIC OPINION.

No sooner had the treaty of Paris been ratified than public sentiment in the United States regarding the Philippine archipel-

ago divided upon three general propositions. The first of these, which was accepted by a majority of the people, involved the permanent retention of the islands as a part of the United States, to be governed in such manner as congress might provide. The second, which was next in public popularity, left the ultimate condition of the islands in abeyance, but demanded that before anything looking to their permanent disposition should be determined the revolt in Luzon against the United States government must be put down and its sovereignty recognized by the inhabitants of the archipelago. The third proposition, which was not widely indorsed, was voiced by Senator Hoar when he said, in a letter written March 29, 1899: "The blood of the slaughtered Filipinos, the blood and the wasted health and life of our own soldiers, are upon the heads of those who have undertaken to buy a people in the market like sheep, or to treat them as lawful prize and booty of war, to impose a government on them without their consent and to trample under foot not only the people of the Philippine islands, but the principles upon which the American republic rests."

POLICY OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

The policy of the administration regarding the Philippine islands was clearly set forth in an address delivered in Boston by President McKinley, on the 16th of February, 1899, from which the following is an extract:

"We hear no complaint of the relations created by the war between this government and the islands of Cuba and Puerto Rico. There are some, however, who regard the Philippines as in a different relation; but whatever variety of views there may be on this phase of the question, there is universal agreement that the Philippines shall not be turned back to Spain. No true American consents to that. Even if unwilling to accept them ourselves, it would have been a weak evasion of manly duty to require Spain to transfer them to some other power or powers, and thus shirk our own responsibility. Even if we had had, as we did not have, the power to compel such a transfer, it could not have been made without the most serious international complications.

"Such a course could not be thought of. And yet, had we refused to accept the cession of them, we should have had no power over them, even for their own good. We could not discharge the responsibilities upon us until these islands became ours either by conquest or treaty. There was but one alternative, and that was either Spain or the United States in the Philippines. The other suggestions—first, that they should be tossed into the arena of contention for the strife of nations, or, second, be left to the anarchy and chaos of no protectorate at all—were too shameful to be considered.

"The treaty gave them to the United States. Could we have required less and done our duty? Could we, after freeing the Filipinos from the domination of Spain, have left them without government and without power to protect life or property or to perform the international obligations essential to an independent state? Could we have left them in a state of anarchy and justified ourselves in our own con-

sciences or before the tribunal of mankind? Could we have done that in the sight of God and man?

"Our concern was not for territory or trade or empire, but for the people whose interests and destiny, without our willing it, had been put in our hands. It was with this feeling that from the first day to the last not one word or line went from the executive in Washington to our military and naval commanders at Manila or to our peace commissioners at Paris that did not put as the sole purpose to be kept in mind first after the success of our arms and the maintenance of our own honor, the welfare and happiness and the rights of the inhabitants of the Philippine islands. Did we need their consent to perform a great act for humanity? We had it in every aspiration of their minds, in every hope of their hearts. Was it necessary to ask their consent to capture Manila, the capital of their islands? Did we ask their consent to liberate them from Spanish sovereignty or to enter Manila bay and destroy the Spanish sea power there? We did not ask these; we were obeying a higher moral obligation which rested on us, and which did not require anybody's consent. We were doing our duty by them as God gave us the light to see our duty, with the consent of our own consciences and with the approval of civilization.

"Every present obligation has been met and fulfilled in the expulsion of Spanish sovereignty from their islands, and while the war that destroyed it was in progress we could not ask their views. Nor can we now ask their consent. Indeed, can any one tell me in what form it could be marshaled and ascertained until peace and order, so necessary to the reign of reason, shall be secured and established? A reign of terror is not the kind of rule under which right action and deliberate judgment are possible. It is not a good time for the liberator to submit important questions concerning liberty and government to the liberated while they are engaged in shooting down their rescuers.

"We have now ended the war with Spain. The treaty has been ratified by more than two-thirds of the senate of the United States and by the judgment of nine-tenths of its people. No nation was ever more fortunate in war or more honorable in negotiations in peace. Spain is now eliminated from the problem. It remains to ask what we shall now do. I do not intrude upon the duties of congress or seek to anticipate or forestall its action. I only say that the treaty of peace, honorably secured, having been ratified by the United States, and, as we confidently expect, shortly to be ratified in Spain, congress will have the power, and I am sure the purpose, to do what in good morals is right and just and humane for these peoples in distant seas.

"It is sometimes hard to determine what is best to do, and the best thing to do is oftentimes the hardest. The prophet of evil would do nothing because he flinches at sacrifice and effort, and to do nothing is easiest and involves the least cost. On those who have things to do there rests a responsibility which is not on those who have no obligations as doers. If the doubters were in a majority, there would, it is true, be no labor, no sacrifice, no anxiety, and no burden raised or carried, no contribution from our ease and purse and com-

fort to the welfare of others, or even to the extension of our resources, to the welfare of ourselves. There would be ease, but, alas, there would be nothing done.

"But grave problems come in the life of a nation, however much men may seek to avoid them. They come without our seeking. Why, we do not know; and it is not always given us to know. But the generation upon which they are forced cannot avoid the responsibility of honestly striving for their solution. We may not know precisely how to solve them, but we can make an honest effort to that end, and if made in conscience, justice and honor it will not be in vain.

"The future of the Philippine islands is now in the hands of the American people. Until the treaty was ratified or rejected the executive department of this government could only preserve the peace and protect life and property. That treaty now commits the free and enfranchised Filipinos to the guiding hand and the liberalizing influences, the generous sympathies, the uplifting education, not of their American masters, but of their American emancipators. No one can tell to-day what is best for them or for us. I know no one at this hour who is wise enough or sufficiently informed to determine what form of government will best subserve their interests and our interests, their and our well-being.

"If we knew everything by intuition—and I sometimes think that there are those who believe that if we do not they do—we should not need information; but, unfortunately, most of us are not in that happy state. The whole subject is now with congress, and congress is the voice, the conscience and the judgment of the American people. Upon their judgment and conscience can we not rely? I believe in them, I trust them. I know of no better or safer human tribunal than the people.

"Until congress shall direct otherwise, it will be the duty of the executive to possess and hold the Philippines, giving to the people thereof peace and order and beneficent government, affording them every opportunity to prosecute their lawful pursuits, encouraging them in thrift and industry, making them feel and know that we are their friends, not their enemies; that their good is our aim; that their welfare is our welfare, but that neither their aspirations nor ours can be realized until our authority is acknowledged and unquestioned.

"That the inhabitants of the Philippines will be benefited by this republic is my unshaken belief. That they will have a kinder government under our guidance, and they will be aided in every possible way to be self-respecting and self-governing people, is as true as that the American people love liberty and have an abiding faith in their own government and in their own institutions.

"No imperial designs lurk in the American mind. They are alien to American sentiment, thought and purpose. Our priceless principles undergo no change under a tropical sun. They go with the flag. They are wrought in every one of its sacred folds and are inextinguishable in its shining stars.

"Why read ye not the changeless truth,
The free can conquer but to save?

"If we can benefit these remote peoples, who will object? If in the years of the

future they are established in government under law and liberty, who will regret our perils and sacrifices? Who will not rejoice in our heroism and humanity? Always perils, and always after them safety. Always darkness and clouds, but always shining through them the light and the sunshine; always cost and sacrifice, but always after them the fruition of liberty, education and civilization."

CONDITIONS AT MANILA.

In January, 1899, Gen. Otis had appointed a commission to confer with a similar body to be named by Aguinaldo, the purpose of which was the formulation of some satisfactory basis of settlement of the pending difficulties. The following correspondence shows the temper of both parties at the time and is of interest:

"Malolos, Jan. 9, 1899.—Maj.-Gen. E. S. Otis, General of the American Forces of Occupation in Manila. General: I have been informed, after the interview between the commissioners of my government and Mr. Carman, that there will be no inconvenience on your part in naming, as commanding-general, representatives that will confer with those whom I will name for the same object.

"Although it not being explained to me the reason why you could not treat with the commissioners of my government, I have the faculty of doing the same with those of the commanding-general who cannot be recognized. Nevertheless, for the sake of peace, I have considered it advisable to name as 'commanding-general' a commission composed of the following gentlemen: Florentino Flores, Ambrosio Flores and Manuel Arqueles, that they may together represent me and arrive at an accord with those whom you will name, with the object of using such methods as will normalize the actual situation created by the attitude of your government and troops.

"If you will deign to attend to said commissioners, and through these methods come to some understanding, 'if only temporary,' that will insure the peace and harmony amongst ourselves, the Filipino public would reach a grateful glory.

"I am yours, general, with the highest consideration. Your most respectful servant.
EMILIO AGUINALDO."

GEN. OTIS' LETTER TO AGUINALDO.

To this letter Gen. Otis replied as follows:

"Headquarters Department of the Pacific and 8th Army Corps, Manila, P. I., Jan. 9, 1899.—Gen. Emilio Aguinaldo, Commanding Revolutionary Forces, Malolos, P. I. General: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of to-day, and am much pleased at the action you have taken. I greatly regret that you have not a clear understanding of my position and motives, and trust that my explanation, assisted by the conference I have invited, will make them clear to you.

"In my official capacity I am merely the agent of the United States government to conduct its affairs under limits which its constitution gives. I cannot recognize any national or civil power not already formally recognized by my government, unless especially authorized to do so by the instructions of the executive of the United States. For this reason I was unable to receive officially the representatives of the revolutionary government, and endeavored to

make that inability clear to the distinguished gentlemen with whom I had the pleasure to converse a few evenings since. You will bear witness that my course throughout my entire official connections with affairs here has been consistent, and it has pained me that I have not been able to receive and answer communications of the cabinet officers of the government at Malolos, fearing that I might be erroneously charged with lack of courtesy.

"Permit me now briefly, general, to speak of the serious misunderstanding which exists between the Philippine people and the representatives of the United States government, and which I hope that our commissioners, by a thorough discussion, may be able to dispel. I sincerely believe that all desire peace and harmony, and yet by the machinations of evil-disposed persons the people have been influenced to think that we occupy the position of adversaries.

"The Filipinos appear to be of the opinion that we meditate attack, while I am under the strict orders of the president of the United States to avoid conflict in every way possible. My troops, witnessing the earnestness, the comparatively disturbed and unfriendly attitude of the revolutionary troops and many of the citizens of Manila, conclude that active hostilities have been determined upon, although it must be clearly within the perception of fair and reflecting minds that the welfare and happiness of the Philippine people depend upon the friendly protection of the United States.

"The hand of Spain was forced, and she has acknowledged before the world that all her claimed rights in this country have departed by due process of law. This treaty acknowledgment, with the conditions which accompany it, awaits ratification by the senate of the United States, and the action of its congress must also be secured before the executive of that government can proclaim a definite policy. That policy must conform to the will of the people of the United States, expressed through their representatives in congress. For that action the Philippine people should wait, at least, before severing the existing friendly relations. I am governed by a desire to further the interests of the Philippine people, and shall continue to labor with that end in view. There shall be no conflict of forces, if I am able to avoid it; and still I shall endeavor to maintain a position to meet all emergencies that may arise.

"E. S. OTIS,

"Major-General U. S. V., commanding."

The American commission was composed of Gen. R. P. Hughes, provost-marshal-general of Manila and inspector-general; Col. E. H. Crowder, judge-advocate-general, and Col. (afterward general) James F. Smith of the 1st California regiment. Three more capable officers, or those better fitted for the work imposed upon them, were not in the army at Manila. The Filipino commissioners were Florentino Flores, Ambrosio Flores and Manuel Arqueles. Meetings of the commissioners were held all through January, the Americans striving earnestly to suggest some plan or to come to some understanding that would bring lasting peace and form the basis of a stable and satisfactory government. These meetings and conferences were held up to a few days before the attack on the American lines by Aguinaldo.

FAILURE TO AGREE.

According to the statement of the Hon. John Barrett, ex-United States minister to Siam, who was in Manila during this period, and published in the American Monthly Review of Reviews, all the American commissioners "expressed the confirmed opinion, after protracted sessions with the ablest Filipinos, (1) that everything possible and reasonable had been done to come to a peaceful settlement; (2) that the warlike, or jingo, spirit was running so strong among the Filipinos that they were bound to bring on a conflict, and (3) that the Filipinos not only had no clear and settled conception of what they wanted, except a blind demand for absolute independence, but their manner of treating and discussing the American propositions was such as, in itself, to prove their incompetency to manage a great government without helping and protecting hands." At this time, Mr. Barrett declares, "the Malolos ministry, congress and army were worked up to such a pitch of feeling that they would listen to no reasonable proposition."

OPENING OF HOSTILITIES.

Such were the conditions at Manila at the beginning of February, 1899. The first shot of the war was fired by Private Grayson of the Nebraska regiment on the evening of Feb. 4, 1899, at 8:30. A strict order, issued by Gen. Otis, which had been confirmed by Aguinaldo, was in force to the effect that no Filipinos should be permitted to pass through the American lines after nightfall. On the night in question a Filipino soldier, followed by several others, came from the insurgent lines and approached the American pickets, failing to stop after repeated orders to halt. Grayson fired and killed the soldier, when the latter's companions opened fire, which the Nebraskans promptly returned. Within an hour there was firing along the entire line from Tondo to Malate. Our own forces acted on the defensive, but during the three following days they assumed the offensive and drove the Filipinos from their intrenchments and secured possession of all the adjacent suburbs of Manila, including the waterworks at Santolan. In these three days' engagements about 13,000 American troops were opposed by 20,000 Filipinos. This comprised the entire force of Americans except the 13th Minnesota, the 2d Oregon and the 23d regulars, which were employed in preventing an insurgent uprising in the city of Manila, which had been threatened. The line was made up, beginning on the north, of the command of Brig.-Gen. H. G. Otis, consisting of the 20th Kansas, the 3d United States artillery, the 1st Montana and the 10th Pennsylvania. Next was Brig.-Gen. Irving Hale's brigade, composed of the 1st South Dakota, the 1st Colorado, the 1st Nebraska and a detachment of the 1st Tennessee. These two brigades, supported by the Utah light artillery, formed the division under command of Maj.-Gen. Arthur MacArthur.

Next in line came Brig.-Gen. Charles King's brigade, composed of the 1st Washington, the 1st California, the 1st Idaho, the 1st Wyoming and a detachment of the 1st Tennessee. Then came Brig.-Gen. Samuel Ovenshine's brigade, made up of the 4th United States cavalry, the 14th United States infantry and the 1st North Dakota,

the two brigades, supported by the 6th United States artillery, forming a division commanded by Maj.-Gen. T. M. Anderson. 'The losses to our forces in the three days' battles were four officers and fifty-five men killed and eight officers and 207 men wounded. The Filipinos' losses were estimated at 2,000. A portion of this loss was due to the fact that the cruiser Charleston and the gunboat Concord poured a deadly fire into the insurgent trenches at Calococan, while the monitor Monadnock shelled the left flank and other gunboats the right flank of the enemy. The result of these three days of battle was the capture of San Juan del Monte, Santa Ana, San Pedro Macati, Santa Mesa and Lonia, besides Santolan, where the waterworks were located. The new line thus established extended from Malabon on the north to Paranaque on the south—fully twenty-five miles in length—and about nine miles distant from Manila.

AGUINALDO'S PROCLAMATION.

On the 4th of February Aguinaldo issued a proclamation, in which he said:

"I order and command:

"1. That peace and friendly relations with the Americans be broken and that the latter be treated as enemies, within the limits prescribed by the laws of war.

"2. That the Americans captured be held as prisoners of war.

"3. That this proclamation be communicated to the consuls and that congress order and accord a suspension of the constitutional guarantee, resulting from the declaration of war."

On the 10th of February the enemy gathered in considerable force between Manila and Calococan, intending to attack the capital and incite an uprising. Gen. H. G. Otis, with the 20th Kansas, 1st Montana and 3d artillery (with the Utah battery and 10th Pennsylvania in reserve), made the attack, driving out the enemy with a slight loss. In this engagement the navy played an important part, the Charleston, the Monadnock and the Callao shelling the enemy, while Admiral Dewey swung the Olympia between Manila and the German cruiser Irene and the Spanish transport Alava.

On the 11th Gen. Miller captured Iloilo, the capital of the island of Panay and sent of the so-called government of the Visayan federation, no casualties being reported. The total losses around Manila reported up to Feb. 11 were fifty-seven killed and 215 wounded. As a result of eight days' fighting the line around Manila ran from Calococan to San Francisco del Monte, thence via San Juan del Monte to Santolan, thence south across the Pasig river to San Pedro Macati and thence west to the bay near Pasay, a distance of nearly thirty-five miles.

INSURGENTS IN MANILA.

For a few days active operations ceased, while Gen. Otis rested his men and planned further operations. On the 15th of February the rebel government issued an order for the assassination of all the foreign residents of Manila, but the plot was discovered and frustrated. On the 14th, 16th, 17th and 20th an engagement took place between the forces under Gen. King and the insurgents near San Pedro Macati, in which the latter were driven beyond Guadalupe.

On the 22d the enemy made an attempt to burn Manila, and a disastrous conflagration was the result. It is singular to notice that only such portion of the city was destroyed as was peopled by the Filipinos themselves, and thousands of them were rendered homeless, while property owned by them and valued at \$1,000,000 was destroyed. To guard against similar occurrences, Gen. Otis issued an order that no one without a pass should be upon the streets of Manila after nightfall, which is still in force.

March 13-19 Gen. Wheaton, with his command—20th and 22d United States infantry, 2d Oregon, 1st Washington and a squadron of the 4th United States cavalry, with Scott's battery of the 6th artillery—made a movement on Pasig. He captured Guadalupe, Pasig and Pateros and explored the entire country to Calinta and Taytay on the north and Taguig on the south. The enemy had a force of 2,000 at Pasig, and their loss in killed and wounded was considerable, besides 350 prisoners. Of this advance Gen. Otis reported that it was "the greatest victory since Feb. 5."

REORGANIZING THE ARMY.

On the 19th of March a reorganization of the American forces was made public and two divisions of three brigades each were provided for. Gen. Lawton was assigned to the 1st division, made up of the Washington, North Dakota and California regiments under Gen. King, six troops of the 4th United States cavalry, the 14th United States infantry, the Idaho regiment and a battalion of Iowa volunteers under Gen. Owenshine; the 3d and 22d United States infantry and the Oregon regiment under Gen. Wheaton. Attached to the 1st division were Dyer's and Hawthorne's light batteries.

The 2d division, under Gen. MacArthur, was made up of two batteries of the 3d United States artillery and the Kansas and Montana regiments, under Gen. H. G. Otis; the Colorado, Nebraska, Wyoming and South Dakota regiments, and six companies of the 10th Pennsylvania, under Gen. Hale; the 3d and 17th United States infantry and the Minnesota regiment, with the Utah artillery, and a mounted squadron of the 4th United States cavalry, under Gen. Hall. (Reports vary a little as to the composition of these commands, but the above is believed to be substantially correct.) The Filipino troops in front of Malolos were commanded by Gen. Pautaleon Garcia, with Aguinaldo in his rear.

CAPTURE OF MALOLOS.

Early in March Gen. MacArthur commenced his campaign against Malolos, the Filipino capital. The movement began by an advance to the north toward Palo and Novaliches, with a flank movement to Marikina and Banta. The entire route was occupied by the enemy and the advance was a succession of victories. Malinta was taken on the 26th of March. An effective stand was made by the enemy about a mile from Malolos, where the intrenchments were strong, and it was here that the Nebraska regiment had a hard fight and sustained severe loss. The works were carried, and when the capital was entered on the 31st of March by the Montana regiment it was found to have been evacuated, Aguinaldo having moved his government to

San Fernando and fired the government buildings upon his departure. Subsistence valued at \$1,500,000 was captured at Malolos.

THE COMMISSION'S DECLARATION.

About the 1st of April, 1899, the Philippine commissioners appointed by the president issued a proclamation from Manila to the Filipinos declaring the intentions of the United States government regarding the islands. The following are the eleven articles embodying such purpose:

"1. The supremacy of the United States must and will be enforced throughout every part of the archipelago, and those who resist can accomplish nothing except their own ruin.

"2. The amplest liberty of self-government will be granted which is reconcilable with a just, stable, effective and economical administration and compatible with the sovereign rights and obligations of the United States.

"3. The civil rights of the Filipinos will be guaranteed and protected; their religious freedom will be assured; and all will have equal standing before the law.

"4. Honor, justice and friendship forbid the exploitation of the people of the islands. The purpose of the American government is the welfare and advancement of the Philippine people.

"5. An honest and effective civil service, in which to the fullest extent practicable natives shall be employed, is guaranteed.

"6. The collection and application of taxes and other revenues will be put upon a sound, honest and economical basis. The public funds, raised justly and collected honestly, will be applied only to defraying the proper expenses of the establishment and maintenance of the Philippine government and such general improvements as public interests demand. Local funds, collected for local purposes, shall not be diverted to other ends. With such prudent and honest fiscal administration, it is believed the needs of the government will in a short time become compatible with a considerable reduction in taxation.

"7. A pure, speedy and effective administration of justice will be established, by which the evils of delay, corruption and exploitation will be effectually eradicated.

"8. The construction of roads, railroads and other means of communication and transportation, and other public works of manifest advantage to the people, will be promoted.

"9. Domestic and foreign trade and commerce and other industrial pursuits, and the general development of the country in the interest of its inhabitants, will be the constant objects of solicitude and fostering care.

"10. Effective provision will be made for the establishment of elementary schools, in which the children of the people will be educated. Appropriate facilities will also be provided for higher education.

"11. Reforms in all departments of the government, all branches of the public service, and all corporations closely touching the common life of the people, must be undertaken without delay, and effected conformably with common right and justice, in a way to satisfy the well-founded demands and the highest sentiments and aspirations of the Philippine people."

NEGOTIATIONS INVITED.

April 28 Aguinaldo sent Col. Manuel Arqueles, a member of Gen. Luna's staff, to ask of the commissioners a truce and an end of hostilities. He was sent back with the message to Aguinaldo that Gen. Otis asked absolute surrender. On the 2d of May Arqueles returned with new instructions, but no result was reached. On the 13th of May Aguinaldo notified the commission that he was about to send another committee to treat for peace, and a week later Gen. del Pilar, Gracio Gonzazo, Col. Alberto Barretto, Maj. Zealcite, who were to act with Florentino Torres, Pablo Ocampo and Thedor Yanco, residents of Manila, came to meet the Schurman commission. They were kindly received and every possible consideration given to them. A number of lengthy consultations followed, but as the Filipinos had no powers to act nothing resulted from the conferences.

TAKING OF SANTA CRUZ.

Santa Cruz was the next objective point. It is the principal town at the eastern extremity of Laguna de Bay, forty-eight miles from Manila, and its capture was assigned to Gen. Lawton, who had 1,500 men, consisting of detachments from the 14th infantry and 4th cavalry, the North Dakota and Idaho regiments, and 200 sharpshooters, together with Hawthorne's mountain battery. The troops left April 8, and were towed in canoes through the lake, accompanied by three army gunboats, which shelled the woods as the troops advanced after landing. Every foot of the way was contested by the Filipinos, but the town was carried with a loss of ten Americans. The detachment returned on the 17th, having taken several other places besides Santa Cruz, but the distance from Manila was so great that no garrisons were left to hold places.

On the 12th of April the gunboat Yorktown arrived at Baler, on the Pacific coast of Luzon, for the purpose of rescuing a number of Spanish troops which were besieged at that point. The commander of the Yorktown sent a cutter, with fourteen men under the command of Lieut. J. C. Gilmore, to ascertain whether there was a sufficient depth of water to enable the Yorktown to enter the mouth of the river. The cutter went beyond the protection of the Yorktown's guns and was attacked by the natives and captured with all on board.

MOVEMENT AGAINST SAN FERNANDO.

On the 25th of April the advance on San Fernando was begun by Gen. MacArthur. The enemy was intrenched at Calumpit, toward which Hale's brigade made an advance on the right bank of the Quingan, while Gen. Wheaton's troops moved along the left. A reconnaissance by Maj. Bell brought on the battle. The outer trenches were carried, and on the 27th the town itself was occupied. The place had a population of about 10,000, and is the center of the fertile rice area. In this battle Col. Stotsenberg and Lieut. Sissen of the Nebraska regiment were killed, and it was here, too, that Col. Funston of the 20th Kansas regiment won his brigadier's star. The bridge over the Rio Grande had been wrecked, and the opposite shore for three miles was occupied by the Filipinos strongly intrenched. Col. Funston called

for volunteers to swim the stream and carry a rope to the other bank. In the face of a severe fire he and two soldiers swam the river and fastened the rope to a tree while the other end was held by the Americans. By means of this rope the Kansas and other troops were enabled to cross the stream on a raft. In this way the Kansas and Montana regiments were enabled to reach the intrenchments and drive out the Filipinos, completing the capture of Calumpit. On the 4th of May Gen. MacArthur advanced on San Fernando, which he captured on the 5th. Gen. Hale with two battalions of the 51st Iowa and a Hotchkiss gun attacking the garrison and driving it out of the place. Aguinaldo was disinclined to fight with his army, and retreated here as elsewhere after making a sharp resistance to the American advance. Gen. Lawton's command returned to Gen. MacArthur's lines on the 24th of May, having marched 120 miles, fought twenty-two engagements, taken twenty-eight towns and destroyed 300,000 bushels of rice, with a loss of only six killed and thirty-five wounded. As the rainy season was approaching its worst stage Gen. Lawton was recalled to Malolos.

EAST AND SOUTH OF MANILA.

Gen. Lawton was assigned to command an expedition against Gen. Pio del Pilar, who was in the region east of Manila and on the north shore of Laguna de Bay. On the 3d of June, 1899, with Gen. Hall's command, consisting of detachments of the 2d Oregon, the 1st Colorado, the 4th cavalry, the 4th and 9th infantry, the 1st Wyoming and a battery of four guns, he advanced to Antipolo. At the same time Col. Wholley crossed Laguna de Bay to Morong with the 1st Washington, 1st North Dakota and a battalion of the 12th infantry. Gen. Hall took Antipolo on the 4th and Morong on the 5th, where he united with Wholley. While the enemy escaped without capture the movement cleared the region back of Manila of the insurgent forces. On the 10th of June Gen. Lawton left San Pedro Macati, on the Pasig river, to drive the enemy from the points occupied by them on the east shore of Manila bay. There was severe fighting on the 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th. The main battle was fought on the 13th at Zapate bridge, near Bacoor, which is known as the most sanguine and decisive conflict thus far in the war. The enemy numbered about 4,000, of which nearly one-third were killed, wounded or captured. Three guns were also taken. The fighting was hot from sunrise to sundown, and in the battle the navy took an active part, marines from the Monadnock and Helena being landed, and two gunboats, with the Princeton and Callao, shelling the enemy's trenches. The insurgents retreated to Imus, abandoning the entire coast region. In this long battle the Americans lost ten killed and forty wounded. The enemy made a stand at Imus, from which they were driven on the 15th. Gen. Wheaton then moved to Perez das Marinas, about twelve miles south, where the enemy made another stand. The place was taken, the enemy retreating to the hills beyond. This campaign cleared the province of Cavite of the enemy, and since it was the location of the first insurrectionary movements by Aguinaldo and for a long time the location of his capital

(at Bacoor) the moral and strategic effect of its complete subjugation is important.

On the 26th of July Gen. Lawton made another movement on Laguna de Bay, and captured Calamba. Gen. Hall had command of the forces, consisting of a detachment of the 1st Washington, the 21st infantry, Hamilton's battery and 150 cavalrymen, assisted by the army gunboats Nipadan and Oeste.

MOVEMENTS TO THE NORTH.

The rainy season enforced a long period of quiet, and it was not until the 9th of August that Gen. MacArthur set out upon an expedition to Angeles, one of the richest places in the district. His forces consisted of the 51st Iowa, the 9th, 12th, 16th, 17th, 27th and 32d regulars and a part of the 4th cavalry, together with fifteen guns. The right was commanded by Gen. Wheaton and the left by Gen. Liscum. Bacolor was captured. The army then moved on through the mud, knee deep in many places, to Angeles, where it arrived on the 16th. Here the enemy was strongly intrenched, but the place was captured with a loss of two killed and twelve wounded. The capture of Angeles left MacArthur in control of the territory from Candaba to Angeles, thence to Porac, including Santa Rita, Guayma and Bacolor. During this movement Gen. Young, with a portion of the 25th infantry, a detachment of the 4th cavalry and detachments of the 21st and 24th infantry, moved north, captured San Mateo and routed the enemy at Balcuag and Quingua.

CAPTURE OF OTHER ISLANDS.

Military operations were to a great extent suspended during August and September to await re-enforcements ordered by the president to be raised for service in the Philippines. But a good deal had been done to settle the revolts existing in some of the islands to the south of Luzon. Insurgent garrisons had been established in Panay, Leyte, Cebu, Negros, Samar and some other of the larger islands. Iloilo, on the island of Panay, the second port in importance in the archipelago, was captured Feb. 11 by Gen. Miller, at the head of a combined army and navy movement. Bacolor in Negros was taken by Col. Smith of the 1st California; Cebu, the third commercial port, was taken Feb. 21 by Capt. Cornwall with the Petrel, and the inhabitants asked Gen. Otis for American protection from Tagal and robber bands, which was given. On the 24th of August Gen. Bates returned from the Sulu islands, having been successful in extending American authority over the entire group.

After five weeks' negotiation, with much tact, an agreement between Gen. Bates and the sultan of Sulu was signed, which, in substance, was as follows:

"American sovereignty over the Moros shall be recognized, and there shall be no persecution on account of religion."

"The United States shall occupy and control such parts of the archipelago as public interest demands."

"Any person can purchase land with the sultan's consent."

"The introduction of firearms shall be prohibited."

"Piracy shall be suppressed."

"The American courts shall have jurisdiction except between the Moros."

"The Americans shall protect the Moros against foreign imposition.

"The sultan's subsidy from Spain shall be continued."

The sultan and several chiefs signed the agreement.

Military posts were established at Zamboanga, and on the islands of Tamtani, Jolo and Bongao.

On the 29th of August Col. Byrne with the 6th infantry made an attack upon the insurgent stronghold at Argogula, where the insurgent bands that levied tribute upon the people of Negros made their headquarters. The only means of reaching the place was up a steep hill, covered with dense shrubbery, 1,000 feet high. The charge was made, the place was taken and many of the enemy were killed, wounded or captured.

Capt. W. C. Buttler with three companies of the 3d infantry, a detachment of cavalry and one gun, while upon a reconnaissance Sept. 6 met a body of insurgents at San Rafael. The Americans scattered them and captured seven prisoners, five rifles and 300 rounds of ammunition. They also destroyed the rice stored in seven warehouses. The insurgents were supposed to belong to the command of Gen. Pio del Pilar, who, with his main force, retreated to the north. The reconnaissance continued toward Maasin.

The United States cruiser Charleston, the monitor Monterey, the gunboat Concord and the supply ship Zafiro, with marines and bluejackets from the cruiser Baltimore, left Cavite on Sept. 18 and proceeded to Subig bay to destroy an insurgent cannon there.

Owing to the bad weather the operation was postponed until the 23d, when the warships for three hours bombarded the town of Oiangapo and the intrenchments where the gun was situated. Men from the Charleston, the Concord and the Zafiro were then landed under a heavy insurgent fire, proceeding to the cannon, which was utterly destroyed by gun cotton, and then returning to the warships. The Americans had one man wounded in the engagement.

LOSS OF THE URDANETA.

On the 25th of September the insurgents captured the United States gunboat Urdaneta in the Orani river, on the northwest side of Manila bay, where she was patrolling, her commander, Naval Cadet W. C. Wood, being killed. The boat was destroyed as soon as it was captured. The Urdaneta had a displacement of forty-two tons, and its armament consisted of a 1-pound rapid-fire gun, one Colt automatic machine gun and one Nordenfeldt gun. The insurgents removed the guns and ammunition before destroying the boat. Sept. 30 Aguinaldo made a third attempt to secure a recognition of his republic.

Early in the morning a Filipino peace commission appeared before the outposts of the American army at Angeles, bringing with it a number of prisoners taken from the army. The commission was permitted to proceed to Manila. The envoys had an hour's conference with Gen. Otis Oct. 1. They brought from Aguinaldo a message that he desired peace, and wished to send a civilian governmental commission to discuss the question. Gen. Otis replied that it was impossible for him to recognize Aguinaldo's government in that way. They presented a letter from Aguinaldo, as

"president of the republic," which was largely a repetition of his previous appeals for recognition. Gen. Otis informed them that, while he was willing to correspond with Aguinaldo as general of the insurgent forces, he must positively decline to recognize him as a president of a civil government.

The envoys brought fourteen prisoners, all privates or noncommissioned officers. They unanimously praised their treatment. One man said: "We have been given the best the country afforded, fine houses for quarters, servants, good food, plenty of wine and a money allowance. Aguinaldo visited us and shook hands. Three of the boys refused to shake hands with him."

Judging from the stories of the prisoners they were lionized by the people. They reported that five sailors, survivors of Naval Cadet Wood's party, had arrived at Tarlac. Though small importance is attached to their judgment, they agree in saying that the Filipinos all say, "We are tired of war, but will fight for independence to the last."

ANOTHER COMMISSION.

Oct. 2 Gen. Otis sent the following report to Washington of the conference with the Filipino peace commission:

"Three insurgent officers permitted to enter our lines at Angeles with twelve of our soldiers and two citizens, whom they wish to present as released prisoners. Yesterday (Oct. 1) in conference endeavored to present communication from insurgent government, which was declined. Then presented paper signed by ten soldiers, in which soldiers gave parole; this received and held in abeyance. Insurgent officers then said that Aguinaldo desired to end war and send civil commission for conference, and were informed that it would not be received. They will be sent beyond lines to-morrow (Oct. 3). The whole affair believed to be a ruse to obtain some acknowledgment by United States authorities. All soldiers returned were stragglers from within our lines, captured by robbers. They say they were obliged to sign paroles to secure release, though two refused to sign. The whole affair of no significance; viewed as attempt at masquerading."

On the 4th of October several hundred insurgents reoccupied Porec, which was captured by Gen. MacArthur on Sept. 28 and evacuated by the Americans the following day. The insurgent forces were reported moving toward Mexico, southeast of Angeles. The object of the double movement was apparently to get behind the American garrison on both sides of the Manila-Dagupan railway. Reconnoissances from Mexico by the 4th cavalry toward Santa Ana, northeast of Mexico and toward Arayat, due north of Santa Ana, developed the fact that the insurgents were in position at both points.

Gen. Frederick D. Grant, with three companies of the 4th infantry, two companies of the 14th infantry and a band of scouts attached to the former regiment, advanced from Imus Oct. 6, driving the insurgents from the entire west bank of the Imus river. Three Americans were wounded. Companies C and H, with the scouts, crossed the river at Big Bend and advanced westward in the direction of the Binaayan road, the insurgents firing vol-

leys, but retiring. Twenty Filipinos were discovered intrenched at the Binacayan church, about midway between Bacoor and Cavite Viejo. These were routed, six being killed.

AGUINALDO'S PROCLAMATION.

Aguinaldo, in a proclamation issued about Oct. 7, announcing the release of American prisoners and authorizing Filipino soldiers in the northern provinces to return to their homes, says:

"In America there is a great party that insists on the government recognizing Filipino independence. That party will compel the United States to fulfill the promises made to us in all solemnity and good faith, though not put into writing.

"Therefore, we must show our gratitude and maintain our position more resolutely than ever. We should pray to God that the great democratic party may win the next presidential election and imperialism fall in its mad attempt to subjugate us by force of arms. There are some Americans in the Philippines who have joined us because they disapprove a war of what Mr. Atkinson calls criminal aggression. When offered a chance to return to their own camp they declined."

Through the proclamation Aguinaldo denounces "the imperialists" instead of "the Americans," as in former documents. He calls the world to witness that the Filipinos have not broken "the alliance made with the Americans through Admiral Dewey and the United States consuls at Hongkong and Singapore."

Gen. Schwan's column, consisting of the 13th infantry, a battalion of the 11th, two troops of cavalry, Capt. Reilly's battery of the 5th artillery and Lowe's scouts, advanced from Bacoor on the morning of Oct. 8 and occupied Cavite Viejo and Noveleta. The American loss was three officers and nine privates wounded, one of the officers being mortally hurt.

There were two sharp fights near Noveleta. Lowe's scouts first encountered the enemy near Cavite Viejo and soon put them to flight, continuing their advance.

Capt. Safford's battalion of the 13th regiment, with two companies of the 14th and a number of Tagalo scouts; Capt. McGrath, commanding the troops from the 4th cavalry, and Capt. Reilly's battery came upon the enemy in a strongly intrenched position on the road between Cavite Viejo and Noveleta. A fight lasting half an hour followed, resulting in the enemy's being driven back. The American forces sustained considerable losses in this engagement, the men being shot from trenches and shacks along the road. The column then pressed on to Noveleta, which they found deserted.

The marines and naval forces co-operated with the troops. The gunboats Wheeling, Petrel and Callao lay off the shore near Noveleta and threw shells into that town and Santa Cruz for an hour, preparing the way for the marines to land. Two battalions, consisting of 450 marines, under Col. Elliott, advanced along the peninsula from Cavite to Noveleta. The only way was by a narrow road through swamps.

A mile beyond the marines' outpost the column was suddenly received with a volley from trenches across the road. A flank movement was executed and the insurgents were driven from the trenches,

the marines wading through rice fields in turning the flank of the enemy, who retreated to strong sand forts across the creek dividing the peninsula, destroying the bridge across the stream.

The marines waded through more rice fields, forded the river in water to their shoulders and carried the forts, meeting with feeble resistance, the first encounter having disheartened the enemy. Squads were sent to Noveleta and burned the town and the huts all along the road from which the enemy began the firing. There a junction was formed with the scouts, who had been sweeping the swamps and thickets.

Gen. Schwan's column entered Malabon on the 10th, and Maj. Bell made a reconnaissance four miles beyond Guayua, routing the enemy wherever met.

Having accomplished all he designed by the expedition, Gen. Schwan on the 11th returned to Manila, abandoning all the captured towns. On the 18th it was reported that Gen. Otis had received a message purporting to come from Gen. Pio del Pilar, a general officer in the insurgent army, offering to surrender his army and deliver Aguinaldo into his hands for a money consideration. In brief Gen. Pilar's reputed proposal was as follows: For the sum of \$50,000 to refrain from attacking Manila with his army; for the sum of \$250,000 he offers to surrender his army after a sham battle, both sides firing into the air; and for the sum of \$500,000 he says he will procure the overthrow of the insurrection and the capture of Aguinaldo, Paterno and the other leaders. This reported offer lacks official confirmation, although it is regarded in Manila as having been tendered.

On the 23d three insurgent officers entered Angeles and applied to Gen. MacArthur for permission for a Filipino commission, headed by a Filipino major-general, to visit Gen. Otis, in order to discuss peace terms and to arrange for the delivery of more American prisoners, as well as to consider methods for the release of the Spanish prisoners. The request was referred to Gen. Otis, who replied that the desired interview could not be granted, because the suggested propositions of the Filipinos were vague, indefinite and unmilitary, and because the Americans must continue to decline to receive any representative of the so-called Filipino government.

AN ENVOY TO WASHINGTON.

On the 26th of October it was unofficially reported from London that Antonio Regidor had arrived in that city en route for the United States, and fully accredited from Aguinaldo to present to the president new terms for ending hostilities and reconstructing the government of the islands. It was further reported that the proposed terms were as follows:

"1. Absolute free trade between the United States and the Philippine islands, carrying with it the fullest commercial favor between the two countries.

"2. Perfect religious freedom, as now exists under the government of Aguinaldo, the same being a concession made by him to the wishes of the United States.

"3. Coaling stations for the United States upon all important islands of the archipelago, to be selected by the United States and ceded outright forever by the Filipinos. This would include Manila.

"4. Military reservations at Manila, Iloilo, Panay, Mindoro, Negros, Masbate, Samar, Mindanao and such other islands as may be determined upon by both governments.

"5. The employment of United States officials in the customs and all other internal branches of the government, to be selected by the United States and paid by the Filipino government.

"6. The introduction of the American police system.

"7. The establishment of a judiciary as now exists in the island of Cuba.

"8. The reconstruction of the entire Filipino government upon lines as nearly as possible consistent with those prescribed by the constitution of the United States and adapted to the requirements of the natives.

"9. Recognition of the Filipino government as an independent republic under a protectorate of the United States."

SITUATION IN OCTOBER.

At the end of October the situation was this: The American line began at Angeles, running thence south along the railroad for a distance of six miles to Calcut, thence south to Santa Rita, thence to Bacolor and the mouth of the stream upon which it is situated. At Angeles there were the 12th regiment and several companies of the 17th. At Calcut were four companies of the 22d, under Maj. Baldwin, and six companies of the 17th and two companies of the same regiment at Delores. At Santa Rita were two battalions of the 9th infantry under Col. Liscum. Gen. Wheeler was also at this point in command of the brigade. Col. Bell and the 36th volunteers were at Bacolor and two companies of the 9th and two gunboats were at Guaga, under command of Lieut. Col. Coolidge. This force was considered ample to hold the line, but aggressive movements must await re-enforcements. On the south the line was substantially where it was two months ago. The extreme advance was at Imus, which was held by the 4th infantry. The road from Manila to Imus was garrisoned at Paranaque, Bacoor and Zapate bridge by the 14th infantry. At Pasay was the 13th infantry.

Along the railroad, from Manila to Angeles, were the 25th, the 16th, the 17th regiments, and detached companies of artillery. Two battalions of the 23d were at Candaba river post, on the extreme right of our extreme northern front. The 21st regiment was divided among Calamba and the other small towns taken by Lawton on Laguna de Bay. About 117 square miles of the island of Luzon were held by the United States forces Nov. 1.

MOVEMENT AGAINST TARLAC.

About the 1st of November a movement was begun against Tarlac, the insurgent capital. Gen. Wheaton's brigade, consisting of the 13th and 33d infantry regiments with a battery of artillery, left Manila on the 5th of November, its destination being San Fabian, twenty miles from Dagupan, the northern terminus of the railroad running north from Manila. The town is situated on the Gulf of Lingayen, on the west coast of Luzon. On the 8th of November Gen. MacArthur's forces occupied Mabala-cat, driving the enemy out without loss to

his troops. On the next day Gen. Wheaton arrived at San Fabian and captured the place. Nov. 12 Col. Bell's regiment and a force of cavalry took Tarlac, the temporary insurgent capital, without much opposition, Aguinaldo and his government abandoning the place. On the 15th Gen. Wheaton, with the 33d infantry and a detachment of the 13th, with a galling gun, attacked the insurgents at San Jacinto, situated about midway between Dagupan and San Fabian, and a sharp fight resulted. The insurgents were defeated, but the battle cost the Americans the life of Maj. John A. Logan of the 33d infantry, who was killed leading his men into action. The natives of the section greeted the Americans with great enthusiasm, not being in sympathy with Aguinaldo. Within these few days large stores of rice and uniforms were captured at Tarlac and Tubig. On the 18th Gen. Lawton's forces were on the road between San Nicholas and San Manuel, west of the Agiro river. A force under Maj. Swigert was in front of Pezzerubio, where Aguinaldo was then supposed to be located. Gen. Young was at Santa Ana, where his forces had defeated the insurgents and captured fifteen men and thirty-six guns. Gen. MacArthur was at Gerona, where his troops were welcomed by the people. A portion of the 22d regiment was near Rosalos. Gen. Young reported on the 22d that Aguinaldo with a party of 200, including some women and a few carts, passed Aringay, on the coast between San Fabian and San Fernando, on the 17th, from which it was supposed he intended to move inland through the Biuyur mountains toward Bayonong in the province of Nueva Viscaya. Gen. Young was in pursuit of him with a cavalry force. On the 18th the columns of Gens. Lawton and MacArthur continued their advance, and on the same day a body of scouts advanced to Panique, where the insurgents were strongly entrenched. They were driven out and four locomotives and thirteen cars were captured. On the 19th Gen. Lawton occupied the towns of Gerona, Panique and Moncada. A series of skirmishes took place between San Fabian and San Nicholas in which the enemy were defeated and Aguinaldo's secretary was captured.

Dagupan was entered by Gen. MacArthur's forces on the 20th, but no insurgents were encountered. On the 26th Admiral Watson reported to the navy department that on the 18th the entire province of Zamboanga surrendered unconditionally. The province is on the island of Mindanao, the second largest of the group, and the surrender practically ends the revolt in that quarter.

Nov. 24 President Bautista of the Filipino congress surrendered himself to Gen. MacArthur and formally renounced all further connection with the insurgent government. On the same day Gen. Otis informed the war department that the insurgent government could no longer claim an existence. In his dispatch he said:

"Claim to a government by the insurgents can be made no longer under any fiction. Its treasurer, secretary of interior and the president of congress are in our hands. Its president and remaining cabinet officers are in hiding, evidently in different central Luzon provinces. Its generals and troops, in small bands, are scattered through these provinces acting as banditti or dispersed, playing the role of 'amigos,' with arms

concealed. Indications are that Aguinaldo did not escape through the lines of Lawton or Wheaton, but fled westward from the Bayonbong railway station. Telegraphic communication to Dagupan has been established and probably extended to San Fabian to-day. By relaying nine miles of track with material at hand railway communication to that point has been re-established."

Nov. 25 Senor Buencamino, a former member of the so-called cabinet of Aguinaldo, has been brought to Gen. Otis a prisoner on board the transport Brutus. He had sought refuge in a village near San Fabian with Aguinaldo's mother and son. The natives disclosed his identity to Maj. Cronin, who captured him.

On the 26th the insurgents evacuated Mongataven, in the province of Pangasinan, leaving seven American and ninety-four Spanish prisoners, who escaped. The place was strongly fortified with rifle pits, which the insurgents abandoned without firing a shot. Gen. Otis reported on the 27th that the troops captured at that place five three-inch muzzle-loading guns, twelve rifles, 12,000 rounds Maxim cartridges, 1,000 schrapnel, 800 pounds powder and other property.

It was reported on the 30th of November that the insurgent garrison at Bayonbong, in the province of Nueva Viscaya, numbering some 500 men, had surrendered, and that Aguinaldo had established the headquarters of his provisional government at Zamboanga.

REPORT OF THE PHILIPPINE COMMISSION.

The report of the Schurman commission, appointed Jan. 7, 1899, and sent by the president to the Philippines, was made public on the 2d of November, 1899. The following contains the salient features of the document as presented to President McKinley. The report begins with the following statement:

"The undersigned, commissioners appointed by you to investigate affairs in the Philippine islands and to report the result of their investigations, together with such recommendations as might in their judgment be called for by the conditions which should be found to exist in those islands, have the honor to submit the following preliminary statement in compliance with your request."

The commission next tells briefly how it conducted the task intrusted to it, hearing statements from all classes of people in Manila as to the capabilities of the Filipinos of self-government, the habits and customs of the people and also the establishment of municipal governments in many towns. All this matter is to be included in the final report.

Turning to the history of the islands, the commission attaches little importance to the divers rebellions which had preceded that of 1896. As to this movement, they declare it was in no sense an attempt to win independence, but solely to obtain relief from intolerable abuses. To sustain this statement they quote from an insurgent proclamation, showing that what was demanded was the expulsion of the friars and the restitution to the people of their lands, with a division of the episcopal sees between Spanish and native priests.

FILIPINO DEMANDS OF SPAIN.

It was also demanded that the Filipinos have parliamentary representation, freedom of the press, religious toleration, economic autonomy and laws similar to those of Spain. The abolition of the power of banishment was demanded, with a legal equality for all persons in law and equality in pay between Spanish and native civil servants.

The commission declares that these demands had good ground; that on paper the Spanish system of government was tolerable, but in practice every Spanish governor did what he saw fit and the evil deeds of men in the government were hidden from Spain by strict press censorship. Allusion is made to the powerful Katipunan society, patterned on the Masonic order and mainly made up of Tagalos, as a powerful revolutionary force.

The war begun in 1896 was terminated by the treaty of Blac-na-Bate. The Filipinos were numerous, but possessed only about 800 small arms. The Spanish felt that it would require 100,000 men to capture their stronghold and concluded to resort to the use of money. Certain concessions were also decided upon, including representation of the Filipinos in the cortes, the deportation of the friars, which was the principal question; the grant of the right of association and of a free press. Gov.-Gen. Rivera was willing to pay \$2,000,000, Mexican, when Aguinaldo and his cabinet and leading officers arrived in Hongkong. It appears, however, that Paterno offered the latter only \$400,000, \$200,000 to be paid when Aguinaldo arrived at Hongkong and the balance when the Filipinos delivered up their arms. The arrangement was not acceptable to the people.

The promises were never carried out. Spanish abuses began afresh, in Manila alone more than 200 men being executed. Hence sporadic risings occurred, though they possessed nothing like the strength of the original movement. The insurgents lacked arms, ammunition and leaders. The treaty had ended the war, which, with the exception of an unimportant outbreak in Cebu, had been confined to Luzon. Spain's sovereignty in the other islands never having been questioned and the thought of independence never having been entertained.

The report then tells how Gen. Augusti came to Manila as governor-general at this juncture and war broke out between Spain and the United States. Augusti sought to secure the support of the Filipinos to defend Spain against America, promising them autonomy, but the Filipinos did not trust him. Then came the 1st of May and the destruction of the Spanish fleet by Dewey, with the resulting loss of prestige to Spain.

RETURN OF AGUINALDO.

Then in June Aguinaldo came. On this point the commission says:

"The following memorandum on this subject has been furnished the commission by Admiral Dewey:

"On April 24, 1898, the following cipher dispatch was received at Hongkong from E. Spencer Pratt, United States consul-general at Singapore: 'Aguinaldo, insurgent leader, here. Will come Hongkong, arrange

with commodore for general co-operation insurgents Manila if desired. Telegraph. "PRATT."

"On the same day Commodore Dewey telegraphed Mr. Pratt: 'Tell Aguinaldo to come soon as possible,' the necessity for haste being due to the fact that the squadron had been notified by the Hongkong government to leave those waters by the following day. The squadron left Hongkong on the morning of the 25th and Mins bay on the 27th. Aguinaldo did not leave Singapore until the 26th, and so did not arrive in Hongkong in time to have a conference with the admiral.

"It had been reported to the commodore as early as March 1 by the United States consul at Manila and others that the Filipinos had broken out in insurrection against the Spanish authority in the vicinity of Manila, and on March 30 Mr. Williams had telegraphed, 'Five thousand rebels armed in camp near city; loyal to us in case of war.'

"Upon the arrival of the squadron at Manila it was found that there was no insurrection to speak of, and it was accordingly decided to allow Aguinaldo to come to Cavite on board the McCulloch. He arrived with thirteen of his staff on May 19 and immediately came on board the Olympia to call on the commander-in-chief, after which he was allowed to land at Cavite and organize an army. This was done with the purpose of strengthening the United States forces and weakening those of the enemy. No alliance of any kind was entered into with Aguinaldo, nor was any promise of independence made to him then or at any other time."

The commission's report then rapidly sketches events now historical. It tells in substance how the Filipinos attacked the Spanish and how Gen. Anderson arrived and Aguinaldo at his request removed from Cavite to Bacoor. Says the commission:

THE IDEA OF INDEPENDENCE.

"Now for the first time rose the idea of national independence. Aguinaldo issued a proclamation in which he took the responsibility of promising it to his people on behalf of the American government, although he admitted freely in private conversation with members of his cabinet that neither Admiral Dewey nor any other American had made him any such promise."

The report states that Aguinaldo wished to attack the Americans when they landed at Paranaque, but was deterred by lack of arms and ammunition. From that point on there was a growing friction between the Filipinos and the American troops. "There were no conferences," says the report, "between the officers of the Filipinos and our officers with a view to operating against the Spaniards, nor was there co-operation of any kind. * * * There never were any preconcerted operations or any combined movement by the United States and Filipinos against the Spaniards."

AGUINALDO'S HOSTILE INTENTIONS.

Reference is made to Aguinaldo's demand that he be allowed to loot Manila and take the arms of the Spaniards. The latter demand is said to confirm the statement that he intended to get possession of the arms to attack the Americans. Further evidence of the hostile intentions of the Filipinos was found in the organization of

"popular clubs," which later on furnished a local militia to attack the Americans. The decrees of the Filipino congress are also cited, as well as the making of bolao (knives) in every shop in Manila. It is shown that a considerable element in the Filipino congress wished to address to President McKinley a request not to abandon the Filipinos—at this stage the Paris conference was discussing the future of the Philippines. The president was also to be asked his desire as to the form of government he wished to establish. But all this time Aguinaldo was preparing for war and delaying these messages, and it was understood that the attack would come upon the first act by the American forces which would afford a pretext.

A brief chapter then tells of the lack of success attending the effort made at this time by Gen. Merritt, through a commission, to arrive at a mutual understanding with Aguinaldo as to the intentions, purposes and desires of the Filipino people. This brings the story up to the outbreak of the evening of the 4th of February, with the attack upon the American troops, following the action of the Nebraskan sentinel.

The commission, in concluding this chapter, says:

"After the landing of our troops Aguinaldo made up his mind that it would be necessary to fight the Americans, and after the making of the treaty of peace at Paris this determination was strengthened. He did not openly declare that he intended to fight the Americans, but he excited everybody, and especially the military men, by claiming independence, and it is doubtful whether he had the power to check or control the army at the time hostilities broke out.

"Deplorable as war is, the one in which we are now engaged was unavoidable by us. We were attacked by a bold, adventurous and enthusiastic army. No alternative was left to us except ignominious retreat. It is not to be conceived that any American would have sanctioned the surrender of Manila to the insurgents. Our obligations to other nations and to the friendly Filipinos and to ourselves and our flag demanded that force should be met by force. Whatever the future of the Philippines may be, there is no course open to us now except the prosecution of the war until the insurgents are reduced to submission. The commission is of the opinion that there has been no time since the destruction of the Spanish squadron by Admiral Dewey when it was possible to withdraw our forces from the islands either with honor to ourselves or with safety to the inhabitants."

THE CONDITIONS AT MANILA.

The commissioners then take up the condition of the country at the time of their arrival, comparing it with conditions existing at the time they left a short time ago. A vivid picture is given of the anarchy existing among the inhabitants in and about Manila during the early spring.

"The situation in the city," says the commission, "was bad. Incendiary fires occurred daily. The streets were almost deserted. Half of the native population had fled and most of the remainder were shut in their houses. Business was at a

standstill. Insurgent troops everywhere faced our lines and the sound of rifle fire was frequently audible in our house. A reign of terror prevailed. Filipinos who had favored Americans feared assassination and few had the courage to come out openly for us. Fortunately there were among this number some of the best men of the city."

The report then speaks of the issuance of the commission's proclamation and the good effects it had on public sentiment. The natives, accustomed to Spanish promises, urged upon the commission that acts instead of promises should be given them. As a result native law courts were established and this greatly aided in the restoration of public confidence. The flow of population soon began to set toward the city. Natives who had fled from their homes returned.

SCOPE OF THE REBELLION.

As showing the limited scope of the rebellion the commission states:

"We learned that the strong anti-American feeling was confined to the Tagalog provinces—namely, Manila, Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Morong, Bulacan, Nueva Ecija, Principe, Infanta and Zambales. It was strongest in the first six named and hardly existed in the last four. The population of these provinces is estimated to be about 1,500,000, but it should not be supposed that even in the six provinces immediately adjacent to Manila the people were united in their opposition to us. Even here there was a strong conservative element, consisting of people of wealth and intelligence, opposed to the war."

Under the head "The Rebellion Not a National Movement," the report treats of the rebellion outside of the provinces of Luzon, where, it is stated, the uprising was viewed at first with indifference and later with fear. Throughout the archipelago at large there was trouble only at those points to which armed Tagalogs had been sent in considerable numbers. The machinery of insurgent "government" served only for plundering the people under the pretext of levying "war contributions, while many of the insurgent officials were rapidly accumulating wealth." It is stated that the insurgent administration throughout the interior was worse than in the days of Spanish misrule; in many provinces there was absolute anarchy, and from all sides came petitions for protection and help.

In speaking of Gen. MacArthur's movement northward the report tells of the insurgent method of intimidating the natives by telling them fearful tales concerning the American soldiers. This method of procedure, eminently successful at first, in the end recoiled on its authors. As to the state of affairs when the commission left the report says:

IMPROVED CONDITIONS.

"Before the commission left the Philippines nearly all the inhabitants had returned to these ruined villages. Many of the houses had been rebuilt. Fields that had lain fallow for three years were green with growing crops. Municipal governments had been established and the people, protected by our troops, were enjoying peace, security and a degree of participation in their own government pre-

vously unknown in the history of the Philippines. Attempts of the insurgents to raise recruits and money in the province of Bulacan were proving abortive, except when backed by bayonets and bullets, and even in such cases the natives were applying to us for help to resist them."

The chapter devoted to "Establishment of Municipal Governments" gives in detail the efforts in that direction. Many difficulties were encountered. The condition of the people was found to be most pitiable. They had been plundered by the insurgent troops, who had robbed them of jewels, money, clothing and even food, so that they were literally starving. Peaceful citizens had been fired on, women had been maltreated.

There was general satisfaction that the Americans had come at last and conditions seemed favorable for an American propaganda. The towns of Bacoor and Imus were selected for the purpose of the experiment, and after talks with the local "head men" a local form of government was established. Encouraged by the result the work was continued at Paranaque and Las Pinaas, with similar good results.

At the request of Gen. Lawton, who had been assigned to this work by Gen. Otis, the commission prepared a simple scheme of municipal government, similar enough to the old system to be readily comprehensible to the natives, but giving them liberties which they had never before enjoyed. This scheme was adopted and gave general satisfaction. In every instance enthusiasm ran high before the commissioners took their departure, and cheers were raised for Gen. Lawton and for the country which he represented.

With a single exception the officials elected proved worthy of the trust imposed in them and conditions rapidly improved in the newly organized towns. Governments were organized with most satisfactory results in Pandacan, Santa Ana, San Felipe, Meri, San Pedro and Machel, while a slightly different system was put into effect in Malabon, Polo, Ohando, Meycauya, Yang and Malolos.

The commission states that a large amount of supervision over the affairs of our new municipalities proved necessary, as the officials were timid and slow to comprehend their new duties. At many of the elections the voters were about "asking who they were expected to vote for," and it was only with great difficulty that they were persuaded to exercise the right of free suffrage.

PRESENT STATUS AT MANILA.

The commission sums up the situation at the time of its departure as follows:

"When we left Manila a large volume of business was being done, and the streets were so crowded as to be hardly safe. The native population was quiet and orderly and all fear of an uprising had long since passed. An efficient corps of native policemen was on duty. A system of public schools in which English was taught had been advocated by the commission and established by Gen. Otis. Some 6,000 scholars were in attendance.

"In the Tagalog provinces of Luzon, where the anti-American feeling had been strongest, public sentiment had greatly changed, as shown by the fact that the military governor of Batangas had offered

to surrender his troops and his province if we would only send a small force there. The Bicolis, in southern Luzon, had risen against their Tagalog masters. The Macabebe were clamoring for an opportunity to fight in our ranks and native soldiers and scouts were already serving under Gen. Lawton. Stories of the corruption of insurgent officers were becoming daily more common and the disintegration of the enemy's forces was steadily progressing. The hope of assistance from outside sources seemed to be all that held them together."

OUTSIDE OF LUZON.

Having given so much attention to the island of Luzon, the commission then takes up in detail the conditions in the other islands. On this point it is stated that the rebellion is essentially Tagalog and when it ends in Luzon it must end throughout the archipelago. The situation elsewhere than in Luzon is summed up as follows:

"The only island, apart from Luzon, where serious trouble threatens is Panay, to which a considerable force of Tagalog soldiers was sent before the outbreak of hostilities. Many of the Visayans of this island are opposed to the Tagalogs, however, and it is not believed that the latter can make a formidable resistance. In Samar, Leyte and Masbate the Tagalog invaders are numerically few and are disliked by the natives of these islands, whom they have oppressed. We were assured that 200 men would suffice to restore order in Mindoro. Bobol was asking for troops. The Calamian islanders had sent word that they would welcome us. There can be no resistance in Palawan. Satisfactory relations had already been established with the warlike Moros, whose suitsan had previously been conciliated by a member of the commission, and in Mindanao this tribe had even taken up our cause and attacked the insurgents, of whom there are very few in the island. In Cebu we have only to reckon with the lawless element, which has never been very formidable there."

The efforts at conciliation with Aguinaldo and his various commissions are set forth in detail. These commissioners were assured of the beneficent purposes of the United States and the president's readiness to grant the Filipino people as large a measure of home rule and as ample liberty as consistent with the ends of government, "subject only to the recognition of the sovereignty of the United States—a point which, being established, the commission invariably refused even to discuss."

The commission adds that nothing came of negotiations, as Aguinaldo's emissaries were without powers and merely came, and came again, for information. Courteous reception was accorded to the insurgent commissions, and earnest appeals made to stop further bloodshed, all witnessing "the spirit of patient conciliation" exhibited by the American commission in endeavoring to reach an amicable adjustment with the insurgents as well as the obduracy of Aguinaldo. The report sums up the result of these fruitless exchanges as follows:

"No better proof could be furnished that the primary object of his struggle is not, as is pretended, the liberty of the Filipino

peoples, but the continuance of his own arbitrary and despotic power. In any event, the American people may feel confident that no effort was omitted by the commission to secure a peaceful end of the struggle, but the opportunities they offered and urged were all neglected—if not, indeed, spurned."

CAPACITY FOR GOVERNMENT.

The chapter devoted to "Capacity for Self-Government" is the result, the report states, of diligent inquiry for several months, in the course of which a great number of witnesses were examined, of all shades of political thought and varieties of occupation, tribe and locality. The most striking and perhaps the most significant fact in the entire situation is the multiplicity of tribes inhabiting the archipelago, the diversity of their languages—which are mutually unintelligible—and the multifarious phases of civilization—ranging all the way from the highest to the lowest. As to this the report says:

"The Filipinos are not a nation, but a variegated assemblage of different tribes and peoples, and their loyalty is still of the tribal type."

Concerning their intellectual capacities, the commission says:

"As to the general intellectual capacities of the Filipinos the commission is disposed to rate them high. But excepting in a limited number of persons these capacities have not been developed by education or experience. The masses of the people are uneducated. That intelligent public opinion on which popular government rests does not exist in the Philippines. And it cannot until education has elevated the masses, broadened their intellectual horizon and disciplined their faculty of judgment. And even then the power of self-government cannot be assumed without considerable previous training and experience under the guidance and tutelage of an enlightened and liberal foreign power. For the bald fact is that the Filipinos have never had any experience in governing themselves."

The report shows that this inability for self-government is due to the old Spanish regime, which gave the Filipinos little or no part in governing themselves. After reviewing this Spanish system the commission sums up on this point:

"This is all the training in self-government which the inhabitants of the Philippine islands have enjoyed. Their lack of education and political experience, combined with their racial and linguistic diversities, disqualify them in spite of their mental gifts and domestic virtues to undertake the task of governing the archipelago at the present time. The most that can be expected of them is to co-operate with the Americans in the administration of general affairs, from Manila as a center, and to undertake, subject to American control or guidance (as may be found necessary), the administration of provincial and municipal affairs. Fortunately there are educated Filipinos, though they do not constitute a large proportion, and their support and services will be of incalculable value in inaugurating and maintaining the

new government. As education advances and experience ripens the natives may be intrusted with a larger and more independent share of government, self-government as the American ideal being constantly kept in view as the goal. In this way American sovereignty over the archipelago will prove a great political boon to the people.

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWAL.

"Should our power by any fatality be withdrawn the commission believes that the government of the Philippines would speedily lapse into anarchy, which would excuse, if it did not necessitate, the intervention of other powers and the eventual division of the islands among them.

"Only through American occupation, therefore, is the idea of a free, self-governing and united Philippine commonwealth at all conceivable. And the indispensable need, from the Filipino point of view, of maintaining American sovereignty over the archipelago is recognized by all intelligent Filipinos and even by those insurgents who desire an American protectorate. The latter, it is true, would take the revenues and leave us the responsibilities. Nevertheless they recognize the indubitable fact that the Filipinos cannot stand alone. Thus the welfare of the Filipinos coincides with the dictates of national honor in forbidding our abandonment of the archipelago. We cannot, from any point of view, escape the responsibilities of government which our sovereignty entails, and the commission is strongly persuaded that the performance of our national duty will prove the greatest blessing to the peoples of the Philippine islands."

One of the closing chapters of the report is devoted to a tribute to "Our Soldiers and Sailors in the War." The commission says that the presence of Admiral Dewey as a member of this body makes it unfitting to dwell on his personal achievements, but he joins in the eulogy of his comrades. The commission witnessed some of the many brave deeds of our soldiers and they declare that all that skill, courage and a patient endurance can do has been done in the Philippines.

RESPECT FOR THE CHURCHES.

They dismiss the reports of the desecrating of churches, the murdering of prisoners and the committing of unmentionable crimes and say they are glad to express the belief that a war was never more humanely conducted, saying:

"If churches were occupied it was only as a military necessity and frequently after their use as forts by the insurgents had made it necessary to train our artillery upon them. Prisoners were taken whenever opportunity offered, often only to be set at liberty after being disarmed and fed. Up to the time of our departure, although numerous spies had been captured, not a single Filipino had been executed. Such wrongs as were casually committed against the natives were likely to be brought to our attention, and in every case that we investigated we found a willingness on the part of those in authority to administer prompt justice."

The commission gives a general view of the value of the islands, their richness in

agricultural and forest products, their mineral wealth and their commanding geographical position. It states that the islands should soon become one of the great trade centers of the east. Manila is already connected by new steamship lines with Australia, India and Japan, and she will become the natural terminus of many other lines when a ship canal connects the Atlantic with the Pacific. It cannot be doubted that commerce will greatly increase. Manila, with the immunity which it has thus far enjoyed from that terrible pest, the bubonic plague, should become a distributing center for China, Siam, the Straits Settlements, Tonquin, Annam and Worcester.

WHAT AMERICAN CONTROL MEANS.

The report concludes: "Our control means to the inhabitants of the Philippines internal peace and order, a guarantee against foreign aggression and against the dismemberment of their country, commercial and industrial prosperity and as large a share of the affairs of government as they shall prove fit to take. When peace and prosperity shall have been established throughout the archipelago, when education shall have become general, then, in the language of a leading Filipino, his people will, under our guidance, 'become more American than the Americans themselves.'"

The report is signed by J. G. Schurman, George Dewey, Charles Denby, Dean C. Worcester.

EXPEDITIONS TO MANILA.

MAY 25, 1898, to NOV. 24, 1899.

First Expedition—Gen. T. M. Anderson. Sailed May 25 and arrived June 30, 1898; 1st California, 2d Oregon, battery of California artillery and companies A, C, D, E and F, 14th infantry. Total, 115 officers and 2,386 enlisted men.

Second Expedition—Gen. F. V. Greene. Sailed June 15 and arrived July 17, 1898; companies A and B, Utah artillery; 10th Pennsylvania, 1st Colorado, 1st Nebraska, companies A, B, E and G, 18th, and headquarters, companies D, E, F and H, 23d infantry, and detachment United States engineers. Total, 153 officers and 3,428 enlisted men.

Third Expedition—Gens. Merritt and MacArthur. Gen. Merritt sailed June 29 and arrived July 25, 1898. Gen. MacArthur sailed June 27 and arrived July 31, 1898; 1st North Dakota, 13th Minnesota, 1st Idaho, 1st Wyoming, Astor battery, companies C, D, F and H, 18th United States Infantry, and B, C, G and L, 23d United States Infantry, and G, H, K and L, 3d United States artillery, companies A, signal corps volunteers, and A, engineer battalion, U. S. A. Total, 197 officers and 4,650 enlisted men.

Fourth Expedition—Gen. E. S. Otis. Sailed July 15 and arrived Aug. 21, 1898; companies C, E, I, G, K and L, 4th cavalry; D and G, 6th artillery, and G, I, K, L and M, 14th infantry, and detachment of recruits. Total, forty-two officers and 1,640 enlisted men.

Fifth Expedition—Col. H. C. Kessler, 1st Montana. Sailed July 19 and arrived Aug.

24, 1898; 1st Montana. Total, fifty-four officers and 1,294 enlisted men.

Sixth Expedition—Gen. H. G. Otis. Sailed July 23 and arrived Aug. 24, 1898; companies A, C, D, E, F, G, L and M, 1st South Dakota, and recruits. Total, forty-eight officers and 884 enlisted men.

Seventh Expedition—Lieut.-Col. Lee Stover, 1st South Dakota. Sailed July 29 and arrived Aug. 31, 1898; companies B, H, I and K, 1st South Dakota, and recruits. Total, twenty-five officers and 784 enlisted men.

Eighth Expedition—Brig.-Gen. Charles King. Sailed Aug. 21 and arrived at Honolulu Aug. 27, 1898. Sailed from there Nov. 10 and arrived at Manila Nov. 25, 1898; battalion 18th United States infantry and detachments 1st Nebraska, 10th Pennsylvania and 1st Colorado. Total, eighteen officers and 1,006 enlisted men.

Ninth Expedition—Maj. George S. Goodale. Sailed Oct. 17 and arrived Nov. 21, 1898. Total, sixteen officers and 778 enlisted men.

Tenth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. W. J. Fife, 1st Washington. Sailed Oct. 19 and arrived Nov. 21, 1898; companies F, G, I and L, 1st Washington infantry, and part of battalion California artillery. Total, seventeen officers and 484 enlisted men.

Eleventh Expedition—Col. F. Funston, 20th Kansas infantry. Sailed Oct. 27 and arrived Dec. 1, 1898; companies C, D, E, G, H, I, K and M, 20th Kansas. Total, thirty-one officers and 725 enlisted men.

Twelfth Expedition—Col. J. H. Wholley, 1st Washington infantry. Sailed Oct. 28 and arrived Nov. 26, 1898; companies A, B, C, D, E, H, K and M, 1st Washington infantry, and detachment California artillery. Total, twenty-eight officers and 778 enlisted men.

Thirteenth Expedition—Col. W. C. Smith, 1st Tennessee infantry. Sailed Oct. 30 and arrived Nov. 29, 1898; companies A, B, C, E, F, L and M, 1st Tennessee infantry. Total, twenty-four officers and 543 enlisted men.

Fourteenth Expedition—Col. John C. Loper, 51st Iowa infantry. Sailed Nov. 3 and arrived Dec. 5, 1898; 51st Iowa infantry. Total, forty-seven officers and 987 enlisted men.

Fifteenth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. Gracey Childers, 1st Tennessee infantry. Sailed Nov. 6 and arrived Dec. 5, 1898; companies D, G, H, I and K, 1st Tennessee infantry, detachment California artillery and 1st troop Nevada cavalry. Total, twenty-seven officers and 571 enlisted men.

Sixteenth Expedition—Brig.-Gen. M. P. Miller. Sailed Nov. 9 and arrived Dec. 6, 1898; companies A, B, F and L, 20th Kansas, and Wyoming battery. Total, twenty-four officers and 466 enlisted men.

Seventeenth Expedition—Maj.-Gen. H. W. Lawton. Sailed from New York city Jan. 19 and arrived March 10, 1899; 4th infantry, companies B, G, I and M, 17th infantry. Total, forty-two officers and 1,716 enlisted men.

Eighteenth Expedition—Brig.-Gen. Lloyd Wheaton. Sailed from San Francisco Jan. 26 and arrived Feb. 23, 1899; 20th infantry. Total, forty-one officers and 1,213 enlisted men.

Nineteenth Expedition—Col. H. C. Eg-

bert, 22d infantry. Sailed Feb. 1 and arrived March 4, 1899; 22d infantry. Total, thirty-seven officers and 1,230 enlisted men.

Twentieth Expedition—Col. J. H. Page, 3d infantry. Sailed from New York Feb. 3 and arrived March 22; 3d infantry, companies D, H, K and L, 17th infantry. Total, thirty-four officers and 1,702 enlisted men.

Twenty-first Expedition—Lieut.-Col. J. H. Smith, 12th infantry. Sailed Feb. 19 from New York city and arrived April 14; 12th infantry and headquarters, and companies A, C, E and F, 17th infantry. Total, fifty-seven officers, 1,796 enlisted men and fifty-six wives and children.

Twenty-second Expedition—Capt. James Regan, 9th infantry. Sailed March 24 and arrived April 22; headquarters and companies A, F, G, I, L and M, 9th infantry. Total, twenty officers and 693 enlisted men.

Twenty-third Expedition—Capt. C. M. Rockefeller, 9th infantry. Sailed March 28 and arrived April 26; companies B, C, D, E, H and K, 9th infantry. Total, fourteen officers and 599 enlisted men.

Twenty-fourth Expedition—Col. Jacob Kline, 21st infantry. Sailed April 18 and arrived May 11; 21st infantry, light battery E, 1st artillery. Total, thirty-nine officers and 1,451 enlisted men.

Twenty-fifth Expedition—Col. Pope, marine corps. Sailed April 20 and arrived May 23; fifteen officers and 260 enlisted men of marines; light batteries F, 4th, and F, 5th, artillery, under Maj. Tiernan; eight officers and 223 enlisted men. The Warren sailed on the same date with headquarters and companies B, D, E, F, G, H and L, 6th artillery, and detachment of recruits, all under command of Gen. E. B. Williston. Total, twenty-five officers and 1,205 enlisted men. Arrived May 18.

Twenty-sixth Expedition—Col. A. T. Smith, 13th infantry. Sailed April 28 and arrived May 29; headquarters and companies A, C, F, G, H and I, 13th infantry; total, nineteen officers and 724 enlisted men. Sailed on the Ohio, same date, and arrived May 29, Capt. J. H. H. Peshine, 13th infantry, commanding; companies B, D, E, K, L and M, 13th infantry. Total, thirteen officers and 729 enlisted men.

Twenty-seventh Expedition—Brig.-Gen. J. C. Bates. Sailed May 22 and arrived June 19; 6th United States infantry and recruits. Total, forty-one officers and 1,853 enlisted men.

Twenty-eighth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. W. E. Spurgin, 16th infantry. Sailed May 30 and arrived June 27; 16th infantry and recruits. Total, forty officers and 1,665 enlisted men.

Twenty-ninth Expedition—Maj. J. M. Thompson. Sailed June 22 and arrived July 22; companies C, E, G and I, 24th infantry. Total, eight officers and 573 men.

Thirtieth Expedition—Brig.-Gen. S. B. M. Young. Sailed June 24 and arrived July 24; companies A and F, 4th United States cavalry; B and H, 14th infantry, and recruits. Total, thirty-five officers and 1,629 men.

Thirty-first Expedition—Maj. Charles Morton. Sailed June 28 and arrived July 29; regimental band, companies B and M, 4th

United States cavalry; E and H, 25th infantry. Total, ten officers and 454 men.

Thirty-second Expedition—Col. A. S. Burt. Sailed July 1 and arrived Aug. 1; companies B, F, I, K, L and M, 25th infantry. Total, twenty-two officers and 917 men.

Thirty-third Expedition—Lieut. E. B. Winans, Jr. Sailed July 11 and arrived Aug. 18; detachment of 4th cavalry and 275 horses. Total, one officer and thirty-three men.

Thirty-fourth Expedition—Brig.-Gen. T. Schwan. Sailed July 13 and arrived Aug. 11; companies D and H, 4th cavalry; headquarters and companies A, F, H and K, 24th infantry, and B, engineer battalion. Total, thirty-six officers and 911 men.

Thirty-fifth Expedition—Col. S. Snyder. Sailed July 25 and arrived Aug. 20; companies B, D, F, G, H, I, K and M, 19th infantry. Total, forty-one officers and 1,163 men.

Thirty-sixth Expedition—Maj. O. J. Sweet. Sailed July 26 and arrived Aug. 25; companies C and L, 19th infantry, and recruits. Total, eleven officers and 726 men.

Thirty-seventh Expedition—Capt. G. O. Cross. Sailed July 26 and arrived Oct. 13; detachment of 4th cavalry and 200 horses. Total, one officer and thirty-nine men.

Thirty-eighth Expedition—Capt. F. G. French. Sailed July 26 and arrived Aug. 24; companies A and E, 19th infantry. Total, eleven officers and 489 men.

Thirty-ninth Expedition—Col. C. O. Hood. Sailed Aug. 2 and arrived Sept. 1; recruits and casuals. Total, ten officers and 807 men.

Fortieth Expedition—Maj. W. Wittich. Sailed Aug. 10 and arrived Sept. 19; detachment of recruits. Total, eight officers and 689 men.

Forty-first Expedition—Lieut.-Col. E. M. Hayes. Sailed Aug. 15 and arrived Sept. 10; detachment of recruits. Total, ten officers and 660 men.

Forty-second Expedition—Capt. F. H. Albright. Sailed Aug. 15 and arrived Sept. 19; detachment of recruits. Total, two officers and 351 men.

Forty-third Expedition—Lieut. E. M. Suplee. Sailed Aug. 20 from Seattle and arrived Sept. 30; detachment of 3d cavalry and 389 horses. Total, two officers and seventy-four men.

Forty-fourth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. H. W. Wessels, Jr. Sailed Aug. 25 from Seattle and arrived Oct. 1; companies A, C, E, F, K, L and M, 3d cavalry. Total, eighteen officers and 705 men.

Forty-fifth Expedition—Capt. G. F. Chase. Sailed Aug. 25 from Seattle and arrived Oct. 3; troop D, 3d cavalry. Total, three officers and 102 men.

Forty-sixth Expedition—Capt. D. B. Devore. Sailed Aug. 29 and arrived Sept. 25; detachment of recruits. Total, six officers and 659 men.

Forty-seventh Expedition—Lieut. W. T. Johnston. Sailed Sept. 1 from Tacoma and arrived Oct. 9; detachment 3d cavalry. Total, three officers and eighty men.

Forty-eighth Expedition—Capt. T. W. Moore. Sailed Sept. 2 and arrived Oct. 9; detachment signal corps and recruits. Total, ten officers and 1,056 men.

Forty-ninth Expedition—Col. L. W. V. Kennon. Sailed Sept. 8 and arrived Oct. 11; companies E, F, G, N and L, 34th vol-

unteer infantry, with band and hospital corps men. Total, eighteen officers and 566 men.

Fiftieth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. R. L. Howze. Sailed Sept. 16 and arrived Oct. 14; companies A, B, C, D, I, K and M, 34th volunteer infantry; hospital corps men and recruits. Total, twenty-six officers and 779 men.

Fifty-first Expedition—Lieut. H. A. Sievert. Sailed Sept. 16 and arrived Oct. 25; detachment 4th cavalry and 366 horses. Total, one officer and nine men.

Fifty-second Expedition—Col. J. M. Bell. Sailed Sept. 21 and arrived Oct. 27; companies A, B, C, D, I, K and L, 27th volunteer infantry, and hospital corps men. Total, twenty-six officers and 735 men.

Fifty-third Expedition—Lieut.-Col. A. S. Cummins. Sailed Sept. 21 and arrived Oct. 21; companies E, F, G, H and M, 27th volunteer infantry, and hospital corps men. Total, twenty officers and 494 men.

Fifty-fourth Expedition—Col. C. Gardener. Sailed Sept. 23 and arrived Oct. 21; 30th volunteer infantry, recruits, hospital corps men and casuals. Total, fifty-four officers and 1,658 men.

Fifty-fifth Expedition—Col. E. Rice. Sailed Sept. 25 and arrived Oct. 24; 26th volunteer infantry, detachment of officers, hospital corps men and recruits. Total, fifty-five officers and 1,631 men.

Fifty-sixth Expedition—Col. L. R. Hare. Sailed Sept. 30 and arrived Oct. 27; 33d volunteer infantry, companies B, H and I of 32d volunteer infantry, detachment of officers, hospital corps men and recruits. Total, sixty-four officers and 1,663 men.

Fifty-seventh Expedition—Maj. E. C. Cabell. Sailed Oct. 1 and arrived Nov. 3; field and staff and companies C and D, 32d volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-one officers and 209 men.

Fifty-eighth Expedition—Col. L. A. Craig. Sailed Oct. 1 and arrived Oct. 30; companies A, E, F, G, H, K, L and M, 32d volunteer infantry, and detachments of 31st and 33d volunteer infantry. Total, thirty officers and 718 men.

Fifty-ninth Expedition—Maj. R. D. Walsh. Sailed Oct. 4 from Portland, Ore., and arrived Nov. 7; detachment 35th volunteer infantry, hospital corps and recruits. Total, twenty-one officers and 637 men.

Sixtieth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. E. H. Plummer. Sailed Oct. 4 from Portland, Ore., and arrived Nov. 7; detachment 35th volunteer infantry and twenty-one female Red Cross nurses. Total, twenty-eight officers and 692 men.

Sixty-first Expedition—Col. E. E. Hardin. Sailed Oct. 5 and arrived Nov. 3; companies A, B, C, I, K, L and M, 29th volunteer infantry, detachment hospital corps and recruits. Total, thirty-two officers and 788 men.

Sixty-second Expedition—Lieut.-Col. H. H. Sargent. Sailed Oct. 5 and arrived Nov. 2; companies D, E, F, G and H, 29th volunteer infantry, detachment signal corps and recruits. Total, twenty-one officers and 557 men.

Sixty-third Expedition—Capt. C. B. Hardin. Sailed Oct. 5 and arrived Nov. 7; detachment of recruits. Total, thirteen officers and 432 men.

Sixty-fourth Expedition—Col. R. W. Leonard. Sailed Oct. 26 and arrived Nov. 23; companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H,

29th volunteer infantry. Total, thirty-one officers and 829 men.

Sixty-fifth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. W. C. Hayes. Sailed Oct. 26 and arrived Nov. 27; companies I, K, L and M, 31st volunteer infantry. Total, fifteen officers and 380 men.

Sixty-sixth Expedition—Maj. J. B. Porter. Sailed Oct. 26 and arrived Nov. 23; companies I, K, L and M, 28th volunteer infantry. Total, forty officers and 431 men.

Sixty-seventh Expedition—Sailed Oct. 28 and arrived Nov. 27; headquarters and companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, 31st volunteer infantry. Total, thirty-nine officers and 938 men.

Sixty-eighth Expedition—Col. R. L. Bulard. Sailed Nov. 3 from Portland, Ore., due to arrive about Dec. 3; headquarters, companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, 39th volunteer infantry. Total, thirty-three officers and 989 men.

Sixty-ninth Expedition—Sailed Nov. 3 from Portland, Ore., due to arrive about Dec. 3; companies I, K, L and M, 39th volunteer infantry, and L and M, 45th volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-four officers and 680 men.

Seventieth Expedition—Col. Walter Howe. Sailed Nov. 4 from New York city, due to arrive about Dec. 20; 47th volunteer infantry. Total, fifty-two officers and 1,323 men.

Seventy-first Expedition—Col. W. S. Schuyler. Sailed Nov. 14, due to arrive about Dec. 14; headquarters and companies A, B, C, D, E and F, 46th volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-nine officers and 666 men.

Seventy-second Expedition—Maj. S. W. Miller. Sailed Nov. 14, due to arrive about Dec. 15; companies G, H, I, K, L and M, 46th volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-one officers and 614 men.

Seventy-third Expedition—Col. A. Murray. Sailed Nov. 16 from New York city, due to arrive about Jan. 3, 1900; ten companies, 43d volunteer infantry. Total, forty-one officers and 1,080 men.

Seventy-fourth Expedition—Col. J. H. Dorst. Sailed Nov. 16, due to arrive about Dec. 16; headquarters and five companies, 45th volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-one officers and 605 men.

Seventy-fifth Expedition—Maj. D. A. Fredericks. Sailed Nov. 16, due to arrive about Dec. 16; companies A, B, C, D and K, 45th United States volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-one officers and 567 men.

Seventy-sixth Expedition—Col. E. J. McClelland. Sailed Nov. 20, due to arrive about Dec. 20; nine companies, 44th volunteer infantry. Total, forty officers and 980 men.

Seventy-seventh Expedition—Maj. H. C. Hale, commanding. Sailed Nov. 20, due to arrive Dec. 20; eight companies, 44th volunteer infantry, and two companies, 43d volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-five officers and 582 men.

Seventy-eighth Expedition—Col. E. T. O. Richmond. Sailed Nov. 20 from New York, due to arrive about Jan. 10, 1900; 41st volunteer infantry. Total, fifty-two officers and 1,313 men.

Seventy-ninth Expedition—Col. G. S. An-

derson. Sailed Nov. 21, due to arrive Dec. 21; headquarters, and companies E, F, G, H, K and L, 38th volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-eight officers and 654 men.

Eightieth Expedition—Maj. C. H. Muir, commanding. Sailed Nov. 21, due to arrive about Dec. 21; companies A, B, C, D, I and M, 38th volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-two officers and 723 men.

Eighty-first Expedition—Col. E. A. Godwin, commanding. Sailed Nov. 24, due to arrive about Dec. 24; headquarters and companies A, B, C, D, L and M, 40th United States volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-seven officers and 881 men.

Eighty-second Expedition—Maj. W. E. Craighill, commanding. Sailed Nov. 24, due to arrive Dec. 24; companies E, F, G, H, I and K, 40th volunteer infantry. Total, twenty-nine officers and 258 enlisted men.

RETURN OF VOLUNTEERS.

First Expedition—Col. Owen Summers. Sailed from Manila June 14, 1899, and arrived July 12; 2d Oregon regiment.

Second Expedition—Col. H. R. Mulford. Sailed July 1 and arrived July 30; 1st Nebraska infantry and companies A and B, Utah artillery.

Third Expedition—Lieut.-Col. J. E. Barnett. Sailed July 1 and arrived Aug. 1; 10th Pennsylvania.

Fourth Expedition—Col. B. H. McCoy. Sailed July 8 and arrived Aug. 16; 1st Colorado.

Fifth Expedition—Col. V. D. Duboce. Sailed July 26 and arrived Aug. 24; 1st California and companies A and D, California artillery.

Sixth Expedition—Lieut.-Col. W. C. Freeman. Sailed July 30 and arrived Aug. 29; 1st Wyoming, 1st North Dakota, 1st Idaho and Wyoming battery.

Seventh Expedition—Col. A. S. Trost. Sailed Aug. 11 and arrived Sept. 7; 13th Minnesota and 1st South Dakota.

Eighth Expedition—Col. H. C. Kessler. Sailed Aug. 23 and arrived Sept. 24; 1st Montana.

Ninth Expedition—Col. W. S. Metcalf. Sailed Sept. 3 and arrived Oct. 10; 20th Kansas.

Tenth Expedition—Col. J. H. Wholley. Sailed Sept. 5 and arrived Oct. 9; 1st Washington.

Eleventh Expedition—Col. J. C. Loper. Sailed Sept. 22 and arrived Oct. 22; 51st Iowa.

Twelfth Expedition—Capt. F. M. Linscott. Sailed Sept. 25 and arrived Nov. 9; Nevada cavalry.

Thirteenth Expedition—Col. G. Childers. Sailed Oct. 8 and arrived Nov. 11; 1st Tennessee.

LOSSES AT THE PHILIPPINES.

The report of the adjutant-general of the United States army shows the following losses between May 1, 1898, and June 30, 1899:

	Killed.	Died of Wounds.	Died of Disease.	Total.
Officers	20	10	11	41
Men	233	82	369	684

THE ANGLO-BOER WAR.

The Anglo-Boer war, which was begun by the Boers Oct. 11, is the outgrowth of an ever-present irritation between the British and Boer population in South Africa. The Cape of Good Hope was discovered by the Portuguese in 1486. But—the Portuguese failing to take any advantage of their discovery—the Dutch, landing at Cape Town in 1650, founded the settlement that afterward became the capital of Cape Colony. In 1686 French Huguenots, leaving France because of the revocation of the edict of Nantes, emigrated to Cape Colony. For a long time hostility existed between the two races, but this was finally wiped out by the almost complete assimilation of the French by the Dutch, and at this time little remains to disclose that the French element ever existed except in the nomenclature of places and persons. Gen. Joubert, the commander of the Boer forces, derives his name from French ancestors. The Dutch-French stock thus generated is generally referred to as "Africander." This denominative was applied before there were enough other Caucasians at the Cape to be considered. At this time, however, "Africander" means any Caucasian born in South Africa. The word "Boer" means a ruralist or farmer.

RELIGIOUS ZEAL OF THE BOERS.

Perhaps the most marked characteristic of the Boers is their religious zeal. The church and state go hand in hand, and at times the ecclesiastics overrule the action of the civil judiciary. The doctrine of the church is the Presbyterian creed, and the profession of piety and pretense of reliance on the Divinity is one of the constant and most striking features of Boer daily life. How sincere these expressions may be cannot be guessed. When a Boer community seeks to found a new town or settlement a piece of ground is marked off. In the center a large piece is set apart for the church, much as in rural towns in the United States a square is reserved for a public building. The lots surrounding the block and contiguous thereto are sold to the highest bidders and thereby enough money is raised to build and fit out the church.

Boer industries are limited to farming and stock-raising; but little manufacturing is attempted and that is of a primitive sort. Content, which has been called unprogressiveness, is a conspicuous characteristic of Boer life. These characteristics at this time are much the same as they were in the early days of South African history.

EFFORTS FOR FREEDOM.

In 1795 the Dutch undertook to throw off the yoke of the Holland government. The British assisted Holland to suppress the revolt and remained in possession of the country, in opposition to the wishes of Holland and against the desire of the Boers, until 1802, when by the peace of Amiens it was restored to Holland. On the renewal of the war in 1806 the Cape country was again seized by the British and was ceded by the king of the Netherlands to England for \$30,000,000. Since that time Cape Colony has remained in the undisputed possession of Great Britain.

CONFLICTS WITH THE NATIVES.

From the earliest time to the present day there have been constantly recurring collisions and wars between the Boers and the Hottentots and other native tribes. These through many generations have made the Boers exceptional marksmen with the rifle, while the rough life they have led by preference has given them hardihood and vigor with a taste for aggression and adventure. The frequent capture of natives engrafted the institution of slavery upon Boerdom and made it a part of the Boer religion and statecraft until in 1834 the slaves were freed by Great Britain. But despite the fact that the Boers were paid \$6,000,000 to recompense them for the loss of their slaves they were bitterly resentful because of the deprivation. It is said that in the Transvaal and Orange Free State a system of slavery under an "apprentice law" is practiced at this time. The Boers claimed at that time that in the wars which prevailed the British made them do all the fighting, risking and losing their property by the native invasions, and that when the natives were dispossessed by the Boers the latter were in turn practically dispossessed by the British.

THE GREAT TREK.

Discontent arose from these and other causes, among which was a natural incompatibility of temperament, and in 1836 the Boers, hoping to forever get away from the British, accomplished the great trek, selling their farms in Cape Colony and moving northward into the territory now known as Natal, the Transvaal, or South African Republic, and the Orange Free State, which was then a forbidding wilderness. In 1848 the British proclaimed and managed to assert authority over the Natal territory. A portion of the Boers, departing from Natal, crossed the Drakensberg mountains. Followed by the British they retreated beyond the Vaal river, where they founded their present capital—Pretoria.

After a few years' experience in control of the Orange river sovereignty, the British reached the conclusion that it was not a desirable acquisition, and in 1852, by the terms of the Sand river convention, gave the Boers liberty to organize a government of their own. The Orange Free State was immediately established and has maintained its independence ever since, unhampered by the English. It has united with the Transvaal Boers in the current war against England.

In 1877 the British and the Boers united in repelling and dispossessing the native Africans of their country. When the war was ended, the Boers having done most of the fighting and suffering the gravest losses of life and property, the British declared the conquered country annexed to Britain and thus laid the foundation for future disagreements.

THE LONDON AGREEMENT.

In 1870 diamonds were discovered at Kimberley, in British territory. In 1880-81 the Boers revolted and declared themselves in-

dependent, and successfully resisted the efforts of England to subjugate them. In this war the British lost over 700 men, most of whom were shot in vital parts, while the Boers lost less than fifty.

By a convention signed at Pretoria in 1881 Mr. Gladstone's government restored independence to the Transvaal. It was clearly understood, however, that the Transvaal was to be subject to British suzerainty. But the Boers were still dissatisfied with the peace terms and by urgent appeals to Mr. Gladstone secured a new agreement which is called the "London agreement," under which no restriction was placed on the independence of the South African Republic except that "The South African Republic will conclude no treaty or engagement with any state or nation other than the Orange Free State nor with any native tribe to the eastward or westward of the republic until the same has been approved by her majesty the queen."

The design of this treaty, as avowed by the diplomat who made it (Lord Derby), was to absolutely release the Transvaal and make it an independent state. Mr. Chamberlain said last summer that the treaty of 1884 made the Transvaal "a foreign state." However, the treaty of 1884, according to Lord Derby, while giving the Transvaal internal freedom, nevertheless recognized Britain's suzerainty.

DISCOVERY OF GOLD.

Gold was discovered in Transvaal territory in 1886, the production of which increased rapidly.

The gold country filled with Englishmen and a sprinkling of other foreigners. In 1889 the British South Africa company was organized with Cecil Rhodes as its controlling spirit. The discovery of the cyanide process for saving gold increased the output of the metal and investigation showed that the bodies of ore would far outlast the generation. This led to more permanent residential conditions and the English Uitlanders (Boer for foreigner) at once began to consider ways and means for subverting the Boer government and bringing the Transvaal under British dominion. About this time (1892) the Transvaal government changed the law whereby Uitlanders could become citizens of the Transvaal, making the residential qualification fourteen years instead of two years, as it had been fixed in 1881.

THE JAMESON RAID.

The increase of the gold production continued, British citizens continued to pour in, discontent against the Boers increased, all culminating in the Jameson raid in 1895, which was a failing attempt to subvert the Boer government. At that time Mr. Chamberlain declared in the house of commons (May 8, 1898) that England had no right to interfere in the internal affairs of the Transvaal. In 1887 the gold production of the Transvaal reached about \$40,000,000, the mining companies being capitalized at \$3,000,000,000. The complaint of the Uitlanders has been that they have paid about 90 per cent of the Boer government's revenues. Some of this has been derived from the dynamite monopoly of the Transvaal government. To this the Boers have replied that the British were making most of

the money and should pay most of the taxes.

BEGINNING OF THE CONTROVERSY.

In 1898 Mr. Chamberlain began the discussion with President Kruger which led up to the present war. Chamberlain claimed that the home rule, or internal independence, of the Transvaal was simply a grant of the queen of Great Britain, while the Transvaal government denied Britain's suzerainty. The chief complaint of the Uitlanders was that they were taxed without representation. President Kruger offered to reduce residential qualification for citizenship to five years, provided England would relinquish all claim to a right to interfere in Transvaal affairs. This had a deep significance. If England released the Transvaal fully, then the naturalizing alien would have to renounce the British citizenship and take an oath of allegiance to the Transvaal government. Mr. Chamberlain wanted the Uitlanders to be given the right to vote without becoming citizens of the South African Republic. This would not have changed their status toward their native countries. The effect of admission of Uitlanders to citizenship on Mr. Chamberlain's plan would have been to give them the control of the government while not binding them to allegiance to it. This condition President Kruger designed to offset in some degree by limiting the number of Uitlander seats in the volksraad to a minority number.

Military preparations, designed by Mr. Chamberlain to impress the Boers, kept pace with the negotiations. But instead of alarming the Boers these preparations aroused their combativeness until the Boer people practically forced the Transvaal government into sending an ultimatum to England.

THE BOER ULTIMATUM.

This document was matured and forwarded to Mr. Chamberlain Oct. 9, and demanded that all matters at issue be arbitrated and that Great Britain cease all military preparations menacing the Transvaal. In the meantime Mr. Chamberlain was sending the Boers an ultimatum, the two passing on the wires about the same time. Not receiving a reply to their demand the war was begun by the Boers, who invaded Natal Oct. 11.

THE TRANSVAAL COUNTRY.

The Transvaal is about the size of New Mexico and is generally much such a country, though much better watered. It is an elevated plateau interspersed with mountains. The eastern boundary of the Transvaal and Orange Free State is the Drakensberg mountains. East of the mountains the country slopes to the sea. To the west of the mountains the territory has an average level of about 5,000 feet above the sea. Gradually as one advances inland the rainfall and water courses diminish, and at the western border the country is arid and farther to the westward is a desert. The frontier between the Transvaal and the Orange Free State and Natal is the Drakensberg mountain range, through which passes available for the passage of an army are not numerous.

Some of these passes in 1881 were defended successfully by small numbers of Boer sharpshooters. These physical conditions make campaigning difficult, especially where artillery has to be moved and a base of supplies advanced with the main army.

THE BOERS AS SOLDIERS.

In addition the strategical policy of the Boers is not easy to cope with. It is understood that during the last ten years German officers have taught the Boers military strategy and the use of modern cannon. But despite this there is no prospect that the British will be able to induce the Boers to form in the open and give battle in a real military fashion. On the other hand the policy of the Boers in the former war was to invest the passes and oppose British advances by firing from behind the natural protection afforded by the rocks. Against such methods the musketry fire of the British was totally ineffective and shelling but little more disastrous. However, in advancing into Natal the Boers were forced to assume aggressive action, but this has not been conspicuous for its ingenuity or bravery. At Kimberley and Ladysmith they resorted to shelling the towns from a safe distance. The Boers, much to the surprise of the British, have been found to be well supplied with cannon. They use the Mauser rifle, which is the arm of the German army. For several years, it is now discovered, the Boers have been accumulating arms and ammunition in preparation for the war which they felt must sooner or later come.

EVENTS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

SEPTEMBER.

17. South Africa's reply to England's demand for a five years' franchise was received in London. The demand was repudiated.
22. At a meeting of the British cabinet in London it was decided that no new proposals for a final settlement of the Transvaal dispute should be formulated until the British forces at the Cape had been materially re-enforced.
28. The raad of the Orange Free State decided that in the event of a war the state would support the republic.

OCTOBER.

4. The British government authorized the expenditure of \$15,000,000 for moving troops.
5. British troops to the number of 2,500 were landed in Natal.
7. By a royal proclamation the British reserves were mobilized.
10. The South African Republic sent an ultimatum to Great Britain demanding arbitration and the withdrawal of the troops from the borders.
12. The Boers invaded Natal from the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. Great Britain refused to discuss the ultimatum.
20. The battle of Glencoe was fought. The Boers with artillery attacked the British line and were repulsed by Gen. Sir William Penn Symons, who was fatally wounded. The Boers lost some of their

artillery, and losses were many on both sides. Gen. Kock, the Boer commander, was killed.

24. The Transvaal and Orange Free State governments issued proclamations annexing large areas of British territory north of the Orange river.
26. The Boers began the bombardment of Mafeking, in Bechuanaland.
28. The Boers advanced on Ladysmith, in Natal.
29. The Boers closed around Ladysmith and mounted two large guns 4,500 yards from the British camp.
30. In a sharp engagement at Ladysmith the British drove the Boers back, but lost two battalions captured, the Gloucestershires and the Dublin fusiliers, and a mountain battery. Gen. White attributed the disaster to the stampede of the battery mules with the ammunition.

NOVEMBER.

1. Gen. Sir Redvers Buller left Cape Town for Durban.
2. Telegraphic communication with Natal was interrupted. The Boers bombarded Ladysmith.
3. The municipal council of Paris passed resolutions of sympathy with the Boers.
4. The British war office announced that Colenso, the point where the railroad crosses the Tugela river in Natal, had been evacuated, thus completing the Boer investment of Ladysmith.
5. Gen. Buller ordered a retreat of the large British force at Stormberg, south of the Free State border, to Queens-town, fifty miles to the southeast; the Boers annexed part of Natal.
7. A report of the situation at Ladysmith, highly encouraging to the British, was received from Gen. White. There was hard fighting on Thursday and Friday, (Nov. 2 and 3), followed by a cessation of hostilities. In the fighting the Boers sustained severe losses, one column south of Ladysmith being annihilated. Further news of the invasion of Zululand by a Boer force was received. The Boer lines were drawn closer around Kimberley. A vigorous bombardment of Kimberley was begun by the Boers.
10. A pigeon post message from Gen. White reported the continuance of the bombardment of Ladysmith, without serious harm to the garrison. The camp was being strengthened and the supply of provisions was ample. A second transport, the Moor, arrived at Cape Town, bringing troops of Buller's army corps. More transports left Liverpool and Queenstown with troops for South Africa.
11. Four troop ships arrived at Cape Town with 5,000 troops. A naval brigade and several guns were landed at Durban.
12. A troop ship arrived at Durban and another reached Cape Town.
13. Little change was reported in the Transvaal situation. The garrisons at Mafeking, Kimberley and Ladysmith were holding out. Three troop ships arrived at the Cape. Already 12,802 British reinforcements had reached South Africa, and 11,000 were due. About half of them were sent to Durban.

14. Severe fighting reported to have taken place at Mafeking, in Bechuanaland. Additional British troops reached Durban.
15. An armored British railroad train was ambushed by the Boers north of Estcourt and two half companies of troops were attacked, most of them being captured. Among the prisoners was Lieut. Churchill.
16. The Boers were reported to be in force within five miles of Estcourt, in lower Natal. Four transports reached Cape Town, which makes a total of 23,500 British re-enforcements to reach South Africa. Of these nearly 20,000 were forwarded to Durban.
18. Six additional transports arrived at Cape Town.
19. The Boer invasion of Cape Colony resulted in the seizure of the towns of Aliwal North, Colesburg and Burghersdorp. Lieut. Churchill and fifty-six other British prisoners arrived at Pretoria.
20. Reports from Hope Town, in Cape Colony, indicated that the Boers had taken Campbell, in West Griqualand.

RATES OF POSTAGE AND MONEY ORDERS.

DOMESTIC.

Embraces United States and island possessions of Guam, Puerto Rico and Philippines.

FIRST CLASS.—Letters and all written matter, whether sealed or unsealed, and all matter closed against inspection, either by nailing, sewing, wrapping or in any other manner, so that the contents cannot be removed from the wrapper and be returned thereto without mutilating either, are subject to the first-class rate of postage, 2 cents per ounce or fraction thereof.

Special Delivery.—Any article of mailable matter, bearing a 10-cent special-delivery stamp, in addition to the lawful postage, is entitled to immediate delivery on its arrival at the office of address between the hours of 7 a. m. and 11 p. m., if the office be of the free-delivery class; and between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. if the office be other than a free-delivery office. To entitle such a letter to immediate delivery, the residence or place of business of the addressee must be within the carrier limits of a free-delivery office and within one mile of any other office.

Postal Cards.—Issued by the government, 1 cent each. The postmaster-general alone is authorized by law to determine the quality, form and size of postal cards, and to prescribe the regulations under which they may be sent in the mails, and it is not within the discretion of others to change the card so adopted. Such change of form or face, such as trimming, punching holes, or mutilation of any kind, will render the stamp impressed thereon valueless, and such mutilated card offered for mailing must have affixed thereto the full postage, viz.: one cent if the message is entirely in print, and the letter rate if it is wholly or partly in writing.

SECOND CLASS.—All regular newspapers, magazines and other periodicals issued at stated intervals not less frequently than four times a year, when mailed by publishers; the postage is 1 cent for each pound. A special rate of 1 cent for four ounces is made for all second-class matter mailed by other than publishers or newsdealers.

THIRD CLASS.—Embraces printed books, pamphlets, circulars, engravings, lithographs, proof-sheets with manuscript accompanying same and all matter of the same general character and not having the character of personal correspondence. Circulars produced by the mimeograph, hectograph, electric pen and other similar processes of transfer in imitation of hand or type writing, not having the character of an actual personal correspondence, and easy of recognition, are mailable at the third-class rate of postage when presented to the postoffice or carrier station in not less than 20 identical copies. If mailed elsewhere or in less number, the letter rates of postage must be paid. Matter of the third class must

be so wrapped as to be easy of inspection without breaking the seal or mutilating the wrapper. Rate of postage, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. Full prepayment compulsory.

FOURTH CLASS.—All mailable matter, like merchandise, not included in the three preceding classes, which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily taken from the wrapper and examined. Rate, 1 cent per ounce or fraction thereof, except seeds, roots, cuttings, bulbs, plants and scions, which are 1 cent per two ounces. Limit of weight, four pounds. Full prepayment compulsory. Liquids and other like injurious matter not admitted, except under some conditions, which may be learned at any postoffice.

Private Mailing Cards.—1. Cards must not exceed in size $3\frac{3}{4}$ by $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches, nor be less than 2 15-146 by 15-16.

2. The quality of the cards must be substantially that of the government postal cards.

3. The cards must bear these words at the top of the address side: "Private Mailing Card—Authorized by Act of Congress of May 19, 1888." ("Postal card—Carte postale.") When prepared by printers or stationers for sale they should also bear in the upper right-hand corner of the address side an oblong diagram with the words "Place the postage stamp here," and in the lower left-hand corner the following words should be printed: "This side is for the address."

4. The postage rate applicable to cards for the United States, Canada and Mexico is 1 cent. For other countries the rate is 2 cents.

5. The face of the card is reserved exclusively for postage stamps, postmarks and the address, which may be in writing, printing, by means of a stamp or by an adhesive label of not more than three-fourths of an inch by two inches in size. The sender may in the same manner indicate his name and address on the face or back of the card; and engravings and advertisements may be printed on the front if they do not interfere with a perfectly distinct address.

SUGGESTIONS.—Direct your mail matter to a postoffice, writing the name of the state plainly; and if to a city, add the street and number or postoffice box of the person addressed. Matter not addressed to a postoffice cannot be forwarded. Write or print your name and address, and the contents, if a package, upon the upper left-hand corner of all mail matter. This will insure the immediate return of all first-class matter to you for correction, if improperly addressed or insufficiently paid; and if it is not called for at destination, it can be returned to you without going to the dead-letter office. If a letter, it will be returned free. Undeliverable second, third and fourth class matter will not be forwarded or returned without a new prepayment of postage. When a return card appears on this

matter either the sender or addressee is requested to send the postage. Register all valuable letters and packages. Registry fee, 8 cents, which, with the postage, must be fully prepaid. Limited indemnity on presentation of sufficient proof will be paid in case of loss of contents from registered matter of the first class.

MONEY-ORDER FEES.—For domestic money orders in denominations of \$100 or less, the following fees are charged:

For orders for sums not exceeding \$2.50.....	3c
For over \$2.50 and not exceeding \$5.....	5c
For over \$5 and not exceeding \$10.....	8c
For over \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	10c
For over \$20 and not exceeding \$30.....	12c
For over \$30 and not exceeding \$40.....	15c
For over \$40 and not exceeding \$50.....	18c
For over \$50 and not exceeding \$60.....	20c
For over \$60 and not exceeding \$75.....	25c
For over \$75 and not exceeding \$100.....	30c

An additional fee of 2 cents is charged for each order as a special war tax.

FOREIGN.

Mall matter may be sent to any foreign country either directly or through the intermediary of some postal union state.

ON LETTERS.—Five cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof—prepayment optional. Double rates are collected on delivery of unpaid or short-paid letters.

POST CARDS.—Single, 2 cents each; with paid reply, 4 cents each.

Private Mailing Cards.—Two cents each, subject to conditions governing domestic private mailing card, printed in this almanac.

On newspapers, books, pamphlets, photographs, sheet music, maps, engravings and similar printed matter, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof. Prepayment required at least in part.

TO CANADA (Including Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Manitoba and Prince Edward Island).—Letters, 2 cents for each ounce or fraction thereof; books, circulars and similar printed matter, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof; second-class matter, same as in the United States; samples of merchandise, 1 cent for each two ounces. Minimum postage 2 cents. Merchandise, 1 cent for each ounce or fraction. Packages must not exceed four pounds in weight—prepayment compulsory.

CUBA.—Rates of postage same as to all foreign countries.

HAWAII.—Rates of postage same as to all foreign countries, except that merchandise must be sent by parcels post. (See conditions below.)

GUAM.— } Domestic rates and conditions apply to all classes
PUERTO RICO.— } of mail matter.
PHILIPPINES.— }

TO MEXICO.—Letters, postal cards and printed matter, same rates as in the United States; samples, 1 cent for each two ounces; 2 cents the least postage on a single package; merchandise other than samples can be sent only by parcels post.

LIMITS OF SIZE AND WEIGHT.—Packages of samples of merchandise to foreign countries must not exceed twelve ounces, nor measure more than twelve inches in length, eight in breadth and four in depth; and packages of printed matter must not exceed four pounds six ounces.

PARCELS POST.

Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by parcels post to Jamaica, including the Turks and Caicos Islands, Barbados, the Bahamas, British Honduras, Republic of Honduras, Mexico, the Republic of Hawaii (Sandwich Islands), the Leeward Islands, the Republic of Colombia, Salvador, Costa Rica, the Danish West India Islands—St. Thomas, St. Croix and St. John—British Guiana, the Windward Islands, Newfoundland, Trinidad,

including Tobago, and Germany at the postage rate and subject to the conditions herein prescribed. Parcels may also be sent to Chile, subject to these conditions, at the rate of 20 cents per pound or fractional part thereof.

Limit of weight......11 pounds
Greatest length......3 feet 6 inches
Greatest length and girth combined......6 feet

Postage......12c a pound or fraction thereof
Except that parcels for Colombia, Costa Rica and Mexico must not measure more than two (2) feet in length or more than four (4) feet in girth.

A parcel must not be posted in a letter box but must be taken to window No. 10, general postoffice, or any carrier postal station, and presented to the person in charge, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m., where a record will be made and a receipt given therefor.

INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDERS.

For sums not exceeding \$10.....	10c
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20.....	20c
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30.....	30c
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40.....	40c
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50.....	50c
Over \$50 and not exceeding \$60.....	60c
Over \$60 and not exceeding \$70.....	70c
Over \$70 and not exceeding \$80.....	80c
Over \$80 and not exceeding \$90.....	90c
Over \$90 and not exceeding \$100.....	\$1

Note.—Puerto Rico and Cuba: Domestic fees; no war tax.

International money orders may be drawn in the United States upon any of the following countries or places:

All countries in North America except Mexico.

In Central America: Salvador, Honduras and British Honduras only.

In South America: British Guiana, Chile, Panama (British Postal Agency) only.

In the West Indies: Cuba, Danish West Indies, Turks islands, Jamaica, Windward Islands, Leeward Islands, Bahamas, Bermuda Islands, Trinidad and Puerto Rico only.

On all countries in Europe except Spain, Russia, Greece and Montenegro.

On the following countries and places in Asia: Aden, Bagdad, Bassorah, Turkey; Dutch East Indies; British India; Beluchistan; Beyroot, Turkey; Bunder Abbas or Gomborn, Persia; Burma; Bushire, Persia; Calpaha or Haifa, Turkey; Canton, China; Ceylon; Chios or Scio, Turkey; Hankow, China; Haibow, China; Jaffa, Turkey; Jask, Persia; Jerusalem, Turkey; Kerrassunde, Turkey; Linga or Lingor, Persia; Mitylene, Turkey; Muscat, Turkey; Ningpo, China; Samsun, Turkey; Shanghai, China; Slam; Smyrna, Turkey; Swatow, China; Trebizond, Turkey; Hongkong, China; Japan and Fusan; Chemulpo, Seoul, Yuensan and Mukho, Korea.

On the following countries and places in Africa: Accra, Gold Coast; Assab, Bogamoyo, East Africa; Banana, Congo Free State; Boma, Congo Free State; British Bechuanaland; Cameroons; Cape Coast Castle, Gold Coast; Dares Salaam, East Africa; Cape Colony; Egypt; Gambia; German Protectorates; Gold Coast Colony; Klein Popo, Togo; Kiliwa, East Africa; Lagos, West Coast; Lamu, East Coast; Lindi, East Africa; Lome, Togo; Massowah, Matadi, Congo Free State; Mondasa, East Coast; Natal, Orange Free State, Pangani, East Africa; Saadani, East Africa; South African Republic; Panga, East Africa; Tangier, Morocco; Transvaal; Tripoli; Tunis; Zanzibar.

On the following countries and islands: Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Azores, Crete, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Iceland, Faroe Islands, Madeira Islands, Malta, Rhodes, St. Helena, Seychelle Islands, Spice Islands and the Straits Settlements, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands.

Illinois Civil Lists.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

City Government:	Salaries
Mayor—Carter H. Harrison, Dem.....	\$10,000
City Clerk—William Loeffler, Dem.....	5,000
Deputy City Clerk—James C. Strain, Dem.....	3,500
Chief Clerk to City Clerk—Edward Ehrhorn, Rep.....	2,500
City Treasurer—A. Ortseifen, Dem.....	Int.
City Attorney—A. J. Ryan, Dem.....	5,000
City Comptroller—Wm. D. Kerfoot, Dem.....	6,000
Deputy Comptroller—W. K. Ackerman, Dem.....	4,500
Com'r Public Works—L. E. McGann, Dem.....	6,000
Deputy—Adolph Sturm, Dem.....	3,600
Corporation Counsel—C. M. Walker, Dem.....	6,000
General Superintendent of Police—Joseph Kiple, Dem.....	6,000
Fire Marshal—Denls J. Swenie, Dem.....	6,000
City Collector—F. X. Brandecker, Dem.....	3,600
Com'r of Health—Dr. A. R. Reynolds, Dem.....	5,000
Com'r of Buildings—J. McAndrews, Dem.....	5,000
City Sealer Weights and Measures—James A. Quinn, Dem.....	Fees
Prosecuting Attorney—Dr. H. S. Taylor, Pop.....	3,600
City Physician—Dr. D. G. Moore, Dem.....	2,250
Inspector of Gas—James O'Brien, Dem.....	2,400
Inspector of Oils—Robert E. Burke, Dem.....	Fees
Inspector of Steam Boilers—Charles Schlacks, Dem.....	Fees
Supt. Water Office—Henry O. Nourse, Dem.....	3,000
Sergeant-at-Arms City Council—John Dillard, Dem.....	1,500
Supt. House of Correction—John J. Sloan, Dem.....	4,000
Supt. of Sewers—L. O. S. Burke, Dem.....	3,000
City Engineer—John Ericson, Dem.....	4,500
Supt. of Streets—M. J. Doherty, Dem.....	4,500
Supt. of Schools—E. B. Andrews.....	4,000
City Electrician—Edw. W. Ellicott, Dem.....	4,000
Business Agent—Irrving Washington, Dem.....	4,000

Board of Aldermen.

Republicans, 36; democrats, 30; Independents, 1; vacant, 1.

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2. Michael Kenna, D.
3. C. F. Gunther, D.
4. Eugene R. Pike, R.
5. H. S. Fltch, R.
6. Charles Alling, R.
7. W. S. Jackson, R.
8. M. J. Foreman, R.
9. Edw. D. Connor, R.
10. M. M. Blake, D.
11. Chas. Martin, D.
12. J. J. McCormick, D.
13. Henry L. Fick, D.
14. N. T. Brenner, R.
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24. J. C. Patterson, R.
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51. W. E. Schlake, D.
52. F. K. Blake, R.
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64. W. C. Nelson, R.
65. Hugh T. Darcy, D.
66. Edw. Watkins, D.
67. J. B. Math, R.
68. F. I. Bennett, R.

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Robt. Lindblom, Dem.....\$3,000

John Ludwig, Rep.....	\$3,000
Edward Carroll, Dem.....	3,000
Secretary—Timothy J. Corcoran.....	2,000

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Public Library Board.

Azel F. Hatch, Robert S. McCormick, C. L. Hutchinson, F. S. Peabody, W. A. Kufewski, C. A. Plamondon, Frederick H. Herhold, Jacob Franks, Otto W. Lewke.

Secretary—Wm. B. Wickersham.....\$3,000
 Librarian—Frederick H. Hild.....4,000

Regular meetings of the board, second and fourth Saturdays of each month, at 3 p. m., from Oct. 1 to May 31, and second and fourth Fridays of each month, at 4 p. m., from June 1 to Sept. 30.

Newberry Library.

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 Secretary—R. B. McConnel.

John Grear Library.

Board of Directors ———, president; Huntington W. Jackson, first vice-president; Peter S. Grosscup, second vice-president; Marshall Field, E. W. Blatchford, T. B. Blackstone, Robert T. Lincoln, Henry W. Bishop, Albert Keep, Simon J. McPherson, John M. Clark, Frank S. Johnson, George A. Armour.

Librarian—Clement W. Andrews.
 Secretary—G. A. Armour.

Park Commissioners.

Lincoln Park—H. B. Wickersham, president; F. H. Gansberger, Geo. B. Byron, Lloyd J. Smith, F. H. Winston, Joseph E. Dunton, Michael Shields; secretary, I. J. Bryan; office, Lincoln park.

West Park—Joseph W. Suddard, president; William C. Eggert, auditor; F. M. Blount, Andrew J. Graham, Charles B. Pavlicek, Anton Petersen, Chas. W. Kopf; secretary, Ernest G. Schubert; office, Union park.

South Park—Joseph Donnersberger, president; John B. Sherman, James W. Ellsworth, William Best, Jefferson Hodgkins; secretary, E. C. Shumway; office, Garfield boulevard and South park.

Illinois Free Employment Agencies.

Created by Act of April 11, 1899.

CHICAGO AGENCIES.

South Side Office (41 Congress-st.)—Geo. W. Geary, superintendent; John Felker, assistant superintendent.

North Side Office (234-234½ Chicago-av.)—W. E. Goodman, superintendent; Thomas Devensh, assistant superintendent.

West Side Office (28 Ogden-av.)—Frederick E. Erickson, superintendent; Patrick J. Meaney, assistant superintendent.

COUNTY OF COOK.

	Salaries
Probate Judge—J. H. Batten, R.....	\$7,000
County Judge—O. N. Carter, R.....	7,000
Judges of Superior Court—Joseph E. Gary, R.; Henry M. Shepard, D.; Jonas Hutchinson, D.; Jesse Holdom, R.; Philip Stein, D.; Axel Chytraus, R.; A. H. Chetlain, R.; H. V. Freeman, R.; Theodore Brentano, R.; N. C. Sears, R.; Farlin Q. Ball, R.; Marcus Kavanaugh, R.; each.....	\$7,000
(Judges' terms expire as follows: Gary, 1902; Shepard, 1902; Brentano, 1903; Chetlain, 1904; Hutchinson, 1904; Holdom, 1904; Stein, 1904; Chytraus, 1904; Freeman, 1904; Sears, 1902; Ball, 1902; Kavanaugh, 1902.)	
Judges Circuit Court—Murray F. Tuley, chief justice, D.; Thomas G. Windes, D.; B. W. Burke, R.; R. S. Tutbill, R.; R. W. Clifford, D.; O. H. Horton, R.; A. N. Waterman, R.; E. F. Dunne, D.; Francis Adams, D.; Frank Baker, D.; E. Hancey, R.; John Gibbons, R.; Abner Smith, R.; C. G. Neely, R.; each.....	\$7,000
(Terms expire June, 1903.)	
Judges Appellate Court—Adams, Windes and Sears of the Circuit and Superior courts.....	\$7,000
State's Attorney—Charles S. Deneen, R.....	7,000
County Attorney—Robert S. Iles, R.....	4,000
Assistants—Chas. Jones, F. L. Shepard, Louis Anderson, each.....	1,800
County Physician—Dr. W. H. Hunter, R.....	2,000
County Agent—Geo. S. Oleson, R.....	2,500
Superintendent of Schools—O. T. Bright, R.....	2,000
County Clerk—Philip Knopf, R.....	2,000
Warden County Hospital—J. H. Graham, R.....	3,000
Clerk of County Court—Philip Knopf, R.....	3,000
Superintendent at Dunning—A. N. Lange, R.....	3,000
Custodian of the Criminal Court Building—Frank Simon, R.....	1,800
Custodian of the County Building—James Kazda, R.....	1,800

	Salaries
County Architect—Robert B. Watson, R.....	Com.
Civil-Service Commission—John Morrison, Geo. Lovejoy, R.; J. E. Davis, D., each.....	\$1,500
Physicians to Insane Asylum—Dr. ——— and Dr. Maria Winchell.....	1,200
Physicians to Poorhouse—Dr. Eberline, Dr. Clara Ferguson, R.....	1,200
Clerk Superior Court—John A. Linn, R.....	5,000
Chief Clerk—James J. Healy, R.....	2,500
Clerk Appellate Court—T. N. Jamieson, R.....	Fees
Clerk Circuit Court—John A. Cook, R.....	5,000
Clerk Criminal Court—P. J. Cahill, R.....	5,000
Chief Deputy—Wm. Lawson.....	2,500
Clerk Probate Court—James Reddick, R.....	5,000
Chief Clerk—Harry Hall, R.....	2,500
Coroner—George Berz, R.....	5,000
Chief Deputy—W. P. Dusenberry, R.....	2,500
County Surveyor—Louis Enricht, R.....	Fees
Recorder of Deeds—R. M. Simon, R.....	6,000
Chief Deputy—Walter V. Hayt.....	2,500
County Treasurer—S. B. Raymond, R.....	4,000
Sheriff—E. J. Magerstadt, R.....	6,000
Chief Deputy—Chas. F. Peters, R.....	3,000
Jailer—J. L. Whitman, R.....	2,000
Board of County Commissioners—City districts:	
James C. Irwin, Michael Petrie, David Kallits, Charles J. Happel, Charles J. Dahlgren, John F. Devine, Louis H. Mack, Edward H. Wright, James H. Burke, Frank J. Lindsten. Country districts: George Struckman, Henry J. Beer, A. Van Steenberg, P. M. Hoffman, Joseph Carolan (all Rep.), each.....	\$4,000
President County Board—J. C. Irwin, R.....	6,000
Clerk County Board and Deputy Comptroller—James L. Monaghan, R.....	3,600
County Assessors—August W. Miller, R.; Charles E. Randall, R.; James J. Gray, D.; Adam Wolf, R.; William H. Weber, R.	
Members of Board of Review—Florus D. Meacham, R.; Fred W. Upham, R.; Roy O. West, R.	
Committee Clerk—O. W. Nash.....	\$2,500
Supt. of Public Service—D. D. Healy.....	5,000

STATE OF ILLINOIS.

[Corrected to Oct. 15, 1899.]

	Salaries
Gov.—John R. Tanner, R., Clay county.....	\$6,000
Lieut.-Gov.—W. A. Northcott, R., Bond county.....	1,000
Sec. of State—James A. Rose, R., Pope county.....	3,500
Auditor—James S. McCullough, R., Champagne county.....	3,500
Treas.—F. K. Whittemore, R., Sangamon county.....	3,500
Supt. of Pub. Inst'n—Alfred Bayliss, R., LaSalle county.....	3,500
Atty.-Gen.—Edw. C. Akin, R., Willcounty.....	3,500
Ins. Supt.—James R. B. Van Cleave, Springfield.....	3,500
Adjutant-Gen.—Jasper N. Reece, Springfield.....	3,000

The Supreme Court.

The Supreme court consists of seven judges, elected for a term of nine years, one from each of the seven districts into which the state is divided. The election is held in June of the year in which any term expires.

The state was formerly divided into three grand divisions which have been consolidated by act of legislature. The three clerks elected from the old divisions hold over until the end of their terms in 1902, after which only one will be elected. One clerk for each of the three grand divisions is elected for a term of six years.

Justices.

Dist.	(Salary \$5,000.)	Term Expires
1. Carroll C. Boggs.....	Fairfield.....	June, 1906
2. Jesse J. Phillips.....	Hillsboro.....	" 1906

Dist.	Term Expires
3. Jacob W. Wilkin.....	Danville..... June, 1906
4. Joseph N. Carter.....	Quincy..... " 1906
5. Alfred M. Craig.....	Galesburg..... " 1906
6. James H. Cartwright.....	Oregon..... " 1906
7. Benj. D. Magruder.....	Chicago..... " 1906

Reporter—Isaac N. Phillips.
Clerks—Northern grand division, Christopher Mamer.

Southern grand division, Jacob O. Chance.
Central grand division, A. D. Cadwallader.
Terms of court are held in Springfield, commencing on the first Tuesday in February, April, June, October and December.

Illinois State Board of Agriculture, 1899-1900.

President—W. H. Fulkerson, Jerseyville.
Ex-President—J. Irving Pearce, Chicago.
Secretary—W. C. Garrard, Springfield.
Treasurer—B. H. Brainerd, Springfield.
Vice-Presidents—

1. Charles H. Dolton.....Dolton Station.
2. J. H. Ashby.....Chicago.
3. Martin Conrad.....Chicago.
4. F. A. Rossiter.....Chicago.
5. Vacant.
6. Fred A. Busse.....Chicago.
7. H. J. Cater.....Libertyville.
8. M. Zempleman.....Marengo.
9. A. J. Lovejoy.....Roscoe.
10. B. B. David.....Aledo.
11. George H. Madden.....Mendota.
12. J. A. Cunningham.....Hoopestown.
13. C. A. Tatman.....Monticello.
14. D. W. Vittum.....Carton.
15. A. D. Barber.....Hamilton.

Dist.

16. C. M. Simmons Griggsville.
17. J. F. Frather Williamsville.
18. W. A. Young Butler.
19. J. K. Dickerson Lawrenceville.
20. John M. Crebs Carmi.
21. T. S. Marshall Salem.
22. J. C. Chapman Vienna.

Illinois State Dairymen's Association.

Incorporated March 5, 1883.

President—George H. Gurler, DeKalb.*Vice-Pres. and Treas.*—Joseph Newman, Elgin.*Secretary*—J. H. Monrad, Winnetka.

Board of Directors—G. H. Gurler, DeKalb; A. G. Judd, Dixon; S. G. Soverhill, Tiskilwa; R. R. Murphy, Garden Plain; John Stewart, Elburn; Joseph Newman, Elgin; R. G. Welford, Red Bud.

Illinois Farmers' Institute.

Created by Act of June 24, 1895. Term, 2 years.

OFFICERS, 1899.

President—G. A. Willmarth, Seneca.*Vice-President*—L. N. Beal, Mt. Vernon.*Treasurer*—A. P. Grout, Winchester.*Sec. and Supt. of Institutes*—A. B. Hostetter, Springfield.**BOARD OF DIRECTORS.***Ex-officio.*

State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Alfred Bayliss, Springfield; President State Dairymen's Association, George H. Gurler, DeKalb; Dean of College of Agriculture, Eugene Davenport, Urbana; President State Board of Agriculture, William H. Fulkerson, Jerseyville; President State Horticultural Society, H. M. Dunlap, Savoy.

Elective by Congressional Districts.

Dist.

1. Chas. H. Dolton Dolton Station.
2. W. R. Goodwin Chicago.
3. Sara Steenberg Chicago.
4. John M. Clark Chicago.
5. James Frake Chicago.
6. Wm. Stewart Chicago.
7. C. J. Lindermann Chicago.
8. C. D. Bartlett Bartlett.
9. Amos F. Moore Polo.
10. J. H. Coolidge Galesburg.
11. G. A. Willmarth Seneca.
12. F. I. Mann Gilman.
13. S. Noble Kling Bloomington.
14. Oliver Wilson Magnolia.
15. G. W. Dean Adams.
16. A. P. Grout Winchester.
17. Charles F. Mills Springfield.
18. E. W. Burroughs Edwardsville.
19. D. W. Shank Paris.
20. L. N. Beal Mt. Vernon.
21. W. R. Kinzey Tamaroa.
22. H. G. Easterly Carbondale.

Illinois State Horticultural Society.

Created by Act of March 24, 1874.

President—Henry M. Dunlap, Savoy.*Vice-President*—H. A. Aldrich, Neoga.*Secretary*—L. R. Bryant, Princeton.*Treasurer*—J. W. Stanton, Richview.**EXECUTIVE BOARD.**

- Henry M. Dunlap Savoy State.
 L. R. Bryant Princeton State.
 J. L. Hartwell Dixon Northern.
 I. W. Barnard Manteno Northern.
 G. J. Foster Normal Central.
 H. L. Doan Jacksonville Central.
 L. N. Beal Mt. Vernon Southern.
 J. W. Stanton Richview Southern.

Illinois State Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association.*President*—S. S. Noble, Bloomington.*Secretary*—Edward Craig, Albion.

E. E. Ellsworth Danville.

- M. W. Summers Curran.
 G. M. Curtis Quincy.
 F. L. Kimmey Chicago.
 F. B. White Chicago.
 S. T. Jones Williamsville.
 E. G. Hayward Cropsey.

Board of Equalization of Assessments.

Term of office four years. Present term began

Dist. August, 1897.

1. Geo. F. McKnight, R. Chicago.
2. John J. McKenna, R. Chicago.
3. Solomon Simon, R. Chicago.
4. Andrew McAnsh, R. Chicago.
5. Albert Oberndorf, R. Chicago.
6. Henry Severin, R. Chicago.
7. Edward S. Taylor, R. Evanston.
8. Theodore S. Rogers, R. Downer's Grove.
9. Charles A. Works, R. Rockford.
10. Thomas P. Pierce, R. Kewanee.
11. Samuel M. Barnes, R. Fairbury.
12. Frank P. Martin, R. Watseka.
13. Frank K. Robeson, R. Champalgn.
14. W. O. Cadwallader, R. London Mills.
15. J. S. Cruttenben, R. Quincy.
16. L. D. Hirschheimer, D. Pittsfield.
17. Thomas N. Leavitt, R. Maroa.
18. Joseph F. Long, D. New Douglas.
19. Richard Cadle, D. Charleston.
20. Chas. Emerson, R. Albion.
21. John W. Larimer, D. Salem.
22. William A. Wall, R. Mound City.

Southern Normal University.

Located at Carbondale. Term Expires

- F. C. Vandervoort Bloomington 1903
 F. A. Prickett Carbondale 1903
 Douglas Helm Metropolis 1903
 S. P. Wheeler Springfield 1901
 A. C. Brookins Du Quoin 1901

The Superintendent of Public Instruction, *ex officio*.*President*—D. B. Parkinson, Carbondale.*Secretary*—F. A. Prickett, Carbondale.*Regent*—Harvey W. Everett, A. M., LL. D.*Registrar*—Daniel B. Parkinson, A. M.*Librarian*—Minnie J. Fryar.**Board of Education.***President*—William H. Green, Calro.*Secretary and Ex-Officio Member*—Alfred Bayliss, Springfield.*Treasurer*—F. D. Marguls, Bloomington.

Enoch A. Gastman Decatur.

Chas. L. Capen Bloomington.

William R. Sandham Wyoming.

E. R. E. Kimbrough Danville.

Matthew P. Brady Chicago.

Mrs. Ella F. Young Chicago.

W. H. Greene Calro.

Forrest F. Cook Galesburg.

M. W. Shanahan Chicago.

James H. Norton Ravenswood.

Jacob L. Bailly Macomb.

George B. Harrington Princeton.

P. R. Walker Rockford.

M. E. Plain Aurora.

Board of Trustees Northern Normal University.

Located at DeKalb.

President—A. A. Goodrich, Chicago. 1901*Secretary*—W. C. Garrard, Springfield. 1901

Isaac L. Ellwood DeKalb. 1901

Charles H. Deere Moline. 1901

R. S. Ferrand Dixon. 1901

Alfred Bayliss, *ex officio* Springfield.**Board of Trustees Eastern Normal University.**

Located at Charleston.

F. M. Youngblood Carbondale 1901

H. A. Neal, *Secy.* Charleston 1903A. H. Jones, *Pres.* Robinson 1901

L. P. Wolfe Peoria 1903

W. H. Halnlane Macomb 1901

Alfred Bayliss, *ex officio* Springfield.

University of Illinois.

Ex-Officio Members—The Governor, the President of the State Board of Agriculture, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

	<i>Term Expires</i>
F. M. McKay.....	Chicago.....1903
Mary Turner Carriel.....	Jacksonville.....1903
Thomas J. Smith.....	Champaign.....1903
Miss Alice A. Abbott.....	Chicago.....1905
F. L. Hatch.....	Mellentry.....1905
A. F. Nightingale.....	Chicago.....1905
Alex. McLean.....	Macomb.....1901
Samuel A. Bullard.....	Springfield.....1901
Lucy L. Flower.....	Chicago.....1901

(*Ex-officio members as above.*)

President—Dr. A. S. Draper, Urbana.

Business Manager—Prof. S. W. Shattuck, Champaign.

Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners.

Office at Springfield.

(Salary \$3,500 a year.)

Cicero J. Lindley.....	Greenville.....1901
C. S. Rannels.....	Jacksonville.....1901
J. E. Bidwill.....	Chicago.....1901

Secretary—Wm. Kilpatrick, Springfield.

Commissioners of Public Charities.

(No compensation.)

Lafayette Funk.....	Shirley.....1902
R. D. Lawrence.....	Springfield.....1904
Julia C. Lathrop.....	Rockford.....1900
W. P. Sloan.....	McLeansboro.....1904
Ephraim Banning.....	Chicago.....1902

Secretary—Frederick H. Wines, Springfield.

Canal Commissioners.

Office at Lockport.

(Salary \$5 a day.)

Howard O. Hilton.....	Rockford.....1901
C. E. Salvely.....	Canton.....1901
A. C. Mathews.....	Pittsfield.....1901

State Board of Pardons.

Richard Lemon.....	Clinton.....1902
M. Emmerson.....	Mt. Vernon.....1902
Ethan Allen Snively.....	Springfield.....1900

Clerk—D. B. Breed, Springfield.

Commissioners Illinois State Penitentiary.

Prison located at Joliet.

(Salary \$1,500 a year.)

Thomas O'Shaughnessy.....	Chicago.....1905
John H. Pierce.....	Kewanee.....1901
Homer H. Green.....	Bloomington.....1903

Warden—E. J. Murphy.

Commissioners Southern Illinois Penitentiary.

Prison located at Chester.

(Salary \$1,500 a year.)

Thomas W. Scott, <i>Pres.</i>	Fairfield.....1905
H. F. Bader.....	East St. Louis.....1902
James E. Jobe.....	Harrisburg.....1900

Warden—J. Mack Tanner.

These commissioners also have charge of the Asylum for Insane Criminals at Chester.

State Board of Health.

Office at Springfield.

L. Adelsberger, <i>Pres.</i>	Waterloo.....1901
C. B. Johnson.....	Champaign.....1901
Florence Hunt.....	Chicago.....1901
P. H. Wessel.....	Moline.....1900
M. Meyerovitz.....	Chicago.....1900
J. C. Sullivan.....	Calro.....1905
R. F. Bennett.....	Litchfield.....1905

Secretary—J. A. Egan, Springfield.

Dental Examiners.

(Salary \$5 a day.)

J. G. Reid.....	Chicago.....1902
A. C. Barr.....	Alton.....1900
W. C. Jocelyn.....	Calro.....1904
J. H. Smyser.....	Chicago.....1903
H. W. Pitner.....	Fairfield.....1901

Secretary—J. H. Smyser, 70 State street, Chicago.

Trustees of the Historical Library.

Term Expires

Hiram W. Beckwith.....	Danville.....1899
Edmund J. James.....	Chicago.....1899
George W. Black.....	Springfield.....1899

Librarian—Mrs. J. P. Weber.

Board of Pharmacy.

W. Bodeman.....	Chicago, Dec. 30, 1904
W. A. Dyche.....	Evansston " 1900
T. A. Jewett.....	Oregon " 1903
William C. Simpson.....	Vienna " 1902
Benard Schwartz.....	Salem " 1900

Secretary—Frank Fleury, Springfield.

Commission of Claims.

(No compensation.)

J. C. McKenzie.....	Elizabeth.....1903
Walter Loudon.....	Carlyle.....1903
W. C. Jones.....	Robinson.....1903

Live-Stock Commissioners.

(Salary \$5 a day and expenses.)

Jas. H. Paddock, <i>Ch'n.</i>	Springfield, Ap. 1, 1902
James P. Lott.....	Chicago " 1902
J. M. Darnell.....	Rushville " 1902

Secretary—C. P. Johnson, Springfield.

State Veterinarian—C. P. Lovejoy, Princeton.

Fish Commissioners.

Headquarters at Havana.

S. P. Bartlett.....	Quincy, July 1, 1902
Nathan H. Cohen.....	Urbana " 1902
Angustus Lenke.....	Chicago " 1902

State Board of Mine Examiners.

(Salary \$3 per day and expenses while in service.)

Richard Newsam, <i>Pres.</i>	Peoria.
James Taylor.....	Edwards.
P. M. McCann.....	Lincoln.
C. Johnson.....	Spring Valley.
Hugh Murray, M. E.	Nashville.

Secretary—Eben Howells, Braceville.

State Inspectors of Mines.

(Salary \$1,800 per annum.)

1. Hector McAllister.....	Streator.
2. Thomas Hudson.....	Galva.
3. John W. Graham.....	Danverline.
4. John E. Williams.....	Danville.
5. Walton Rutledge.....	Alton.
6. John Dunlop.....	Centralla.
7. Evan D. John.....	Murphysboro.

State Board of Arbitration.

(Salary \$1,500 per annum.)

Daniel J. Keefe, <i>Ch'n.</i>	Chicago, Mar. 1, 1904
Horace R. Calef.....	Monticello " 1901
W. S. Forman.....	E. St. Louis " 1901

Secretary—J. McCan Davis, Springfield.

Board of Commissioners of Labor.

(Salary \$5 per day for 30 days.)

P. H. Donnelly, <i>Pres.</i>	Chicago.....1899
R. Smith.....	Flora.....1899
L. W. Friburg.....	Pana.....1899
Thos. D. Kellgar.....	Pana.....1899
Samuel M. Dalzell.....	Spring Valley.....1899

Secretary—David Ross, Springfield.

Factory Inspectors.

Office New Era building, Chicago.

Louis Arrington.....	Alton.....Salaries \$1,500
Abraham Harris.....	Chicago.....1,000

DEPUTY INSPECTORS.

Mrs. Sarah Crowley.....	Chicago.....750
Mrs. Emma Jameson.....	Chicago.....750
Phillip StelmueUer.....	Chicago.....750
William Ehn.....	Galesburg.....750
Thomas Devenich.....	Chicago.....750
Mrs. Clarinda M. Cope.....	Chicago.....750

	Salaries
Mrs. Winnie M. Cressey, Chicago.....	\$750
Mrs. F. H. Greene, Chicago.....	750
C. P. Yates, Cerro Gordo.....	750
Samuel Relger, Chicago.....	750

Board of Examiners of Horseshoers.

	Term Expires
Mathers Wilson, Jr., Pres. Mendota.....	1902
C. F. Fenske, Aurora.....	1903
S. F. English, Chicago.....	1900
J. G. Kilwan, Chicago.....	1901
Thomas Botheroyd, Secy., Chicago.....	1899

Board of Examiners of Architects.

	Term Expires
N. Clifford Kleker, Champaign.....	1901
C. W. Nothnagel, Chicago.....	1903
William Zimmerman, Chicago.....	1901
Peter B. Wright, Chicago.....	1901
William H. Reeves, Peoria.....	1903

Asylum for the Blind.

Trustees.	Located at Jacksonville.
N. W. Branson.....	Petersburg.....1901
Augustus Dow.....	Pittsfield.....1903
Edward W. Rew.....	Chicago.....1905
Superintendent—Frank H. Hall.	
Treasurer—James T. King.	

Industrial Home for the Blind.

	Located at Chicago.
L. L. Smith.....	Evanston.....1899
William Ludewig.....	Chicago.....1899
William Barclay, Pres.....	Chicago.....1899
F. S. Peabody.....	Chicago.....1899
Jacob H. Hopkins, Secy.....	Chicago.....1899

Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

	Located at Jacksonville.
George W. Harper, Pres.....	Robinson.....1901
Robert Aitcheson.....	Carthage.....1905
John H. Collier.....	Gibson City.....1903
Superintendent—Dr. J. C. Gordon.	

Eye and Ear Infirmary.

	Located at Chicago.
J. W. Pettit.....	Ottawa.....1901
Francis B. Phillips.....	Bloomington.....1903
L. S. Lambert.....	Galesburg.....1905
Superintendent—C. T. Garrard.	
Treasurer—Arthur B. Fleager.	

Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.

	Located at Lincoln.
Zeno K. Wood.....	Mt. Pulaski.....1899
Clarence H. Gittings.....	Terre Haute.....1903
S. C. Smiley.....	O'Fallon.....1901
Superintendent—W. L. Athon.	
Treasurer—Henry C. Quisenberry.	

Central Hospital for the Insane.

	Located at Jacksonville.
K. M. Whitman.....	Aledo.....1905
F. L. Sharp.....	Jacksonville.....1903
James A. Glenn.....	Ashland.....1901
Superintendent—F. C. Winslow.	
Treasurer—John R. Robertson.	

Eastern Hospital for the Insane.

	Located at Kankakee.
George T. Buckingham.....	Danville.....1905
Len Small.....	Kankakee.....1903
Almet Powell.....	Gilman.....1903
Superintendent—Dr. J. C. Corbus.	
Treasurer—E. A. Curtis, Grant Park.	

Northern Hospital for the Insane.

	Located at Elgin.
A. S. Wright.....	Woodstock.....1905
J. C. Murphy.....	Aurora.....1903
W. Scott Cowen.....	Shannon.....1901
Superintendent—Dr. F. S. Whitman.	
Treasurer—A. L. Grossman.	

Southern Hospital for the Insane.

	Located at Anna.
H. H. Kohn.....	Anna.....1905
L. Krughoff.....	Nashville.....1903

Trustees.	Term Expires
Samuel Hastings.....	Cairo.....1901
Superintendent—W. A. Stoker.	
Treasurer—John B. Jackson, Jonesboro.	

Western Hospital for the Insane.

	Located at Watertown.
John I. McCauley.....	Clay City.....1903
Frank W. Gould.....	Moline.....1901
Allen W. Clement.....	Chicago.....1905
Superintendent—W. E. Taylor.	
Treasurer—Cornelius F. Lynde, Watertown.	

Asylum for Incurable Insane.

	Located at Peoria.
F. W. Menke, Pres.....	Quincy.....
M. P. Reed.....	Peoria.....
Secretary—J. W. Wilson, Kilmundy.	
Superintendent—Dr. G. A. Zeller.	

Soldiers and Sailors' Home.

	Located at Quincy.
William O. Wright.....	Freeport.....1905
John W. Niles.....	Sterling.....1903
C. V. Chandler.....	Macomb.....1901
Superintendent—Capt. William Somerville.	
Treasurer—Egbert H. Osborn.	

Soldiers' Orphans' Home.

	Located at Normal.
Benson Wood.....	Effingham.....1905
W. G. Cochran.....	Sullivan.....1901
W. R. Page.....	Chicago.....1903
Superintendent—R. N. McCauley.	
Treasurer—Bert M. Kuhn, Bloomington.	

Soldiers' Widows' Home.

	Located at Wilmington.
Capt. M. N. M. Stewart.....	Wilmington.....1899
Walter C. Newberry.....	1899
Flora Johnson Miller.....	Monticello.....1899
Mrs. Christian Erickson.....	Chicago.....1899
Mrs. Derilla Johnson.....	Chicago.....1899
Matron—Margaret R. Wilkins.	
Treasurer—James Whittlen.	

State Reformatory.

Managers.	Located at Pontiac.
William Jackson.....	Rock Island.....1909
A. S. Wilderman.....	Belleville.....1903
Francis Gilbert.....	Chicago.....1901
Valentine Jobst.....	Peoria.....1901
Samuel Fallows.....	Chicago.....1899
Superintendent—George Torrance.	

Home for Juvenile Female Offenders.

	Located at Geneva.
J. J. Southworth.....	Allerton.....1902
W. A. Colledge.....	Aurora.....1901
Henry Whitemore.....	Sycamore.....1900
Mrs. F. H. Blickman.....	Geneva.....1901
Victoria M. Richardson.....	Princeton.....1901
Superintendent—Ophelia L. Amigh.	

State Game Commissioner.

H. W. Loveday, 109 Randolph street, Chicago.

Inspectors of Grain.

E. J. Noble, chief.....	Chicago.....1901
Thos. Stevenson.....	Joliet.....1901
F. E. Lewis.....	Savanna.....1901
W. P. Dixon.....	Kankakee.....1899
J. M. Garland.....	Decatur.....1899
J. S. McCloud.....	Sheldon.....1893

State Supervising Architect.

R. B. Watson.....Chicago.....1903

State Entomologist.

Prof. S. A. Forbes.....Urbana.

State Veterinarian.

C. P. Lovejoy.....Princeton.

State Food Commissioner.

A. H. Jones.....Robinson.....1901

OFFICIAL LIST OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OFFICERS FOR 1900.

COUNTIES.	County seat.	County clerk.	Circuit clerk.	State's attorney.
Adams.....	Quincy.....	Jackson R. Pearce..	Joseph L. Sheridan..	G. H. Willson.
Alexander...	Cairo.....	Jesse E. Miller.....	Edmund S. Dewey..	William N. Butler.
Bond.....	Greenville...	Wm. D. Matney.....	Wm. Reid.....	Fred W. Fritz.
Boone.....	Belvidere...	W. M. Bowley.....	Adelbert C. Fassett.	Robert H. Wright.
Brown.....	Mt. Sterling..	Edward Purcell.....	William S. Badgett.	Walter I. Munny.
Bureau.....	Princeton.....	Wm. Wilson.....	Henry Fuller.....	Watts A. Johnson.
Calhoun.....	Hardin.....	Chas. Flamm.....	W. S. Willson.....	T. J. Selby.
Carroll.....	Mt. Carroll...	Andrew B. Adams..	Reuben R. Watson..	Ralph E. Eaton.
Cass.....	Virginia.....	Arthur M. Pendleton	Henry T. Kors.....	C. A. Schaeffer.
Champaign..	Urbana.....	Thomas A. Burt.....	Jasper W. Porter...	Andrew J. Miller.
Christian...	Taylorville...	Chas. A. Clark.....	Edward J. Rhodes...	E. A. Humphreys.
Clark.....	Marshall.....	Chas. H. Thatcher..	J. O. Snedeker.....	Samuel Schofield.
Clay.....	Louisville...	John A. Bateman...	Crawford W. Erwin.	Harvey W. Shriver.
Clinton.....	Carlyle.....	John S. Ackerman..	Frank H. Albers...	Thomas E. Ford.
Coles.....	Charleston...	A. C. Sellars.....	R. P. Mitchell.....	Emery Andrews.
Cook.....	Chicago.....	Phillip Knopf.....	John A. Cooke.....	Charles S. Deneen.
Crawford...	Robinson...	Chas. O. Harper...	William S. Price...	Hampton S. Bogard.
Cumberland..	Toledo.....	John N. Kelly.....	William T. Deppen..	Smith Misner.
DeKalb.....	Sycamore.....	Albert S. Kinsloe...	S. T. Armstrong...	Henry S. Early.
DeWitt.....	Clinton.....	Warren Hickman...	William O. Rogers..	John Fuller.
Douglas.....	Tuscola.....	Chas. A. Hawkins...	E. W. Jeffers.....	John H. Chadwick.
Edgar.....	Wheaton.....	Henry F. Lawrence..	Albert H. Wyant...	Mazzini Slusser.
Edwards.....	Paris.....	Eljah E. Eledge.....	John L. Vance.....	Harry H. Van Sellar.
Edgingham...	Albion.....	Frank Woodham...	Edwin J. Willson...	Joel C. Fitch.
Fayette.....	Edgingham...	Jno. H. Martin.....	Henry Hubrick.....	Jacob Zimmerman.
Ford.....	Vandalia...	F. M. Fekard.....	Lewis E. Mitchell..	E. B. Spurgeon.
Franklin.....	Paxton.....	W. B. Flora.....	T. D. Thompson...	A. L. Phillips.
Gallatin.....	Benton.....	Wm. P. Asa.....	H. R. Dial.....	R. H. Flannigan.
Gallatin.....	Lewistown...	Harvey J. Ennor...	Richard E. Griffith.	B. M. Chipperfield.
Greene.....	Shawneetown.	Jno. McKelligott...	James M. Gregg...	George B. Parsons.
Grundy.....	Carrollton...	Wm. A. Hubbard...	Thomas J. Rafferty.	Douglas J. Sullivan.
Hamilton.....	Morris.....	W. Scott Pierce...	Fred S. Johnson...	George Huston.
Hancock.....	McLeansboro.	Frank Lockett.....	Ilram L. Maulding.	Napoleon Sneed.
Hardin.....	Carthage.....	Jas. W. Westfall...	William M. Gordon.	Sterling P. Lemmon.
Henderson...	Elizabethto'n.	Clarence C. Madden.	Milas Ferrell.....	J. Q. A. Ledbetter.
Henry.....	Oquawka.....	Jno. M. Lukins.....	Harry F. McAllister.	James W. Gordon.
Iroquois.....	Cambridge...	Frank G. Wetton...	Philip B. Keeler...	Emery C. Graves.
Jackson.....	Watseka.....	B. F. Price.....	Fred Benjamin...	James W. Kern.
Jasper.....	Murphysboro.	D. L. Boucher.....	Benj. T. Williams..	John W. Herbert.
Jefferson.....	Newton.....	H. K. Powell.....	Isaiah Stewart.....	H. C. Davidson.
Jersey.....	Mt. Vernon...	Jno. R. Piercy.....	Charles R. Keller...	William C. Blair.
Jo Daviess...	Jerseyville...	Jno. C. McGrath...	Ludovic Laurent...	Martin J. Dolan.
Johnson.....	Galena.....	Michael McGuire...	Richard M. Spensely	John C. Boevers.
Kane.....	Vienna.....	Thomas M. Gore...	Levi J. Smith.....	George B. Gillespie.
Kankakee...	Geneva.....	Jno. McKellar.....	T. J. Rushton.....	Frank W. Joslyn.
Kendall.....	Kankakee...	Fred Mann.....	Len Small.....	B. L. Cooper.
Knox.....	Yorkville...	Wm. Hill.....	Avery N. Beebe...	Albert M. Sweetland.
Lake.....	Galesburg...	M. O. Williamson...	Samuel V. Stickney.	Eugene W. Welch.
LaSalle.....	Waukegan...	Albert L. Hendce...	William M. Ragan...	C. T. Heydecker.
Lawrence...	Ottawa.....	Fred A. Hathaway..	Henry Phillips...	William H. Stead.
Lee.....	Lawrenceville	Geo. W. Hill.....	Charles F. Eshelman	Noah M. Tohill.
Livingston...	Dixon.....	James H. Thompson	Ira W. Lewis.....	Edward H. Brewster.
Logan.....	Pontiac.....	Fred Duckett.....	Erastus Hoobler...	Ray Bladell.
Macon.....	Lincoln.....	Z. F. Beldier.....	August B. Kuemmel	Andrew L. Anderson.
Macoupin...	Decatur.....	J. M. Dodd.....	David L. Foster.....	Isaac R. Mills.
Madison.....	Carlinville...	Orin C. Hartley...	John Homer.....	John B. Vaughn.
Marion.....	Edwardsville.	Henry Riniker.....	Thos. W. Springer.	L. Newton Stolls.
Marshall...	Salem.....	A. Jackson Chance..	Isaac B. Betts.....	Charles E. Jennings.
Mason.....	Lacon.....	Edward J. Quinn...	John Helm.....	John H. Franklin.
Massac.....	Ilavana.....	M. A. Terry.....	H. B. Samuell.....	S. A. Murdock.
McDonough..	Metropolis...	Sam'l Atwell.....	Colfax Morris.....	Douglas W. Helm.
McHenry.....	Macomb.....	Jno. E. Lane.....	William S. Brown...	Thomas H. B. Camp.
McLean.....	Woodstock...	Geo. F. Rushton...	George B. Richards.	Vincent S. Lumley.
Menard.....	Bloomington.	R. L. Carlock.....	James C. Elder.....	R. L. Fleming.
Mercer.....	Petersburg...	H. M. Levering...	Theo. C. Bennett...	John M. Smoot.
Montgomery.	Aledo.....	Fred Hendrickson..	William McManus...	James M. Brock.
Morgan.....	Waterloo...	Louis Arns.....	Frank Durfee.....	Joshua Wilson.
Moultrie...	Hillsboro...	John M. Shoemaker.	William H. Leaban.	Milton M. Creighton.
Ogle.....	Jacksonville.	Frank J. Helni.....	Charles L. Hayden..	J. Marshall Miller.
Peoria.....	Sullivan.....	L. K. Scott.....	E. A. Silver.....	W. K. Whitfield.
Perry.....	Oregon.....	Jas. C. Fesler.....	Charles M. Gale...	Solon W. Crowell.
Pike.....	Peoria.....	Chas. A. Rudel.....	Thaddeus S. Simpson	John S. Dalley.
Pope.....	Pinckneyville.	Jno. G. Taffee.....	Albert A. Driemeyer	C. R. Hawkins.
Pulaski.....	Monticello...	Benj. F. Kagey.....	Robert Hudgen.....	Charles F. Mansfield.
	Pittsfield...	Jno. R. Giger.....	Henry Bowser.....	H. Clay Williams.
	Pittsfield...	Joseph Lay.....	Tony R. Kerr.....	William H. Moore.
	Pittsfield...	E. W. McClelland..	Charles S. Britton..	S. M. Bradley.

ILLINOIS COUNTY OFFICERS.—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	County seat.	County clerk.	Circuit clerk.	State's attorney.
Putnam.....	Hennepin.....	Geo. F. Stanton.....	Jefferson Durley.....	James E. Taylor.
Randolph.....	Chester.....	Henry F. Faberty.....	William H. Miller.....	Reuben J. Goddard.
Richland.....	Olney.....	Jno. Martin.....	George A. Keller.....	H. G. Morris.
Rock Island.....	Rock Island.....	Henry B. Hubbard.....	George W. Gamble.....	Charles J. Searle.
Saline.....	Harrisburg.....	Jas. H. Pearce.....	John H. Lee.....	Serzle Capel.
Sangamon.....	Springfield.....	Chas. E. Opel.....	E. Dow Matheny.....	Elbert S. Smith.
Schuyler.....	Kushville.....	Isaac Lewis.....	Ell B. Dixon.....	Thos. E. Bottenberg.
Scott.....	Winchester.....	Jno. B. Thompson.....	Jackson L. Smithson.....	Thomas J. Priest.
Shelby.....	Shelbyville.....	Albert Allen.....	Thomas H. Graham.....	W. O. Wallace.
Stark.....	Toulon.....	Wm W. Fuller.....	Joseph Chase.....	James H. Rennick.
St. Clair.....	Belleville.....	Geo. K. Thomas.....	Thomas May, Jr.....	Martin D. Baker.
Stephenson.....	Freeport.....	F. C. Held.....	H. W. Bolander.....	Oscar E. Heard.
Tazewell.....	Pekin.....	Lot Bergstresser.....	A. L. Champion.....	G. W. Cunningham.
Union.....	Jonesboro.....	J. W. Laws.....	William H. Peak.....	James Lingle.
Vermillion.....	Danville.....	Thos. J. Dale.....	Martin J. Barger.....	S. G. Wilson.
Wabash.....	Mt. Carmel.....	Geo. A. King.....	George C. Harvey.....	George P. Ramsey.
Warren.....	Monmouth.....	W. H. Sexton.....	L. O. Tourtellott.....	Lewis H. Hanna.
Washington.....	Nashville.....	Henry F. Reuter.....	Thomas J. Vernor.....	Frank M. Vernor.
Wayne.....	Fairfield.....	A. L. Wall.....	James P. Turner.....	Bernard M. Klder.
White.....	Carmi.....	Henry L. Rice.....	John E. Stuart.....	Isaac F. Spence.
Whiteside.....	Morrison.....	Geo. W. Howe.....	Lauren E. Tuttle.....	Walter Stager.
Will.....	Joliet.....	W. F. Hutchinson.....	Frank V. Bogart.....	William D. Helse.
Williamson.....	Marion.....	Jas. F. Felts.....	Henry C. Jones.....	Richmond R. Fowler.
Winnebago.....	Rockford.....	Marcus A. Norton.....	Lewis F. Lake.....	Arthur H. Frost.
Woodford.....	Eureka.....	Ed C. Engel.....	George Jeck.....	George P. Gill.

TO OBTAIN STANDARD TIME.

Persons living in the following places, or in their vicinity, will add or subtract the figures given to local time to find the new standard time.

CITIES.	Standard or division	Correction minutes.	CITIES.	Standard or division	Correction minutes.
Portland, Me.....	Eastern.	Sub. 19	St. Joseph, Mo.....	Central.	Add 01
Boston, Mass.....	"	" 16	Kansas City, Mo.....	"	" 90
Providence, R. I.....	"	" 14	Grand Haven, Mich.....	"	Sub. 53
New Haven, Conn.....	"	" 8	Detroit.....	"	" 23
New York City.....	"	" 4	Milwaukee, Wis.....	"	" 8
Buffalo, N. Y.....	Add 16	" 16	La Crosse.....	"	Add 5
Ogdensburg.....	"	" 2	Superior City, ".....	"	" 8
Albany.....	Sub. 5	" 5	Janesville.....	"	Sub. 4
Utica.....	Add 1	" 1	Keokuk, Iowa.....	"	Add 6
Syracuse.....	"	" 5	Des Moines.....	"	" 14
Rochester.....	"	" 11	Dubuque.....	"	" 3
Philadelphia, Pa.....	"	" 1	Burlington.....	"	" 5
Pittsburg.....	"	" 20	St. Paul, Minn.....	"	" 12
Erie.....	Central.	Sub. 40	Duluth.....	"	" 9
Harrisburg.....	Eastern.	Add 7	Lawrence, Kas.....	"	" 21
Trenton, N. J.....	"	Sub. 1	Omaha City, Neb.....	"	" 24
Wilmington, Del.....	"	Add 2	Wilmington, N. C.....	Eastern.	" 13
Baltimore, Md.....	"	" 6	Raleigh.....	"	" 15
Richmond, Va.....	"	" 10	Charleston, S. C.....	"	" 20
Norfolk.....	"	" 5	Columbia.....	"	" 24
Lynchburg.....	"	" 17	Savannah, Ga.....	Central.	Sub. 35
Wheeling, W. Va.....	"	" 23	Pensacola, Fla.....	"	" 33
Washington, D. C.....	"	" 8	Jacksonville.....	"	" 12
Cleveland, O.....	Central.	Sub. 33	Huntsville, Ala.....	"	" 8
Columbus.....	"	" 28	Mobile.....	"	" 15
Toledo.....	"	" 25	Montgomery.....	"	Add 1
Cincinnati.....	"	" 22	Jackson, Miss.....	"	" 0
Dayton.....	"	" 23	New Orleans, La.....	"	" 15
Fort Wayne, Ind.....	"	" 19	Shreveport.....	"	" 15
Evansville.....	"	" 10	Knoxville, Tenn.....	Sub. 24	" 13
Indianapolis.....	"	" 16	Nashville.....	"	" 0
Chicago, Ill.....	"	" 10	Memphis.....	"	Add 9
Calro.....	"	" 3	Little Rock, Ark.....	"	" 19
Galena.....	Add 2	" 2	Galveston, Tex.....	"	" 31
Springfield.....	Sub. 2	" 2	Austin.....	"	" 21
Rock Island.....	Add 3	" 3	Houston.....	"	" 0
Quincy.....	"	" 6	Denver, Col.....	Mountain.	" 29
Lexington, Ky.....	Sub. 23	" 23	Yankton, S. Dak.....	Central.	" 43
Louisville.....	"	" 13	Bismarck, N. Dak.....	"	" 21
Jefferson City, Mo.....	Add 9	" 9	Santa Fe, N. M.....	Mountain	" 21
St. Louis.....	"	" 1	Ft. Gibson, Cher. Nation	Central.	" 21

To find local time from standard time, reverse the operation.

Illinois State Legislature.

1899-1901.

LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE FORTY-FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE (by districts).

Republicans, 34.

Democrats, 16.

POPULIST, 1.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
1.	D. J. May.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
2.	S. H. Case.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
3.	Sidney McCloud.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
4.	D. F. Curley.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
5.	T. E. Milchrist.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
6.	Wm. Sullivan.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
7.	John Humphrey.....	Orland.....	Cook.
8.	F. K. Granger.....	W. McHenry.....	McHenry.
9.	B. J. Maguire.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
10.	D. W. Baxter.....	Rochelle.....	Ogle.
11.	Niels Juul.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
12.	H. F. Aspinwall.....	Freeport.....	Stephenson.
13.	J. P. Mahoney.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
14.	H. H. Evans.....	Aurora.....	Kane.
15.	P. F. Galligan.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
16.	I. M. Hamilton.....	Cissna Park.....	Iroquois.
17.	John Broderick.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
18.	Chas. Bogardus.....	Paxton.....	Ford.
19.	D. A. Campbell.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
20.	R. B. Fort.....	Lacon.....	Marshall.
21.	E. A. Busse.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
22.	G. Stubblefield.....	Bloomington.....	McLean.
23.	Harry G. Hall.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
24.	J. D. Putnam.....	Elmwood.....	Peoria.
25.	W. M. Odell.....	Wilmington.....	Will.
26.	W. S. Edwards.....	Lewistown.....	Fulton.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
27.	C. P. Gardner.....	Mendota.....	LaSalle.
28.	O. F. Berry.....	Carthage.....	Hancock.
29.	D. D. Hunt.....	DeKalb.....	DeKalb.
30.	H. M. Dunlap.....	Savoy.....	Champaign.
31.	J. W. Templeton.....	Princeton.....	Bureau.
32.	A. A. Leeper.....	Virginia.....	Cass.
33.	William Payne.....	Osborn.....	Rock Island.
34.	Ed. McConnell.....	Jacksonville.....	Morgan.
35.	L. A. Townsend.....	Galesburg.....	Knox.
36.	W. L. Mounts.....	Carlinville.....	Macoupin.
37.	John McAdams.....	Quincy.....	Adams.
38.	N. S. Dresser.....	Greenville.....	Bond.
39.	G. W. Funderb'k.....	Glenarm.....	Sangamon.
40.	S. Pemberton.....	Oakland.....	Coles.
41.	J. N. C. Shumway.....	Taylorville.....	Christian.
42.	Charles E. Hull.....	Salem.....	Marion.
43.	B. L. Hussman.....	Effingham.....	Effingham.
44.	J. Landrigan.....	Albion.....	Edwards.
45.	C. A. Davidson.....	Newton.....	Jasper.
46.	J. T. Payne.....	Mt. Vernon.....	Jefferson.
47.	John J. Brenholt.....	Alton.....	Madison.
48.	A. C. Bollinger.....	Waterloo.....	Monroe.
49.	H. C. Beale.....	Belleville.....	St. Clair.
50.	Walter Warder.....	Cairo.....	Alexander.
51.	P. T. Chapman.....	Vienna.....	Johnson.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (by districts).

Republicans, 81.

Democrats, 71.

PROHIBITION, 1.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
1.	Dennis J. Leahy.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	James Hackett.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	A. J. Kettering.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
2.	F. J. Sullivan.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	John S. Varley.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	J. R. Newcomer.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
3.	J. P. McGoorty.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	C. N. Go down.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Wm. Mayhew.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
4.	M. J. Butler.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Joseph Fritschel.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	P. C. Callahan.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
5.	Robert Redfield.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Linn H. Young.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Wm. L. Martin.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
6.	George M. Boyd.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	J. M. Nowicki.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	E. J. Brundage.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Edw. H. Alling.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Wm. Thiemann.....	Elk Grove.....	Cook.
	Walter A. Lantz.....	LaGrange.....	Cook.
8.	J. C. Donnelly.....	Woodstock.....	McHenry.
	George R. Lyon.....	Waukegan.....	Lake.
	Du Fay A. Fuller.....	Belvidere.....	Boone.
9.	John Morley.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	C. J. Bellinski.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	D. E. Shanahan.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
10.	FRANK REGAN.....	Rockford.....	Winnebago.
	Henry Andrus.....	Rockford.....	Winnebago.
	J. A. Countryman.....	Lindenwood.....	Ogle.
11.	Geo. H. Harris.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Peter B. Olsen.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	William Barclay.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
12.	Mike H. Cleary.....	Galena.....	Jo Daviess.
	David C. Busell.....	Milledgeville.....	Carroll.
	J. R. Berryman.....	Scales Mound.....	Jo Daviess.
13.	John Churan.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Wm. Carmody.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	J. P. Cavanagh.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
14.	Sam'l Alschuler.....	Aurora.....	Kane.
	Guy L. Bush.....	Downer's Gr.....	DuPage.
	John Stewart.....	Elburn.....	Kane.
15.	Edw. H. Rorig.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	John Dockery.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Pat'k J. Meaney.....	Chicago.....	Cook.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
16.	J. J. Kirby.....	Momence.....	Kankakee.
	E. C. Curtis.....	Grant Park.....	Kankakee.
	Jno. L. Hamilton.....	Watseka.....	Iroquois.
17.	D. V. McDonough.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	S. A. Malato.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Albert Glade.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
18.	W. G. Herron.....	Allerton.....	Vermillion.
	John E. P. Butz.....	Potomac.....	Vermillion.
	Charles A. Allen.....	Hoopeston.....	Vermillion.
19.	Dan'l V. Harkin.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	John Meier.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Chas. G. Johnson.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
20.	Michael Cleary.....	Odell.....	Livingston.
	M. C. Egnus.....	Forrest.....	Livingston.
	Josiah Kerrick.....	Minonk.....	Livingston.
21.	Jas. H. Farrell.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Henry C. Beidler.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Carl Mueller.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
22.	Miles Brooks.....	Stanford.....	McLean.
	A. J. Scrogin.....	Lexington.....	McLean.
	Duncan M. Funk.....	Bloomington.....	McLean.
23.	Jno. F. O'Malley.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	Dennis Sullivan.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
	S. E. Erickson.....	Chicago.....	Cook.
24.	Peter F. Cahill.....	Brimfield.....	Peoria.
	Alva Merrill.....	N. Hampton.....	Peoria.
	E. D. McCulloch.....	Peoria.....	Peoria.
25.	M. F. Henneberry.....	Wilmington.....	Will.
	John Kolstedt.....	Monee.....	Will.
	Samuel J. Drew.....	Joliet.....	Will.
26.	Jesse Black, Jr.....	Pekin.....	Tazewell.
	J. W. Johnson.....	Canton.....	Fulton.
	U. J. Albertsen.....	Pekin.....	Tazewell.
27.	J. McLauchlan.....	LaSalle.....	LaSalle.
	I. H. Troubridge.....	Marselles.....	LaSalle.
	Joseph J. Pool.....	Earlville.....	LaSalle.
28.	J. A. Anderson.....	Hamilton.....	Cass.
	Geo. M. Black.....	Rushville.....	Schnyler.
	L. Y. Sherman.....	Macomb.....	McDonough.
29.	Jas. Brannen.....	Sycamore.....	DeKalb.
	W. I. Guffin.....	Paw Paw.....	Lee.
	Chas. T. Cherry.....	Oswego.....	Kendall.
30.	H. J. Robinson.....	Parkville.....	Champaign.
	S. B. Garver.....	Farmer City.....	De Witt.
	Oscar Mansfield.....	Mansfield.....	Piatt.

HOUSE.—CONTINUED.

Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.	Dist.	Name.	Postoffice.	County.
31.	M. Kennedy	Arlington	Bureau.	44.	Jas. B. Bryant	Herald	White.
	A. N. Abbott	Union Grove	Whiteside.		Jo L. Howell	Shawneetown	Gallatin.
	A. W. Hopkins	Granville	Putnam.		J. Partridge	Carml	White.
32.	John C. Young	Kilbourn	Mason.	45.	Thos. Tippet	Olney	Richland.
	N. P. Gasaway	Latham	Logan.		Carl Busse	Lawrenceville	Lawrence.
	David C. White	Forest City	Mason.		Jas. H. Wood	Robinson	Crawford.
33.	E. W. Hurst	Rock Island	Rock Island.	46.	Samuel H. Ray	Fairfield	Wayne.
	G. W. Johnson	Moline	Rock Island.		P. L. McNabb	McLeansboro	Hamilton.
	Wm. W. Cole	Geneseo	Rock Island.		N. H. Moss	Mt. Vernon	Jefferson.
34.	T. A. Retaillic	Barry	Pike.	47.	J. A. Shephard	Jerseyville	Jersey.
	Thos. Meehan	Bluffs	Scott.		J. K. Cadwallader	Jerseyville	Jersey.
	J. A. McKeene	Winchester	Scott.		Wm. McKittrick	Staunton	Macoupin.
35.	Chas. C. Craig	Galesburg	Knox.	48.	Arthur M. Lee	Carbondale	Jackson.
	G. C. Rankin	Monmouth	Warren.		Jos. W. Drury	Waterloo	Monroe.
	C. A. Samuelson	Sherrard	Mercer.		Robt. C. Brown	Sparta	Randolph.
36.	W. V. Rhodes	Wrightsville	Greene.	49.	John Green	Belleville	St. Clair.
	W. T. Conlee	Carlinville	Macoupin.		H. R. Heimberger	Belleville	St. Clair.
	J. B. Seary	Palmyra	Macoupin.		W. E. Trautmann	Caseyville	St. Clair.
37.	Jacob Groves	Camp Point	Adams.	50.	W. H. Warder	Marion	Williamson.
	Elmer A. Perry	Mt. Sterling	Brown.		J. E. N. Edwards	Anna	Union.
	W. Schlagenhauf	Quincy	Adams.		J. H. Hilboldt	Jonesboro	Union.
38.	Robt. W. Ross	Vandalia	Fayette.	51.	Oliver J. Page	Metropolis	Massac.
	Thos. Zinn	Farina	Fayette.		Geo. E. Martin	Mound City	Pulaski.
	G. A. Carstens	Nokomis	Montgomery.		A. G. Abney	Harrisburg	Salem.
39.	John A. Vincent	Springfield	Sangamon.				
	S. P. V. Arnold	Springfield	Sangamon.				
	Harry Kumlre	Springfield	Sangamon.				
40.	G. R. Graybill	Shelbyville	Shelby.				
	Chas. C. Lee	Charleston	Coles.				
	Carl S. Burgett	Newman	Douglas.				
41.	Rufus Huff	Stullvan	Moultrie.				
	Jas. M. Gray	Decatur	Macon.				
	T. L. McDaniel	Lovington	Moultrie.				
42.	C. E. Phillips	Louisville	Clay.				
	Geo. Londen	Trenton	Clinton.				
	Thos. Williams	Louisville	Clay.				
43.	I. T. Hackley	Trilla	Coles.				
	C. A. Purdunn	Marshall	Clark.				
	John W. Lewis	Marshall	Clark.				

SENATE.

Republicans	34
Democrats	16
People's Party	1

HOUSE.

Republicans	81
Democrats	71
Prohibition	1

JOINT ASSEMBLY.

Republicans	115
Democrats	87
People's Party	1
Prohibition	1

STATE LEGISLATURE—1899-1901. (Alphabetically Arranged.)

SENATE.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Aspinwall, Homer F.	12	Evans, Henry H.	14	May, Daniel J.	1
Baxter, Delos W.	10	Fort, Robert B.	20	McAdams, John	37
Begole, Henry C.	49	Funderburk, G. W.	59	McCloud, Sidney	3
Berry, Orville F.	28	Galligan, Peter F.	15	McConnel, Edw.	34
Bogardus, Charles	18	Gardner, Corbus P.	27	Milchrist, Thos. E.	5
Bollinger, Albert C.	48	Granger, Flavell K.	8	Mounts, William M.	36
Brenholt, John J.	47	Hamilton, Isaac M.	6	Odell, William M.	25
Broderick, John	17	Hall, Harry G.	23	Payne, Jos. T.	46
Busse, Fred A.	21	Hull, Charles E.	42	Payne, William	33
Campbell, Daniel A.	19	Humphrey, John	7	Pemberton, Stanton	40
Case, Selon H.	2	Hunt, Daniel D.	2	Putnam, James D.	24
Chapman, Pleasant T.	51	Hu-sman, Bernard L.	43	Shumway, John N. C.	41
Curley, Daniel F.	4	Juul, Niels	11	Stubbsfield, Geo. W.	22
Davidson, Chas. A.	45	Landrigan, John	44	Sullivan, William	6
Dresser, Nathaniel S.	38	Leeper, Arthur A.	32	Templeton, James W.	31
Dunlap, Henry M.	30	Magnire, Bernard J.	9	Townsend, Leon A.	35
Edwards, W. S.	26	Mahoney, Joseph P.	13	Warder, Walter	56

HOUSE.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Abbott, Alfred N.	31	Bryant, James B.	41	Craig, Charles C.	35
Abney, A. G.	51	Burgett, Carl S.	10	Curtis, Ed C.	16
Albertsen, Ubbo J.	26	Busb, G. L.	14	Dockery, John	15
Allen, Charles A.	18	Busse, Carl	45	Donnelly, John C.	8
Alling, Edward H.	7	Busell, D. C.	12	Drew, Samuel J.	25
Alschuler, Samuel	14	Butler, Michael J.	4	Drury, Joseph W.	48
Anderson, James A.	28	Butz, J. E. P.	18	Edwards, J. E. N.	50
Andrus, Henry	20	Cadwallader, Jesse K.	10	Eignus, M. C.	20
Arnold, S. P. V.	39	Callili, Peter F.	24	Erickson, Samuel E.	23
Barclay, William	11	Callahan, Patrick C.	4	Farrell, James H.	21
Beltier, Henry C.	21	Carmony, William	13	Freichel, Joseph	4
Belinski, C. J.	9	Carstens, Garrett	38	Fuller, DuFay A.	8
Berryman, James R.	12	Cavanagh, James P.	18	Funk, Duncan M.	22
Black, Geo. M.	28	Cherry, Chas. T.	20	Garver, S. B.	30
Black, Jr., Jesse	26	Churan, John	19	Gasaway, Nicholas P.	32
Boyd, George M.	6	Cleary, Michael	20	Glade, Albert	17
Branan, James	29	Cleary, Michael H.	22	Goodnow, Chas. N.	3
Brooks, Mles.	23	Cole, W. W.	33	Gray, James M.	41
Brown, Robert C.	48	Conlee, W. T.	36	Graybill, Geo. R.	40
Brundage, E. J.	6	Countryman, James A.	10	Green John	49

HOUSE.—CONTINUED.

Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.	Name.	Dist.
Groves, Jacob.....	37	Malato, S. A.....	17	Rea, Sam. H.....	46
Gutfin, W. J.....	29	Mansfield, Oscar.....	30	Redfield, Robert.....	5
Hackett, James.....	1	Martin, G. E.....	51	Regan, Frank.....	10
Hackley, Isaac T.....	43	Martin, W. L.....	5	Retallie, Thos. A.....	31
Hamilton, John L.....	16	Mayhew, William.....	3	Rhodes, Wm. V.....	36
Harkin, Daniel V.....	19	McCulloch, Ed. D.....	24	Robinson, Hugh J.....	30
Harris, Geo. H.....	11	McDaniel, T. L.....	41	Rorig, Ed. H.....	15
Heimberger, H. R.....	49	McDonough, D. V.....	17	Ross, Robt. W.....	38
Henneberry, M. F.....	25	McGoorty, J. P.....	3	Samuelson, C. A.....	35
Herron, William G.....	18	McKeene, John A.....	34	Schlagenhauf, W.....	37
Hilboldt, J. H.....	50	McKittrick, Wm.....	27	Scrogin, A. J.....	26
Hopkins, A. W.....	31	McLanahan, John.....	27	Searcy, James B.....	33
Howell, J. L.....	44	McNabb, P. L.....	46	Shanahan, David E.....	9
Huff, Rufus.....	41	Meaneey, P. J.....	15	Shephard, John A.....	47
Hurst, E. W.....	33	Meehan, Thomas.....	34	Sherman, L. Y.....	28
Johnson, Chas. G.....	19	Meier, John.....	19	Stewart, John.....	14
Johnson, Geo. W.....	33	Merrill, Alva.....	24	Sullivan, Dennis.....	23
Johnson, John W.....	26	Morley, John.....	9	Sullivan, F. J.....	2
Kennedy, Michael.....	31	Moss, Norman H.....	46	Thiemann, William.....	45
Kerrick, Josiah.....	20	Mneller, Carl.....	21	Tippit, Thomas.....	7
Kettering, Albert J.....	1	Newcomer, John R.....	2	Trautmann, W. E.....	49
Kirby, James J.....	16	Nowicki, John M.....	23	Trowbridge, J. H.....	27
Kolstedt, John.....	25	Olsen, Peter B.....	11	Varley, John S.....	2
Kumler, Harry A.....	39	O'Malley, John F.....	23	Vincent, John A.....	39
Lantz, Walter A.....	7	Page, Oliver J.....	51	Warder, W. H.....	50
Leahy, Denis J.....	1	Partridge, Jasper.....	44	White, David C.....	32
Lee, Arthur M.....	48	Perry, Elmer A.....	37	Williams, Thomas.....	42
Lee, Chas. C.....	40	Phillips, Chas. E.....	42	Wood, James H.....	45
Lewis, John W.....	43	Pool, Joseph J.....	27	Young, John C.....	32
Louden, Geo.....	42	Purdunn, Chas. A.....	43	Young, Linn H.....	5
Lyons, Geo. R.....	8	Purdunn, Geo. C.....	35	Zinn, Thomas.....	38

VOTE ON ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE—1898.

(Those elected designated by a *.)

FOR STATE SENATORS—1ST AND 42D GENERAL ASSEMBLIES.

Dist.	Name.	Vote.	Dist.	Name.	Vote.
1.	*Daniel J. May, Rep.....	9,238	19.	*Daniel A. Campbell, Rep.....	8,520
	John C. Sterchie, Dem.....	8,990		Patrick A. Nash, Dem.....	7,653
	James J. Muir, Peo.....	184		Henry H. Gill, Pro.....	83
	Robert Johnson, Pro.....	55		F. Stelmiski, Soc. Lab.....	153
	Herman Pahl, Soc. Lab.....	101	21.	*Fred A. Busse, Rep.....	11,235
	Julius L. Sjager, Ind.....	20		Herman Fry, Dem.....	8,779
3.	*Sidney McCloud, Rep.....	18,318		Sylvester R. Keogh, Peo.....	131
	William R. Bowes, Dem.....	11,051		Albert A. Kraft, Pro.....	50
	Ambrose Smith, Peo.....	294		Max Siebken, Soc. Lab.....	150
	Dr. Samuel A. Wilson, Pro.....	267	23.	*Harry G. Hall, Rep.....	7,257
	Charles Stelhof, Soc. Lab.....	435		William H. Lyman, Dem.....	6,713
5.	*Thomas E. Michrlst, Rep.....	16,538		George A. Landgren, Peo.....	86
	Eugene Prager, Dem.....	8,143		Peter Olsen, Pro.....	43
	Dr. James H. Blair, Peo.....	117		C. G. Nelson, Soc. Lab.....	144
	John Nuveen, Pro.....	100	25.	*William M. Odell, Rep.....	7,288
7.	*John Humphrey, Rep.....	7,646		Samuel Silliman, Dem.....	4,614
	Patrick E. O'Neill, Dem.....	6,519		Milton E. Cornell, Pro.....	93
	Charles Beckstein, Peo.....	148	27.	*Corbus P. Gardner, Rep.....	9,142
	Herman M. Knapp, Pro.....	330		Henry Hoerner, Dem.....	7,317
	George P. Engelhard, Ind.....	6,481		David Richey, Peo.....	132
9.	*Frank J. Karsch, Rep.....	6,915		Joshua Pusey, Pro.....	169
	*Bernard J. Maguire, Dem.....	9,128	29.	*Daniel D. Hunt, Rep.....	10,591
	Patrick J. Dunning, Peo.....	121		Fred R. Hanlon, Dem.....	4,710
11.	*Niels Juul, Rep.....	14,473		Francis Riddell, Peo.....	722
	Louis Misch, Dem.....	10,176	31.	*James W. Templeton, Rep.....	9,706
	Charles A. Carson, Peo.....	224		Frank L. Whiting, Dem.....	5,984
	Wallace E. Day, Pro.....	113		Willis W. Batcheller, Peo.....	458
	Thomas Laumann, Soc. Lab.....	448	33.	*William Payne, Rep.....	10,282
13.	William J. Cooke, Rep.....	5,771		Joseph H. Mulligan, Dem.....	6,418
	*J. P. Mahoney, Dem.....	5,873		Byron Jordan, Peo.....	237
	John Peeha, Ind.....	798	35.	*Leon A. Townsend, Rep.....	12,896
15.	John J. Morrison, Rep.....	6,762		Benjamin H. Martin, Dem.....	6,795
	*Peter F. Galligan, Dem.....	3,691		Charles G. Kindred, Pro.....	423
	Henry J. Cohn, Peo.....	177	37.	Michael Peggatt, Rep.....	6,879
	Albert G. Beebe, Pro.....	115		John McAdams, Dem.....	8,479
	Daniel Gannon, Ind.....	116		William B. Reg, Pro.....	135
17.	Edward J. Dwyer, Rep.....	5,493	39.	David T. Littler, Rep.....	8,181
	*John Broderick, Dem.....	7,863		*George W. Funderburk, Dem.....	8,467
	John McDonald, Peo.....	162		Edmund Miller, Pro.....	311
	George T. Carpenter, Pro.....	80			

STATE SENATORS.—CONTINUED.

Dist.		Vote.	Dist.		Vote.
	John Aisbury, Peo.....	43		William E. Poland, Pro.....	317
41.	M. F. Kanan, Rep.....	10,017		Jesse B. Norviel, Peo.....	172
	*John N. C. Shumway, Dem.....	10,399	47.	*John J. Brenholt, Rep.....	8,274
	Charles W. Egbert, Pro.....	191		Thomas W. Kinder, Dem.....	8,033
	John H. Hughey, Peo.....	263		Joseph W. Peers, Peo.....	143
43.	Albert Campbell, Rep.....	9,223	49.	*Henry C. Begole, Rep.....	7,276
	*Bernard L. Hussman, Dem.....	9,850		George O. Purdy, Dem.....	6,363
	Harvey M. Brooks, Pro.....	307		Adolph Scheske, Pro.....	136
	Henry Y. Kellar, Peo.....	244		Edwin C. Hammen, Peo.....	142
45.	James P. Jack, Rep.....	6,968	51.	*Pleasant T. Chapman, Rep.....	7,659
	*Charles A. Davidson, Dem.....	7,798		E. H. Tucker, Dem.....	4,839
				William G. Showers, Peo.....	124

REPRESENTATIVES.—41ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Dist.		Vote.	Dist.		Vote.
1.	Albert E. Ebert, Rep.....	12,053	10.	*Henry Andrus, Rep.....	8,831
	*Albert J. Ketterling, Rep.....	12,355		*James A. Counryman, Rep.....	8,074
	*Dennis J. Leahy, Dem.....	14,654		Joseph W. Bacharach, Dem.....	5,902
	*James Hackett, Dem.....	14,553		*Frank Regan, Pro.....	9,036
	W. E. Barry, Peo.....	370	11.	*Peter B. Olsen, Rep.....	20,637
	John V. Ryerson, Pro.....	160		*William Barclay, Rep.....	20,293
	Louis Kauselbaum, Soc. Lab.....	295		G. S. Foster, Dem.....	16,037
	Peter A. Hogan, Ind.....	38		*George H. Harris, Dem.....	16,497
	Stephen W. Pekin, Ind.....	656		Roxford S. Welch, Pro.....	226
2.	*John S. Varley, Rep.....	21,187		H. E. Traenkel, Soc. Lab.....	1,089
	*John R. Newcomer, Rep.....	20,771		Henry Larson, Ind.....	159
	*Francis J. Sullivan, Dem.....	31,361		Johan Waage, Peo.....	679
	P. W. Jennings, Peo.....	773	12.	*David C. Busell, Rep.....	13,139
	Hugh W. Matthews, Pro.....	473		*James R. Berryman, Rep.....	12,637
	Henry Fernquist, Soc. Lab.....	350		F. S. Smith, Dem.....	9,296
3.	*Charles Newell Goodnow, Rep.....	26,863		*Michael H. Cleary, Dem.....	12,332
	*William Mayhew, Rep.....	21,123		Richard D. Derksen, Pro.....	609
	*J. P. McGorty, Dem.....	32,039	13.	*Charles P. Cavanagh, Rep.....	11,046
	James McCrone, Peo.....	866		*John Churan, Dem.....	9,707
	Edwin C. Woolley, Pro.....	794		*William Carmody, Dem.....	8,350
	Grant Depew, Soc. Lab.....	1,190		James Kozisek, Ind.....	1,597
	Harry H. Harvey, Anti-M.....	263		A. Woloshem, Ind.....	545
4.	Henry D. Fulton, Rep.....	15,435		Phillip Rosenberg, Ind.....	679
	*Patrick C. Callahan, Rep.....	16,753		Simon Shaffer, Ind.....	4,394
	*Michael J. Butler, Dem.....	18,786	14.	*Guy L. Bush, Rep.....	13,226
	*Joseph Frieche, Dem.....	17,707		*John Stewart, Rep.....	12,874
	W. B. Buell, Peo.....	1,016		*Samuel Aelsehler, Dem.....	12,795
	Daniel Golden, Pro.....	419		Henry F. Kletzing, Pro.....	1,356
	Samuel J. McCoy, Ind.....	136	15.	*Patrick J. Meaney, Rep.....	9,710
5.	*Linn H. Young, Rep.....	23,799		Stanley Haremski, Rep.....	8,976
	*William L. Martin, Rep.....	23,303		*Edward H. Rorlg, Dem.....	13,663
	*Robert Redfield, Dem.....	24,601		*John Dockery, Dem.....	14,365
	W. W. Clay, Peo.....	367		E. Curran, Ind.....	345
	John H. Hill, Pro.....	899		James H. Haswell, Ind.....	272
	John H. Howard, Ind.....	269	16.	*John L. Hamilton, Rep.....	10,478
6.	*George M. Boyd, Rep.....	15,091		*Edward C. Curtis, Rep.....	11,867
	*Edward J. Brundage, Rep.....	14,932		Freeman P. Morris, Dem.....	8,436
	William J. Stapleton, Dem.....	14,909		*James J. Kirby, Dem.....	10,756
	*John M. Nowicki, Dem.....	15,685		Harry M. Barnett, Pro.....	694
	George M. Beekwith.....	594	17.	*Albert Glade, Rep.....	11,184
7.	*Edward H. Alling, Rep.....	15,585		*D. V. McDonough, Dem.....	10,496
	*William Thiemann, Rep.....	14,691		*S. A. Malato, Dem.....	10,376
	*Walter A. Lantz, Dem.....	17,804		John A. Rogers, Ind.....	8,078
	Thomas J. Casey, Peo.....	318		J. B. Smiley, Peo.....	5,588
	Francis V. Phillips, Pro.....	1,048		John H. Siljander, Pro.....	208
	John M. Green, Ind.....	4,825		William H. Riley, Ind.....	61
	John W. Senne, Ind.....	6,220		John E. Erwin, Ind.....	272
	William H. Condon, Ind, Dem.....	210	18.	*Charles A. Allen, Rep.....	11,170
8.	*George R. Lyon, Rep.....	11,546		*William G. Herron, Rep.....	11,306
	*DuFay A. Fuller, Rep.....	11,296		William M. Bines, Dem.....	7,860
	*John C. Donnelly, Dem.....	5,578		*John E. P. Butz, Dem.....	8,019
	George A. Mawman, Peo.....	4,931		Columbus Jennings, Pro.....	1,015
	Emory D. Hull, Pro.....	894	19.	*Charles G. Johnson, Rep.....	11,249
9.	*David E. Shanahan, Rep.....	17,436		*John Meier, Rep.....	10,235
	*John Morley, Dem.....	10,910		Benjamin F. Mitchell, Dem.....	9,362
	*C. J. Belinski, Dem.....	9,178		*Daniel V. Harkin, Dem.....	11,453
	W. A. Dorman, Dem.....	8,712		James H. McClure, Peo.....	698
	Adolph M. Werner, Peo.....	439		Holbin S. Turner, Pro.....	245
	John J. Fanning, Ind.....	103		G. S. Rebokowich, Soc. Lab.....	298
	Patrick Costello, Ind.....	1,229		Stanley J. Popek, Ind.....	5,787
	James F. McCarthy, Ind.....	984	20.	*M. C. Eignus, Rep.....	12,536
				*Josiah Kerrick, Rep.....	12,844

REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

Dist.		Vote.	Dist.		Vote.
	*Michael Cleary, Dem.....	12,518		Ashael Duff, Peo.....	1,664
	Robert N. West, Dem.....	11,986		John E. Vertrees, Pro.....	650
	Marion Gallup, Pro.....	1,225	35.	*George C. Rankin, Rep.....	19,145
21.	*Henry C. Beidler, Rep.....	16,536		*Charles A. Samuelson, Rep.....	19,097
	*Carl Mueller, Rep.....	15,882		*Charles C. Craig, Dem.....	20,517
	*James H. Farrell, Dem.....	21,562		Joseph J. Milne, Pro.....	1,247
	Charles H. Adams, Peo.....	517	36.	*James B. Searcy, Rep.....	17,085
	William J. Mac Mehan, Pro.....	158		*William V. Rhodes, Dem.....	10,285
	John Boennig, Soc. Lab.....	370		*William T. Conlee, Dem.....	10,108
	John S. Butler, Ind.....	4,993		John G. M. Dullenberger, Pro.....	635
	William Griesenbeck, Ind.....	257		Charles I. Taylor, Ind. Dem.....	557
22.	*Arthur J. Scrogin, Rep.....	9,676		Henley Wilkinson, Ind.....	2,590
	*Duncan M. Funk, Rep.....	9,659	37.	*William Schlagenhauf, Rep.....	10,424
	*Miles Brooks, Dem.....	13,335		Lewis A. Madison, Rep.....	10,019
	William P. Allen, Peo.....	1,185		*Jacob Groves, Dem.....	12,450
23.	*Samuel E. Erickson, Rep.....	10,137		*Elmer A. Perry, Dem.....	12,226
	John R. Petersen, Rep.....	9,273		Horace S. Brown, Pro.....	387
	*John F. O'Malley, Dem.....	11,119	38.	*Thomas Zinn, Rep.....	11,568
	*Dennis E. Sullivan, Dem.....	11,476		*Garrett A. Carstens, Rep.....	11,855
	John Wettengell, Peo.....	244		Robert W. Ross, Dem.....	11,510
	Ernest D. Meyers, Pro.....	102		*Hugh A. Snell, Dem.....	11,527
	R. S. McFarlan, Soc. Lab.....	236		L. W. Hartman, Peo.....	1,224
	Louis Ruethling, Ind.....	158		Charles J. Upton, Pro.....	734
24.	*Alva Merrill, Rep.....	11,588	39.	Charles E. Selby, Rep.....	11,837
	*Edward D. McCulloch, Rep.....	11,500		*Harry Kumlcr, Rep.....	12,169
	*Peter F. Cahill, Dem.....	10,072		*John A. Vincent, Dem.....	13,243
	Samuel C. Davis, Dem.....	8,868		*S. P. V. Arnold, Dem.....	12,471
	Daniel R. Sheen, Pro.....	1,750		J. G. Hall, Peo.....	95
25.	*John Kolstedt, Rep.....	10,511		Alvin R. Atteberry, Pro.....	890
	*Samuel J. Drew, Rep.....	9,896	40.	*Carl S. Burgett, Rep.....	14,417
	Fred Wahls, Dem.....	5,891		Caleb R. Torrence, Rep.....	12,696
	*Michael F. Henneberry, Dem.....	6,958		*George R. Graybill, Dem.....	13,860
	Thomas L. Hogan, Peo.....	2,189		*Charles C. Lee, Dem.....	13,296
	Aaron Greenwood, Pro.....	223		Joseph Hemmingway, Peo.....	375
26.	*John W. Johnson, Rep.....	12,741		Jefferson R. Hobart, Pro.....	604
	*Ubbo J. Albertsen, Rep.....	13,289	41.	Benjamin F. Cornell, Rep.....	14,753
	Jesse Black, Jr., Dem.....	13,473		*Thomas L. McDaniel, Rep.....	15,001
	Simon B. Beer, Peo.....	12,332		*James M. Gray, Dem.....	15,761
	Harry Holmes, Pro.....	584		*Rufus Huff, Dem.....	15,263
27.	*Irving H. Trowbridge, Rep.....	13,429		James N. Lindsay, Peo.....	592
	*J. Pool, Rep.....	13,466		George W. McConkey, Pro.....	669
	*John McLauchlan, Dem.....	11,272	42.	*Thomas Williams, Rep.....	12,998
	Warren H. Norton, Dem.....	10,998		Bernard Schwartz, Jr., Rep.....	12,073
	Albert C. Crosswell, Peo.....	345		*Charles E. Phillips, Dem.....	13,410
	Charles L. Logan, Pro.....	458		*George Louden, Dem.....	14,182
28.	Louis A. Jarman, Rep.....	12,208		Franklin Valbert, Peo.....	1,166
	*Lawrence Y. Sherman, Rep.....	15,295		William S. Ross, Pro.....	441
	*James A. Anderson, Dem.....	13,791	43.	Charles O. Chestnut, Rep.....	13,087
	*George M. Black, Dem.....	14,751		*John W. Lewis, Rep.....	14,681
	Edward Burk, Peo.....	414		*Isaac T. Hackley, Dem.....	14,967
	Louis F. Gumbert, Pro.....	900		*Charles A. Purdunn, Dem.....	14,833
29.	*Washington I. Guffin, Rep.....	14,356		John W. Rowe, Pro.....	723
	*Charles T. Cherry, Rep.....	14,377	44.	*Jasper Partridge, Rep.....	9,490
	*James Branan, Dem.....	12,405		George W. Pillow, Rep.....	9,231
	Arthur E. Burleigh, Pro.....	7,443		*James B. Bryaut, Dem.....	10,495
30.	*Samuel B. Garver, Rep.....	14,746		*Jo L. Howell, Dem.....	10,421
	*Oscar Mansfield, Rep.....	14,820		Charles Saxe, Peo.....	473
	*Hugh J. Robinson, Dem.....	22,084		Jacob R. Rude, Pro.....	399
	William H. Wisegarver, Pro.....	903	45.	*James H. Wood, Rep.....	10,679
31.	*Alfred N. Abbott, Rep.....	14,003		Otto H. Barnes, Rep.....	9,837
	*Archibald W. Hopkins, Rep.....	13,804		*Thomas Tippit, Dem.....	11,843
	Fred K. Bastian, Dem.....	8,676		*Carl Busse, Dem.....	11,655
	*Michael Kennedy, Dem.....	11,592		Thomas E. Luther, Peo.....	458
	Samuel T. Shrlley, Pro.....	1,169		Robert Brackney, Peo.....	501
32.	*David C. White, Rep.....	14,298		James F. Roseborough, Pro.....	518
	James C. Taylor, Rep.....	10,961	46.	*Norman H. Moss, Rep.....	12,944
	*John C. Young, Dem.....	14,648		Joseph B. Scudamore, Rep.....	11,624
	*Nicholas P. Gasaway, Dem.....	14,440		*Samuel H. Ray, Dem.....	13,621
	G. W. Leeper, Peo.....	287		*Plukney L. McNabb, Dem.....	13,606
	Edward E. Everett, Pro.....	584		C. M. Heard, Peo.....	1,021
33.	*George W. Johnson, Rep.....	15,213		William T. Morris, Pro.....	710
	*William W. Cole, Rep.....	15,392	47.	*Jesse K. Cadwallader, Rep.....	12,407
	*Elmore W. Hurst, Dem.....	18,806		*William McKittick, Rep.....	12,079
	John Armstrong, Pro.....	770		*John A. Shephard, Dem.....	11,979
34.	*John A. McKeene, Rep.....	20,860		Overton C. Todd, Dem.....	11,421
	*Thomas A. Retaille, Dem.....	13,595		D. Q. Trotter, Pro.....	375
	*Thomas Meehan, Dem.....	13,472	48.	*Robert C. Brown, Rep.....	14,480

REPRESENTATIVES.—CONTINUED.

Dist.		Vote.	Dist.		Vote.
	* Arthur M. Lee, Rep.....	14,623		* Matthew H. Marshall.....	381
	* Robert H. Allen, Dem.....	13,141	50.	* James E. N. Edwards, Rep.....	8,970
	* Joseph W. Drury, Dem.....	14,858		Roberts L. Parks, Rep.....	8,424
	John DeVinney, Pro.....	586		* J. Henry Hilboldt, Dem.....	9,270
49.	* William E. Trautmann, Rep.....	10,264		* William H. Warder, Dem.....	9,344
	* Herman R. Helmberger, Rep.....	10,080		J. H. Boswell, Pro.....	140
	* John Green, Dem.....	10,697	51.	* Oliver J. Page, Rep.....	11,543
	John S. Kaer, Jr., Dem.....	9,685		* George E. Martin, Rep.....	11,325
	James M. Sewell, Pro.....	414		* A. G. Abney, Dem.....	14,087
	Henry F. Zerweck.....	944		Robert F. Galbraith, Pro.....	286

POPULAR VOTE

For presidential candidates from 1824 to and including 1896. Prior to 1821 electors were chosen by the legislatures of the different states.

- 1824—J. Q. Adams had 105,321 to 155,872 for Jackson, 44,282 for Crawford and 46,587 for Clay. Jackson over Adams, 50,551. Adams less than combined vote of others, 141,420. Of the whole vote Adams had 29.92 per cent, Jackson 44.27, Clay 13.23, Crawford 13.23. Adams elected by house of representatives.
- 1828—Jackson had 647,231 to 509,097 for J. Q. Adams. Jackson's majority, 138,134. Of the whole vote Jackson had 55.97 per cent, Adams 44.03.
- 1832—Jackson had 687,502 to 530,189 for Clay and 33,108 for Floyd and Wirt combined. Jackson's majority, 124,205. Of the whole vote Jackson had 54.96 per cent, Clay 42.39 and the others combined 2.65.
- 1836—Van Buren had 761,549 to 736,656, the combined vote for Harrison, White, Webster and Mangum. Van Buren's majority, 24,893. Of the whole vote Van Buren had 50.83 per cent and the others combined 49.17.
- 1840—Harrison had 1,275,017 to 1,128,702 for Van Buren and 7,059 for Birney. Harrison's majority, 139,256. Of the whole vote Harrison had 52.89 per cent, Van Buren 46.82 and Birney .29.
- 1844—Polk had 1,337,243 to 1,299,068 for Clay and 62,300 for Birney. Polk over Clay, 38,175. Polk less than others combined, 24,125. Of the whole vote Polk had 49.55 per cent, Clay 48.14 and Birney 2.21.
- 1848—Taylor had 1,360,101 to 1,220,544 for Cass and 291,263 for Van Buren. Taylor over Cass, 139,557. Taylor less than others combined, 151,706. Of the whole vote Taylor had 47.36 per cent, Cass 42.50 and Van Buren 10.14.
- 1852—Pierce had 1,601,474 to 1,386,678 for Scott and 156,149 for Hale. Pierce over all, 58,747. Of the whole vote Pierce had 50.90 per cent, Scott 44.10 and Hale 4.97.
- 1856—Buchanan had 1,838,169 to 1,341,264 for Fremont and 874,534 for Fillmore. Buchanan over Fremont, 496,905. Buchanan less than combined vote of others, 377,629. Of the whole vote Buchanan had 45.34 per cent, Fremont 33.09 and Fillmore 21.57.
- 1860—Lincoln had 1,866,352 to 1,375,157 for Douglas, 845,763 for Breckinridge and 589,581 for Bell. Lincoln over Douglas, 491,195. Lincoln less than Douglas and Breckinridge combined, 354,568. Lincoln less than combined vote of all others, 944,149. Of the whole vote Lincoln had 39.91 per cent, Douglas 29.40, Breckinridge 18.08 and Bell 12.61.
- 1864—Lincoln had 2,216,067 to 1,808,725 for McClellan (eleven states not voting, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia). Lincoln's majority, 408,342. Of the whole vote Lincoln had 55.06 per cent and McClellan 44.94.
- 1868—Grant had 3,015,071 to 2,709,613 for Seymour (three states not voting, viz.: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia). Grant's majority, 305,458. Of the whole vote Grant had 52.67 per cent and Seymour 47.33.
- 1872—Grant had 3,597,070 to 2,834,079 for Greeley, 29,408 for O'Connor and 5,608 for Black. Grant's majority, 729,975. Of the whole vote Grant had 55.63 per cent, Greeley 43.83, O'Connor .15, Black .09.
- 1876—Hayes had 4,033,950 to 4,284,885 for Tilden, 81,740 for Cooper, 9,522 for Smith and 2,636 scattering. Tilden's majority over Hayes, 250,935. Tilden's majority of the entire vote cast, 157,037. Hayes less than the combined vote of others, 344,833. Of the whole vote cast Hayes had 47.95 per cent, Tilden 50.94, Cooper .97, Smith .11 scattering .3.
- 1880—Garfield had 4,449,053 to 4,442,035 for Hancock, 307,306 for Weaver and 12,576 scattering. Garfield over Hancock, 7,018. Garfield less than the combined vote for others, 313,864. Of the popular vote Garfield had 48.26 per cent, Hancock 48.25, Weaver 3.33, scattering .13.
- 1884—Cleveland had 4,874,986 to 4,851,981 for Blaine, 150,369 for St. John, 173,370 for Butler. Cleveland had over Blaine 23,005. Cleveland had 48.48 per cent, Blaine 48.22, St. John 1.49, Butler 1.74.
- 1888—Harrison had 5,441,902 to 5,538,560 for Cleveland, 249,937 for Fisk, 147,521 for Streeter, 3,073 for Cowdrey, 1,591 for Curtis and 9,845 scattering. Harrison had 96.68 less than Cleveland. Of the whole vote Harrison had 47.33 per cent, Cleveland 48.63, Fisk 2.21 and Streeter 1.30.
- 1892—Cleveland had 5,556,562 to 5,162,874 for Harrison, 264,066 for Bidwell, 1,055,424 for Weaver and 22,613 for Wing. Of the whole vote Cleveland had 45.73 per cent, Harrison 42.49, Bidwell 2.17 and Weaver 8.67.
- 1896—McKinley had 7,507,822; Bryan, 6,511,073; Levering, 130,683; Bentley, 13,950; Matchett, 33,545; Palmer, 138,800. Of the whole vote McKinley had 50.49 per cent and Bryan had 46.26.
- Of the presidents, Adams, federalist; Polk, Buchanan and Cleveland, democrats; Taylor, whig; Lincoln, Hayes, Garfield and Harrison, republicans, did not, when elected, receive a majority of the popular vote. The highest percentage of popular vote received by any president was 55.97 for Jackson, democrat, in 1828, and the lowest 39.91 for Lincoln, republican, in 1860; Buchanan, democrat, next lowest, with 45.34. Hayes and Harrison, with the exception of John Quincy Adams, who was chosen by the house of representatives, were the only presidents ever elected who did not have a majority over their principal competitors, and Tilden and Cleveland the only defeated candidates who had a majority over the president-elect.

Political Committees.

1896 TO 1900.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Headquarters—Washington, D. C.
Chairman—M. A. Hanna, Ohio.
Secretary—Charles Dick, Ohio.
Treas.—James G. Cannon, New York.
Subtreasurer—Edwin F. Brown.
 Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin.
 Charles G. Dawes, Illinois.
 Winfield T. Durbin, Indiana.
 Cyrus Leland, Jr., Kansas.
 M. S. Quay, Pennsylvania.
 J. H. Manley, Maine.
 Powell Clayton, Arkansas.
 N. B. Scott, West Virginia.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL.

Headquarters—Chicago.
Chairman—James K. Jones, Washington and Arkansas.
Secretary—C. A. Walsh, Ottumwa, Ia.
Treasurer—James L. Norris, Washington, D. C.

STATE.

	Member.	Residence.	Member.	Residence.
Alabama.....	Wm. Youngblood....	Montgomery.....	Henry D. Clayton...	Eufaula.
Alaska.....	C. S. Johnson.....	Juneau.....	C. D. Rogers.....	Sitka.
Arizona.....	W. Griffith.....	Florence.....	W. H. Burbage.....	Holbrook.
Arkansas.....	Powell Clayton.....	Eureka Springs..	Thomas C. McRae....	Prescott.
California.....	J. D. Spreckels....	San Francisco....	J. J. Dwyer.....	San Francisco.
Colorado.....	J. F. Saunders.....	Denver.....	Adair Wilson.....	Durango.
Connecticut....	S. Fessenden.....	Stamford.....	Alexander Troop....	New Haven.
Delaware.....	James H. Wilson....	Wilmington.....	Richard R. Kenney...	Dover.
Dist. Columbia.	M. M. Parker.....	Washington.....	Lawrence Gardner...	Washington.
Florida.....	John C. Long.....	St. Augustine....	Samuel Pasco.....	Monticello.
Georgia.....	Judson W. Lyons....	Augusta.....	Clark Howell, Jr....	Atlanta.
Idaho.....	George L. Shoup....	Boise.....	George Ainslee.....	Boise.
Illinois.....	T. N. Jamieson.....	Chicago.....	Thomas Gahan.....	Chicago.
Indiana.....	Winfield T. Durbin..	Anderson.....	John G. Shanklin....	Evansville.
Indian Ter....	L. E. Bennett.....	Muscogee.....	Thomas Marcum.....	Muscogee.
Iowa.....	A. B. Cummins.....	Des Moines.....	C. A. Walsh.....	Ottumwa.
Kansas.....	Cyrus Leland, Jr....	Troy.....	J. G. Johnson.....	Peabody.
Kentucky.....	John W. Yerkes....	Danville.....	Urey Woodson.....	Owensboro.
Louisiana.....	A. T. Wimberly....	New Orleans....	H. C. Blanchard.....	Shreveport.
Maine.....	Joseph H. Manley...	Augusta.....	Seth C. Gordon.....	Portland.
Maryland.....	Geo. L. Weillington..	Cumberland.....	Arthur P. Gorman....	Laurel.
Massachusetts..	Geo. L. von Meyer...	Boston.....	G. Fred Williams....	Boston.
Michigan.....	George L. Maltz....	Detroit.....	D. J. Campau.....	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	L. F. Hubbard.....	Red Wing.....	T. D. O'Brien.....	St. Paul.
Mississippi....	James Hill.....	Jackson.....	W. V. Sullivan.....	Oxford.
Missouri.....	R. C. Kerens.....	St. Louis.....	William J. Stone....	Jefferson City.
Montana.....	Charles R. Leonard..	Helena.....	John J. McHaddon...	Butte City.
Nebraska.....	J. M. Thurston....	Omaha.....	W. H. Thompson....	Grand Island.
Nevada.....	C. H. Sproule.....	Elko.....	Clayton Belknap....	Virginia City.
New Hampshire..	P. C. Cheney.....	Concord.....	True L. Norris.....	Portsmouth.
New Jersey.....	Vacant.....		Philip D. Baker.....	Bridgetown.
New Mexico....	Solomon Luna.....	Los Lunas.....	H. B. Fergusson....	Albuquerque.
New York.....	Frederick S. Gibbs..	New York city...	Frank Campbell.....	Bath.
North Carolina..	J. E. Boyd.....	Greensboro.....	Josephus Daniels....	Raleigh.
North Dakota..	W. H. Robinson....	Mayville.....	I. P. Baker.....	Bismarck.
Ohio.....	Charles L. Kurtz....	Columbus.....	John R. McLean....	Cincinnati.
Oklahoma Ter..	Henry E. Asp.....	Guthrie.....	W. M. Grant.....	Oklahoma City.
Oregon.....	George A. Steele....	Portland.....	J. H. Townsend.....	Dallas.
Pennsylvania...	Matthew S. Quay....	Beaver.....	J. M. Guffy.....	Pittsburg.
Rhode Island...	Charles R. Brayton..	Providence....	Rich. B. Comstock..	Providence.
South Carolina..	E. A. Webster.....	Orangeburg....	B. R. Tillman.....	Trenton.
South Dakota...	A. B. Kittredge....	Sioux Falls.....	James M. Woods....	Rapid City.
Tennessee.....	W. F. Brownlow....	Jonesboro.....	James M. Head.....	Nashville.
Texas.....	John Grant.....	Sherman.....	James G. Dudley....	Paris.
Utah.....	L. R. Rogers.....	Garden.....	A. W. McCune.....	Salt Lake City.
Vermont.....	Geo. F. Childs....	St. Albans.....	B. B. Smalley.....	Burlington.
Virginia.....	George E. Bowden...	Norfolk.....	Peter J. O'Leary....	Lynchburg.
Washington.....	P. C. Sullivan.....	Tacoma.....	William H. White....	Seattle.
West Virginia..	N. B. Scott.....	Wheeling.....	John T. McGraw....	Grafton.
Wisconsin.....	Henry C. Payne....	Milwaukee.....	E. C. Wall.....	Milwaukee.
Wyoming.....	Willis VanDevanter	Cheyenne.....	Wm. H. Holliday....	Laramie.

NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

PROHIBITION PARTY.

Headquarters—Aldion, Mich.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich. Secretary—W. T. Wardwell, New York city.
 Vice-Chairman—Jas. A. Tate, Dyer, Tenn. Treasurer—Samuel D. Hastings, Green Bay, Wis.
 A. A. Stevens, Tyrone, Pa.; V. B. Cushing, Bangor, Me.; T. R. Carskadon, Keyser, W. Va.;
 John Hipp, Denver, Col.

STATE.	Member.	Residence.	STATE.	Member.	Residence.
Alabama.....	J. C. Orr.....	Hartzell.	Mississippi....	Vacant.	
Arkansas.....	Geo. C. Christian	Eureka Spr's.	Missouri.....	R. T. Bond.....	Fayette.
California.....	J. A. B. Wilson...	San Francisco		C. E. Stokes.....	Mexico.
	J. W. Webb.....	Fresno.	Montana.....	E. M. Gardner...	Bozeman.
Colorado.....	John Hipp.....	Denver.	Nebraska.....	John Dale.....	Omaha.
Connecticut...	F. C. Bradley.....	North Haven.		George C. Fitch..	Central City.
	J. N. Stanley.....	Highland Pk.	N. Hampshire	H. O. Jackson....	Littleton.
Delaware.....	J. R. Jewell.....	Smyrna.		Isaac B. Vale.....	Manchester.
	Aloysius Green...	Whitesville.	New Jersey...	W. H. Nicholson..	Haddonfield.
D. Columbia..	H. B. Moulton...	Washington.		R. J. S. White....	Montclair.
	J. R. Maloney....	Washington.	New York.....	Wm. T. Wardwell	New York city
Florida.....	W. F. Alexander	Waldo.		F. E. Baldwin....	Elmira.
	J. R. Finch.....	Palatka.	N. Carolina...	T. P. Johnson....	Salisbury.
Georgia.....	Frank J. Sibley...	Atlanta.		N. W. Newby.....	Farmers.
	A. A. De Loach...	Atlanta.	N. Dakota....	H. M. Kiff.....	Tower City.
Illinois.....	O. W. Stewart....	Chicago.		H. H. Mott.....	Grafton.
	Geo. W. Gere....	Champaign.	Ohio.....	Vacant.	
Indiana.....	F. T. McWhirter.	Indianapolis.	Pennsylvania	A. A. Stevens....	Tyrone.
	Miss M. Hadley..	Bloomington.		H. D. Patton....	Lancaster.
Iowa.....	Malcolm Smith..	Cedar Rapids.		H. B. Metcalf....	Pawtucket.
	W. L. Ferris.....	Cherokee.	Rhode Island.	Smith Quimby...	Providence.
Kansas.....	Vacant.			J. F. Hanson.....	Mt. Vernon.
Kentucky.....	George W. Bain..	Lexington.	South Dakota	J. A. Tate.....	Dyer.
	J. H. Moore.....	Covington.	Tennessee....	R. S. Cheves....	Unicoi.
Maine.....	V. B. Cushing....	Bangor.		J. B. Cranfill....	Waco.
	N. F. Woodbury.	Auburn.	Texas.....	E. C. Heath.....	Rockwall.
Maryland....	Edwin Higgins...	Baltimore.		C. W. Wyman....	Brattleboro.
	Levin S. Melson.	Bishopville.	Vermont.....	H. C. Barnes....	Swanton.
Massachus'ts.	Frank M. Forbush	Boston.		J. W. Bodley....	Staunton.
	A. W. Richardson	Springfield.	Virginia.....	C. Davis.....	Seattle.
Michigan.....	Chas. P. Russell.	Detroit.	Washington...	T. R. Carskadon..	Keyser.
	Fred E. Britten..	Detroit.	West Virginia	Frank Burt.....	Mannington.
Minnesota....	B. B. Haugan.....	Fergus Falls.		S. D. Hastings...	Green Bay.
	W. J. Dean.....	Minneapolis.	Wisconsin....	O. B. Olson.....	Eau Claire.

NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—27 Pine Street, New York.

Chairman—George Foster Peabody. Secretary—John P. Frenzel.
 Executive Committee—John C. Bullitt, Philadelphia, Pa.; W. B. Haldeman, Louisville, Ky.;
 Joseph Bryan, Richmond, Va.; J. P. Frenzel, Indianapolis, Ind.; L. C. Krauthoff, Kansas
 City, Mo.; W. R. Shelby, Grand Rapids, Mich.; J. M. Falkner, Montgomery, Ala.; L. M. Martin,
 Marshalltown, Iowa; Gordon Woodbury, Manchester, N. H.; J. J. Valentine, San Francisco,
 Cal.; George Foster Peabody, New York.

STATE.	Member.	Residence.	STATE.	Member.	Residence.
Alabama.....	J. M. Falkner....	Montgomery.	Montana.....	A. H. Nelson....	Chicago.
Arizona.....	P. J. Cole.....	Tucson.	Nebraska.....	Euclid Martin...	Omaha.
Arkansas.....	C. B. Moore.....	Little Rock.	N. Hampshire	G. Woodberry...	Manchester.
California....	E. B. Pond.....	S. Francisco.	New Jersey...	Wm. J. Curtis...	Summitt.
	Louis R. Ehrlich.	Col. Springs.	New Mexico...	Wm. B. Childers.	Albuquerque.
Colorado.....	Joel A. Sperry...	New Haven.	New York....	Charles Tracy...	N. Y. city.
Connecticut...	John S. Rossell..	Wilmington.	N. Carolina...	H. E. Fries.....	Salem.
Delaware.....	D. G. Ambler....	Jacksonville.		H. L. Whithed...	Grand Forks.
Florida.....	Thos. F. Corrigan	Atlanta.	North Dakota	Talford P. Linn	Columbus.
Georgia.....	Ben T. Cable....	Rock Island.	Ohio.....	C. E. S. Wood...	Portland.
Illinois.....	John R. Wilson..	Indianapolis.	Oregon.....	S. T. McCormick.	Philadelphia.
Indiana.....	Edwin Ludlow...	Hartshorn.	Pennsylvania	C. C. Mumford...	Providence.
Indian Ter...	L. M. Martin....	Marsh'town.	Rhode Island	W. R. Davie....	Landsford.
Iowa.....	Eugene Hagan...	Topeka.	South Dakota	John B. Hanten.	Watertown.
Kansas.....	Zach. Phelps....	Louisville.	Tennessee...	Michael Savage.	Nashville.
Kentucky.....	M. R. Spellman..	New Orleans.		M. L. Crawford.	Dallas.
Louisiana....	C. Vey Holman...	Rockland.	Texas.....	Parley Williams.	Salt Lake.
Maine.....	Wm. P. Whyte...	Baltimore.	Utah.....	W. H. Creamer..	Bethel.
Maryland....	N. Matthews, Jr.	Boston.	Vermont.....	Joseph Bryan...	Richmond.
Massachu'ts.	Thos. A. Wilson.	Jackson.	Virginia.....	H. C. Wallace...	Tacoma.
Michigan.....	F. W. M. Cutcheon	St. Paul.	Washington...	R. Stalnaker...	Wheeling.
Minnesota....	H. M. Street....	Senatoba.	West Virginia	Ellis B. Usher...	Milwaukee.
Mississippi...	L. C. Krauthoff..	Kansas City.	Wisconsin....		
Missouri.....					

NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

PEOPLE'S PARTY (NONFUSION).

(Appointed at the national convention held at Cincinnati, O., Sept. 6, 1898.)

Headquarters—Dallas, Tex.

Chairman—Milton Park, Dallas, Tex.

Secretary—W. S. Morgan, Hardy, Ark.

Treasurer—Vacant.

STATE.	Members.	Residence.	STATE.	Members.	Residence.
Florida.....	Frank H. Lytle..	Stanton.	Mississippi...	Frank Burkitt...	Okolona.
	A. P. Baskin....	Anthony.		R. K. Pruitt.....	Ackerman.
	A. A. Weeks.....	Duncan.		N. C. Hathborn...	Columbia.
Georgia.....	C. E. McGregor..	Warrenton.	Missouri.....	Paul J. Dixon....	Chillicothe.
	William Phillips	Marietta.		J. W. Hills.....	McFalls.
	W. D. Hawkins..	Flowery Br'ch		D. W. Eskew.....	Poplar Bluff.
Illinois.....	Francis R. Cole..	Chicago.	New Jersey..	E. A. Wallace....	South Orange
	J. D. Hess.....	Pittsfield.		T. B. Richmond..	Camden.
	Geo. W. Wickline.	Belleville.		F. S. Newcomb...	Vineland.
Indiana.....	J. C. Smith.....	Monticello.	Ohio.....	John Seltz.....	Tiffin.
	D. Linton.....	Sheridan.		Robt. McCammon	Sulphur Sp'gs
	Zebulon Cox....	Sheridan.		J. M. H. Frederick.	Akron.
Minnesota...	E. A. Twitchell..	Minneapolis.			
	J. B. Dukes.....	Minneapolis.			
	S. W. Powell.....	Stillwater.			

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—Jesse Cox. Secretary—Seymour Stedman. Executive Board—Eugene V. Debs
Victor L. Berger, Frederick Heath.

STATES AND MEMBERS.	Address.	STATES AND MEMBERS.	Address.
California—		New Jersey—	
Anna F. Smith	San Diego.	Samuel Levine.....	Newark.
Illinois—Jesse Cox	Chicago.	New York—	
Seymour Stedman.....	Chicago.	Joseph Barondess....	New York.
A. S. Edwards.....	Chicago.	J. Phillips.....	New York.
George Koop	Chicago.	M. Winchesky.....	New York.
Theo. Debs.....	Chicago.	Louis E. Miller.....	New York.
Indiana—		William Butscher....	Brooklyn.
Eugene V. Debs	Terre Haute.	Ohio—W. J. Carberry	Bucyrus.
Sylvester Kelleher....	Indianapolis.	Charles R. Martin...	Tiffin.
Hugo Miller	Indianapolis.	Pennsylvania—	
Massachusetts—		Walker H. Miller....	Erie.
Margaret Halle.....	Roxbury.	Wisconsin—	
William Mailly.....	Haverhill.	George Moerschell...	Milwaukee.
James F. Carey.....	Haverhill.	Jacob Hunger.....	Milwaukee.
Missouri—G. A. Hoehm	St. Louis.	Victor L. Berger.....	Milwaukee.
C. F. Meier	St. Louis.	Charles G. Kuhn....	Milwaukee.
New Hampshire—		Frederick Heath....	Milwaukee.
F. G. R. Gordon.....	Manchester.	John Doerfler.....	Milwaukee.
		Oscar Loebel.....	Sheboygan.

SOCIALISTIC LABOR PARTY.

Headquarters—New York.

Chairman—..... Secretary—Henry Slobodin. Treasurer—Henry Stahl.

STATE AND MEMBERS.	Address.	STATE AND MEMBERS.	Address.
New York—		New York—	
Henry Stahl.....	New York.	William Fahl.....	New York.
Fred. E. Kirchner, Jr.	New York.	Morris Hillquit.....	New York.
Michael F. Baranoff..	New York.	Stephen Wenzel.....	New York.
Rudolph Becker.....	New York.		

NATIONAL REFORM PARTY.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Chairman—R. S. Thompson, Springfield, O. Vice-Chairman and Treasurer—J. M. Dunlap,
Franklin, Ind. Temporary Secretary—A. G. Eichelberger, Baltimore, Md.

MEMBERS.	Address.	MEMBERS.	Address.
Edward Evans.	N. Tonawanda, N Y.	F. A. Naille.....	Colwyn, Pa.
Jay G. Walt.....	Sturgis, Mich.	Asa Taylor.....	Omaha, Neb.
Sheridan Webster.....	St. Louis, Mo.	W. J. Seelye.....	Wooster, O.

NATIONAL COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

NATIONAL SILVER REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Headquarters—Washington, D. C.

Chairman—C. A. Towne, Duluth, Minn. Secretary—A. H. McCranly, Sacramento, Cal.

STATE.	Members.	Address.	STATE.	Members.	Address.
California....	N. Cole, Jr.	Los Angeles.	Montana.....	Edgar Willson ...	Boise.
Colorado	A. H. McCranly..	Sacramento.	Nevada.....	John P. Jones ...	Gold Hill.
	H. M. Teller.....	Denver.	New York....	Ben S. Dean.....	Jamestown.
	Jno. F. Shafroth.	Denver.	Ohio.....	J. J. Harper.....	Wash'n C. H.
	A. M. Stevenson.	Denver.	South Dakota	R. F. Pettigrew..	Sioux Falls.
Idaho.....	F. T. DuBols....	Blackfoot.	Utah.....	F. J. Cannon.....	Ogden.
Minnesota....	C. A. Towne.....	Duluth.		C. E. Allen.....	Salt Lake City
Montana	C. S. Hartmann..	Bozeman.			

CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF STATE COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Alabama	William Vaughan..	Birmingham....	A. C. Johnson.....	Mobile.
Arizona.....	Chas. R. Drake....	Tucson	J. Knox Corbett...	Tucson.
Arkansas.....	Henry M. Cooper...	Little Rock....	W. S. Holt.....	Little Rock.
California	Frank McLaughlin..	Oroville	E. B. Hart.....	San Francisco.
Colorado	A. B. Seaman.....	Denver.....	W. H. Brisbane....	Leadville.
Connecticut...	O. R. Flyer.....	Torrington....	Samuel A. Eddy...	Canaan.
Delaware.....	H. C. Brown.....	Washington....	W. H. Heald.....	Wilmington.
Florida.....	Henry S. Chubb...	Galveston....	Jos. E. Lee.....	Jacksonville.
Georgia.....	W. H. Johnson....	Atlanta.....	J. H. Devaux.....	Savannah.
Idaho.....	John T. Morrison...	Caldwell.....	David Vickers....	Boise.
Illinois.....	Chas. S. Rannels...	Jacksonville...	J. R. B. Van Cleave.	Springfield.
Indiana.....	Chas. S. Hernley...	Newcastle....	S. H. Spooner....	Indianapolis.
Iowa.....	C. T. Hancock....	Dubuque.....	C. W. Phillips....	Maquoketa.
Kansas.....	Morton Albaugh...	Kingman.....	Frank L. Brown...	Garnett.
Kentucky.....	C. M. Barnett....	Hartford.....	K. J. Hampton....	Winchester.
Louisiana....	P. F. Herwig.....	New Orleans...	L. J. Joubert....	New Orleans.
Maine.....	J. H. Manley.....	Augusta.....	Byron Boyd.....	
Maryland.....	G. L. Wellington...	Cumberland....	Levi A. Thompson..	Baltimore.
Massachusetts.	A. H. Goetting....	Boston.....	Thomas Talbot....	Boston.
Michigan.....	L. F. Marsh.....	Allegan.....	H. A. Sherman....	Detroit.
Minnesota....	John H. Steele....	Minneapolis...	C. A. Rasmussen...	Red Wing.
Missouri.....	Thos. J. Akina....	St. Louis.....	A. F. Shriner.....	St. Louis.
Montana.....	Jos. P. Woolman...	Helena.....	Thos. B. Miller...	Helena.
Nebraska.....	R. B. Schneider...	Fremont.....	P. O. Hedlund....	Lincoln.
Nevada.....	R. K. Colcord....	Carson City...	E. D. Vanderlieth..	Carson City.
N. Hampshire.	Jacob H. Gallinger.	Concord.....	Louis G. Hoyt....	Kingston.
New Jersey....	Franklin Murphy...	Newark.....	A. S. Barber.....	Woodbury.
New Mexico...	J. Clark.....	E. Las Vegas...	Max Frost.....	Santa Fe.
New York.....	Benj. B. Odell, Jr..	Newburg.....	John L. Kenyon...	Oneonta.
North Carolina.	Albert E. Holton...	Winston.....	W. S. Hyams.....	Bakersville.
North Dakota..	W. H. Robinson...	Marysville....	M. H. Jewell.....	Bismarck.
Ohio.....	Myron A. Morris...	Youngstown...	J. R. Mallory....	Mt. Vernon.
Oklahoma.....	Wm. Grimes.....	Kingfisher....	H. F. Ardery.....	Kingfisher.
Oregon.....	Geo. A. Elkin.....	Portland.....	Graham Glass, Jr..	Portland.
Pennsylvania..	John P. Elkin.....	Indiana.....	W. R. Andrews....	Coventry.
Rhode Island..	Hunter C. White...	Providence....	Eugene F. Warner..	Charleston.
South Carolina.	R. B. Tolbert....	Greenwood....	J. H. Johnson....	
South Dakota..	Chas. N. Herried...	Eureka.....	Thos. G. Orr.....	Brookings.
Tennessee....	W. P. Brownlow...	Jonesboro....	J. H. C. McCall...	Nashville.
Texas.....	E. H. R. Green....	Terrell.....	W. E. Easton.....	San Antonio.
Utah.....	Wesley K. Walton...		Julia Farnsworth...	Salt Lake City.
Vermont.....	Geo. H. Babbitt, Jr.	Bellevue Falls.	Alfred E. Watson...	White River Jct.
Virginia.....	Park Agnew.....	Alexandria....	Asa Rogers.....	Petersburg.
Washington....	J. H. Schively....	Seattle.....	Wm. A. Gilmore...	Seattle.
West Virginia..	Wm. M. O. Dawson.	Charleston....	A. B. White.....	Parkersburg.
Wisconsin.....	Jos. B. Treat.....	Monroe.....	G. P. Stickney....	Milwaukee.
Wyoming.....	J. A. Van Orsdell..	Cheyenne.....	Fred Bond.....	Cheyenne.

CHAIRMEN AND SECRETARIES OF STATE COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

DEMOCRATIC.

STATE.	Chairman.	Residence.	Secretary.	Residence.
Alabama.....	R. G. Lowe.....	Birmingham.....	Nathan L. Miller.....	Birmingham.
Arkansas.....	Carroll Armstrong.....	Morrilton.....	Gray Carroll.....	Little Rock.
Arizona.....	B. A. Flocks.....	Phoenix.....	Frank M. King.....	Phoenix.
California.....	William H. Aiford.....	San Francisco.....	R. P. Troy.....	San Francisco.
Colorado.....	Milton Smith.....	Denver.....	Rod. S. King.....	Denver.
Connecticut.....	C. B. Davis.....	Higginum.....	Fred J. Brown.....	New Haven.
Delaware.....	Irvin Handy.....	Newark.....	P. I. Cooper.....	Wilmington.
Dist. Columbia.....	Thos. B. Kalbfus.....	Washington.....	C. F. Cook.....	Washington.
Florida.....	W. A. Rawls.....	Tallahassee.....	J. C. Cooper.....	Jacksonville.
Georgia.....	F. G. DuBligon.....	Savannah.....	Arthur E. Barnett.....	Atlanta.
Idaho.....	James A. McGee.....	Boise City.....	W. C. Fritter.....	Nampa.
Illinois.....	Walter Watson.....	Mt. Vernon.....	F. E. Eldred.....	Chicago.
Indiana.....	Parks M. Martin.....	Indianapolis.....	S. L. Wallace.....	Indianapolis.
Indian Terr'y.....	John Galt.....	Ardmore.....		
Iowa.....	C. A. Walsh.....	Ottumwa.....	E. M. Carr.....	Manchester.
Kansas.....	J. Mack Love.....	Arkansas City.....	W. H. C. Pepperell.....	Concordia.
Kentucky.....	Maj. P. P. Johnson.....	Lexington.....	Gus W. Richardson.....	Louisville.
Louisiana.....	E. B. Krultschnltt.....	New Orleans.....	Robert S. Lundry.....	New Orleans.
Maine.....	George E. Hughes.....	Bath.....	Fred E. Beane.....	Hallowell.
Maryland.....	Murry Vandiver.....	Baltimore.....	Spencer Watkins.....	Bethesda.
Massachusetts.....	John W. Corcoran.....	Boston.....	Nath. G. Robinson.....	Boston.
Michigan.....	Fred A. Baker.....	Detroit.....	G. Walter Meade.....	Detroit.
Minnesota.....	L. A. Rosing.....	St. Paul.....	E. M. Pope.....	St. Paul.
Mississippi.....	C. C. Miller.....	Meridian.....	D. B. Porter.....	Jackson.
Missouri.....	Samuel B. Cook.....	St. Louis.....	T. B. Love.....	St. Louis.
Montana.....	W. M. Cockrell.....	Great Falls.....	J. G. Morony.....	Butte.
Nebraska.....	James C. Dahlgman.....	Omaha.....	Lee Hardman.....	Omaha.
Nevada.....	T. W. Healy.....	Carson.....	P. J. McGrath.....	Mound House.
New Hampshire.....	J. T. Amey.....	Concord.....	Daniel M. White.....	Concord.
New Jersey.....	E. L. Price.....	Newark.....	W. K. Deveraux.....	Newark.
New York.....	Elliott Danforth.....	Poughkeepsie.....	John J. Hudson.....	Gloversville.
North Carolina.....	Clement Manly.....	Winston.....	John W. Thompson.....	Raleigh.
North Dakota.....	Thomas Kleinogel.....	Fargo.....	E. C. Carruth.....	Grand Forks.
New Mexico.....	Antonio Joseph.....	Santa Fe.....	Lorlon Miller.....	Santa Fe.
Ohio.....	W. W. Durbin.....	Kenton.....	W. A. Taylor.....	Columbus.
Oklahoma.....	J. J. O'Rourke.....	El Reno.....	Frank Stevens.....	Waukomis.
Oregon.....	R. S. Sheridan.....	Roseburg.....	Napoleon Davis.....	Portland.
Pennsylvania.....	John M. Garman.....	Wilkes-Barre.....	Matt Savage.....	Clearfield.
Rhode Island.....	Franklin P. Owen.....	Scituate.....	John E. Conley.....	Providence.
South Carolina.....	D. H. Thompson.....	Columbia.....	U. S. Gunter.....	Columbia.
South Dakota.....	John A. Bowler.....	Sioux Falls.....	F. Begelmeier.....	Sioux Falls.
Tennessee.....	J. M. Coleman.....	Memphis.....	Sam B. Williamson.....	Nashville.
Texas.....	J. W. Blake.....	Mexia.....	John H. Pleasants.....	Austin.
Vermont.....	Herb. F. Bringham.....	Bakersfield.....	John F. Senter.....	Middlebury.
Utah.....	R. W. Sloan.....	Salt Lake City.....	E. A. McDaniels.....	Salt Lake City.
Virginia.....	J. Taylor Elyson.....	Richmond.....	J. Bell Bigger.....	Richmond.
Washington.....	H. T. Jones.....	Spokane.....	Thomas Malony.....	Tacoma.
West Virginia.....	Andrew Edmiston.....	Weston.....	Wm. H. Ohley.....	Charleston.
Wisconsin.....	George W. Peck.....	Milwaukee.....	C. J. Noel.....	Milwaukee.
Wyoming.....	John A. Martin.....	Cheyenne.....	James Fenwick.....	Laramie.

PROHIBITION.

STATE.	Chairman.	Address.	STATE.	Chairman.	Address.
Alabama.....	C. W. Buck.....	Montgomery.	Missouri.....	Chas. E. Stokes.....	St. Louis.
Arizona.....	Vacant.....		Montana.....	J. M. Waters.....	Bozeman.
Arkansas.....	Geo. C. Christian.....	Eureka Sp'gs.	Nebraska.....	A. G. Wolfenb'rg'r.....	Lincoln.
California.....	T. D. Kanouse.....	Glendale.	Nevada.....	Jacob Stiner.....	Reno.
Colorado.....	Frank J. Willsea.....	Denver.	N. Hampshire.....	H. O. Jackson.....	Littleton.
Connecticut.....	H. B. Brown.....	E. Hampton.	New Jersey.....	G. J. Haven.....	Camden.
Delaware.....	R. H. Cooper.....	Cheswold.	New York.....	J. H. Durkee.....	Batavia.
Florida.....	J. J. Edwards(Sec.).....	Doland.	N. Carolina.....	Edwin Shaver.....	Salisbury.
Georgia.....	J. O. Perkins.....	Atlanta.	N. Dakota.....	M. H. Kiff(Treas.).....	Tower City.
Idaho.....	H. A. Lee.....	Velser.	Ohio.....	J. J. Ashenburt.....	Columbus.
Illinois.....	O. W. Stewart.....	Bloomington.	Oklahoma.....	Vacant.....	
Indiana.....	H. J. Hall.....	Franklin.	Pennsylvania.....	C. M. Weister.....	Portland.
Indian Ter.....	Vacant.....		Rhode Island.....	Charles R. Jones.....	Philadelphia.
Iowa.....	O. D. Ellett.....	Russell.	South Dakota.....	J. A. Williams.....	Providence.
Kansas.....	M. Williams.....	Lansing.	Tennessee.....	K. Lewis.....	Lake Preston.
Kentucky.....	T. B. Demaree.....	Union Mills.	Texas.....	James A. Tate.....	Fayetteville.
Louisiana.....	Vacant.....		Utah.....	B. F. Bailey.....	Houston.
Maine.....	J. Perryn.....	Portland.	Vermont.....	Vacant.....	
Maryland.....	T. M. Prentiss.....	Baltimore.	Virginia.....	J. L. Fort, Jr.....	Winoski.
Massachusetts.....	H. A. Evans.....	Boston.	Washington.....	W. T. Bundick.....	Onancock.
Michigan.....	F. E. Britten.....	Albion.	W. Virginia.....	R. E. Dunlap.....	Seattle.
Minnesota.....	Geo. W. Higgins.....	Minneapolis.	Wisconsin.....	J. H. Holt.....	Moundsville.
Mississippi.....	Vacant.....			J. E. Clayton.....	Milwaukee.

CHAIRMEN OF COUNTY COMMITTEES-ILLINOIS.

COUNTY.	REPUBLICAN.		DEMOCRATIC.	
	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Adams.....	Wm. R. Lockwood..	Quincy.....	Herman Moecker...	Quincy.
Alexander.....	Walter Warden.....	Calro.....	P. P. Walsh.....	Calro.
Bond.....	J. J. Sutton.....	Greenville.....	Chas. Carrillon.....	Smithboro.
Boone.....	Dr. R. W. McInnis..	Belvidere.....	W. L. Pierce.....	Belvidere.
Brown.....	T. J. Clark.....	Quincy.....	Geo. E. Richardson..	Mount Sterling.
Bureau.....	C. J. McManis.....	Princeton.....	C. N. Keith.....	Princeton.
Calhoun.....	Jno. B. Sutter.....	Kampsville.....	Chas. H. Lamar.....	Hardin.
Carroll.....	W. Scott Cowen.....	Shannon.....	Wm. Hogan.....	Lanark.
Cass.....	Dr. J. A. Glenn.....	Ashland.....	L. A. Pervish.....	Virginia.
Champaign.....	Ozias Riley.....	Champaign.....	J. B. Harris.....	Champaign.
Christian.....	J. E. Harrison.....	Taylorville.....	Jno. E. Hogan.....	Taylorville.
Clark.....	J. W. Hancock.....	Casey.....	Sol. Handy.....	Marshall.
Clay.....	B. D. Monroe.....	Louisville.....	W. R. Whitman.....	Louisville.
Clinton.....	Wm. H. Norris.....	Carlyle.....	Jno. J. McGaffigan..	Carlyle.
Coles.....	F. A. Blankenbaker..	Charleston.....	B. D. Parish.....	Mattoon.
Cook.....	John M. Smyth.....	Chicago.....	Thos. Gahan.....	Chicago.
Crawford.....	Alfred H. Jones.....	Robinson.....	A. L. Love.....	Robinson.
Cumberland.....	M. A. Ewing.....	Neoga.....	Lyle Declus.....	Toledo.
DeKalb.....	Wm. Jackson.....	Shabbona.....	B. B. Smiley.....	Malta.
DeWitt.....	F. C. Taylor.....	Clinton.....	Titus Hinchcliff.....	Clinton.
Douglas.....	James Jones.....	Tuscola.....	I. R. Urquhart.....	Tuscola.
DuPage.....	W. B. Carleton.....	Hinsdale.....	Jno. W. Leonard.....	Wheaton.
Edgar.....	Hiram Lyan.....	Paris.....	H. S. Tanner.....	Paris.
Edwards.....	W. R. Strawn.....	Albion.....	Fred. Beehn.....	West Salem.
Effingham.....	J. E. Graves.....	Altamont.....	R. C. Harrah.....	Effingham.
Fayette.....	G. T. Turner.....	Vandalla.....	J. H. Webb.....	Vandalla.
Ford.....	J. P. Middlecroft..	Paxton.....	Chas. B. Miller.....	Gibson City.
Franklin.....	R. E. Cook.....	Benton.....	A. M. Brownlee.....	Benton.
Fulton.....	J. M. Stewart.....	Lewistown.....	W. B. Cain.....	Canton.
Gallatin.....	E. Mills.....	Ridgeway.....	Jno. McKeelgott.....	Shawneetown.
Greene.....	J. G. Pope.....	Kane.....	Edw. Smith.....	Carrollton.
Grundy.....	C. M. Stephen.....	Morris.....	Dr. O. P. Bennett.....	Mazon.
Hamilton.....	C. G. McCoy.....	McLeansboro.....	Joseph H. Upchurch..	McLeansboro.
Hancock.....	J. Mack Sholl.....	Carthage.....	Thos. F. Dunn.....	Carthage.
Hardin.....	Vol. Ferrell.....	Elizabethtown.....	W. R. Martin.....	Elizabethtown.
Henderson.....	E. A. Hail.....	Oquawka.....	Thos. N. Baird.....	Biggsville.
Henry.....	Thomas Nowers.....	Atkinson.....	J. H. Mulligan.....	Kewanee.
Iroquois.....	J. W. Kern.....	Watseka.....		
Jackson.....	Ed. P. Trobaugh.....	Murphysboro.....	F. L. Etherton.....	Murphysboro.
Jasper.....	J. M. Wakefield.....	Newton.....	Geo. W. McColley.....	Newton.
Jefferson.....	O. P. Nesmith.....	Bluford.....	C. R. Keller.....	Mount Vernon.
Jersey.....	W. S. Putman.....	Jerseyville.....	Cosmos Keller.....	Jerseyville.
Jo Daviess.....	J. A. Adams.....	Scales Mound.....	Dr. M. H. Cleary.....	Galena.
Johnson.....	Levi J. Smith.....	Vienna.....	W. F. McCall.....	Vienna.
Kane.....	F. G. Hanchett.....	Aurora.....	John Miller.....	Batavia.
Kankakee.....	E. A. Jeffers.....	Kankakee.....	A. E. Smith.....	Kankakee.
Kendall.....	W. R. Newton.....	Yorkville.....	W. D. Steward.....	Plano.
Knox.....	M. O. Williamson.....	Galesburg.....	Seym'r McWilliams..	Abingdon.
Lake.....	W. C. Upton.....	Waukegan.....	D. A. Grady.....	Waukegan.
LaSalle.....	Al. F. Schoch.....	Ottawa.....	Wm. J. Sinon.....	Ottawa.
Lawrence.....	E. S. Kingsbury.....	Lawrenceville.....	Wm. E. Finley.....	Bridgeport.
Lee.....	T. H. Stetler.....	Paw Paw.....	H. D. Fordham.....	Compton.
Livingston.....	D. S. Myers.....	Pontiac.....	R. S. McIluff.....	Pontiac.
Logan.....	W. R. Baldwin.....	Lincoln.....	Jos. Hodnett.....	Lincoln.
Macon.....	John Allen.....	Decatur.....	R. T. Williams.....	Decatur.
Macoupin.....	M. L. Keplinger.....	Carlinville.....	F. W. Burton.....	Carlinville.
Madison.....	Anton Neustadt.....	Collinsville.....	C. W. Terry.....	Edwardsville.
Marion.....	W. Hollin Smith.....	Patoka.....	S. J. Smith.....	Salem.
Marshall.....	H. C. DePue.....	Lacon.....	A. Staleten.....	Varna.
Mason.....	O. H. Harpham.....	Havana.....	S. J. Mehlihop.....	Havana.
Massac.....	Fred R. Young.....	Metropolis.....	Louis Vallee.....	Metropolis.
McDonough.....	D. M. Graves.....	Macomb.....	Chas. W. Hack.....	Macomb.
McHenry.....	L. T. Hoy.....	Woodstock.....	J. D. Donovan.....	Woodstock.
McLean.....	J. A. Bolrer.....	Bloomington.....	A. J. Barn.....	Bloomington.
Menard.....	Homer J. Tice.....	Greenview.....	A. W. Hartley.....	Petersburg.
Mercer.....	J. A. Cummins.....	Aledo.....	A. M. Pinkerton.....	Viola.
Monroe.....			Frank Durfee.....	Waterloo.
Montgomery.....	John P. Gardner.....	Litchfield.....	Duncan C. Best.....	Hillsboro.
Morgan.....	J. T. King.....	Jacksonville.....	Edw. McConnell.....	Jacksonville.
Moultrie.....	John H. Uppendahl..	Dalton City.....	Wm. Kirkwood.....	Sullivan.
Ogle.....	M. E. Schryver.....	Polo.....	M. L. Ettlinger.....	Rochelle.
Peoria.....	P. G. Rennick.....	Peoria.....	P. F. Harmon.....	Peoria.
Perry.....	H. W. Adams.....	Tamaroa.....	Roy Alden.....	Pinkneyville.
Platt.....	M. N. Mickels.....	Cerro Gordo.....	John E. Andrews.....	Monticello.
Pike.....	J. W. Stafter.....	Pittsfield.....	W. H. Crowe.....	Pittsfield.
Pope.....	John Gilbert, Jr.....	Golconda.....	H. B. Pierce.....	Golconda.
Pulaski.....	E. W. McClelland.....	Mound City.....	C. Webrenberg.....	Mound City.
Putnam.....	J. B. Albert.....	Florida.....	Isaac Cook.....	Hennepin.

ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Randolph.....	Thos. Gant.....	New Palestine..	Don E. Detrich.....	Chester.
Richland.....	Jas. E. Wharf.....	Olney.....	M. D. Foster.....	Olney.
Rock Island.....	Frank G. Allen.....	Moline.....	Jas. W. Kavanaugh.....	Rock Island.
Saline.....	John W. Coker.....	Harrisburg.....	D. N. Cholsier.....	Harrisburg.
Sangamon.....	Jos. M. Grout.....	Springfield.....	H. D. Giger.....	Buckhart.
Schuyler.....	B. O. Willard.....	Rushville.....	T. E. Bottenburg.....	Rushville.
Scott.....	John B. Mayes.....	Winchester.....	G. W. Bowman.....	Aalsey.
Shelby.....	J. C. Westervelt.....	Shelbyville.....	Phillip Heinz.....	Shelbyville.
Stark.....	V. G. Fuller.....	Toulon.....	Frank Jacobs.....	Wyoming.
St. Clair.....	Charles Becker.....	Belleville.....	R. D. W. Holder.....	Belleville.
Stephenson.....	Smith D. Atkins.....	Freeport.....	C. J. Dittmar.....	Freeport.
Tazewell.....	R. J. Beatty.....	Delavan.....	A. Behrens.....	Pekin.
Union.....	G. W. Owen.....	West'n Saratoga.....	A. Ney Sessions.....	Anna.
Vermilion.....	W. R. Jewell.....	Danville.....	Geo. R. Tilton.....	Danville.
Wabash.....	Theo. G. Risley.....	Mount Carmel.....	Jas. E. Inskip.....	Mount Carmel.
Warren.....	C. F. Buck.....	Monmouth.....	N. S. Woodward.....	Monmouth.
Washington.....	H. J. Schmidt.....	Nashville.....	F. M. Vernor.....	Nashville.
Wayne.....	Frank M. Brock.....	Fairfield.....	Adam Rinard.....	Fairfield.
White.....	Will S. Rice.....	Carmi.....	A. W. Charles.....	Carmi.
Whiteside.....	S. M. McCalmont.....	Morrison.....	Joseph Wright.....	Rock Falls.
Will.....	H. M. Snapp.....	Joliet.....	Wm. Mooney.....	Joliet.
Williamson.....	W. O. Potter.....	Lake Creek.....	S. K. Casey.....	Marion.
Winnebago.....	B. F. Lee.....	Rockford.....	— Allen.....	Rockford.
Woodford.....	C. F. Brown.....	Roanoke.....	Thos. Cribben.....	El Paso.

PROHIBITION.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	COUNTY.	Name.	Address.
Adams.....	Capt. H. S. Brown.....	Quincy.	Lee.....	F. A. Lawton.....	Dixon.
Alexander.....	M. Easterday.....	Cairo.	Livingston.....	Marion Gallup.....	Pontiac.
Bond.....	John Bradford.....	Greenville.	Logan.....	W. W. Houser.....	Lincoln.
Boone.....	R. C. Fritz.....	Belvidere.	Macon.....	B. F. Cloud.....	Decatur.
Brown.....	W. B. Riggs.....	Mt. Sterling.	Macoupin.....	Wm. Nell.....	Bunker Hill.
Bureau.....	J. G. Brooks.....	Wyanet.	Madison.....	D. G. Ray.....	Upper Alton.
Calhoun.....	A. C. Wilson.....	Batchtown.	Marion.....	Squire Farmer.....	Patoka.
Carroll.....	C. Lamp.....	Lanark.	Marshall.....	G. M. Locke.....	Henry.
Cass.....	M. H. White.....	Virginia.	Mason.....	P. W. Thomas.....	Mason City.
Champaign.....	F. H. Lloyd.....	Champaign.	Massac.....	J. F. Hight.....	Samoth.
Christian.....	W. A. Clawson.....	Assumption.	McDonough.....	L. F. Gumbart.....	Macomb.
Clark.....	J. W. Rowe.....	Martinsville.	McHenry.....	E. B. Smith.....	Ridgefield.
Clay.....	J. Buffington.....	Xenia.	McLean.....	F. L. Gaston.....	Normal.
Clinton.....	Rev. M. L. Cole.....	Carlyle.	Menard.....	C. E. Smoot.....	Petersburg.
Coles.....	E. Hobart.....	Ashmore.	Mercer.....	Mrs. J. M. Wright.....	Aledo.
Cook.....	R. J. Mossop.....	Chicago.	Monroe.....	Vacant.	
Crawford.....	J. B. Connett.....	Robinson.	Montgomery.....	C. J. Upton.....	Barnett.
Cumberland.....	F. M. Swengel.....	Neoga.	Morgan.....	W. H. H. Hoover.....	Jacksonville.
DeKalb.....	D. A. Syme.....	Sycamore.	Moultrie.....	E. B. Allen.....	Sullivan.
DeWitt.....	W. H. McFarland.....	Clinton.	Ogle.....	H. Billig.....	Forreston.
Douglas.....	Jno. Lindsay.....	Tuscola.	Peoria.....	D. R. Sheen.....	Peoria.
DuPage.....	E. C. Guild.....	Wheaton.	Perry.....	R. A. Wheatley.....	Duquoin.
Edgar.....	C. C. Griffith.....	Kansas.	Platt.....	M. T. Scott.....	Bement.
Edwards.....	J. B. Rude.....	Bone Gap.	Pike.....	L. A. Chamberlain.....	Pittsfield.
Efingham.....	Henry B. Kopley.....	Efingham.	Pope.....	S. A. DeBoard.....	McCormick.
Fayette.....	D. D. Collins.....	Vandalia.	Pulaski.....	Alonzo Butler.....	Villa Ridge.
Ford.....	J. N. Bondurant.....	Paxton.	Putnam.....	John Swaney.....	Clear Creek.
Franklin.....	W. H. Carner.....	Benton.	Randolph.....	S. T. Wright.....	Sparta.
Gallatin.....	J. McClelland.....	Astoria.	Richland.....	G. B. Murray.....	Olney.
Greene.....	J. C. Swinney.....	Equality.	Rock Island.....	Wm. Goldsworthy.....	Moline.
Grundy.....	N. B. Challacombe.....	Greenfield.	Saline.....	W. G. Showers.....	El Dorado.
Hamilton.....	J. N. Woods.....	Gardner.	Sangamon.....	R. H. Patton.....	Springfield.
Hancock.....	J. H. Wilson.....	McLeansboro.	Schuyler.....	Dr. J. N. Speed.....	Rushville.
Hardin.....	F. M. Cutler.....	Carthage.	Scott.....	Vacant.	
Hardin.....	Chas. R. Hine.....	Elizabethton.	Shelby.....	Col. P. Cooper.....	Shelbyville.
Henderson.....	J. Marion Fort.....	Stronghurst.	Stark.....	H. J. Reynolds.....	Toulon.
Henry.....	E. S. Whiting.....	Kewanee.	St. Clair.....	Wm. Little.....	Marissa.
Iroquois.....	F. H. Tormohlen.....	Watseka.	Stephenson.....	T. D. Wilcoxer.....	Freeport.
Jackson.....	J. L. Meads.....	Murphysboro.	Tazewell.....	D. W. Puterbaugh.....	Mackinaw.
Jasper.....	J. W. Honey.....	Newton.	Union.....	M. V. Powell.....	Anna.
Jefferson.....	H. L. Johnson.....	Mt. Vernon.	Vermilion.....	G. S. Hoff.....	Danville.
Jersey.....	J. C. Moss.....	Newbern.	Wabash.....	W. H. Hughes.....	Mt. Carmel.
Jo Daviess.....	W. S. Smith.....	Pleasant Valley.	Warren.....	J. J. Milne.....	Monmouth.
Johnson.....	J. C. B. Heaton.....	New Burnside.	Washington.....	J. B. Courtney.....	Nashville.
Kane.....	Dr. T. A. Elder.....	Aurora.	Wayne.....	John A. L. Scott.....	Orchardville.
Kankakee.....	J. C. Mateer.....	Kankakee.	White.....	H. L. Bozeman.....	Carmi.
Kendall.....	Alonzo Stanzel.....	Yorkville.	Whiteside.....	S. T. Shirley.....	Rock Falls.
Knox.....	E. H. Burridge.....	Abingdon.	Will.....	R. J. Kyle.....	Tamarack.
Lake.....	J. F. Hunter.....	Russell.	Williamson.....	Rev. J. J. Harris.....	Marion.
LaSalle.....	A. J. Thurber.....	Marseilles.	Winnebago.....	G. H. Dennett.....	Rockford.
Lawrence.....	A. Shrader.....	Linn.	Woodford.....	W. H. Smith.....	Eureka.

ILLINOIS COUNTY COMMITTEES.—CONTINUED.
SILVER REPUBLICAN PARTY.

COUNTY.	Name.	Address.	COUNTY.	Name.	Address.
Adams.....	A. J. Ketchum...	La Prairie.	Livingston.....	C. C. Strawn.....	Pontiac.
Alexander.....	Wm. Davidson...	Cairo.	Logan.....	Dr. Lawrence....	Lincoln.
Bond.....	Nath. Dresser...	Beaver Crk.	Macon.....	Frank Ewing....	Decatur.
Boone.....	George Pierce....	Belvidere.	Macoupin.....	E. B. Wideman...	Carlinville.
Brown.....	J. W. Curry.....	Mt. Sterling.	Madison.....	Wm. Armstrong..	Alton.
Bureau.....	N. C. Buswell....	Neponset.	Marion.....	B. F. Martin.....	Salem.
Calhoun.....	Greeley Edwards	Hamburg.	Marshall.....	A. Broadus.....	Lacon.
Carroll.....	J. H. Carbaugh..	Lanark.	Massac.....	H. Westerman...	Metropolis.
Cass.....	E. C. Foster.....	Beardstown.	Mason.....	A. D. Black.....	Mason City.
Champaign...	S. W. Love.....	Urbana.	McDonough...	Samuel Frost....	Macomb.
Christian.....	H. C. Chapman..	Taylorville.	McHenry.....	A. J. Kingman...	Woodstock.
Clark.....	Dr. J. Madison...	Marshall.	McLean.....	A. E. DeMange...	Bloomington.
Clay.....	W. A. H. Coday..	Clay City.	Menard.....	J. W. Clenny....	Petersburg.
Clinton.....	Maj. S. Johnson..	Huey.	Mercer.....	A. B. Petrie....	New Windsor.
Coles.....	R. P. Hackett...	Charleston.	Monroe.....	H. Miller.....	Renault.
Cook.....	Jas. H. Teller...	Chicago.	Montgomery...	D. P. Brophy....	Nokomis.
Crawford.....	J. B. Muchmore..	Oblong.	Morgan.....	J. Unglaub....	Woodson.
Cumberland..	J. P. Ewart.....	Greenup.	Moultrie.....	Isaac Hudson...	Sullivan.
DeKalb.....	H. E. Dunlop...	DeKalb.	Ogle.....	E. L. Orput.....	Rochelle.
DeWitt.....	Dr. D. W. Edmiston	Clinton.	Peoria.....	Geo. T. Gilliam..	Peoria.
Douglas.....	H. A. Compton...	Bourbon.	Perry.....	Al. A. Driemeler.	Pickneyville.
DuPage.....	E. H. Prince....	Downer's Gr.	Platt.....	E. R. Saylor....	Bement.
Edgar.....	L. O. Jenkins....	Paris.	Pike.....	G. H. Watson...	Barry.
Edwards.....	W. A. Shelby....	Maple Grove.	Pope.....	Jas. Bennett....	Goconda.
Effingham...	A. M. Allen.....	Effingham.	Pulaski.....	Dr. Crane.....	Beechwood.
Fayette.....	J. G. Miller.....	St. Elmo.	Putnam.....	A. C. More.....	Granville.
Ford.....	J. B. Foley.....	Gibson City.	Randolph...	T. F. Alexander..	Sparta.
Franklin.....	J. T. Burgess...	Benton.	Richland.....	H. T. Watkins...	Olney.
Fulton.....	Stephen Bogue...	Vermont.	Rock Island..	E. H. Gnyer....	Rock Island.
Gallatin.....	L. Rowan.....	Shawnee'twn.	Saline.....	T. M. Pickett...	Harrisburg.
Greene.....	E. E. Williams...	Carrollton.	Sangamon...	Lincoln Dubois.	Springfield.
Grundy.....	C. A. Finch.....	Verona.	Schnyler.....	Dr. V. M. Taylor.	Illinois.
Hamilton.....	Jno. McCullom...	McLeansboro	Scott.....	J. E. Wyand....	Rushville.
Hancock.....	M. Weinberg....	Angusta.	Shelby.....	A. P. Grant.....	Winchester.
Henderson...	E. L. Moffett...	Milroy.	Stark.....	Wm. Sturgis...	Shelbyville.
Henry.....	F. W. Stillwell..	Kewaunee.	St. Clair.....	A. Y. Fuller....	Wyoming.
Irroquois...	James Scott....	Gilman.	Stephenson...	G. T. Thomas...	Belleville.
Jackson.....	O. P. Loudon....	Carbondale.	Stephenson...	Wm. E. Sibley..	Freeport.
Jasper.....	I. D. Shamhart..	Newton.	Tazewell.....	A. G. Kingman...	Fremont.
Hardin.....	Judge Hale.....	Elizabeth'tn.	Union.....	Zach Groner....	Dongola.
Jefferson...	G. W. Woodrone.	Sheller.	Vermillion...	L. Doney.....	Fairmont.
Jersey.....	Dr. W. Park.....	Grafton.	Wabash.....	J. F. Harrington.	Allendale.
Jo Daviess...	John Hatch.....	Galena.	Warren.....	J. E. McDowell..	Monmouth.
Johnson.....	J. M. Brown....	Vienna.	Washington...	F. H. Fiene....	Nashville.
Kane.....	S. N. Hoover....	Aurora.	Wayne.....	C. C. Wilson....	Fairfield.
Kankakee...	T. Huling.....	Kankakee.	White.....	Leonard Ward..	Carmi.
Kendall.....	W. F. Wiley....	Plano.	Whiteside...	C. L. Sheldon...	Stirling.
Knox.....	W. C. Holden...	Galesburg.	Will.....	A. S. Phelps....	Joliet.
Lake.....	R. S. Ferguson..	Waukegan.	Williamson...	Wm. Kiger.....	Dwina.
LaSalle.....	Fawcett Plumb..	Streator.	Winnebago...	S. L. Conde....	Rockford.
Lawrence...	L. Barnes.....	Lawrencev'e.	Woodford....	R. B. Dickenson.	Eureka.
Lee.....	E. E. Chase.....	Amboy.			

UNITED STATES WARS.

WARS.	From—	To—	Regulars.	Militia and volunteers.	Total.
War of the Revolution.....	April 19, 1775	April 11, 1783	130,711	164,080	309,791
Northwestern Indian Wars.....	Sept. 19, 1790	Aug. 3, 1795	.....	.....	8,993
War with France.....	July 9, 1798	Sept. 30, 1800	.....	.....	*4,593
War with Tripoli.....	June 10, 1801	June 4, 1805	.....	.....	*3,330
Creek Indian War.....	July 27, 1813	Aug. 9, 1814	600	13,181	13,781
War of 1812 with Great Britain.....	June 18, 1812	Feb. 17, 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian War.....	Nov. 20, 1817	Oct. 21, 1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Blackhawk Indian War.....	April 21, 1831	Sept. 31, 1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee disturbance or removal	1836	1837	.....	9,494	9,494
Creek Indian War or disturbance..	May 5, 1836	Sept. 30, 1837	995	12,483	13,418
Florida Indian War.....	Dec. 23, 1835	Aug. 14, 1843	11,169	29,953	41,122
Aroostook disturbance.....	1836	1839	.....	1,500	1,500
War with Mexico.....	April 24, 1846	July 4, 1848	30,954	73,776	112,230
Apache, Navajo and Utah War...	1849	1855	1,500	1,061	2,561
Seminole Indian War.....	1856	1858	.....	3,687	3,687
Civil War.....	1861	1865	.....	.....	2,772,408
Spanish-American War.....	April 21, 1898	Aug. 12, 1898	58,688	26,029	274,717
Philippine War.....	Feb. 4, 1899	.....	.....	.....	.....

*Naval forces engaged. †The number of troops on the Confederate side was about 600,000.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES.

ILLINOIS.

REPUBLICAN.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—Charles S. Rannels, Jacksonville.

Secretary—James R. B. Van Cleave, Springfield.

At Large—John Lambert, Joliet; Daniel Hogan, Mound City; Alexander J. Johnson, Chicago; Joseph Brucker, Chicago; Edward H. Morris, Chicago.

DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—Walter Watson.

Secretaries—Fred E. Eldred.

Treasurer—M. F. Dunlap.

At Large—Thomas Gahan, Chicago; Fred E. Eldred, Chicago; Jos. P. Mahoney, Chicago; J. W. Orr, Champaign; J. E. Murphy, Peoria; A. W. Hope, Alton; F. W. Havill, Mt. Carmel; E. D. Mayhew, Kewanee; W. L. Mounts, Carlinville.

DISTRICT.	Member.	Address.	Member.	Address.
1st.....	Thomas N. Jamieson	Chicago.....	Alexander J. Jones.	Chicago.
2d.....	Charles S. Deneen	Chicago.....	Thomas Byrne.....	Chicago.
3d.....	Ernest J. Magerstadt	Chicago.....	William J. Roach.....	Chicago.
4th.....	Joseph E. Bidwill...	Chicago.....	William Loeffler.....	Chicago.
5th.....	Adam Wolf.....	Chicago.....	Roger C. Sullivan.....	Chicago.
6th.....	Fred A. Busse.....	Chicago.....	Robert E. Burke.....	Chicago.
7th.....	James Pease.....	Chicago.....	Joseph S. Schwab.....	Chicago.
8th.....	Luman T. Hoy.....	Woodstock.....	Dennis J. Hogan.....	Geneva.
9th.....	J. R. Cowley.....	Freeport.....	C. W. Fergusson.....	Rockford.
10th.....	James McKinney.....	Aledo.....	Ben T. Cable.....	Rock Island.
11th.....	Ralph F. Bradford...	Pontiac.....	Daniel Heenan.....	Streator.
12th.....	Len Small.....	Kankakee.....	T. F. Donovan.....	Kankakee.
13th.....	Charles G. Eckhart...	Tuscola.....	J. F. Heffernan.....	Bloomington.
14th.....	Isaac C. Edwards.....	Peoria.....	Frank J. Quinn.....	Peoria.
15th.....	J. Mack Sholl.....	Carthage.....	T. E. Dunn.....	Carthage.
16th.....	Charles S. Rannels...	Jacksonville...	A. C. Bentley.....	Pittsfield.
17th.....	Clarence R. Paul.....	Springfield.....	James B. Ricks.....	Taylorville.
18th.....	Dr. R. F. Bennett.....	Litchfield.....	W. H. Dawdy.....	Greenville.
19th.....	Philip W. Barnes.....	Lawrenceville...	H. B. Lee.....	Casey.
20th.....	Basil D. Monroe.....	Louisville.....	Walter Watson.....	Mt. Vernon.
21st.....	James A. Willoughby	Bellevue.....	W. S. Matthews.....	Centralia.
22d.....	John M. Herbert.....	Murphysboro.....	James Lingle.....	Jonesboro.

PROHIBITION.

Headquarters—823 Association Bldg., Chicago.

Chairman—O. W. Stewart.

Secretary and Treasurer—Alonzo E. Wilson.

DISTRICT.	Member.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Member.	Address.
1st.....	John H. Hill.....	Chicago.	12th.....	G. B. Winter.....	Onarga.
2d.....	H. W. Knapp.....	Oak Park.	13th.....	G. W. Gere.....	Champaign.
3d.....	W. F. Kellett.....	Chicago.	14th.....	D. R. Sheen.....	Peoria.
4th.....	Alonzo E. Wilson.....	Chicago.	15th.....	L. F. Gumbart.....	Macomb.
5th.....	J. A. Ruth.....	Chicago.	16th.....	H. C. Tunison.....	Jacksonville.
6th.....	J. G. Battershill...	Chicago.	17th.....	R. H. Patton.....	Springfield.
7th.....	R. J. Mossop.....	Chicago.	18th.....	J. T. Killam.....	Tower Hill.
8th.....	J. N. Woods.....	Gardner.	19th.....	Hale Johnson.....	Newton.
9th.....	Carrie L. Grout.....	Rockford.	20th.....	J. A. L. Scott.....	Orchardville.
10th.....	S. T. Shirley.....	Rock Falls.	21st.....	A. J. Meek.....	Marissa.
11th.....	C. H. Tuesberg.....	Pontiac.	22d.....	Halleck Johnson...	Villa Ridge.

NATIONAL (GOLD) DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—Adams G. Goodrich. Secretary—R. E. Spangler. Treasurer—Theo. Oehne.

At Large—Henry S. Robbins, Chicago; William Legner, Chicago; William S. Forman, East St. Louis; James T. Hoblitt, Lincoln; Paul Kersch, Rock Island.

DISTRICT.	Member.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Member.	Address.
1st.....	Theodore Oehne.	Chicago.	12th.....	Wilson S. Kay....	Watseka.
2d.....	A. H. Champlin..	Chicago.	13th.....	F. E. O'Neil.....	Champaign.
3d.....	Vacant.		14th.....	J. W. Hunter.....	Peoria.
4th.....	R. E. Spangler...	Chicago.	15th.....	C. H. Williamson	Quincy.
5th.....	Vacant.		16th.....	Edward Kinman...	Jacksonville.
6th.....	Jacob Hopkins...	Chicago.	17th.....	H. Schlonderman	Decatur.
7th.....	Henry Thwing....	Chicago.	18th.....	W. B. Townsend	Bethuryville.
8th.....	Clinton Rosette...	DeKalb.	19th.....	J. E. Parrish.....	Paris.
9th.....	James Sheehan...	Galena.	20th.....	R. J. Burns.....	Lewisville.
10th.....	Vacant.		21st.....	Wm. H. Horine...	Waterloo.
11th.....	P. C. Knight.....	Pontiac.	22d.....	David Lenden....	Cairo.

SILVER REPUBLICAN.

Headquarters—Chicago.

Chairman—C. C. Strawn. Secretary—F. C. Wood.

At Large—H. V. Reed, Chicago; J. H. Monroe, Chicago; Judge A. Sample, Paxton; Hon. S. N. Hoover, Aurora.

DISTRICT.	Member.	Address.	DISTRICT.	Member.	Address.
1st	Jas. H. Telier	Chicago.	12th	A. S. Phelps.....	Joliet.
2d	J. W. Wilson	Chicago.	13th	A. E. De Mange..	Bloomington.
3d	Dr. G. M. Emrick ..	Chicago.	14th	Geo. T. Gilliam...	Peoria.
4th	Rev. E. B. Weeks ..	Chicago.	15th	J. E. Camp	Brooklyn.
5th	F. C. Wood	Chicago.	16th	John C. George...	Barry.
6th	Col. J. S. Kendall ..	Chicago.	17th	Dr. V. M. Taylor..	Illioopolis.
7th	Rev. I. W. Higgs ..	Chicago.	18th	Edw'd W. Dresser ..	Greenville.
8th	E. H. Prince	Downer's Gr.	19th	Dr. H. T. Watkins ..	Olney.
9th	G. W. Hamlin	Rochelle.	20th	W. A. H. Coday ..	Clay City.
10th	Wm. Lyle	Kewanee.	21st	B. E. Martin	Salem.
11th	C. C. Strawn	Pontiac.	22d	Geo. H. Clark....	Cobden.

GROWTH OF CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Actual and per cent increase in population, 1880 to 1890, of 100 largest cities.
[Compiled for The Daily News Almanac, by D. S. Richards, Jr., of Binghamton, N. Y.]

Rank.	CITY.	Increase of inhabitants.	Rank.	CITY.	Per cent increase.
1	Chicago	596,665	1	Tacoma	3179.23
2	New York	309,002	2	Seattle	1112.43
3	Brooklyn	239,680	3	Kansas City, Kas.	1097.38
4	Philadelphia	199,794	4	Duluth	850.76
5	Minneapolis	117,851	5	Sioux City	413.26
6	Omaha	109,934	6	Los Angeles	390.23
7	Baltimore	102,126	7	Lincoln	350.64
8	St. Louis	101,252	8	Dallas	324.16
9	Cleveland	101,207	9	Minneapolis	267.51
10	Buffalo	100,630	10	St. Paul	251.35
11	St. Paul	91,683	11	Denver	221.07
12	Detroit	89,536	12	Portland, Ore.	199.61
13	Milwaukee	88,881	13	Kansas City, Mo.	163.90
14	Boston	85,638	14	Des Moines	137.91
15	Pittsburg	82,223	15	Chicago	123.65
16	Kansas City, Mo.	76,331	16	Young Lake City	118.58
17	Denver	71,034	17	Yountstown	115.92
18	San Francisco	65,033	18	Binghamton	115.23
19	Washington	62,768	19	Topeka	102.14
20	Newark	45,332	20	Trenton	100.67
21	Rochester	44,530	21	Memphis	92.10
22	Jersey City	42,251	22	Grand Rapids	92.00
23	Lincoln	42,151	23	San Antonio	88.27
24	Cincinnati	41,769	24	Detroit	83.32
25	Seattle	39,304	25	Milwaukee	76.96
26	Los Angeles	39,212	26	Bridgeport	76.90
27	Louisville	37,371	27	Nashville	76.73
28	Columbus	36,503	28	Atlanta	75.70
29	Syracuse	36,351	29	Evansville	75.18
30	Kansas City, Kas.	35,116	30	Columbus	73.35
31	Tacoma	34,308	31	Syracuse	70.68
32	Nashville	32,813	32	Yonkers	70.19
33	Toledo	31,297	33	Buffalo	69.56
34	Memphis	30,903	34	Scranton	64.80
35	Sioux City	30,440	35	Cleveland	64.05
36	Indianapolis	30,380	36	Holyoke	63.20
37	Duluth	29,632	37	Toledo	62.61
38	Scranton	29,365	38	Wilkesbarre	62.42
39	Portland, Ore.	28,806	39	St. Joseph	61.61
40	Allegheny	28,605	40	Somerville	61.34
41	Grand Rapids	28,262	41	Norfolk	61.04
42	Atlanta	28,124	42	Dayton	58.75
43	Dallas	27,709	43	Saginaw	58.28
44	Des Moines	27,635	44	Springfield, O.	56.81
45	Trenton	27,543	45	Paterson	53.86
46	Paterson	27,316	46	Pittsburg	53.53
47	Providence	27,289	47	Augusta, Ga.	52.58
48	Worcester	26,864	48	Fall River	62.12
49	New Orleans	25,949	49	New Bedford	51.95
50	Fall River	25,437	50	Rochester	51.73
51	Salt Lake City	24,135	51	Erie	49.83
52	Dayton	22,642	52	Lynn	46.50
53	Evansville	21,476	53	Worcester	45.40
54	Bridgeport	21,223	54		45.23

GROWTH OF CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.—CONTINUED.

Rank.	CITY.	Increase of inhabitants.	Rank.	CITY.	Per cent increase.
55	St. Joseph.....	19,893	55	Elmira.....	44.63
56	Wilmington.....	18,953	56	Wilmington.....	44.62
57	New Haven.....	18,416	57	Brooklyn.....	42.30
58	Lowell.....	18,239	58	Oakland.....	40.88
59	Richmond.....	17,788	59	Hoboken.....	40.80
60	Youngstown.....	17,785	60	Savannah.....	40.64
61	Binghamton.....	17,688	61	Indianapolis.....	40.43
62	Cambridge.....	17,359	62	Peoria.....	40.21
63	San Antonio.....	17,123	63	Camden.....	39.98
64	Saginaw.....	16,781	64	Reading.....	35.54
65	Camden.....	16,654	65	Manchester.....	35.23
66	Lynn.....	16,453	66	Jersey City.....	35.02
67	Topeka.....	15,555	67	Allegheny.....	33.81
68	Reading.....	15,383	68	Elizabeth.....	33.78
69	Somerville.....	15,219	69	Newark.....	33.20
70	Wilkesbarre.....	14,379	70	Cambridge.....	32.96
71	Oakland.....	14,127	71	Springfield, Mass.....	32.51
72	New Bedford.....	13,888	72	Fort Wayne.....	31.67
73	Holyoke.....	13,722	73	Baltimore.....	30.73
74	Yonkers.....	13,141	74	Lowell.....	30.64
75	Norfolk.....	12,945	75	Louisville.....	30.20
76	Erie.....	12,897	76	Utica.....	29.76
77	Hoboken.....	12,649	77	Washington.....	29.71
78	Savannah.....	12,480	78	New Haven.....	29.29
79	Springfield, O.....	12,142	79	St. Louis.....	28.89
80	Peoria.....	11,765	80	Harrisburg.....	28.03
81	Manchester.....	11,496	81	Richmond.....	27.97
82	Augusta.....	11,409	82	San Francisco.....	27.80
83	Hartford.....	11,215	83	Hartford.....	26.69
84	Springfield, Mass.....	10,839	84	Providence.....	26.02
85	Elmira.....	10,352	85	Covington.....	25.74
86	Utica.....	10,093	86	New York.....	25.62
87	Elizabeth.....	9,475	87	Lancaster.....	24.22
88	Harrisburg.....	8,623	88	Boston.....	23.60
89	Fort Wayne.....	8,505	89	Philadelphia.....	23.58
90	Covington.....	7,651	90	Cincinnati.....	16.37
91	Lancaster.....	6,242	91	Quincy, Ill.....	15.50
92	Lawrence.....	5,503	92	Lawrence.....	14.06
93	Charleston.....	5,011	93	Wheeling.....	13.91
94	Quincy, Ill.....	4,226	94	New Orleans.....	12.01
95	Troy.....	4,209	95	Salem.....	11.75
96	Albany.....	4,165	96	Charleston.....	9.95
97	Wheeling.....	3,785	97	Portland, Me.....	7.73
98	Salem.....	3,238	98	Troy.....	7.42
99	Portland, Me.....	2,615	99	Mobile.....	6.67
100	Mobile.....	1,944	100	Albany.....	4.59

THE WORLD'S PIG IRON AND STEEL.

In the following table is given the production of pig iron and steel in all countries in 1898 or in the most recent year for which statistics have been received, as compiled in the Bulletin of the Iron and Steel Association. English tons of 2,240 pounds are used for Great Britain, Canada, the United States and "other countries," and metric tons of 2,204 pounds for all other countries, metric tons being used as the equivalent of English tons

in ascertaining the total production for all countries. The statistics of steel production for the United States, Great Britain, France, Belgium, Austria-Hungary, Sweden, Spain and Canada embrace ingots and direct castings, but for Germany and Luxembourg, Russia and Finland and Italy complete ingot statistics are not available, and the statistics for finished steel have therefore been used.

COUNTRIES.	PIG IRON.			STEEL.		
	Years.	Tons.	Per cent.	Years.	Tons.	Per cent.
United States.....	1898	11,773,934	33.02	1898	8,932,857	37.05
Great Britain.....	1898	8,669,719	24.15	1898	4,665,986	19.35
Germany and Luxembourg.....	1898	7,232,988	20.29	1898	5,779,570	23.97
France.....	1898	2,534,427	7.11	1898	1,473,100	6.11
Belgium.....	1898	979,101	2.75	1898	653,130	2.71
Austria and Hungary.....	1897	1,308,423	3.67	1896	890,636	3.65
Russia and Finland.....	1898	2,222,469	6.23	1898	1,145,758	4.75
Sweden.....	1898	531,766	1.49	1898	265,121	1.10
Spain.....	1898	261,799	.73	1898	213,015	.89
Italy.....	1897	8,393	.02	1897	63,940	.27
Canada.....	1898	68,755	.19	1898	21,540	.09
Other countries (about).....	1898	125,226	.35	1898	16,287	.06
Totals.....		35,657,000	100.00		24,110,000	100.00

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

The following table gives the capitals, governors, their salaries and terms of office and data regarding the state legislatures:

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Capital.	Governor.	Term Yrs.	Sal-ary.	Term expires.	Next ses-sion leg-islature.	Limit of ses-sion.
Alabama.....	Montgomery.....	J. F. Johnston, <i>D.</i>	2	\$3 000	Nov. 1900	*Nov. 1900	50 days
Alaska Territory.....	Sitka.....	†John G. Brady, <i>R.</i>	4	3 000	Sept. 1901	.....	.....
Arizona Territory.....	Phoenix.....	†N. O. Murphy, <i>R.</i>	4	2 600	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Arkansas.....	Little Rock.....	D. W. Jones, <i>D.</i>	2	3 000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
California.....	Sacramento.....	H. T. Gage, <i>R.</i>	4	6,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Colorado.....	Denver.....	C. S. Thomas, <i>Fus.</i>	2	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	90 days
Connecticut.....	Hartford.....	G. E. Lounsbury, <i>R.</i>	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	Jan. 1901	None.
Cuba Protectorate.....	Havana.....	†Mj. Gen. J. R. Brooke					
Delaware.....	Dover.....	Capt. E. W. Tunnell, <i>D.</i>	4	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Dist. of Columbia.....	Washington.....						
Florida.....	Tallahassee.....	W. D. Bloxham, <i>D.</i>	4	3,500	Jan. 1901	*Apr. 1901	60 days
Georgia.....	Atlanta.....	A. D. Candler, <i>D.</i>	2	3,000	Nov. 1900	Nov. 1900	50 days
Guam Colony.....	Agana.....	†R. P. Leary.....					
Hawaii Colony.....	Honolulu.....	†S. B. Dole.....					
Idaho.....	Boise City.....	F. Steunenberg, <i>D.</i>	2	3,000	Dec. 1900	*Dec. 1901	60 days
Illinois.....	Springfield.....	J. R. Tanner, <i>R.</i>	4	6,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Indiana.....	Indianapolis.....	J. A. Mount, <i>R.</i>	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Iowa.....	Des Moines.....	L. M. Shaw, <i>R.</i>	2	3,000	Jan. 1902	*Jan. 1902	None.
Indian Territory.....	Tahlequah.....	†S. H. Mayes, <i>R.</i>	4	1,500			
Kansas.....	Topeka.....	W. E. Stanley, <i>R.</i>	2	3,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	40 days
Kentucky.....	Frankfort.....	W. S. Taylor, <i>R.</i>	4	6,500	Sept. 1904	*Dec. 1902	60 days
Louisiana.....	Baton Rouge.....	M. J. Foster, <i>D.</i>	4	4,000	May 1900	*May 1900	60 days
Maine.....	Augusta.....	L. Powers, <i>R.</i>	2	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Maryland.....	Annapolis.....	J. W. Smith, <i>D.</i>	4	4,500	Jan. 1904	*Jan. 1902	90 days
Massachusetts.....	Boston.....	W. M. Crane, <i>R.</i>	1	8,000	Jan. 1901	Jan. 1901	None.
Michigan.....	Lansing.....	H. S. Pingree, <i>R.</i>	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Minnesota.....	St. Paul.....	John Lind, <i>Fus.</i>	2	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	90 days
Mississippi.....	Jackson.....	A. H. Longino, <i>D.</i>	4	3,500	Jan. 1904	*Jan. 1902	60 days
Missouri.....	Jefferson City.....	L. V. Stephens, <i>D.</i>	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	70 days
Montana.....	Helena.....	R. B. Smith, <i>Peo.</i>	4	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Nebraska.....	Lincoln.....	W. J. Poynter, <i>Fus.</i>	2	2,500	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Nevada.....	Carson City.....	Reinhold Sadler, <i>F.S.</i>	4	4,000	Jan. 1903	*Jan. 1901	60 days
New Hampshire.....	Concord.....	F. W. Rollins, <i>R.</i>	2	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
New Jersey.....	Trenton.....	F. M. Voorhees, <i>R.</i>	3	10,000	Jan. 1902	*Jan. 1900	None.
New Mexico Ter.....	Santa Fe.....	†M. A. Otero, <i>R.</i>	4	2,600	Jun. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
New York.....	Albany.....	T. Roosevelt, <i>R.</i>	2	10,000	Jan. 1901	Jan. 1900	None.
North Carolina.....	Raleigh.....	D. L. Russell, <i>R.</i>	4	3,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
North Dakota.....	Bismarck.....	F. B. Fancher, <i>R.</i>	2	3,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Ohio.....	Columbus.....	G. K. Nash, <i>R.</i>	2	8,000	Jan. 1902	*Jan. 1900	None.
Oklahoma Ter.....	Guthrie.....	†Casius M. Barnes, <i>R.</i>	4	2,600	May 1901	*Jan. 1900	60 days
Oregon.....	Salem.....	T. T. Geer, <i>R.</i>	4	1,500	Jan. 1905	*Jan. 1900	40 days
Pennsylvania.....	Harrisburg.....	W. A. Stone, <i>R.</i>	4	10,000	Jan. 1903	*Jan. 1901	None.
Philippines Pro.....	Manila.....	†Maj.-Gen. E. S. Otis					
Puerto Rico Col-ony	San Juan.....	Brig. Gen. G. W. Davis					
Rhode Island.....	Providence.....	Ellisha Dyer, <i>R.</i>	1	3,000	May 1900	Jan. 1900	None.
South Carolina.....	Columbia.....	M. B. McSweeney, <i>D.</i>	2	3,500	Dec. 1901	Nov. 1900	None.
South Dakota.....	Pierre.....	Andrew E. Lee, <i>Peo.</i>	2	2,500	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Tennessee.....	Nashville.....	B. McMillin, <i>D.</i>	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	75 days
Texas.....	Austin.....	J. D. Sayers, <i>D.</i>	2	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	90 days
Utah.....	Salt Lake City.....	H. M. Wells, <i>R.</i>	5	2,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
Vermont.....	Montpelier.....	E. C. Smith, <i>R.</i>	2	1,500	Oct. 1900	*Oct. 1900	None.
Virginia.....	Richmond.....	J. Hoge Tyler, <i>D.</i>	4	5,000	Jan. 1902	*Dec. 1901	90 days
Washington.....	Olympia.....	J. R. Rogers, <i>D.</i>	4	4,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	60 days
West Virginia.....	Charleston.....	Geo. W. Atkinson, <i>R.</i>	4	2,700	Mar. 1901	*Jan. 1901	45 days
Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	E. Scofield, <i>R.</i>	2	5,000	Jan. 1901	*Jan. 1901	None.
Wyoming.....	Cheyenne.....	D. F. Richards, <i>R.</i>	4	2,500	Jan. 1903	*Jan. 1901	40 days

*Biennial sessions. †Appointed by the president. Republican governors, 29; democratic governors, 15; people's party governors, 2; free-silver governor, 1; fusion, 3.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.

The following table gives valuable historical data as to the states and territories, their area, population and electoral vote :

STATE OR TERRITORY.	Admitted to the union.	Population, 1890.	Area, Sq. M.	Settled at	Date	By whom.	Rep. in cong.	Electoral vote.
Alabama.....	Dec. 14, 1819..	1,513,017	52,250	Mobile.....	1702	French.....	9	11
Alaska Ter.....	†July 27, 1868..	32,052	577,300					
Arizona Ter.....	†Feb. 24, 1863..	59,620	113,020		1526	Spaniards.....	† 1	
Arkansas.....	June 15, 1836..	1,128,179	53,850	Ark'nsas Post	1685	French.....	6	6
California.....	Sept. 9, 1850..	1,208,130	153,360	San Diego.....	1769	Spaniards.....	7	9
Colorado.....	*Aug. 1, 1876..	412,198	103,925	Near Denver..	1850		2	4
Connecticut.....	*Jan. 9, 1788..	746,258	4,900	Windsor.....	1635	Puritans.....	4	6
Cuba Prot'ct'ate	*Aug. 12, 1898..	1,631,687						
Delaware.....	*Dec. 7, 1787..	168,493	2,050	Cape Henlopen.....	1627	Swedes.....	1	3
Dist. of Columbia	†July 16, 1790..	230,392	70					
Florida.....	March 3, 1845..	391,422	58,680	St. Augustine	1565	Spaniards.....	2	4
Georgia.....	*Jan. 2, 1788..	1,837,353	59,475	Savannah.....	1733	English.....	11	13
Guam Colony.....	Aug. 12, 1898..	10,000						
Hawaii Ter.....	§July 7, 1898..	100,020	6,740					
Idaho.....	July 3, 1890..	84,385	84,800		1842		1	3
Illinois.....	Dec. 3, 1818..	3,826,351	56,650	Kaskaskia.....	1720	French.....	22	24
Indiana.....	Dec. 11, 1816..	2,192,404	36,350	Vincennes.....	1730		13	15
Iowa.....	March 3, 1845..	1,911,896	56,025	Burlington.....	1788	French.....	11	13
Indian Ter.....	(†)	325,464	31,400					
Kansas.....	Jan. 29, 1861..	1,427,096	82,080				8	10
Kentucky.....	Feb. 4, 1791..	1,858,635	40,400	Lexington.....	1765	From Va.....	11	13
Louisiana.....	April 8, 1872..	1,118,587	48,720	Iberville.....	1699	French.....	6	8
Maine.....	March 3, 1820..	661,086	33,040	Bristol.....	1624	English.....	4	6
Maryland.....	*April 28, 1788..	1,042,390	12,210	St. Marys.....	1634	English.....	6	8
Massachusetts.....	*Feb. 6, 1780..	2,238,943	8,315	Plymouth.....	1620	Puritans.....	13	15
Michigan.....	Jan. 26, 1837..	2,093,839	58,915	Near Detroit..	1650	French.....	12	14
Minnesota.....	May 11, 1858..	1,301,826	83,365	St. Peter's R..	1805		7	9
Mississippi.....	Dec. 10, 1817..	1,289,600	46,810	Natchez.....	1716	From S. C.....	7	9
Missouri.....	March 2, 1821..	2,679,184	69,415	St. Louis.....	1764	French.....	15	17
Montana.....	Feb. 22, 1889..	132,159	146,080		1852		1	3
Nebraska.....	March 1, 1867..	1,058,910	77,510				6	8
Nevada.....	Oct. 13, 1864..	45,761	110,700		1850		1	3
New Hampshire	*June 21, 1788..	376,530	9,305	Dover and Portsmouth	1623	Puritans.....	2	4
New Jersey.....	*Dec. 18, 1787..	1,444,933	7,815	Bergen.....	1620	Swedes.....	8	10
New Mexico Ter	†Sept. 9, 1850..	153,593	122,590	Santa Fe.....	1537	Spaniards.....	† 1	
New York.....	*July 26, 1788..	5,997,853	49,170	Manhattan Id	1614	Dutch.....	34	36
North Carolina..	*May 23, 1785..	1,617,947	52,250	Albemarle.....	1650	English.....	9	11
North Dakota...	Feb. 22, 1889..	182,719	70,795	Pembina.....			1	3
Ohio.....	Nov. 30, 1802..	3,672,316	41,060	Marietta.....	1788		21	23
Oklahoma Ter...	*May 2, 1890..	61,834	39,090				† 1	
Oregon.....	Feb. 14, 1859..	313,767	96,090	Astoria.....	1810	Americans.....	2	4
Pennsylvania...	*Dec. 12, 1787..	5,258,014	45,215	Delaware R..	1682	English.....	30	32
Philippines Pro.	**Nov. 28, 1898..	8,000,000	114,000					
Puerto Rico Ter	*Aug. 12, 1898..	814,000	3,600	Caparra.....	1510	Spaniards.....		
Rhode Island...	*May 29, 1790..	345,506	1,250	Providence...	1636	English.....	2	4
South Carolina..	*May 23, 1788..	1,151,149	30,570	Port Royal...	1670	Huguenots...	7	9
South Dakota...	Feb. 22, 1889..	328,808	77,650				2	4
Tennessee.....	June 1, 1796..	1,767,518	42,060	Ft. London...	1757	English.....	10	12
Texas.....	Dec. 29, 1845..	2,235,523	265,790	Matagorda B.	1686	French.....	13	15
Utah.....	Jan. 4, 1896..	207,995	84,970				1	3
Vermont.....	Feb. 18, 1791..	332,422	9,565	Ft. Dummer..	1764	English.....	2	4
Virginia.....	*June 26, 1788..	1,655,980	42,450	Jamestown...	1607	English.....	10	12
Washington.....	Feb. 22, 1889..	349,890	69,180	Astoria.....	1810		2	4
West Virginia...	Dec. 31, 1862..	762,794	24,780	Wheeling.....	1774	English.....	4	6
Wisconsin.....	March 3, 1847..	1,636,880	56,040	Green Bay...	1670	French.....	10	12
Wyoming.....	July 10, 1890..	60,705	97,890		1867		1	3

*Ratified the constitution. †Organized as territory. ‡Delegate. §Signing of act of union. ¶Signing of protocol relinquishing sovereignty. **Yielding sovereignty.

Historians do not all agree as to some of the dates in the above table. The dates given are from the statistical abstract of the United States published by the government, and are well supported in all disputed cases.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.

REQUIREMENTS AS TO CITIZENSHIP IN THE VARIOUS STATES.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Registration.	Ballot reform.	Excluded from voting.
	State.	County.	Town.	Precinct.			
ALABAMA—Citizens, or alien who has declared his intention; must exhibit poll-tax receipt.	1 y.	3 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	If convicted of treason, embezzlement of public funds, malfeasance in office or other penitentiary offenses, idiots or insane.
ARKANSAS—Like Alabama.....	1 y.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicts until pardoned, nonpayment of poll tax.
CALIFORNIA—Citizens by nativity; naturalized for 90 days, or treaty of Queretaro.	1 y.	30 d.	....	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Chinese, insane, embezzlers of public moneys, convicts.
COLORADO—Citizens, male or female, or alien who has declared his intention 4 months before offering to vote.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	10 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Persons under guardianship, insane, idiots, prisoners convicted of bribery.
CONNECTICUT—Citizens who can read.	1 y.	....	6 m.	....	Yes.	Yes.	Convicted of felony or other infamous crime unless pardoned.
DELAWARE—Citizens paying \$1 registration fee.	1 y.	3 m.	....	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, felons, paupers.
FLORIDA—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	6 m.	....	....	Yes.	Yes.	Persons not registered, insane or under guardian, felons, convicts.
GEORGIA—Citizens who have paid all taxes since 1877.	1 y.	6 m.	....	....	(a)	No.	Persons convicted of crimes punishable by imprisonment, insane, delinquent taxpayers.
IDAHO—Citizens, male or female.	6 m.	30 d.	3 m.	10 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Chinese, Indians, insane, felons, polygamists, bigamists, traitors, bribers.
ILLINOIS—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Convicts of penitentiary until pardoned.
INDIANA—Citizens, or alien who has declared intention and resided 1 year in United States.	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	30 d.	No.	Yes.	Convicts and persons disqualified by judgment of a court, United States soldiers, marines and sailors.
IOWA—Citizens of United States.	6 m.	60 d.	10 d.	10 d.	(b)	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicts.
KANSAS—Citizens; aliens who have declared intention; women vote at municipal and school elections.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	(b)	Yes.	Insane, persons under guardianship, convicts, bribers, defrauders of the government and persons dishonorably discharged from service of United States.
KENTUCKY—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	6 m.	6 m.	60 d.	(c)	No.	Treason, felony, bribery, idiots, insane.
LOUISIANA—Citizens who are able to read.	2 y.	1 y.	....	6 m.	Yes.	No.	Idiots, insane, all crimes punishable by imprisonment, embezzling public funds unless pardoned.
MAINE—Citizens of the United States.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers, persons under guardianship, Indians not taxed.
MARYLAND—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	6 m.	....	....	Yes.	Yes.	Persons convicted of larceny or other infamous crime, persons under guardianship, insane, idiots.
MASSACHUSETTS—Citizens who can read and write English.	1 y.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers (except United States soldiers), persons under guardianship.
MICHIGAN—Citizens, or alien who declared intention prior to May 8, 1892.	6 m.	20 d.	20 d.	20 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Indians holding tribal relations, duelists and their abettors.
MINNESOTA—Citizens of the United States.	6 m.	....	....	30 d.	(d)	Yes.	Treason, felony unless pardoned, insane, persons under guardianship, uncivilized Indians.
MISSISSIPPI—Citizens who can read or understand the constitution.	2 y.	1 y.	1 y.	1 y.	Yes.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, felons, delinquent taxpayers.
MISSOURI—Citizens, or alien who has declared his intention not less than 1 nor more than 5 years before offering to vote.	1 y.	60 d.	60 d.	60 d.	(e)	Yes.	Paupers, persons convicted of felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor or violating right of suffrage, unless pardoned; second conviction disfranchises.
MONTANA—Citizens of U. S.....	1 y.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Yes.	Yes.	Indians, felons, Idiots, insane.
NEBRASKA—Citizens, or alien who has declared his intention 30 days before election.	6 m.	40 d.	10 d.	10 d.	(b)	Yes.	Lunatics, persons convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers and sailors.

(a) Registration required in some counties. (b) In all cities. (c) In the cities of first, second and third class. (d) Required in cities of 1,200 inhabitants or over. (e) In cities of 100,000 population or over.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUFFRAGE.—CONTINUED.

REQUIREMENTS AS TO CITIZENSHIP IN THE VARIOUS STATES.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Registration.	Ballot reform.	Excluded from voting.
	State.	County.	Town.	Precinct.			
NEVADA — Citizens of United States.	6 m	30 d	30 d	30 d	Yes.	Yes.	Insane, idiots, convicted of treason or felony, unannetstled confederates against the United States, Indians and Chinese.
NEW HAMPSHIRE—Citizens of United States.	6 m	6 m	6 m	6 m	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers (except honorably discharged soldiers), persons excused from paying taxes at their own request.
NEW JERSEY—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	5 m	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Paupers, insane, idiots and persons convicted of crimes which exclude them from being witnesses unless pardoned.
NEW YORK—Citizens who have been such for 90 days.	1 y.	4 m	30 d	30 d	Yes.	Yes.	Convicted of bribery or any infamous crime unless pardoned, bettors on result of election, bribers for votes and the bribed.
NORTH CAROLINA—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	90 d	.....	.....	Yes.	No.	Idiots, lunatics, convicted of felony or other infamous crimes, atheists.
NORTH DAKOTA — Citizens, or alien who has declared intention 1 year and not more than 6 prior to election, and civilized Indians.	1 y.	6 m	.....	90 d	(a)	Yes.	Felons, idiots, convicts unless pardoned, United States soldiers and sailors.
OHIO — Citizens of the United States.	1 y.	30 d	30 d	20 d	(b)	Yes.	Idiots, insane, United States soldiers and sailors, felons unless restored to citizenship.
OREGON — White male citizens, or aliens who have declared intention 1 year before election.	6 m	30 d	30 d	30 d	No.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, convicted felons, Chinese, United States soldiers and sailors.
PENNSYLVANIA — Citizens at least 1 month, and if 22 years old must have paid tax within 2 yrs.	1 y.	.....	.....	2 m	Yes.	Yes.	Persons convicted of some offense forfeiting right of suffrage, non-taxpayers.
RHODE ISLAND — Citizens of United States.	2 y.	.....	6 m	....	(c)	Yes.	Paupers, lunatics, idiots, convicted of bribery or infamous crime until restored.
SOUTH CAROLINA—Citizens of United States.	2 y.	1 y.	4 m	4 m	Yes.	No.	Paupers, insane, idiots, convicted of treason, dueling or other infamous crime.
SOUTH DAKOTA — Citizens, or alien who has declared intention.	6 m	30 d	10 d	10 d	(d)	Yes.	Persons under guardian, idiots, insane, convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned.
TENNESSEE—Citizens who have paid poll tax preceding year.	1 y.	6 m	.....	.....	(e)	Yes.	Convicted of bribery or other infamous crime, failure to pay poll tax.
TEXAS — Citizens, or alien who has declared intention 6 months before election.	1 y.	6 m	.....	.....	(f)	Yes.	Idiots, lunatics, paupers, convicts, United States soldiers and sailors.
UTAH—Citizens of United States, male or female.	1 y.	4 m	.....	.....	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, convicted of treason or violation of election laws.
VERMONT — Citizens of United States.	1 y.	....	3 m	30 d	Yes.	Yes.	Unpardoned convicts, deserters from United States service during the war, ex-confederates.
VIRGINIA — Citizens of United States.	1 y.	3 m	3 m	....	Yes.	No.	Idiots, lunatics, convicts unless pardoned by the legislature.
WASHINGTON—Citizens of United States.	1 y.	90 d	30 d	30 d	.....	Yes.	Indians not taxed.
WEST VIRGINIA — Citizens of the state.	1 y.	60 d	.....	.....	No.	Yes.	Paupers, idiots, lunatics, convicts, bribery, United States soldiers and sailors.
WISCONSIN — Citizens, or alien who has declared intention.	1 y.	1 y.	10 d	10 d	(a)	Yes.	Insane, under guardian, convicts unless pardoned.
WYOMING—Citizens, male or female.	1 y.	60 d	.....	.....	Yes.	Yes.	Idiots, insane, felons, unable to read the state constitution.

(a) In cities of 3,000 population or over. (b) In cities of not less than 9,000 inhabitants. (c) Non-taxpayers must register yearly before Dec. 31. (d) In towns having 1,000 voters and counties where registration has been adopted by popular vote. (e) All counties having 50,000 inhabitants or over. (f) In cities of 10,000 or over.

—In a more or less limited form, relating to taxation and school matters, woman suffrage exists in Arizona, California, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin.

IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Alien passengers arrived at the ports of United States and Canada during the year ended June 30, 1899.

COUNTRY.	SEX.		Total.	Protestants.	RELIGION.						
	Male.	Female.			Roman Catholics.	Greek Catholics.	Israelites.	Brahmins and Buddhists.	Mohammedans.	Miscellaneous.	
Austria-Hungary.....	39,859	24,976	64,835	5,009	39,694	7,639	11,082			1,351	
Belgium.....	1,202	526	1,728	94	967	2	4			661	
Denmark.....	2,001	1,252	3,253	2,629	44		2			578	
France, including Corsica.....	2,968	1,964	4,902	165	1,736	3	12		2	2,984	
German Empire.....	14,499	11,405	25,904	10,258	6,758	18	401			8,469	
Greece.....	2,316	134	2,450	14	14	2,350				72	
Italy, inc. Sicily and Sardinia.....	56,612	23,052	79,664	50	78,306	26	1			1,281	
Netherlands.....	1,269	725	1,994	839	190		8			957	
Norway.....	4,651	2,462	7,113	6,674	2					437	
Portugal, including Cape de Verde and Azore Islands.....	1,196	1,073	2,269	2	2,056					211	
Roumania.....	955	700	1,655	160	60	31	1,350			54	
Russian Empire and Finland.....	40,824	21,713	62,537	13,295	22,462	1,470	24,351		1	958	
Servia, Bulgaria, Montenegro Spain, including Canary and Balearic Islands.....	52	7	59	.....	4	47	1			7	
Sweden.....	1,210	218	1,428	15	704					709	
Switzerland.....	6,533	7,008	13,541	12,708	9					824	
Turkey in Europe.....	1,351	943	2,294	710	608	7	6			963	
United Kingdom.....	110	27	137	5	5	33	27		13	54	
Not specified.....	34,384	31,006	65,390	12,611	31,216	4	197			121,361	
	8		8		5					3	
Total Europe.....	211,970	129,191	341,161	65,238	184,835	11,695	37,442		17	41,934	
China.....	1,682	16	1,698					1,370		328	
Japan.....	2,764	154	2,918	180	5	2		1,937		744	
India.....	29	13	42	4				5	4	29	
Turkey in Asia.....	3,555	1,488	5,043	267	1,380	2,831	48	5	73	438	
Other Asia.....	21	4	25	1	5			5		14	
Total Asia.....	8,051	1,675	9,726	452	1,390	2,833	48	3,373	77	1,553	
Africa.....	72	37	109	13	9		5		16	66	
Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand.....	279	256	535	167	47		4			317	
Hawaiian Islands.....	153	116	269	135	10					124	
Philippine Islands.....	14	7	21		17					4	
Pacific Islands, not specified.....	56	24	80	3						77	
British North America.....	2,007	892	2,899	587	135	1	6	228		1,942	
British Honduras.....											
Other Central America.....	411	139	550	13	50					437	
Mexico.....	333	220	553	3	164	8				378	
South America.....	246	121	367	15	74		11			267	
West Indies.....	3,317	1,632	4,949	347	1,594	2	7			2,999	
All other countries.....	181	36	217	4	87					126	
Grand total.....	227,090	134,346	361,436	66,977	188,412	14,539	37,523	1,086		110,50,274	
Arrivals—Males.....								1897.		1898.	
Females.....								135,107		135,735	
Total.....								95,725		93,498	
								230,832		229,233	

THE WORLD'S CORN CROP.

Following is the latest compiled showing of the world's corn crop as made up by Broomhall:

COUNTRY.	1899. Bushels.	1898. Bushels.	1897. Bushels.	COUNTRY.	1899. Bushels.	1898. Bushels.	1897. Bushels.
Argentina.....	72,000,000	56,000,000	40,000,000	Russia.....	45,000,000	47,000,000	24,000,000
Austria-Hungary.....	98,000,000	153,000,000	90,000,000	United States.....	220,000,000	1924,000,000	1902,000,000
Bulgaria and E.R.....	5,000,000	7,000,000	5,000,000	Egypt.....	35,000,000	32,000,000	35,000,000
Canada.....	24,000,000	23,000,000	24,500,000	Uruguay.....	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Italy.....	68,000,000	73,600,000	58,000,000				
Roumania.....	60,000,000	90,000,000	66,000,000	Total.....	2611,000,000	2409,600,000	2248,500,000

The total is a very large one, in spite of serious deficiencies in the estimated outturn of Austria-Hungary and Roumania. The grand total has been exceeded only once, viz., in 1897. The average crop of the past four years has been 2,500,000,000 bushels, so that this year's is 111,000,000 bushels, or 14,000,000 quarters, superior to an average.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

COUNTRY.	Ruler.	Title.	Pop.	Area.
Abyssinia.....	Menelek II.....	Emperor.....	3,500,000	150,000
Afghanistan.....	Abdur Khan.....	Ameer.....	4,000,000	300,000
Argentina.....	Julio A. Roca.....	President.....	3,954,911	1,125,086
Austria-Hungary.....	Franz Josef I.....	Emperor.....	41,231,342	249,942
Belgium.....	Leopold II.....	King.....	6,262,272	11,373
Bokhara.....	Sayid Abdul Ahad.....	Ameer.....	2,500,000	92,000
Bolivia.....	Senor Jose M. Pando.....	President.....	2,019,549	567,360
Brazil.....	M. F. de C. Salles.....	President.....	14,333,915	3,209,878
Bulgaria.....	Ferdinand.....	Prince.....	3,309,816	24,360
Chile.....	Fred. Errazuriz.....	President.....	2,915,332	293,970
China.....	Tuen-Tsou-Hsi.....	Empress.....	402,680,000	1,327,308
Colombia.....	M. A. Caro.....	President.....	3,878,600	504,773
Congo Free State.....	Leopold II.....	Sovereign.....	30,000,000	900,000
Costa Rica.....	Ratael Iglesias.....	President.....	243,205	23,000
Dahomey.....	Guthill.....	King.....	550,000	4,000
Denmark.....	Christian IX.....	King.....	2,185,335	15,289
Ecuador.....	Elrog Alfaro.....	President.....	1,270,000	12,000
Egypt.....	Abbas Hilmi.....	Khedive.....	9,734,405	10,698
France.....	Emile Loubet.....	President.....	33,343,192	204,062
Germany.....	Wilhelm II.....	Emperor.....	52,279,901	208,670
Prussia.....	Wilhelm II.....	King.....	31,855,123	134,537
Bavaria.....	Otto.....	King.....	5,818,544	29,282
Saxony.....	Albert.....	King.....	3,787,688	5,787
Wurttemberg.....	Wilhelm II.....	King.....	2,081,151	7,528
Baden.....	Frederick I.....	Grand Duke.....	1,725,464	5,822
Hesse.....	Ernst Ludwig.....	Grand Duke.....	1,033,020	2,966
Lippe.....	Alexander.....	Prince.....	134,854	469
Anhalt.....	Frederick.....	Duke.....	235,298	506
Brunswick.....	Albrecht.....	Regent.....	433,213	1,424
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.....	Franz IV.....	Grand Duke.....	506,436	5,135
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.....	Wilhelm I.....	Grand Duke.....	101,540	1,131
Oldenburg.....	Peter I.....	Grand Duke.....	373,739	2,479
Saxe-Altenburg.....	Ernst.....	Duke.....	170,964	511
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.....	Alfred.....	Duke.....	216,603	757
Saxe-Meiningen.....	George II.....	Duke.....	234,003	853
Saxe-Weimar.....	Karl Alexander.....	Grand Duke.....	326,001	1,388
Reuss (elder branch).....	Heinrich XXII.....	Prince.....	67,468	120
Reuss (younger branch).....	Heinrich XIV.....	Prince.....	132,130	319
Waldeck.....	Friedrich.....	Prince.....	57,281	433
Great Britain and Ireland.....	Victoria.....	Queen.....	33,104,975	120,979
Greece.....	Georgios I.....	King.....	2,433,806	25,041
Guatemala.....	Manuel E. Cabrera.....	President.....	1,535,632	46,000
Haiti.....	T. S. Sam.....	President.....	960,000	10,204
Honduras.....	Gen. T. Sierra.....	President.....	400,000	43,000
India (British).....	Victoria.....	Empress.....	221,172,952	964,938
Italy.....	Umberto I.....	King.....	23,458,628	110,623
Japan.....	Mutsu Hito.....	Mikado.....	42,270,620	147,655
Khiva.....	Syed Mehomed Rahim.....	Khan.....	700,000	22,320
Korea.....	Yi-Hui.....	Emperor.....	10,528,387	82,000
Liberia.....	W. D. Coleman.....	President.....	1,068,000	14,360
Luxemburg.....	Adolf.....	Duke.....	217,583	998
Mexico.....	Porfirio Diaz.....	President.....	12,619,959	767,005
Monaco.....	Albert.....	Prince.....	13,304	8
Montenegro.....	Nicholas I.....	Prince.....	228,000	3,630
Morocco.....	Mulai Abdul Aziz.....	Sultan.....	5,000,000	219,000
Nepal.....	Jang.....	Sovereign.....	2,000,000	54,000
Netherlands.....	Wilhelmina.....	Queen.....	5,004,204	12,643
Nicaragua.....	Jose S. Zelaya.....	President.....	380,000	49,500
Oman.....	Seyrid Feysal.....	Sultan.....	1,500,000	82,000
Orange Free State.....	M. T. Steyn.....	President.....	207,503	48,326
Paraguay.....	Emilio Aceval.....	President.....	432,000	98,000
Persia.....	Muzaffer-ed-Din.....	Shah.....	9,000,000	628,000
Peru.....	E. L. Romana.....	President.....	2,621,844	463,747
Portugal.....	Carlos I.....	King.....	5,049,729	34,038
Roumania.....	Carol I.....	King.....	5,800,000	48,307
Russia.....	Nicholas II.....	Czar.....	129,982,173	8,660,282
Salvador.....	R. A. Gutierrez.....	President.....	651,130	7,225
Santo Domingo.....	J. I. Jimenes.....	President.....	610,000	13,045
Servia.....	Alexander I.....	King.....	2,312,484	19,050
Siam.....	Chulalongkorn I.....	King.....	5,000,000	200,000
South African Republic.....	S. J. P. Kruger.....	President.....	1,094,156	119,139
Spain.....	Alfonso XIII.....	King.....	17,565,632	197,670
Sweden and Norway.....	Oscar II.....	King.....	7,010,549	297,321
Switzerland.....	Edward Miller.....	President.....	2,917,754	15,976
Tonga.....	George II.....	King.....	17,500	674
Turkey.....	Abdul Hamid II.....	Sultan.....	38,834,587	1,147,587
United States.....	William McKinley.....	President.....	76,148,000	3,607,640
Uruguay.....	Juan L. Cuestas.....	President.....	827,485	72,110
Venezuela.....	Gen. C. Castro.....	President.....	2,323,527	593,943

NATIONAL BANK STATISTICS.

[From Report of the Comptroller of the Currency.]

DATE, 1ST OF EACH MONTH.	No. of banks.	Authorized capital stock.	Gold.	Silver.	U.S. bonds on deposit to secure circulation.	Circulation secured by U. S. bonds.	Lawful money on deposit to redeem circulation.	Total national bank notes outstanding.
1894.								
January.....	3,787	\$693,353,165	\$308,508,089	\$47,745,559	\$205,961,600	\$185,194,522	\$23,344,322	\$208,538,844
February.....		691,893,165			203,594,500	182,887,853	24,974,254	207,862,107
March.....	3,777	684,690,165	199,185,936	56,980,619	202,052,350	181,148,710	26,350,810	207,479,520
April.....		682,538,165			202,933,850	181,666,268	26,209,427	207,875,695
May.....	3,774	680,438,165	204,829,458	55,112,435	201,330,250	180,601,247	27,231,785	207,833,082
June.....		678,998,165			201,251,500	180,613,585	26,631,434	207,245,019
July.....		678,023,165			201,691,750	180,662,521	26,690,728	207,353,244
August.....	3,770	677,258,165	199,635,167	51,035,485	202,268,500	181,149,511	26,389,555	207,639,066
September.....		676,568,165			202,276,950	181,300,217	26,211,968	207,592,215
October.....	3,755	674,866,365	196,927,230	40,323,424	200,953,700	180,251,065	27,220,463	207,471,501
November.....		672,671,365			199,706,200	179,401,364	28,071,239	207,472,603
December.....		671,471,365			197,349,700	177,073,359	29,612,978	206,686,837
1895.								
January.....	3,737	670,906,365	175,794,767	42,246,456	196,707,700	176,667,467	29,988,243	206,605,710
February.....		669,156,365			195,826,100	175,674,250	29,627,321	205,297,571
March.....	3,728	668,146,365	178,160,435	42,771,206	197,116,700	176,455,069	28,588,588	205,048,651
April.....		667,133,265			201,176,200	179,847,389	27,693,828	207,541,211
May.....	3,711	665,886,265	177,264,387	41,382,213	204,356,800	182,554,824	27,185,592	209,719,850
June.....		665,123,265			206,652,900	184,099,578	26,509,153	211,478,718
July.....	3,715	663,363,265	171,277,437	43,209,757	207,680,800	186,062,038	25,628,937	211,691,055
August.....		664,650,265			207,852,800	186,577,433	24,794,612	211,572,045
September.....		664,855,265			209,447,550	187,990,243	24,348,857	212,339,200
October.....	3,712	664,425,265	162,925,200	33,312,021	210,196,550	188,556,877	24,255,057	212,851,384
November.....		664,136,915			211,717,800	190,180,961	23,706,630	213,887,630
December.....	3,706	664,091,915	168,244,431	38,467,979	212,048,950	190,469,526	23,491,072	213,960,598
1896.								
January.....	3,711	664,076,915			212,465,100	190,616,160	23,100,813	213,716,973
February.....		663,851,915			212,655,900	190,989,637	22,506,910	213,496,547
March.....	3,690	661,946,915	156,894,081	39,123,429	217,944,950	195,048,955	22,132,963	217,181,917
April.....		661,431,915			222,968,800	199,723,005	21,508,022	221,316,027
May.....	3,694	660,496,915	157,761,800	44,611,646	226,478,550	208,403,239	20,786,068	224,189,337
June.....		659,951,915			228,651,800	205,215,839	20,072,060	225,287,935
July.....	3,689	659,106,915	161,853,560	41,981,889	228,915,950	205,588,929	20,461,618	226,000,547
August.....		658,376,915			229,544,450	206,103,504	19,926,588	226,030,400
September.....		658,126,915			235,078,500	210,293,574	19,320,322	229,613,896
October.....	3,679	658,126,915	160,723,890	40,084,742	238,773,200	214,667,694	18,971,663	233,699,557
November.....		658,304,915			241,103,350	216,510,014	18,474,490	234,984,444
December.....	3,673	657,909,915	181,020,260	44,520,449	241,272,150	216,609,684	18,789,206	235,398,890
1897.								
January.....		655,334,915			240,236,150	215,860,307	19,812,810	245,673,117
February.....		654,174,915			237,190,100	213,186,712	21,307,950	235,094,662
March.....	3,649	653,719,895	183,304,756	45,644,106	234,787,800	210,915,414	23,320,912	234,296,326
April.....		650,808,395			233,663,350	209,767,702	24,027,439	233,795,141
May.....	3,624	648,613,395	190,396,251	45,680,132	232,606,300	208,768,549	24,119,434	232,887,983
June.....		646,788,395			230,928,050	207,189,382	24,796,454	231,875,841
July.....	3,619	643,474,517	193,686,506	47,236,005	230,471,550	206,680,359	24,751,347	231,441,636
August.....		641,229,395			230,111,300	206,498,957	24,345,299	230,844,256
September.....		639,488,295			229,471,100	205,755,976	24,537,697	230,593,673
October.....	3,614	638,903,295	195,895,107	43,492,595	229,348,550	205,604,781	25,205,779	230,810,560
November.....	3,617	637,915,295			227,742,550	208,925,680	26,120,685	230,647,635
December.....	3,615	636,310,295	207,965,145	45,070,408	225,359,300	201,735,572	27,814,135	229,449,707
1898.								
January.....	3,611	639,440,295			218,992,950	196,146,000	32,784,190	228,930,280
February.....	3,602	637,527,295	222,855,517	48,522,409	215,487,650	192,724,299	33,720,607	226,444,906
March.....	3,596	638,385,295			213,414,650	191,056,818	33,774,253	224,831,071
April.....	3,594	635,060,295			214,365,400	191,611,600	32,786,419	224,398,019
May.....	3,590	631,635,295	267,644,954	49,537,819	217,162,650	194,138,732	31,891,404	226,030,136
June.....	3,588	631,035,295			219,377,900	196,155,935	31,456,910	227,612,845
July.....	3,590	629,925,295			220,201,400	197,078,032	30,738,610	227,816,702
August.....	3,589	629,315,295			218,525,650	195,692,685	31,004,185	226,696,870
September.....	3,589	629,151,295	250,670,426	43,203,732	220,496,160	196,775,704	30,402,911	227,178,615
October.....	3,592	625,356,295			220,900,120	205,006,093	30,800,887	225,356,950
November.....	3,596	624,552,195			235,618,470	210,045,456	29,500,825	229,546,281
December.....	3,594	625,967,195	281,475,196	47,125,515	239,349,130	213,918,643	28,783,395	242,702,038
1899.								
January.....	3,590	622,482,195			236,943,050	214,016,088	29,719,017	243,735,105
February.....	3,583	613,076,395	321,915,796	49,327,639	239,479,840	211,041,239	32,200,202	245,241,501
March.....	3,589	612,831,895			236,075,680	211,155,017	31,747,851	242,902,367
April.....	3,583	610,313,895	317,210,532	46,932,021	234,453,890	209,925,989	33,126,328	243,052,317
May.....	3,586	609,053,895			232,167,910	207,968,287	34,748,046	242,714,333
June.....	3,585	610,028,895			230,600,310	206,805,954	55,758,600	242,064,554
July.....	3,589	607,871,245			229,688,110	205,264,094	36,004,602	241,268,696

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS—1899.

RESOURCES.	June 30, 1899.	Sept. 7, 1899.
	3,583 banks.	3,595 banks.
Loans and discounts.....	\$2,192,290,584.52	\$2,496,751,251.11
Overdrafts.....	15,724,395.38	19,231,907.24
United States bonds to secure circulation.....	228,870,310.00	229,639,610.00
United States bonds to secure United States deposits.....	78,497,040.00	80,976,980.00
United States bonds on hand.....	21,081,310.00	19,328,220.00
Premiums on United States bonds.....	17,715,752.92	17,626,212.72
Stocks, securities, etc.....	305,428,927.40	320,437,066.36
Banking house, furniture and fixtures.....	78,905,167.54	79,064,021.51
Other real estate and mortgages owned.....	30,477,935.92	30,255,465.34
Due from national banks.....	223,873,819.92	212,431,744.50
Due from state banks and bankers.....	56,634,310.02	59,288,465.86
Due from approved reserve agents.....	406,698,464.82	414,126,670.44
Checks and other cash items.....	25,631,637.24	17,414,999.52
Exchanges for clearing house.....	203,003,934.53	154,800,514.95
Bills of other national banks.....	19,557,261.00	20,077,605.00
Fractional currency, nickels and cents.....	1,107,699.27	1,121,297.56
Specie.....	356,822,046.19	338,571,383.83
Legal-tender notes.....	116,337,935.00	111,214,651.00
United States certificates of deposit.....	13,590,000.00	16,540,000.00
Five per cent redemption fund.....	10,035,518.01	10,116,130.63
Due from treasurer United States.....	1,629,855.16	1,340,945.87
Total.....	4,708,833,904.84	4,650,355,133.44
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in.....	604,865,327.00	605,772,970.00
Surplus fund.....	248,146,167.55	248,449,234.99
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes.....	94,175,584.64	102,066,430.50
National-bank notes outstanding.....	199,358,382.50	200,345,567.50
State-bank notes outstanding.....	53,108.50	53,108.50
Due to other national banks.....	598,340,332.85	594,609,884.34
Due to state banks and bankers.....	334,064,533.98	334,258,085.48
Dividends unpaid.....	7,735,327.07	1,137,332.24
Individual deposits.....	2,522,157,508.99	2,450,725,566.31
United States deposits.....	70,481,616.36	72,826,840.37
Deposits of United States disbursing officers.....	5,831,775.01	6,053,440.79
Notes and bills rediscounted.....	2,154,732.17	4,365,777.08
Bills payable.....	6,078,284.70	9,945,237.89
Liabilities other than those above.....	15,391,173.52	19,745,568.45
Total.....	4,708,833,904.84	4,650,355,133.44

NUMBER OF NATIONAL BANKS ORGANIZED, IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION, INSOLVENT AND IN OPERATION ON SEPT. 7, 1899.

STATE.	Organ-ized.	In liq-uidation.	Insol-vent.	In oper-ation.	STATE.	Organ-ized.	In liq-uidation.	Insol-vent.	In oper-ation.
Maine.....	99	17	.....	82	Indiana.....	190	64	11	115
New Hampshire.....	63	7	4	52	Illinois.....	313	79	17	217
Vermont.....	68	15	4	49	Michigan.....	169	77	12	80
Massachusetts.....	291	37	4	250	Wisconsin.....	124	43	3	78
Rhode Island.....	64	8	.....	56	Minnesota.....	110	34	7	69
Connecticut.....	98	16	3	79	Iowa.....	249	67	10	172
Total New England:	683	100	15	568	Missouri.....	129	56	10	63
New York.....	482	118	37	327	Total Middle States..	1,652	519	84	1,049
New Jersey.....	122	10	4	108	North Dakota.....	43	8	12	23
Pennsylvania.....	510	51	23	436	South Dakota.....	53	19	9	25
Delaware.....	19	.....	.....	19	Nebraska.....	169	49	20	100
Maryland.....	73	4	.....	69	Kansas.....	220	90	32	98
District of Columbia.....	19	4	3	12	Montana.....	44	13	10	21
Total Eastern States:	1,225	187	67	971	Wyoming.....	15	2	2	11
Virginia.....	55	13	6	36	Colorado.....	65	22	7	36
West Virginia.....	42	8	.....	34	New Mexico.....	15	5	4	6
North Carolina.....	40	7	4	29	Oklahoma.....	11	2	1	8
South Carolina.....	22	5	1	16	Indian Territory.....	15	.....	.....	15
Georgia.....	44	12	5	27	Total Western States	650	210	97	343
Florida.....	25	3	7	15	Washington.....	77	25	21	31
Alabama.....	39	8	5	26	Oregon.....	42	8	6	28
Mississippi.....	17	3	2	12	California.....	52	12	5	35
Louisiana.....	28	3	5	20	Idaho.....	14	4	1	9
Texas.....	278	57	22	199	Utah.....	17	5	1	11
Arkansas.....	14	3	4	7	Nevada.....	3	1	1	1
Kentucky.....	112	34	3	75	Arizona.....	8	3	.....	5
Tennessee.....	78	24	7	47	Alaska.....	1	.....	.....	1
Total South'n States.	794	180	71	543	Total Pacific States..	214	58	35	121
Ohio.....	368	99	14	255	Total United States	5,218	1,254	369	3,595

NATIONAL-BANK CIRCULATION.

YEAR.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstanding	YEAR.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstanding
1896	\$89,485,759	\$1,034,005	\$293,086,959	1884	\$81,046,310	\$99,353,041	\$332,452,944
1897	9,616,927	3,609,062	299,094,824	1885	83,040,440	100,620,456	314,872,928
1898	6,165,135	5,143,001	300,116,958	1886	62,026,940	75,909,362	300,990,506
1899	8,376,450	8,768,617	299,724,791	1887	56,756,100	66,095,019	271,651,587
1870	16,667,875	14,533,391	301,859,207	1888	49,668,460	82,275,225	239,044,822
1871	48,690,710	26,044,778	324,475,275	1889	30,611,840	67,912,503	201,744,089
1872	50,888,475	34,372,857	340,900,825	1890	32,886,720	55,180,851	179,449,959
1873	46,235,375	38,878,526	348,347,674	1891	46,465,820	53,937,105	171,978,673
1874	51,766,644	51,328,412	348,785,906	1892	49,951,350	49,803,102	172,036,921
1875	136,025,195	141,635,083	343,176,018	1893	86,184,670	49,520,402	208,701,189
1876	78,480,410	101,789,358	319,867,070	1894	66,586,360	68,147,445	207,140,104
1877	75,611,240	79,607,120	315,871,190	1895	57,181,040	50,829,997	213,491,147
1878	68,825,205	60,055,535	319,640,560	1896	78,098,580	57,152,155	234,437,572
1879	58,376,360	42,896,002	335,120,918	1897	82,526,890	86,948,237	230,016,225
1880	43,787,770	36,860,366	342,048,322	1898	79,469,260	69,969,344	239,515,458
1881	73,221,180	56,344,600	353,024,902	1899	67,028,650	63,590,237	242,952,701
1882	80,076,450	78,018,639	360,582,713	Total	2,210,577,135	1,967,624,434	242,952,701
1883	78,691,070	88,904,108	350,759,675				

BANK CLEARINGS

At ninety-one cities of the United States and Canada for eleven months, 1898-99, as reported by "Bradstreet's."

CLEARING HOUSE.	1899.	1898.	CLEARING HOUSE.	1899.	1898.
Boston	\$847,459,376	\$498,398,081	Hastings, Neb.	\$6,269,827	\$5,161,537
Providence	303,671,300	239,029,100	Total Northwestern	7,519,643,176	6,323,478,504
Hartford	123,649,623	113,561,609	St. Louis	1,496,225,383	1,314,605,352
New Haven	80,476,585	73,267,204	Kansas City	589,165,590	593,701,305
Worcester	72,289,991	71,098,974	Fort Worth	85,851,107	78,777,495
Springfield	78,034,682	68,446,900	St. Joseph	242,206,705	114,443,822
Portland	69,247,850	67,148,531	Topeka	27,021,391	22,435,419
Fall River	42,746,710	35,855,988	Wichita	22,242,130	20,793,123
Lowell	31,287,107	32,465,109	Houston	300,778,110	273,912,866
New Bedford	24,979,053	25,591,923	Galveston	312,352,700	321,148,500
Total New England	7,303,842,280	5,594,863,518	Total Southwestern	2,352,742,324	2,087,756,516
New York	5,541,506,090	3,731,942,872	Baltimore	1,110,735,848	841,537,975
Philadelphia	4,379,982,001	3,281,778,581	New Orleans	402,262,077	382,430,361
Pittsburg	1,401,730,011	883,910,193	Savannah	121,507,228	114,704,318
Buffalo	229,647,428	196,106,534	Richmond	152,211,699	120,964,723
Rochester	92,897,627	82,916,346	Memphis	97,663,865	97,893,375
Syracuse	53,342,356	52,393,946	Washington	111,254,148	92,752,140
Seranton	50,303,962	42,501,575	Atlanta	74,158,493	64,149,337
Wilmington	40,950,417	34,820,969	Norfolk	57,160,141	45,417,450
Binghamton	17,070,100	16,454,740	Nashville	53,610,714	53,085,256
Total Middle	6,169,469,932	4,191,322,556	Augusta	42,808,701	34,807,341
Cincinnati	672,517,150	585,400,700	Knoxville	26,989,772	24,420,711
Detroit	578,406,671	515,803,046	Birmingham	30,286,395	21,316,600
Cleveland	472,462,519	353,908,867	Jacksonville	10,596,309	10,193,904
Louisville	375,063,313	316,153,612	Chattanooga	16,972,946	16,107,338
Indianapolis	277,037,712	247,141,462	Macon	25,032,000	24,388,000
Toledo, Ohio	98,518,892	85,703,476	Total Southern	2,338,250,626	1,943,563,829
Dayton	46,664,236	35,883,150	San Francisco	883,492,638	740,984,011
Grand Rapids	53,114,004	45,457,823	Denver	159,500,463	137,696,138
Lexington	17,857,292	15,673,760	Salt Lake City	113,625,537	97,287,836
Kalamazoo	16,639,500	14,339,200	Portland	83,037,407	84,533,104
Akron	18,504,280	14,652,400	Los Angeles	81,461,044	63,305,680
Springfield, O	12,936,679	9,005,060	Seattle	94,784,637	62,423,479
Canton, O	11,804,935	9,627,621	Tacoma	40,849,827	39,916,740
Youngstown	15,669,174	12,596,635	Spokane, Wash.	58,104,509	39,953,238
Saginaw*	14,790,401		Helena*	28,711,415	
Columbus	233,944,990	189,980,800	Total Far-Western	1,514,855,562	1,251,380,226
Total Western	2,467,316,265	2,061,670,842	Gd. total United States	85,176,129,215	61,173,035,991
Chicago	5,999,505,794	4,946,873,446	Outside New York	297,623,135	238,531,119
Minneapolis	484,168,958	410,305,762	Canada		
Milwaukee	258,890,494	237,337,833	Montreal	725,606,309	674,043,017
St. Paul	216,054,901	197,921,697	Toronto	457,558,817	395,987,848
Omaha	271,163,956	238,310,583	Winnipeg	94,919,893	80,045,555
Peoria	91,318,329	77,385,674	Halifax	62,632,373	56,888,592
Des Moines	65,876,138	55,490,426	Hamilton	36,567,854	32,303,658
St. Louis	46,401,678	37,466,205	St. John, N. B.	29,685,596	27,602,639
Davenport	38,825,519	34,057,077	Vancouver, B. C.*	30,500,568	
Rockford, Ill.	12,977,678	10,182,290	Victoria, B. C.*	83,471,499	
Fargo, N. D.	15,463,243	12,765,051	Total Canada	1,407,770,782	1,266,638,334
Sioux Falls, S. D.	6,591,582	5,142,507			
Fremont, Neb.	5,854,302	5,059,907			

*Not included in totals because comparisons are incomplete for last year.

†Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

Military Societies of the United States.

SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

President-General—William Wayne, Pa.

Vice-President-General—Winslow Warren, Mass.

Treasurer-General—Frederick W. Jackson, N. Y.

Secretary-General—Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner,

LL.D., of Rhode Island, Garden City, N. Y.

Assistant Secretary-General—Nich. Fish, N. Y.

STATE SOCIETIES.

Connecticut (revived 1893)—George B. Sanford, acting president.

Maryland—Organized Nov. 21, 1783; Otto H. Williams, president.

Massachusetts—Organized June 9, 1783; Winslow Warren, president.

New Jersey—Organized June 11, 1783; William S. Stryker, president, Mount Holly.

New York—Organized June 9, 1778; William G. Ward, president, New York city.

Pennsylvania—Organized Oct. 4, 1783; Hon. William Wayne, president, Paoli, Chester county.

Rhode Island—Organized June 24, 1783; president, vacant.

South Carolina—Organized Aug. 29, 1783; James Simons, president, Charleston.

Virginia—John Cropper, president.

The historic and patriotic Order of the Cincinnati was founded by the American and French officers at the cantonments of the continental army on the Hudson at the close of hostilities in the war of the revolution for American independence in May, 1783.

In forming the society it was declared that "to perpetuate, therefore, as well the remembrance of this vast event as the mutual friendships which have been formed under the pressure of common danger, and, in many instances, cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby, in the most solemn manner, associate, constitute and combine themselves into one society of friends, to endure as long as they shall endure, or any of their eldest male posterity, and in failure thereof the collateral branches who may be judged worthy of becoming its supporters and members."

Membership descends to the eldest lineal male descendant, if judged worthy, and, in failure of direct male descent, to male descendants through intervening female descendants.

The number of living members of the Society of the Cincinnati, as reported at the triennial meeting May, 1899, was 580.

SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

[Organized June 29, 1876.]

GENERAL OFFICERS.

(Elected May 2, 1899.)

President-General—Franklin Murphy, Newark, N. J.

Vice-Presidents-General—Gen. Thos. M. Anderson, U. S. A., Chicago, Ill.; John Whitehead, Morristown, N. J.; Thomas W. Palmer, Detroit; Jonathan Trumbull, Norwich, Conn.; Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

Secretary-General—S. E. Gross, Chicago, Ill.

Treasurer-General—C. W. Haskins, 30 Broad street, New York city.

Registrar-General—A. Howard Clarke, Washington, D. C.

Historian-General—E. M. Gallaudet, Washington, D. C.

Chaplain-General—Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D.D., Detroit, Mich.

STATE SOCIETIES AND OFFICERS.

Arizona—Rev. Lewis Halsey, president, Phoenix.

Arkansas—S. W. Williams, president, Little Rock.

California—Horace Davis, president, San Francisco.

Colorado—Gen. Irving Hale, president, Denver.

Connecticut—Jonathan Trumbull, president, Norwich.

Delaware—Wm. A. La Motte, president, Wilmington.

District of Columbia—Gen. Thos. M. Vincent, U. S. A., president, Washington.

Florida—Hon. John C. Avery, president, Pensacola.

France—Gen. Horace Porter, president, Paris.

Hawaii—Peter Cushman Jones, president, Honolulu.

Illinois—I. S. Blackwelder, president, Chicago.

Indiana—Wm. E. Engllish, president, Indianapolis.

Iowa—Francis N. Loring, president, Waterloo.

Kansas—George D. Hale, president, Topeka.

Kentucky—Arthur M. Rutledge, president, Louisville.

Louisiana—Taylor Beattie, president, New Orleans.

Maine—John M. Glidden, president, New Castle.

Maryland—Joseph L. Brent, president, Baltimore.

Massachusetts—F. H. Appleton, president, Boston.

Michigan—Thos. W. Palmer, president, Detroit.

Minnesota—E. M. Towann, president, Minneapolis.

Missouri—Gen. Geo. H. Shields, president, St. Louis.

Montana—Cornellius Hedges, president, Helena.

Nebraska—F. W. Vaughn, president, Fremont.

New Hampshire—Charles B. Spafford, president, Claremont.

New Jersey—John Whitehead, president, Morristown.

New York—R. B. Roosevelt, president, New York city.

Ohio—J. W. Harper, president, Cincinnati.

Oregon—Col. George H. Williams, president, Portland.

Pennsylvania—W. A. Herron, president, Pittsburg.

Rhode Island—Robert P. Brown, president, Providence.

South Dakota—Chambers Keller, president, Deadwood.

Tennessee—E. E. Hoss, president, Nashville.

Texas—Ira H. Evans, president, Austin.

Utah—L. H. Farnsworth, president, Salt Lake City.

Vermont—Edw. C. Smith, president, St. Albans.

Virginia—Chas. U. Williams, president, Richmond.

Washington—J. K. Stout, president, Spokane.

Wisconsin—W. K. Flint, president, Milwaukee.

The membership of the society was 9,690 at the annual meeting in Detroit, Mich., May 1 and 2, 1899.

SONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

[Organized 1875.]

GENERAL OFFICERS.

General President—Hon. John Lee Carroll, Ellicott City, Md.
General Vice-President—Garret Dorset Wall Vroom, Trenton, N. J.
Second General Vice-President—Rope Barrow, Savannah, Ga.
General Secretary—James Mortimer Montgomery, N. Y.
Assistant General Secretary—William Hall Harris, Baltimore, Md.
General Treasurer—Richard McCall Cadwalader, Philadelphia, Pa.
Assistant General Treasurer—Henry Cadle, Bethany, Mo.
General Chaplain—Rt. Rev. Henry Benjamin Whipple, D. D., L. L. D., Faribault, Minn.
General Registrar—Francis Ellingwood Abbot, Cambridge, Mass.
General Historian—Henry Walbridge Dudley, Chicago.

OFFICERS OF STATE SOCIETIES.

Alabama—President, James Edward Webb, Birmingham; Secretary, Thomas McAdory Owen, Birmingham.
California—President, Holdridge Ozro Collins, Los Angeles; Secretary, Arthur Burnett Benton, Los Angeles.
Colorado—President, John Cromwell Butler, Denver; Secretary, Richard Battle, Denver.
Connecticut—President, Hon. Morgan Gardner Bulkeley, Hartford; Secretary, Rev. Henry N. Wayne, New Britain.
District of Columbia—President, Col. Greene C. Goodloe, Washington; Secretary, Charles L. Gurley, Washington.
Florida—President, Clarence Sherman Hammatt, Jacksonville; Secretary, John Ware Wellington, Jacksonville.
Georgia—President, Col. John Screven, Savannah; Secretary, William Harden, Savannah.
Illinois—President, George Mulholland Lyon, Chicago; Secretary, Frank Kimball Root, Chicago.
Indiana—President, Jesse Claiborne Tarkenton, Indianapolis; Secretary, William Allen Wood, Indianapolis.
Iowa—President, Hon. Samuel Francis Smith, Davenport; Secretary, Edward Seymour Hammatt, Davenport.
Kentucky—President, Lucas Brodhead, Spring Station; Secretary, Prof. Wilbur R. Smith, Lexington.

Maryland—President, Hon. John Lee Carroll, Ellicott City; Secretary, Robert Clinton Cole, Baltimore.
Massachusetts—President, Francis Harrison Briggs, Boston; Secretary, Henry Dexter Warren, Boston.
Michigan—President, John Walter Beardslee, D. D., Holland; Secretary, Frank Dickinson Haddock, Holland.
Minnesota—President, Rt. Rev. N. Mahlon Gilbert, St. Paul; Secretary, William P. Trowbridge, St. Paul.
Missouri—President, Rt. Rev. Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, D. D., S. T. D., St. Louis; Secretary, Henry Cadle, Bethany.
Montana—President, Charles H. Benton, Great Falls; Secretary, Herbert Hughes Matteson, Great Falls.
New Hampshire—President, Rev. Henry Emerson Hovey, Portsmouth; Secretary, J. Louis Harris, Portsmouth.
New Jersey—President, S. Meredith Dickinson, Trenton; Secretary, John Alexander Campbell, Trenton.
New York—President, Frederick Samuel Tallmadge, New York city; Secretary, Morris P. Ferris, New York city.
North Carolina—President, Peter Evans Hines, M. D., Raleigh; Secretary, Marshall DeLancey Haywood, Raleigh.
North Dakota—President, Rev. F. M. J. Craft, Elbow Woods; Secretary, G. H. Phelps, Fargo.
Ohio—President, Asa Smith Bushnell, Columbus; Secretary, Allen Collier, Cincinnati.
Pennsylvania—President, William Wayne, Paoli; Secretary, Ethan Allen Weaver, Philadelphia.
Rhode Island—President, William Watts Sherman, Newport; Secretary, William G. Ward, Jr., Newport.
South Carolina—President, Christopher S. Gadsden, Charleston; Secretary, William Mosley Fitch, Charleston.
Tennessee—President, W. W. Woodruff, Knoxville; Secretary, John W. Green, Knoxville.
Texas—President, H. M. Aubery, San Antonio; Secretary, G. Stuart Simons, San Antonio.
Virginia—President, Hon. James Alston Cabell, Richmond; Secretary, Dr. Charles R. Robins, Richmond.
Washington—President, Josiah Collins, Jr., Seattle; Secretary, George Kirby Coryell, Seattle.
West Virginia—President, John Marshall Hagens, Morgantown; Secretary, Alexander Updegraff, Wheeling.

MILITARY ORDER OF FOREIGN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

[Instituted Dec. 27, 1894.]

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL COMMANDERY.

Commander-General—Maj.-Gen. Alexander Stewart Webb, U. S. A.
Vice-Commanders-General—Maj.-Gen. Charles F. Roe, U. S. V.; Brig.-Gen. William W. H. Davis, U. S. V.; A. Floyd Delafield, Capt. S. E. Gross; Hon. Horace Davis; Rodney Macdonough; Col. T. V. Kessler, U. S. V.; Col. H. Ashton Ramsay; Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N.; Capt. James J. Irwin, U. S. V.; Col. Milton Moore, U. S. V.; Col. William Seward Webb; George Ben Johnston.
Secretary-General—Col. James H. Morgan, St. Paul Bldg., New York.
Deputy Secretary-General—Maj. David Banks, Jr., New York.
Treasurer-General—Lieut. Edward S. Sayres, P. N. G., 217 South 3d street, Philadelphia.

Deputy Treasurer-General—James T. Sands, St. Louis.

Registrar-General—Capt. Henry N. Wayne, U. S. A., Armonk, N. Y.
Historian-General—Capt. Samuel E. Gross, Chicago.
Judge-Advocate General—Hon. Frank M. Avery, New York.
Chaplain-General—Rev. C. Ellis Stevens, LL. D., D. C. L., Philadelphia.
Recorder-General—Hon. Charles Doolittle Walcott, Washington, D. C.

OFFICERS OF STATE COMMANDERIES.

California—Commander, Hon. Robert Young Hayne, San Mateo; Secretary, Maj. George Whitney Reed, San Francisco.
Connecticut—Commander, Morgan G. Bulkeley; Secretary, Capt. Henry N. Wayne, Armonk, N. Y.

District of Columbia—Commander, Rear Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N., Washington; Deputy Secretary, Lieut.-Commander W. H. Briggs, U. S. N., Washington.

Florida—Commander, Rear-Admiral Samuel B. Luce, U. S. N.; Secretary, William C. Howes, Oak Hill.

Illinois—Commander, Brig.-Gen. Thomas M. Anderson, U. S. A., Chicago; Secretary, John D. Vandercook, Chicago.

Maryland—Commander, Col. H. Ashton Ramsay, Baltimore; Secretary, Howard P. Sadtler, Baltimore.

Massachusetts—Commander, Maj.-Gen. Zealuz B. Tower, U. S. A., Boston; Secretary, Allen Arnold, Boston.

Missouri—Commander, Maj.-Gen. Daniel M.

Frost, St. Louis; Secretary, Capt. Charles W. Holtcamp, U. S. V., St. Louis.

New York—Commander, David Banks; Secretary, Charles P. Robinson, New York.

Ohio—Commander, Capt. James J. Irwin, U. S. V., Cleveland; Secretary, Capt. Arthur W. S. Irvine, Toledo.

Pennsylvania—Commander, Rev. C. Ellis Stevens, LL. D., D. C. L., Philadelphia; Secretary, Lieut. Ogden D. Wilkinson, Philadelphia.

Vermont—Commander, Capt. Frank L. Greene, U. S. V., St. Albans; Secretary, Capt. Arthur G. Eaton, U. S. V., Montpelier.

Virginia—Commander, Hon. James Alston Cabell, Richmond; Secretary, Peyton Rodes Carrington, Richmond.

Membership about 1,500.

SOCIETY OF COLONIAL WARS.

OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL SOCIETY.

Governor-General—Frederick J. de Peyster, New York.

Secretary-General—Howland Pell, 40 Exchange place, New York.

Deputy Secretary-General—F. E. Haight, 49 Leonard street, New York.

Treasurer-General—Edward Shippen, Philadelphia, Pa.

Deputy Treasurer-General—Walter Chandler, Elizabeth, N. J.

Registrar-General—George Norbury Mackenzie, Baltimore, Md.

Historian-General—Rev. C. E. Stevens, Philadelphia, Pa.

Chaplain-General—Rev. H. B. Whipple, LL. D., D. C. L., Faribault, Minn.

Surgeon-General—C. S. Ward, M. D., Bridgeport, Conn.

GOVERNORS-GENERAL AND SECRETARIES.

New York—F. J. de Peyster, New York; David Banks, Jr., New York.

Pennsylvania—William Wayne, Philadelphia; Edward Sayres, Philadelphia.

Maryland—McHenry Howard, Baltimore; Geo. N. Mackenzie, Baltimore.

Massachusetts—Arthur J. C. Snowden, Boston; Edward W. McGlennen, Boston.

Connecticut—Jas. J. Goodwin, Hartford; Chas. S. Ward, Bridgeport.

District of Columbia—Chas. F. T. Beale, Washington; Joseph C. Hardie, Washington.

New Jersey—Gen. E. B. Grubb, Edgewater Park; George E. Koues, Elizabeth.

Virginia—Joseph Bryan, Thomas Balling, Jr., Richmond.

New Hampshire—Henry O. Kent, Lancaster; Charles L. Parsons, Durham.

Illinois—Edward M. Teall, Chicago; W. K. Smith, Chicago.

Missouri—Horatio N. Spencer, St. Louis; H. Brinsmade, St. Louis.

Ohio—Samuel M. Felton, Cincinnati; Edwin C. Goshorn, Cincinnati.

Nebraska—W. H. Alexander, Omaha; William F. Smith, Omaha.

Minnesota—Henry P. Upham, St. Paul; Capt. E. C. Bowen, St. Paul.

Kentucky—Thomas P. Grant, Louisville; William L. Halsey, Louisville.

California—H. O. Collins, Los Angeles; Charles P. Fenner, Los Angeles.

Colorado—Joel E. Valle, Denver; Clifton F. Thompson, Denver.

Iowa—Judson K. Dunning, Dubuque; Horace G. Torbett, Dubuque.

Georgia—John A. G. Carson, Savannah; John H. Kenzie, Savannah.

Michigan—F. T. Sibley, Detroit; Charles A. DuCharme, Detroit.

Wisconsin—W. W. Strong, Robert Camp, Milwaukee.

Delaware—Thomas F. Bayard (deceased), Willard H. Porter, Wilmington.

Rhode Island—V. M. Francis, Newport; Lewis F. Burroughs, Providence.

Twenty-four societies; membership, 2,366.

MILITARY ORDER OF THE LOYAL LEGION OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Instituted 1865. Membership July 31, 1899, 9,032.)

Commander-in-Chief—Lieut.-Gen. John M. Schofield, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Acting Volunteer Lieut. Charles P. Clark, U. S. N.

Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Brig.-Gen. Henry C. Merriam, U. S. A., Denver, Col.

Recorder-in-Chief—Bvt. Lieut.-Col. J. P. Nicholson, U. S. V., Philadelphia, Pa.

Register-in-Chief—Bvt.-Maj. W. P. Huxford, Washington, D. C.

Treasurer-in-Chief—Paymaster George DeF. Barton.

Chaplain-in-Chief—Bvt.-Maj. Henry S. Burrage.

COMMANDERIES.

California—Rear-Admiral J. C. Watson, U. S. N., commander; Bvt. Lieut.-Col. William R. Smedberg, U. S. A., recorder, San Francisco.

Colorado—Lieut. Edward F. Bishop, commander; Lieut. James R. Saville, U. S. V., recorder, Denver.

District of Columbia—Brig.-Gen. John M. Wilson, U. S. A., commander; Bvt.-Maj. William P. Huxford, U. S. A., recorder, Washington.

Illinois—Capt. Henry V. Freeman, U. S. V.,

commander; Capt. Roswell H. Mason, U. S. V., recorder, Chicago.

Indiana—Rear-Admiral George Brown, U. S. N., commander; Bvt.-Col. Z. A. Smith, U. S. V., recorder, Indianapolis.

Iowa—Lieut.-Col. Charles A. Clark, commander; Lieut. Joseph W. Muffy, U. S. V., recorder, Des Moines.

Kansas—Col. Adna R. Chaffee, commander; Capt. W. B. Reynolds, U. S. A., recorder, Fort Leavenworth.

Maine—Maj. Seth C. Gordon, commander; Bvt.-Maj. Henry S. Burrage, U. S. V., recorder, Portland.

Massachusetts—Rear-Admiral George E. Belknap, U. S. N., commander; Col. Arnold A. Rand, U. S. V., recorder, Boston.

Michigan—Lieut. James Vernoe, commander; Bvt. Brig.-Gen. F. W. Swift, U. S. V., recorder, Detroit.

Minnesota—Bvt. Brig.-Gen. L. F. Hubbard, U. S. V., commander; Lieut. David L. Kingsbury, U. S. V., recorder, St. Paul.

Missouri—Bvt. Brig.-Gen. John W. Noble, commander; Capt. William R. Hodges, U. S. V., recorder, St. Louis.

Nebraska—Maj. Horace Ludington, commander; Lieut. F. B. Bryant, U. S. V., recorder, Omaha.

New York—Rear-Admiral Winfield S. Schley, commander; Paymaster A. Noel Blakeman, U. S. N., recorder, New York.

Ohio—Bvt. Lieut.-Col. Wm. R. Warnock, U. S. V., commander; Bvt.-Maj. Augustus M. Van Dyke, U. S. V., recorder, Cincinnati.

Oregon—Col. Wm. H. Jordan, commander; Capt. Gavin E. Calkin, recorder, Portland.

Pennsylvania—Bvt. Maj.-Gen. D. McM. Gregg, U. S. V., commander; Bvt. Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson, U. S. V., recorder, Philadelphia.

Vermont—Lieut.-Col. Franklin G. Butterfield, commander; First Lieut. William L. Greenleaf, U. S. V., recorder, Burlington.

Washington—Capt. Wm. McMickin, commander; Lieut.-Comdr. Jacob E. Noll, recorder, Tacoma.

Wisconsin—Lieut. Theron W. Haight, U. S. V., commander; Capt. A. Ross Houston, U. S. V., recorder, Milwaukee.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Commander-in-Chief—Albert D. Shaw, Watertown, N. Y.

Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Irvin Robbins, Indianapolis, Ind.

Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—Mitchell Minton, Louisville, Ky.

Surgeon-General—W. H. Baker, Lynn, Mass.

Chaplain-in-Chief—Rev. Jacob L. Grimm, Baltimore, Md.

The national council of administration has forty-five members, each department being represented by one member.

OFFICIAL STAFF.

Adjutant-General—Thomas J. Stewart, Norristown, Pa.

Quartermaster-General—Edwin J. Atkinson, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Inspector-General—Alonzo Williams, Providence, R. I.

Judge-Advocate General—Ell Torrance, Minneapolis, Minn.

Senior Aid-de-Camp and Chief of Staff—J. C. Winans, Troy, O.

DEPARTMENT COMMANDERS AND MEMBERSHIP.

Department.	Commander.		Assistant Adjutant-General.	Members.	
Alabama.....	A. P. Stone.....	Birmingham.....	E. D. Bacon.....	Birmingham.....	190
Arizona.....	G. Broughton.....	Prescott.....	W. F. R. Schindler.....	Prescott.....	221
Arkansas.....	Geo. W. Clark.....	Little Rock.....	P. S. Smith.....	Little Rock.....	590
Cal. and Nev. A. F. Dill.....	San Diego.....	T. C. Masteller.....	San Francisco.....	San Francisco.....	4,903
Col. and Wyo. Andrew A. Royal.....	Pueblo.....	Dan W. Brown.....	Pueblo.....	Pueblo.....	2,082
Connecticut.....	Henry B. Jones.....	New Hartford.....	John H. Thatcher.....	Hartford.....	5,034
Delaware.....	Wm. H. Moystin.....	Wilmington.....	William A. Reilly.....	Wilmington.....	682
Florida.....	Edwin Kirby.....	Fruitland.....	S. W. Fox.....	Jacksonville.....	351
Georgia.....	Alex. Mattison.....	Atlanta.....	James P. Averill.....	Atlanta.....	523
Idaho.....	S. L. Thompson.....	Lewiston.....	Albert Small.....	Lewiston.....	359
Illinois.....	John B. Inman.....	Springfield.....	C. A. Partridge.....	Chicago.....	23,310
Indiana.....	Wm. L. Dunlap.....	Franklin.....	R. M. Smock.....	Indianapolis.....	17,257
Indian Ter.....	Gideon S. White.....	Vinita.....	H. C. Luey.....	Vinita.....	241
Iowa.....	C. F. Bailey.....	Ireton.....	L. M. Black.....	Des Moines.....	14,953
Kansas.....	O. H. Coulter.....	Topeka.....	George W. Veale.....	Topeka.....	15,621
Kentucky.....	Jos. H. Browning.....	Louisville.....	Bernard Matthews.....	Louisville.....	3,346
La. and Miss. Chas. W. Keeting.....	New Orleans.....	John A. Brookshire.....	New Orleans.....	New Orleans.....	827
Maine.....	Frederick Robie.....	Portland.....	Edward C. Swett.....	Portland.....	7,242
Maryland.....	L. M. Zimmerman.....	Baltimore.....	Robt. C. Sunstrom.....	Baltimore.....	2,623
Massachusetts.....	John E. Gilman.....	Boston.....	Edward P. Preble.....	Boston.....	19,734
Michigan.....	Russell R. Pealer.....	Three Rivers.....	C. V. R. Pond.....	Lansing.....	15,136
Minnesota.....	D. B. Searle.....	St. Cloud.....	B. M. Hicks.....	Minneapolis.....	6,635
Missouri.....	John W. Scott.....	Moberly.....	Thos. B. Rogers.....	St. Louis.....	11,763
Montana.....	C. B. Miller.....	Helena.....	L. D. Beaty.....	Helena.....	456
Nebraska.....	John E. Evans.....	North Platte.....	Winslow H. Barger.....	Lincoln.....	6,445
N. Hampshire.....	H. L. Worcester.....	Rochester.....	Frank Battles.....	Concord.....	3,736
New Jersey.....	George Barrett.....	Camden.....	H. L. Hartshorn.....	Camden.....	5,957
New Mexico.....	Geo. W. Knaebel.....	Santa Fe.....	William M. Berger.....	Santa Fe.....	144
New York.....	Joseph W. Kay.....	Brooklyn.....	Nathan Munger.....	Albany.....	33,487
N. Dakota.....	Wm. Ackerman.....	Grand Forks.....	Wm. H. Brown.....	Grand Forks.....	538
Ohio.....	Thomas R. Shinn.....	Ashland.....	O. F. Crall.....	Ashland.....	25,798
Oklahoma.....	J. J. S. Hassler.....	Enid.....	J. E. Burns.....	Kingfisher.....	504
Oregon.....	H. V. Gates.....	Hillsboro.....	J. E. Mayo.....	Portland.....	1,658
Pennsylvania.....	James F. Morrison.....	Philadelphia.....	Henry I. Yohn.....	Philadelphia.....	30,166
Potomac.....	Calvin Farnsworth.....	Washington.....	D. C. B. F. Chase.....	Washington.....	2,683
Rhode Island.....	Charles O. Ballou.....	Providence.....	Philip S. Chase.....	Providence.....	1,960
S. Dakota.....	William L. Palmer.....	Carthage.....	Asher F. Pay.....	Huron.....	1,374
Tennessee.....	H. Crumbliss.....	Kingston.....	Frank Seaman.....	Knoxville.....	1,728
Texas.....	John Roch.....	Dublin.....	J. C. Bigger.....	Dallas.....	667
Utah.....	M. M. Kaign.....	Salt Lake City.....	F. M. Bishop.....	Salt Lake City.....	238
Vermont.....	F. G. Butterfield.....	Derby Line.....	K. Richmond.....	Newport.....	3,892
Va. and N. C. John W. Rutter.....	Portsmouth.....	A. A. Hager.....	Nat. Home, Va.....	Nat. Home, Va.....	1,005
Washington and Alaska.....	J. W. Langley.....	Seattle.....	J. H. Wilson.....	Seattle.....	2,259
W. Virginia.....	C. R. Lavalley.....	Huntington.....	G. W. Hutchinson.....	Huntington.....	1,264
Wisconsin.....	Henry Harnden.....	Madison.....	Charles A. Curtis.....	Madison.....	10,234
Total number of posts.....	6,905	Total June 30, 1899.....			287,981
New department officers are elected from January to April, 1900.					

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENTS AND COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.

1866. Indianapolis. S. A. Hurlbut. Illinois.	1884. Minneapolis. John S. Kuntz. Ohio.
1868. Philadelphia. John A. Logan. Illinois.	1885. Portland. Mc. S. S. Burdette. Washington.
1869. Cincinnati. John A. Logan. Illinois.	1886. S. Francisco. Lucius Fairchild. Wisconsin.
1870. Washington. John A. Logan. Illinois.	1887. St. Louis. John P. Rea. Minnesota.
1871. Boston. A. E. Burnside. Rhode Isl'd.	1888. Columbus. O. William Warner. St. Louis.
1872. Cleveland. A. E. Burnside. Rhode Isl'd.	1889. Milwaukee. Russell A. Alger. Detroit.
1873. New Haven. Chas. Devens. Jr. Mass'ch'tts.	1890. Boston. W. G. Veazey. Rutland, Vt.
1874. Harrisburg. Chas. Devens. Jr. Mass'ch'tts.	1891. Detroit. John Palmer. Albany.
1875. Chicago. J. F. Hartman. Penns'lv'a.	1892. Washington. A. G. Weissert. Milwaukee.
1876. Philadelphia. J. F. Hartman. Penns'lv'a.	1893. Indianapolis. J. G. B. Adams. Lynn, Mass.
1877. Providence. J. C. Robinson. New York.	1894. Pittsburg. T. G. Lawler. Rockf'd. Ill.
1878. Springfield. J. C. Robinson. New York.	1895. Louisville. I. N. Walker. Indianapolis.
1879. Albany. Wm. Earnshaw. Ohio.	1896. St. Paul. T. S. Clarkson. Omaha, Neb.
1880. Dayton, O. Louis Wagner. Penns'lv'a.	1897. Buffalo. J. P. S. Gobin. Lebanon, Pa.
1881. Indianapolis. Geo. S. Merrill. Mass'ch'tts.	1898. Cincinnati. Jas. A. Sexton. Chicago, Ill.
1882. Baltimore. P. Vandervoort. Nebraska.	1899. Philadelphia. Albert D. Shaw. New York.
1883. Denver. Robert B. Beath. Penns'lv'a.	1900. Chicago.

SONS OF VETERANS, U. S. A.

Headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief—
Youngstown, O.

Headquarters of the Quartermaster-General—
947 Tremont Building, Boston, Mass.

OFFICERS OF COMMANDERY IN-CHIEF.

Commander-in-Chief—A. W. Jones, Youngs-
town, O.

Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief—A. L. Sortor,
Jr., Mason City, Iowa.

Junior Vice-Commanders-in-Chief—Walter L.
Raynes, Battle Creek, Mich.; G. B. Abbott,
Youngstown, O.

Councils-in-Chief—W. J. Patton. Wauwatosa,
Wis.; George Addington, New York.

Adjutant-General—W. E. Baldwin, Youngs-
town, O.

Quartermaster-General—Fred E. Bolton, Bos-
ton, Mass.

Inspector-General—Alf G. Loyd, Sharpsburg,
Pa.

Surgeon-General—C. W. Staples, Lyndonville,
Vt.

Judge-Advocate General—F. T. F. Johnson,
Washington, D. C.

Chaplain-in-Chief—Rev. John E. Zietler, Mt.
Vernon, N. Y.

DIVISION COMMANDERS.

<i>Division.</i>	<i>Commander.</i>	<i>Address.</i>	<i>No. of members.</i>
Alabama and Tennessee.	W. F. Bolin.	Birmingham, Ala.	190
California.	Harry T. Moore.	San Francisco.	392
Colorado.	George S. Milone.	Colorado Springs.	144
Connecticut.	Edson S. Bishop.	Norwich.	782
Gulf.	C. W. Dale.	New Orleans.	2,095
Illinois.	Will C. Schneider.	Kankakee.	1,335
Indiana.	H. O. P. Cline.	Jonesboro.	805
Iowa.	Will A. Brown.	Marshalltown.	1,391
Kansas.	L. B. Price.	Mulvane.	285
Kentucky.	Alex Hamilton.	Newport.	1,249
Maine.	Edward H. Smith.	Westbrook.	555
Maryland.	George S. Whitmore.	Washington.	3,874
Massachusetts.	George N. Howard.	Melrose Highlands.	972
Michigan.	C. J. Post.	Grand Rapids.	520
Minnesota.	A. O. Allen.	Wells.	615
Missouri.	Ben Prack.	St. Louis.	341
Nebraska.	J. Howard Helne.	Hooper.	594
New Hampshire.	Ernest B. Folsom.	Dover.	876
New Jersey.	George H. Bailey.	Atlantic City.	3,853
New York.	Ralph Sheldon.	Albany.	1,908
Ohio.	A. E. B. Stephens.	Cincinnati.	121
Oregon.	Elmer Hardesty.	Silverton.	7,161
Pennsylvania.	Samuel S. Horn.	Easton.	315
Rhode Island.	Fred E. Carpenter.	Providence.	247
South Dakota.	W. A. Morris.	Redfield.	765
Vermont.	Ira E. Morse.	Cambridge.	318
Washington.	Charles E. Plimpton.	Seattle.	143
West Virginia.	John W. McClung.	Grafton.	622
Wisconsin.	A. G. Graband.	Milwaukee.	32,564
Total number of camps. 1,129		Total membership.	32,564

IRRIGATION OF ARID LANDS.

The Sixteenth Annual Report of the United States Geological Survey gives a general estimate of the water supply, and consequently of the irrigable area of the arid region. The total thus shown is estimated at 74,000,000 acres, distributed among the states and territories as follows:

<i>State or territory.</i>	<i>Acres.</i>	<i>State or territory.</i>	<i>Acres.</i>
Arizona.	2,000,000	Oklahoma.	500,000
California.	17,000,000	Oregon.	3,000,000
Colorado.	8,000,000	South Dakota.	1,500,000
Idaho.	5,000,000	Utah.	4,000,000
Montana.	11,000,000	Washington.	3,000,000
Nebraska.	2,000,000	Wyoming.	9,000,000
Nevada.	2,000,000		
New Mexico.	4,000,000	Total.	74,000,000
North Dakota.	2,000,000		

This vast acreage is capable of sustaining and comfortably supporting under a proper system of irrigation a population of at least 50,000,000 people.

INDIAN SCHOOLS.

Enrollment and average attendance of Indian schools, 1898 and 1899, also number of schools in 1899.

KIND OF SCHOOL.	ENROLLMENT.			AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.			Number of schools.
	1898.	1899.	Increase.	1898.	1899.	Increase.	
Government schools—							
Nonreservation boarding...	6,175	6,880	705	5,347	6,004	657	25
Reservation boarding.....	8,877	8,881	4	7,532	7,433	*99	76
Day	4,847	4,951	104	3,286	3,281	*5	142
Total	19,899	20,712	813	16,165	16,718	553	243
Contract schools—							
Boarding.....	2,509	2,468	*41	2,245	2,159	*86	28
Day	96	43	*54	68	29	*39	2
Boarding, specially appropriated for.....	394	393	*1	326	335	9	2
Total	2,999	2,903	*96	2,639	2,523	*116	32
Public.....	315	326	11	183	167	*16	(†)
Mission, boarding.....	897	1,079	182	783	960	177	18
Mission, day	215	182	*33	145	154	9	8
Aggregate	24,325	25,202	877	19,915	20,522	607	296

*Decrease. †Thirty-six public schools in which pupils are taught not enumerated here. ‡These schools are conducted by religious societies, some of which receive from the government for the Indian children therein such rations and clothing as the children are entitled to as reservation Indians.

NONRESERVATION INDIAN TRAINING SCHOOLS.

Location, average attendance, capacity, etc., of nonreservation training schools during fiscal year ended June 30, 1899.

LOCATION OF SCHOOL.	Date of opening.	No. of employees.*	Capacity	Enrollment.	Av. attendance
Carlisle, Pa.....	Nov. 1, 1879	70	†950	976	878
Chemawa, Ore.....	Feb. 25, 1880	31	350	†386	353
Chilocco, O. T.....	Jan. 15, 1884	40	850	†388	334
Genoa, Neb.....	Feb. 20, 1884	23	300	311	289
Albuquerque, N. M.....	Aug., 1884	26	250	321	304
Haskell Institute, Kansas.....	Sept. 1, 1884	53	600	659	541
Grand Junction, Col.....	1886	18	170	166	146
Santa Fe, N. M.....	Oct., 1890	23	250	292	257
Fort Mojave, Ariz.....	Oct., 1890	16	150	163	153
Carson, Nev.....	Dec., 1890	16	150	186	145
Pierre, S. D.....	Feb., 1891	18	150	154	132
Phoenix, Ariz.....	Sept., 1891	42	600	706	624
Fort Lewis, Col.....	March, 1892	28	800	870	324
Fort Shaw, Mont.....	Dec. 27, 1892	30	250	805	261
Perris, Cal.....	Jan. 9, 1893	16	150	209	186
Flandreau, S. D.....	Mar. 7, 1893	24	200	236	205
Pipestone, Minn.....	Feb., 1893	11	100	119	104
Mount Pleasant, Mich.....	Jan. 3, 1893	20	300	267	215
Tomah, Wis.....	Jan. 19, 1893	15	125	158	135
Wittenberg, Wis.†.....	Aug. 24, 1895	14	100	111	99
Greenville, Cal.†.....	Sept. 25, 1895	7	100	71	49
Morris, Minn.†.....	April 3, 1897	14	100	134	118
Chamberlain, S. D.....	March, 1898	10	100	85	65
Fort Bidwell, Cal.....	April 4, 1898	7	100	59	50
Rapid City, S. D.....	Sept. 1, 1898	10	100	50	37
Total.....		582	6,295	6,880	6,004

*Excluding those receiving \$200 and less per annum. †1,500 with outing system.

‡Previously a contract school.

All these schools are specifically appropriated for by congress excepting Fort Lewis, Fort Shaw, Wittenberg, Greenville and Fort Bidwell.

INDIAN SCHOOLS UNDER PRIVATE CONTROL.

The amount of money set apart for these institutions for the year ending June 30, 1900, as well as in preceding years, is shown by the following table:

	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.
Roman catholic.....	\$389,745	\$359,215	\$308,471	\$198,228	\$156,754	\$116,862	\$57,642
Presbyterian.....	36,340						
Congregational.....	10,825						
Episcopal.....	7,020	7,020	2,160				
Friends.....	10,020	10,020					
Mennonite.....	3,750	3,750	3,125				
Unitarian.....	5,400	5,400					
Lutheran, Wittenberg, Wis..	15,120	15,120					
Methodist.....			600				
Miss Howard.....	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,500			
Approp'n for Lincoln Inst'n..	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400	33,400
Approp'n for Hampton Ins'te.	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040	20,040
Woman's Nat. Indian Ass'n..	2,040	4,320					
Point Iroquois, Mich.....	900	600		600	600		
Plum Creek, Leslie, S. D.....		1,620					
John Roberts.....				2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160
Total.....	537,600	463,505	370,736	257,928	212,954	172,462	113,242

Besides these there are government reservation boarding schools with a capacity of 8,865 pupils, government day schools with a capacity of 4,966 pupils, and 340 Indian pupils in the various public schools in California, Idaho, Michigan, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Utah, Washington and Wisconsin.

*NUMBER OF INDIAN SCHOOLS AND AVERAGE ATTENDANCE FROM 1877 TO 1899.

YEAR.	BOARDING SCHOOLS.		DAY SCHOOLS.		TOTAL.		YEAR.	BOARDING SCHOOLS.		DAY SCHOOLS.		TOTAL.	
	No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance		No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance	No.	Av. attendance
1877...	45		102		150	3,568	1889...	136	9,146	103	2,406	239	11,552
1878...	49		119		168	4,142	1890...	140	9,865	106	2,367	246	12,232
1879...	52		107		159	4,448	1891...	146	11,425	110	2,163	256	13,588
1880...	60		109		169	4,651	1892...	149	12,422	126	2,745	275	15,167
1881...	68		106		174	4,976	1893...	156	13,635	119	2,668	275	16,303
1882...	71	3,077	76	1,637	147	4,714	1894...	157	14,457	115	2,639	272	17,220
1883...	80	3,793	88	1,893	168	5,686	1895...	157	15,061	125	3,127	282	18,188
1884...	87	4,723	98	2,237	185	6,960	1896...	156	15,633	140	3,579	296	19,262
1885...	114	6,201	86	1,942	200	8,143	1897...	145	15,026	143	3,650	288	18,676
1886...	115	7,290	99	2,370	214	9,630	1898...	148	16,112	147	3,536	295	19,648
1887...	117	8,020	110	2,500	227	10,520	1899...	147	16,891	147	3,361	296	20,522
1888...	125	8,705	107	2,715	233	11,420							

*Some of the figures in this table as printed prior to 1896 were taken from reports of the superintendent of Indian schools. As revised, they are all taken from the reports of the commissioner of Indian affairs. Prior to 1882 the figures include the New York schools.

Indian children attending public schools are included in the average attendance, but the schools are not included in the number of schools.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR INDIAN SCHOOLS—1877-1900.

Annual appropriations made by the government since the fiscal year 1877 for the support of the Indian schools.

YEAR.	Appropriation.	Per cent increase.	YEAR.	Appropriation.	Per cent increase.
1877.....	\$20,000		1889.....	\$1,348,015	14
1878.....	30,000	50	1890.....	1,364,568	1
1879.....	60,000	100	1891.....	1,842,770	35
1880.....	75,000	25	1892.....	2,291,650	24.3
1881.....	75,000		1893.....	2,315,612	1.04
1882.....	135,000	80	1894.....	2,243,497	*3.5
1883.....	487,200	260	1895.....	2,090,695	*8.87
1884.....	675,200	38	1896.....	2,066,515	*2
1885.....	992,800	47	1897.....	2,517,265	22.45
1886.....	1,100,065	10	1898.....	2,631,771	4.54
1887.....	1,211,415	10	1899.....	2,638,390	.0025
1888.....	1,179,916	*2.6	1900.....	2,936,080	11.3

*Decrease.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

[Dec. 1, 1899.]

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

TITLE OF LOAN.	Authorizing act.	Rate.	Amount issued.	Total outstanding Dec. 1, 1899.
Loan of July 12, 1882.....	July 12, 1882.....	3 per cent.....	\$305,529,000.....	
Funded loan of 1891.....	July 14, '70, & Jan. 20, '71. }	4½ per cent.....	250,000,000 }	\$25,364,500
Funded loan of 1907.....	July 14, '70, and Jan. 20, '71 }	Cont'd @ 2½.....		
Refunding certificates.....	Feb. 26, 1879.....	4 per cent.....	740,914,500.....	553,251,500
Loan of 1904.....	Jan. 14, 1875.....	4 per cent.....	40,012,750.....	37,270
Loan of 1925.....	Jan. 14, 1875.....	5 per cent.....	100,000,000.....	97,402,300
Ten-twentieths of 1898.....	June 13, 1898.....	4 per cent.....	162,315,400.....	162,315,400
		3 per cent.....	198,678,720.....	198,678,720
Aggregate of interest-bearing debt.....			1,797,450,370	1,037,049,690

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Funded loan of 1891, matured Sept. 2, 1891.....	\$107,300.00
Bonds issued at various dates prior to Jan. 1, 1861, and other items of debt matured at various dates subsequent to Jan. 1, 1861.....	1,102,520.26
Aggregate of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity.....	1,209,820.26
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads matured but not yet presented: Union Pacific, \$13,000; Central Pacific, \$33,000; Kansas Pacific, \$6,000; total.....	52,000.00

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

United States notes—Feb. 25, 1862; July 11, 1862; March 3, 1863.....	\$346,681,016.00
Old demand notes—July 17, 1861; Feb. 12, 1862.....	53,847.50
National-bank notes—Redemption account—July 14, 1890.....	34,433,538.00
Fractional currency—July 17, 1862; March 3, 1863; June 30, 1864, less \$3,375,364, estimated as lost or destroyed, act of June 21, 1879.....	6,880,558.66
Aggregate of debt bearing no interest.....	388,048,760.16

CERTIFICATES AND NOTES ISSUED ON DEPOSITS OF COIN AND LEGAL-TENDER NOTES AND PURCHASES OF SILVER BULLION.

CLASSIFICATION.	In the treasury.	In circulation.	Amount issued.
Gold certificates—March 3, 1863; July 12, 1882.....	\$23,967,917	\$150,908,202	\$174,896,119
Silver certificates—Feb. 28, 1873; Aug. 4, 1886; March 3, 1887.....	6,350,704	394,292,800	400,643,504
Certificates of deposit—June 8, 1872.....	90,000	13,605,000	13,695,000
Treasury notes of 1890—July 14, 1890.....	1,584,600	87,441,680	89,026,280
Aggregate of certificates and treasury notes offset by cash in the treasury.....	32,013,221	646,247,682	678,260,903

RECAPITULATION.

Classification.	Nov. 30, 1899.	Oct. 31, 1899.
Interest-bearing debt.....	\$1,037,049,690.00	\$1,046,049,020.00
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity.....	1,209,820.26	1,210,030.26
Debt bearing no interest.....	388,048,760.16	388,762,071.16
Aggregate of interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing debt.....	1,426,308,270.42	1,436,021,121.42
Certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury.....	678,260,903.00	656,664,903.00
Aggregate of debt, including certificates and treasury notes.....	2,104,569,173.42	2,092,686,024.42

CASH IN THE TREASURY DEC. 1, 1899.

Classification.	
Gold—Coin.....	\$248,843,301.03
Bars.....	141,809,806.33
Silver—Dollars.....	411,792,153.00
Subsidiary coin.....	3,187,333.90
Bars.....	81,749,335.50
	496,728,872.40

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.—CONTINUED.

Paper—United States notes.....	\$28,869,040.00	
Treasury notes of 1890.....	1,584,000.00	
Gold certificates.....	23,987,917.00	
Silver certificates.....	6,350,704.00	
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872.....	90,000.00	
National-bank notes.....	4,006,281.64	\$64,888,542.64
Other—Bonds, interest and coupons paid, awaiting reimbursement..	8,211,602.21	
Minor coin and fractional currency.....	436,663.57	
Deposits in national bank depositories—general account.....	75,707,945.93	
Disbursing officers' balances.....	6,501,654.77	90,857,666.48
Aggregate.....		1,043,128,238.88
<i>Demand Liabilities.</i>		
Gold certificates.....	174,896,119.00	
Silver certificates.....	400,643,504.00	
Certificates of deposit, act of June 8, 1872.....	13,695,000.00	
Treasury notes of 1890.....	89,026,280.00	678,260,903.00
Fund for redemption of uncurrent national-bank notes.....	9,506,472.72	
Outstanding checks and drafts.....	6,100,687.19	
Disbursing officers' balances.....	56,848,866.41	
Agency accounts, etc.....	6,194,899.63	78,650,945.95
Gold reserve.....	\$100,000,000.00	
Net cash balance.....	186,216,439.93	286,216,439.93
Aggregate.....		1,043,128,238.88

PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS.

NAME OF ROAD.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
Central Branch Union Pacific.....	\$1,600,000.00	\$2,154,531.15	\$3,754,531.15
St. Louis City and Pacific.....	1,628,320.00	2,583,256.96	4,211,576.96
Total.....	3,228,320.00	4,737,788.11	7,966,108.11

NOTE.—The government has been reimbursed for \$27,236,512 principal and \$31,211,711.75 interest, being the total indebtedness of the Union Pacific Railroad company to Nov. 1, 1897, and for the principal of the Kansas Pacific indebtedness, amounting to \$6,303,000.

The unpaid balance of the total indebtedness of the Central Pacific and Western Pacific railroad companies to the United States, under settlement agreement of Feb. 1, 1899, amounts to \$47,050,172.48 and accrued interest, less transportation earnings.

ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

JULY 1.	Debt on which interest has ceased.	Debt bearing no interest.	Outstanding principal.	Cash in the treasury.	Principal of debt less cash in treasury.	Population of the United States.	Debt per capita.	Interest per capita.
1868.....	\$1,197,340.89	\$408,401,782.61	\$2,611,687,851.19	\$130,834,437.96	\$2,480,853,413.23	36,973,000	\$67.10	\$3.48
1869.....	5,260,181.00	421,131,610.55	2,588,452,213.94	155,680,340.85	2,432,771,873.09	37,756,000	64.43	3.32
1870.....	3,708,641.00	430,508,064.42	2,490,672,427.81	149,502,471.60	2,341,169,956.21	38,558,371	60.46	3.08
1871.....	1,948,902.26	418,565,680.06	2,353,211,832.32	106,217,263.65	2,246,994,068.67	39,555,000	56.81	2.88
1872.....	7,926,797.26	430,500,431.52	2,253,251,328.78	103,470,798.43	2,149,780,530.35	40,595,000	52.96	2.56
1873.....	51,929,710.26	472,069,339.94	2,234,482,993.20	129,020,932.45	2,105,462,060.75	41,676,000	50.52	2.32
1874.....	3,216,590.26	509,543,128.17	2,251,690,468.43	147,541,314.74	2,104,149,153.69	42,795,000	49.17	2.31
1875.....	11,425,820.26	498,182,411.69	2,232,284,531.95	142,243,361.82	2,090,041,170.13	43,949,000	47.56	2.20
1876.....	3,902,420.26	465,807,196.89	2,180,395,067.15	119,469,726.70	2,060,925,340.45	45,135,000	45.66	2.11
1877.....	16,648,860.26	476,764,031.84	2,205,301,392.10	186,025,960.73	2,019,275,431.37	46,351,000	43.56	2.00
1878.....	5,594,500.26	455,875,682.27	2,256,205,892.53	256,823,612.08	1,999,382,280.45	47,595,000	42.01	1.96
1879.....	37,015,630.26	440,835,741.78	2,245,495,072.04	249,080,167.01	1,996,414,905.03	48,883,000	40.86	1.91
1880.....	7,621,455.26	388,900,815.87	2,120,415,370.63	201,088,622.88	1,919,326,747.75	50,155,783	38.27	1.59
1881.....	6,723,865.26	422,721,954.32	2,069,013,569.58	249,363,415.35	1,819,650,154.23	51,462,000	35.36	1.46
1882.....	16,200,805.26	438,241,768.71	1,918,312,994.03	243,289,519.78	1,675,023,474.25	52,739,000	31.72	1.06
1883.....	7,871,415.26	538,111,162.81	1,894,171,728.07	345,889,902.92	1,548,281,825.15	54,163,000	28.41	.96
1884.....	19,656,205.26	546,308,868.31	1,830,528,923.57	391,985,928.18	1,438,542,995.39	55,554,000	25.90	.87
1885.....	4,100,995.26	663,712,927.33	1,863,964,873.14	488,612,429.23	1,375,352,443.91	57,093,000	24.09	.84
1886.....	9,704,445.26	619,344,468.52	1,775,063,013.78	492,917,173.34	1,282,145,840.44	58,420,000	21.95	.75
1887.....	6,115,165.26	628,348,077.37	1,657,602,592.63	432,433,917.21	1,225,168,675.42	61,031,000	19.25	.71
1888.....	2,496,095.26	739,840,389.32	1,692,858,984.58	629,554,059.85	1,063,304,924.73	62,765,000	16.94	.65
1889.....	1,911,485.26	757,337,446.97	1,619,052,922.23	643,113,172.01	975,939,750.22	64,554,000	15.92	.69
1890.....	1,815,805.26	825,011,289.47	1,552,140,204.73	661,556,834.20	890,583,370.53	66,222,250	14.22	.47
1891.....	1,614,705.26	935,532,766.35	1,545,980,591.61	694,039,839.82	851,942,751.78	68,375,000	13.52	.47
1892.....	2,753,875.26	1,000,648,939.37	1,538,464,144.33	746,537,681.03	841,926,463.30	65,408,000	12.86	.35
1893.....	4,094,000.26	958,854,525.87	1,545,985,686.13	707,016,210.89	838,969,475.24	66,826,000	12.55	.34
1894.....	2,851,240.26	995,360,506.42	1,632,238,636.68	732,940,226.13	899,298,410.55	68,275,000	13.17	.37
1895.....	1,721,500.26	958,197,331.99	1,675,120,583.26	811,061,636.46	864,058,946.80	69,572,000	12.93	.44
1896.....	1,600,890.26	920,639,543.19	1,709,840,323.40	835,305,635.51	915,934,687.89	71,360,000	11.77	.49
1897.....	1,346,880.26	968,360,655.64	1,817,072,635.90	825,649,765.87	992,022,900.03	72,507,000	13.63	.47
1898.....	1,262,680.00	947,901,845.64	1,796,531,985.90	769,446,503.76	1,027,085,482.14	74,522,000	13.79	.46
1899.....	1,218,300.26	339,433,633.66	1,391,927,306.32	907,961,138.32	1,083,966,168.00	76,148,000	14.24	.59

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Delivered to the first session of the LVth congress Dec. 4, 1899.

To the Senate and House of Representatives: At the threshold of your deliberations you are called to mourn with your countrymen the death of Vice-President Hobart, who passed from this life the morning of Nov. 21 last. His great soul now rests in eternal peace. His private life was pure and elevated, while his public career was ever distinguished by large capacity, stainless integrity and exalted motives. He has been removed from the high office which he honored and dignified, but his lofty character, his devotion to duty, his honesty of purpose and noble virtues remain with us as a priceless legacy and example.

The LVth congress convenes in its first regular session with the country in a condition of unusual prosperity, of universal good will among the people at home and in relations of peace and friendship with every government of the world. Our foreign commerce has shown great increase in volume and value. The combined imports and exports for the year are the largest ever shown by a single year in all our history. Our exports for 1899 alone exceeded by more than a billion dollars our imports and exports combined in 1870. The imports per capita are 20 per cent less than in 1870, while the exports per capita are 58 per cent more than in 1870, showing the enlarged capacity of the United States to satisfy the wants of its own increasing population, as well as to contribute to those of the peoples of other nations.

Exports of agricultural products were \$784,776,142. Of manufactured products we exported in value \$339,592,146, being larger than any previous year. It is a noteworthy fact that the only years in all our history when the products of our manufactories sold abroad exceeded those bought abroad were 1898 and 1899.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

Government receipts from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, including \$11,798,314.14, part payment of the Central Pacific railroad indebtedness, aggregated \$610,982,004.35. Customs receipts were \$206,128,481.75, and those from internal revenue \$273,437,161.51.

For the fiscal year the expenditures were \$700,093,564.02, leaving a deficit of \$89,111,559.67.

The secretary of the treasury estimates that the receipts for the current fiscal year will aggregate \$640,958,112, and upon the basis of present appropriations the expenditures will aggregate \$600,958,112, leaving a surplus of \$40,000,000.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, the internal revenue receipts were increased about \$100,000,000.

The present gratifying strength of the treasury is shown by the fact that Dec. 1, 1899, the available cash balance was \$273,004,337.72, of which \$239,744,905.26 was in gold coin and bullion. The conditions of confidence which prevail throughout the country have brought gold into more general use and customs receipts are now almost entirely paid in that coin.

The strong condition of the treasury with respect to cash on hand and the favorable

showing made by the revenues have made it possible for the secretary of the treasury to take action under the provisions of section 3694, revised statutes, relating to the sinking fund. Receipts exceeded expenditures for the first five months of the current fiscal year by \$13,413,389.91, and, as mentioned above, the secretary of the treasury estimates that there will be a surplus of approximately \$40,000,000 at the end of the year. Under such conditions it was deemed advisable and proper to resume compliance with the provisions of the sinking fund law, which for eight years has not been done because of deficiencies in the revenues. The treasury department, therefore, offered to purchase during November \$25,000,000 of the 5 per cent loan of 1904, or the 4 per cent funded loan of 1907, at the current market price. The amount offered and purchased during November was \$13,408,600. The premium paid by the government on such purchases was \$2,263,521, and the net saving in interest was about \$2,885,000.

The success of this operation was sufficient to induce the government to continue the offer to purchase bonds to and including the 23d day of December, instant, unless the remainder of the \$25,000,000 called for should be presented meantime for redemption.

THE BANKING ACT.

Increased activity in industry, with its welcome attendant—a larger employment for labor at higher wages—gives to the body of the people a larger power to absorb the circulating medium. It is further true that year by year, with larger areas of land under cultivation, the increasing volume of agricultural products, cotton, corn and wheat calls for a larger volume of money supply. This is especially noticeable at the crop-harvesting and crop-moving period.

In its earlier history the national banking act seemed to prove a reasonable avenue through which needful additions to the circulation could from time to time be made. Changing conditions have apparently rendered it now inoperative to that end. The high margin in bond securities required, resulting from large premiums which government bonds command in the market, or the tax on note issues, or both operating together, appear to be the influences which impair its public utility.

The attention of congress is respectfully invited to this important matter with the view of ascertaining whether or not such reasonable modifications can be made in the national banking act as will render its service in the particulars here referred to more responsive to the people's needs. I again urge that national banks be authorized to organize with a capital of \$25,000.

A CURRENCY STANDARD.

I urgently recommend that to support the existing gold standard and to maintain "the parity in value of the coins of the two metals (gold and silver) and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the market and in the payment of debts," the secretary of the treasury be given additional power and charged with the duty to sell United States bonds and to employ such other effective means as may be necessary

to these ends. The authority should include the power to sell bonds on long and short time, as conditions may require, and should provide for a rate of interest lower than that fixed by the act of Jan. 14, 1875.

While there is now no commercial fright which withdraws gold from the government, but, on the contrary, such widespread confidence that gold seeks the treasury demanding paper money in exchange, yet the very situation points to the present as the most fitting time to make adequate provision to insure the continuance of the gold standard and of public confidence in the ability and purpose of the government to meet all its obligations in the money which the civilized world recognizes as the best. The financial transactions of the government are conducted upon a gold basis. We receive gold when we sell United States bonds and use gold for their payment. We are maintaining the parity of all the money issued or coined by authority of the government. We are doing these things with the means at hand.

Happily at the present time we are not compelled to resort to loans to supply gold. It has been done in the past, however, and may have to be done in the future. It behooves us, therefore, to provide at once the best means to meet the emergency when it arises, and the best means are those which are the most certain and economical. Those now authorized have the virtue neither of directness nor economy.

We have already eliminated one of the causes of our financial plight and embarrassment during the years 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896. Our receipts now equal our expenditures; deficient revenues no longer create alarm. Let us remove the only remaining cause by conferring the full and necessary power on the secretary of the treasury and impose upon him the duty to uphold the present gold standard and preserve the coins of the two metals on a parity with each other, which is the repeatedly declared policy of the United States.

In this connection I repeat my former recommendations that a portion of the gold holdings shall be placed in a trust fund from which greenbacks shall be redeemed upon presentation, but when once redeemed shall not thereafter be paid out except for gold.

OUR MERCHANT MARINE.

The value of an American merchant marine to the extension of our commercial trade and the strengthening of our power upon the sea invites the immediate action of congress. Our national development will be one-sided and unsatisfactory so long as the remarkable growth of our inland industries remains unaccompanied by progress on the seas. There is no lack of constitutional authority for legislation which shall give to the country maritime strength commensurate with its industrial achievements and with its rank among the nations of the earth.

The last year has recorded exceptional activity in our shipyards, and the promises of continual prosperity in shipbuilding are abundant. Advanced legislation for the protection of our seamen has been enacted. Our coast trade, under regulations wisely framed at the beginning of the government

and since, shows results for the last fiscal year unequalled in our records or those of any other power. We shall fail to realize our opportunities, however, if we complacently regard only matters at home and blind ourselves to the necessity of securing our share in the valuable carrying trade of the world.

Last year American vessels transported a smaller share of our exports and imports than during any former year in all our history and the measure of our dependence upon foreign shipping was painfully manifested to our people. Without any choice of our own, but from necessity, the departments of the government charged with military and naval operations in the East and West Indies had to obtain from foreign flags merchant vessels essential for those operations.

The other great nations have not hesitated to adopt the required means to develop their shipping as a factor in national defense and as one of the surest and speediest means of obtaining for their producers a share in foreign markets. Like vigilance and effort on our part cannot fail to improve our situation, which is regarded with humiliation at home and with surprise abroad. Even the seeming sacrifices which at the beginning may be involved will be offset later by more than equivalent gains.

The expense is as nothing compared to the advantage to be achieved. The reestablishment of our merchant marine involves in a large measure our continued industrial progress and the extension of our commercial triumphs. I am satisfied the judgment of the country favors the policy of aid to our merchant marine, which will broaden our commerce and markets and upbuild our sea-carrying capacity for the products of agriculture and manufacture, which, with the increase of our navy, means more work and wages to our countrymen as well as a safeguard to American interests in every part of the world.

REGULATION OF TRUSTS.

Combinations of capital organized into trusts to control the conditions of trade among our citizens, to stifle competition, limit production and determine the prices of products used and consumed by the people are justly provoking public discussion, and should early claim the attention of the congress. The industrial commission, created by the act of the congress of June 18, 1898, has been engaged in extended hearings upon the disputed questions involved in the subject of combinations in restraint of trade and competition. They have not yet completed their investigation of this subject, and the conclusions and recommendations at which they may arrive are undetermined.

The subject is one giving rise to many divergent views as to the nature and variety or cause and extent of the injuries to the public which may result from large combinations concentrating more or less numerous enterprises and establishments, which previously to the formation of the combination were carried on separately. It is universally conceded that combinations which engross or control the market of any particular kind of merchandise or commodity necessary to the general community by suppressing natural and ordinary competi-

tion, whereby prices are unduly enhanced to the general consumer, are obnoxious not only to the common law, but also to the public welfare.

There must be a remedy for the evils involved in such organizations. If the present law can be extended more certainly to control or check these monopolies or trusts, it should be done without delay. Whatever power the congress possesses over this most important subject should be promptly ascertained and asserted.

President Harrison in his annual message of Dec. 3, 1889, says:

"Earnest attention should be given by congress to a consideration of the question how far the restraint of those combinations of capital commonly called 'trusts' is matter of federal jurisdiction. When organized, as they often are, to crush out all healthy competition and to monopolize the production or sale of an article of commerce and general necessity, they are dangerous conspiracies against the public good, and should be made the subject of prohibitory and even penal legislation."

An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies was passed by congress the 2d of July, 1890. The provisions of this statute are comprehensive and stringent. It declares every contract or combination, in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in the restraint of trade or commerce among the several states or with foreign nations, to be unlawful. It denominates as a criminal every person who makes any such contract or engages in any such combination or conspiracy, and provides a punishment by fine or imprisonment. It invests the several Circuit courts of the United States with jurisdiction to prevent and restrain violations of the act, and makes it the duty of the several United States district attorneys, under the direction of the attorney-general, to institute proceedings in equity to prevent and restrain such violations. It further confers upon any person who may be injured in his business or property by any other person or corporation by reason of anything forbidden or declared to be unlawful by the act the power to sue therefor in any Circuit court of the United States, without respect to the amount in controversy, and to recover three-fold the damages by him sustained and the costs of the suit, including reasonable attorney fees. It will be perceived that the act is aimed at every kind of combination in the nature of a trust or monopoly in restraint of interstate or international commerce.

The prosecution by the United States of offenses under the act of 1890 has been frequently resorted to in the federal courts, and notable efforts in the restraint of interstate commerce, such as the Transmissouri Freight association and the Joint Traffic association, have been successfully opposed and suppressed.

President Cleveland, in his annual message of Dec. 7, 1896—more than six years subsequent to the enactment of this law—after stating the evils of these trust combinations, says:

"Though congress has attempted to deal with this matter by legislation, the laws passed for that purpose thus far have proved ineffective, not because of any lack of disposition or attempt to enforce them, but simply because the laws themselves as interpreted by the courts do not reach the

difficulty. If the insufficiencies of existing laws can be remedied by further legislation it should be done. The fact must be recognized, however, that all federal legislation on this subject may fall short of its purpose because of inherent obstacles, and also because of the complex character of our governmental system, which, while making the federal authority supreme within its sphere, has carefully limited that sphere by metes and bounds which cannot be transgressed.

"The decision of our highest court on this precise question renders it quite doubtful whether the evils of trusts and monopolies can be adequately treated through federal action, unless they seek directly and purposely to include in their objects transportation or intercourse between states or between the United States and foreign countries.

"It does not follow, however, that this is the limit of the remedy that may be applied. Even though it may be found that federal authority is not broad enough to fully reach the case, there can be no doubt of the power of the several states to act effectively in the premises, and there should be no reason to doubt their willingness to judiciously exercise such power."

The state legislation to which President Cleveland looked for relief from the evils of trusts has failed to accomplish fully that object. This is probably due to a great extent to the fact that the different states take different views as to the proper way to discriminate between evil and injurious combinations and those associations which are beneficial and necessary to the business prosperity of the country. The great diversity of treatment in different states arising from this cause and the intimate relations of all parts of the country to each other without regarding state lines in the conduct of business have made the enforcement of state laws difficult.

It is apparent that uniformity of legislation upon this subject in the several states is much to be desired. It is to be hoped that such uniformity, founded in a wise and just discrimination between what is injurious and what is useful and necessary in business operations, may be obtained and that means may be found for the congress within the limitations of its constitutional power so to supplement an effective code of state legislation as to make a complete system of laws throughout the United States adequate to compel a general observance of the salutary rules to which I have referred.

The whole question is so important and far-reaching that I am sure no part of it will be lightly considered, but every phase of it will have the studied deliberation of the congress, resulting in wise and judicious action.

ON FOREIGN RELATIONS.

A review of our relations with foreign states is presented with such recommendations as are deemed appropriate.

The long-pending boundary dispute between the Argentine Republic and Chile was settled in March last by the award of an arbitral commission, on which the United States minister at Buenos Ayres served as umpire.

Progress has been made toward the conclusion of a convention of extradition with the Argentine Republic. Having been ad-

vised and consented to by the United States senate and ratified by Argentina, it only awaits the adjustment of some slight changes in the text before exchange.

In my last annual message I adverted to the claim of the Austro-Hungarian government for indemnity for the killing of certain Austrian and Hungarian subjects by the authorities of the state of Pennsylvania, at Lattimer, while suppressing an unlawful tumult of miners, Sept. 10, 1897. In view of the verdict of acquittal rendered by the court before which the sheriff and his deputies were tried for murder, and following the established doctrine that the government may not be held accountable for injuries suffered by individuals at the hands of the public authorities while acting in the line of duty in suppressing disturbance of the public peace, this government, after due consideration of the claim advanced by the Austro-Hungarian government, was constrained to decline liability to indemnify the sufferers.

It is gratifying to be able to announce that the Belgian government has mitigated the restrictions on the importation of cattle from the United States, to which I referred in my last annual message.

Having been invited by Belgium to participate in a congress, held at Brussels, to revise the provisions of the general act of July 2, 1890, for the repression of the African slave trade, to which the United States was a signatory party, this government preferred not to be represented by a plenipotentiary, but reserved the right of accession to the result. Notable changes were made, those especially concerning this country being in the line of the increased restriction of the deleterious trade in spirituous liquors with the native tribes, which this government has from the outset urgently advocated. The amended general act will be laid before the senate with a view to its advice and consent.

SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

Early in the year the peace of Bolivia was disturbed by a successful insurrection. The United States minister remained at his post, attending to the American interests in that quarter and using besides his good offices for the protection of the interests of British subjects in the absence of their national representative. On the establishment of the new government our minister was directed to enter into relations therewith. Gen. Pando was elected president of Bolivia Oct. 23.

Our representative has been instructed to use all permissible friendly endeavors to induce the government of Bolivia to amend its marriage laws so as to give legal status to the noncatholic and civil marriages of aliens within its jurisdiction, and strong hopes are entertained that the Bolivian law in this regard will be brought, as was that of Peru some years ago, into harmony with the general practice of modern states.

A convention of extradition with Brazil, signed May 14, 1897, has been ratified by the Brazilian legislature.

During the last summer two national ships of the United States have visited Brazilian ports on a friendly mission and been cordially received. The voyage of the Wilmington up the Amazon river gave rise to a passing misunderstanding, owing to confusion in obtaining permission to visit the interior and make surveys in the gen-

eral interest of navigation, but the incident found a ready adjustment in harmony with the close relations of amity which this government has always sedulously sought to cultivate with the commonwealths of the western continent.

The claim growing out of the seizure of the American-owned newspaper, the Panama Star and Herald, by the authorities of Colombia has been settled, after a controversy of several years, by an agreement assessing at \$30,000 the indemnity, to be paid by the Colombian government in three installments of \$10,000 each.

The good will of Colombia toward our country has been testified anew by the cordial extension of facilities to the Nicaraguan canal commission in their approaching investigation of the Panama canal and other projected routes across the Isthmus of Darien.

Toward the end of October an insurrectionary disturbance developed in the Colombian republic. This movement has thus far not attained any decisive result and is still in progress.

Discussion of the questions raised by the action of Denmark in imposing restrictions on the importation of American meats has continued without substantial result in our favor.

The neighboring island republic of Santo Domingo has lately been the scene of revolution, following a long period of tranquillity. It began with the killing of President Heureaux in July last and culminated in the relinquishment by the succeeding vice-president of the reins of government to the insurgents. The first act of the provisional government was the calling of a presidential and constituent election. Juan Isidro Jimenes, having been elected president, was inaugurated the 14th of November. Relations have been entered into with the newly established government.

The experimental association of Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador, under the title of the Greater Republic of Central America, when apparently on the threshold of a complete federal organization by the adoption of a constitution and the formation of a national legislature, was disrupted in the last days of November, 1898, by the withdrawal of Salvador. Thereupon Nicaragua and Honduras abandoned the joint compact, each resuming its former independent sovereignty. This was followed by the reception of Minister Merry by the republics of Nicaragua and Salvador, while Minister Hunter in turn presented his credentials to the government of Honduras, thus reverting to the old distribution of the diplomatic agencies of the United States in Central America for which our existing statutes provide. A Nicaraguan envoy has been accredited to the United States.

An insurrectionary movement, under Gen. Reyes, broke out at Bluefields in February last, and for a time exercised actual control in the Mosquito territory. The Detroit was promptly sent thither for the protection of American interests. After a few weeks the Reyes government renounced the conflict, giving place to the restored supremacy of Nicaragua. During the interregnum certain public dues accruing under Nicaraguan law were collected from American merchants by the authorities for the time being in effective administrative control. Upon the titular government re-

gaining power a second payment of these dues was demanded. Controversy arose touching the validity of the original payment of the debt to the de facto regent of the territory. An arrangement was effected in April last by the United States minister and the foreign secretary of Nicaragua whereby the amounts of the duplicate payments were deposited with the British consul pending an adjustment of the matter by direct agreement between the governments of the United States and Nicaragua. The controversy is still unsettled.

THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

The contract of the Maritime Canal company of Nicaragua was declared forfeited by the Nicaraguan government the 10th of October on the ground of nonfulfillment within the ten years' term stipulated in the contract. The Maritime Canal company has lodged a protest against this action, alleging rights in the premises which appear worthy of consideration. This government expects that Nicaragua will afford the protestants a full and fair hearing upon the merits of the case.

The Nicaraguan canal commission, which had been engaged upon the work of examination and survey for a ship canal route across Nicaragua, having completed its labors and made its report, was dissolved May 31, and June 10 a new commission, known as the isthmian canal commission, was organized under the terms of the act approved March 3, 1899, for the purpose of examining the American isthmus with a view to determining the most practicable and feasible route for a ship canal across that isthmus, with its probable cost and other essential details.

This commission, under the presidency of Rear-Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N. (retired), entered promptly upon the work intrusted to it, and is now carrying on examinations in Nicaragua along the route of the Panama canal, and in Darien from the Atlantic, in the neighborhood of the Atrato river, to the Bay of Panama, on the Pacific side. Good progress has been made, but under the law a comprehensive and complete investigation is called for, which will require much labor and considerable time for its accomplishment. The work will be prosecuted as expeditiously as possible and a report made at the earliest practicable date.

The great importance of this work cannot be too often or too strongly pressed upon the attention of the congress. In my message of a year ago I expressed my views of the necessity of a canal which would link the two great oceans, to which I again invite your consideration. The reasons then presented for early action are even stronger now.

A pleasing incident in the relations of this government with that of Chile occurred in the generous assistance given to the warship Newark when in distress in Chilean waters. Not alone in this way has the friendly disposition of Chile found expression. That country has acceded to the convention for the establishment of the bureau of the American republics, in which organization every independent state of the continent now shares.

The exchange of ratifications of a convention for the revival of the United States and Chilean claims commission and for the adjudication of claims heretofore presented

but not determined during the life of the previous commission has been delayed by reason of the necessity for fresh action by the Chilean senate upon the amendments attached to the ratification of the treaty by the United States senate. This formality is soon to be accomplished.

DISTURBANCES IN CHINA.

In view of disturbances in the populous provinces of northern China where are many of our citizens, and of the imminence of disorder near the capital and toward the seaboard, a guard of marines was landed from the Boston and stationed during last winter in the legation compound at Peking. With the restoration of order this protection was withdrawn.

The interests of our citizens in that vast empire have not been neglected during the last year. Adequate protection has been secured for our missionaries and some injuries to their property have been redressed.

American capital has sought and found various opportunities of competing to carry out the internal improvements which the imperial government is wisely encouraging, and to develop the natural resources of the empire. Our trade with China has continued to grow, and our commercial rights under existing treaties have been everywhere maintained during the last year, as they will be in the future.

The extension of the area open to international foreign settlement at Shanghai and the opening of the ports of Nanking, Tsing-Tao (Kiao Chao) and Ta-Lien-Wan to foreign trade and settlement will doubtless afford American enterprise additional facilities and new fields, of which it will not be slow to take advantage.

In my message to congress of Dec. 5, 1898, I urged that the recommendation which had been made to the speaker of the house of representatives by the secretary of the treasury the 14th of June, 1898, for an appropriation for a commission to study the commercial and industrial conditions in the Chinese empire and report as to the opportunities for and obstacles to the enlargement of markets in China for the raw products and manufactures of the United States, should receive at your hands the consideration which its importance and timeliness merited, but the congress failed to take action. I now renew this recommendation, as the importance of the subject has steadily grown since it was first submitted to you; and no time should be lost in studying for ourselves the resources of this great field for American trade and enterprise.

PARIS EXPOSITION PLANS.

The death of President Faure in February last called forth those sincere expressions of sympathy which befit the relations of two republics as closely allied by unbroken historic ties as are the United States and France.

Preparations for the representation of the industries, arts and products of the United States at the world's exposition to be held in Paris next year continue on an elaborate and comprehensive scale, thanks to the generous appropriation provided by congress and to the friendly interest the French government has shown in furthering a typical exhibit of American progress. There has been allotted to the United States a con-

siderable addition of space, which, while placing our country in the first rank among exhibitors, does not suffice to meet the increasingly urgent demands of our manufacturers. The efforts of the commissioner-general are ably directed toward a strictly representative display of all that most characteristically marks American achievement in the inventive arts, and most adequately shows the excellence of our natural productions.

In this age of keen rivalry among nations for mastery in commerce the doctrine of evolution and the rule of the survival of the fittest must be as inexorable in their operation as they are positive in the results they bring about. The place won in the struggle by an industrial people can only be held by unrelaxed endeavor and constant advance in achievement. The present extraordinary impetus in every line of American exportation and the astounding increase in the volume and value of our share in the world's markets may not be attributed to accidental conditions.

The reasons are not far to seek. They lie deep in our national character and find expression year by year in every branch of handicraft, in every new device whereby the materials we so abundantly produce are subdued to the artisan's will and made to yield the largest, most practical and most beneficial return.

The American exhibit at Paris should, and I am confident will, be an open volume, while lessons of skillfully directed endeavor, unflinching energy and consummate performance may be read by all on every page, thus spreading abroad a clearer knowledge of the worth of our productions and the justice of our claim to an important place in the marts of the world. To accomplish this by judicious selection, by recognition of paramount merit in whatever walk of trade and manufacture it may appear and by orderly classification and attractive installation is the task of our commission.

The United States government building is approaching completion, and no effort will be spared to make it worthy, in beauty of architectural plan and in completeness of display, to represent our nation. It has been suggested that a permanent building of similar or appropriate design be erected on a convenient site, already given by the municipality, near the exposition grounds, to serve in commemoration of the part taken by this country in this great enterprise as an American national institute for our countrymen resorting to Paris for study.

I am informed by our commissioner-general that we shall have in the American sections at Paris over 7,000 exhibitors, from every state in our country, a number ten times as great as those which were represented at Vienna in 1873, six times as many as those in Paris in 1873 and four times as many as those who exhibited in Paris in 1889. This statement does not include the exhibits from either Cuba, Puerto Rico or Hawaii, for which arrangements have been made.

A number of important international congresses on special topics affecting public interests are proposed to be held in Paris next summer in connection with the exposition. Effort will be made to have the several technical branches of our administration efficiently represented at these conferences, each in its special line, and to

procure the largest possible concourse of state representatives, particularly at the congresses of public charity and of medicine.

GERMANY AND BRITAIN.

Our relations with Germany continue to be most cordial. The increasing intimacy of direct association has been marked during the year by the granting permission in April for the landing on our shores of a cable from Borkum Emden, on the North sea, by way of the Azores, and also by the conclusion Sept. 2 of a parcels-post convention with the German empire. In all that promises closer relations of intercourse and commerce, and a better understanding between two races having so many traits in common, Germany can be assured of the most cordial co-operation of this government and people. We may be rivals in many material paths, but our rivalry should be generous and open, ever aiming toward the attainment of larger results and the mutually beneficial advancement of each in the line of its especial adaptability.

The several governments of the empire seem reluctant to admit the natural excellence of our food products and to accept the evidence we constantly tender of the care with which their purity is guarded by rigid inspection from the farm, through the slaughter house and the packing establishments, to the port of shipment. Our system of control over exported food staples invites examination from any quarter and challenges respect by its efficient thoroughness.

It is to be hoped that in time the two governments will act in common accord toward the realization of their common purpose to safeguard the public health and to the insuring of the purity and wholesomeness of all food products imported by either country from the other. Were the congress to authorize an invitation to Germany, in connection with the pending reciprocity negotiations, for the constitution of a joint commission of scientific experts and practical men of affairs to conduct a searching investigation of food production and exportation in both countries, and report to their respective legislatures for the adoption of such remedial measures as they might recommend for either, the way might be opened for the desirable result indicated.

Efforts to obtain for American life insurance companies a full hearing as to their business operations in Prussia have, after several years of patient representation, happily succeeded, and one of the most important American companies has been granted a concession to continue business in that kingdom.

I am also glad to announce that the German insurance companies have been readmitted by the superintendent of insurance to do business in the state of New York.

Subsequent to the exchange of our peace treaty with Spain Germany acquired the Caroline Islands by purchase, paying therefor \$5,000,000. Assurances have been received from the German government that the rights of American missionaries and traders there will be considerably observed.

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN COMMISSION.

In my last annual message I referred to the pending negotiations with Great Britain in respect to the Dominion of Canada. By

means of an executive agreement a joint high commission has been created for the purpose of adjusting all unsettled questions between the United States and Canada, embracing twelve subjects, among which were the questions of fur seals, the fisheries of the coast and contiguous inland waters, the Alaskan boundary, the transit of merchandise in bond, the alien labor laws, mining rights, reciprocity in trade, revision of the agreement respecting naval vessels in the great lakes, a more complete marking of parts of the boundary, provision for the conveyance of criminals and for wrecking and salvage.

Much progress has been made by the commission toward the adjustment of many of these questions where it became apparent that an irreconcilable difference of views was entertained respecting the delimitation of the Alaskan boundary. In the failure of an agreement as to the meaning of articles 3 and 4 of the treaty of 1825 between Russia and Great Britain, which defined the boundary between Alaska and Canada, the American commissioners proposed that the subject of the boundary be laid aside and that the remaining questions of difference be proceeded with, some of which were so far advanced as to assure the probability of a settlement. This being declined by the British commissioners, an adjournment was taken until the boundary should be adjusted by the two governments. The subject has been receiving the careful attention which its importance demands, with the result that a *modus vivendi* for provisional demarcations in the region about the head of Lynn canal has been agreed upon; and it is hoped that the negotiations now in progress between the two governments will end in an agreement for the establishment and delimitation of a permanent boundary.

POSITION IN BOER WAR.

Apart from these questions growing out of our relationship with our northern neighbor, the most friendly disposition and ready agreement have marked the discussion of numerous matters arising in the vast and intimate intercourse of the United States with Great Britain.

This government has maintained an attitude of neutrality in the unfortunate contest between Great Britain and the Boer states of Africa. We have remained faithful to the precept of avoiding entangling alliances as to affairs not of our direct concern. Had circumstances suggested that the parties to the quarrel would have welcomed any kindly expression of the hope of the American people that war might be averted good offices would have been gladly tendered. The United States representative at Pretoria was early instructed to see that all neutral American interests be respected by the combatants. This has been an easy task, in view of the positive declarations of both British and Boer authorities that the personal and property rights of our citizens should be observed.

Upon the withdrawal of the British agent from Pretoria the United States consul was authorized, upon the request of the British government and with the assent of the South African and Orange Free State governments, to exercise the customary good offices of a neutral for the care of British interests. In the discharge of this

function I am happy to say that abundant opportunity has been afforded to show the impartiality of this government toward both the combatants.

THE PROTECTION OF ALIENS.

For the fourth time in the present decade question has arisen with the government of Italy in regard to the lynching of Italian subjects. The latest of these deplorable events occurred at Tallulah, La., whereby five unfortunates of Italian origin were taken from jail and hanged. The authorities of the state and a representative of the Italian embassy having separately investigated the occurrence, with discrepant results, particularly as to the alleged citizenship of the victims, and it not appearing that the state had been able to discover and punish the violators of the law, an independent investigation has been set on foot, through the agency of the department of state, and is still in progress. The result will enable the executive to treat the question with the government of Italy in a spirit of fairness and justice. A satisfactory solution will doubtless be reached.

The recurrence of these distressing manifestations of blind mob fury directed at dependents or natives of a foreign country suggests that the contingency has arisen for action by congress in the direction of conferring upon the federal courts jurisdiction in this class of international cases where the ultimate responsibility of the federal government may be involved. The suggestion is not new. In his annual message of Dec. 9, 1891, my predecessor, President Harrison, said:

"It would, I believe, be entirely competent for congress to make offenses against the treaty rights of foreigners domiciled in the United States cognizable in the federal courts. This has not, however, been done, and the federal officers and courts have no power in such cases to intervene either for the protection of a foreign citizen or for the punishment of his slayers. It seems to me to follow, in this state of the law, that the officers of the state charged with police and judicial powers in such cases must, in the consideration of international questions growing out of such incidents, be regarded in such sense as federal agents as to make this government answerable for their acts in cases where it might be answerable if the United States had used its constitutional power to define and punish crimes against treaty rights."

A bill to provide for the punishment of violations of treaty rights of aliens was introduced in the senate March 1, 1892, and reported favorably March 30. Having doubtless in view the language of that part of article 3 of the treaty of Feb. 26, 1871, between the United States and Italy, which stipulates that "the citizens of each of the high contracting parties shall receive, in the states and territories of the other, most constant protection and security for their persons and property, and shall enjoy in this respect the same rights and privileges as are or shall be granted to the natives, on their submitting themselves to the conditions imposed upon the natives," the bill so introduced and reported provided that any act committed in any state or territory of the United States

in violation of the rights of a citizen or subject of a foreign country secured to such citizen or subject by treaty between the United States and such foreign country and constituting a crime under the laws of the state or territory, shall constitute a like crime against the United States and be cognizable in the federal courts. No action was taken by congress in the matter.

I earnestly recommend that the subject be taken up anew and acted upon during the present session. The necessity for some such provision abundantly appears. Precedent for constituting a federal jurisdiction in criminal cases where aliens are sufferers is rationally deducible from the existing statute, which gives to the district and circuit courts of the United States jurisdiction of civil suits brought by aliens where the amount involved exceeds a certain sum. If such jealous solicitude be shown for alien rights in cases of merely civil and pecuniary import, how much greater should be the public duty to take cognizance of matters affecting the life and the rights of aliens under the settled principles of international law, no less than under treaty stipulation, in cases of such transcendent wrongdoing as mob murder, especially when experience has shown that local justice is too often helpless to punish the offenders.

After many years of endeavor on the part of this government to that end the Italian government has consented to enter into negotiations for a naturalization convention, having for one of its objects the regulation of the status of Italians (except those of an age for active military service) who, having been naturalized in the United States, may revisit Italy. It is hoped that with the mutually conciliatory spirit displayed a successful conclusion will be reached.

COMMERCIAL TREATIES.

The treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States and Japan Nov. 22, 1894, took effect in accordance with the terms of its nineteenth article the 17th of July last, simultaneously with the enforcement of like treaties with the other powers, except France, whose convention did not go into operation until Aug. 4, the United States being, however, granted up to that date all the privileges and rights accorded to French citizens under the old French treaty. By this notable conventional reform Japan's position as a fully independent sovereign power is assured, control being gained of taxation, customs revenues, judicial administration, coasting trade and all other domestic functions of government and foreign extraterritorial rights being renounced.

Comprehensive codes of civil and criminal procedure according to western methods, public instruction, patents and copyrights, municipal administration, including jurisdiction over the former foreign settlements, customs tariffs and procedure, public health and other administrative measures have been proclaimed.

The working of the new system has given rise to no material complaints on the part of the American citizens or interests, a circumstance which attests the ripe consideration with which the change has been prepared.

Valuable assistance was rendered by the Japanese authorities to the United States transport ship Morgan City while stranded at Kobe. Permission has been granted to land and pasture army horses at Japanese ports of call on the way to the Philippine islands. These kindly evidences of good will are highly appreciated.

A PACIFIC CABLE LINE.

The Japanese government has shown a lively interest in the proposition of the Pacific Cable company to add to its pre-jected cable lines to Hawaii, Guam and the Philippines a branch connection with the coast of Japan. It would be a gratifying consummation were the utility of the contemplated scheme enhanced by bringing Japan and the United States into direct telegraphic relation.

Without repeating the observations of my special message of Feb. 10, 1899, concerning the necessity of a cable to Manila, I respectfully invite attention to it. I recommend that, in case the congress should not take measures to bring about this result by direct action of the government, the postmaster-general be authorized to invite competitive bids for the establishment of a cable, the company making the best reasonable bid to be awarded the contract, the successful company to give ample bonds to insure the completion of the work within a reasonable time.

AFFAIRS WITH MEXICO.

The year has been marked by constant increase in the intimacy of our relations with Mexico and in the magnitude of mutually advantageous interchanges. This government has omitted no opportunity to show its strong desire to develop and perpetuate the ties of cordiality now so long happily unbroken.

Following the termination Jan. 20, 1899, by Mexico of the convention of extradition of Dec. 11, 1861, a new treaty more in accordance with the ascertained needs of both countries was signed Feb. 22, 1899, and exchanged in the City of Mexico the 22d of April last. Its operation thus far has been effective and satisfactory. A recent case has served to test the application of its fourth article, which provides that neither party shall be bound to deliver up its own citizens, but that the executive authority of each shall have the power to deliver them up if in its discretion it be deemed proper to do so.

The extradition of Mrs. Mattie Rich, a citizen of the United States, charged with homicide, committed in Mexico, was, after mature consideration, directed by me in the conviction that the ends of justice would be thereby subserved. Similar action, on appropriate occasion, by the Mexican executive, will not only tend to accomplish the desire of both governments that grave crimes go not unpunished, but also to repress lawlessness along the border of the two countries.

The new treaty stipulates that neither government shall assume jurisdiction in the punishment of crimes committed exclusively within the territory of the other. This will obviate in future the embarrassing controversies which have heretofore arisen through Mexico's assertion of a claim to try and punish an American citi-

zen for an offense committed within the jurisdiction of the United States.

The international water boundary commission, organized by the convention of March 1, 1889, for the adjustment of questions affecting the Rio Grande frontier, has not yet completed its labors. A further extension of its term for one year, until Dec. 24, 1899, was effected by a convention signed Dec. 2, 1898, and exchanged and proclaimed in February last.

An invitation, extended to the president of Mexico to visit Chicago in October, on the occasion of laying the corner-stone of the United States government building in that city, was cordially accepted by him, with the necessary consent of the Mexican congress, but the illness of a member of his family prevented his attendance. The minister of foreign relations, however, came as the personal representative of President Diaz, and in that high character was duly honored.

BERING SEA CLAIMS.

Claims growing out of the seizure of American sealing vessels in Bering sea have been under discussion with the government of Russia for several years, with the recent happy result of an agreement to submit them to the decision of a single arbitrator. By this act Russia affords proof of her adherence to the beneficent principle of arbitration which her plenipotentiaries conspicuously favored at The Hague disarmament conference when it was advocated by the representatives of the United States.

A suggestion for a permanent exposition of our products and manufactures in Russia, although not yet fully shaped, has been so cordially welcomed by the imperial government that it may not inaptly take a fitting place in whatever legislation the congress may adopt looking to enlargement of our commercial opportunities abroad.

THE PARTITION OF SAMOA.

Important events have occurred in the Samoan islands. The election, according to the laws and customs of Samoa, of a successor to the late king, Malietoa Laupepa, developed a contest as to the validity of the result, which issue, by the terms of the general act, was to be decided by the chief justice. Upon his rendering a judgment in favor of Malietoa Tanu, the rival chief, Mataafa, took up arms. The active intervention of American and British warships became imperative to restore order, at the cost of sanguinary encounters. In this emergency a joint commission of representatives of the United States, Germany and Great Britain was sent to Samoa to investigate the situation and provide a temporary remedy. By its active efforts a peaceful solution was reached for the time being, the kingship being abolished and a provisional government established.

Recommendations unanimously made by the commission for a permanent adjustment of the Samoan question were taken under consideration by the three powers parties to the general act. But the more they were examined the more evident it became that a radical change was necessary in the relations of the powers to Samoa.

The inconveniences and possible perils of

the tripartite scheme of supervision and control in the Samoan group by powers having little interest in common in that quarter beyond commercial rivalry has been once more emphasized by the recent events. The suggested remedy of the joint commission, like the scheme it aimed to replace, amounted to what has been styled a tridominium, being the exercise of the functions of sovereignty by a unanimous agreement of three powers. The situation had become far more intricate and embarrassing from every point of view than it was when my predecessor, in 1894, summed up its perplexities and condemned the participation in it of the United States.

The arrangement under which Samoa was administered had proved impracticable and unacceptable to all the powers concerned. To withdraw from the agreement and abandon the islands to Germany and Great Britain would not be compatible with our interests in the archipelago. To relinquish our rights in the harbor of Pago Pago, the best anchorage in the Pacific, the occupancy of which had been leased to the United States in 1873 by the first foreign treaty ever concluded by Samoa, was not to be thought of either as regards the needs of our navy or the interests of our growing commerce with the east. We could not have considered any proposition for the abrogation of the tripartite control which did not confirm us in all our rights and safeguard all our national interests in the islands.

Our views commended themselves to the other powers. A satisfactory arrangement was concluded between the governments of Germany and England, by virtue of which England retired from Samoa in view of compensations in other directions, and both powers renounced in favor of the United States all their rights and claims over and in respect to that portion of the group lying to the east of the 171st degree of west longitude, embracing the islands of Tutuila, Ofu, Olosenga and Manua.

I transmit to the senate, for its constitutional action thereon, a convention, which, besides the provisions above mentioned, also guarantees us the same privileges and conditions in respect to commerce and commercial vessels in all of the islands of Samoa as those possessed by Germany.

Claims have been preferred by white residents of Samoa on account of injuries alleged to have been suffered through the acts of the treaty governments in putting down the late disturbances. A convention has been made between the three powers for the investigation and settlement of these claims by a neutral arbitrator, to which the attention of the senate will be invited.

THE FUTURE OF CUBA.

My annual message of last year was necessarily devoted in great part to a consideration of the Spanish war and of the results it wrought and the conditions it imposed for the future. I am gratified to announce that the treaty of peace has restored friendly relations between the two powers. Effect has been given to its most important provisions. The evacuation of Puerto Rico having already been accomplished the 18th of October, 1898, nothing remained necessary there but to continue

the provisional military control of the island until the congress should enact a suitable government for the ceded territory. Of the character and scope of the measures to that end I shall treat in another part of this message.

The withdrawal of the authority of Spain from the island of Cuba was effected by the 1st of January, so that the full re-establishment of peace found the relinquished territory held by us in trust for the inhabitants, maintaining, under the direction of the executive, such government and control therein as should conserve public order, restore the productive conditions of peace, so long disturbed by the instability and disorder which prevailed for the greater part of the preceding three decades, and build up that tranquil development of the domestic state whereby alone can be realized the high purpose, as proclaimed in the joint resolution adopted by the congress the 19th of April, 1898, by which the United States disclaimed any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over Cuba, except for the pacification thereof, and asserted its determination when that was accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people. The pledge contained in this resolution is of the highest honorable obligation and must be sacredly kept.

I believe that substantial progress has been made in this direction. All the administrative measures adopted in Cuba have aimed to fit it for a regenerated existence by enforcing the supremacy of law and justice, by placing wherever practicable the machinery of administration in the hands of the inhabitants, by instituting needed sanitary reforms, by spreading education, by fostering industry and trade, by inculcating public morality, and, in short, by taking every rational step to aid the Cuban people to attain to that plane of self-conscious respect and self-reliant unity which fits an enlightened community for self-government within its own sphere while enabling it to fulfill all outward obligations.

This nation has assumed before the world a grave responsibility for the future good government of Cuba. We have accepted a trust the fulfillment of which calls for the sternest integrity of purpose and the exercise of the highest wisdom. The new Cuba yet to arise from the ashes of the past must needs be bound to us by ties of singular intimacy and strength if its enduring welfare is to be assured. Whether those ties shall be organic or conventional, the destinies of Cuba are in some rightful form and manner irrevocably linked with our own, but how and how far is for the future to determine in the ripeness of events. Whatever be the outcome, we must see to it that free Cuba be a reality, not a name; a perfect entity, not a hasty experiment bearing within itself the elements of failure.

Our mission, to accomplish which we took up the wage of battle, is not to be fulfilled by turning adrift any loosely framed commonwealth to face the vicissitudes which too often attend weaker states whose natural wealth and abundant resources are offset by the incongruities of their political organization and the recur-

ring occasion for internal rivalries to sap their strength and dissipate their energies. The greatest blessing which can come to Cuba is the restoration of her agricultural and industrial prosperity, which will give employment to idle men and re-establish the pursuits of peace. This is her chief and immediate need.

The 19th of August last an order was made for the taking of the census in the island, to be completed the 30th of November. By the treaty of peace the Spanish people on the island have until April 11, 1900, to elect whether they will remain citizens of Spain or become citizens of Cuba. Until then it cannot be definitely ascertained who shall be entitled to participate in the formation of the government of Cuba. By that time the results of the census will have been tabulated and we shall proceed to provide for elections which will commit the municipal governments of the island to the officers elected by the people. The experience thus acquired will prove of great value in the formation of a representative convention of the people to draft a constitution and establish a general system of independent government for the island.

Meantime, and so long as we exercise control over the island, the products of Cuba should have a market in the United States on as good terms and with as favorable rates of duty as are given to the West India islands under treaties of reciprocity which shall be made.

For the relief of the distressed in the island of Cuba the war department has issued supplies to destitute persons through the officers of the army, which have amounted to 5,493,000 rations, at a cost of \$1,417,554.

To promote the disarmament of the Cuban volunteer army, and in the interest of public peace and the welfare of the people, the sum of \$75 was paid to each Cuban soldier borne upon the authenticated rolls, on condition that he should deposit his arms with the authorities designated by the United States. The sum thus disbursed aggregated \$2,547,750, which was paid from the emergency fund provided by the act of Jan. 5, 1899, for that purpose.

Out of the Cuban island revenues during the six months ended June 30, 1899, \$1,712,014.20 was expended for sanitation, \$293,881.70 for charities and hospitals and \$88,944.03 for aid to the destitute.

RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

Following the exchange of ratifications of the treaty of peace the two governments accredited ministers to each other, Spain sending to Washington the duke of Arcos, an eminent diplomatist, previously stationed in Mexico, while the United States transferred to Madrid Bellamy Storer, its minister at Brussels. This was followed by the respective appointment of consuls, thereby fully resuming the relations interrupted by the war. In addition to its consular representation in the United States, the Spanish government has appointed consuls for Cuba, who have been provisionally recognized during the military administration of the affairs of that island.

Judicial intercourse between the courts of Cuba and Puerto Rico and of Spain has been established, as provided by the treaty

of peace. The Cuban political prisoners in Spanish penal stations have been and are being released and returned to their homes in accordance with article 6 of the treaty. Negotiations are about to be had for defining the conventional relations between the two countries, which fell into abeyance by reason of the war. I trust that these will include a favorable arrangement for commercial reciprocity under the terms of sections 3 and 4 of the current tariff act. In these, as in all matters of international concern, no effort will be spared to respond to the good disposition of Spain, and to cultivate in all practicable ways the intimacy which should prevail between two nations whose past history has so often and in so many ways been marked by sincere friendship and by community of interests.

I would recommend appropriate legislation in order to carry into execution article 7 of the treaty of peace with Spain, by which the United States assured the payment of certain claims for indemnity of its citizens against Spain.

CLAIMS AGAINST TURKEY.

The United States minister to Turkey continues, under instructions, to press for a money payment in satisfaction of the just claims for injuries suffered by American citizens in the disorders of several years past and for wrongs done to them by the Ottoman authorities. Some of these claims are of many years' standing. This government is hopeful of a general agreement in this regard.

In the Turkish empire the situation of our citizens remains unsatisfactory. Our efforts during nearly forty years to bring about a convention of naturalization seem to be on the brink of final failure through the announced policy of the Ottoman porte to refuse recognition of the alien status of native Turkish subjects naturalized abroad since 1867. Our statutes do not allow this government to admit any distinction between the treatment of native and naturalized Americans abroad, so that ceaseless controversy arises in cases where persons owing in the eye of international law a dual allegiance are prevented from entering Turkey or are expelled after entrance. Our law in this regard contrasts with that of the European states. The British act, for instance, does not claim effect for the naturalization of an alien in the event of his return to his native country, unless the change be recognized by the law of that country or stipulated by treaty between it and the naturalizing state.

The arbitrary treatment, in some instances, of American productions in Turkey has attracted attention of late, notably in regard to our flour. Large shipments by the recently opened direct steamship line to Turkish ports have been denied entrance on the score that, although of standard composition and unquestioned purity, the flour was pernicious to health because of deficient "elasticity," as indicated by antiquated and untrustworthy tests. Upon due protest by the American minister, and it appearing that the act was a virtual discrimination against our product, the shipments in question were admitted. In these, as in all instances, wherever occurring, when American products may be subjected in a foreign country, upon specious pretenses, to discrimination compared with the like

products of another country, this government will use its earnest efforts to secure fair and equal treatment for its citizens and their goods. Failing this, it will not hesitate to apply whatever corrective may be provided by the statutes.

The international commission of arbitration, appointed under the Anglo-Venezuelan treaty of 1897, rendered an award, Oct. 3 last, whereby the boundary line between Venezuela and British Guiana is determined, thus ending a controversy which has existed for the greater part of the century. The award, as to which the arbitrators were unanimous, while not meeting the extreme contention of either party, gives to Great Britain a large share of the interior territory in dispute and to Venezuela the entire mouth of the Orinoco, including Barima Point and the Caribbean littoral for some distance to the eastward. The decision appears to be equally satisfactory to both parties.

REVOLT IN VENEZUELA.

Venezuela has once more undergone a revolution. The insurgents under Gen. Castro, after a sanguinary engagement in which they suffered much loss, rallied in the mountainous interior and advanced toward the capital. The bulk of the army having sided with the movement, President Andrade quitted Caracas, where Gen. Castro set up a provisional government, with which our minister and the representatives of other powers entered into diplomatic relations the 20th of November, 1899.

The fourth section of the tariff act, approved July 24, 1897, appears to provide only for commercial treaties which should be entered into by the president and also ratified by the senate within two years from its passage. Owing to delays inevitable in negotiations of this nature, none of the treaties initiated under that section could be concluded in time for ratification by the senate prior to its adjournment the 4th of March last. Some of the pending negotiations, however, were near conclusion at that time, and the resulting conventions have since been signed by the plenipotentiaries. Others, within both the third and fourth sections of the act, are still under consideration. Acting under the constitutional power of the executive in respect to treaties, I have deemed it my duty, while observing the limitations of concessions provided by the fourth section, to bring to a conclusion all pending negotiations and submit them to the senate for its advice and consent.

CONVENTIONS OF RECIPROCITY.

Conventions of reciprocity have been signed during the congressional recess with Great Britain for the respective colonies of British Guiana, Barbadoes, Bermuda, Jamaica and Turks and Caicos islands, and with the republic of Nicaragua.

Important reciprocal conventions have also been concluded with France and with the Argentine Republic.

In my last annual message the progress noted in the work of the diplomatic and consular officers in collecting information as to the industries and commerce of other countries, and in the care and promptitude with which their reports are printed and distributed, has continued during the last year, with increasingly valuable results in suggesting new sources of demand for

American products and in pointing out the obstacles still to be overcome in facilitating the remarkable expansion of our foreign trade. It will doubtless be gratifying to congress to learn that the various agencies of the department of state are co-operating in these endeavors with a zeal and effectiveness which are not only receiving the cordial recognition of our business interests but are exciting the emulation of other governments.

In any rearrangement of the great and complicated work of obtaining official data of an economic character which congress may undertake it is most important, in my judgment, that the results already secured by the efforts of the department of state should be carefully considered with a view to a judicious development and increased utility to our export trade.

The interest taken by the various states forming the International Union of American Republics in the work of its organic bureau is evidenced by the fact that for the first time since its creation in 1890 all the republics of South and Central America are now represented in it.

The unanimous recommendation of the international American conference, providing for the International Union of American Republics, stated that it should continue in force during a term of ten years from the date of its organization, and no country becoming a member of the union should cease to be a member until the end of said period of ten years; and unless twelve months before the expiration of said period a majority of the members of the union had given to the secretary of state of the United States official notice of their wish to terminate the union at the end of its first period, that the union should continue to be maintained for another period of ten years, and thereafter, under the same conditions, for successive periods of ten years each.

The period of notification expired July 14, 1899, without any of the members having given the necessary notice of withdrawal. Its maintenance is therefore assured for the next ten years. In view of this fact, and of the numerous questions of general interest and common benefit to all of the republics of America, some of which were considered by the first international American conference, but not finally settled, and others which have since then grown to importance, it would seem expedient that the various republics constituting the union should be invited to hold at an early date another conference in the capital of one of the countries other than the United States, which has already enjoyed this honor.

The purely international character of the work being done by the bureau and the appreciation of its value are further emphasized by the active co-operation which the various governments of the Latin-American republics and their diplomatic representatives in this capital are now exhibiting, and the zealous endeavors they are making to extend its field of usefulness, to promote through it commercial intercourse and strengthen the bonds of amity and confidence between its various members and the nations of this continent.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

The act to encourage the holding of the Pan-American exposition on the Niagara

frontier, within the county of Erie or Niagara, in the state of New York, in the year 1901, was approved March 3, 1899. This exposition, which will be held in the city of Buffalo, in the near vicinity of the great Niagara cataract, and within a day's journey of which reside 40,000,000 of our people, will be confined entirely to the western hemisphere. Satisfactory assurances have already been given by the diplomatic representatives of Great Britain, Mexico, the Central and South American republics and most of the states of the United States that these countries and states will make a unique, interesting and instructive exhibit, peculiarly illustrative of their material progress during the century which is about to close.

The law provides an appropriation of \$500,000 for the purpose of making an exhibit at the exposition by the government of the United States from its executive departments and from the Smithsonian institution and national museum, the United States commission of fish and fisheries, the department of labor and the bureau of the American republics. To secure a complete and harmonious arrangement of this government exhibit a board of management has already been created and charged with the selection, purchase, preparation, transportation, arrangement and safekeeping of the articles and materials to be exhibited. This board has been organized and has already entered upon the performance of its duties, as provided for by the law.

I have every reason to hope and believe that this exposition will tend more firmly to cement the cordial relations between the nations on this continent.

In accordance with an act of congress, approved Dec. 21, 1898, and under the auspices of the Philadelphia commercial museum, a most interesting and valuable exposition of products and manufactures especially adapted to export trade was held in Philadelphia from the 14th of September to the 1st of December, 1899. The representative character of the exhibits and the widespread interest manifested in the special objects of the undertaking afford renewed encouragement to those who look confidently to the steady growth of our enlarged exportation of manufactured goods, which has been the most remarkable fact in the economic development of the United States in recent years. A feature of this exposition which is likely to become of permanent and increasing utility to our industries is the collection of samples of merchandise produced in various countries with special reference to particular markets, providing practical object lessons to United States manufacturers as to qualities, styles and prices of goods such as meet the special demands of consumers and may be exported with advantage.

In connection with the exposition an international commercial congress was held, upon the invitation of the Philadelphia commercial museum, transmitted by the department of state to the various foreign governments, for an exchange of information and opinions with the view to the promotion of international trade. This invitation met with general and cordial acceptance, and the congress, which began its sessions at the exposition Oct. 13, proved to be of great practical importance,

from the fact that it developed a general recognition of the interdependence of nations in trade and a most gratifying spirit of accommodation with reference to the gradual removal of existing impediments to reciprocal relations without injury to the industrial interests of either party.

PEACE CONFERENCE AT THE HAGUE.

In response to the invitation of his majesty the emperor of Russia delegates from twenty-six countries were assembled at The Hague May 18 as members of a conference in the interest of peace. The commission from the United States consisted of Andrew D. White, Seth Low, Stanford Newell, Capt. Alfred T. Mahan of the United States navy, Capt. William T. Crozier of the United States army and Frederick W. Holls, secretary. The occasion seemed to be opportune for the serious consideration of a plan for the pacific adjustment of international differences, a subject in which the American people have been deeply interested for many years, and a definite project for a permanent international tribunal was included in the instructions to the delegates of the United States.

The final act of the conference includes conventions upon the amelioration of the laws and customs of war on land, the adaptation to maritime warfare of the principles of the Geneva convention of 1864 and the extension of judicial methods to international cases. The convention for the pacific settlement of international conflicts embodies the leading features of the American plan, with such modifications as were rendered necessary by the great diversity of views and interests represented by the delegates. The four titles of the convention provide for the maintenance of general peace, the exercise of good offices and mediation, the formation of commissions of inquiry and international arbitration.

The mediation provided for by the convention is purely voluntary and advisory, and is intended to avoid any invasion or limitation of the sovereign rights of the adhering states. The commissions of inquiry proposed consist of delegations to be specifically constituted for particular purposes by means of conventions between the contending parties, having for their object the clear understanding of international differences before resorting to the use of force. The provision for arbitration contemplates the formation of a permanent tribunal before which disputed cases may be brought for settlement by the mutual consent of the litigants in each separate case. The advantages of such a permanent tribunal over impromptu commissions of arbitration are conceived to be the actual existence of a competent court, prepared to administer justice, the greater economy resulting from a well-devised system and the accumulated judicial skill and experience which such a tribunal would soon possess.

While earnestly promoting the idea of establishing a permanent international tribunal, the delegation of the United States was not unmindful of the inconveniences which might arise from an obtrusive exercise of mediation, and in signing the convention carefully guarded the historic position of the United States by the following declaration:

"Nothing contained in this convention shall be so construed as to require the United States of America to depart from

its traditional policy of not intruding upon, interfering with or entangling itself in the political questions or policy or internal administration of any foreign state; nor shall anything contained in the said convention be construed to imply a relinquishment by the United States of America of its traditional attitude toward purely American questions."

Thus interpreted, the convention for the pacific settlement of international conflicts may be regarded as realizing the earnest desire of great numbers of American citizens whose deep sense of justice, expressed in numerous resolutions and memorials, has urged them to labor for this noble achievement. The general character of this convention, already signed by the delegates of more than twenty sovereign states, further commends it to the favorable action of the senate of the United States, whose ratification it still awaits.

THE VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

Since my last annual message, and in obedience to the acts of the congress of April 22 and 26, 1898, the remaining volunteer force enlisted for the Spanish war, consisting of 34,834 regulars and 110,202 volunteers, with over 5,000 volunteer officers, has been discharged from the military service. Of the volunteers, 667 officers and 14,831 men were serving in the Philippines, and 1,650 of the regulars, who were entitled to be mustered out after the ratification of the treaty of peace. They voluntarily remained at the front until their places could be filled by new troops. They were returned home in the order in which they went to Manila, and are now all of them out of the service and in the ranks of citizenship. I recommend that the congress provide a special medal of honor for the volunteers, regulars, sailors and marines on duty in the Philippines who voluntarily remained in the service after their terms of enlistment had expired.

INCREASE OF THE ARMY.

By the act of March 2, 1899, congress gave authority to increase the regular army to a maximum not exceeding 65,000 enlisted men and to enlist a force of 35,000 volunteers, to be recruited from the country at large. By virtue of this authority the regular army has been increased to the number of 61,999 enlisted men and 2,248 officers, and new volunteer regiments have been organized aggregating 33,050 enlisted men and 1,524 officers. Two of these volunteer regiments are made up of colored men, with colored line officers. The new troops to take the places of those returning from the Philippines have been transported to Manila to the number of 581 officers and 26,322 enlisted men of the regular army, and 594 officers and 15,386 enlisted men of the new volunteer force, while 504 officers and 14,119 men of the volunteer force are on the ocean en route to Manila.

The force now in Manila consists of 905 officers and 30,578 regulars and 594 officers and 15,388 of the volunteers, making an aggregate of 1,499 officers and 45,966 men. When the troops now under orders shall reach Manila the force in the archipelago will comprise 2,051 officers and 63,483 men. The muster out of the great volunteer army organized for the Spanish war and the creation of a new army, the transportation from Manila to San Francisco of those

entitled to discharge, and the transportation of the new troops to take their places, have been a work of great magnitude well and ably done, for which too much credit cannot be given the war department.

During the last year we have reduced our force in Cuba and Puerto Rico. In Cuba we now have 334 officers and 10,796 enlisted men; in Puerto Rico, eighty-seven officers and 2,855 enlisted men and a battalion of 400 men composed of native Puerto Ricans, while stationed throughout the United States are 910 officers and 17,317 men and in Hawaii twelve officers and 435 enlisted men.

The operations of the army are fully presented in the report of the secretary of war. I cannot withhold from officers and men the highest commendation for their soldierly conduct in trying situations, their willing sacrifices for their country and the integrity and ability with which they have performed unusual and difficult duties in our island possessions.

In the organization of the volunteer regiments authorized by the act of March 2, 1899, it was found that no provision had been made for chaplains. This omission was doubtless from inadvertence. I recommended early authorization for the appointment of one chaplain for each of said regiments. These regiments are now in the Philippines, and it is important that immediate action be had.

GROWTH OF THE POSTAL SERVICE.

In restoring peaceful conditions, orderly rule and civic progress in Cuba, Puerto Rico and, so far as practicable, in the Philippines, the rehabilitation of the postal service has been an essential and important part of the work. It became necessary to provide mail facilities both for our forces of occupation and for the native population. To meet this requirement has involved a substantial reconstruction. The existing systems were so fragmentary, defective and inadequate that a new and comprehensive organization had to be created. American trained officials have been assigned to the directing and executive positions, while natives have been chiefly employed in making up the body of the force. In working out this plan the merit rule has been rigorously and faithfully employed.

The appointment of director-general of posts of Cuba was given to an expert who had been chief postoffice inspector and assistant postmaster-general, and who united large experience with administrative capacity. For the postmastership at Havana the range of skilled and available men was scanned and the choice fell upon one who had been twenty years in the service as deputy postmaster and postmaster of a large city. This principle governed and determined the selection of the American officials sent not only to Cuba, but to Puerto Rico and the Philippines, and they were instructed to apply it so far as practicable in the employment of the natives as minor postmasters and clerks. The postal system in Cuba, though remaining under the general guidance of the postmaster-general, was made essentially independent. It was felt that it should not be a burden upon the postal service of the United States, and provision was made that any deficit in the postal revenue

should be a charge upon the general revenues of the island.

Though Puerto Rico and the Philippines hold a different relation to the United States, yet for convenience of administration the same principle of an autonomous system has been extended to them.

The development of the service in all of the islands has been rapid and successful. It has moved forward on American lines, with free delivery, money order and registry systems, and has given the people mail facilities far greater and more reliable than any they have ever before enjoyed. It is thus not only a vital agency of industrial, social and business progress, but an important influence in diffusing a just understanding of the true spirit and character of American administration.

The domestic postal service continues to grow with extraordinary rapidity. The expenditures and the revenues will each exceed \$100,000,000 during the current year. Fortunately, since the revival of prosperous times, the revenues have grown much faster than the expenditures and there is every indication that a short period will witness the obliteration of the annual deficit. In this connection the report of the postmaster-general embodies a statement of some evils which have grown up outside of the contemplation of law in the treatment of some classes of mail matter which wrongfully exercise the privilege of the pound rate, and shows that if this matter had been properly classified and had paid the rate which it should have paid, instead of a postal deficit for the last fiscal year of \$6,610,000 there would have been on one basis a surplus of \$17,637,570, and on another of \$5,733,836. The reform thus suggested, in the opinion of the postmaster-general, would not only put the postal service at once on a self-sustaining basis, but would permit great and valuable improvements, and I commend the subject to the consideration of the congress.

NEEDS OF THE NAVY.

The navy has maintained the spirit and high efficiency which have always characterized that service, and has lost none of the gallantry in heroic action which has signalized its brilliant and glorious past. The nation has equal pride in its early and later achievements. Its habitual readiness for every emergency has won the confidence and admiration of the country. The people are interested in the continued preparation and prestige of the navy and will justify liberal appropriations for its maintenance and improvement. The officers have shown peculiar adaptation for the performance of new and delicate duties which our recent war has imposed.

It cannot be doubted that congress will at once make necessary provisions for the armor plate for the vessels now under contract and building. Its attention is respectfully called to the report of the secretary of the navy, in which the subject is fully presented. I unite in his recommendation that the congress enact such special legislation as may be necessary to enable the department to make contracts early in the coming year for armor of the best quality that can be obtained in this country for the Maine, Ohio and Missouri, and that the provision of the act of March

3, 1899, limiting the price of armor to \$300 per ton be removed.

In the matter of naval construction Italy and Japan, of the great powers, laid down less tonnage in the year 1899 than this country, and Italy alone has less tonnage under construction. I heartily concur in the recommendation for the increase of the navy, as suggested by the secretary.

Our future progress and prosperity depend upon our ability to equal if not surpass other nations in the enlargement and advance of science, industry and commerce. To invention we must turn as one of the most powerful aids to the accomplishment of such result. The attention of the congress is directed to the report of the commissioner of patents, in which will be found valuable suggestions and recommendations.

ARMY AND NAVY PENSIONS.

The 30th of June, 1899, the pension roll of the United States numbered 991,519. These include the pensioners of the army and navy in all our wars. The number added to the rolls during the year was 40,991. The number dropped by reason of death, remarriage, minors by legal limitation, failure to claim within three years and other causes was 43,186, and the number of claims disallowed was 107,919. During the year 83,854 pension certificates were issued, of which 37,077 were for new or original pensions. The amount disbursed for army and navy pensions during the year was \$138,255,052.95, which was \$1,651,461.61 less than the sum of the appropriations.

The Grand Army of the Republic, at its recent national encampment held at Philadelphia, has brought to my attention and to that of the congress the wisdom and justice of a modification of the third section of the act of June 27, 1890, which provides pensions for the widows of officers and enlisted men who served ninety days or more during the war of the rebellion and were honorably discharged, provided that such widows are without other means of support than their daily labor and were married to the soldier, sailor or marine on account of whose service they claim pension prior to the date of the act.

The present holding of the department is that, if the widow's income, aside from her daily labor, does not exceed in amount what her pension would be, to-wit, \$96 per annum, she would be deemed to be without other means of support than her daily labor, and would be entitled to a pension under this act, while, if the widow's income, independent of the amount received by her as the result of her daily labor, exceeds \$96, she would not be pensionable under the act. I am advised by the commissioner of pensions that the amount of the income allowed before title to pension would be barred has varied widely under different administrations of the pension office, as well as during different periods of the same administration, and has been the cause of just complaint and criticism.

With the approval of the secretary of the interior, the commissioner of pensions recommends that, in order to make the practice at all times uniform and to do justice to the dependent widow, the amount of income allowed independent of the proceeds

of her daily labor should be not less than \$250 per annum, and he urges that the congress shall so amend the act as to permit the pension office to grant pensionable status to widows under the terms of the third section of the act of June 27, 1890, whose income, aside from the proceeds of daily labor, is not in excess of \$250 per annum. I believe this to be a simple act of justice and heartily recommend it.

INDIANS AND CENSUS WORK.

The Dawes commission reports that gratifying progress has been made in its work during the preceding year. The field work of enrollment of four of the nations has been completed. I recommend that congress at an early day make liberal appropriation for educational purposes in the Indian Territory.

In accordance with the act of congress approved March 3, 1899, the preliminary work in connection with the twelfth census is now fully under way. The officers required for the proper administration of the duties imposed have been selected. The provision for securing a proper enumeration of the population, as well as for securing evidence of the industrial growth of the nation, is broader and more comprehensive than any similar legislation in the past. The director advises that every needed effort is being made to push this great work to completion in the time limited by the statute. It is believed that the twelfth census will emphasize our remarkable advance in all that pertains to national progress.

PACIFIC RAILROAD DEBTS.

Under the authority of the act of congress approved July 7, 1898, the commission, consisting of the secretary of the treasury, the attorney-general and the secretary of the interior, has made an agreement of settlement, which has had my approval, of the indebtedness to the government growing out of the issue of bonds to aid in the construction of the Central Pacific and Western Pacific railroads. The agreement secures to the government the principal and interest of said bonds, amounting to \$58,812,715.48. There has been paid thereon \$11,762,543.12, which has been covered into the treasury, and the remainder, payable within ten years, with interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, is secured by the deposit of an equal amount of first-mortgage bonds of the Pacific railway companies.

The amounts paid and secured to be paid to the government on account of the Pacific railroad subsidy claims are:

Union Pacific, cash.....	\$58,448,223.75
Kansas Pacific, cash.....	6,303,000.00
Central and Western Pacific, cash	11,798,314.14
Notes secured	47,050,172.30
Kansas Pacific-dividends for deficiency due United States, cash	821,897.70

Making a total of.....\$124,421,607.95

The whole indebtedness was about \$130,000,000, more than half of which consisted of accrued interest, for which sum the government has realized the entire amount,

less about \$6,000,000, within a period of two years.

THE PROTECTION OF FORESTS.

June 30, 1898, there were thirty forest reservations (exclusive of the Afognak forest and fish culture reserve in Alaska), embracing an estimated area of 40,719,474 acres. During the last year two of the existing forest reserves, the Trabuco canyon (California) and Black Hills (South Dakota and Wyoming) have been considerably enlarged, the area of the Mount Rainier reserve, in the state of Washington, has been somewhat reduced, and six additional reserves have been established—namely, the San Francisco mountains (Arizona), the Black Mesa (Arizona), Lake Tahoe (California) and Fish Lake (Utah), the total estimated area of which is 5,205,775 acres.

This makes at the present time a total of thirty-six forest reservations, embracing an estimated area of 46,021,899 acres. The estimated area is the aggregated areas within the boundaries of the reserves. The lands actually reserved are, however, only the vacant public lands therein and these have been set aside and reserved for sale or settlement in order that they may be of the greatest use to the people.

Protection of the national forests, inaugurated by the department of the interior in 1897, has been continued during the last year, and much has been accomplished in the way of preventing forest fires and the protection of the timber. There are now large tracts covered by forests which will eventually be reserved and set apart for forest uses. Until that can be done congress should increase the appropriations for the work of protecting the forests.

MARKETS FOR FARM PRODUCTS.

The department of agriculture is constantly consulting the needs of producers in all the states and territories. It is introducing seeds and plants of great value and promoting fully diversification of crops. Grains, grasses, fruits, legumes and vegetables are imported for all parts of the United States. Under this encouragement the sugar-beet factory multiplies in the north and far west, semi-tropical plants are sent to the south and congenial climates are sought for the choice productions of the far east. The hybridizing of fruit trees and grains is conducted in the search for varieties adapted to exacting conditions. The introduction of tea gardens into the southern states promises to provide employment for idle hands, as well as to supply the home market with tea. The subject of irrigation where it is of vital importance to the people is being carefully studied, steps are being taken to reclaim injured or abandoned lands and information for the people along these lines is being printed and distributed.

Markets are being sought and opened up for surplus farm and factory products in Europe and Asia. The outlook for the education of the young farmer through agricultural colleges and experiment stations, with opportunity given to specialize in the department of agriculture, is very promising. The people of Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the Philippine islands should be helped, by the establishment of experiment stations, to a more scientific knowledge of

the production of coffee, india rubber and other tropical products, for which there is a demand in the United States.

There is widespread interest in the improvement of our public highways at the present time and the department of agriculture is co-operating with the people in each locality in making the best possible roads from local material and in experimenting with steel tracks. A more intelligent system of managing the forests of the country is being put in operation and a careful study of the whole forestry problem is being conducted throughout the United States. A very extensive and complete exhibit of the agricultural and horticultural products of the United States is being prepared for the Paris exposition.

THE WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Dec. 10, 1898, the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain was signed. It provided, among other things, that Spain should cede to the United States the archipelago known as the Philippine islands, that the United States should pay Spain the sum of \$20,000,000 and that the civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants of the territories thus ceded to the United States should be determined by the congress. The treaty was ratified by the senate Feb. 6, 1899, and by the government of Spain March 19 following. The ratifications were exchanged April 11 and the treaty publicly proclaimed. March 2 the congress voted the sum contemplated by the treaty and the amount was paid over to the Spanish government May 1.

In this manner the Philippines came to the United States. The islands were ceded by the government of Spain, which had been in undisputed possession of them for centuries. They were accepted, not merely by our authorized commissioners in Paris, under the direction of the executive, but by the constitutional and well-considered action of the representatives of the people of the United States in both houses of congress. I had every reason to believe, and I still believe, that this transfer of sovereignty was in accordance with the wishes and the aspirations of the great mass of the Filipino people.

From the earliest moment no opportunity was lost of assuring the people of the islands of our ardent desire for their welfare and of the intention of this government to do everything possible to advance their interests. In my order of May 19, 1898, the commander of the military expedition dispatched to the Philippines was instructed to declare that we came, not to make war upon the people of that country, "nor upon any party or faction among them, but to protect them in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights." That there should be no doubt as to the paramount authority there, Aug. 17 it was directed that "there must be no joint occupation with the insurgents"; that the United States must preserve the peace and protect persons and property within the territory occupied by their military and naval forces; that the insurgents and all others must recognize the military occupation and authority of the United States.

As early as Dec. 4, before the cession,

and in anticipation of that event, the commander in Manila was urged to restore peace and tranquillity and to undertake the establishment of a beneficent government, which should afford the fullest security for life and property. Dec. 21, after the treaty was signed, the commander of the forces of occupation was instructed "to announce and proclaim in the most public manner that we come, not as invaders and conquerors, but as friends to protect the natives in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights." The same day, while ordering Gen. Otis to see that the peace should be preserved in Iloilo, he was admonished that: "It is most important that there should be no conflict with the insurgents." Jan. 1, 1899, urgent orders were reiterated that the kindly intentions of this government should be in every possible way communicated to the insurgents.

On Jan. 21 I announced my intention of dispatching to Manila a commission composed of three gentlemen of the highest character and distinction, thoroughly acquainted with the orient, who, in association with Admiral Dewey and Maj.-Gen. Otis, were instructed to "facilitate the most humane and effective extension of authority throughout the islands, and to secure with the least possible delay the benefits of a wise and generous protection of life and property to the inhabitants."

These gentlemen were Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell university; Charles Denby, for many years minister to China, and Prof. Dean C. Worcester of the University of Michigan, who had made a most careful study of life in the Philippines.

While the treaty of peace was under consideration in the senate these commissioners set out on their mission of good will and liberation. Their character was a sufficient guaranty of the beneficent purpose with which they went, even if they had not borne the positive instructions of this government, which made their errand pre-eminently one of peace and friendship.

But before their arrival at Manila the sinister ambition of a few leaders of the Filipinos had created a situation full of embarrassment for us and most grievous in its consequences to themselves. The clear and impartial preliminary report of the commissioners, which I transmit herewith, gives so lucid and comprehensive a history of the present insurrectionary movement that the story need not be here repeated. It is enough to say that the claim of the rebel leader that he was promised independence by any officer of the United States in return for his assistance has no foundation in fact and is categorically denied by the very witnesses who were called to prove it. The most the insurgent leader hoped for when he came back to Manila was the liberation of the islands from Spanish control, which they had been laboring for years without success to throw off.

The prompt accomplishment of this work by the American army and navy gave him other ideas and ambitions, and insidious suggestions from various quarters perverted the purposes and intentions with which he had taken up arms. No sooner had our army captured Manila than the

Filipino forces began to assume an attitude of suspicion and hostility which the utmost efforts of our officers and troops were unable to disarm or modify. Their kindness and forbearance were taken as a proof of cowardice. The aggressions of the Filipinos continually increased, until finally, just before the time set by the senate of the United States for a vote upon the treaty, an attack, evidently prepared in advance, was made all along the American lines, which resulted in a terribly destructive and sanguinary repulse of the insurgents.

Ten days later an order of the insurgent government was issued to its adherents who had remained in Manila, of which Gen. Otis justly observes that "for barbarous intent it is unequalled in modern times." It directs that at 8 o'clock the night of the 15th of February the territorial militia shall come together in the streets of San Pedro, armed with their bolos, with guns and ammunition where convenient; that Filipino families only shall be respected; but that all other individuals, of whatever race they may be, shall be exterminated without any compassion, after the extermination of the army of occupation, and adds:

"Brothers, we must avenge ourselves on the Americans and exterminate them, that we may take our revenge for the infamies and treacheries which they have committed upon us. Have no compassion upon them; attack with vigor."

A copy of this fell by good fortune into the hands of our officers, and they were able to take measures to control the rising, which was actually attempted the night of Feb. 22, a week later than was originally contemplated. A considerable number of armed insurgents entered the city by waterways and swamps, and in concert with confederates inside attempted to destroy Manila by fire. They were kept in check during the night, and the next day driven out of the city with heavy loss.

This was the unhappy condition of affairs which confronted our commissioners on their arrival in Manila. They had come with the hope and intention of co-operating with Admiral Dewey and Maj.-Gen. Otis in establishing peace and order in the archipelago and the largest measure of self-government compatible with the true welfare of the people. What they actually found can best be set forth in their own words:

"Deplorable as war is, the one in which we are now engaged was unavoidable by us. We were attacked by a bold, adventurous and enthusiastic army. No alternative was left to us except ignominious retreat.

"It is not to be conceived that any American would have sanctioned the surrender of Manila to the insurgents. Our obligations to other nations and to the friendly Filipinos and to ourselves and our flag demanded that force should be met by force. Whatever the future of the Philippines may be, there is no course open to us now except the prosecution of the war until the insurgents are reduced to submission. The commission is of the opinion that there has been no time since the destruction of the Spanish squadron by Admiral Dewey when it was possible to withdraw our forces from the islands,

either with honor to ourselves or with safety to the inhabitants."

The course thus clearly indicated has been unflinchingly pursued. The rebellion must be put down. Civil government cannot be thoroughly established until order is restored.

With a devotion and gallantry worthy of its most brilliant history, the army, ably and loyally assisted by the navy, has carried on this unwelcome but most righteous campaign with richly deserved success. The noble self-sacrifice with which our soldiers and sailors whose terms of service had expired refused to avail themselves of their right to return home as long as they were needed at the front forms one of the brightest pages in our annals. Although their operations have been somewhat interrupted and checked by a rainy season of unusual violence and duration, they have gained ground steadily in every direction, and now look forward confidently to a speedy completion of their task.

The unfavorable circumstances connected with an active campaign have not been permitted to interfere with the equally important work of reconstruction. Again I invite your attention to the report of the commissioners for the interesting and encouraging details of the work already accomplished in the establishment of peace and order and the inauguration of self-governing municipal life in many portions of the archipelago.

GOVERNMENT OF NEGROS.

A notable beginning has been made in the establishment of a government in the island of Negros which is deserving of special consideration. This was the first island to accept American sovereignty. Its people unreservedly proclaimed allegiance to the United States and adopted a constitution looking to the establishment of a popular government. It was impossible to guarantee to the people of Negros that the constitution so adopted should be the ultimate form of government. Such a question, under the treaty with Spain, and in accordance with our own constitution and laws, came exclusively within the jurisdiction of congress. The government actually set up by the inhabitants of Negros eventually proved unsatisfactory to the natives themselves. A new system was put into force by order of the major-general commanding the department, of which the following are the most important elements:

It was ordered that the government of the island of Negros should consist of a military governor appointed by the United States military governor of the Philippines, and a civil governor and an advisory council elected by the people. The military governor was authorized to appoint secretaries of the treasury, interior, agriculture, public instruction, an attorney-general and an auditor. The seat of government was fixed at Bacolod. The military governor exercises the supreme executive power. He is to see that the laws are executed, appoint to office and fill all vacancies in office not otherwise provided for, and may, with the approval of the military governor of the Philippines, remove any officer from office. The civil governor advises the military governor on all public civil questions and presides over the advisory council. He, in general, performs the duties which

are performed by secretaries of state in our own system of government.

The advisory council consists of eight members elected by the people within territorial limits which are defined in the order of the commanding general.

The times and places of holding elections are to be fixed by the military governor of the island of Negros. The qualifications of voters are as follows: 1. A voter must be a male citizen of the island of Negros. 2. Of the age of 21 years. 3. He shall be able to speak, read and write the English, Spanish or Visayan language, or he must own real property worth \$500, or pay a rental on real property of the value of \$1,000. 4. He must have resided in the island not less than one year preceding, and in the district in which he offers to register as a voter not less than three months immediately preceding the time he offers to register. 5. He must register at a time fixed by law before voting. 6. Prior to such registration he shall have paid all taxes due by him to the government. Provided, that no insane person shall be allowed to register or vote.

The military governor has the right to veto all bills or resolutions adopted by the advisory council, and his veto is final if not disapproved by the military governor of the Philippines.

The advisory council discharges all the ordinary duties of a legislature. The usual duties pertaining to said offices are to be performed by the secretaries of the treasury, interior, agriculture, public instruction, the attorney-general and the auditor.

The judicial power is vested in three judges who are to be appointed by the military governor of the island. Inferior courts are to be established.

Free public schools are to be established throughout the populous districts of the island, in which the English language shall be taught, and this subject will receive the careful consideration of the advisory council.

The burden of government must be distributed equally and equitably among the people. The military authorities will collect and receive the customs revenue, and will control postal matters and Philippine interisland trade and commerce.

The military governor, subject to the approval of the military governor of the Philippines, determines all questions not specifically provided for, and which do not come under the jurisdiction of the advisory council.

GOVERNMENT OF SULU.

The authorities of the Sulu islands have accepted the succession of the United States to the rights of Spain and our flag floats over that territory. The 10th of August, 1899, Brig.-Gen. J. C. Bates, United States volunteers, negotiated an agreement with the sultan and his principal chiefs, which I transmit herewith. By article 1 the sovereignty of the United States over the whole archipelago of Sulu and its dependencies is declared and acknowledged. The United States flag will be used in the archipelago and its dependencies, on land and sea. Piracy is to be suppressed and the sultan agrees to co-operate heartily with the United States authorities to that end, and to make every possible effort to arrest and bring to jus-

tice all persons engaged in piracy. All trade in domestic products of the archipelago of Sulu when carried on with any part of the Philippine islands and under the American flag shall be free, unlimited and undutiable. The United States will give full protection to the sultan in case any foreign nation should attempt to impose upon him. The United States will not sell the island of Sulu or any other island of the Sulu archipelago to any foreign nation without the consent of the sultan. Salaries for the sultan and his associates in the administration of the islands have been agreed upon to the amount of \$760 monthly.

Article 10 provides that any slave in the archipelago of Sulu shall have the right to purchase freedom by paying to the master the usual market value.

The agreement by Gen. Bates was made subject to confirmation by the president and to future modifications by the consent of the parties in interest. I have confirmed said agreement, subject to the action of the congress, and with the reservation, which I have directed shall be communicated to the sultan of Sulu, that this agreement is not to be deemed in any way to authorize or give the consent of the United States to the existence of slavery in the Sulu archipelago. I communicate these facts to the congress for its information and action.

Everything indicates that with the speedy suppression of the Tagalo rebellion life in the archipelago will soon resume its ordinary course under the protection of our sovereignty, and the people of those favored islands will enjoy a prosperity and a freedom which they have never before known. Already hundreds of schools are open and filled with children. Religious freedom is sacredly assured and enjoyed. The courts are dispensing justice. Business is beginning to circulate in its accustomed channels. Manila, whose inhabitants were fleeing to the country a few months ago, is now a populous and thriving mart of commerce. The earnest and unremitting endeavors of the commission and the admiral and major-general commanding the department of the Pacific to assure the people of the beneficent intentions of this government have had their legitimate effect in convincing the great mass of them that peace and safety and prosperity and stable government can only be found in a loyal acceptance of the authority of the United States.

The future government of the Philippines rests with the congress of the United States. Few graver responsibilities have ever been confided to us. If we accept them in a spirit worthy of our race and our traditions a great opportunity comes with them. The islands lie under the shelter of our flag. They are ours by every title of law and equity. They cannot be abandoned. If we desert them we leave them at once to anarchy and finally to barbarism. We find them, a golden apple of discord, among the rival powers, no one of which could permit another to seize them unquestioned. Their rich plains and valleys would be the scene of endless strife and bloodshed. The advent of Dewey's fleet in Manila bay, instead of being, as we hope, the dawn of a new day of freedom and progress, will have been the beginning

of an era of misery and violence worse than any which has darkened their unhappy past.

RETENTION OF THE ISLANDS.

The suggestion has been made that we could renounce our authority over the islands and, giving them independence, could retain a protectorate over them. This proposition will not be found, I am sure, worthy of your serious attention. Such an arrangement would involve at the outset a cruel breach of faith. It would place the peaceable and loyal majority, who ask nothing better than to accept our authority, at the mercy of the minority of armed insurgents. It would make us responsible for the acts of the insurgent leaders and give us no power to control them. It would charge us with the task of protecting them against each other and defending them against any foreign power with which they chose to quarrel. In short, it would take from the congress of the United States the power of declaring war and vest that tremendous prerogative in the Tagalog leader of the hour.

It does not seem desirable that I should recommend at this time a specific and final form of government for these islands. When peace shall be restored it will be the duty of congress to construct a plan of government which shall establish and maintain freedom and order and peace in the Philippines. The insurrection is still existing, and when it terminates further information will be required as to the actual condition of affairs before inaugurating a permanent scheme of civil government. The full report of the commission, now in preparation, will contain information and suggestions which will be of value to congress, and which I will transmit as soon as it is completed.

As long as the insurrection continues the military arm must necessarily be supreme. But there is no reason why steps should not be taken from time to time to inaugurate governments essentially popular in their form as fast as territory is held or controlled by our troops. To this end I am considering the advisability of the return of the commission, or such of the members thereof as can be secured, to aid the existing authorities and facilitate this work throughout the islands. I have believed that reconstruction should not begin by the establishment of one central civil government for all the islands, with its seat at Manila, but rather that the work should be commenced by building up from the bottom, first establishing municipal governments and then provincial governments, a central government at last to follow.

Until congress shall have made known the formal expression of its will, I shall use the authority vested in me by the constitution and the statutes to uphold the sovereignty of the United States in those distant islands as in all other places where our flag rightfully floats. I shall put at the disposal of the army and navy all the means which the liberality of congress and the people have provided to cause this unprovoked and wasteful insurrection to cease. If any orders of mine were required to insure the merciful conduct of military and naval operations, they would not be lacking; but every step of the progress of

our troops has been marked by a humanity which has surprised even the misguided insurgents. The truest kindness to them will be a swift and effective defeat of their present leader. The hour of victory will be the hour of clemency and reconstruction.

No effort will be spared to build up the waste places desolated by war and by long years of misgovernment. We shall not wait for the end of strife to begin the beneficent work. We shall continue, as we have begun, to open the schools and the churches, to set the courts in operation, to foster industry and trade and agriculture, and in every way in our power to make these people whom providence has brought within our jurisdiction feel that it is their liberty and not our power, their welfare and not our gain, we are seeking to enhance. Our flag has never waved over any community but in blessing. I believe the Filipinos will soon recognize the fact that it has not lost its gift of benediction in its world-wide journey to their shores.

LEGISLATION FOR HAWAII.

Some embarrassment in administration has occurred by reason of the peculiar status which the Hawaiian islands at present occupy under the joint resolution of annexation approved July 7, 1898. While by that resolution the republic of Hawaii as an independent nation was extinguished, its separate sovereignty and its property and possessions vested in the United States, yet a complete establishment for its government under our system was not effected. While the municipal laws of the islands not enacted for the fulfillment of treaties and not inconsistent with the joint resolution or contrary to the constitution of the United States or any of its treaties remain in force, yet these laws relate only to the social and internal affairs of the islands and do not touch many subjects of importance which are of a broader national character.

For example, the Hawaiian republic was divested of all title to the public lands in the islands and is not only unable to dispose of lands to settlers desiring to take up homestead sites, but is without power to give complete title in cases where lands have been entered upon under lease or other conditions which carry with them the right to the purchaser, lessee or settler to have a full title granted to him upon compliance with the conditions prescribed by law or by his particular agreement of entry.

Questions of doubt and difficulty have also arisen with reference to the collection of tonnage tax on vessels coming from Hawaiian ports; with reference to the status of Chinese in the islands, their entrance and exit therefrom; as to patents and copyrights; as to the register of vessels under the navigation laws; as to the necessity of holding elections in accordance with the provisions of the Hawaiian statutes for the choice of various officers, and as to several other matters of detail touching the interests both of the island and the federal government.

By the resolution of annexation the president was directed to appoint five commissioners to recommend to congress such legislation concerning the islands as they

should deem necessary or proper. These commissioners were duly appointed and after a careful investigation and study of the system of laws and government prevailing in the islands, and of the conditions existing there, they prepared a bill to provide a government under the title of "the territory of Hawaii." The report of the commission, with the bill which it prepared, was transmitted by me to congress Dec. 6, 1898, but the bill still awaits final action.

The people of these islands are entitled to the benefits and privileges of our constitution, but in the absence of any act of congress providing for federal courts in the islands, and for a procedure by which appeals, writs of error and other judicial proceedings necessary for the enforcement of civil rights may be prosecuted, they are powerless to secure their enforcement by the judgment of the courts of the United States. It is manifestly important, therefore, that an act shall be passed as speedily as possible erecting these islands into a judicial district, providing for the appointment of a judge and other proper officers and methods of procedure in appellate proceedings, and that the government of this newly acquired territory under the federal constitution shall be fully defined and provided for.

LEGISLATION FOR ALASKA.

A necessity for immediate legislative relief exists in the territory of Alaska. Substantially the only law providing a civil government for this territory is the act of May 17, 1884. This is meager in its provisions and is fitted only for the administration of affairs in a country sparsely inhabited by civilized people and unimportant in trade and production, as was Alaska at the time this act was passed. The increase in population by immigration during the last few years, consequent upon the discovery of gold, has produced such a condition as calls for more ample facilities for local self-government and more numerous conveniences of civil and judicial administration. Settlements have grown up in various places, constituting in point of population and business cities of thousands of inhabitants, yet there is no provision of law under which a municipality can be organized or maintained.

In some localities the inhabitants have met together and voluntarily formed a municipal organization for the purposes of local government, adopting the form of a municipal constitution and charter, under which paid officials have been appointed and ordinances creating and regulating a police force, a fire department, a department of health and making provision for the care of the insane and indigent poor and sick, and for public schools, have been passed. These proceedings and the ordinances passed by such municipalities are without statutory authority and have no sanction, except as they are maintained by the popular sentiment of the community. There is an entire absence of authority to provide the ordinary instruments of local police control and administration, the population consisting of the usual percentage of lawless adventurers of the class that always flock to new fields of enterprise or discovery, and under circumstances

which require more than ordinary provision for the maintenance of peace, good order and lawful conduct.

The whole vast area of Alaska comprises but one judicial district, with one judge, one marshal and one district attorney, yet the civil and criminal business has more than doubled within the last year, and is many times greater, both in volume and importance, than it was in 1884. The duties of the judge require him to travel thousands of miles to discharge his judicial functions at the various places designated for that purpose. The territory should be divided into at least two districts and an additional judge, district attorney, marshal and other appropriate officers be provided.

There is practically no organized form of government in the territory. There is no authority, except in congress, to pass any law, no matter how local or trivial, and the difficulty of conveying to the congress an adequate conception and understanding of the various needs of the people of the different communities is easily understood. I see no reason why a more complete form of territorial organization should not be provided.

Following the precedent established in the year 1805, when a temporary government was provided for the recently acquired territory, then known under the name of Louisiana, it seems to me that it would be advantageous to confer greater executive power upon the governor, and to establish, as was done in the case of the territory of Louisiana, a legislative council having power to adopt ordinances which shall extend to all the rightful subjects of local legislation, such ordinances not to take effect until reported to and approved by the congress, if in session, and if that body is not in session then by the president. In this manner a system of laws providing for the incorporation and government of towns and cities having a certain population, giving them the power to establish and maintain a system of education to be locally supported, and ordinances providing for police, sanitary and other such purposes, could be speedily provided.

I believe a provision of this kind would be satisfactory to the people of the territory. It is probable that the area is too vast and the population too scattered and transitory to make it wise at the present time to provide for an elective legislative body, but the conditions calling for local self-government will undoubtedly very soon exist and will be facilitated by the measures which I have recommended.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT IN PUERTO RICO.

I recommend that legislation to the same end be had with reference to the government of Puerto Rico. The time is ripe for the adoption of a temporary form of government for this island; and many suggestions made with reference to Alaska are applicable also to Puerto Rico.

The system of civil jurisprudence now adopted by the people of this island is described by competent lawyers who are familiar with it as thoroughly modern and scientific, so far as it relates to matters of internal business, trade, production and social and private right in general. The cities of the island are governed under charters which probably require very little or no change. So that, with relation to

matters of local concern and private right, it is not probable that much, if any, legislation is desirable; but with reference to public administration and the relations of the islands to the federal government, there are many matters which are of pressing urgency.

The same necessity exists for legislation on the part of congress to establish federal courts and federal jurisdiction in the island as has been previously pointed out by me with reference to Hawaii.

Besides the administration of justice, there are the subjects of the public lands, the control and improvement of rivers and harbors, the control of the waters or streams not navigable, which, under the Spanish law, belonged to the crown of Spain, and have, by the treaty of cession, passed to the United States; the immigration of people from foreign countries, the importation of contract labor, the imposition and collection of internal revenue; the application of the navigation laws, the regulation of the current money, the establishment of postoffices and post roads, the regulation of tariff rates on merchandise imported from the island into the United States, the establishment of ports of entry and delivery, the regulation of patents and copyrights; these, with various other subjects which rest entirely within the power of the congress, call for careful consideration and immediate action.

It must be borne in mind that since the cession Puerto Rico has been denied the principal markets she had long enjoyed, and our tariffs have been continued against her products as when she was under Spanish sovereignty. The markets of Spain are closed to her products except upon terms to which the commerce of all nations is subjected. The island of Cuba, which used to buy her cattle and tobacco without customs duties, now imposes the same duties upon these products as from any other country entering her ports. She has therefore lost her free intercourse with Spain and Cuba, without any compensating benefits in this market. Her coffee was little known and not in use by our people, and therefore there was no demand here for this, one of her chief products. The markets of the United States should be opened up to her products. Our plain duty is to abolish all customs tariffs between the United States and Puerto Rico and give her products free access to our markets.

As a result of the hurricane which swept over Puerto Rico the 8th of August, 1899, over 100,000 people were reduced to absolute destitution, without homes, and deprived of the necessities of life. To the appeal of the war department the people of the United States made prompt and generous response. In addition to the private charity of our people the war department has expended for the relief of the distressed \$392,342.63, which does not include the cost of transportation.

It is desirable that the government of the island under the law of belligerent right, now maintained through the executive department, should be superseded by an administration entirely civil in its nature. For present purposes I recommend that congress pass a law for the organization of a temporary government, which shall provide for the appointment by the president, subject to confirmation by the senate, of a governor and such other offi-

cers as the general administration of the island may require, and that for legislative purposes on subjects of a local nature not partaking of a federal character a legislative council, composed partly of Puerto Ricans and partly of citizens of the United States, shall be nominated and appointed by the president, subject to confirmation by the senate, their acts to be subject to the approval of the congress or the president prior to going into effect.

In the municipalities and other local subdivisions I recommend that the principle of local self-government be applied at once, so as to enable the intelligent citizens of the island to participate in their own government and to learn by practical experience the duties and requirements of a self-contained and a self-governing people.

I have not thought it wise to commit the entire government of the island to officers selected by the people, because I doubt whether in habits, training and experience they are such as to fit them to exercise at once so large a degree of self-government, but it is my judgment and expectation that they will soon arrive at an attainment of experience and wisdom and self-control that will justify conferring upon them a much larger participation in the choice of their insular officers.

The fundamental requirement for these people, as for all people, is education. The free schoolhouse is the best preceptor for citizenship. In the introduction of modern educational methods care, however, must be exercised that changes be not made too abruptly, and that the history and racial peculiarities of the inhabitants shall be given due weight. Systems of education in these new possessions founded upon common-sense methods, adapted to existing conditions, and looking to the future movement and industrial advancement of the people, will commend to them in a peculiarly effective manner the blessings of free government.

MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS.

The love of law and the sense of obedience and submission to the lawfully constituted judicial tribunals are imbedded in the hearts of our people, and any violation of these sentiments and disregard of their obligations justly arouses public condemnation. The guaranties of life, liberty and of civil rights should be faithfully upheld, the right of trial by jury respected and defended. The rule of the courts should assure the public of the prompt trial of those charged with criminal offenses, and upon conviction the punishment should be commensurate with the enormity of the crime.

Those who, in disregard of law and the public peace, unwilling to await the judgment of court and jury, constitute themselves judges and executioners should not escape the severest penalties for their crimes.

LYNCHING MUST CEASE.

What I said in my inaugural address of March 4, 1897, I now repeat:

"The constitutional authorities must be cheerfully and vigorously upheld. Lynchings must not be tolerated in a great and civilized country like the United States. Courts, not mobs, must execute the penalties of the laws. The preservation of public order, the right of discussion, the

integrity of courts and the orderly administration of justice must continue forever the rock of safety upon which our government securely rests."

In accordance with the act of congress providing for an appropriate national celebration in the year 1900 of the establishment of the seat of government in the District of Columbia, I have appointed a committee, consisting of the governors of all the states and territories of the United States—who have been invited to assemble in the city of Washington the 21st of December, 1899—which, with the committees of the congress and the District of Columbia, is charged with the proper conduct of this celebration.

BRIDGE OVER THE POTOMAC.

Congress at its last session appropriated \$5,000 "to enable the chief of engineers of the army to continue the examination of the subject and to make or secure designs, calculations and estimates for a memorial bridge from the most convenient point of the naval observatory grounds, or adjacent thereto, across the Potomac river to the most convenient point of the Arlington estate property." In accordance with the provisions of this act the chief of engineers has selected four eminent bridge engineers to submit competitive designs for a bridge combining the elements of strength and durability, and such architectural embellishment and ornamentation as will fitly apply to the dedication, "A Memorial to American Patriotism." The designs are now being prepared, and as soon as completed will be submitted to the congress by the secretary of war. The proposed bridge would be a convenience to all the people from every part of the country who visit the national cemetery, an ornament to the capital of the nation, and forever stand as a monument to American patriotism. I do not doubt that congress will give to the enterprise still further proof of its favor and approval.

LIMITS OF CLASSIFIED SERVICE.

The executive order of May 6, 1896, extending the limits of the classified service, brought within the operation of the civil-service law and rules nearly all of the executive civil service not previously classified. Some of the inclusions were found wholly illogical and unsuited to the work of the several departments. The application of the rules to many of the places so included was found to result in friction and embarrassment. After long and very careful consideration it became evident to the heads of the departments responsible for their efficiency that in order to remove these difficulties and promote an efficient and harmonious administration certain amendments were necessary. These amendments were promulgated by me in executive order dated May 29, 1899.

The principal purpose of the order was to except from competitive examination certain places involving fiduciary responsibilities or duties of a strictly confidential, scientific or executive character, which, it was thought, might better be filled either by noncompetitive examination or in the discretion of the appointing officer than by open competition. These places were comparatively few in number. The order provides for the filling of a much larger

number of places, mainly in the outside service of the war department, by what is known as the registration system, under regulations to be approved by the president, similar to those which have produced such admirable results in the navy-yard service.

All of the amendments had for their main object a more efficient and satisfactory administration of the system of appointments, as established by the civil-service law. The results attained show that under their operation the public service has improved and that the civil-service system is relieved of many objectionable features which heretofore subjected it to just criticism and the administrative officers to the charge of unbusinesslike methods in the conduct of public affairs. It is believed that the merit system has been greatly strengthened and its permanence assured. It will be my constant aim in the administration of government in our new possessions to make fitness, character and merit essential to appointment to office, and to give to the capable and deserving inhabitants preference in appointments.

Dec. 14 will be the 100th anniversary of the death of Washington. For 100 years the republic has had the priceless advantage of the lofty standard of character and conduct which he bequeathed to the

American people. It is an inheritance which time, instead of wasting, continually increases and enriches. We may justly hope that in the years to come the benignant influence of the father of his country may be even more potent for good than in the century which is drawing to a close. I have been glad to learn that in many parts of the country the people will fittingly observe this historic anniversary.

OPPORTUNITIES OF CONGRESS.

Presented to this congress are great opportunities. With them come great responsibilities. The power confided to us increases the weight of our obligations to the people, and we must be profoundly sensitive of them as we contemplate the new and grave problems which confront us. Aiming only at the public good, we cannot err. A right interpretation of the people's will and of duty cannot fail to insure wise measures for the welfare of the islands which have come under the authority of the United States and inure to the common interest and lasting honor of our country. Never has this nation had more abundant cause than during the last year for thankfulness to God for manifold blessings and mercies, for which we make reverent acknowledgment.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 5, 1899.

ELECTORAL VOTE IN 1896.

The electoral vote as declared by congress Jan. 11, 1897, was as follows:

STATE.	PRESIDENT.		VICE-PRESIDENT.			STATE.	PRESIDENT.		VICE-PRESIDENT.		
	McKinley.	Bryan.	Hobart.	Sewell.	Watson.		McKinley.	Bryan.	Hobart.	Sewell.	Watson.
Alabama.....	.....	11	.....	11	.....	Nevada.....	.....	3	.....	3	.....
Arkansas.....	.....	8	.....	5	3	New Hampshire...	.....	4	.....	4	.....
California.....	8	1	8	1	.....	New Jersey.....	10	.....	10	.....	.....
Colorado.....	.....	4	.....	3	1	New York.....	36	.....	36	.....	.....
Connecticut.....	6	.....	6	.....	.....	North Carolina...	.....	11	.....	5	6
Delaware.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....	North Dakota.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	4	.....	4	.....	Ohio.....	23	.....	23	.....	.....
Georgia.....	.....	13	.....	13	.....	Oregon.....	4	.....	4	.....	.....
Idaho.....	.....	3	.....	2	1	Pennsylvania.....	32	.....	32	.....	.....
Illinois.....	24	.....	24	.....	.....	Rhode Island.....	4	.....	4	.....	.....
Indiana.....	15	.....	15	.....	.....	South Carolina...	.....	9	.....	9	.....
Iowa.....	13	.....	13	.....	.....	South Dakota.....	.....	4	.....	4	.....
Kansas.....	.....	10	.....	10	.....	Tennessee.....	.....	12	.....	12	.....
Kentucky.....	12	1	12	1	.....	Texas.....	.....	15	.....	15	.....
Louisiana.....	.....	8	.....	4	4	Utah.....	.....	3	.....	1	2
Maine.....	.....	6	.....	6	.....	Vermont.....	4	.....	4	.....	.....
Maryland.....	8	.....	8	.....	.....	Virginia.....	.....	12	.....	12	.....
Massachusetts.....	15	.....	15	.....	.....	Washington.....	.....	4	.....	2	2
Michigan.....	14	.....	14	.....	.....	West Virginia.....	6	.....	6	.....	.....
Minnesota.....	9	.....	9	.....	.....	Wisconsin.....	12	.....	12	.....	.....
Mississippi.....	.....	9	.....	9	.....	Wyoming.....	.....	3	.....	2	1
Missouri.....	.....	17	.....	13	4						
Montana.....	.....	3	.....	1	2						
Nebraska.....	.....	8	.....	4	4						
						Total.....	271	176	271	146	30

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

NAME.	Birthplace.	Year.	Paternal ancestry.	Residence.	Inaugurated.	Politics.	Died.	Age.
1 George Washington.....	Westmorel'd Co., Va.	1732	English	Va.	1789	Fed.	1799	67
2 John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.	1735	English	Mass.	1797	Fed.	1826	91
3 Thomas Jefferson.....	Shadwell, Va.	1743	Welsh	Va.	1801	Rep.	1826	83
4 James Madison.....	Port Conway, Va.	1751	English	Va.	1809	Rep.	1836	85
5 James Monroe.....	Westmorel'd Co., Va.	1758	Scotch	Va.	1817	Rep.	1831	73
6 John Quincy Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.	1767	English	Mass.	1825	Rep.	1848	81
7 Andrew Jackson.....	Union Co., N. C.	1767	Scotch-Irish	Tenn.	1829	Dem.	1845	78
8 Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1782	Dutch.	N. Y.	1837	Dem.	1862	80
9 William H. Harrison.....	Berkeley, Va.	1773	English	O.	1841	Whig.	1841	68
10 John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va.	1790	English	Va.	1841	Dem.	1862	72
11 James K. Polk.....	Mecklenberg Co., N. C.	1795	Scotch-Irish	Tenn.	1845	Dem.	1849	54
12 Zachary Taylor.....	Orange Co., Va.	1784	English	La.	1849	Whig.	1850	66
13 Millard Fillmore.....	Summerhill, N. Y.	1800	English	N. Y.	1850	Whig.	1874	74
14 Franklin Pierce.....	Hillsboro, N. H.	1804	English	N. H.	1853	Dem.	1869	65
15 James Buchanan.....	Cove Gap, Pa.	1791	Scotch-Irish	Pa.	1857	Dem.	1868	77
16 Abraham Lincoln.....	Larue Co., Ky.	1809	English	Ill.	1861	Rep.	1865	56
17 Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.	1808	English	Tenn.	1865	Rep.	1875	67
18 Ulysses S. Grant.....	Point Pleasant, O.	1822	Scotch	D. C.	1869	Rep.	1885	63
19 Rutherford B. Hayes.....	Delaware, O.	1822	Scotch	O.	1877	Rep.	1893	71
20 James A. Garfield.....	Cuyahoga Co., O.	1831	English	O.	1881	Rep.	1881	50
21 Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.	1830	Scotch-Irish	N. Y.	1881	Rep.	1886	56
22 Grover Cleveland.....	Caldwell, N. J.	1837	English	N. Y.	1885	Dem.	.....	.....
23 Benjamin Harrison.....	North Bend, O.	1833	English	Ind.	1889	Rep.	.....	.....
24 Grover Cleveland.....	Caldwell, N. J.	1837	English	N. Y.	1893	Dem.	.....	.....
25 William McKinley.....	Niles, O.	1843	Scotch-Irish	O.	1897	Rep.	.....	.....

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

1 John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.	1735	English	Mass.	1789	Fed.	1826	91
2 Thomas Jefferson.....	Shadwell, Va.	1743	Welsh	Va.	1797	Rep.	1826	83
3 Aaron Burr.....	Newark, N. J.	1756	English	N. Y.	1801	Rep.	1836	80
4 George Clinton.....	Ulster Co., N. Y.	1739	English	N. Y.	1805	Rep.	1812	73
5 Elbridge Gerry.....	Marblehead, Mass.	1744	English	Mass.	1813	Rep.	1814	70
6 D. D. Tompkins.....	Scarsdale, N. Y.	1774	English	N. Y.	1817	Rep.	1825	51
7 John C. Calhoun.....	Abbeville, S. C.	1782	Scotch-Irish	S. C.	1825	Rep.	1850	68
8 Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1782	Dutch.	N. Y.	1833	Dem.	1862	80
9 R. M. Johnson.....	Louisville, Ky.	1780	English	Ky.	1837	Dem.	1850	70
10 John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va.	1790	English	Va.	1841	Dem.	1862	72
11 George M. Dallas.....	Philadelphia, Pa.	1792	English	Pa.	1845	Dem.	1864	72
12 Millard Fillmore.....	Summerhill, N. Y.	1800	English	N. Y.	1849	Whig.	1874	74
13 William R. King.....	Sampson Co., N. C.	1786	English	Ala.	1853	Dem.	1853	67
14 J. C. Breckinridge.....	Lexington, Ky.	1821	Scotch.	Ky.	1857	Dem.	1875	54
15 Hannibal Hamlin.....	Paris, Me.	1809	English	Me.	1861	Rep.	1891	82
16 Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.	1808	English	Tenn.	1865	Rep.	1875	67
17 Schuyler Colfax.....	New York city.	1823	English	Ind.	1869	Rep.	1885	62
18 Henry Wilson.....	Farmington, N. H.	1812	English	Mass.	1873	Rep.	1875	63
19 William A. Wheeler.....	Malone, N. Y.	1819	English	N. Y.	1877	Rep.	1887	68
20 Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.	1830	Scotch-Irish	N. Y.	1881	Rep.	1886	56
21 T. A. Hendricks.....	Muskingum Co., O.	1819	Scotch-Irish	Ind.	1885	Dem.	1885	66
22 Levi P. Morton.....	Shoreham, Vt.	1824	Scotch.	N. Y.	1889	Rep.	.....	.....
23 A. E. Stevenson.....	Christian Co., Ky.	1835	Scotch.	Ill.	1893	Dem.	.....	.....
24 G. A. Hobart.....	Long Branch, N. J.	1844	English	N. J.	1897	Rep.	1899	55

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.	CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1.....	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenberg	Pa.	1750	1801	28.....	1843-45	J. W. Jones	Va.	1805	1848
2.....	1791-93	J. Trumbull	Conn.	1740	1806	29.....	1845-47	J. W. Davis	Ind.	1799	1850
3.....	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenberg	Pa.	1750	1801	30.....	1847-49	R. C. Winthrop	Mass.	1809	1884
4-5.....	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton	N. J.	1760	1824	31.....	1849-51	Howell Cobb	Ga.	1815	1868
6.....	1799-01	Theo. Sedgwick	Mass.	1746	1813	32-33.....	1851-55	Linn Boyd	Ky.	1800	1850
7-9.....	1801-07	Nathan' Macon	N. C.	1757	1837	34.....	1855-57	N. P. Banks	Mass.	1816	1884
10-11.....	1807-11	J. B. Varnum	Mass.	1750	1821	35.....	1857-59	James L. Orr	S. C.	1822	1873
12.....	1811-14	Henry Clay	Ky.	1777	1852	36.....	1860-61	W. Pennington	N. J.	1796	1862
13.....	1814-15	Langdon Cheves	S. C.	1776	1857	37.....	1861-63	G. A. Grow	Pa.	1823	.....
14-16.....	1815-20	Henry Clay	Ky.	1777	1852	38-40.....	1863-69	S. Colfax	Ind.	1823	1885
16.....	1820-21	J. W. Taylor	N. Y.	1784	1851	41.....	1869-75	G. B. Blaine	Me.	1830	1883
17.....	1821-23	P. P. Barbour	Va.	1783	1841	44.....	1875-76	M. C. Kerr	Ind.	1827	1876
18.....	1823-25	Henry Clay	Ky.	1777	1852	44-46.....	1876-81	S. J. Randall	Pa.	1828	1890
19.....	1825-27	J. W. Taylor	N. Y.	1784	1851	47.....	1881-83	J. W. Kiefer	O.	1836	.....
20-23.....	1827-34	A. Stevenson	Va.	1784	1857	48-50.....	1883-89	J. G. Carlisle	Ky.	1835	.....
23.....	1834-35	John Bell	Tenn.	1797	1869	51.....	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed	Me.	1839	.....
21-25.....	1835-39	James K. Polk	Tenn.	1795	1849	52-53.....	1891-95	C. F. Crisp	Eng.	1845	1896
26.....	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter	Va.	1809	1887	54-55.....	1895-97	Thomas B. Reed	Me.	1839	.....
27.....	1841-43	John White	Ky.	1805	1845	56.....	1899-	D. B. Henderson	La.	1840	.....

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AT EACH CENSUS, FROM 1850 TO 1890.

[From the Reports of the Superintendents of the Census.]

STATE OR TERRITORY.	1890.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.
Alabama.....	17 1,513,017	17 1,262,505	16 996,992	13 964,201	12 771,623
Arkansas.....	24 1,128,179	25 802,525	26 484,471	25 435,450	26 203,897
California.....	22 1,208,130	24 864,694	24 560,247	26 370,994	29 92,597
Colorado.....	31 412,198	35 194,327	...	...	...
Connecticut.....	29 746,259	28 622,700	25 537,454	24 460,147	21 370,792
Delaware.....	41 168,493	37 146,608	34 125,015	32 112,216	30 91,532
Florida.....	32 391,422	34 269,493	33 187,748	31 140,424	31 87,445
Georgia.....	12 1,837,353	13 1,542,180	12 1,184,109	11 1,057,286	9 906,185
Idaho.....	43 84,385	...	...	...	...
Illinois.....	3 3,826,351	4 3,077,871	4 2,539,891	4 1,711,951	11 851,470
Indiana.....	8 2,192,404	6 1,978,301	6 1,680,637	6 1,350,428	7 988,416
Iowa.....	10 1,911,896	10 1,624,615	11 1,194,020	20 674,913	27 192,214
Kansas.....	19 1,427,096	20 996,096	29 364,399	33 107,206	...
Kentucky.....	11 1,858,635	8 1,648,690	8 1,321,011	9 1,155,684	8 982,405
Louisiana.....	25 1,118,587	22 939,946	21 726,915	17 708,002	18 517,762
Maine.....	30 661,086	27 648,936	23 626,915	22 628,279	16 583,169
Maryland.....	27 1,042,300	23 934,943	20 780,894	19 687,049	17 583,034
Massachusetts.....	6 2,288,943	7 1,788,085	7 1,457,351	7 1,231,096	6 994,514
Michigan.....	9 2,063,889	9 1,636,937	13 1,184,059	16 749,113	20 397,634
Minnesota.....	20 1,301,826	26 780,773	28 439,706	30 172,023	33 6,077
Mississippi.....	21 1,289,000	18 1,131,597	18 827,922	14 791,305	15 606,526
Missouri.....	5 2,679,184	5 2,168,380	5 1,721,295	8 1,182,012	13 682,044
Montana.....	42 132,159	...	...	...	...
Nebraska.....	26 1,058,910	30 452,402	35 122,993	35 28,841	...
Nevada.....	45 45,761	38 62,266	37 42,491	36 6,857	...
New Hampshire.....	33 376,530	31 346,991	31 318,300	27 326,073	22 317,976
New Jersey.....	18 1,444,933	19 1,131,116	17 906,096	21 672,035	19 489,555
New York.....	1 5,997,853	1 5,082,871	1 4,382,759	1 3,880,735	1 3,097,394
North Carolina.....	16 1,617,947	15 1,399,750	14 1,071,361	12 992,622	10 869,039
North Dakota.....	39 182,719	...	...	...	...
Ohio.....	4 3,672,316	3 3,198,062	3 2,665,290	3 2,339,511	3 1,980,329
Oregon.....	38 313,767	36 174,768	36 90,923	34 52,465	32 13,294
Pennsylvania.....	2 5,258,014	2 4,282,891	2 3,521,951	2 2,906,215	2 2,311,786
Rhode Island.....	35 345,506	33 276,531	32 217,352	29 174,620	28 147,545
South Carolina.....	23 1,151,149	21 995,577	22 705,006	18 703,708	14 668,507
South Dakota.....	37 328,808	...	...	...	...
Tennessee.....	13 1,767,518	12 1,542,359	9 1,258,520	10 1,109,801	5 1,002,717
Texas.....	7 2,235,523	11 1,591,749	19 818,579	23 604,215	25 212,562
Utah.....	40 207,905	...	...	...	...
Vermont.....	36 332,422	32 332,286	30 330,551	28 315,098	23 314,120
Virginia.....	15 1,655,980	14 1,512,565	10 1,225,163	5 1,596,318	4 1,421,661
Washington.....	34 349,390	...	...	...	...
West Virginia.....	28 762,794	29 618,457	27 442,014	...	...
Wisconsin.....	14 1,686,890	16 1,315,497	15 1,054,670	15 775,881	24 305,391
Wyoming.....	44 60,705	...	...	...	...
The States.....	62,116,811	49,371,340	38,155,505	31,218,021	23,067,262
Alaska.....	6 36,500	...	...	...	...
Arizona.....	5 59,620	6 40,440	9 9,658	...	...
Dakota.....	3 135,177	8 14,181	6 4,837	...	...
District of Columbia.....	1 230,392	1 177,624	1 131,700	2 75,080	2 51,687
Idaho.....	8 32,610	7 14,999	...	...	...
Indian Territory.....	3 120,389	...	...	...	...
Montana.....	7 39,159	6 20,535	...	...	...
New Mexico.....	2 153,593	4 119,565	2 91,874	1 93,516	1 61,547
Oklahoma.....	4 61,834	...	...	...	...
Utah.....	...	143,963	86,786	40,273	11,380
Washington.....	...	75,116	23,955	...	...
Wyoming.....	...	20,789	9,118	...	...
The Territories.....	495,439	784,443	402,866	225,300	124,614
The United States.....	62,779,139	50,155,783	38,558,371	31,443,321	23,191,876
Per cent of gain.....	24.8	30.08	22.65	35.11	35.83

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories when arranged according to magnitude of population.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AT EACH CENSUS, FROM 1790 TO 1840.

[From the Reports of the Superintendents of the Census.]

STATE OR TERRITORY.	1840.		1830.		1820.		1810.		1800.		1790.	
Alabama.....	12	590,756	15	309,527	19	127,901						
Arkansas.....	25	97,574	27	30,388	25	14,255						
California.....												
Colorado.....												
Connecticut.....	20	302,978	16	297,675	14	275,148	9	261,542	8	251,002	8	237,904
Delaware.....	26	78,085	24	76,748	22	72,749	19	72,674	17	64,273	16	59,006
Florida.....	27	54,477	25	54,730								
Georgia.....	9	691,392	10	516,823	11	340,985	11	252,433	12	162,686	13	82,548
Idaho.....												
Illinois.....	14	476,183	20	157,445	24	55,162	23	12,282				
Indiana.....	10	688,866	13	343,031	18	147,178	21	24,520	20	5,641		
Iowa.....	28	43,112										
Kansas.....												
Kentucky.....	6	779,828	6	687,917	6	564,135	7	406,511	9	220,955	14	73,677
Louisiana.....	19	352,411	19	215,739	17	152,923	18	76,556				
Maine.....	13	501,793	12	359,455	12	238,269	14	228,705	14	151,719	11	96,540
Maryland.....	15	470,019	11	447,040	10	407,350	8	380,546	7	341,548	6	319,728
Massachusetts.....	8	737,689	8	610,408	7	523,159	5	472,040	5	422,845	4	378,787
Michigan.....	23	212,267	26	31,639	26	8,763	24	4,762				
Minnesota.....												
Mississippi.....	17	375,651	21	136,621	21	75,448	20	40,352	19	8,850		
Missouri.....	16	383,702	21	140,451	23	66,557	22	20,845				
Montana.....												
Nebraska.....												
Nevada.....												
New Hampshire.....	22	284,574	18	269,328	15	244,023	16	214,460	11	183,858	10	141,885
New Jersey.....	18	373,306	14	320,823	13	277,426	12	245,562	10	211,149	9	184,139
New York.....	1	2,428,921	1	1,918,608	1	1,372,111	2	959,049	3	589,051	5	340,120
North Carolina.....	7	753,419	5	737,987	4	638,829	4	555,500	4	478,103	3	338,751
North Dakota.....												
Ohio.....	3	1,519,467	4	937,903	5	581,295	13	230,760	18	45,365		
Oregon.....												
Pennsylvania.....	2	1,724,063	2	1,348,233	3	1,047,507	3	810,091	3	602,365	2	434,373
Rhode Island.....	24	108,830	23	97,199	20	83,015	17	76,931	16	69,122	15	68,825
South Carolina.....	11	594,398	9	581,185	8	502,741	6	415,115	6	345,591	7	249,073
South Dakota.....												
Tennessee.....	5	829,210	7	681,904	9	422,771	10	261,727	15	105,602	17	35,691
Texas.....												
Vermont.....	21	291,948	17	280,652	16	235,966	15	217,895	13	154,465	12	85,425
Virginia.....	4	1,239,797	3	1,211,405	2	1,065,116	1	974,600	1	880,200	1	747,610
Washington.....												
West Virginia.....												
Wisconsin.....	29	30,945										
Wyoming.....												
The States.....		17,019,641		12,820,868		9,600,783		7,215,858		5,294,390		
Alaska.....												
Arizona.....												
Dakota.....												
Dist. of Columbia.....	1	43,712	1	39,834	1	33,039	1	24,023	1	14,093		
Idaho.....												
Indian Territory.....												
Montana.....												
New Mexico.....												
Oklahoma.....												
Utah.....												
Washington.....												
Wyoming.....												
The Territories.....		43,712		39,834		33,039		24,023		14,093		
On public ships in service of U.S.....		6,100		5,318								
United States.....		17,069,453		12,866,020		9,638,822		7,239,881		5,308,483		3,929,214
Per cent of gain.....		33.52		32.51		33.06		36.38		35.10		

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories when arranged according to magnitude of population.

Election Returns.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT-1896.

(Republican pluralities in roman; opposition pluralities in heavy-face.)

STATE.	McKinley. Rep.	Bryan and Sewall. Dem.	Bryan & Watson Peo.	Lever- ing. Pro.	Bent- ley. Nat.	Match- ett. S.-L.	Palmer G. D.	Plu- rality.	*Total vote.
Alabama.....	54,737	107,137	24,089	2,147	.....	.....	6,462	76,489	194,572
Arkansas.....	37,512	110,103	.....	889	893	.....	.....	72,591	149,397
California.....	146,688	123,143	21,623	2,573	1,041	1,611	2,006	1,922	298,691
Colorado.....	26,271	158,674	2,389	1,717	386	159	.....	134,792	189,620
Connecticut.....	110,285	56,740	.....	1,808	.....	1,223	4,234	53,545	174,390
Delaware.....	16,804	13,424	.....	355	.....	.....	877	3,360	31,460
Florida.....	11,288	30,683	2,053	654	.....	.....	1,778	21,448	46,461
Georgia.....	60,091	94,232	.....	5,543	.....	.....	2,708	34,141	163,061
Idaho.....	6,324	23,192	.....	197	.....	.....	.....	16,868	29,695
Illinois.....	607,130	464,523	1,090	9,796	793	1,147	6,390	141,517	1,090,869
Indiana.....	323,754	305,753	.....	3,066	2,208	329	2,145	18,001	637,305
Iowa.....	289,293	222,741	.....	3,192	352	453	4,516	65,452	521,547
Kansas.....	159,345	126,660	46,194	1,611	620	.....	1,209	13,509	335,639
Kentucky.....	218,171	217,890	.....	4,781	.....	.....	5,019	281	445,861
Louisiana.....	22,037	77,175	.....	1,894	.....	.....	.....	55,138	101,046
Maine.....	80,465	32,201	2,487	1,570	.....	.....	1,870	45,777	118,593
Maryland.....	136,459	104,735	.....	5,918	136	587	2,507	32,224	250,842
Massachusetts.....	278,976	90,530	13,181	2,908	.....	2,114	11,749	173,265	401,568
Michigan.....	298,582	236,714	.....	5,025	1,995	.....	6,879	56,808	544,492
Minnesota.....	193,501	139,626	.....	4,365	.....	915	3,230	53,875	341,637
Mississippi.....	5,130	56,363	7,517	485	.....	.....	1,071	53,760	70,566
Missouri.....	304,940	363,647	.....	2,196	293	595	2,355	58,727	674,019
Montana.....	10,494	42,537	.....	186	.....	.....	.....	32,043	53,217
Nebraska.....	103,064	115,969	.....	1,243	797	183	2,885	12,935	224,171
Nevada.....	1,968	7,802	575	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,439	10,315
New Hampshire.....	57,444	21,271	379	779	49	228	3,520	35,794	83,670
New Jersey.....	221,367	133,675	.....	5,614	.....	3,985	6,373	87,692	371,014
New York.....	819,838	551,306	.....	16,032	.....	17,067	18,950	268,469	1,545,956
North Carolina.....	155,222	174,488	.....	675	247	.....	.....	19,266	329,710
North Dakota.....	26,335	20,681	.....	358	.....	.....	.....	9,465	47,379
Ohio.....	525,991	474,882	2,615	5,068	2,716	.....	1,857	48,494	1,014,292
Oregon.....	48,779	46,682	.....	919	.....	.....	977	2,117	97,337
Pennsylvania.....	728,300	422,064	11,174	10,274	870	1,633	11,000	205,072	1,194,255
Rhode Island.....	36,437	14,459	.....	1,160	.....	558	1,163	21,978	53,785
South Carolina.....	9,231	58,798	.....	.....	.....	.....	828	49,517	68,907
South Dakota.....	41,042	41,225	.....	683	.....	.....	.....	183	82,950
Tennessee.....	148,773	163,651	4,525	3,008	.....	.....	1,951	19,408	321,988
Texas.....	167,520	290,862	79,572	1,786	.....	.....	5,046	202,914	544,786
Utah.....	13,491	64,607	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	33,116	96,124
Vermont.....	51,127	10,179	458	733	.....	.....	1,331	40,490	63,828
Virginia.....	135,368	154,709	.....	2,350	.....	108	2,129	19,341	294,664
Washington.....	39,153	51,046	.....	908	148	.....	1,423	12,433	95,583
West Virginia.....	105,363	94,480	.....	1,216	.....	.....	675	10,888	201,739
Wisconsin.....	268,135	165,523	.....	7,509	346	.....	4,584	102,612	447,411
Wyoming.....	10,072	10,369	296	136	.....	.....	.....	583	20,963
Totals.....	7,107,822	6,288,866	222,207	130,633	13,950	33,545	133,800	.....	14,073,285
Majority.....	284,771	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

*Includes scattering, blank and defective votes.

In calculating pluralities in this and the following tables the Bryan-Sewall, the Bryan-Watson and the middle-of-the-road votes are combined for the Bryan vote. There was fusion on the electoral ticket of the democrats and populists, and in some states silver republicans, in the following states: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. In some of the states, like Illinois and Kansas, there were Bryan-Watson tickets run by the middle-of-the-road populists.

It has been impossible to separate the populist from the democratic vote in the states in which there was a fusion of those parties. In some of the states, like Illinois, in which the two parties voted for the same electors, but upon separate tickets, county officers, in making returns to the secretaries of state, have combined the votes on electors and it is impossible to say how the vote should be divided. In such cases the vote classed under the head "Bryan-Watson" is no indication of the strength of the people's party, while at the same time it gives too large a vote to the democrats. There is no way of giving, even approximately, the vote of the two parties on presidential electors.

Vote of States and Territories by Counties.

ALABAMA (Population 1,513,817).

COUNTIES. (66)	PRESIDENT 1896					Gov. '94		PRESIDENT 1902					Gov. '90	
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.	Palmer.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Long.	Rep.	Dem.
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Levering.	Palmer.	Oates.	Kolb.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Long.	Jones.	Jones.
13330 Autauga.....	289	1232	49	11	99..	776	337..	81	920	2	951..	254	1387	
8941 Baldwin.....	404	704	22	17	34..	647	421..	382	912	2	86..	384	724	
8488 Barbour.....	1437	2215	442	29	315..	3407	657..	19	4315	—	1241..	389	4901	
23824 Bibb.....	650	984	532	30	39..	787	1305..	22	1152	6	1204..	573	1161	
21927 Blount.....	2619	1890	632	30	40..	1580	1768..	58	1944	—	1304..	246	1500	
27063 Bullock.....	749	1844	23	16	131..	2309	292..	75	1844	—	1483..	659	2068	
31641 Butler.....	846	1256	558	27	88..	1070	1778..	253	1313	—	1717..	736	2731	
23835 Calhoun.....	1222	2317	471	115	171..	2542	2072..	218	3249	4	1613..	398	2473	
26319 Chambers.....	1057	1722	288	27	63..	1874	2298..	108	2321	—	1717..	1326	2086	
10459 Cherokee.....	603	659	1117	18	80..	1055	1831..	218	1709	2	1301..	56	1919	
14549 Chilton.....	310	549	582	22	52..	503	1212..	189	648	—	902..	279	1420	
27526 Choctaw.....	357	1017	468	11	50..	912	1311..	216	864	—	988..	246	1015	
12624 Clarke.....	502	2200	43	23	25..	1831	1128..	371	1561	—	1042..	451	1737	
15765 Clay.....	489	1112	298	25	37..	1175	1210..	47	1161	—	1106..	608	1201	
13218 Cleburne.....	472	879	114	33	21..	735	900..	47	1045	3	659..	260	1038	
22170 Coffee.....	114	799	695	24	52..	960	1271..	47	992	5	899..	65	1122	
10189 Colbert.....	1754	1615	43	14	93..	1297	1198..	—	1960	—	1510..	1050	1350	
14504 Conecuh.....	881	509	332	41	155..	755	1174..	—	877	—	1627..	830	1319	
15906 Coosa.....	499	870	423	39	49..	984	1508..	107	954	—	1233..	266	1292	
7596 Covington.....	69	637	460	16	16..	702	753..	7	848	1	562..	22	1081	
15425 Crenshaw.....	330	909	899	28	164..	1435	1498..	49	1820	—	1278..	377	1963	
13439 Cullman.....	447	755	447	27	140..	869	1176..	6	1066	8	1023..	213	754	
17225 Dale.....	289	1198	957	50	94..	1350	1870..	15	1490	1	1109..	208	1584	
49350 Dallas.....	519	4042	49	10	52..	6517	167..	1028	7539	—	947..	1128	7853	
21106 DeKalb.....	1446	1365	221	28	46..	1368	1538..	5	1868	2	1187..	968	1569	
21732 Elmore.....	1379	1182	741	46	119..	1457	2459..	84	1258	—	2506..	1207	2053	
8666 Escambia.....	482	877	37	20	82..	688	576..	21	1110	1	657..	181	541	
21926 Etowah.....	873	977	805	36	109..	1555	1817..	269	2225	21	1266..	741	2405	
12823 Fayette.....	441	603	619	14	39..	624	1204..	158	728	10	822..	379	1090	
10681 Franklin.....	483	821	287	17	33..	463	1046..	23	1290	—	609..	459	945	
10690 Geneva.....	46	488	758	21	30..	694	1091..	—	797	3	715..	42	967	
22007 Greene.....	503	1752	139	15	24..	846	199..	355	2129	—	511..	514	1871	
27501 Hale.....	933	2768	138	43	77..	2725	332..	12	3350	—	822..	491	8890	
24847 Henry.....	675	2157	903	46	246..	1991	1691..	133	2712	—	1215..	549	1890	
28026 Jackson.....	675	2653	903	31	117..	1988	1684..	—	3044	5	1633..	1174	2410	
83501 Jefferson.....	3394	6977	1842	369	450..	4589	4587..	296	10055	69	4584..	792	9921	
14187 Lamar.....	509	1093	170	22	69..	1157	911..	31	1458	—	587..	303	1443	
23739 Lauderdale.....	1024	2254	46	15	45..	1648	793..	—	2332	4	1289..	435	1475	
20725 Lawrence.....	1685	1199	49	45	81..	855	2319..	8	1516	7	1961..	1706	1426	
28694 Lee.....	1491	1584	153	41	133..	1424	1903..	318	2754	—	1374..	1190	2387	
21201 Limestone.....	1520	1734	73	23	27..	1297	1454..	18	1447	11	1858..	473	1294	
31550 Lowndes.....	642	2973	28	6	40..	4995	361..	349	8238	—	716..	1020	4965	
19439 Macon.....	259	1011	32	5	56..	1144	211..	13	200	—	704..	894	1428	
38119 Madison.....	2548	3973	83	46	103..	2764	1371..	8	3045	7	3607..	1936	2337	
53095 Marengo.....	764	3089	79	13	25..	—	—	233	2847	—	2198..	928	4778	
31347 Marion.....	502	1164	37	3	23..	1055	579..	7	1217	8	478..	455	1712	
18955 Marshall.....	520	977	967	33	37..	1150	1773..	1	1521	2	1103..	354	1807	
11587 Mobile.....	2778	3811	137	149	482..	2505	1544..	397	4680	—	1979..	1797	2274	
18990 Monroe.....	—	—	—	—	—	1650	424..	8	1850	—	689..	516	2175	
56172 Montgomery.....	977	2582	71	44	526..	4930	280..	7	3702	—	2784..	2427	5787	
24089 Morgan.....	1462	1970	158	52	195..	1651	1549..	3	2160	26	2125..	567	1672	
29632 Perry.....	463	2485	197	10	34..	1184	489..	48	3452	—	748..	831	4484	
22470 Pickens.....	211	1279	993	17	66..	1802	1746..	83	1919	7	1009..	79	1520	
24423 Pike.....	862	1569	508	43	212..	1710	1400..	42	2298	—	1455..	748	1912	
17219 Randolph.....	802	1265	177	22	55..	644	1328..	126	1196	—	1245..	396	1130	
24093 Russell.....	773	1623	22	3	35..	1271	419..	10	2150	—	1506..	699	1623	
20886 Shelby.....	1051	875	707	19	65..	1279	1747..	78	1079	4	1469..	953	2015	
17353 St. Clair.....	603	583	1021	25	47..	715	2005..	307	1745	1	1593..	207	1263	
29574 Sumter.....	1459	1799	35	18	136..	1843	408..	781	3185	—	60	803	2385	
39346 Talladega.....	922	1635	219	40	49..	2235	2171..	108	2368	11	2577..	957	2472	
25460 Tallapoosa.....	685	2019	672	81	106..	1879	2476..	306	2470	—	1487..	806	2163	
30652 Tuskalooosa.....	965	1404	747	51	79..	2065	2213..	708	2212	4	1342..	462	2119	
16078 Walker.....	1101	1094	184	22	22..	1201	1516..	4	1583	4	1472..	1349	1431	
7965 Washington.....	224	551	91	10	46..	582	317..	94	693	2	601..	280	988	
30816 Wilcox.....	45	2654	2	3	45..	6270	131..	215	4687	—	532..	298	4436	
6552 Winston.....	589	274	75	5	6..	402	633..	2	526	—	568..	452	402	

Total..... 54737 107137 24089 2147 6462.. 110865 83283.. 9197 138138 239 85181.. 42440 138910

Plurality..... 66154 .. 27582 .. 52957 .. 97470

Per cent..... 28.13 55.06 12.38 1.10 3.32.. 57.12 42.88.. 8.92 58.86 .. 10 36.28 .. 23.09 76.12

Scattering..... 1986 .. 1491

Total vote..... 194572 .. 194148 .. 234746 .. 183841

*Kolb was supported by the republicans and so-called "Kolb democrats."

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Choctaw, Clarke, Marengo, Mobile, Monroe and Washington.

A. N. Johnson, Rep..... 1,061

G. W. Taylor, Dem..... 5,986

2. The counties of Baldwin, Butler, Conecuh, Covington, Crenshaw, Escambia, Montgomery, Pike and Wilcox.

Frank Simmons, Rep..... 1,620

Jesse F. Stallings, Dem..... 9,145

J. H. Giddens, Ind.....	209
3. The counties of Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee and Russell, H. D. Clayton, Dem.....	8,287
I. N. Fitzpatrick, Ind.....	262
4. The counties of Calhoun, Chilton, Cleburne, Dallas, Shelby and Talladega. W. F. Aldrich, Rep.....	5,685
G. A. Robbins, Dem.....	6,915
5. The counties of Autauga, Chambers, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Lowndes, Macon, Randolph and Tallapoosa. Douglass Smith, Rep.....	2,504
Willis Brewer, Dem.....	8,842
6. The counties of Fayette, Greene, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuskaloosa and Walker. Don Cooper, Rep.....	2,942
John H. Bankhead, Dem.....	7,009
7. The counties of Cherokee, Cullman, De-	

Kalb, Etowah, Franklin, Marshall, St. Clair and Winston. O. B. Street, Rep.....	5,032
J. L. Burnett, Dem.....	6,949
F. H. Lathrop, Pop.....	3,592
8. The counties of Colbert, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison and Morgan. Joseph Wheeler, Dem.....	5,368
No opposition.	
9. The counties of Bibb, Blount, Hale, Jefferson and Perry. J. G. McEnery, Rep.....	1,302
O. W. Underwood, Dem.....	7,155
L. L. Schwarz, Ind.....	160

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans	2	3	5	1	1	2
Democrats	22	74	95	24	65	89
People's	9	23	32	8	34	42

ARIZONA (Population 59,620).

COUNTIES. (12)	-DEL. '98-			-DEL. '96-			-DEL. '94-			-DEL. '92-			-DEL. '90-		
	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.
Population.	Brodie, Wilson.			Smith, Doran.			O'Neill, Murphy, H. Anderson, O'Neill.			Stewart, Smith.			Cheney, Smith.		
4281 Apache.....	264	221..	227	230	19..	471	432	70..	437	424..	345	552	345	552	
6368 Cochise.....	648	711..	521	262	357..	481	340	329..	465	730..	605	799	605	799	
..... Cocoonino.....	464	350..	358	415	225..	441	354	106..	548	326..	—	—	—	—	
2021 Gila.....	383	634..	302	140	380..	118	161	286..	275	413..	282	431	282	431	
5670 Graham.....	521	871..	791	264	241..	456	568	188..	269	246..	347	561	347	561	
10886 Maricopa.....	1743	1671..	1414	1063	738..	1331	1124	727..	930	1368..	768	1147	768	1147	
1444 Mohave.....	168	474..	187	43	315..	110	114	278..	245	242..	238	249	238	249	
..... Navajo.....	339	286..	234	246	41..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
12673 Pima.....	834	757..	618	413	275..	667	556	213..	638	691..	721	701	721	701	
4251 Pinal.....	273	259..	271	148	104..	304	186	113..	258	233..	292	340	292	340	
8685 Yavapai.....	1404	1718..	921	767	1063..	1103	813	523..	953	1080..	1180	1202	1180	1202	
2671 Yuma.....	343	259..	221	99	138..	166	128	133..	153	197..	163	155	163	155	
Total.....	7384	8212..	6065	4090	3896..	5648	4773	3006..	5171	7152..	4941	6137	4941	6137	
Plurality.....	828..			1975			875			1918..			1918..		
Per cent.....	47.22 52.78..			43.13 29.15 27.71..			42.40 35.81 21.78..			41.50 58.49..			44.52 55.48..		
Total vote.....	15596			14060			15324			12323			11078		

LEGISLATURE, 1899-1900.

	Council.	House.	J. B.
Republicans.....	4	11	15
Democrats.....	8	13	21

LEGISLATURE, 1897-98.

	Council.	House.	J. B.
Republicans.....	3	1	4
Democrats.....	9	23	32

ARKANSAS (Population 1,128,179).

COUNTIES. (75)	-GOV. 1898-				-PRES. 1896-				-GOV. 1894-			
	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Lib.	Rep.	Dem.	Nat. Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Pro.	Pro.
Population.	Auten.				Jones, Morgan, McKnight, McKinley, Bryan, Bentley, Lever, Remmel, Clarke, Barker, Miller.							
11432 Arkansas.....	539	974	41	14..	550	1175	6	11..	426	891	109	34
13295 Ashley.....	214	532	12	3..	405	1760	18	72..	140	715	110	4
8527 Baxter.....	182	539	18	1..	262	980	—	2..	275	703	75	3
27716 Benton.....	646	1654	141	18..	685	3548	13	21..	646	1811	674	96
15816 Boone.....	360	865	36	3..	573	1732	6	13..	455	1217	92	24
7972 Bradley.....	13	525	17	1..	185	976	3	2..	96	693	105	2
7267 Calhoun.....	33	410	6	1..	216	910	2	2..	152	564	45	—
17288 Carroll.....	617	1056	75	12..	875	1790	23	21..	705	1007	354	41
11419 Chicot.....	48	656	—	1..	258	418	17	67..	296	345	10	8
22467 Clark.....	566	1123	730	76..	833	1910	57	25..	558	1170	1103	68
12200 Clay.....	382	1119	116	6..	475	1537	10	12..	350	832	253	—
7684 Cleburne.....	103	803	228	5..	108	1017	7	4..	57	631	490	23
11362 Cleveland.....	82	554	35	1..	251	1269	8	8..	60	783	144	—
19833 Columbia.....	165	859	34	8..	537	2159	4	7..	290	1417	332	10
19459 Conway.....	506	1240	27	10..	656	2255	7	11..	315	1476	325	27
12025 Craighead.....	288	1513	134	31..	329	1830	2	3..	245	943	285	35
21714 Crawford.....	1367	1782	103	11..	1311	1870	8	10..	706	1346	540	37
13940 Crittenden.....	46	663	7	6..	258	625	5	5..	75	454	15	4
7636 Cross.....	92	427	9	1..	224	908	—	1..	282	694	78	9
9296 Dallas.....	248	555	58	10..	479	1052	5	2..	532	701	243	19
10524 Desha.....	28	269	3	—	290	396	21	9..	163	502	11	4
17352 Drew.....	398	891	117	3..	643	1751	5	6..	718	927	546	11
18342 Faulkner.....	351	1421	379	10..	656	2044	6	8..	373	1443	1047	22
19734 Franklin.....	348	1152	115	7..	434	1746	25	88..	477	1374	275	17
10684 Fulton.....	286	874	63	4..	353	1259	2	1..	276	781	222	12
15223 Garland.....	492	1197	48	13..	703	1465	40	36..	567	1083	226	36
7786 Grant.....	66	649	18	3..	125	801	2	3..	92	586	103	5
12908 Greene.....	243	1108	84	11..	262	1627	7	4..	193	736	458	18
22796 Hempstead.....	902	1560	50	20..	1245	1832	10	19..	1048	1307	206	31
11603 Hot Springs.....	131	707	120	10..	242	1331	9	12..	106	837	829	20
13789 Howard.....	165	777	117	3..	294	1392	1	2..	195	191	516	4

ELECTION RETURNS.

315

Population.	Auten.	Jones.	Morgan.	McKnight.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bentley.	Lever.	g Rammel.	Clerke.	Barker.	Miller
21961 Independence.....	513	1502	421	19..	567	2089	9	11..	398	1579	1013	42
19483 Izard.....	264	1003	60	3..	285	1507	11	13..	215	1137	180	16
15179 Jackson.....	511	1191	33	5..	588	1585	—	9..	731	1058	103	10
40881 Jefferson.....	874	1766	65	24..	1050	1653	27	20..	740	1724	71	19
16758 Johnson.....	394	1223	172	11..	491	1831	3	6..	357	1172	465	25
7700 Lafayette.....	341	578	34	6..	423	608	2	3..	311	422	91	7
12884 Lawrence.....	299	1241	162	15..	337	1679	23	14..	378	1158	358	32
18886 Lee.....	679	1610	—	—	213	1946	23	19..	102	950	54	8
10255 Lincoln.....	143	1037	42	2..	236	1026	2	1..	171	809	227	4
8903 Little River.....	260	820	52	1..	273	852	7	7..	325	642	270	9
20774 Logan.....	825	1339	62	2..	946	1786	6	3..	885	1420	364	32
19263 Loneoke.....	550	1686	162	13..	437	2300	12	13..	145	1606	496	20
17402 Madison.....	1189	1557	27	13..	1260	1889	16	17..	1194	1248	64	—
14714 Marion.....	221	724	16	2..	836	1212	25	3..	290	836	78	6
10690 Miller.....	258	703	98	4..	565	1073	6	15..	184	855	375	22
11655 Mississippi.....	172	1019	35	14..	168	815	2	—	56	551	29	9
15336 Monroe.....	152	615	12	5..	436	1019	77	60..	270	620	51	9
37923 Montgomery.....	136	551	87	15..	220	1008	—	—	106	603	321	48
14832 Nevada.....	371	985	438	20..	469	1669	4	7..	140	1026	1036	25
9350 Newton.....	661	488	29	—	733	650	4	8..	707	467	89	8
17083 Ouachita.....	702	1019	36	2..	1029	1366	2	9..	790	1136	136	21
5538 Perry.....	153	498	44	4..	217	678	4	2..	78	462	356	—
25341 Phillips.....	62	960	—	—	815	1085	43	35..	43	1309	3	1
8537 Pike.....	164	712	218	9..	231	864	2	—	48	649	537	12
4272 Poinsett.....	111	558	15	7..	130	572	3	7..	205	594	26	25
12853 Polk.....	287	786	400	17..	51	1004	4	8..	79	485	535	29
19458 Pope.....	534	1439	77	6..	762	2315	13	7..	407	1618	580	27
11374 Prairie.....	430	851	34	3..	633	1145	3	2..	218	764	130	6
47329 Pulaski.....	769	1973	56	9..	1754	3021	74	45..	605	2202	559	65
14485 Randolph.....	846	1730	66	7..	307	1915	4	—	184	1384	120	18
11311 Saline.....	133	1069	71	16..	268	1117	2	—	128	1004	275	15
12335 Scott.....	187	767	119	3..	264	1260	31	6..	118	903	502	22
9064 Searcy.....	715	620	13	4..	737	615	2	2..	624	584	49	10
33200 Sebastian.....	675	1784	113	19..	1009	2622	12	17..	936	2069	531	87
10072 Sevier.....	191	814	267	4..	170	1166	4	15..	67	715	480	10
10418 Sharp.....	198	769	104	15..	230	1383	1	2..	119	802	303	13
13543 St. Francis.....	147	512	20	3..	455	1087	3	5..	650	723	420	11
7043 Stone.....	143	478	111	6..	172	728	5	2..	79	466	309	3
14977 Union.....	68	384	51	2..	148	1749	20	31..	47	1368	197	20
48567 Van Buren.....	406	805	145	4..	374	846	20	25..	279	629	249	9
32024 Washington.....	962	1840	237	25..	1197	3208	17	23..	990	1852	935	62
22946 White.....	496	1901	1081	27..	559	2876	17	8..	414	1527	1434	64
14009 Woodruff.....	306	1011	15	4..	620	1478	5	4..	234	1305	63	7
18015 Yell.....	659	1533	31	6..	812	2261	4	8..	379	1236	146	30
Total.....	27524	75362	8332	679..	37512	110103	893	889..	26085	74809	24541	1551
Plurality.....		47838				72591				48724		
Per cent.....	24.59	67.26	7.45	.06..	25.11	73.69	.09	.09..	20.54	58.12	19.32	1.22
Total vote.....		111897				149307				126386		

In 1886 the democrats and populists fused on electoral ticket, the democrats having 5 electors and the populists having 5.
In 1898 the people's and liberty parties nominated candidate for governor only.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Secretary of State—	
H. H. Myers, Rep.....	30,942
A. C. Hull, Dem.....	78,310
Treasurer—A. L. Krewson, Rep.....	30,722
T. E. Little, Dem.....	80,226
Auditor—Andrew I. Roland, Rep.....	30,269
Clay Sloan, Dem.....	78,840
Att'y-General—J. F. Henley, Rep.....	30,119
Jefferson Davis, Dem.....	78,103
Land Commissioner—	
George W. French, Rep.....	31,167
T. C. Colquitt, Dem.....	79,763
Commissioner Agriculture—	
Charles W. Cox, Rep.....	30,471
Frank Hill, Dem.....	80,114
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
J. B. Willford, Rep.....	30,493
J. J. Doyme, Dem.....	78,498
Associate Justice—	
James Brizzalara, Rep.....	30,348
J. E. Riddick, Dem.....	80,335

VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

4. Tax for road improvement.	
For.....	63,733
Against.....	16,940
5. Railroad commission.	
For.....	57,209
Against.....	24,079

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Greene, Jackson, Lawrence, Lee, Mississippi, Phillips, Poinsett, Randolph, St. Francis, Sharp and Woodruff.	
P. D. McCulloch, Dem.....	4,103
Scattering.....	38
2. Counties of Bradley, Cleveland, Dallas, Drew, Garland, Grant, Hot Springs, Jefferson, Lincoln, Montgomery, Polk, Saline, Scott, Sebastian.	
T. E. Little, Dem.....	3,415
Scattering.....	8
3. Counties of Ashley, Calhoun, Clark, Columbia, Desha, Hempstead, Howard, Lafayette, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier and Union.	
T. C. McRae, Dem.....	3,866
Scattering.....	1
4. Counties of Franklin, Johnson, Logan, Perry, Pulaski, Pope and Yell.	
J. S. Little, Dem.....	3,415
Scattering.....	37
5. Counties of Benton, Boone, Carroll, Conway, Faulkner, Madison, Newton, Searcy, Van Buren and Washington.	
H. A. Dinsmore, Dem.....	6,423
J. T. Hopper, Rep.....	2,706

6. Counties of Arkansas, Baxter, Cleburne, Fulton, Independence, Izard, Lonoke, Marion, Monroe, Prairie, Stone and White.

S. Brundidge, Jr., Dem..... 2,732
Scattering 4

LEGISLATURE.					
1898-99.					
Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Democrats	32	98	130..	30	85
Republicans	—	2	2..	1	2
People's	—	—	1	13	14

CALIFORNIA (Population 1,208,036).

COUNTIES. (57)	GOVERNOR 1898						PRESIDENT 1896					
	*Rep. Gage.	*Dem. MacGraw.	Pro. McComas.	S. L. Harriss.	S. L. Larkin.	S. L. McKinley.	Rep. Bryan.	Dem. Bryan.	Pro. Lever.	Pro. Bryan.	Nat. Bryan.	S. L. G. D.
93864 Alameda.....	11993	8246	180	321..	13429	8394	—	132	56	101	127	1
667 Alpine.....	64	28	—	—	40	—	39	1	—	—	—	1
10320 Amador.....	1351	1304	27	24..	1144	1323	75	20	9	2	10	—
17939 Butte.....	2245	2012	69	43..	2075	2120	—	20	32	6	41	—
8882 Calaveras.....	1609	1432	16	23..	1541	1359	—	5	5	7	16	—
14640 Colusa.....	664	1076	18	30..	581	1250	159	10	2	9	28	—
13515 Contra Costa.....	1893	1472	29	22..	1834	1142	239	14	21	4	15	—
2592 Del Norte.....	354	305	9	13..	345	274	60	7	—	2	15	—
9232 El Dorado.....	1332	1415	26	34..	1130	1674	—	16	17	7	19	—
33026 Fresno.....	2783	3390	152	117..	2686	3790	—	85	32	39	71	—
..... Glenn.....	561	828	14	7..	479	825	—	1	2	2	6	—
23469 Humboldt.....	3171	2207	84	123..	3142	1322	1143	32	9	8	30	—
3544 Inyo.....	478	508	17	13..	286	532	—	10	5	2	6	—
9808 Kern.....	1723	1886	21	67..	1430	1763	—	28	6	12	35	—
..... Kings.....	918	898	27	11..	673	862	—	13	6	2	10	—
7101 Lake.....	627	757	50	30..	546	—	—	854	20	5	2	12
4239 Lassen.....	558	458	14	16..	420	396	132	3	3	3	12	—
101454 Los Angeles.....	14436	11142	210	411..	16391	12252	3791	787	82	103	141	—
..... Madera.....	558	765	16	17..	452	—	739	13	2	1	5	—
13072 Marin.....	1345	945	6	47..	1448	789	85	3	5	21	8	—
3787 Mariposa.....	521	747	19	13..	563	636	193	7	2	—	19	—
17612 Mendocino.....	2004	2188	56	25..	2033	1744	376	24	10	3	42	—
8065 Merced.....	801	1074	32	18..	653	733	334	15	8	4	19	—
4986 Modoc.....	375	549	8	12..	800	588	—	9	1	4	9	—
2002 Mono.....	335	241	3	2..	259	—	315	1	1	1	8	—
18337 Monterey.....	1995	2050	77	53..	1878	2149	—	21	20	11	23	—
16411 Napa.....	1947	1578	47	41..	2032	1313	159	23	9	8	26	—
17369 Nevada.....	2577	1971	50	19..	1985	2360	—	32	22	10	32	—
13589 Orange.....	1912	1781	177	32..	1932	1023	689	99	15	2	29	—
15101 Placer.....	2216	1806	34	26..	1890	1463	258	8	34	9	22	—
4933 Plumas.....	660	554	8	8..	678	532	43	7	2	—	7	—
..... Riverside.....	2118	1518	179	69..	2063	1309	375	112	7	4	20	—
40339 Sacramento.....	5689	3414	57	102..	4600	4229	602	49	39	58	96	—
6412 San Benito.....	738	934	19	14..	729	—	956	7	10	6	11	—
25497 San Bernardino.....	2688	2506	223	98..	2818	951	1789	188	21	12	26	—
34987 San Diego.....	3436	3253	145	168..	3631	2368	1540	96	19	71	35	—
258397 San Francisco.....	25218	24332	134	1383..	31041	30649	—	109	133	784	291	—
289239 San Joaquin.....	3894	3018	80	121..	3500	3144	856	54	36	31	59	—
16072 San Luis Obispo.....	1657	1828	65	31..	1671	—	2056	39	24	8	27	—
10087 San Mateo.....	1587	1038	14	36..	1607	987	—	14	2	8	13	—
15754 Santa Barbara.....	2072	1736	95	35..	2004	1916	—	60	9	20	44	—
48005 Santa Clara.....	6821	4883	179	232..	6315	4950	241	68	104	62	55	—
19270 Santa Cruz.....	2149	2061	73	93..	1969	1233	667	46	28	23	57	—
12133 Shasta.....	1588	2028	52	71..	1210	1936	—	20	9	9	40	—
5051 Sierra.....	757	480	4	5..	707	475	52	6	3	—	7	—
12163 Siskiyou.....	1737	1722	21	38..	1473	1724	—	7	26	6	42	—
23946 Solano.....	3005	2262	52	85..	2702	2053	226	27	13	10	45	—
32721 Sonoma.....	4063	3587	83	100..	4053	3123	472	23	25	31	89	—
10040 Stanislaus.....	1127	1336	38	21..	1007	—	1598	14	19	1	23	—
5469 Sutter.....	880	704	20	13..	936	647	66	12	2	—	13	—
9316 Tehama.....	1088	1170	15	25..	969	841	294	11	10	2	12	—
3719 Trinity.....	687	584	7	14..	602	460	85	4	2	2	28	—
24574 Tulare.....	1725	2245	74	204..	1410	2673	—	35	13	31	19	—
6082 Tuolumne.....	1219	1598	49	42..	834	1140	168	24	4	5	24	—
10071 Ventura.....	1643	1369	81	57..	1533	1075	390	35	5	9	17	—
12684 Yolo.....	1635	1651	43	53..	1485	1658	95	32	5	4	37	—
9636 Yuba.....	1273	1011	20	16..	1204	879	112	10	6	4	57	—
Total.....	147704	128293	3341	4870..	146688	123143	21623	2573	1047	1611	2006	—
Plurality.....	19411	—	—	1922	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	51.97	45.14	1.20	1.70..	49.11	41.23	7.24	.86	.35	.54	.67	—
Total vote.....	—	284208	—	—	—	238691	—	—	—	—	—	—

One Bryan elector, J. W. Martin, was elected by a plurality of 143 votes.

*On the state ticket there was fusion of republican and union labor parties on Gage, and of the democrats, silver republicans and people's party on Maguire.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieutenant-Governor—
Jacob H. Neff, Rep. and U. L.....143,324
Edward L. Hutchinson, Dem., Peo.
and Sil. Rep.....147,422
James Andrew, S. L.....4,635
Robert Summers, Pro.....3,193

Secretary of State—

Charles F. Curry, Rep.....135,721
R. A. Thompson, Dem., Peo. and
U. L.....133,604
Emil Liess, S. L.....4,650
J. W. Webb, Pro.....3,295
Controller—Edward P. Coigan, Rep...149,683

T. W. Maples, Dem., Peo., U. L. and Sil. Rep.....	121,367
John Robertson, S. L.....	4,638
L. Hierlihy, Pro.....	3,275
Treasurer—Truman Reeves, Rep.....	146,854
Will S. Green, Dem., Peo., U. L. and Sil. Rep.....	129,341
E. M. Dewey, S. L.....	4,767
C. B. Williams, Pro.....	3,195
Attorney-General— Trey L. Ford, Rep. and U. L.....	146,980
H. P. Andrews, Dem., Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	127,622
A. F. Strawn-Hamilton, S. L.....	4,760
J. H. Blanchard, Pro.....	3,121
Surveyor-General— Martin J. Wright, Rep. and U. L.....	146,875
I. M. Mulholland, Dem., Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	127,488
J. George Smith, S. L.....	4,638
Green Spurrier, Pro.....	3,097
Clerk of Supreme Court— George W. Root, Rep.....	145,762
H. A. McCraney, Dem., Peo., Sil. Rep. and U. L.....	128,541
Lemuel D. Bibble, S. L.....	4,611
W. P. Fassett, Pro.....	3,084
Superintendent of Public Instruction— Thomas J. Kirk, Rep.....	145,693
Christian Runkle, Dem., Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	128,641
P. B. Gallagher, S. L.....	4,587
Fanny M. Pugh, Pro.....	2,992
Superintendent of State Printing— Alfred J. Johnston, Rep. and U. L.....	146,753
E. I. Woodman, Dem., Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	127,311
A. Conti, S. L.....	4,589
Leroy S. Atwood, Pro.....	3,001
Associate Justice of the Supreme Court— Thomas B. McFarland, Rep. and U. L.....	137,991
William C. Van Fleet, Rep. and U. L.....	135,763
William M. Conley, Dem., Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	134,921
Walter Van Dyke, Dem., Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	136,843
T. M. Stewart, Pro.....	2,111
Robert Thompson, Pro.....	1,976

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Tehama and Trinity.

John A. Barham, Rep.....18,567
Emmet Seawell, Dem. and Peo.....17,529

2. Counties of Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Inyo, Mariposa, Mono, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Sutter, Tuolumne, Yuba.

Frank D. Ryan, Rep.....17,285
Marion DeVries, Dem. and Peo.....21,255

3. Counties of Alameda, Colusa, Contra Costa, Glenn, Lake, Solano, Yolo.

Victor H. Metcalf, Rep.....18,867
John Aubrey Jones, Dem. and Peo.....12,463

4. County of San Francisco.

Julius Kahn, Rep.....13,695
James H. Barry, Dem. and Peo.....12,084
Joseph P. Kelly, Ind. Dem.....594
W. J. Martin, S. L.....1,006

5. Counties of San Francisco (part), San Mateo, Santa Clara.

Eugene F. Loud, Rep.....20,254
William Craig, Dem. and Peo.....17,052

6. The counties of Los Angeles, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz and Ventura.

Russell J. Waters, Rep.....23,271
Charles A. Barlo, Dem. and Peo.....19,691

7. The counties of Fresno, Kern, Merced, Orange, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, Stanislaus and Tulare.

James C. Needham, Rep.....20,803
Curtis H. Castle, Dem. and Peo.....20,760

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	26	58	84..	23	46	74
Democrats	14	19	33..	12	8	20
Populists	—	2	2..	—	2	2
Fusion	—	—	—	—	26	26
Independents	—	1	1..	—	—	—

COLORADO (Population 412,198).

COUNTIES. (56)	GOVERNOR 1898				SUP. JUDGE 1897				PRESIDENT 1896			
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	S.L.	Fus.	Rep.	S.L.	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Nat.	S.L.
Population.	Wolcott.	Thomas.	Rhodes.	Elliot.	Gabbert.	Hart.	Griest.	McKinley.	Evans.	Bryan.	Lever.	Bentley.
132135 Arapahoe.....	13083	23858	1008	516..	10937	16879	315..	6048	42481	519	374	90
826 Archuleta.....	170	318	31	14..	212	253	8..	141	389	3	—	—
1479 Baca.....	127	90	17	5..	105	110	—	125	135	—	2	—
1313 Bent.....	325	387	21	8..	411	407	1..	196	594	5	11	1
4082 Boulder.....	1836	4069	102	13..	3654	1926	36..	1030	6043	122	117	7
6612 Chaffee.....	474	1614	53	39..	1317	698	39..	140	2807	13	7	1
534 Cheyenne.....	99	79	11	2..	61	121	1..	87	104	1	—	—
7184 Clear Creek.....	241	1851	42	48..	1779	663	48..	101	3342	14	8	—
7193 Conejos.....	1390	659	5	—	179	1730	—	96	2357	7	1	3
3491 Costilla.....	1127	468	7	3..	297	989	1..	368	1026	31	6	3
2970 Custer.....	250	711	12	5..	611	372	5..	167	981	7	4	1
2534 Delta.....	345	952	31	22..	1221	406	22..	139	1603	28	38	4
1498 Dolores.....	39	436	—	—	408	64	—	11	675	3	1	—
3006 Douglas.....	486	684	20	11..	354	553	11..	172	1047	12	8	2
3725 Eagle.....	198	705	14	19..	631	299	19..	53	1149	15	5	—
1856 Elbert.....	410	650	24	20..	398	418	34..	273	748	13	6	2
21239 El Paso.....	5745	10596	48	38..	5220	7112	38..	6245	17653	412	296	39
9156 Fremont.....	1646	2393	59	55..	1846	2026	55..	637	4262	120	101	6
4478 Garfield.....	412	1447	28	26..	999	969	26..	172	2058	20	26	9
5867 Gilpin.....	952	1776	40	26..	1037	1292	36..	269	2531	48	18	4
604 Grand.....	51	211	—	—	63	101	1..	12	248	2	1	1
4359 Gunnison.....	631	1287	20	15..	1544	502	15..	152	2266	77	6	3
862 Hinsdale.....	95	483	5	2..	570	61	2..	19	697	10	4	3
6882 Huerfano.....	1930	800	7	18..	997	1578	18..	928	1927	9	2	—
8450 Jefferson.....	1252	2130	63	20..	1335	1585	20..	300	3177	67	64	23
1243 Kiowa.....	100	145	2	—	147	250	1..	133	155	—	2	—
2172 Kit Carson.....	263	176	6	4..	192	250	4..	252	1227	16	8	4
14663 Lake.....	1837	3763	46	38..	3011	3194	38..	263	6576	58	11	1

Population.	Wolcott.	Thomas.	Rhodes.	Elliot.	Gabbert.	Hart.	Griest.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Lever.	Bentley.	M'ch't
5509 La Plata.....	394	1567	16	14..	1257	694	14..	88	2723	67	5	1
9712 Larimer.....	1387	1917	60	33..	1735	1683	33..	744	3180	64	113	10
17208 Las Animas.....	1860	3759	64	113..	3762	2593	113..	1124	5487	43	35	3
689 Lincoln.....	127	121	10	3..	115	174	8..	122	209	1	1	1
3070 Logan.....	372	412	18	8..	432	374	8..	231	596	31	32	5
4260 Mesa.....	715	1422	37	22..	1610	721	22..	212	603	15	3	6
Mineral.....	130	635	10	9..	604	167	9..	11	808	19	2	1
1523 Montezuma.....	69	433	14	1..	499	154	19..	33	842	4	1	—
3980 Montrose.....	325	759	29	22..	891	314	22..	183	1346	25	15	12
1601 Morgan.....	404	460	33	24..	871	350	42..	469	2369	42	93	29
4132 Otero.....	760	1326	39	24..	1424	1107	44..	424	2163	20	40	8
6510 Ouray.....	135	1939	10	15..	2005	225	15..	38	2188	16	3	2
3548 Park.....	360	993	30	12..	947	569	17..	149	1554	15	6	—
2642 Phillips.....	188	180	28	11..	175	277	17..	196	535	2	2	—
8923 Pitkin.....	455	1567	25	18..	1896	312	18..	28	3770	35	2	8
1969 Powers.....	483	423	17	3..	351	476	4..	304	548	14	15	2
31491 Pueblo.....	3447	4275	148	113..	4010	4354	113..	1319	8376	43	54	32
1200 Rio Blanca.....	82	335	36	13..	246	33	23..	52	453	15	1	—
3451 Rio Grande.....	720	860	32	20..	801	792	24..	176	1424	7	21	2
2369 Routt.....	209	1065	22	6..	521	955	6..	122	1102	22	2	2
3313 Saguache.....	560	857	44	29..	732	559	24..	175	1154	36	1	2
1572 San Juan.....	211	1012	24	7..	1087	242	3..	17	1534	40	2	1
2369 San Miguel.....	157	1232	30	4..	1103	384	4..	87	2134	61	4	3
1238 Sedgwick.....	139	74	—	—	90	206	—	130	216	1	7	2
1906 Summit.....	127	730	40	27..	557	320	23..	30	1328	20	14	—
2301 Washington.....	218	159	18	6..	123	224	6..	230	178	6	12	—
11736 Weld.....	1319	2594	74	30..	1753	2162	31..	579	4615	80	95	34
2590 Yuma.....	153	248	26	18..	274	243	18..	150	441	13	11	1
Total.....	50880	94274	2677	1569..	63888	64947	1444..	26271	15874	2389	1717	386
Plurality.....		43394			3941			134792				
Per cent.....	33.98	63.19	1.32	1.05..	50.91	48.08	1.01..	13.85	83.70	1.26	.90	.20
Total vote.....		149400				135297		189620				

*Dem., S.R., N.S., Peo., S. Pop. †Dem. and Pop.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—Charles E. Noble, Rep...	47,230
Francis Carney, Fus.....	92,874
Nels H. Welling, Soc. Lab.....	1,520
J. A. Nesbitt, Pro.....	2,620
Secretary of State—	
Joseph M. Milsom, Rep.....	50,120
Elmer F. Beckwith, Fus.....	92,994
Thomas C. Davis, Soc. Lab.....	1,524
William A. Rice, Pro.....	2,677
State Treasurer—F. O. Roof, Rep.....	50,017
John H. Fessler, Fus.....	93,460
John P. Meyer, Soc. Lab.....	1,526
Otto A. Reinhardt, Pro.....	2,593
State Auditor—Geo. S. Adams, Rep.....	39,521
George W. Temple, Fus.....	74,209
John A. Wayne, Sil. Rep.....	30,762
Christian Miller, Soc. Lab.....	1,507
Elsie W. Chambers, Pro.....	2,590
Atty.-Gen.—Cornellius J. Hart, Rep.....	50,192
David M. Campbell, Fus.....	93,744
Frederick W. Bodtker, Soc. Lab.....	1,553
William A. Marsh, Pro.....	2,560
Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
Lucy E. R. Scott, Rep.....	50,075
Helen N. Grenfell, Fus.....	94,205
Frances Nacke, Soc. Lab.....	1,511
Norman Clifford, Pro.....	2,590

Palmer, G.D., received 1 vote in Arapahoe Co.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Arapahoe, Boulder, Jefferson, Lake, Larimer, Logan, Morgan, Park, Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington, Weld and Yuma.	
Charles Hartzell, Rep.....	21,529
John F. Shrioth, Fus.....	40,109
Nathan L. Griest, Soc. Lab.....	1,156
Dayton Gilbert, Pro.....	2,149
2. Counties of Archuleta, Baca, Bent, Chaffee, Cheyenne, Clear Creek, Conejos, Costilla, Custer, Delta, Douglas, Eagle, Elbert, El Paso, Fremont, Garfield, Gilpin, Grand, Gunnison, Hinsdale, Huerfano, Kiowa, Kit Carson, La Plata, Las Animas, Lincoln, Mesa, Montezuma, Montrose, Otero, Ouray, Pitkin, Powers, Pueblo, Rio Blanca, Rio Grande, Routt, Saguache, San Juan, San Miguel, Summit and Weld.	
B. Clark Wheeler, Rep.....	27,583
John C. Bell, Fus.....	52,372

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans.....	5	6	11..	16	11	27
Teller Sil. R.....	13	18	31..	4	20	24
Democrats.....	8	23	31..	4	20	24
Populists.....	8	19	27..	14	33	47
Silver.....	—	—	—	1	1	2

CONNECTICUT (Population 746,258).

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR 1898				PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1894			
(8)	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	N.D.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
Population.	Lounsbury.	Moran.	Steele.	Stodel.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Lever.	Ma'chett.	Conn.	Cady.	Fond.
150081 Fairfield.....	16934	13573	132	477..	22366	12463	722	222	195..	17131	14170	296
147180 Hartford.....	16537	11705	342	841..	24489	9726	1195	374	279..	17281	13637	501
53542 Litchfield.....	6508	4505	173	6..	8885	3352	590	211	5..	6682	4881	243
33524 Middlesex.....	4398	3010	127	24..	5664	2245	293	156	12..	4798	2842	125
209058 New Haven.....	22050	21070	278	1175..	30261	20212	832	341	640..	23223	19395	461
76634 New London.....	7895	6637	250	42..	10081	5771	259	312	12..	7854	6685	397
25081 Tolland.....	2600	1612	76	298..	3576	1044	278	94	80..	2825	1863	105
46158 Windham.....	4093	2115	82	3..	5423	1927	167	96	—	4231	2422	150
Total.....	81015	64227	1460	2866..	110285	56740	4234	1908	1223..	83075	66287	2310
Plurality.....	16788				53545					17683		
Per cent.....	54.16	42.93	.91	1.91..	63.24	32.54	2.43	1.04	.70..	54.21	42.73	1.41
Scattering.....		13										
Total vote.....		149581				174390					154981	

ELECTION RETURNS.

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VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.	
Lieut.-Gov.—Lyman A. Mills, Rep....	81,254
Samuel Bassett, Dem.....	64,082
Frederick L. Wooster, Pro.....	1,517
Charles Patrick, Soc. Lab.....	2,817
Secretary of State—H. Clark, Rep....	81,251
Joseph T. Fanning, Dem.....	64,088
Robert U. Stanley, Pro.....	1,452
Faustin Serrer, Soc. Lab.....	2,866
Treasurer—C. S. Mersick, Rep.....	81,570
Asa M. Ross, Dem.....	63,791
Oliver G. Beard, Pro.....	1,467
Timothy Sullivan, Soc. Lab.....	2,866
Comptroller—T. S. Grant, Rep.....	81,313
Edward S. Roberts, Dem.....	63,981
William Ingalls, Pro.....	1,467
Thomas Steigerwald, Soc. Lab.....	2,373
Scattering	4
Atty.-Gen.—Charles Phelps, Rep.....	81,797
Levi N. Blydenburgh, Dem.....	63,464
John J. Copp, Pro.....	1,465
William E. White, Soc. Lab.....	2,865
Scattering	4
FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.	
1. Counties of Hartford and Tolland.	
E. Stevens Henry, Rep.....	18,818

Robert J. Vance, Dem.....	13,520
Emil L. G. Hohenthal, Pro.....	413
Joseph Powell, Soc. Lab.....	1,118
2. Counties of New Haven and Middlesex.	
Nehemiah D. Sperry, Rep.....	27,004
James H. Webb, Dem.....	23,556
Milton R. Kerr, Pro.....	380
George Mansfield, Soc. Lab.....	1,125
3. Counties of New London and Windham.	
Charles A. Russell, Rep.....	12,218
Charles F. Thayer, Dem.....	8,507
Stephen Crane, Pro.....	315
4. Counties of Fairfield and Litchfield.	
Ebenezer J. Hill, Rep.....	23,707
Charles P. Lyman, Dem.....	17,754
Charles L. Beach, Pro.....	301
Samuel Murgatroyd, Soc. Lab.....	488

LEGISLATURE.

	1899.		1898.		
Republicans	Sen. 20	Ho. 180	J. B. Sen. 24	Ho. J. B. 218	242
Democrats	4	72	76..	—	29
Nat. Dem.....	1	1..	—	—	—

DELAWARE (Population 168,493).

COUNTIES.	—TREASURER '98—		—PRES. 1896—		—Gov. '94—		—PRES. '92—	
	Rep. Dem.	S. T. Pro.	Rep. Dem.	N. D. Pro.	Rep. Dem.	Pro.	Rep. Dem.	Pro.
Population.	Ball.	Ross.	Swalm.	Hutton.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Cleveland.
32934 Kent.....	5557	3221	155	75..	—	3731	3319	138..
97182 New Castle.....	9749	8260	725	234..	12263	9632	778	233..
38647 Sussex.....	4243	3330	55	145..	4541	5792	99	122..
Total.....	17549	14811	935	454..	16804	13424	877	355..
Plurality.....	2738				3360			1221
Per cent.....	62.00	43.88	2.79	1.38..	53.41	42.67	2.79	1.13..
Total vote.....	35749				31460			39128

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.	
State Auditor—John R. Lingo, Rep.....	17,431
Lemuel A. H. Bishop, Dem.....	14,856
Frank L. Bond, Single Tax.....	955
George F. Jones, Pro.....	467
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.	
John H. Hoffecker, Rep.....	17,566

L. Irving Handy, Dem.....	15,056
Lewis W. Brosius, Pro.....	454

LEGISLATURE.

	1899.		1898.		
Republicans	Sen. 8	Ho. 23	J. B. Sen. 31..	Ho. J. B. 4	5
Democrats	9	12	21..	5	20

FLORIDA (Population 391,422).

COUNTIES.	—TREAS. '98—		—PRESIDENT 1896—		—PRES. 1892—	
	Rep. Dem.	Pop.	Pro. N. D.	Pro. N. D.	Pro. N. D.	Pro. N. D.
Population.	Oay.	Whitfield.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Palmer.
22394 Alachua.....	273	1020..	645	1517	28	11
3333 Baker.....	61	149..	33	182	65	14
7516 Bradford.....	102	405..	176	750	86	16
3401 Brevard.....	132	436..	337	490	15	17
1681 Calhoun.....	37	121..	52	182	23	3
23394 Citrus.....	7	214..	35	327	20	16
5154 Clay.....	101	221..	230	333	22	6
12877 Columbia.....	61	545..	228	750	18	16
861 Dade.....	186	408..	368	369	3	14
4944 DeSoto.....	174	378..	198	515	185	19
26800 Duval.....	164	1067..	1462	1852	51	16
20188 Escambia.....	76	964..	233	1254	31	12
3308 Franklin.....	61	211..	146	286	8	3
11894 Gadsden.....	4	663..	66	577	20	9
8507 Hamilton.....	26	315..	74	500	33	11
2476 Hernando.....	2	139..	37	208	23	4
14941 Hillsboro.....	150	1932..	584	2115	65	48
4333 Holmes.....	35	277..	51	309	87	8
17544 Jackson.....	99	749..	285	1238	47	11
15757 Jefferson.....	55	683..	242	1894	15	18
3386 Lafayette.....	19	202..	13	354	3	12
8034 Lake.....	149	406..	302	850	20	14
1414 Lec.....	36	227..	74	212	10	1
17752 Leon.....	23	1269..	247	1270	28	21
6596 Levy.....	28	274..	113	434	49	20
1432 Liberty.....	13	142..	42	108	7	3
14316 Madison.....	39	825..	144	872	13	12
2835 Manatee.....	24	226..	135	405	75	9
20736 Marion.....	287	770..	480	1107	123	32
18786 Monroe.....	70	285..	369	397	55	26
8234 Nassau.....	35	347..	310	508	64	14
12584 Orange.....	170	479..	565	1045	41	15

Population.		Gay. Whitfield. McKinley Bryan. Bryan. L. v. r. g. Palmer. Cleveland Bidwell Weaver									
3133	Osceola.....	21	202..	118	242	32	14	4..	259	3	13
4249	Pasco.....	27	311..	70	456	26	4	6..	471	3	92
7365	Polk.....	108	704..	279	962	193	17	64..	801	24	168
11198	Putnam.....	507	681..	816	954	36	36	52..	885	65	174
8712	Saint John.....	141	456..	431	680	14	25	25..	589	—	28
7961	Santa Rosa.....	45	367..	50	527	34	25	13..	452	—	87
5363	Sumter.....	40	216..	89	441	83	8	28..	444	—	305
10524	Swanee.....	47	371..	196	851	24	10	29..	648	—	258
2122	Taylor.....	15	115..	31	179	76	2	6..	125	—	114
8467	Volusia.....	210	674..	635	682	71	36	42..	785	46	91
3117	Wakulla.....	4	273..	35	650	20	2	—	173	—	10
4816	Walton.....	53	338..	129	541	53	7	11..	313	3	274
6426	Washington.....	82	201..	143	298	58	9	33..	315	2	66
Total.....		3999	20788..	11288	36683	2053	654	1778..	30143	475	4843
Plurality.....			16789..		21448				25300		
Per cent.....		16.13	83.87..	24.21	66.32	4.35	1.34	3.78..	85.00	1.34	13.66
Total vote.....		24787			46461				35461		

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Justice Supreme Court—	
M. G. Glibbons (6 years), Rep.....	4,326
E. P. Axtell (2 years), Rep.....	3,971
R. F. Taylor (6 years), Dem.....	20,511
F. B. Carter (2 years), Dem.....	19,508

Railroad Commissioner—

V. J. Shipman (4 years), Rep.....	5,103
J. N. Coombs (4 years), Rep.....	4,202
A. C. Richards (2 years), Rep.....	3,844
H. E. Day (4 years), Dem.....	20,063
J. M. Bryan (4 years), Dem.....	20,242
J. L. Morgan (2 years), Dem.....	19,656

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Calhoun, Citrus, DeSoto, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Hernando, Hillsboro, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lee, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Manatee,

Monroe, Pasco, Polk, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton and Washington.

E. R. Gunby, Rep..... 2,185
S. M. Sparkman, Dem..... 12,943

2. The counties of Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Lake, Madison, Marion, Nassau, Orange, Osceola, Putnam, Saint John, Sumter, Suwannee and Volusia.

H. L. Anderson, Rep..... 4,627
R. W. Davis, Dem..... 11,725

LEGISLATURE.

	1899.		1898.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans	—	—	—	3
Democrats	32	68	100..	31
People's	—	—	1	4

GEORGIA (Population 1,837,353).

Population.	GOV. 1898.			PRESIDENT 1896.			GOV. 1896.			PRES. 1892.		
	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G. D.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.
	Candler.	Hogan.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Palmer.	Atkinson.	Wright.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.
8676	Appling.....	606	652..	488	996	—	5..	831	724..	219	554	1
6144	Baker.....	418	21..	62	527	3	1..	618	171..	54	598	2
14608	Baldwin.....	1041	601..	410	516	38	10..	623	707..	120	541	3
8562	Banks.....	746	754..	389	579	60	11..	834	764..	209	622	15
20616	Bartow.....	1263	433..	808	1026	31	21..	1295	1197..	445	1327	23
10634	Berrien.....	502	131..	250	606	36	29..	813	309..	149	1183	1
42370	Bibb.....	418	12..	670	1854	134	991..	1340	788..	641	3629	25
13979	Brooks.....	430	84..	423	528	55	18..	669	315..	516	944	4
5520	Bryan.....	533	15..	171	259	3	6..	478	107..	147	285	—
13712	Bulloch.....	1604	1144..	511	1042	40	9..	1345	1261..	214	1239	5
28501	Burke.....	758	24..	193	1414	4	10..	1070	356..	83	1322	—
10565	Butts.....	361	72..	317	586	75	—	804	582..	393	818	10
8438	Calhoun.....	218	87..	5	406	—	7..	282	238..	427	527	3
6178	Camden.....	250	94..	209	130	5	27..	312	272..	305	179	3
9115	Campbell.....	774	426..	377	434	42	5..	730	576..	451	466	1
22301	Carroll.....	1525	838..	733	1490	71	5..	1704	1363..	543	2137	11
5431	Catoosa.....	681	124..	161	557	25	8..	488	405..	69	576	4
3335	Charlton.....	330	21..	—	—	—	—	203	154..	22	192	2
57740	Chatham.....	2082	17..	1697	2506	2	516..	5165	423..	1359	5266	2
4902	Chattahoochee.....	438	330..	349	157	6	—	492	450..	247	243	—
11202	Chattooga.....	1320	236..	500	911	46	11..	1087	769..	245	1060	8
15412	Cherokee.....	1318	909..	702	712	2	—	1136	1187..	382	927	6
15196	Clarke.....	760	223..	419	707	19	30..	671	451..	545	835	5
7817	Clay.....	647	337..	534	240	70	9..	598	418..	104	506	2
8235	Clayton.....	949	548..	472	516	24	5..	779	671..	335	518	1
6652	Clinch.....	481	310..	212	257	5	10..	481	198..	102	481	3
22236	Cobb.....	1538	565..	758	1387	79	14..	1618	1128..	564	1794	7
10483	Coffee.....	312	211..	873	428	38	—	504	838..	70	599	2
4794	Colquitt.....	312	211..	135	361	62	39..	461	377..	70	599	2
11281	Columbia.....	502	662..	401	192	10	3..	293	771..	101	451	4
22354	Coweta.....	1052	120..	571	1196	23	2..	1321	323..	1085	2005	2
9315	Crawford.....	265	23..	62	367	16	—	610	241..	288	685	—
5707	Dade.....	449	80..	110	325	17	72..	549	199..	53	511	—
5612	Dawson.....	461	215..	290	324	13	—	420	335..	157	356	5
13949	Decatur.....	1425	584..	700	972	57	20..	1318	809..	561	1349	—
17189	DeKalb.....	1255	433..	439	815	62	37..	900	832..	496	1363	12
11452	Dodge.....	986	99..	315	568	57	12..	999	599..	209	795	2
18146	Dooley.....	421	52..	365	956	68	2..	1037	688..	506	1350	4
12206	Dougherty.....	226	3..	120	404	1	5..	362	61..	446	1254	6
7794	Douglas.....	762	594..	641	463	17	—	945	729..	232	463	2

ELECTION RETURNS.

321

Population.	Candler.	Hogan.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Palmer.	Atkinson.	Wright.	Harrison.	Cler'd.	Bidw'l.	Weaver
9732 Early.....	935	530.	536	591	45	48.	851	666.	367	822	4	285
3079 Echols.....	310	23.	52	174	1	—	404	26.	54	270	3	9
5529 Edgingham.....	371	134.	269	372	22	14.	489	386.	123	464	1	8
15376 Elbert.....	1908	309.	155	134	96	15.	1571	1032.	6	1486	9	482
14703 Emanuel.....	1655	1177.	507	690	112	26.	1435	1375.	61	903	—	851
8724 Fannin.....	653	63.	920	507	4	—	612	434.	646	431	10	10
8728 Fayette.....	844	255.	345	562	59	2.	942	635.	192	547	4	479
28391 Floyd.....	1434	172.	1117	2150	23	34.	1747	2015.	684	1742	42	390
11155 Forsyth.....	772	884.	259	482	29	—	414	827.	163	645	—	775
14670 Franklin.....	1005	1104.	332	539	64	6.	1008	1350.	156	867	11	927
84655 Fulton.....	4020	236.	3005	4504	150	241.	3829	2607.	1364	4032	94	129
9074 Gilmer.....	1198	15.	503	706	—	—	955	146.	483	602	17	43
3720 Glascock.....	318	395.	122	154	58	2.	163	407.	57	216	3	485
13420 Glynn.....	1468	475.	353	582	8	22.	612	227.	643	1028	12	6
12758 Gordon.....	1091	483.	523	875	27	1.	429	980.	233	1023	5	346
17051 Greene.....	1245	1047.	910	575	59	9.	449	1318.	777	684	4	578
19809 Grinnett.....	1721	1280.	773	1250	115	23.	1839	1517.	253	1571	8	918
11573 Habersham.....	681	243.	242	782	57	8.	915	415.	180	1019	53	307
18047 Hall.....	1612	768.	582	1134	107	25.	1420	1290.	237	1526	24	704
17149 Hancock.....	332	62.	122	952	37	—	682	372.	218	1436	—	553
11316 Haralson.....	758	748.	686	469	32	1.	661	778.	247	805	27	317
16797 Harris.....	951	463.	402	919	39	—	1019	731.	602	1076	3	597
10887 Hart.....	1062	856.	339	738	91	5.	985	1154.	86	889	3	513
9657 Heard.....	620	113.	138	620	11	2.	946	350.	322	837	4	94
16220 Henry.....	1285	913.	568	569	68	15.	1228	949.	578	718	5	387
21613 Houston.....	370	6.	192	875	—	22.	785	124.	507	1953	—	16
6316 Irwin.....	2509	62.	486	626	15	8.	1055	401.	43	551	1	24
19176 Jackson.....	2222	1960.	700	1205	266	27.	1946	2088.	491	1566	11	1294
13879 Jasper.....	1041	610.	110	628	2	8.	529	171.	284	797	4	64
17213 Jefferson.....	820	849.	223	541	148	18.	1137	1259.	641	758	16	1440
6129 Johnson.....	814	908.	239	213	21	—	661	836.	247	893	5	737
12709 Jones.....	308	29.	377	521	9	5.	961	325.	568	659	—	92
13747 Laurens.....	1690	1141.	514	570	65	—	1165	1246.	468	920	—	500
9074 Lee.....	155	6.	163	285	—	—	277	38.	422	300	—	3
12887 Liberty.....	353	335.	646	237	—	8.	697	721.	736	419	5	199
6146 Lincoln.....	246	631.	73	239	78	—	211	689.	4	313	1	863
15102 Lowndes.....	778	535.	536	586	—	53.	788	689.	509	988	4	251
6867 Lumpkin.....	691	170.	456	436	5	4.	500	502.	269	361	11	169
13183 Macon.....	355	64.	286	511	52	19.	718	394.	240	676	1	298
11024 Madison.....	1061	295.	141	672	—	17.	918	657.	127	743	4	76
7728 Marion.....	751	554.	409	223	32	6.	657	724.	387	436	8	324
8789 McDuffie.....	294	491.	401	138	31	21.	190	690.	453	289	—	855
6470 McIntosh.....	230	61.	538	234	9	19.	543	80.	639	302	—	2
20740 Meriwether.....	1454	789.	946	991	91	11.	1674	1082.	1046	1287	16	350
4275 Miller.....	530	218.	55	315	20	1.	530	227.	—	371	122	—
6208 Milton.....	735	474.	227	423	26	4.	589	570.	73	619	—	241
10006 Mitchell.....	1063	218.	268	437	65	31.	790	435.	196	599	—	106
19137 Monroe.....	813	287.	419	729	129	14.	993	750.	899	1323	7	402
19248 Montgomery.....	1139	475.	441	508	28	10.	889	612.	277	724	3	146
6041 Morgan.....	1036	295.	819	629	41	4.	1654	673.	357	761	9	117
8461 Murray.....	750	423.	323	557	12	—	779	483.	163	553	6	192
27761 Muscogee.....	866	15.	501	1365	25	108.	1176	428.	540	2067	1	51
14310 Newton.....	908	182.	580	973	29	27.	829	271.	611	1005	11	51
7713 Oconee.....	448	513.	358	330	1	—	548	756.	178	282	—	386
19351 Oglethorpe.....	2227	141.	106	1242	53	7.	1352	391.	63	896	—	130
11948 Paulding.....	1080	971.	552	627	58	3.	1111	1056.	158	641	3	703
8182 Pickens.....	449	108.	693	458	—	—	583	305.	627	580	3	73
6379 Pierce.....	385	263.	215	329	35	42.	487	378.	107	397	4	60
16300 Pike.....	1029	564.	724	890	69	27.	1050	983.	649	1195	7	216
14945 Polk.....	1294	628.	810	567	13	35.	880	914.	391	748	15	400
16559 Putaski.....	948	76.	132	755	16	11.	651	248.	184	1134	5	85
14842 Putnam.....	260	5.	2	438	19	15.	372	53.	—	801	4	6
4471 Quitman.....	348	79.	280	181	19	5.	283	347.	294	230	—	35
5006 Rabun.....	639	59.	101	404	5	7.	751	100.	81	448	3	3
15287 Randolph.....	710	151.	384	627	49	21.	622	312.	351	721	—	47
45194 Richmond.....	1117	173.	1698	3716	96	139.	4618	1127.	3224	8301	23	1050
6813 Rockdale.....	641	377.	483	473	—	10.	635	482.	390	517	2	199
5443 Schley.....	409	255.	327	266	10	—	561	266.	287	310	—	127
14424 Screven.....	1341	1245.	542	585	75	—	1057	1256.	396	852	1	1141
13117 Spalding.....	439	15.	239	612	13	26.	748	208.	314	997	11	28
15682 Stewart.....	573	90.	213	635	13	11.	712	376.	359	1109	6	58
22107 Sumter.....	672	116.	371	1094	28	25.	868	418.	390	1258	1	189
13258 Talbot.....	397	55.	156	472	14	6.	531	277.	242	619	2	102
7291 Taliaferro.....	484	418.	261	221	52	2.	234	501.	76	298	—	687
10253 Tattnall.....	1459	1248.	600	517	85	68.	1147	1116.	247	918	4	493
8666 Taylor.....	208	278.	309	237	30	2.	361	546.	439	471	3	389
5477 Telfair.....	1271	43.	350	580	54	1.	1269	242.	190	703	11	—
14503 Terrell.....	555	93.	467	809	54	9.	900	393.	356	908	—	37
26154 Thomas.....	919	423.	620	600	75	129.	828	796.	566	1224	8	340
4064 Towns.....	297	27.	299	340	—	—	419	162.	352	366	2	13
20723 Troup.....	514	91.	199	878	22	3.	781	363.	264	1765	1	132
8195 Twiggs.....	1556	80.	128	337	—	—	702	139.	235	435	—	25
7749 Union.....	592	185.	419	560	20	—	687	374.	373	600	2	65
12188 Upson.....	690	282.	498	591	35	1.	843	732.	359	862	1	533
13282 Walker.....	887	168.	569	1045	26	19.	1052	796.	300	1138	11	209

Population.	Candler.	Hogan.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Palmer.	Atkinson.	Wright.	Harrison.	Clev'd.	Bid'w.	Weaver
17467 Walton.....	1610	843..	726	1001	34	19..	1757	994..	368	1281	4	282
8811 Ware.....	684	110..	330	545	15	24..	538	355..	262	775	10	89
10957 Warren.....	334	415..	458	279	126	—	227	937..	67	467	5	1168
25237 Washington....	1786	1296..	1023	925	64	11..	1514	1375..	765	788	7	1345
7485 Wayne.....	471	398..	266	477	29	—	500	500..	58	488	1	95
5695 Webster.....	447	75..	191	246	—	3..	355	246..	192	290	—	70
6151 White.....	490	358..	159	274	26	5..	373	504..	92	390	9	309
12916 Whitfield.....	990	484..	494	857	56	33..	790	731..	264	1020	25	360
7980 Wilcox.....	1265	90..	145	623	5	7..	363	28..	199	712	—	17
18081 Wilkes.....	934	378..	104	1033	100	35..	1222	533..	5	1622	6	157
10781 Wilkinson.....	735	475..	476	610	9	2..	934	656..	205	576	—	342
10048 Worth.....	900	244..	447	628	91	13..	784	892..	468	759	8	296
Total.....	117455	40841..	60091	94232	5543	2708..	120827	85832..	48905	120951	988	42937
Plurality.....	76614	34141					34985		81056			
Percent.....	74.19	25.81..	36.85	57.78	3.39	1.66..	58.47	41.53..	21.57	57.76	.44	19.17
Scattering.....					487				235			
Total vote.....	158296	..		163061	..		206659	..	223946			

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Secretary of State—	
Philip Cook, Dem.....	118,818
L. O. Jackson, Peo.....	49,080
Comptroller-General—	
William A. Wright, Dem.....	118,902
Ben Milklin, Peo.....	48,900
Treasurer—	
William J. Speer, Dem.....	118,999
J. H. Taylor, Peo.....	49,112
Atty.-Gen.—Joseph M. Terrell, Dem..	119,078
Felix N. Cobb, Peo.....	49,056
Commissioner of Agriculture—	
O. B. Stevens, Dem.....	118,846
A. H. Talley, Peo.....	48,861
School Commissioner—	
G. R. Glenn, Dem.....	117,854
B. M. Zettler, Peo.....	49,360
Prison Commissioner—	
J. S. Turner, Dem.....	118,699
J. S. Davitte, Peo.....	49,231

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of McIntosh, Liberty, Bryan, Chatham, Tattnall, Bullock, Effingham, Screven, Emanuel and Burke.	
Rufus E. Lester, Dem.....	5,344
John E. Myrick, Peo.....	873
2. The counties of Thomas, Decatur, Berrien, Colquitt, Worth, Mitchell, Miller, Baker, Early, Calhoun, Dougherty, Clay, Terrell, Randolph and Quitman.	
James M. Griggs, Dem.....	8,298
J. H. Smith, Peo.....	2,071
3. The counties of Wilcox, Pulaski, Twiggs, Houston, Dooley, Lee, Sumter, Macon, Crawford, Taylor, Schley, Webster and Stewart.	
E. B. Lewis, Dem.....	3,539
F. W. Gans, Peo.....	141
4. The counties of Marion, Chattahoochee, Muscogee, Talbot, Harris, Meriwether, Troup, Coweta, Heard and Carroll.	
W. C. Adamson, Dem.....	3,218
M. L. Covington, Peo.....	19
5. The counties of Johnson, Laurens, Dodge, Montgomery, Telfair, Irwin, Ap-	

pling, Coffee, Pierce, Wayne, Glynn, Camden, Charlton, Ware, Clinch and Echols.

L. F. Livingston, Dem.....	3,027
A. R. Bryan, Rep.....	64

6. The counties of Baldwin, Jones, Bibb, Monroe, Butts, Henry, Spalding, Pike and Upson.

Charles L. Bartlett, Dem.....	3,008
A. A. Murphy, Peo.....	2

7. The counties of Cobb, Paulding, Haralson, Polk, Floyd, Barton, Gordon, Chattahoochee, Murray, Whitfield, Catoosa, Dade and Walker.

John W. Maddox, Dem.....	5,296
S. B. Austin, Peo.....	1,252

8. The counties of Jasper, Putnam, Greene, Morgan, Oconee, Clarke, Oglethorpe, Wilkes, Madison, Elbert, Hart and Franklin.

William M. Howard, Dem.....	4,399
John A. Neese, Peo.....	861

9. The counties of Gwinnett, Milton, Jackson, Banks, Hall, Forsyth, Cherokee, Pickens, Dawson, Hapersham, White, Lumpkin, Gilmer, Fannin, Union, Towns and Rabun.

Farish C. Tate, Dem.....	9,275
J. P. Brooke, Peo.....	3,456

10. The counties of Wilkinson, Washington, Jefferson, Bullock, Hancock, Warren, Richmond, Columbia, Lincoln, McDuffie and Taliaferro.

William H. Fleming, Dem.....	2,290
Thomas E. Watson, Peo.....	34

11. The counties of Walton, Newton, Rockdale, DeKalb, Fulton, Douglas, Campbell, Henry, Clayton, Fayette and Spalding.

William G. Brantley, Dem.....	9,256
J. M. Wilkinson, Rep.....	4,112

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B..	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	1	—	1..	1	3	4	
Democrats	43	170	213..	37	142	179	
People's	—	5	5..	6	30	36	

IDAHO (Population 84,385).

COUNTIES.

Population.	GOVERNOR 1898				PRESIDENT '96				GOVERNOR 1894			
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Pro.
8368 Ada.....	1682	1503	112	341..	851	1531	27..	826	538	498	23	
..... Bannock.....	729	1288	19	64..	228	1393	7..	199	86	290	5	
6057 Bear Lake.....	675	1341	11	15..	249	851	1..	582	529	271	10	
13575 Bingham.....	676	1366	155	207..	194	1223	12..	453	465	130	2	
..... Blaine.....	187	794	17	493..	59	1238	3..	499	321	209	18	
3342 Boise.....	359	704	44	145..	298	862	5..	323	396	242	5	
..... Canyon.....	607	959	72	297..	803	1173	22..	435	362	475	30	
3143 Cassia.....	427	525	12	122..	129	579	3..	281	223	142	5	
2176 Custer.....	54	893	7	49..	29	599	2..	193	49	247	3	
1570 Elmore.....	275	406	12	87..	124	535	1..	245	223	146	1	

ELECTION RETURNS.

323

Population.	Moss	Steenberg	Johnson	Anderson	McKinley	Bryan	Levering	McConnell	Stevenson	Ballas	M'Far'l	d
556	1731	47	188.	121	1526	8.	635	335	267	2		
2355 Fremont.....	415	1025	85	175.	377	1121	7.	479	497	141	11	
4108 Kootenai.....	710	972	57	198.	334	1432	17.	606	404	405	13	
9173 Latah.....	1696	869	229	565.	1036	1570	16.	1215	423	1194	39	
1915 Lemhi.....	323	685	13	153.	202	1065	2.	343	233	339	2	
4169 Lincoln.....	280	236	5	63.	74	305	1.	301	141	253	3	
2847 Nez Perce.....	1324	942	155	297.	675	1089	22.	487	511	228	10	
6319 Onelda.....	1213	1084	9	39.	315	1002	7.	505	321	270	2	
2021 Owyhee.....	166	976	22	18.	97	1140	4.	336	321	810	2	
5382 Shoshone.....	733	978	33	1518.	497	1760	4.	608	388	930	10	
3836 Washington.....	507	630	54	297.	204	828	8.	306	201	312	9	
Total.....	13794	19407	1175	5371.	6324	23192	179.	10208	7057	7121	205	
Plurality.....		5613				18683		3087				
Per cent.....	31.70	48.32	2.96	13.51.	21.29	78.10	.60.	41.51	28.69	28.95	.83	
Total vote.....		39747				24935		24591				

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—J. F. Hunt, Rep.....	13,551
J. H. Hutchinson, Fus.....	18,352
James Ballintine, Pro.....	1,002
Fannas E. Miller, Peo.....	5,145
Secretary of State—	
Robert S. Bragaw, Rep.....	13,515
Matr Patrie, Fus.....	17,648
J. W. Knott, Pro.....	960
James S. Bonham, Peo.....	5,554
Auditor—J. H. Van Camp, Rep.....	13,405
Bartlett Sinclair, Fus.....	17,975
Mrs. N. McD. Phelps, Pro.....	1,091
A. G. Whittier, Peo.....	5,231
Treasurer—George W. Fletcher, Rep.....	14,019
Lucius C. Rice, Fus.....	22,804
John J. Anthony, Pro.....	926
Attorney-General—F. T. Wyman, Rep.....	13,621
S. H. Hays, Fus.....	18,211
W. A. Hall, Pro.....	883
T. L. Glenn, Peo.....	5,136

Superintendent of Schools—

Lucy F. Dean, Rep.....	14,643
Permeal French, Fus.....	22,170
J. N. Reynolds, Pro.....	954
Judge Supreme Court—	
D. W. Standrod, Rep.....	14,393
I. N. Sullivan, Fus.....	19,715
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.	
Weldon B. Heyburn, Rep.....	13,056
Edgar Wilson, Fus.....	17,693
W. J. Boone, Pro.....	914
James Gunn, Peo.....	7,428

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1896-97.		
Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans ..	9	12	21.	—
Democrats ..	3	14	17.	—
People's ..	2	6	3.	—
Fus. Dem.	2	7	9.	12
Silver Rep.	5	7	12.	9
Fus. Pop.	—	3	3.	—

ILLINOIS (Population 3,826,351).

COUNTIES. (102)	TREASURER 1898					PRESIDENT 1896					TREASURER 1894					
	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.S.-L.	M.R.*	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.		
Population.	White	more	Dunlap	Hess.	Bales	Liehe	n	McKinley	Bryan	Lever	Palmer	Match	Bryan.	Wulfr.	Claggett	Rando
61888 Adams	5069	6870	139	121	53.	8447	8009	183	113	17	16.	6093	6580	300		
16593 Alexander..	1937	1674	13	9	14.	2802	1791	4	21	1	22.	2265	1058	170		
14550 Bond	1900	1434	14	97	2.	1967	1662	66	8	—	2.	1718	1057	70		
12203 Boone	2336	323	17	44	5.	3111	653	58	16	3	4.	2010	1224	87		
11951 Brown	808	1606	67	30	3.	1024	2040	21	8	—	3.	954	1264	332		
35014 Bureau.....	3998	3084	99	202	82.	5474	3331	124	120	28	30.	3330	2377	973		
7952 Calhoun.....	707	1019	12	6	2.	795	1162	9	5	—	14.	652	776	53		
18320 Carroll.....	2450	854	22	95	2.	3314	1473	53	19	5	7.	2497	1924	85		
15363 Cass	1694	2276	19	52	2.	1946	2462	51	14	2	8.	1834	1902	87		
42159 Champaign..	5036	3722	130	241	16.	6780	4639	249	80	1	4.	5065	3316	136		
30531 Christian ..	3463	4110	88	103	8.	8857	4633	72	30	8	6.	3317	3026	497		
21849 Clark	2679	2635	182	51	2.	2888	3060	40	15	3	4.	2465	2034	436		
16752 Clay	1961	1948	68	52	3.	2155	2266	59	8	4	6.	1890	1407	367		
17411 Clinton.....	1644	2233	68	12	6.	1863	2570	12	12	1	2.	1551	2989	136		
30093 Coles	3336	3596	37	79	10.	4534	3363	54	51	5	19.	3768	2960	378		
1191922 Cook.....	145538	147356	2545	1682	274.	221823	151910	2149	2600	727	236.	152426	101031	33966		
17283 Crawford..	2094	2019	71	29	—	2172	2339	22	15	2	3.	1905	1791	137		
15443 Cumberland..	1715	1873	30	56	3.	1856	2097	23	7	2	1.	1639	1619	118		
27066 DeKalb.....	3406	979	10	233	22.	5598	1868	189	59	2	13.	3731	1117	52		
17011 DeWitt	2452	1386	25	56	4.	2587	2395	44	27	—	5.	2345	1308	108		
17069 Douglas.....	2283	1776	10	45	2.	2066	2135	48	12	—	5.	2269	1774	51		
22551 DuPage.....	2405	1218	14	140	11.	4115	1574	139	122	5	14.	2673	1304	68		
26787 Edgar	5473	3536	60	107	4.	5822	5726	51	63	3	3.	3414	3270	155		
9444 Edwards.....	1381	592	23	44	1.	1572	848	27	2	2	4.	1469	548	52		
19358 Elmhurst.....	1321	2101	11	52	3.	1895	2453	39	21	4	—	1005	2256	112		
23367 Fayette.....	2821	2177	259	72	2.	2769	3616	70	32	3	11.	2332	1940	644		
17035 Ford	2249	1151	8	68	3.	2832	1504	46	17	2	3.	2249	785	94		
17138 Franklin.....	1894	1975	39	27	8.	2038	2227	16	6	3	6.	1811	1731	121		
43110 Fulton.....	5285	5000	180	106	13.	6195	5964	88	32	3	15.	5425	4342	445		
14335 Gallatin.....	961	1517	25	6	4.	1468	2062	30	10	2	5.	1290	1474	272		
23791 Greene.....	1581	2869	29	45	—	2395	3977	45	14	3	6.	1702	2202	158		
21024 Grundy.....	2365	1504	26	202	67.	3246	2056	89	20	8	18.	2259	1516	322		
17800 Hamilton.....	1421	1963	39	19	7.	1767	2406	35	3	1	2.	1626	1870	132		
1907 Hancock.....	3636	4202	78	108	—	4250	4575	133	41	3	6.	3632	3673	355		
7234 Hardin.....	677	729	35	8	—	780	899	7	3	—	1.	749	644	134		
9876 Henderson..	1547	847	12	42	2.	1756	957	47	28	1	5.	1476	828	28		
38338 Henry	4416	2261	49	144	23.	6177	2968	134	67	1	3.	4315	1729	457		
35167 Iroquois.....	4258	2393	33	196	7.	5325	3649	127	58	3	9.	4380	3273	66		
27809 Jackson.....	3459	1938	27	69	15.	3879	3619	45	25	9	12.	3258	2324	401		
18188 Jasper	1602	2265	66	83	3.	1867	2715	57	2	3	9.	1642	1964	253		

Population	Whites	Dunlap	Hess	Bales	Litch's	McKinley	Bryan	Lever	Palmer	Match	Bryan	Wolff	Clarett	Rando'h
22590 Jefferson	2264	2764	124	81	3..	2603	3561	88	19	1	27..	2156	1901	891
14810 Jersey	1478	2024	24	60	5..	1641	2373	49	6	3	4..	1396	1710	29
25101 Jo Daviess	2690	2282	28	66	6..	3594	2383	90	80	2	8..	2722	2216	79
15013 Johnson	1617	1011	62	—	2..	2027	1423	13	9	1	6..	1722	547	568
65061 Kane	6360	2855	28	326	68..	12133	4839	197	139	5	13..	8494	3110	373
28732 Kankakee	3847	2795	31	88	11..	5471..	2357	89	78	6	13..	3840	1695	76
12106 Kendall	1377	506	7	87	2..	2128	772	51	18	2	2..	1531	490	33
38752 Knox	5602	2141	72	189	20..	7681	3464	144	85	6	16..	5722	1911	541
24235 Lake	2879	1350	48	138	10..	5027	1756	87	34	4	20..	3140	1029	113
80798 LaSalle	9214	7290	127	185	68..	11548	8088	181	168	26	20..	9140	6667	886
14693 Lawrence	1739	1775	21	45	2..	1972	1945	62	11	1	3..	1760	1513	59
26187 Lee	3227	1675	15	114	1..	4797	2465	56	5	5	4..	3737	1975	60
38455 Livingston	4768	3850	41	191	14..	5436	4045	143	58	1	23..	4408	3187	156
25489 Logan	3230	3528	17	86	7..	3430	3384	88	46	—	5..	2865	2893	253
38063 Macon	5115	4500	45	155	10..	6216	4746	89	77	3	10..	4982	3585	207
40880 Maconpin	4305	4680	62	146	50..	4970	5568	109	35	4	6..	4155	3998	327
51535 Madison	6115	5033	46	102	101..	7431	6323	85	83	4	20..	5307	4207	311
24341 Marion	2630	3157	196	79	5..	2870	3825	64	10	2	10..	2571	2302	562
13653 Marshall	1929	1904	14	40	4..	2216	1885	36	16	3	3..	1825	1896	136
16067 Mason	1787	2270	13	69	5..	2100	2405	64	16	1	2..	1829	1975	44
11313 Massac	1405	607	19	19	2..	2046	889	12	7	3	—	1601	368	158
27467 McDonough	3759	3315	51	160	—	4036	3678	106	45	6	6..	3645	2902	274
26114 McHenry	2362	1048	19	102	7..	5047	1910	102	51	2	3..	4051	1632	35
63036 McLean	6398	4672	45	413	53..	9964	6320	307	94	10	8..	6786	4228	308
13120 Menard	1555	1822	38	38	6..	1642	2012	29	18	—	6..	1422	1223	165
18545 Mercer	2618	1482	73	73	6..	3120	2324	53	19	—	5..	2577	1422	259
12948 Monroe	1506	1503	30	3	—	1446	1651	6	18	7	1..	1173	1321	230
30003 Montgom'ry	3172	3504	50	136	8..	3622	4104	105	19	3	13..	2686	2320	233
32636 Morgan	3432	4641	46	106	50..	4317	4313	84	28	7	10..	3715	3571	188
14481 Montrie	1491	1823	39	33	3..	1711	2073	15	13	3	4..	1424	1450	175
28710 Ogle	3003	1083	20	177	4..	5210	2134	95	76	2	8..	3688	1430	52
70878 Peoria	7989	6772	47	237	118..	10486	9042	185	129	15	26..	7524	5519	673
17529 Perry	2121	2066	33	77	7..	2342	2342	86	21	1	4..	2200	1829	217
17062 Piatt	2322	1721	30	32	6..	2579	1951	83	21	3	7..	2173	1822	38
31000 Pike	2233	3519	303	98	5..	3111	5315	97	18	3	14..	2618	2391	922
14016 Pope	1187	341	33	10	1..	1352	1089	8	8	—	5..	1478	448	345
11355 Putaski	1410	745	8	17	—	2081	1152	4	12	2	—	1533	556	42
4730 Putnam	569	392	6	25	—	706	378	18	12	—	1..	609	444	29
25049 Randolph	2720	2861	45	105	7..	3024	3074	80	27	4	7..	558	2414	185
15019 Richland	1510	1755	172	50	1..	1633	2062	20	7	1	—	658	1431	303
41917 Rock Island	5832	3381	83	104	95..	7323	4553	63	86	14	34..	5248	2423	501
19342 Saline	2203	1970	36	28	12..	2405	2292	22	5	4	4..	2220	1452	344
61195 Sangamon	8278	8474	48	322	28..	8848	8506	243	98	2	16..	7699	6881	205
16013 Schuyler	1567	2353	37	67	5..	1848	2325	63	11	2	9..	1736	1825	156
10304 Scott	1036	1497	40	17	—	1261	1536	19	11	—	—	1106	1229	142
31191 Shelby	2848	3877	119	177	8..	3071	4598	117	16	2	11..	2407	2815	553
9982 Stark	1730	733	63	82	1..	1633	1020	39	17	—	10..	1223	498	274
66571 St. Clair	7042	6497	85	133	375..	8830	8333	111	105	55	12..	6743	5786	840
31338 Stephenson	3735	3762	17	143	6..	4728	3773	103	49	6	3..	3726	3317	83
26556 Tazewell	3250	3539	27	123	30..	3703	3736	86	64	1	7..	3180	3217	188
21549 Union	1351	2232	19	26	7..	1842	2363	35	11	4	9..	1605	2150	53
49905 Vermillion	5896	3394	98	313	20..	8767	5737	132	91	6	12..	6081	2843	564
11866 Wabash	1117	1455	16	65	1..	1321	1796	57	2	4	3..	1234	1242	182
21281 Warren	3030	2455	56	122	3..	3394	2602	101	34	1	2..	2379	1947	111
19262 Washington	2134	1396	22	50	4..	2351	1379	34	43	—	—	2069	1644	188
22306 Wayne	2677	2469	18	145	6..	2408	3094	24	6	1	8..	2630	2107	455
25005 White	2075	2064	61	44	8..	2771	3403	33	8	—	11..	2490	2823	158
30654 Whiteside	3679	1501	39	136	5..	5577	2777	88	63	1	12..	4009	1613	144
62007 Will	7224	4636	62	94	33..	9249	6357	56	43	7	16..	7059	4181	732
22226 Williamson	2674	2200	25	20	1..	3027	2373	57	17	—	9..	2493	1810	126
39338 Winnebago	3837	1100	59	418	19..	8242	2433	219	51	9	9..	5531	1329	453
21429 Woodford	1905	2444	26	132	9..	2447	2447	87	26	4	6..	1843	2113	167

Total. 448940 405490 7893 11792 4507. 607130 464523 9796 6390 1147 1090. 455886 322469 50793
 Plurality.. 43450 .. 141517 .. 133427 .. 859275
 Per cent.. 51.09 46.15 .87 1.35 .. 51.. 55.66 42.58 .90 .59 .10 .10.. 53.05 37.52 6.95
 Total vote .. 878622 .. 1000669 .. 859275

*Middle of the road-people's.

In 1896, for president, Bentley received 793 votes.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Superintendent Public Instruction—

Alfred Bayliss, Rep.....	457,818
Perry O. Silver, Dem.....	338,919
Charles N. Haskins, Peo.....	7,406
Levi T. Regan, Pro.....	11,280
John Pepin, S. L.....	4,504

Trustees State University—

Augustus F. Nightingale, Rep.....	459,561
Frederic Lewis Hatch, Rep.....	457,417
Alice A. Abbott, Rep.....	448,141
Jacob E. Sells, Dem.....	338,594
Napoleon B. Morrison, Dem.....	387,555
Julia Holmes Smith, Dem.....	337,234

A. C. Vantine, Peo.....	6,980
Mamie Brancher, Peo.....	7,535
Meribab E. Walker, Peo.....	7,420
Mary E. Metzgar, Pro.....	13,582
Mary I. Barnes, Pro.....	13,319
Calus C. Griffith, Pro.....	12,949
Belle Sale, S. L.....	4,511
Anna Dietzgen, S. L.....	4,486
G. Renner, S. L.....	4,453

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The towns of Rich, Bloom, Orland, Bremen, Thornton, Calumet and Worth, in Cook county, and the 4th ward east of Wentworth avenue, the 3d ward, the 31st ward, the 32d

ward, the 33d ward and the 34th ward of the city of Chicago.

James R. Mann, Rep.....37,506
Rollin B. Organ, Dem.....20,434
James Hogan, Peo.....404
Theodore L. Neff, Pro.....414
B. Berlyn, Soc. Lab.....568

2. The towns of Lemont, Palos, Lyons, Proviso, Riverside, Cicero, Leyden, Norwood Park, Maine, Elk Grove, Schaumburg and Hanover, in Cook county, and the 10th, 28th, 29th and 30th wards of the city of Chicago.

William Lorimer, Rep.....27,151
C. Porter Johnson, Dem.....23,354
Charles O. Sherman, Peo.....700
Thomas M. Couppropst, Pro.....407
Herman Geaser, Soc. Lab.....421

3. The 1st, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th wards and that part of the 4th ward west of Wentworth avenue, all in the city of Chicago.

Hugh R. Belknap, Rep.....15,659
George P. Foster, Dem.....18,463
James E. McGrath, Peo.....206
William Kellet, Pro.....65
Henry O. Dreisvagt, Soc. L.....242

4. The 8th, 9th, 12th and 19th wards of the city of Chicago.

Daniel W. Mills, Rep.....16,656
Thomas Cusack, Dem.....18,876
John T. Buchanan, Peo.....219
Thomas H. Gault, Pro.....130

5. The 11th, 13th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of Chicago.

George E. White, Rep.....16,018
Edward T. Noonan, Dem.....19,186
William League, Peo.....334
Thomas L. Haines, Pro.....176
J. Collins, Soc. Lab.....301

6. The 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d and 24th wards, also that part of the 25th ward south of Diversey street and west of Halsted street, and that part of the 26th ward south of Belmont avenue, all in the city of Chicago.

Henry S. Boutell, Rep.....18,283
Emil Hoechster, Dem.....17,167
Roy M. Goodwin, Peo.....225
John G. Battershill, Pro.....86
George Henderson, Soc. Lab.....86

7. The 14th, 15th and 27th wards, that part of the 25th ward north of Diversey street and east of Halsted street, that part of the 26th ward north of Belmont avenue, in the city of Chicago; also the towns of Evanston, Niles, New Trier, Northfield, Wheeling, Palatine and Barrington, in Cook county, and the county of Lake.

George Edmond Foss, Rep.....30,903
Frank C. Rogers, Dem.....18,572
Henry H. Hardinge, Peo.....403
Vaascher B. Barnes, Pro.....394
Charles Schmitt, Soc. Lab.....566

8. Counties of McHenry, DeKalb, Kane, DuPage, Kendall and Grundy.

Albert J. Hopkins, Rep.....19,592
John W. Leonard, Dem.....8,000
Sheldon W. Johnson, Dem.....1,142

9. Counties of Boone, Winnebago, Stephenson, Jo Daviess, Carroll, Ogle and Lee.

Robert R. Hitt, Rep.....22,165
William H. Wagner, Dem.....11,020
John E. Countryman, Pro.....936

10. Counties of Whiteside, Rock Island, Mercer, Henry, Knox and Stark.

George W. Prince, Rep.....24,469
Francis E. Andrews, Dem.....12,042
Eugenio C. Hayes, Pro.....509

11. Counties of Bureau, LaSalle, Livingston and Woodford.

Walter Reeves, Rep.....20,060
Maurice T. Moloney, Dem.....16,564

Archibald Storrie, Peo.....277
John W. Hosier, Pro.....629

12. Counties of Will, Kankakee, Iroquois and Vermilion.

Joseph G. Cannon, Rep.....21,484
John M. Thompson, Dem.....14,178
Samuel S. Jones, Pro.....682

13. Counties of Ford, McLean, DeWitt, Platt, Champaign and Douglas.

Vespasian Warner, Rep.....20,635
Jerome G. Quisenberry, Dem.....14,977
James H. Shaw, Pro.....863

14. Counties of Putnam, Marshall, Peoria, Fulton, Tazewell and Mason.

Joseph V. Graff, Rep.....21,417
Charles N. Barnes, Dem.....19,431
Stephen Martin, Pro.....696

15. Counties of Henderson, Warren, Hancock, McDonough, Adams, Brown and Schuyler.

Benjamin F. Marsh, Rep.....21,143
Joseph A. Roy, Dem.....20,901
M. W. Greer, Peo.....411
James M. Underhill, Pro.....571

16. Counties of Cass, Morgan, Scott, Pike, Green, Macoupin, Calhoun and Jersey.

James H. Dauskin, Rep.....17,021
William Elza Williams, Dem.....21,682
A. C. Wood, Peo.....514
Howard C. Bliss, Pro.....491

17. Counties of Menard, Logan, Sangamon, Macon and Christian.

Isaac R. Mills, Rep.....21,053
Ben F. Caldwell, Dem.....23,293
David L. Bunn, Pro.....573

18. Counties of Madison, Montgomery, Bond, Fayette, Shelby and Moultrie.

Benjamin F. Johnston, Rep.....18,109
Thomas M. Jett, Dem.....18,834
Ferdinand Morse, Peo.....477
John T. Killam, Pro.....501
William W. Cox, Soc. Lab.....138

19. Counties of Coles, Edgar, Clark, Cumberland, Effingham, Jasper, Crawford, Richland and Lawrence.

William W. Jacobs, Rep.....20,006
Joseph B. Crowley, Dem.....21,520
Dixon T. Harbison, Peo.....597
William Smith, Pro.....433

20. Counties of Clay, Jefferson, Wayne, Hamilton, Edwards, Wabash, Franklin, White, Gallatin and Hardin.

Theodore G. Risley, Rep.....16,307
James R. Williams, Dem.....18,321
Wiley N. Green, Peo.....552
William Bedall, Pro.....387

21. Counties of Marion, Clinton, Washington, St. Clair, Monroe, Randolph and Perry.

William A. Rodenberg, Rep.....20,461
Frederick J. Kern, Dem.....19,958
William F. Quellmalz, Peo.....466
John T. Nixon, Pro.....433
Gustav Surber, Soc. Lab.....340

22. Counties of Jackson, Union, Alexander, Pulaski, Johnson, Williamson, Saline, Pope and Massac.

George W. Smith, Rep.....17,200
A. B. Garrett, Dem.....14,131
Andrew J. Dougherty, Jr., Pro.....219

LEGISLATURE.

1898-1900.

1896-98.

	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans	34	81	115.	39	87	126
Democrats	15	71	86.	11	64	75
People's	1	—	1.	1	2	5
Prohibition	—	1	1.	—	—	—

INDIANA (Population 2,192,404).

COUNTIES. (32)	—SEC. OF STATE 1898—					—PRESIDENT 1896—					—SEC. OF STATE 1894—				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Soc.	Rep.	Dem.	G.D.	Pro.	Nat.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Taylor.
Population.	Burr.	Ralston.	Worth.	Morrison.	Yost.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Leveque.	Kentley.	Orwa.	Myers.	Orwa.	Robson.	
20181 Adams.....	1241	2654	71	39	1.	1613	3340	26	31	16.	1478	2680	65	96	
66689 Allen.....	6285	8479	117	47	99.	8467	9909	149	57	13.	6326	8284	125	672	
23887 Bartholm'w	3125	3043	43	42	1.	3264	3168	28	13	19.	3036	3111	92	54	
11908 Benton.....	1774	1286	47	16	3.	1996	1552	12	24	7.	1825	1319	83	62	
10461 Blackford....	1719	1898	117	44	92.	2154	2272	8	23	44.	1537	1401	72	311	
26572 Boone.....	3745	3630	74	84	3.	3440	3800	19	27	8.	3351	3029	85	374	
10808 Brown.....	615	1207	—	24	26.	726	1490	1	15	3.	1885	1153	35	110	
30021 Carroll.....	2501	2593	93	25	—	2546	2764	6	36	15.	2420	2262	152	257	
31152 Cass.....	3813	4044	149	182	29.	4392	4851	26	54	45.	3881	3515	210	713	
30259 Clark.....	3147	3618	37	18	11.	3897	3785	36	22	12.	3493	3625	66	41	
30536 Clay.....	3194	3550	143	149	69.	3623	4482	11	37	31.	3420	3197	145	764	
27370 Clinton.....	3474	3365	184	90	6.	3607	3747	13	33	55.	3556	2940	261	307	
13941 Crawford....	1324	1622	45	47	—	1490	1655	1	4	2.	1408	1368	9	155	
26227 Daviess.....	2864	2718	69	519	34.	3120	3785	4	19	4.	2776	2194	53	1218	
23904 Dearborn....	2139	2875	65	6	6.	2714	3313	6	26	5.	2544	2363	57	66	
19277 Decatur.....	2711	2368	73	32	4.	2848	2520	6	17	23.	2769	2077	108	163	
24507 DeKalb.....	2714	2845	139	142	4.	3137	3678	25	33	14.	2676	2397	149	952	
30131 Delaware....	5993	3545	273	49	163.	7340	4253	20	53	94.	5731	2532	221	306	
30253 Dubois.....	1866	2214	25	33	4.	1215	9005	14	3	6.	1149	2610	21	125	
39201 Elkhart.....	5598	4540	407	32	31.	6150	4986	28	152	42.	5187	3811	296	504	
12630 Fayette....	1943	1430	38	5	2.	2145	1009	7	11	11.	2005	1376	53	47	
29458 Floyd.....	2381	3413	52	24	16.	3874	3544	36	21	4.	3294	3384	45	86	
19658 Fountain....	2755	2858	75	55	15.	2909	2897	15	22	10.	2583	2227	88	426	
18366 Franklin....	1488	2428	33	9	5.	1790	2844	4	12	1.	1702	2713	30	19	
16746 Fulton.....	2158	2284	54	25	1.	2949	2391	14	10	12.	2221	2168	94	68	
24920 Gibson.....	3289	3043	188	155	5.	5471	3622	11	42	29.	2953	2280	180	814	
31493 Grant.....	6727	3754	458	82	145.	7723	5072	21	128	143.	6109	3554	493	406	
24379 Greene.....	3282	2891	54	264	7.	3434	3334	16	21	15.	3113	2333	61	603	
26123 Hamilton....	4249	2437	281	38	4.	4543	2947	10	47	113.	3392	2217	392	170	
17329 Hancock....	2086	2639	80	34	9.	2296	2886	15	23	13.	2089	2349	75	195	
20786 Harrison....	2226	2434	81	101	3.	2486	2813	12	25	13.	2421	2365	69	162	
21498 Hendricks....	3032	2049	119	14	1.	3409	2365	18	33	46.	3241	1857	200	125	
23879 Henry.....	3590	2478	225	37	5.	4001	2980	7	43	54.	3636	1625	202	547	
26186 Howard.....	3543	2449	273	140	33.	4195	3188	12	86	60.	3039	1595	329	976	
27644 Huntington.	3631	3486	187	30	—	4117	3750	33	54	68.	3737	3246	253	143	
24139 Jackson....	2226	3293	100	85	12.	2670	3574	23	19	5.	2527	3015	31	132	
11185 Jasper.....	1732	1257	75	68	3.	2032	1608	8	27	14.	1553	753	61	541	
23478 Jay.....	3290	3111	223	112	8.	3473	3680	8	62	64.	3062	2234	290	753	
24507 Jefferson....	3041	2362	48	20	15.	3636	2645	34	24	6.	3295	2330	58	148	
14908 Jennings..	1832	1693	45	60	2.	2040	1850	4	18	11.	2132	2335	146	385	
19561 Johnson....	2158	2794	123	103	2.	2288	3083	10	29	47.	—	—	—	—	
28044 Knox.....	2940	3521	130	138	5.	3480	4349	30	44	27.	2929	3069	181	592	
28645 Kosciusko...	3911	2796	148	17	—	4342	3372	12	43	39.	4094	2767	180	90	
15615 Lagrange....	1973	1165	65	22	1.	2442	1665	3	22	9.	2225	1127	72	145	
23886 Lake.....	3807	3095	67	24	32.	4883	3418	40	46	11.	3844	2586	104	273	
34445 Laporte....	4016	4424	59	16	10.	4691	4511	87	25	11.	4197	4136	107	199	
19792 Lawrence....	2672	2026	51	75	1.	3103	2421	13	30	4.	2875	1757	40	171	
36487 Madison....	7642	7209	244	141	102.	8398	7590	24	85	50.	6500	5596	290	714	
141156 Marion.....	23191	20812	563	85	265.	27351	20634	527	165	60.	21047	18257	512	1424	
23186 Marshall....	2678	2966	106	32	8.	2968	3543	22	40	18.	2789	2736	102	169	
13973 Martin.....	1433	1380	29	152	2.	1384	1719	2	9	4.	1334	1352	22	242	
25823 Miami.....	3195	3443	151	54	8.	3396	3602	71	37	36.	3166	3203	167	206	
17673 Monroe....	2233	2179	45	77	—	2486	2422	16	27	25.	2309	1797	85	320	
28025 Montgomery	2938	3959	100	54	2.	4353	4183	24	24	17.	4086	3657	132	196	
18643 Morgan.....	2620	2340	74	32	4.	2688	2414	9	20	16.	2528	1857	73	207	
8808 Newton.....	1448	868	44	421	2.	1545	1294	5	6	16.	1289	771	61	142	
23359 Noble.....	3084	2749	102	16	—	3372	3071	10	27	32.	3081	2645	100	106	
4965 Ohio.....	705	597	9	3	—	705	631	—	—	1.	711	563	9	13	
14678 Orange.....	1993	1625	36	92	2.	2044	1797	14	10	5.	1973	1404	29	145	
15040 Owen.....	1639	1939	89	—	—	1751	2070	13	13	6.	1660	1724	43	213	
20206 Parke.....	2772	2362	154	63	16.	2847	2777	11	40	46.	2574	1763	248	524	
18240 Perry.....	1944	2169	25	22	—	2139	2109	15	16	3.	2029	1968	36	66	
18544 Pike.....	2276	2171	59	51	1.	2332	2557	7	16	5.	2240	1957	46	259	
18052 Porter.....	2887	1721	40	17	5.	2853	2026	10	16	9.	2435	1813	105	94	
21529 Posey.....	2318	2705	76	106	5.	2526	3103	14	30	2.	2219	2423	62	432	
11233 Pulaski....	1311	1567	79	109	5.	1345	1164	15	21	17.	1069	1251	61	344	
22335 Putnam.....	2339	3037	96	76	2.	2622	3218	18	32	18.	2472	2632	131	201	
28085 Randolph..	4253	1925	124	85	5.	4674	2677	10	37	47.	4404	1623	269	382	
19350 Rush.....	2512	2402	31	105	14.	2680	2714	5	10	4.	2490	2182	36	288	
19084 Rush.....	2770	2502	120	6	3.	2891	2602	2	32	46.	2783	2156	151	91	
7833 Scott.....	730	1119	18	5	1.	837	1237	1	10	4.	816	1075	36	33	
25454 Shelby....	2798	3668	182	30	5.	3219	3288	19	54	94.	2881	3413	259	88	
22060 Spencer....	2744	2543	50	22	1.	3047	2745	13	10	6.	2735	2420	21	159	
7339 Starke.....	1166	1227	19	15	1.	1289	1214	8	8	7.	1071	1052	29	29	
42467 St. Joseph.	6881	5636	148	35	35.	7138	6247	49	61	25.	6157	5071	148	409	
14478 Steuben....	2359	1315	79	43	6.	2655	1674	8	50	25.	2390	1089	133	208	
21877 Sullivan....	1877	3019	188	—	8.	2317	4010	7	47	26.	1943	2897	112	466	
12514 Switzerland.	1535	1677	7	4	—	1637	1742	7	3	2.	1594	1608	27	38	
35078 Tiptecanoe.	5555	4170	216	17	6.	6239	4649	35	63	13.	5943	3662	184	132	
18157 Tipton.....	2202	2436	68	175	4.	2263	2816	4	18	31.	2047	2086	114	559	
7006 Union.....	1623	781	41	7	1.	1118	915	2	15	18.	1051	786	42	12	

Population.	Hunt.	Ralston.	Worth.	Morrison.	Yochum.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levering.	Bentley.	Owen.	Myers.	Taylor.	Roberts.
58809 Vanderburg.	7200	6140	91	46	79.	8068	7132	35	28	3..	6267	6187	64	1315
13154 Vermillion.....	1993	1675	71	22	3..	2141	1814	3	15	21..	1892	1141	98	895
50195 Vigo.....	7090	6009	123	91	93..	8020	7558	31	45	10..	6745	5865	99	965
27126 Wabash.....	3748	2652	145	36	11..	4319	2891	18	63	33..	3900	2140	192	381
10655 Warren.....	1798	838	54	13	—	2045	1100	13	13	10..	1827	878	34	73
21161 Warrick.....	2474	2547	54	111	3..	2482	2001	17	12	8..	2226	2175	37	566
18619 Washington.....	1953	2327	27	66	4..	2214	2613	21	13	3..	1977	2001	35	224
37628 Wayne.....	5889	3060	194	27	72..	6841	4047	33	64	55..	5842	2913	297	306
21514 Wells.....	1880	3620	91	77	3..	2212	3723	5	48	43..	1944	2572	177	329
15671 White.....	2292	2284	95	44	7..	2383	2537	24	37	28..	2180	1871	146	228
17768 Whitley.....	2008	2241	86	14	3..	2242	2494	7	20	22..	2124	2060	121	51
Total.....	286943	269125	9361	5867	1975.	323764	305753	2145	3056	2268.	283405	238732	11157	29388
Plurality.....	17515					18181					44673			
Percent.....	49.99	46.94	1.74	1.06	.08..	50.51	47.64	.33	.47	.35..	50.37	42.43	1.95	5.22
Total vote.....	573392					637305					562682			

*Fusion on electors. Democrats, 10; populists, 5.

In 1896 Matchett, S. L., received 320 votes for president.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Auditor of State—W. H. Hart, Rep.....	283,565
J. W. Minor, Dem.....	264,472
D. M. Shoemaker, Pro.....	9,525
W. H. H. Parks, Peo.....	5,722
Gustav Rempier, Soc.....	1,711
State Treasurer—Leopold Levy, Rep.....	282,534
Hugh Dougherty, Dem.....	265,226
J. F. Kinsey, Pro.....	9,508
F. M. Brown, Peo.....	5,769
F. H. Helblieh, Soc.....	1,703
Attorney-General—W. L. Taylor, Rep.....	283,617
J. G. McNutt, Dem.....	264,163
B. F. Watson, Pro.....	9,538
T. E. Ballard, Peo.....	5,822
Clerk Supreme Ct.—R. A. Brown, Rep.....	283,592
Henry Warrum, Dem.....	264,255
D. W. Welch, Pro.....	9,483
R. W. Todd, Peo.....	5,793
Supt. Pub. Inst.—F. L. Jones, Rep.....	283,387
W. B. Sinclair, Dem.....	264,036
E. A. Devore, Pro.....	9,507
Edgar Packer, Peo.....	5,809
Charles Beam, Soc.....	1,688
Chief Bureau of Statistics—	
J. B. Conner, Rep.....	283,442
J. S. Guthrie, Dem.....	263,925
J. D. Ledbetter, Pro.....	9,488
L. C. Adams, Peo.....	5,776
D. E. Meyers, Soc.....	1,686
State Geologist—W. S. Blatchley, Rep.....	283,581
Edward Barrett, Dem.....	263,810
V. E. Baldwin, Pro.....	9,358
J. H. Allen, Peo.....	5,813

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Gibson, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburg and Warrick.	
J. A. Hemenway, Rep.....	20,383
Thomas Duncan, Dem.....	19,337
Josephus Lee, Pro.....	475
2. The counties of Daviess, Greene, Knox, Lawrence, Martin, Monroe, Owen and Sullivan.	
W. J. Gardiner, Rep.....	13,656
Robert W. Miers, Dem.....	20,245
William J. Trout, Pro.....	1,333
3. The counties of Clark, Crawford, Dubois, Floyd, Harrison, Perry, Orange, Scott and Washington.	
J. P. Whitesides, Rep.....	16,741
W. T. Zenor, Dem.....	21,111
George T. Mayfield, Pro.....	118
4. The counties of Bartholomew, Brown, Dearborn, Decatur, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Ohio, Ripley and Switzerland.	
C. W. Lee, Rep.....	19,733
F. M. Griffith, Dem.....	21,391
Jasper N. Hughes, Pro.....	213

5. The counties of Clay, Hendricks, Morgan, Parke, Putnam, Vermillion and Vigo.

George W. Faris, Rep.....	22,537
Samuel Hamill, Dem.....	22,305
William E. Carpenter, Pro.....	647
Alexander J. Farrow, Peo.....	195

6. The counties of Fayette, Franklin, Hancock, Henry, Rush, Shelby, Union and Wayne.

James E. Watson, Rep.....	21,048
Charles A. Robinson, Dem.....	18,344
Samuel Walker, Pro.....	121

7. The counties of Johnson and Marion.

Jesse Overstreet, Rep.....	25,868
Leon O. Bailey, Dem.....	23,269
W. B. Campbell, Pro.....	567
Henry Kuerst, Soc.....	235

8. The counties of Adams, Blackford, Delaware, Jay, Madison, Randolph and Wells.

George W. Cromer, Rep.....	25,388
O. J. Latz, Dem.....	24,021
G. M. Martin, Pro.....	908
J. A. Thompson, Peo.....	397

9. The counties of Boone, Carroll, Clinton, Fountain, Hamilton, Montgomery and Tip-ton.

C. B. Landis, Rep.....	22,447
Joseph M. Cheadle, Dem.....	21,357
George W. King, Pro.....	620
James A. Thompson, Peo.....	320

10. The counties of Benton, Jasper, Lake, Laporte, Newton, Porter, Tippecanoe, Warren and White.

E. D. Crumacker, Rep.....	24,656
F. R. Ross, Dem.....	20,206

11. The counties of Cass, Grant, Howard, Huntington, Miami and Wabash.

George W. Steele, Rep.....	26,552
G. W. Melkiss, Dem.....	20,281
D. A. McDowell, Pro.....	1,057
E. L. Wilson, Peo.....	278

12. The counties of Allen, De Kalb, La-grange, Noble, Steuben and Whitley.

Charles D. Stemen, Rep.....	18,044
J. M. Robinson, Dem.....	19,484
H. C. Schrader, Pro.....	448

13. The counties of Elkhart, Fulton, Kosciusko, Marshall, Pulaski, St. Joseph and Starke.

Abraham L. Brick, Rep.....	23,368
M. M. Hathaway, Dem.....	20,886
Thomas E. Webb, Pro.....	981
John L. Krouer, Peo.....	206

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.		1897-98.	
Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho. J.B.
Republicans	29	57	36..	33 52 85
Democrats	21	43	64..	14 39 53
People's	—	—	—	3 9 12

IOWA (Population 1,911,896).

COUNTIES. (99)	GOVERNOR 1899						GOVERNOR 1897						PRESIDENT 1896					
	Rep. Shaw.	Dem. White.	Pro. Atwood.	Pop. Lloyd.	Soc. Kremer.	U.C. Heacock.	Rep. Shaw.	Fus. White.	Peo. Cicgett.	N.D. Leland.	Pro. M'Kinty.	Rep. Bryan.	Dem. Palmer.	G.D. Levy.	Pro. Lewy.			
Adair.....	2047	1685	35	18	3	—	1504	1406	56	9	93.	2127	1946	28	9			
Adams.....	1586	1880	69	14	2	6.	1504	1406	56	10	92.	1736	1701	22	25			
Allamakee.....	2251	1799	23	2	3.	3.	2174	1763	24	54	13.	2471	1897	95	13			
Appanoose.....	2385	2376	51	36	18	14.	2789	2396	115	7	22.	3046	2940	19	12			
Audubon.....	1657	1282	21	5	3	2.	1432	1321	16	9	12.	1705	1417	16	11			
Benton.....	2973	2653	61	15	9	2.	2696	2557	19	36	76.	3604	2560	63	38			
Black Hawk.....	3079	1686	106	11	6	7.	3090	2015	28	65	164.	4643	2167	153	64			
Boone.....	2971	1967	186	8	10	3.	2548	2362	40	20	215.	3741	2801	26	56			
Bremer.....	1788	1941	38	7	1	—	1751	1994	8	27	46.	2116	1704	73	20			
Buchanan.....	2437	1792	178	5	1	6.	2498	2071	23	13	69.	2865	2233	50	31			
Buena Vista.....	1818	786	82	24	4	2.	1605	973	59	4	68.	2363	1178	22	26			
Butler.....	1922	965	40	2	1	4.	2121	1200	11	19	78.	2670	1372	31	36			
Calhoun.....	2027	806	36	6	2	3.	1749	1148	28	21	47.	2638	1280	24	10			
Carroll.....	1933	2244	10	6	4	2.	1746	2395	26	18	13.	2696	2417	25	13			
Cass.....	2590	4759	24	35	4	5.	2480	1865	139	47	31.	2859	2240	53	13			
Cedar.....	2520	2151	102	6	1	1.	2283	2181	20	55	98.	2717	2123	78	50			
Cerro Gordo.....	2235	951	127	8	2	4.	1948	1120	9	122	78.	3048	1408	38	59			
Cherokee.....	1738	1160	105	11	5	—	1785	1286	46	16	131.	2343	1464	25	64			
Chickasaw.....	1813	2091	31	5	1	5.	1659	2115	20	7	23.	1967	2084	17	10			
Clarke.....	1647	1317	42	9	2	2.	1501	1935	30	3	33.	1646	1517	11	19			
Clay.....	1624	647	48	16	2	—	1400	764	40	12	67.	1880	933	14	19			
Clayton.....	2306	2753	65	8	8	5.	2499	2692	22	27	62.	3302	2910	81	32			
Clinton.....	4024	4284	35	13	73	6.	3927	4459	64	57	31.	5584	4590	83	10			
Crawford.....	1953	2352	95	9	2	2.	1778	2507	21	9	106.	2189	2396	28	38			
Dallas.....	2687	1497	135	21	2	3.	2410	1840	74	14	153.	3326	2316	36	55			
Davis.....	1546	1958	40	51	2	2.	1507	1919	172	8	28.	1652	2367	8	15			
Decatur.....	2187	1991	31	30	—	2.	2169	1961	150	23	16.	2268	2362	35	9			
Delaware.....	2110	1277	46	10	2	2.	2128	1833	18	14	86.	2799	1778	23	24			
Des Moines.....	3244	3469	46	9	10	2.	3265	3460	41	153	64.	4549	3741	241	31			
Dickinson.....	1063	386	67	12	4	1.	875	432	16	11	71.	1131	517	17	14			
Dubuque.....	3863	5381	47	8	39	5.	3928	5815	29	108	40.	5203	6570	153	18			
Emmet.....	931	328	96	6	—	4.	831	898	7	6	66.	1429	559	3	47			
Fayette.....	3426	2547	108	22	4	3.	2804	2411	60	19	95.	3522	2822	38	54			
Floyd.....	2117	1089	61	15	1	2.	1971	1451	19	25	115.	2749	1461	35	30			
Franklin.....	1743	461	23	1	1	4.	1672	700	4	12	21.	2439	894	17	9			
Fremont.....	1878	2090	40	15	2	1.	1756	2506	50	13	73.	1948	2857	19	11			
Greene.....	2115	1163	40	6	2	1.	2022	1440	48	11	60.	2606	1629	26	18			
Grundy.....	1661	1169	46	3	—	1.	1492	1297	13	6	29.	1894	1206	21	13			
Guthrie.....	2294	1652	72	8	4	—	2071	1855	50	3	95.	2541	2220	19	41			
Hamilton.....	2094	869	19	6	3	3.	2316	1167	16	12	40.	3074	1300	46	15			
Hancock.....	1875	800	32	9	—	1.	1394	1062	15	6	32.	1975	1007	12	11			
Hardin.....	2329	816	101	6	3	7.	2620	1338	15	21	121.	3575	1568	38	37			
Harrison.....	2775	2641	117	46	10	5.	2469	2712	100	33	67.	2839	3214	24	27			
Henry.....	2356	1707	97	15	4	7.	2277	1653	37	28	151.	2774	2092	45	52			
Howard.....	1557	1318	78	2	1	—	1495	1396	5	7	82.	1929	1507	21	29			
Humboldt.....	1504	559	13	5	—	3.	1575	704	11	10	29.	2010	783	10	17			
Ia.....	1322	1228	29	6	—	2.	1221	1297	22	16	23.	1475	1421	15	15			
Iowa.....	2067	1954	46	24	—	5.	1961	2062	31	56	45.	2391	1956	79	15			
Jackson.....	2623	2584	33	29	1	2.	2252	2675	97	38	31.	2768	3019	60	16			
Jasper.....	3330	3009	84	24	5	4.	3116	3240	52	46	103.	3713	3279	40	39			
Jefferson.....	2072	1297	75	11	5	10.	2057	1420	31	16	76.	2478	1772	36	35			
Johnson.....	2735	3075	26	14	8	8.	2581	2962	52	82	38.	2910	3170	90	8			
Jones.....	2586	2140	65	—	4	1.	2585	2160	19	24	24.	3057	3143	54	20			
Keokuk.....	2027	2620	127	10	7	12.	2746	2457	67	174	112.	3166	2891	118	61			
Kossuth.....	2501	1748	23	5	1	1.	2189	1923	17	8	32.	2680	1861	50	16			
Lee.....	3288	4437	44	22	10	12.	3531	4622	72	67	41.	4874	5153	120	35			
Linn.....	5735	3966	203	16	22	11.	5408	3889	64	63	204.	7355	5283	35	99			
Louisa.....	1914	993	60	12	2	2.	1677	1007	66	13	66.	2095	1334	37	33			
Lucas.....	1691	1153	107	9	3	4.	1484	1297	20	28	178.	1859	1621	28	33			
Lyon.....	1257	1308	37	7	4	1.	1173	1140	25	11	87.	1568	1464	5	16			
Madison.....	2232	1828	64	152	6	5.	2117	1631	346	17	69.	2313	2224	28	28			
Mahaska.....	3595	8120	198	17	14	17.	3440	3897	101	50	207.	4256	3974	56	90			
Marion.....	2526	2506	157	29	3	1.	2354	2807	94	19	214.	2741	3119	53	54			
Marshall.....	3781	1991	205	6	4	6.	3282	2171	39	51	196.	4541	2926	66	102			
Mills.....	1995	1685	74	20	4	2.	1883	1750	58	9	120.	2153	1958	13	15			
Mitchell.....	1752	567	46	2	—	1.	1940	805	16	14	40.	2498	1031	31	17			
Monona.....	1638	1665	52	63	3	4.	1356	1583	180	19	38.	1526	2558	13	40			
Monroe.....	1820	1707	120	31	48	3.	1489	1763	87	27	166.	1836	2086	35	53			
Montgomery.....	2291	1152	50	11	4	6.	2283	1323	43	14	77.	2627	1634	12	19			
Muscatine.....	3114	2872	65	43	2	7.	2807	2556	167	41	70.	3627	2853	72	21			
O'Brien.....	1843	1380	21	12	2	3.	1631	1496	21	16	30.	2421	1562	19	25			
Osceola.....	905	822	26	—	—	—	706	791	6	5	27.	1094	767	12	15			
Page.....	2553	1265	212	26	4	4.	2674	1778	65	28	229.	3213	2390	22	53			
Palo Alto.....	1619	1357	41	9	1	—	1278	1414	33	6	44.	1595	1547	12	35			
Plymouth.....	2219	2142	69	46	2	2.	2035	2026	85	35	61.	2623	2392	47	58			
Pocahontas.....	1683	1212	49	10	2	1.	1364	1401	25	...	51.	1866	1377	16	24			
Polk.....	7189	4313	363	48	23	23.	7288	5755	126	73	578.	11127	7087	111	121			
Pottawattmie.....	5247	4378	100	32	24	12.	4789	4444	153	107	79.	5810	5468	86	14			
Poweshiek.....	2534	1587	71	8	8	2.	2282	1760	29	41	183.	2999	2013	42	49			
Ringgold.....	1997	1218	60	12	2	1.	1820	1169	64	11	78.	2249	1651	18	25			
Sac.....	2151	1155	130	6	4	—	1775	1234	21	8	109.	2513	1346	17	36			

ELECTION RETURNS.

329

	Shaw.	White.	Atwood.	Lloyd.	Kremer.	Heacock.	Shaw.	White.	Lloyd.	Clegg.	Grett.	Leland.	M'Kini.	Bryan.	Palm.	Lever.	g
Scott	4448	4197	48	9	207	20..	3824	3244	31	1231	69..	6449	4032	278	29		
Shelby.....	1849	1962	17	12	3	2..	1731	2080	53	10	15..	2019	2175	11	7		
Sioux	2232	1532	40	7	3	3..	2340	1620	24	28	45..	2841	1888	50	25		
Story.....	2017	887	115	6	1	1..	2747	1245	17	6	130..	3630	1589	22	41		
Tama.....	2710	2448	96	5	2	2..	2587	2532	14	49	160..	3054	2506	37	40		
Taylor.....	2413	1647	50	9	4	2..	2154	1766	63	11	55..	2468	2283	7	15		
Union.....	2621	1771	123	38	5	4..	1880	2118	84	20	102..	2196	2425	32	29		
Van Buren.....	2232	1702	44	9	—	2..	2226	1855	26	28	45..	2478	2076	45	28		
Wapello.....	3865	3297	87	83	21	5..	3657	3372	214	95	60..	4319	4041	119	28		
Warren.....	2497	1905	139	21	5	4..	2337	1909	60	14	127..	2826	2214	20	49		
Washington.....	2366	1920	128	11	2	85..	2384	2126	46	22	135..	2882	2292	51	54		
Wayne.....	2074	1861	129	18	—	2..	2069	1915	41	14	103..	2101	2115	29	45		
Webster.....	3084	1969	144	35	7	3..	2688	2236	102	38	132..	3691	2557	45	59		
Winnebago.....	1321	331	34	13	4	4..	1359	679	18	4	19..	1912	714	10	15		
Winneshiek.....	2345	1524	38	6	1	6..	3038	1817	8	52	30..	3222	2033	50	25		
Woodbury.....	4383	3288	172	51	9	11..	3356	3202	140	144	135..	6404	4876	117	97		
Worth.....	1242	429	15	6	—	1..	1348	504	10	24	12..	1686	584	15	5		
Wright.....	2137	812	70	1	1	2..	2078	908	5	30	56..	2492	1138	20	38		
Total.....	239543	183326	7650	1694	763	483..	224501	194514	5269	4268	8357..	289293	223741	4516	3192		
Plurality.....	56217						22987					65452					
Per cent.....	55.25	42.29	1.76	.39	.02	.01..	51.38	44.52	1.20	.90	1.88..	55.50	42.90	.90	.61		
Total vote.....	433459						436909					521547					

In 1896 Matchett, S. L. for president, received 453, and Bentley, National, 352 votes.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Lieutenant-Governor—	
James A. Millman, Rep.....	239,094
M. L. Bevis, Dem.....	197,776
George Pugsley, Pro.....	7,663
S. M. Harvey, Pop.....	1,747
— Bronron, Soc. Lab.....	785
J. F. R. Leonard, United Christian.....	403
Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
R. C. Barrett, Rep.....	238,687
P. R. Hulst, Dem.....	179,623
D. S. Dunlavy, Pro.....	7,571
C. Wirth, Pop.....	1,709
Mrs. E. P. Travis, Soc. Lab.....	795
W. C. Pidgeon, United Christian.....	401
Judge of Supreme Court—	
J. C. Sherwin, Rep.....	239,269
A. Van Wagenen, Dem.....	179,451
— Johns, Pro.....	7,666
L. H. Weller, Pop.....	1,783
F. W. Darnier, United Christian.....	405
Scattering.....	12
Railroad Commissioner—	
E. A. Dawson, Rep.....	237,667
W. H. Calhoun, Dem.....	179,444
A. B. Wray, Pro.....	7,579
R. L. Dunning, Pop.....	1,735
— Helsel, Soc. Lab.....	756
C. Z. Lindley, United Christian.....	407

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren and Washington.	
Thomas Hedge, Rep.....	17,817
D. J. O'Connell, Fus.....	14,563
J. W. Glasgow, Pro.....	456
2. Counties of Clinton, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Muscatine and Scott.	
Joe R. Lane, Rep.....	18,790
John J. Ney, Fus.....	17,508
Ell Elliott, Pro.....	260
A. W. Ricker, Pro.....	193
J. B. Welzenback, Soc. Lab.....	396
3. Counties of Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, Franklin, Hardin and Wright.	
D. B. Henderson, Rep.....	22,512
John H. Howell, Fus.....	15,493
E. J. Dean, Ind.....	78
4. Counties of Allamakee, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, Winneshiek and Worth.	
G. N. Haugen, Rep.....	21,468
T. T. Blaise, Fus.....	13,849
P. Wooding, Pro.....	462

Thomas Tracy, Peo.....	117
P. Woodman, Ind.....	4
5. Counties of Benton, Cedar, Grundy, Jones, Linn, Marshall and Tama.	
It. G. Cousins, Rep.....	21,335
L. J. Rowell, Fus.....	15,970
J. G. Van Ness, Pro.....	719
J. W. Whitmer, Peo.....	76
L. G. Wood, Ind.....	42
6. Counties of Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek and Wapello.	
John F. Lacey, Rep.....	19,733
James B. Weaver, Fus.....	18,267
R. L. Turner, Pro.....	518
L. M. Morris, Peo.....	294
7. Counties of Dallas, Madison, Marion, Polk, Story and Warren.	
J. A. T. Hull, Rep.....	19,913
C. O. Holly, Fus.....	12,261
Thomas G. Orwig, Pro.....	892
C. M. Iams, Peo.....	501
8. Counties of Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union and Wayne.	
William P. Hepburn, Rep.....	22,327
George L. Finn, Fus.....	18,503
C. L. Parsons, Pro.....	817
D. C. Cowles, Peo.....	402
9. Counties of Adair, Audubon, Cass, Guthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattamie and Shelby.	
Smith McPherson, Rep.....	21,976
J. A. Lyons, Fus.....	17,481
Stephen M. Blackman, Pro.....	375
Luke McDowell, Peo.....	296
10. Counties of Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Pocatontas, Webster and Winnebago.	
Jonathan P. Dolliver, Rep.....	25,180
Edwin Anderson, Fus.....	17,777
P. J. Shaw, Pro.....	613
A. Norelins, Peo.....	155
11. Counties of Buena Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux and Woodbury.	
Lot Thomas, Rep.....	22,400
A. S. Garretson, Fus.....	16,115
J. M. Hoffman, Pro.....	723
J. O. McElroy, Peo.....	353

LEGISLATURE.

	1900-3.	1897-99.
Sen. Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans	.35	81 116.. 38 62 100
Democrats	.15	19 34.. 12 38 50

KANSAS (Population 1,427,096).

COUNTIES. (III)	GOV. 1898				PRESIDENT 1896								(C.J.'s '95)	
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	S.L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G.D.	Pro.	Nat.	M.R.	Rep.	F.S.	
Population.	Stanley.	Lecky.	Peddy.	McKinley.	Brady.	Bryan.	Fairman.	Bentley.	Bryan.			Marion.	Holliday.	
13509 Allen.....	1812	1334	44	2.	1833	746	914	22	21	20	13.	1570	272	
14203 Anderson.....	1605	1568	43	9.	1780	1266	626	14	35	23	7.	1545	407	
26758 Atchison.....	2259	2177	37	13.	3326	2545	420	16	10	2	9.	2748	312	
7973 Barber.....	654	662	25	5.	597		735	4	10	3	6.	403	339	
13172 Barton.....	1246	1433	20	—	1215	1616		18	4	2	11.	1204	533	
28575 Bourbon.....	2538	2200	36	63.	2900	3067		28	20	6	11.	2060	623	
20319 Brown.....	2557	2001	60	—	2879	2406	12	20	49	9	32.	2119	415	
24055 Butler.....	2352	2275	68	9.	2414	2426		9	22	5	15.	2313	620	
8233 Chase.....	863	825	24	2.	812	981		8	12	2	—	683	362	
12297 Chautauqua.....	1350	1070	2	1.	1359		1293	10	6	2	15.	1124	288	
27770 Cherokee.....	2935	3311	56	39.	3765	5108		46	44	17	65.	2479	638	
4401 Cheyenne.....	284	209	4	1.	327	106	216	4	4	3	5.	577	104	
2357 Clark.....	181	187	—	—	182	89	103			1	2.	134	80	
16146 Clay.....	1620	1613	83	5.	1655		1933	7	32	11	6.	1330	939	
19295 Cloud.....	1824	1843	71	13.	1718	2129		9	21	14	8.	1431	471	
15856 Coffey.....	1864	1733	34	2.	2000	2010	184	36	32	8	12.	1649	404	
2549 Comanche.....	187	144	9	—	142	107	63	2	—	—	4.	118	72	
34473 Cowley.....	3077	2805	128	6.	2871	3410		20	51	7	4.	1989	742	
30286 Crawford.....	3113	3565	45	118.	3868	2978	1787	38	24	24	70.	3000	1233	
8414 Decatur.....	620	801	25	2.	594		1032	4	3	—	5.	453	249	
22273 Dickinson.....	2270	1900	60	9.	2291		2392	16	28	8	11.	1710	689	
13335 Doniphan.....	2304	1132	14	7.	2549	1332		8	6	4	16.	1795	189	
23961 Douglas.....	2740	2117	102	1.	3552	1871		703	17	42	28	21.	2394	532
3600 Edwards.....	384	412	12	2.	322	68	411	2	5	—	6.	278	228	
12216 Elk.....	1384	1335	14	1.	1339	586	884	4	7	1	2.	949	333	
7942 Ellis.....	641	919	20	1.	460	717	333	13	9	—	6.	448	302	
9272 Ellsworth.....	1035	744	21	2.	1084	612	382	7	5	6	5.	737	234	
3550 Finney.....	470	290	9	5.	506	321	44	1	1	6	5.	418	198	
5308 Ford.....	552	535	13	1.	555	643		3	6	6	3.	575	208	
20279 Franklin.....	2360	2219	75	6.	2609	152		9	23	19	6.	2415	290	
881 Garfield.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
10423 Geary.....	944	871	24	5.	1051	771	403	8	16	2	3.	764	256	
2994 Gove.....	320	201	4	—	279		204	14	4	3	9.	279	53	
5029 Graham.....	405	630	9	3.	343	648		3	3	2	4.	386	144	
1308 Grant.....	52	36	1	—	51		60	—	—	—	1.	60	28	
2415 Gray.....	171	112	7	—	153	122	11	—	—	—	—	132	61	
1264 Greeley.....	99	33	—	—	121		76	—	2	—	—	146	24	
16309 Greenwood.....	1775	1737	17	2.	1835	1120	942	10	12	1	11.	1235	615	
2027 Hamilton.....	204	157	1	—	185	216		3	1	1	—	177	71	
13266 Harper.....	958	1043	60	2.	812	564	771	11	13	5	1.	664	568	
17601 Harvey.....	1945	1307	64	—	2082	988	693	17	24	14	17.	1616	238	
1077 Haskell.....	72	38	—	—	81	54		3	—	—	—	87	40	
2395 Hodgeman.....	278	209	7	—	262	224		2	2	—	1.	209	251	
14626 Jackson.....	2041	1450	52	—	1955	1955		11	20	3	10.	1582	251	
16620 Jefferson.....	2102	1773	97	1.	2322	2276		19	25	5	11.	1605	514	
19349 Jewell.....	2072	1914	77	3.	1902	2342		7	19	14	8.	1819	562	
17385 Johnson.....	2021	1949	46	18.	2313	1913	549	23	30	9	19.	1088	360	
1571 Kearney.....	177	111	—	—	172	172		1	—	—	—	141	46	
11823 Kingman.....	1110	1015	59	5.	988	1393	12	1	16	6	5.	943	399	
2873 Kiowa.....	206	214	10	—	250	115	131	3	1	3	8.	222	69	
27536 Labette.....	3027	2979	14	9.	3206	3669		20	34	9	30.	2223	1963	
2060 Lane.....	232	172	9	1.	241	191		2	5	—	—	236	40	
38485 Leavenworth.....	3120	3389	46	17.	4004	4606		59	21	45	4	17.	3281	832
9709 Lincoln.....	845	990	29	2.	787		1882	12	8	—	5.	764	347	
17215 Linn.....	1909	1901	24	14.	2153	1880	1045	21	16	3	12.	1360	374	
3384 Logan.....	277	150	6	5.	274	175		3	2	—	1.	242	86	
23196 Lyon.....	2567	2199	105	3.	2860	3276		8	70	14	8.	2514	600	
20639 Marion.....	2072	1232	35	3.	2285	1699		26	23	4	18.	1850	290	
23912 Marshall.....	2871	2354	38	2.	3052	2776		29	25	16	34.	2670	633	
21614 McPherson.....	2333	1860	64	2.	2369	2324		14	28	3	18.	1931	467	
2542 Meade.....	198	142	5	—	203	89	104	1	2	1	1.	199	65	
19614 Miami.....	2270	2046	24	4.	2541	2047	765	23	13	7	36.	1912	378	
15037 Mitchell.....	1382	1504	62	5.	1428	1889		1	22	7	9.	915	481	
23104 Montgomery.....	2688	2661	33	7.	2714	1664	1456	27	15	6	29.	2221	698	
11381 Morris.....	1425	1161	26	—	1484	1456		15	15	4	10.	1334	345	
724 +Morton.....	40	24	1	—	62	36		—	1	—	1.	54	24	
19219 Nemaha.....	2316	2145	49	—	2568	1911	567	11	26	3	27.	2162	415	
13561 Neosho.....	2040	2007	21	3.	2177	2601		16	17	4	22.	1923	628	
4944 Ness.....	413	455	26	7.	354		527	1	16	10	13.	323	102	
10617 Norton.....	1059	966	47	3.	941	1260		3	26	9	6.	1014	254	
25062 Osage.....	2579	2332	135	14.	2403		3482	5	48	17	34.	2371	820	
12083 Osborne.....	1340	1107	67	1.	1325	370	1038	17	21	3	4.	1113	621	
12581 Ottawa.....	1312	1170	31	1.	1256	1486		5	13	14	2.	1240	263	
3204 Pawnee.....	554	609	8	—	499	635		11	6	2	2.	459	226	
13061 Phillips.....	1471	1349	28	3.	1374	190	1316	10	15	4	15.	1319	442	
17722 Pottawatomie.....	2245	1902	84	7.	2308	1463	817	23	13	1	5.	1901	869	
8118 Pratt.....	607	643	11	—	621	820		2	10	1	11.	599	390	
6756 Rawlins.....	470	528	9	1.	439	141	468	2	1	—	6.	367	268	
27079 Reno.....	2993	2458	67	6.	3373		3053	22	28	17	15.	2626	696	
19002 Republic.....	2142	1636	72	3.	2033	584	1329	11	17	21	9.	1626	500	
14451 Rice.....	1705	1358	100	5.	1729	1731		19	57	11	7.	1477	477	

ELECTION RETURNS.

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Population.	Stanley.	Leedy.	Pfeffer.	Lipce.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levernag.	Bentley.	Bryan.	Martin.	Holiday.
13183 Riley.....	1728	1122	46	1..	1890	1443	—	20	20	8	2..	1118	373
8018 Rooks.....	841	820	24	1..	817	159	812	5	7	12	6..	818	205
5204 Rush.....	609	561	10	3..	515	179	466	4	4	2	7..	391	216
7333 Russell.....	960	686	12	1..	902	802	21	5	19	—	11..	718	185
17442 Saline.....	1818	1904	43	10..	1706	2334	—	10	9	3	9..	1307	1089
1262 Scott.....	121	138	3	—	91	—	161	—	1	—	1..	82	72
45626 Sedgwick.....	4203	4187	173	18..	4122	5434	—	17	53	33	25..	2914	2646
1503 Seward.....	88	56	8	—	100	78	—	—	1	—	1..	64	34
49172 Shawnee.....	5937	3905	362	26..	6978	5508	28	31	78	12	61..	3656	1976
3743 Sheridan.....	363	367	12	1..	283	114	270	20	2	1	2..	289	178
5241 Sherman.....	333	339	8	5..	291	—	437	1	2	—	1..	411	70
15413 Smith.....	1524	1740	69	2..	1385	—	2017	7	29	4	10..	911	710
8520 Stafford.....	808	968	29	2..	701	—	1282	1	18	4	3..	706	266
1031 Stanton.....	42	38	—	—	55	57	—	—	—	—	1..	73	17
1418 Stevens.....	48	75	3	—	48	101	—	—	—	—	—	71	49
30271 Sumner.....	2801	2429	74	3..	2515	1649	1400	12	37	7	21..	2070	1097
5548 Thomas.....	376	460	9	—	304	—	488	2	2	2	2..	316	166
2535 Trego.....	294	305	13	1..	256	340	—	—	3	—	—	249	63
11720 Wabannsee.....	1464	1174	50	1..	1586	972	473	12	18	6	11..	1885	333
2468 Wallace.....	163	79	8	—	181	124	—	—	—	—	6..	160	60
22894 Washington.....	2565	1983	64	15..	2514	2391	—	39	11	8	20..	1830	983
1827 Wichita.....	211	117	1	—	214	—	191	—	3	—	—	181	64
15286 Wilson.....	1769	1599	20	10..	1852	1959	—	7	7	3	10..	1479	276
9021 Woodson.....	1209	1075	11	—	1285	1159	—	7	10	4	14..	1118	323
54407 Wyandotte.....	4236	3960	81	48..	6852	6882	—	80	30	17	77..	2743	999
Soldiers' vote....	284	140	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	14292	13418	4092	642..	159345	126730	44954	1209	1611	620	1240..	124272	42888
Plurality.....	15870	—	—	—	13509	—	—	—	—	—	—	81411	—
Pur cent.....	61.80	46.90	1.42	22..	47.16	37.63	13.43	.36	.57	.18	.37..	74.52	25.63
Total vote.....	288177	—	—	—	—	—	335639	—	—	—	—	167350	—

†Attached to other counties, being unorganized.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Associate Justice—W. R. Smith, Rep.....	148,853
S. H. Allen, Fus.....	131,171
A. A. Carnahan, Soc.....	663
Lieut.-Gov.—H. E. Richter, Rep.....	147,318
A. M. Harvey, Fus.....	130,494
Robert T. Black, Pro.....	3,013
N. B. Arnold, Soc.....	683
Secretary of State—G. A. Clark, Rep.....	148,723
W. E. Bush, Fus.....	139,840
J. B. Garton, Pro.....	2,616
D. O'Donnell, Soc.....	675
Auditor of State—G. E. Cole, Rep.....	147,504
W. H. Morris, Fus.....	130,766
Horace Hurley, Pro.....	2,607
E. A. Cain, Soc.....	651
State Treasurer—F. E. Grimes, Rep.....	147,267
D. H. Hellebower, Fus.....	130,673
John Biddison, Pro.....	2,588
William H. Wright, Soc.....	627
Attorney-General—A. A. Godard, Rep.....	144,592
L. C. Boyle, Fus.....	135,589
William L. Rose, Soc.....	600
State Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
Frank Nelson, Rep.....	143,147
William Stryker, Fus.....	129,859
Mrs. R. N. Buckner, Pro.....	2,285
Etta Semple, Soc.....	658

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

Congressman at Large—	
W. J. Bailey, Rep.....	147,691
J. D. Borkin, Fus.....	130,801
Mont Williams, Pro.....	2,021
F. E. Miller, Soc.....	630
1. Counties of Atchison, Brown, Doniphan,	
Jackson, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Nemsha	
and Shawnee.	
Charles Curtis, Rep.....	23,899
W. W. Price, Fus.....	16,187
2. Counties of Allen, Anderson, Bourbon,	
Douglas, Franklin, Johnson, Linn, Miami	
and Wyandotte.	
J. D. Bowersock, Rep.....	21,029
M. S. Peters, Fus.....	19,024

3. Counties of Chautauqua, Cherokee, Cowley, Crawford, Elk, Labette, Montgomery, Neosho and Wilson.

S. S. Kirkpatrick, Rep.....	20,539
E. R. Kidgeley, Fus.....	21,739

4. Counties of Butler, Chase, Coffey, Greenwood, Lyon, Marlon, Morris, Osage, Pottawattomie, Wabannsee and Woodson.

J. M. Miller, Rep.....	20,312
H. S. Martin, Fus.....	17,410

5. Counties of Clay, Cloud, Geary, Dickinson, Marshall, Ottawa, Republic, Riley, Saline and Washington.

W. A. Calderhead, Rep.....	18,986
W. D. Vincent, Fus.....	16,508

6. Counties of Cheyenne, Decatur, Ellis, Ellsworth, Gove, Graham, Jewell, Lincoln, Logan, Mitchell, Norton, Osborne, Phillips, Rawlins, Rooks, Russell, Sheridan, Sherman, Smith, Thomas, Trego and Wallace.

W. A. Reeder, Rep.....	16,833
N. B. McCormick, Pro.....	14,732
W. G. Hoffer, Dem.....	2,334

7. Counties of Barber, Barton, Clark, Comanche, Edwards, Finney, Ford, Grant, Gray, Garfield, Greeley, Hamilton, Harper, Harvey, Hodgeman, Haskell, Kingman, Kiowa, Kearney, Lane, McPherson, Meade, Morton, Ness, Payne, Pratt, Reno, Rice, Rush, Scott, Sedgwick, Seward, Stafford, Stevens, Sumner, Stanton and Wichita.

Chester I. Long.....	26,222
Jerry Simpson, Fus.....	24,834

LEGISLATURE.

	1899-1900.	1897-98.		
Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.
Republicans ..12	90	102..	11	49
Democrats ..—	—	—	2	9
People's ..—	—	—	27	64
F. S. Rep.....	—	—	—	3
Fusion	28	32	60..	—

KENTUCKY (Population 1,858,635).

COUNTIES. (119)	GOVERNOR 1890					PRESIDENT 1896					GOVERNOR 1895				
	Rep. Taylor.	Dem. Goebel.	I.D. Brown.	Pop. Blair.	Pro. Wallace.	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	G.D. Palmer.	Pro. Levering.	Rep. Brailley.	Dem. Harlin.	Pop. Pettit.	Pro. Demaree.	Pop.	Pro.
13721 Adair.....	1008	1243	93	7	13..	1612	1345	40	22..	1382	1051	66	9	12	9
13682 Allen.....	1459	1185	55	41	17..	1535	1460	13	32..	1440	1226	83	12	16	24
10610 Anderson.....	1127	1152	67	8	12..	1151	1286	45	17..	994	1245	16	26	36	24
8390 Ballard.....	555	1391	45	38	5..	495	1670	9	35..	304	722	285	24	10	10
21490 Barren.....	2059	2743	71	56	24..	2092	3006	43	56..	1780	2290	245	10	10	10
128-3 Bath.....	1580	1574	59	13	22..	1579	1791	23	41..	1403	1492	18	41	11	33
10312 Bell.....	1494	645	24	7	8..	1900	615	21	13..	1185	459	11	33	12	32
12246 Boone.....	697	1866	193	1	8..	781	2317	13	35..	505	1976	1	32	46	49
16976 Bourbon.....	2300	2174	57	14	27..	2578	2210	58	40..	2090	2309	5	46	49	49
14033 Boyd.....	1868	1470	17	5	20..	2087	1241	35	44..	1806	1313	7	46	49	49
12943 Boyle.....	1442	1453	45	13	31..	1687	1306	71	35..	1423	1206	43	22	22	22
12369 Bracken.....	1178	1718	18	1	31..	1226	1762	14	47..	1083	1255	61	82	82	82
8705 Breathitt.....	750	1506	26	—	5..	877	1275	5	12	733	985	—	17	17	17
18976 Breckinridge	2129	1722	86	66	42..	2276	2242	43	51..	1902	1715	364	39	39	39
8291 Butlett.....	675	1154	45	2	11..	799	1168	55	26..	520	732	41	14	14	14
13954 Butler.....	2178	910	42	9	6..	1898	1139	16	39..	1612	713	121	22	22	22
13195 Caldwell.....	1512	1041	153	77	7..	1544	1530	24	11..	1227	797	241	27	27	27
14675 Callaway.....	647	2125	41	93	11..	561	2572	9	85..	474	1530	575	15	15	15
44208 Campbell.....	4640	4701	172	8	23..	5821	4904	36	102..	4729	3380	45	47	47	47
7612 Carlisle.....	469	1207	33	69	32..	390	1624	16	58..	275	610	426	34	34	34
9236 Carroll.....	636	1471	179	1	28..	685	1778	26	30..	603	1471	8	57	57	57
17204 Carter.....	2095	1433	19	4	20..	2440	1665	39	30..	1974	1384	13	34	34	34
11849 Casey.....	1521	1090	14	2	20..	1643	1051	26	33..	1311	930	5	40	40	40
34118 Christian.....	3471	2816	112	30	43..	4525	3145	66	89..	3637	2415	200	77	77	77
15434 Clark.....	1796	2169	87	8	18..	2032	2055	98	39..	1662	1926	15	23	23	23
12447 Clay.....	1387	478	10	3	9..	1725	707	7	26..	1373	547	10	11	11	11
7047 Clinton.....	998	322	9	1	3..	1004	940	11	11..	791	211	91	2	2	2
13119 Crittenden.....	1301	1327	77	25	12..	1574	1576	9	15..	1323	887	157	8	8	8
8352 Cumberland.....	1076	481	17	6	11..	1154	621	12	9..	879	417	9	14	14	14
34120 Daviess.....	3274	3811	251	68	69..	3105	4952	122	149..	2068	2658	1227	136	136	136
8005 Edmonson.....	978	736	28	12	8..	952	863	8	12..	933	717	20	14	14	14
9214 Elliott.....	620	1165	3	2	—	577	1294	3	14..	548	1022	2	7	7	7
10836 Estill.....	1183	933	14	32	6..	963	798	9	4..	1055	632	47	16	16	16
35698 Fayette.....	3277	3598	188	8	32..	5143	3938	89	40..	3138	3379	43	50	50	50
16078 Fleming.....	1890	1958	43	11	34..	1935	2013	51	35..	1849	1662	62	8	8	8
11256 Floyd.....	1082	1238	46	5	12..	1057	1410	5	15..	913	1215	6	84	84	84
21267 Franklin.....	1416	2471	100	34	18..	2175	2464	84	28..	1716	2183	157	27	27	27
10005 Fulton.....	369	965	62	12	29..	603	1414	47	37..	207	779	153	53	53	53
4611 Gallatin.....	402	881	34	2	4..	396	933	8	8..	290	713	3	7	7	7
11138 Garrard.....	1297	1198	14	6	46..	1595	1171	45	57..	1471	1114	9	56	56	56
12671 Grant.....	1423	1710	116	3	25..	1417	1852	35	37..	1264	1661	20	38	38	38
28534 Graves.....	1682	3757	237	144	29..	1628	4699	53	94..	1227	2264	736	31	31	31
19698 Grayson.....	1963	1243	145	200	20..	1874	2002	31	19..	1794	1414	449	19	19	19
11463 Green.....	1324	1081	60	12	4..	1389	1142	17	7..	1153	888	144	29	29	29
19111 Greenup.....	1556	1322	23	2	15..	1802	1369	15	52..	1538	1057	6	51	51	51
9214 Hancock.....	1031	835	28	30	3..	1026	1080	13	15..	828	635	251	16	16	16
21304 Hardin.....	1728	1950	337	53	27..	1885	2848	58	82..	1325	2090	334	37	37	37
6197 Harlan.....	1309	223	23	3	6..	1189	216	11	14..	917	186	1	5	5	5
16914 Harrison.....	1539	2457	117	9	41..	1705	2690	61	71..	1541	2225	6	131	131	131
16439 Hart.....	2086	1646	102	6	14..	1999	1951	62	19..	1535	1377	439	19	19	19
29536 Henderson.....	2107	2944	157	57	60..	2750	4000	69	44..	1820	1473	839	56	56	56
14161 Henry.....	1563	2051	105	12	21..	1711	2115	92	39..	1315	1858	142	27	27	27
11637 Hickman.....	637	1433	40	24	31..	727	1928	26	59..	291	767	427	43	43	43
23505 Hopkins.....	2597	2307	262	110	40..	2490	3470	54	38..	1917	1903	464	71	71	71
8261 Jackson.....	1541	224	22	2	1..	1517	189	15	7..	1320	177	5	169	169	169
189508 Jefferson.....	18445	15023	2672	40	110..	29107	16707	1078	380..	19529	15760	251	4	4	4
11243 Jessamine.....	1135	1391	92	6	53..	1343	1428	48	67..	1196	1240	7	21	21	21
11027 Johnson.....	1715	837	21	4	8..	1794	975	12	19..	1506	818	11	82	82	82
54161 Kenton.....	4676	6792	359	20	42..	6165	7008	41	108..	4875	5528	66	73	73	73
5438 Knott.....	438	873	—	—	—	404	795	3	4..	320	664	1	16	16	16
13762 Knox.....	2115	1730	19	7	7..	2237	833	15	25..	1850	581	16	27	27	27
9433 Lakue.....	1000	1127	89	17	11..	955	1324	10	13..	830	1102	81	16	16	16
13747 Laurel.....	1849	919	19	24	12..	1921	969	41	48..	1495	637	59	24	24	24
17702 Lawrence.....	1869	1720	19	8	6..	1966	1820	22	18..	1936	1800	10	15	15	15
6215 Lee.....	770	588	10	—	10..	881	587	12	11..	736	555	4	17	17	17
3914 Leslie.....	1052	84	5	3	2..	913	81	3	2..	786	70	3	2	2	2
6920 Letcher.....	890	371	5	3	2..	813	388	11	9..	593	244	—	3	3	3
14303 Lewis.....	2197	1352	17	25	20..	2348	1433	20	30..	2000	1026	4	78	78	78
15912 Lincoln.....	1774	1752	26	3	57..	1833	1628	61	124..	1620	1522	9	135	135	135
9474 Livingston.....	803	1293	17	50	6..	872	1346	48	4..	566	720	201	12	12	12
23312 Logan.....	2462	2494	211	131	26..	2484	3296	91	61..	2244	2036	641	43	43	43
7623 Lyon.....	665	809	47	43	12..	763	969	24	25..	584	689	121	28	28	28
24318 Madison.....	2893	2802	86	12	37..	3100	2756	74	67..	2591	2461	24	107	107	107
9195 Magoffin.....	1161	835	11	3	2..	1148	833	4	13..	941	623	3	11	11	11
15643 Marion.....	1399	1785	63	4	12..	1575	1873	42	8..	1324	1651	45	7	7	7
11287 Marshall.....	720	1081	112	201	9..	568	1926	16	47..	414	811	678	17	17	17
4209 Martin.....	640	167	9	1	3..	730	227	4	3..	568	137	—	40	40	40
20773 Mason.....	2357	2729	60	10	36..	2575	2698	32	42..	2110	2211	40	69	69	69
21051 McCracken.....	1778	2184	200	55	23..	2284	2955	31	89..	1640	1462	475	24	24	24
9887 McLean.....	1083	1081	45	52	21..	935	1389	24	50..	790	638	336	49	49	49
9494 Meade.....	791	1054	61	19	4..	781	1519	30	12..	608	929	307	12	12	12

Population.	Taylor.	Goebel.	Brown.	Elair.	Wallace.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levering.	Bradley.	Hardin.	Pettit.	Demaree.
4966 Menefee.....	403	652	45	2	3.	359	636	4	10.	313	504	25	5
15034 Mercer.....	1667	1381	134	35	47.	1765	1745	91	51.	1378	1460	131	46
9871 Metcalfe.....	1079	952	42	8	7.	1153	908	33	33.	912	614	176	11
10389 Monroe.....	1562	750	8	13	8.	1613	794	18	24.	1340	587	112	9
12367 Montgomery.....	1408	1356	105	—	11.	1484	1624	35	17.	1277	1513	13	39
11249 Morgan.....	986	1558	20	19	8.	910	1642	11	50.	837	1123	81	7
17955 Muhlenberg.....	2095	1397	175	27	21.	2217	1700	49	25.	1817	1138	264	30
16417 Nelson.....	1271	1959	112	13	26.	1446	2223	46	53.	1145	1945	101	26
10764 Nicholas.....	1184	1267	89	17	28.	1159	1878	19	—	1069	1365	44	135
22946 Ohio.....	2824	2239	104	74	35.	2653	2679	58	119.	2154	1870	626	73
6754 Oldham.....	589	765	123	7	10.	691	9	6	46.	244	415	826	25
17676 Owen.....	1200	2975	165	16	32.	1086	3373	33	40.	1010	2289	98	149
5975 Owsley.....	1039	243	9	4	2.	983	197	12	5.	814	199	5	4
16346 Pendleton.....	1554	1682	78	19	30.	1585	1939	26	43.	1290	1293	210	40
6331 Perry.....	903	433	9	—	3.	824	340	27	6.	640	318	5	9
17378 Pike.....	2150	1726	94	4	28.	2141	1900	13	19.	1977	1754	6	19
4698 Powell.....	611	698	22	2	4.	625	688	—	—	582	618	5	11
25731 Pulaski.....	3205	1659	110	43	25.	3668	2099	58	46.	2949	1259	161	42
4684 Robertson.....	469	674	10	2	7.	449	636	3	19.	380	491	10	35
9841 Rockcastle.....	1528	812	12	4	13.	1480	846	16	21.	1292	720	4	34
6129 Rowan.....	814	643	28	7	5.	767	650	10	20.	604	444	7	18
8136 Russell.....	985	578	12	—	15.	1038	612	37	16.	738	425	35	17
16546 Scott.....	1668	2218	89	6	29.	2111	2237	61	72.	1554	2105	16	83
16321 Shelby.....	1825	2322	137	44	33.	2029	2524	122	52.	1464	2058	181	32
10878 Simpson.....	795	1270	85	36	53.	888	1531	31	63.	854	1122	81	25
6760 Spencer.....	551	882	64	10	12.	596	969	21	15.	452	931	17	16
9353 Taylor.....	1101	1029	44	40	21.	1050	1166	24	13.	846	732	229	15
16814 Todd.....	1725	1512	101	31	15.	1793	1707	72	63.	1656	1515	41	25
13902 Trigg.....	1188	1180	84	57	8.	1295	1633	28	25.	1126	1132	273	13
7140 Trimble.....	362	993	191	2	14.	418	1267	32	30.	285	921	22	16
18229 Union.....	1116	2538	54	47	14.	1249	8183	43	58.	818	1839	213	17
30158 Warren.....	2655	2495	709	36	45.	2866	3716	97	161.	2560	3272	104	35
13622 Washington.....	1453	1615	59	18	28.	1573	1536	38	30.	1332	1264	122	17
12852 Wayne.....	1386	1173	21	2	6.	1413	1190	17	24.	1070	927	40	10
17196 Webster.....	1671	1776	80	59	21.	1484	2471	21	18.	1121	942	486	18
17590 Whitley.....	3691	730	25	10	14.	3130	862	29	43.	2511	562	78	22
7180 Wolfe.....	655	846	44	5	9.	583	981	12	13.	478	630	42	10
12380 Woodford.....	1329	1446	54	9	11.	1665	1546	32	45.	1257	1559	16	33
Total.....	193714	191331	12140	3038	2346.	218171	217890	5019	4781.	172436	163524	16911	4186
Plurality.....	238					281				8912			
Per cent.....	47.81	47.23	.34	.75	.58.	48.92	48.86	1.14	1.07.	48.29	45.79	4.73	.12
Total vote.....	402569					445861				357057			

In 1899 A. Schmidt, Soc. Lab., received 615 votes for governor.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS.

Lieut.-Governor—John Marshall, Rep.....	183,871
J. C. W. Beckham, Dem.....	181,360
P. P. Johnston, Ind. Dem.....	10,194
W. R. Browder, Pop.....	2,839
Wm. H. Zeigler, Pro.....	2,630
Atty.-Gen.—Cliff. J. Pratt, Rep.....	183,250
Robt. Breckinridge, Dem.....	181,523
Lawrence E. Tanner, Ind. Dem.....	9,941
Auditor—John S. Sweney, Rep.....	183,209
Gus Colter, Dem.....	180,833
Frank A. Pasteur, Ind. Dem.....	9,761
James Graham, Pop.....	2,944
Rev. Samuel M. Barnard, Pro.....	2,024
R. P. Caldwell, Soc. Lab.....	567
Treasurer—Walter R. Day, Rep.....	183,042
S. W. Hager, Dem.....	180,817
John Droegge, Ind. Dem.....	9,321
A. S. Cardin, Pop.....	2,864
J. R. Plie, Pro.....	2,023
James Delaney, Soc. Lab.....	589
Sec. of State—Caleb Powers, Rep.....	182,856
Breck Hill, Dem.....	180,940
E. L. Hines, Ind. Dem.....	9,928
Benj. Keys, Pop.....	3,021
W. M. Likens, Pro.....	2,034
Supt. of Public Instruction—	
John Burke, Rep.....	183,366
H. V. McChesney, Dem.....	180,391
Rev. E. C. Overstreet, Ind. Dem.....	10,221
John C. Sutherland, Pop.....	2,930
G. E. Hancock, Pro.....	2,032
W. S. Palmer, Soc. Lab.....	559
Commissioner of Agriculture—	
John W. Throckmorton, Rep.....	182,694
I. B. Nail, Dem.....	180,544
G. W. Vandever, Ind. Dem.....	9,614
W. J. Hanna, Pop.....	3,075
A. W. Carpenter, Pro.....	2,022
James O'Hearn, Soc. Lab.....	453

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Ballard, Caldwell, Callowell, Carlisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken and Trigg.	
G. W. Reeves, Rep.....	5,036
O. K. Wheeler, Dem.....	10,580
2. The counties of Christian, Davless, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, McLean, Union and Webster.	
W. T. Fowler, Rep.....	4,463
H. D. Allen, Dem.....	8,939
G. W. Jolly, Ind.....	1,641
Sam James, Pro.....	569
3. The counties of Allen, Butler, Barren, Cumberland, Edmonson, Logan, Monroe, Muhlenberg, Simpson, Todd and Warren.	
M. P. Creel, Rep.....	11,748
J. S. Rhea, Dem.....	14,771
J. S. Dorsey, Pro.....	394
4. The counties of Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Green, Hardin, Hart, Larue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, Taylor and Washington.	
Charles Blatchford, Rep.....	12,826
D. H. Smith, Dem.....	16,696
B. H. Mullin, Pro.....	689
5. The county of Jefferson.	
Walter Evans, Rep.....	14,202
Oscar Turner, Dem.....	14,770
J. H. Holbrook, Ind.....	421
Albert Schitz, Soc.....	394
6. The counties of Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton and Trimble.	
W. M. Donaldson, Rep.....	8,962
A. S. Berry, Dem.....	13,130

7. The counties of Bourbon, Fayette, Franklin, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott and Woodford.

T. J. Hardin, Rep..... 6,168
E. E. Settle, Dem..... 12,904

8. The counties of Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jessamine, Lincoln, Madison, Mercer, Rockcastle, Shelby, Spencer and Jackson.

G. M. Davidson, Rep..... 12,206
G. G. Gilbert, Dem..... 13,047
W. H. Ziegler, Ind..... 435

9. The counties of Bracken, Bath, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Harrison, Lewis, Lawrence, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan.

Sam J. Pugh, Rep..... 16,742
Mordecai Williams, Dem..... 16,732

10. The counties of Breathitt, Clark, Elliott, Estill, Floyd, Johnson, Knott, Lee, Martin, Magoffin, Montgomery, Morgan, Menefee, Pike, Powell and Wolfe.

W. J. Seitz, Rep..... 11,402
T. Y. Fitzpatrick, Dem..... 13,456

11. The counties of Adair, Bell, Casey, Clay, Clinton, Harlan, Knox, Letcher, Leslie, Laurel, Metcalfe, Owsley, Perry, Pulaski, Russell, Wayne and Whitley.

H. H. Tye, Dem..... 3,319
Vincent Boerling, Rep..... 15,706
J. D. White, Ind. Rep..... 11,244
A. J. Beeman, Ind..... 102

LEGISLATURE.

	1900-1.	1898-99.
	Sen. Ho. J. B.	Sen. Ho. J. B.
Republicans.....	12 41 53..	11 27 33
Democrats.....	26 59 85..	26 71 97
Nat. Democrats.....	— — —	1 — 1
Populists.....	— — —	2 — 2

There are contests for 18 seats—8 by Republicans in the House, 8 by Democrats in the House and 2 in the Senate. Legislature meets Jan. 1.

LOUISIANA (Population 1,118,587).

COUNTIES. (59)	PRESIDENT 1896				PRES. 1892				PRES. 1888			
	Rep.	S. P.	Dem.	G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Fusion.	Rep.-Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Lab.	
Population.												
13231 Acadia.....	173	61	1082	11..	258	114..		4	607	—	—	
19545 Ascension.....	681	41	737	43..	2099	210..		890	1995	—	—	
19629 Assumption.....	983	87	344	40..	1276	733..		1045	2239	—	—	
25112 Avoyelles.....	185	29	1657	12..	1696	125..		607	1507	—	—	
14108 Bienville.....	26	25	1491	11..	1620	443..		1	998	1	—	
20330 Bossier.....	9	13	1146	10..	2914	63..		172	2155	—	—	
31555 Caddo.....	240	45	1812	68..	2252	235..		125	2541	—	—	
20176 Calcasieu.....	741	150	2653	30..	1089	698..		273	1420	7	—	
5814 Caldwell.....	12	14	610	3..	670	234..		22	882	—	—	
2828 Cameron.....	25	12	254	6..	184	5..		12	203	—	—	
12002 Catahoula.....	57	17	811	3..	1081	439..		323	733	—	—	
23312 Claiborne.....	17	36	1757	24..	1444	1167..		16	1653	6	—	
14871 Concordia.....	43	32	1085	7..	3593	33..		466	2477	—	—	
19860 De Soto.....	130	23	1940	26..	1598	203..		2	1020	—	—	
25922 East Baton Rouge.	526	63	1412	58..	1372	640..		1835	1270	—	—	
12292 East Carroll.....	167	18	235	24..	1299	35..		374	1996	—	—	
17903 East Feliciana.....	8	7	1548	9..	1355	91..		7	826	—	—	
6900 Franklin.....	14	14	871	19..	796	26..		26	566	—	—	
8270 Grant.....	98	25	780	13..	206	519..		95	584	—	—	
20997 Iberia.....	322	69	969	11..	1576	13..		9	1304	—	—	
21843 Iberville.....	550	50	353	18..	1909	611..		1895	1116	—	—	
7453 Jackson.....	5	13	705	2..	396	301..		—	519	1	—	
13221 Jefferson.....	289	63	1383	9..	1275	255..		1059	591	—	—	
15966 Lafayette.....	135	32	825	18..	694	—		32	1373	—	—	
22095 La Fourche.....	246	140	1129	12..	2322	200..		732	2335	—	—	
14753 Lincoln.....	16	24	1241	25..	695	1074..		—	842	41	—	
5769 Livingston.....	56	16	633	3..	333	225..		77	377	—	39	
14135 Madison.....	69	27	1248	12..	3433	17..		166	2523	—	—	
16786 Morehouse.....	18	23	853	7..	1176	82..		4	1286	2	—	
22536 Natchitoches.....	22	1	1656	9..	1140	517..		338	1599	—	—	
42039 Orleans.....	6612	1683	17487	789..	19234	6165..		7713	15473	4	—	
17985 Ouachita.....	55	38	2712	11..	2701	266..		4	2702	—	—	
12541 Plaquemines.....	496	44	1502	11..	927	1138..		1372	708	—	—	
19613 Pointe Coupee.....	382	23	773	24..	893	323..		791	878	—	—	
27642 Rapides.....	102	40	2900	37..	3446	467..		402	8397	3	—	
11318 Red River.....	20	6	832	5..	927	320..		73	1479	8	—	
10230 Richland.....	50	11	706	11..	882	4..		—	1090	8	—	
9390 Sabine.....	8	23	1469	6..	509	764..		—	642	—	—	
4326 St. Bernard.....	54	12	569	1..	449	196..		350	561	—	—	
7737 St. Charles.....	270	12	125	11..	345	704..		1248	106	—	—	
8062 St. Helena.....	51	8	522	8..	305	77..		77	393	—	—	
15715 St. James.....	1369	43	210	43..	575	787..		831	543	—	—	
11359 St. John the Baptist.	523	16	180	21..	503	1118..		1094	349	—	—	
40250 St. Landry.....	185	57	1786	24..	1136	919..		574	1631	—	—	
14884 St. Martin.....	59	17	679	7..	491	13..		4	1009	—	—	
24116 St. Mary.....	590	50	591	29..	1311	284..		1445	1781	9	—	
10160 St. Tammany.....	285	32	656	93..	501	239..		294	374	—	—	
12655 Tangipahoa.....	318	77	1429	32..	786	132..		391	902	—	—	
16647 Tensas.....	221	15	1108	5..	2351	213..		363	1787	—	—	
20167 Terre Bonne.....	273	75	597	16..	1210	579..		1074	1484	—	—	
17304 Union.....	44	42	1586	25..	1216	836..		—	2033	4	—	
14234 Vermilion.....	141	55	702	9..	316	222..		160	977	41	—	
5903 Vernon.....	11	24	697	5..	361	343..		—	588	—	—	
6700 Washington.....	25	23	1168	12..	399	143..		79	417	25	—	
12466 Webster.....	78	19	774	5..	1441	288..		42	1310	—	—	
8363 West Baton Rouge.....	252	27	237	26..	1487	227..		429	573	—	—	
3748 West Carroll.....	—	1	637	—	408	1..		—	563	—	—	
15062 West Feliciana.....	25	19	919	19..	1593	—		46	1795	—	—	

Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Cleveland.	Rep.-Peo.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Streeter.
7082 Winn.....	13	29	682	6..	211	787..	16	553	—
Total.....	18320	3717	77175	1834..	87622	27908..	30484	85032	160 39
Plurality.....		55138			57719			54548	
Per cent.....		21.80	76.37	1.81..	74.88	24.11..	26.42	73.48	
Scattering.....					153				
Total vote.....		101046			115678			115715	

*Two republican tickets were voted; the regular and the sugar planters'.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Railway Commissioners—	
1. C. L. DuFuentes, Dem.....	13,067
2. C. Settoon, Ind.....	965
R. N. Sims, Jr., Dem.....	7,278
3. Wade H. Hough, Rep.....	206
W. L. Foster, Dem.....	6,755
B. W. Marston, Ind. Dem.....	1,575
A. C. Calhoun, Peo.....	2,339

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Orleans, St. Bernard and Plaquemine.	
C. W. Keeting, Rep.....	896
Adolph Meyer, Dem.....	5,422
2. Counties of Orleans (part), Jefferson, St. Charles, St. James and St. John.	
Frank N. Wicker, Rep.....	1,054
Robert C. Davey, Dem.....	6,802
3. Counties of Iberville, Assumption, La Fourche, Terre Bonne, St. Mary, Iberia, St. Martin, Lafayette, Vermilion, Cameron, Calcasieu and Ascension.	
Charles Fontellier, Rep.....	974
Robert F. Broussard, Dem.....	4,929
4. Counties of Rapides, Sabine, De Soto,	

Natchitoches, Red River, Caddo, Bossier, Winn, Grant, Bienville, Vernon, Webster.	
Phanor Breazeale, Dem.....	4,424
Hardy L. Brian, Peo.....	1,476
5. Counties of Concordia, Caldwell, Franklin, Tensas, Madison, Richland, Ouachita, Jackson, Lincoln, Union, Morehouse, East Carroll, West Carroll, Claiborne and Catahoula.	
J. G. Tallafarro, Rep.....	1,096
Sam T. Balrd, Dem.....	3,558
H. B. Tallafarro, Peo.....	151
6. Counties of Acadia, St. Landry, Pointe Coupee, Avoyelles, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, St. Helena, Livingston, Tangipahoa, Washington and St. Tammany.	
Sam M. Robertson, Dem.....	3,494
No opposition.	

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B..	Sen.	Ho.	J.B..
Republicans ..	7	24	31..	—	2	2
Democrats ..	23	60	83..	36	96	132
People's	1	14	15..	1	—	1

MAINE (Population 661,086).

Population.	GOVERNOR 1898					PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1894				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	N.D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	G.D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	
48968 Androscoggin.....	3890	2463	163	23	15..	5548	2285	223	117..	4884	2447	132	361		
49588 Arundel.....	3254	1342	253	14	8..	4879	1350	34	239	42..	4215	1637	528	31	
94088 Cumberland.....	7922	4767	540	20	68..	11017	5069	116	224	450..	10046	5540	493	178	
17053 Franklin.....	1815	714	75	9	4..	2578	831	55	38	49..	2221	869	61	72	
37312 Hancock.....	2696	1426	33	69	4..	4306	1553	235	51	119..	4415	1283	79	483	
57012 Kennebec.....	4647	1881	269	29	18..	7889	2672	135	191	106..	6600	2201	240	460	
31473 Knox.....	2915	2430	43	107	68..	3288	1833	220	55	103..	3068	1843	72	511	
21996 Lincoln.....	2041	1036	36	10	9..	2506	1126	65	67	62..	2330	986	82	192	
39586 Oxford.....	2305	1012	98	16	17..	4779	1545	132	67	159..	3983	1457	120	157	
72895 Penobscot.....	5087	2505	157	171	21..	8414	3592	439	133	91..	7243	2609	289	692	
16134 Piscataquis.....	1197	508	56	15	5..	2342	1338	166	46	36..	1983	628	74	168	
19452 Sagadahoc.....	1517	437	66	10	24..	2725	921	36	45	79..	2076	673	94	111	
32827 Somerset.....	2311	164	191	70	8..	4836	1813	205	97	72..	4096	1413	117	516	
27759 Waldo.....	2551	1606	61	38	7..	3252	1747	192	32	50..	2365	1788	85	521	
44482 Washington.....	2572	1339	68	22	14..	4627	1819	115	50	111..	3873	2063	142	224	
62829 York.....	6476	4284	226	39	29..	7531	3362	94	174	174..	7076	3351	183	144	
Total.....	54286	29497	2335	662	315..	80465	32201	2487	1570	1870..	69599	30621	2730	5321	
Plurality.....	24769					45777					38978				
Per cent.....	62.03	33.72	2.70	.81	40..	67.85	27.15	2.09	1.38	1.58..	64.28	28.23	2.53	4.91	
Total vote.....		87475					115593					108271			

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Cumberland and York.	
Thomas B. Reed, Rep.....	14,598
Luther F. McKinney, Dem.....	9,072
Daniel P. Parker, Pro.....	673
Moulton, Peo.....	53
2. Counties of Androscoggin, Franklin, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford and Sagadahoc.	
Nelson Dingley, Rep.....	15,149
John Scott, Dem.....	5,126
A. J. Wheeler, Pro.....	394
Blanchard, Nat. Dem.....	89
3. Counties of Hancock, Kennebec, Somerset and Waldo.	

Edwin C. Burleigh, Rep.....	12,854
F. W. Plaisted, Dem.....	6,634
Oliver S. Pillsbury, Pro.....	503
4. Counties of Arundel, Penobscot, Piscataquis and Washington.	
Charles A. Boutelle, Rep.....	12,480
Andrew J. Chase, Dem.....	5,534
George M. Park, Pro.....	451
Littlefield, Peo.....	244

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1897-98.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B..	Sen.	Ho.	J.B..
Republicans ..	31	126	157..	31	145	176
Democrats	—	25	25..	—	6	6

MARYLAND (Population 1,042,390).

Population.	GOV. 1899					COMPTROLLER 1897					PRESIDENT 1896				
	Rep.	Dem.	Smith.	Gold.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	G.D.	Nat.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	G.D.
41571 Allegany.....	4691	4190..	4515	3158	345	13..	5466	3911	236	13	57	6			
34024 Anne Arundel..	3604	3564..	3365	2473	189	3..	4030	3145	115	2	48	2			

Population.	Lowndes.	Smith.	Goldsborough.	Smith.	Frizzell.	Whipkey.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Match.	P. Im'r.	Bentley.
72909 Baltimore.....	47318	55419..	7280	7980	465	37..	9206	7121	512	53	230	22
43439 Baltimore city.....	7677	9547..	54682	46929	1545	317..	61950	40852	1903	446	1358	65
9860 Calvert.....	1322	955..	1263	957	31	2..	1295	882	49	2	6	1
13903 Caroline.....	1727	1803..	1619	1793	147	10..	1686	1065	110	6	25	2
32376 Carroll.....	3877	4065..	3815	3931	283	4..	4048	3811	209	6	35	2
25851 Cecil.....	2609	3127..	2665	3258	99	3..	3130	2909	99	1	88	6
15191 Charles.....	2129	1341..	1891	1615	—	—	2118	1372	22	3	14	1
24843 Dorchester.....	3150	3244..	2906	3154	174	14..	3043	2633	127	2	16	4
4512 Frederick.....	5741	5867..	5618	4954	345	2..	6353	5214	279	6	83	—
14213 Garrett.....	1940	1265..	1791	1255	39	4..	2060	1275	41	2	14	—
28993 Harford.....	2992	3410..	2945	3303	324	33..	3373	3362	292	6	73	—
16289 Howard.....	1582	2050..	1652	2056	70	5..	1978	1787	59	5	36	2
17471 Kent.....	2362	2284..	2203	2300	70	2..	2388	1981	78	—	8	—
27135 Montgomery.....	3000	3397..	2931	3133	230	7..	3218	3460	108	4	57	2
26080 Prince George's	5100	2936..	2912	2896	29	7..	3250	2504	25	—	28	3
18461 Queen Anne's.....	1677	2549..	1786	2063	150	4..	1917	2519	143	3	32	5
15819 St. Mary's.....	2782	2636..	1960	1641	19	—	2646	2085	451	10	15	3
24155 Somerset.....	1706	1779..	2479	2208	482	2..	2044	1171	19	2	15	—
19736 Talbot.....	2329	2401..	2435	2457	153	3..	2543	2189	151	1	50	3
30782 Washington.....	4998	5015..	4895	4810	224	30..	5428	4586	197	7	114	5
19930 Wicomico.....	2325	2812..	1944	2333	323	4..	2023	2254	314	2	30	1
19747 Worcester.....	1588	2663..	1651	2097	367	2..	1756	1962	379	5	20	1
Total.....	116286	128409..	121173	114064	6006	508..	136350	104735	5018	587	2507	136
Plurality.....	—	12123..	7109	—	—	—	32224	—	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	46.30	51.12..	50.10	47.16	2.52	21..	54.60	41.75	2.36	.23	1.00	.05
Total vote.....	251183	..	241841	..	..	..	..	250842	..	..	..	..

In 1899, Swann, Pro., received 5,275 votes; Bugemer, Soc. Lab., 420; Hill, Union Reform, 367, and Jones, Soc. Dem., 432.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Atty.-Gen.—J. F. V. L. Findlay, Rep.	116,273
Isidor Rayner, Dem.	126,593
F. C. Hendricksen, Pro.	5,649
Comptroller—	
P. L. Goldsborough, Rep.	116,044
J. W. Herring, Dem.	127,604
P. F. Ball, Pro.	5,302
W. E. George, U. R.	368

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Worcester, Somerset, Wicomico, Dorchester, Talbot, Queen Anne, Caroline and Kent.	
Wilbur F. Jackson, Rep.	15,823
John Walter Smith, Dem.	16,749
James Swann, Pro.	1,823
William Willis, Sil. Dem.	574
2. Wards 20, 21 and 22 and 9th precinct of 11th ward of Baltimore city, counties of Cecil, Harford and Carroll, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th districts of Baltimore county.	
William B. Baker, Rep.	20,806
Richard B. Tippet, Dem.	20,436
Harrie J. Hollingsworth, Pro.	1,772
3. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 15 and 16 of Baltimore city.	

Frank C. Wachter, Rep.	17,508
John B. Schwatka, Dem.	17,356
John F. Hicks, Pro.	718
William Whipkey, Lab.	32
4. Wards 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18 and 19 of Baltimore city.	
William W. McIntire, Rep.	16,664
James W. Denny, Dem.	17,260
Thomas Spencer Creney, Pro.	1,134
Theobald Meyer, Lab.	289
5. Counties of St. Mary, Charles, Calvert, Prince George, Anne Arundel, Howard, 1st and 13th districts of Baltimore county and 17th ward of Baltimore city.	
Sidney E. Mudd, Rep.	17,249
John S. Cummings, Dem.	14,672
John E. Wetherald, Pro.	913
Charles T. Parker, Ind. Rep.	277
6. Counties of Allegany, Garrett, Washington, Frederick and Montgomery.	
George A. Pearre, Rep.	18,878
Thomas A. Poffenberger, Dem.	14,372
John T. Baker, Pro.	1,167

LEGISLATURE.

	1900-1.	1898-99.
Sen. Ho. J. B.	Sen. Ho. J. B.	
Republicans ..11	25	36.. 18 49 67
Democrats ....15	66	81.. 8 42 50

MASSACHUSETTS (Population 2,238,943).

Population.	GOVERNOR 1899						GOVERNOR 1898						GOVERNOR 1897					
	Rep.	Dem.	S. L.	D. S.	Pro.	Costs.	Rep.	Dem.	S. L.	D. S.	Pro.	Costs.	Rep.	Dem.	S. L.	D. S.	Pro.	D. N.
29172 Barnstable.....	2072	407	11	12	116..	2394	407	82	18	17..	2239	235	79	88				
81108 Berkshire.....	9247	8175	829	81	222..	7532	4577	252	65	129..	6474	2955	356	613				
189465 Bristol.....	12392	5929	727	304	831..	13779	6275	413	1235	137..	12015	4285	431	802				
4369 Dukes.....	536	112	19	6	77..	565	96	48	14	3..	441	73	51	25				
299995 Essex.....	23339	11944	2132	3238	1339..	26496	13712	654	1940	1535..	22555	10884	737	1293				
89610 Franklin.....	4025	1661	85	53	209..	3485	1306	133	67	28..	2736	897	111	202				
135713 Hampden.....	10259	6757	1119	227	571..	10777	7296	309	1163	201..	9075	5177	311	771				
18589 Hampshire.....	4332	1807	96	41	210..	3431	1739	313	128	46..	4142	1405	184	398				
431167 Middlesex.....	35955	19255	1769	506	1458..	41725	19991	733	1008	303..	35405	15140	969	3001				
3263 Nantucket.....	343	99	8	7	26..	849	77	11	5	10..	191	22	8	35				
118950 Norfolk.....	10127	5290	459	447	378..	12407	5443	225	269	89..	10001	3533	232	1093				
92700 Plymouth.....	6676	2465	613	1961	852..	7749	2617	224	878	252..	6355	1846	213	480				
484730 Suffolk.....	23514	83808	1884	741	869..	37830	33263	736	1453	570..	34057	26112	656	8561				
280787 Worcester.....	19835	11023	1527	613	945..	22117	10922	527	1720	319..	13949	6383	587	1571				
Total.....	168902	103802	10778	8232	7402..	191146	107960	4734	10063	3749..	165095	79552	4948	13879				
Plurality.....	38633	—	—	—	—	83186	—	—	—	—	85543	—	—	—				
Per cent.....	56.46	34.70	3.60	2.77	2.47..	60.15	33.97	1.49	3.16	1.18..	61.19	29.49	1.83	5.14				
Scattering.....	20	—	—	—	—	83	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—				
Total vote.....	299166	..	..	..	..	317735	..	..	..	..	269795	..	..	..				

In 1897, for governor, Brophy, Labor, received 6,301 votes.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Lient. Gov.—John L. Bates, Rep.	172.205
John H. Mack, Dem.	100.735
James F. Stevens, Soc. Lab.	10.565
Isaac W. Skinner, Dem. Soc.	8.014
James H. Roberts, Pro.	4.890
Secretary—State—Wm. M. Olin, Rep.	164.535
Henry L. Lo, Dem.	94.742
Frank McDonald, Soc. Lab.	13.749
Charles H. Bradley, Dem. Soc.	10.231
John B. Lewis, Jr., Pro.	6.351
Treasurer and Receiver-General—Edward S. Bradford, Rep.	165.057
Joseph J. Flynn, Dem.	97.632
Frederick A. Nagler, Soc. Lab.	11.250
Charles W. White, Dem. Soc.	8.648
Herbert B. Griffin, Pro.	5.070
Auditor—John W. Kimball, Rep.	162.685
Elbridge Gerry Brown, Dem.	95.290
Frank Albin Forsstrom, Soc.	11.304
Angus McDonald, Dem. Soc.	10.417
Franklin A. Palmer, Pro.	5.019
Atty. Gen.—Hosea M. Knowlton, Rep.	166.522
John H. Morrison, Dem.	94.076
Walter P. J. Skahan, Soc. Lab.	11.183
Addison W. Barr, Dem. Soc.	10.847
Sidney Perley, Pro.	5.078

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

- | | |
|---|--------|
| 1. The counties of Berkshire, Franklin (part), Hampshire (part) and Hampden (part) | |
| George P. Lawrence, Rep. | 14,315 |
| Charles P. Davis, Dem. | 8,760 |
| Edward A. Buckland, Soc. Lab. | 1,602 |
| 2. The counties of Franklin (part), Hampshire (part), Hampden (part) and Worcester (part) | |
| Frederick H. Gillett, Rep. | 13,327 |
| Robert E. Bisbee, Dem. | 8,054 |
| George H. Wrenn, Soc. Lab. | 707 |
| 3. The counties of Worcester (part) and Middlesex (part). | |
| Joseph H. Walker, Rep. | 11,008 |
| John R. Thayer, Dem. | 11,167 |
| 4. The counties of Worcester (part), Middlesex (part) and Norfolk (part). | |
| George W. Weymouth, Rep. | 14,411 |
| I. Porter Morse, Dem. | 8,485 |

- | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-----|-------|------|-----|
| 5. The counties of Essex (part) and Middlesex (part). | | | | | |
| William S. Knox, Rep..... | 14,737 | | | | |
| Joseph J. Flynn, Dem..... | 13,716 | | | | |
| 6. The county of Essex (part). | | | | | |
| William H. Moody, Rep..... | 13,494 | | | | |
| E. Moody Boynton, Dem..... | 6,015 | | | | |
| Albert L. Gillen, Dem. Soc..... | 1,330 | | | | |
| 7. The counties of Essex (part), Middlesex (part) and Suffolk (part). | | | | | |
| Ernest W. Roberts, Rep..... | 16,559 | | | | |
| Walter L. Ramsdell, Dem..... | 12,338 | | | | |
| Joseph F. Malloney, Soc. Lab..... | 781 | | | | |
| 8. The counties of Middlesex (part) and Suffolk (part). | | | | | |
| Samuel W. McCall, Rep..... | 14,935 | | | | |
| George A. Perkins, Dem..... | 5,846 | | | | |
| William E. Stacey, Soc. Lab..... | 593 | | | | |
| 9. The county of Suffolk (part). | | | | | |
| Franz H. Krebs, Jr., Rep..... | 5,450 | | | | |
| John F. Fitzgerald, Dem..... | 10,303 | | | | |
| James A. Gallivan, Ind. Dem..... | 5,000 | | | | |
| Florentine K. Bradman, Rep. Cit.... | 412 | | | | |
| 10. The counties of Suffolk (part) and Norfolk (part). | | | | | |
| Samuel J. Barrows, Rep..... | 13,909 | | | | |
| Henry F. Naphen, Dem..... | 17,149 | | | | |
| 11. The counties of Suffolk (part), Middlesex (part) and Worcester (part). | | | | | |
| Charles F. Sprague, Rep..... | 17,001 | | | | |
| William H. Baker, Dem..... | 10,709 | | | | |
| 12. The counties of Norfolk (part), Plymouth (part) and Bristol (part). | | | | | |
| William C. Lovering, Rep..... | 13,673 | | | | |
| Philip E. Brady, Dem..... | 6,210 | | | | |
| Jeremiah O'Flahelly, Soc. Lab..... | 847 | | | | |
| 13. The counties of Barnstable, Dukes, Nantucket, Plymouth (part) and Bristol (part). | | | | | |
| William S. Greene, Rep..... | 13,463 | | | | |
| Charles T. Luce, Dem..... | 4,868 | | | | |
| Thomas Stevenson, Soc. Lab..... | 1,277 | | | | |
| LEGISLATURE. | | | | | |
| | 1900. | | 1899. | | |
| | Sen. | H. | J.B. | Sen. | H. |
| Republicans..... | 81 | 166 | 177. | 33 | 165 |
| Democrats..... | 9 | 68 | 19. | 7 | 65 |
| Soc. Dem..... | — | 2 | 2. | — | — |
| Ind. and Cit..... | — | 4 | 4. | — | 10 |

MICHIGAN (Population 2,093,889).

COUNTIES. (85)	JUDGE SUPREME CT. 1899					GOVERNOR 1898					PRESIDENT 1896				
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	
Population.	Grant.	Backworth.	Clark.	Harris.	Eastman.	Fingree.	Whiting.	Chever.	Cook.	Hasseler.	McKinley.	Bryan.	McN.	Ver.	
5409 Alcona	503	136	21	7	2.	671	129	13	—	1.	742	275	22	6	
1238 Alger	679	226	36	54	49.	761	352	4	3	—	801	—	19	5	
38061 Allegan	4067	2393	137	99	31.	3493	2980	140	39	8.	5816	3937	149	9	
15541 Alpena	1691	1468	42	16	36.	1766	1188	21	9	9.	1775	1605	26	13	
10418 Antrim	1397	655	70	28	14.	1328	401	37	14	1.	1886	1228	58	39	
5983 Arenac	694	592	36	52	33.	743	637	25	12	2.	616	97	18	—	
3036 Baraga	390	349	9	8	4.	609	291	7	1	1.	613	459	10	12	
25783 Barry	2961	1293	139	77	18.	2887	2453	91	53	—	3295	3187	83	52	
56412 Bay	5247	4193	128	71	55.	5617	3899	76	13	24.	6015	6298	151	63	
6237 Benzie	814	323	54	48	11.	866	459	60	17	4.	1370	803	30	55	
41285 Berrien	5068	4036	198	65	65.	6096	4172	179	30	14.	6973	4793	271	117	
63001 Branch	3253	2703	98	89	10.	3411	3200	87	31	5.	3598	3977	74	40	
26791 Calhoun	4783	4453	198	124	66.	5407	4606	172	44	12.	5885	6202	211	130	
20053 Cass	2501	2373	79	45	9.	2913	2374	89	24	2.	3035	3012	59	64	
9986 Charlevoix	1560	635	76	28	17.	933	429	42	9	3.	1652	978	24	38	
11986 Cheboygan	1502	969	54	37	—	1384	1017	53	17	4.	1574	1616	16	12	
12019 Chippewa	1812	682	104	81	45.	1731	914	77	3	10.	2104	1001	45	12	
7558 Clare	753	509	47	15	8.	818	578	25	5	1.	884	725	29	58	
26509 Clinton	2726	1927	114	77	22.	3040	2321	86	18	6.	3478	3467	65	63	
2962 Crawford	233	133	16	8	7.	946	263	8	3	1.	350	350	3	2	
15330 Delta	1704	501	62	59	54.	1249	461	14	11	5.	2774	1237	65	11	
..... Dickinson	1247	202	76	41	83.	2001	302	33	3	13.	2609	527	56	41	
82094 Eaton	3917	3272	152	117	31.	4264	3726	108	39	10.	4271	4631	108	66	
8756 Emmet	1570	1068	83	—	4.	1515	1023	82	11	1.	1727	1337	48	69	
39430 Genesee	4640	2954	297	119	37.	4334	3156	204	30	7.	5640	4914	102	127	
4206 Gladwin	—	230	23	10	8.	685	306	10	1	1.	748	323	28	13	
13166 Gogebic	1303	387	107	83	68.	1583	632	63	10	9.	1983	837	43	26	
13555 G. Traverse	1972	1101	82	39	5.	1900	728	83	18	4.	2533	1745	71	72	
28638 Gratiot	2009	2429	152	187	27.	3097	2883	102	68	7.	3380	3972	72	60	
80090 Hillsdale	3856	2604	164	66	17.	3825	3420	119	47	5.	4566	3387	91	70	

Population.	Grant.	Barkworth.	Clark.	Harris.	Eastman.	Pine.	Whiting.	Cheever.	Cook.	Hasseler.	McK.	Nley.	Bryan.	P'mer.	L'v'er.
35389 Houghton ..	3363	989	340	122	64..	4408	1271	264	30	8..	6139	1905	178	225	
28545 Huron	2757	1243	157	200	48..	3113	1490	80	84	1..	5326	2508	88	30	
37696 Ingham	4631	4346	211	136	59..	4523	4594	244	79	9..	4956	5991	81	111	
32801 Ionia	3963	3634	101	49	14..	4287	4138	98	21	3..	4589	4758	65	59	
15224 Iosco	902	412	23	14	23..	1096	556	16	2	6..	1463	913	38	17	
4432 Iron	730	230	23	13	14..	795	236	10	2	2..	1051	236	24	—	
18784 Isabella	2389	1573	74	115	17..	2387	1732	52	20	6..	2425	2679	24	40	
45031 Jackson	4563	6156	215	61	21..	4643	5168	248	39	8..	6269	6515	127	149	
39273 Kalamazoo ..	4564	3845	107	63	27..	5112	3747	132	32	7..	5892	5454	83	85	
5100 Kalkaska	732	132	42	70	5..	710	166	20	4	2..	940	422	27	18	
109922 Kent	11336	9065	469	—	140..	15246	7924	454	53	13..	17053	13584	318	397	
2594 Keweenaw	260	28	12	2	2..	324	24	2	1	2..	411	45	5	—	
6505 Lake	636	379	14	10	15..	709	383	20	8	6..	888	548	20	8	
29213 Lapeer	3128	1913	118	56	17..	2337	1915	82	12	5..	3810	3036	105	101	
7944 Leelanaw	1041	514	25	18	2..	827	818	24	6	3..	1403	691	53	33	
48448 Lenawee	5509	4881	235	24	22..	5529	5538	237	41	19..	6861	6300	143	148	
20858 Livingston ..	2653	2471	136	41	12..	2644	2513	128	13	3..	2894	2296	76	73	
2455 Luce	202	137	19	20	4..	357	253	14	3	—	353	236	16	17	
7830 Mackinac	657	497	20	17	11..	673	542	15	—	2..	806	805	86	9	
31813 Macomb	3634	3191	80	14	14..	3727	3905	108	12	6..	4153	3400	157	72	
24230 Manistee	2218	2192	70	27	22..	2465	1972	57	9	7..	2687	2487	94	35	
39521 Marquette ..	2925	904	248	238	345..	3214	1238	224	37	45..	5110	1980	79	100	
16385 Mason	1618	1136	62	12	51..	1741	943	64	4	5..	2176	1580	66	32	
19397 Mecosta	2141	1052	69	47	8..	2050	865	50	8	5..	2887	1975	73	49	
35639 Menominee ..	1905	749	52	25	45..	1843	1045	34	5	8..	3105	1499	47	22	
10657 Midland	1446	897	69	115	16..	1277	1000	29	27	3..	1524	1507	47	34	
5048 Missaukee	814	420	56	9	8..	957	500	36	1	1..	839	687	14	27	
32337 Monroe	2384	3380	123	44	10..	3238	3276	94	16	4..	4053	4209	74	51	
32637 Montcalm	3254	1458	116	339	39..	3243	2155	67	41	11..	4523	3651	87	60	
1487 Mt'morency	386	245	12	8	1..	510	223	4	—	—	479	330	2	6	
40013 Muskegon	3821	2230	113	47	34..	4271	1764	72	23	14..	4682	3110	83	71	
20476 Newaygo	1976	1049	94	23	11..	2094	1097	57	11	2..	2649	1943	30	44	
41245 Oakland	5050	4049	330	38	58..	5442	4415	232	25	—	5840	5352	130	129	
15698 Oceana	2008	979	165	31	33..	2178	955	110	13	4..	2534	1637	61	113	
5583 Ogemaw	775	435	44	28	9..	893	478	22	3	2..	798	560	24	18	
3756 Ontonagon	453	157	25	—	4..	572	308	5	4	2..	758	416	25	7	
14930 Osceola	1629	641	100	22	12..	1614	617	87	4	5..	2270	1178	69	52	
1904 Oscoda	131	40	7	—	2..	183	62	2	1	—	308	62	9	1	
4272 Otsego	600	250	23	9	11..	818	402	12	2	2..	859	500	14	10	
35353 Ottawa	3723	2024	128	57	40..	3906	2456	74	20	10..	5202	3549	114	67	
4687 Presque Isle ..	806	482	9	4	6..	850	328	2	—	1..	754	371	10	8	
2462 Roscom'm'n ..	212	98	3	9	1..	285	101	4	4	—	282	141	3	4	
82273 Saginaw	6095	6406	136	138	329..	7102	5596	93	30	85..	8362	8792	182	75	
32589 Sanilac	3216	1367	243	197	41..	3021	1800	89	34	2..	3631	3156	90	93	
5818 Schoolcraft	734	279	33	30	31..	818	412	11	2	1..	975	549	13	13	
30952 Shiawassee	4057	2837	135	40	14..	4128	3035	182	19	7..	4655	4303	139	87	
52105 St. Clair	4992	3168	149	60	102..	6109	3750	101	13	13..	7164	5127	161	98	
25356 St. Joseph	2732	2887	68	100	8..	2443	2352	100	66	5..	3185	3983	51	59	
32508 Tuscola	3420	1701	—	191	31..	4130	2453	171	42	5..	4275	3565	87	78	
30541 Van Buren	3750	2858	90	94	12..	3944	2468	99	84	2..	4506	3382	92	83	
42210 Washtenaw	4605	4469	144	9	12..	4704	4572	177	14	1..	5677	5941	215	110	
257114 Wayne	17236	22718	335	83	476..	27689	19273	175	38	564..	36617	26216	906	261	
11278 Wexford	1494	645	99	24	11..	1422	778	54	6	4..	2036	1359	36	49	

Total .. 218,828 165,482 8789 4856 3190.. 243,239 168,142 7006 1656 1101.. 235,852 236,714 6879 5025

Plurality .. 51346 .. 75097 .. 5898

Per cent .. 54.18 41.35 2.15 1.21 .79.. 57.77 39.92 1.66 .38 .26.. 53.92 43.47 1.26 .92

Scattering .. 1042 ..

Total vote .. 400187 .. 421164 .. 544492

In 1836, for president, Bentley, Nat., received 1,995 votes; Matchett, S. L., 297 in Wayne Co.

REGENTS FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY—

Ell R. Sutton, Rep. 219,336

Henry S. Dean, Rep. 220,621

Edward F. Le Gendre, Fus. 120,433

Stanley E. Parkhill, Fus. 153,531

Frederic Samuel Goodrich, Pro. 8,370

Harvey Burright Hatch, Pro. 8,522

William A. Higdon, Peo. 4,785

Edwin D. Cox, Peo. 4,591

Richard Henke, Soc. L. 2,973

Herman Richter, Soc. L. 2,866

VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Relative to Highways, Bridges, etc.—

Yes .. 130,416

No .. 93,442

Relative to Circuit Courts—Yes .. 108,197

No .. 104,884

Relative to Judicial Department—Yes .. 93,391

No .. 102,269

Relative to State Printing Office—Yes .. 105,711

No .. 108,317

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Thirteen wards city of Detroit.

John B. Corliss, Rep. 16,659

James H. Pound, Dem. 15,401

Charles Erb, Soc. 470

2. The counties of Jackson, Lenawee, Monroe, Washtenaw, ten townships in Wayne county, city of Wyandotte.

Henry C. Smith, Rep. 21,912

O. R. Pierce, Dem. 19,999

Porter Beal, Pro. 779

Byron E. Niles, Pop. 126

3. The counties of Branch, Calhoun, Eaton, Hillsdale and Kalamazoo.

Washington Gardner, Rep. 21,182

Albert M. Todd, Dem. 19,864

William Parmenter, Pro. 1

4. The counties of Allegan, Barry, Berrien, Cass, St. Joseph and Van Buren.

E. L. Hamilton, Rep. 21,740

Roman I. Jarvis, Dem. 17,146

George F. Comings, Pro.....	474
George F. Cunningham, Pop.....	321
5. The counties of Ionia, Kent and Ot-tawa.	
William Alden Smith, Rep.....	22,021
George R. Perry, Dem.....	16,064
Charles Oldfield, Pro.....	586
Thomas J. Haynes, Pop.....	97
6. The counties of Genesee, Ingham, Liv-ingston, Oakland, six townships Wayne county, three wards city of Detroit.	
Samuel W. Smith, Rep.....	22,981
Charles Fishbeck, Dem.....	17,171
Myron Voorhies, Pro.....	892
James M. Houghton, Pop.....	164
7. The counties of Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Sanilac, St. Clair, two townships Wayne county.	
Edgar Weeks, Rep.....	13,623
Fred E. Burton, Dem.....	12,888
James Henderson, Pop.....	279
8. The counties of Clinton, Saginaw, Shla-wassee and Tuscola.	
Joseph W. Fordney, Rep.....	16,798
Ferdinand Brucker, Dem.....	15,089
9. The counties of Benzie, Lake, Leelanaw, Manitou, Manistee, Mason, Muskegon, Ne-waygo, Oceana and Wexford.	
Roswell P. Bishop, Rep.....	15,687

C. J. Chaddock, Dem.....	9,291
George M. Sprout, Pro.....	505
Norman B. Farnsworth, Pop.....	127
10. The counties of Alcona, Alpena, Arenac, Bay, Cheboygan, Crawford, Emmet, Glad-win, Iosco, Midland, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Otsego and Presque Isle.	
Rosseau O. Crump, Rep.....	16,482
R. J. Kelly, Dem.....	13,230
James J. Miller, Pro.....	117
11. The counties of Antrim, Charlevoix, Clare, Grand Traverse, Gratiot, Isabella, Kalkaska, Mecosta, Missaukee, Montcalm, Osceola and Roscommon.	
William S. Mesick, Rep.....	13,545
A. W. Nichols, Dem.....	11,799
Harvey M. Lowell, Pro.....	610
12. The counties of Alger, Baraga, Chip-pewa, Delta, Dickinson, Gogebic, Houghton, Iron, Keweenaw, Luce, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon and Schoolcraft.	
Carlos D. Shelden, Rep.....	19,895
Solomon S. Curry, Dem.....	8,921
Harvey B. Hatch, Pro.....	825

LEGISLATURE.

	1893-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans ..	27	93	120..	26	81	107
Democrats	5	7	12..	—	—	—
Fusion	—	—	—..	6	19	25

MINNESOTA (Population 1,301,826).

COUNTIES. (82)	GOVERNOR 1898					PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1894				
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	M.P.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	G.D.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Becker.	Owen.
Population.	Eustis.	Lind.	Higgins.	Long.	Ham'nd	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Lever's.	Matchett.	Nelson.	Becker.	Owen.		
2462 Aitkin.....	308	406	7	8	—	855	344	9	17	6..	649	118	246		
9884 Anoka.....	871	893	18	7	4..	1553	791	24	24	1..	1226	331	689		
9401 Becker.....	1117	1000	93	49	9..	1479	985	15	49	2..	1125	190	870		
312 Beltrami.....	441	417	11	8	2..	202	213	3	3	—..	54	91	18		
6284 Benton.....	634	836	36	10	15..	778	867	14	8	2..	733	405	895		
5722 Big Stone.....	623	887	35	20	5..	1048	742	31	54	6..	728	218	555		
29210 Blue Earth.....	2428	2568	105	42	9..	4055	2744	93	150	—..	3196	1598	1142		
15817 Brown.....	904	1550	21	6	5..	1807	1469	50	42	15..	1303	704	1220		
5272 Carlton.....	516	577	12	3	3..	1169	543	10	13	6..	857	305	364		
16532 Carver.....	1143	1477	18	8	4..	1856	1268	44	13	5..	1736	1137	466		
1247 Cass.....	588	410	13	18	17..	351	271	3	6	2..	227	91	140		
8555 Chippewa.....	755	934	26	26	2..	1310	1037	11	33	8..	910	114	734		
10359 Chisago.....	1103	784	9	4	4..	2558	457	17	18	2..	1838	169	291		
11517 Clay.....	930	1412	60	23	7..	1594	1908	38	43	9..	1109	248	1328		
98 Cook.....	78	83	2	1	1..	81	107	1	3	—..	70	13	57		
7412 Cottonwood.....	710	646	36	7	2..	1242	810	16	47	—..	842	67	563		
8852 Crow Wing.....	1010	904	31	21	18..	1701	1066	29	59	11..	1144	311	559		
20240 Dakota.....	1191	2186	99	56	31..	2147	2210	57	90	22..	1623	1261	1367		
10844 Dodge.....	1026	459	77	7	2..	1900	911	18	86	4..	1627	334	549		
14906 Douglas.....	1202	1617	52	21	10..	1976	1361	19	58	—..	1546	197	1200		
16708 Faribault.....	1860	1110	107	3	9..	3116	1107	59	82	2..	2293	750	329		
26338 Fillmore.....	2219	1527	156	16	12..	4185	1939	40	167	10..	2970	148	1292		
17962 Freeborn.....	1786	864	111	20	17..	3400	1179	26	99	2..	2371	128	893		
28806 Goodhue.....	3108	1884	113	12	23..	5748	1426	78	118	12..	4226	1145	608		
6375 Grant.....	518	761	27	4	2..	1002	339	40	167	10..	822	34	745		
185294 Hennepin.....	14458	19333	681	97	409..	26786	20505	291	450	214..	22293	5090	16080		
14553 Houston.....	1383	910	48	16	6..	2087	991	37	47	4..	1726	849	333		
1412 Hubbard.....	437	384	10	10	3..	364	344	19	4	1..	215	85	239		
7607 Isanti.....	433	1106	9	5	7..	1490	730	—	—	—..	1046	49	498		
743 Itasca.....	461	573	14	4	10..	826	724	3	5	3..	667	339	402		
8924 Jackson.....	1052	964	35	8	11..	1558	1150	17	29	3..	1242	428	701		
1579 Kanabec.....	166	347	1	—	2..	484	256	5	10	—..	248	28	190		
13997 Kandiyohi.....	945	1332	45	8	1..	2181	1638	17	38	3..	1547	67	1526		
5387 Kittson.....	367	753	20	5	4..	753	762	13	23	6..	610	85	816		
10882 Lac qui Parle.....	893	1198	61	18	3..	1620	932	21	57	—..	1285	99	983		
1299 Lake.....	223	326	—	—	—..	595	320	5	6	3..	439	70	100		
19057 Le Sueur.....	1620	2062	78	18	16..	2235	2003	54	65	12..	1838	1332	1090		
5691 Lincoln.....	378	565	35	25	5..	674	703	28	31	—..	496	83	583		
9501 Lyon.....	976	1141	42	32	3..	1623	1351	22	67	9..	1272	166	1052		
17026 McLeod.....	1374	1233	62	18	17..	1595	1653	47	43	4..	1302	1298	575		
9130 Marshall.....	721	1233	32	26	8..	1200	1222	11	15	4..	837	96	1200		
9403 Marshall.....	957	1472	89	5	4..	1739	1327	32	93	9..	1289	412	423		
15456 Meeker.....	1063	1795	38	14	13..	2044	1536	23	51	12..	1717	428	1161		
2845 Mille Lacs.....	634	678	22	—	12..	977	456	14	13	—..	821	123	205		

Population.	Eustis.	Wind. Higgins.	Long Ham	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer	Lever's.	Matchett.	Nelson.	Becker.	Own'.		
13325 Morrison.....	1187	2058	62	12	24..	1900	1734	32	51	8..	1815	1133	576
18019 Mower.....	1783	928	80	10	7..	3379	1407	36	85	2..	2442	711	858
6692 Murray.....	634	892	26	30	—	1204	1054	22	21	3..	770	193	776
13352 Nicollet.....	988	1318	32	3	5..	1803	837	42	32	1..	1345	683	677
7958 Nobles.....	812	933	63	77	7..	1588	1204	32	43	7..	1112	632	427
10618 Norman.....	1059	919	113	20	4..	1382	1304	12	83	5..	824	61	1234
19434 Olmsted.....	2263	1759	127	34	15..	3201	1741	66	83	4..	2526	1375	572
34232 Otter Tail.....	2314	3497	232	85	41..	3514	4482	76	162	30..	2501	505	3285
4052 Pine.....	555	914	12	6	11..	1152	575	80	13	7..	649	307	255
5132 Pipestone.....	686	559	25	46	4..	862	919	17	17	—	713	171	652
10032 Pope.....	1472	2389	116	36	25..	2855	5054	54	69	35..	2032	520	4037
30192 Polk.....	978	576	50	27	4..	1773	688	8	43	2..	1968	90	716
139796 Ramsey.....	9876	11770	324	77	385..	17522	12043	433	177	207..	12277	6324	7673
..... Red Lake.....	422	1084	20	31	16..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Redwood.....	1028	834	49	29	2..	1818	1123	24	31	4..	1321	414	604
17099 Renville.....	1528	2084	73	67	4..	2553	1978	33	51	8..	1733	417	1764
23968 Rice.....	2065	1733	121	35	16..	3483	2002	110	103	13..	2515	1088	1224
6817 Rock.....	780	490	82	39	4..	1209	765	15	28	3..	1162	256	332
..... Roseau.....	283	401	17	11	6..	287	527	5	6	3..	—	—	—
44862 St. Louis.....	4409	4966	108	38	70..	9810	7412	76	92	—	7581	1917	3076
13831 Scott.....	753	1730	49	20	12..	1126	1706	67	29	11..	1013	1457	588
5008 Sherburne.....	450	446	17	7	5..	1008	536	13	18	2..	777	141	353
15199 Sibley.....	1110	1553	18	22	8..	1826	1251	47	19	7..	1309	828	752
34844 Stearns.....	1900	4061	63	61	42..	2873	4911	123	43	13..	2932	3657	1479
13232 Steele.....	1455	1091	72	8	9..	2044	1248	65	80	5..	1740	1149	305
5251 Stevens.....	585	681	18	13	11..	981	685	13	28	2..	715	214	428
10161 Swift.....	771	1272	39	24	7..	1273	1222	15	40	7..	1022	208	1077
12360 Todd.....	1620	1530	143	36	26..	2043	1739	35	98	—	1495	668	905
4516 Traverse.....	387	975	23	7	3..	689	963	—	—	—	490	226	623
16972 Wabasha.....	1770	1787	73	21	19..	2530	1630	55	76	7..	1826	1266	730
4053 Wadena.....	677	519	18	15	6..	874	534	7	25	1..	655	197	835
13313 Wasca.....	1118	1315	36	13	9..	1902	1244	29	57	3..	1947	478	751
25692 Washington.....	1626	1899	50	14	13..	5695	1558	58	47	8..	2574	742	1061
7746 Watonwan.....	764	583	34	1	3..	1622	586	10	33	2..	1982	230	287
4346 Wilkin.....	472	777	26	13	17..	631	855	16	21	5..	545	124	567
33797 Winona.....	2372	3233	93	44	63..	3365	3528	89	69	18..	3333	2494	1102
24164 Wright.....	1911	2530	60	26	10..	3312	2172	37	49	9..	2801	980	1329
9854 Yellw Medicine.....	961	1035	64	—	—	1578	1015	21	63	1..	1135	86	1094
Total.....	111626	132022	5216	1770	1647..	193501	133626	3230	4965	915..	14794	53579	87331
Plurality.....	20896	—	—	—	—	20815	—	—	—	—	60013	—	—
Per cent.....	44.21	52.28	2.06	.77	.65..	56.70	40.80	.94	1.27	.25..	49.32	18.10	29.69
Total vote.....	—	—	252398	—	—	—	—	341637	—	—	—	236355	—

In 1894 Hilleboe, Pro., for governor, received 6,879 votes.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1893.

Lieutenant-Governor—	
Lyndon A. Smith, Rep.....	130,207
J. M. Bowler, Fus.....	104,544
Secretary of State—Albert Berg, Rep.....	136,106
Julius J. Heinrich, Fus.....	97,258
State Auditor—Robert C. Dunn, Rep.....	138,980
George N. Lamphere, Fus.....	94,406
State Treasurer—	
August T. Koerner, Rep.....	140,751
Alexander McKinnon, Fus.....	97,087
Attorney-General—	
Wallace B. Douglas, Rep.....	137,550
John F. Kelly, Fus.....	96,717
Clerk Supreme Court—	
Darius F. Reese, Rep.....	137,877
Z. H. Austin, Fus.....	97,258
Justice Supreme Court—	
John A. Lovely, Rep.....	128,897
Calvin L. Brown, Rep.....	107,854
Charles L. Lewis, Rep.....	100,667
Thomas Canty, Fus.....	98,715
William Mitchell, Fus.....	89,675
Daniel Buck, Fus.....	78,115

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Steele, Wabasha, Wasca and Winona.	
J. A. Tawney, Rep.....	18,931
Milo White, Fus.....	11,941
2. Counties of Blue Earth, Brown, Chipewah, Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nicollet, Nobles, Pipestone, Redwood, Rock, Watonwan, Yellow Medicine.	

J. T. McCleary, Rep.....	20,480
D. H. Evans, Fus.....	14,785
3. Counties of Carver, Dakota, Goodhue, Le Sueur, McLeod, Meeker, Renville, Rice, Scott and Sibley.	
J. P. Heatwole, Rep.....	19,271
C. G. Hinds, Fus.....	13,133
4. Counties of Chisago, Isanti, Kanabec, Ramsey and Washington.	
F. C. Stevens, Rep.....	15,943
J. W. Willis, Fus.....	11,622
5. County of Hennepin.	
Loren Fletcher, Rep.....	18,736
T. J. Caton, Fus.....	12,896
6. Counties of Aitkin, Anoka, Beltrami, Benton, Carlton, Cass, Cook, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Itasca, Lake, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Pine, St. Louis, Sherburne, Stearns, Todd, Wadena and Wright.	
Page Morris, Rep.....	22,194
C. A. Towne, Fus.....	21,731
7. Counties of Becker, Big Stone, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Kandiyohi, Kittson, Marshall, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Pope, Roscan, Stevens, Swift, Traverse, Wilkin and Red Lake.	
F. M. Eddy, Rep.....	19,694
P. M. Ringdal, Fus.....	16,234

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1897-98.
Sen. Ho.	J. P. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Republicans.....	44	93
Democrats.....	18	25
People's.....	—	—
Independents.....	1	2
F. S. Reps.....	—	—

MISSISSIPPI (Population 1,289,600).

COUNTIES. (76)	GOV. 1899		PRESIDENT 1896					GOV. 1895		PRESIDENT 1892			
	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G. D.	Palmer	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.
Population.	Longino, Frewitt, McKinley.	Bryan, Bryan, Lever's	Palmer, McLaurin, Burkett.	Harrison.	Clerd, Bladwell, Weaver								
26181 Adams.....	328	11.	174	496	11	4	30.	538	36.	77	467	9	—
13115 Alcorn.....	779	99.	63	923	6	4	6.	603	87.	55	691	9	20
18198 Amite.....	498	86.	22	742	253	6	17.	640	422.	4	572	5	180
22213 Attala.....	1188	257.	196	950	357	8	19.	1073	748.	13	751	122	515
10585 Benton.....	310	12.	116	616	22	3	2.	505	46.	64	423	21	37
20340 Bolivar.....	414	6.	116	338	28	20	6.	370	17.	25	227	8	20
11688 Calhoun.....	862	158.	33	800	156	11	24.	724	438.	11	612	5	285
18773 Carroll.....	886	418.	79	749	446	2	13.	795	683.	22	593	43	377
19491 Chickasaw.....	684	405.	75	567	99	21	24.	621	573.	6	332	8	339
10817 Choctaw.....	798	618.	56	511	397	7	4.	647	664.	17	384	8	312
14516 Claiborne.....	239	3.	16	509	9	3	41.	214	8.	3	424	4	43
15426 Clarke.....	479	10.	7	832	115	4	5.	870	151.	1	626	14	108
18407 Clay.....	423	43.	36	620	56	5	8.	462	164.	6	522	—	89
18412 Coahoma.....	427	13.	91	347	—	3	9.	456	26.	32	272	—	4
30233 Copiah.....	1190	70.	60	1342	273	14	15.	1210	555.	16	1084	23	494
8299 Covington.....	325	15.	73	688	43	2	2.	548	255.	9	232	7	27
24183 De Soto.....	392	15.	59	841	50	4	25.	510	85.	18	479	26	98
10428 Franklin.....	596	180.	18	386	216	3	7.	481	354.	1	314	13	178
3306 Greene.....	296	31.	—	265	1	—	4.	250	128.	15	179	—	15
14874 Grenada.....	281	27.	20	456	35	6	2.	436	139.	4	399	3	47
8318 Hancock.....	203	15.	49	344	5	2	7.	276	46.	10	249	7	13
12431 Harrison.....	398	20.	18	294	3	1	15.	427	47.	10	353	11	39
39279 Hinds.....	774	20.	144	1598	45	40	29.	1117	121.	57	1206	81	92
30670 Holmes.....	652	35.	74	942	71	6	5.	735	273.	20	628	15	176
12318 Issaquena.....	84	—	34	97	—	1	1.	97	1.	25	119	1	—
11708 Itawamba.....	382	65.	39	882	207	4	11.	817	451.	23	793	13	290
11251 Jackson.....	297	8.	181	712	35	4	72.	412	31.	13	443	11	20
14785 Jasper.....	466	7.	23	794	77	5	16.	716	122.	3	675	4	64
18917 Jefferson.....	464	7.	51	624	3	2	4.	387	27.	17	421	7	8
8333 Jones.....	682	104.	39	697	243	7	14.	725	403.	7	380	9	90
17961 Kemper.....	815	339.	149	766	153	3	19.	765	391.	42	650	5	207
20533 Lafayette.....	639	37.	131	1279	35	1	3.	792	247.	36	865	22	122
29431 Lauderdale.....	1025	165.	93	1651	327	18	42.	1507	744.	24	1364	24	857
12318 Lawrence.....	631	42.	176	688	91	3	8.	656	428.	34	381	13	145
14803 Leake.....	609	52.	94	929	235	7	5.	383	484.	44	708	15	346
20040 Lee.....	539	80.	50	1092	149	3	9.	770	394.	9	744	9	345
16849 Le Flore.....	227	3.	—	316	—	—	1.	228	6.	2	343	5	—
17912 Lincoln.....	1112	122.	143	911	80	34	24.	874	451.	36	452	46	137
27047 Lowndes.....	415	9.	16	814	6	3	7.	392	26.	4	635	7	32
27321 Madison.....	301	10.	71	746	13	2	20.	515	34.	5	696	11	32
9332 Marion.....	800	79.	228	658	181	7	29.	744	485.	14	257	6	88
23043 Marshall.....	683	29.	72	1263	23	7	14.	514	62.	32	1092	37	120
30730 Monroe.....	755	66.	71	1509	99	1	7.	1008	213.	28	1038	27	132
14539 Montgomery.....	753	90.	24	934	119	7	7.	806	269.	7	667	7	130
11446 Neshoba.....	624	134.	7	793	262	2	3.	810	384.	—	589	1	239
10925 Newton.....	873	61.	11	1031	170	6	7.	970	220.	3	756	20	126
27339 Noxubee.....	427	40.	14	681	34	11	6.	548	60.	2	492	2	44
17934 Oktibeha.....	475	73.	27	758	59	7	2.	615	148.	—	595	9	23
26377 Panola.....	507	44.	78	1085	160	23	12.	860	364.	24	614	15	248
2357 Pearl River.....	287	15.	34	238	34	1	9.	230	79.	1	136	1	1
6494 Perry.....	414	14.	32	357	52	7	3.	342	189.	—	201	7	26
21203 Pike.....	646	25.	123	1285	95	11	29.	710	113.	35	750	12	101
14910 Pontotoc.....	1027	328.	65	742	202	11	7.	755	555.	10	463	18	421
13679 Prentiss.....	753	215.	167	909	64	4	18.	826	555.	37	633	12	246
3246 Quitman.....	121	1.	40	170	1	—	—	126	21.	12	71	8	2
17322 Rankin.....	122	14.	77	1014	31	3	10.	841	62.	56	746	21	75
11740 Scott.....	681	40.	24	736	46	9	3.	644	159.	1	484	4	128
8382 Sharkey.....	131	5.	21	189	5	4	2.	131	13.	13	132	6	—
10133 Simpson.....	839	78.	53	578	99	9	3.	727	356.	4	331	8	149
10655 Smith.....	1510	116.	3	945	132	5	2.	1291	378.	12	545	11	113
9584 Sunflower.....	249	—	27	450	11	1	6.	240	27.	3	211	4	—
14961 Tallahatchie.....	331	20.	26	761	19	1	—	305	80.	7	425	6	46
19255 Tate.....	509	36.	76	987	141	6	41.	779	178.	23	796	14	248
13651 Tippah.....	738	77.	103	936	130	5	5.	630	251.	85	754	7	186
9502 Tishomingo.....	649	56.	67	812	40	2	3.	550	237.	56	612	11	63
12158 Tunica.....	140	4.	62	174	1	1	5.	110	7.	13	136	3	9
15006 Union.....	552	57.	114	1108	156	—	7.	930	457.	20	721	34	419
33161 Warren.....	458	12.	182	849	26	8	140.	794	55.	26	623	13	56
40414 Washington.....	458	—	98	608	4	5	45.	364	9.	19	600	12	—
18317 Wayne.....	551	72.	32	583	72	2	5.	392	174.	5	389	2	46
12060 Webster.....	611	305.	145	655	222	5	8.	608	574.	19	402	12	383
17532 Wilkinson.....	267	3.	36	523	33	1	6.	338	35.	3	256	4	8
12059 Winston.....	510	23.	33	822	273	22	14.	622	526.	3	357	7	225
13623 Yalobusha.....	841	86.	73	1032	58	13	34.	837	179.	7	716	12	205
36394 Yazoo.....	400	25.	23	1059	102	2	6.	590	158.	2	733	1	117
Total.....	42273	6037.	5130	56363	7517	485	1071.	46873	17466.	1398	40023	973	10113
Plurality.....	36176	—	58750	—	—	—	—	23407	—	28005	—	—	—
Per cent.....	87.39	12.00.	7.27	79.77	10.63	.06	1.51.	62.74	37.26.	2.47	76.21	1.85	19.25
Total vote.....	48870	—	70366	—	—	—	—	61939	—	52512	—	—	—

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Lieutenant-Governor—	
James T. Harrison, Dem.....	39,844
J. W. Prude, Peo.....	5,356
Secretary of State—	
J. L. Power, Dem.....	40,283
N. M. Hollingsworth, Peo.....	5,684
Auditor—W. Q. Cole, Dem.....	38,870
T. J. King, Peo.....	6,756
State Treasurer—J. R. Stowers, Dem.	37,799
J. A. Bailey, Peo.....	7,393
Atty.-Gen.—Monroe McClurg, Dem...	38,794
J. J. Dennis, Peo.....	6,717
Superintendent Education—	
H. L. Whitfield, Dem.....	39,139
J. H. Simpson, Peo.....	6,577
Clerk Supreme Court—	
E. W. Brown, Dem.....	38,699
E. E. Henderson, Peo.....	6,351
Land Commissioner—	
E. H. Nall, Dem.....	39,375
T. C. Vining, Peo.....	4,949
State Revenue Agent—	
Wirt Adams, Dem.....	41,410
J. W. Anderson, Peo.....	714
Railroad Commissioner, 1st District—	
J. D. McInnis, Dem.....	37,228
A. M. Monroe, Peo.....	6,730
Railroad Commissioner, 2d District—	
A. Q. May, Dem.....	39,242
G. M. Cain, Peo.....	5,521
Railroad Commissioner, 3d District—	
J. C. Kincannon, Dem.....	37,825
W. T. Ray, Peo.....	6,566

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Alcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss and Tishomingo.	
John M. Allen, Dem.....	2,468
No opposition.	

2. The counties of Benton, De Soto, Lafayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tippah and Union.

C. M. Haynie, Rep.....	167
Thomas Splight, Dem.....	2,949

3. The counties of Bolivar, Coahoma, Issaquena, Le Flore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower, Tunica, Warren and Washington.

C. J. Jones, Rep.....	373
T. C. Catchings, Dem.....	2,068

4. The counties of Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery, Noxubee, Pontotoc, Webster, Winston and Yalobusha.

R. Brewer, Rep.....	1,090
A. F. Fox, Dem.....	3,461

5. The counties of Attala, Clarke, Holmes, Jasper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne and Yazoo.

J. R. S. Pitta, Rep.....	142
John S. Williams, Dem.....	4,943

6. The counties of Adams, Amite, Covington, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Pike and Wilkinson.

M. M. Evans, Rep.....	1,390
F. A. McLain, Dem.....	3,276
N. C. Hathorn, Peo.....	998
H. C. Turner, Ind.....	427

7. The counties of Claiborne, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin and Simpson.

Brennan, Rep.....	156
Patrick Henry, Dem.....	3,278
Yellowly, Peo.....	171

LEGISLATURE.

	1900-1.	1898-99.	
Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.
Democrats	45	131	176.. 45 131 176
People's	—	2	2.. — 2 2

MISSOURI (Population 2,679,184).

COUNTIES. (115)	JUDGE SUP. CT. 1898					PRESIDENT, 1896					PRES. 1892				
	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. D. S. L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S. L. G. D. Nat.		Rep.	Dem.			
17417 Adair.....	2148	1627	285	28	5	2..	2402	2311	25	—	6	—	1953	1039	
16000 Andrew.....	2130	1889	15	20	17	4..	2252	2001	8	1	25	4..	1834	1505	
15533 Atchison.....	1630	1798	59	41	8	5..	1587	2272	32	1	11	—	1093	1147	
22074 Audrain.....	1129	3216	74	30	3	2..	1609	3984	11	—	25	—	1408	3240	
22943 Barry.....	2153	2328	63	20	15	3..	2320	3151	14	—	6	1..	1940	1904	
18504 Barton.....	1612	2057	47	94	10	16..	1496	2824	77	5	7	2..	1335	1620	
32223 Bates.....	1912	2648	690	92	25	19..	2512	5073	96	3	26	8..	1928	3007	
14973 Benton.....	1803	1402	31	29	9	7..	1957	1762	37	—	25	1..	1570	1058	
13121 Bollinger.....	1181	1356	24	4	9	—	1272	1485	1	—	3	1..	1145	1338	
26043 Boone.....	739	3471	73	25	4	2..	1705	5075	19	—	20	3..	1495	4054	
70100 Buchanan.....	5523	6573	26	84	18	11..	6854	7336	62	4	78	3..	5223	6949	
9254 Butler.....	1397	1621	50	9	17	1..	1635	1748	2	2	7	2..	1053	1233	
15152 Caldwell.....	2024	1535	155	19	13	1..	2115	2063	25	—	21	1..	1748	1348	
25131 Callaway.....	1316	3755	19	8	6	—	1849	4958	10	—	61	—	1453	3620	
10040 Camden.....	1351	1115	33	10	3	1..	1326	1287	17	1	—	—	1070	602	
22060 C. Girardeau.....	2543	2017	222	51	10	1..	2482	2473	27	1	21	—	2203	1996	
25742 Carroll.....	3191	3177	57	48	22	2..	3393	3555	40	—	21	4..	2896	2839	
5799 Carter.....	527	672	2	2	—	—	483	611	—	—	12	1..	377	617	
23301 Cass.....	1528	2532	114	63	11	5..	2229	3975	38	2	30	5..	1908	3027	
15620 Cedar.....	1693	1494	249	21	6	4..	1881	2400	5	—	8	2..	1354	1246	
23254 Chariton.....	1492	2004	55	16	25	—	2359	4321	7	—	13	—	2077	3463	
14017 Christian.....	1857	1032	90	7	5	—	1983	1729	6	—	1	—	1559	653	
15126 Clark.....	1930	1910	5	46	7	—	1953	2107	9	—	8	1..	1884	1807	
19566 Clay.....	454	2882	46	22	9	3..	924	4071	12	1	52	1..	738	3085	
17138 Clinton.....	1374	1990	35	33	7	2..	1792	2610	16	—	20	5..	1503	2131	
17281 Cole.....	1874	2131	9	10	18	—	2033	2198	3	1	40	2..	1752	1844	

ELECTION RETURNS.

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Population.	Finkelnburg	Marshall	Vorles	Rubin	Snyder	Custer	McKinty	Bryan	Lever	Matchett	Palm	Bentley	Harri	n. Cleveland
22707 Cooper.....	2424	2646	47	15	8	5..	3711	3028	5	—	14	3..	2222	2434
11991 Crawford.....	1410	1257	12	16	9	7..	1447	1583	7	3	2	—	1269	1176
17526 Dade.....	1816	1736	19	23	10	12..	1797	2963	13	—	5	1..	1420	1101
12047 Dallas.....	1533	1067	257	14	4	—	1466	1525	11	—	4	1..	1774	586
20456 Davless.....	2273	2904	83	76	16	3..	2330	3125	23	1	25	1..	2019	2257
14539 DeKalb.....	1541	1707	101	53	11	—	1590	2167	12	—	10	7..	1339	1372
12149 Dent.....	871	1255	7	3	2	—	1097	1493	1	—	6	1..	846	1268
14111 Douglas.....	1688	500	867	10	1	—	1598	1700	4	2	3	1..	1309	328
15085 Dunklin.....	547	1914	15	9	17	4..	961	2975	1	—	3	2..	659	2167
23056 Franklin.....	3119	2329	11	8	9	2..	3727	2904	9	1	13	1..	2887	2497
11706 Gasconade.....	1966	481	12	3	7	1..	2185	515	—	1	27	—	1625	602
14018 Gentry.....	1947	2346	160	45	10	4..	2000	2906	32	—	4	10..	1606	2003
48616 Greene.....	5157	4965	322	50	33	14..	5808	6327	42	3	23	4..	4939	4051
17876 Grundy.....	2117	1087	18	29	4	2..	2778	1675	15	—	8	1..	2468	1375
21033 Harrison.....	2361	1706	174	38	15	5..	2556	2582	26	—	9	4..	2474	1630
28235 Henry.....	2307	3401	109	45	5	5..	3234	4442	41	1	17	3..	2563	3475
9453 Hickory.....	1154	795	41	13	5	1..	1194	1045	6	—	2	—	927	423
15459 Holt.....	2181	1634	23	32	6	2..	2397	2036	21	—	19	12..	1899	1427
17371 Howard.....	582	2626	28	15	9	6..	1353	3317	22	—	6	—	1052	2570
18618 Howell.....	2013	1822	257	30	21	1..	1892	2373	5	2	8	18..	1464	1642
9119 Iron.....	469	706	7	7	3	—	607	1016	3	—	4	—	598	880
100510 Jackson.....	14511	16780	328	98	74	297..	13711	20705	98	31	307	10..	11024	15825
50500 Jasper.....	5456	5550	274	92	71	46..	4835	7026	52	5	35	19..	5369	4905
22484 Jefferson.....	2674	2856	23	29	10	2..	2876	2785	17	1	16	4..	2207	2617
28132 Johnson.....	2647	3179	127	46	12	4..	3219	4240	25	4	18	1..	2667	3109
13501 Knox.....	1002	1768	46	21	9	4..	1246	2185	26	—	6	3..	988	1472
11701 Laclede.....	1620	1610	200	28	1	7..	1598	2120	18	1	10	3..	1376	1223
30184 Lafayette.....	2739	3529	36	30	6	6..	3375	4463	13	4	45	1..	2833	3622
26228 Lawrence.....	2836	2928	54	38	23	14..	2932	3369	24	3	12	4..	2623	2428
15365 Lewis.....	1006	2174	40	14	22	—	1581	2624	19	—	15	2..	1822	2230
18346 Lincoln.....	1198	2535	7	10	9	4..	1564	3003	9	—	8	—	1331	2508
21121 Linn.....	2659	2709	50	45	16	3..	3015	3327	36	3	9	1..	2501	2525
20038 Livingston.....	2171	2484	261	74	10	1..	2377	3351	23	1	36	4..	1959	2189
11233 McDonald.....	1089	1236	50	21	9	2..	998	1676	13	—	—	—	835	1026
30575 Macon.....	3042	3332	202	32	16	61..	3475	4473	21	5	26	4..	2746	3284
9258 Madison.....	651	1006	12	8	4	2..	750	1256	5	—	5	2..	635	1010
8400 Maries.....	398	1073	3	5	2	—	466	1355	2	—	3	—	469	1119
26233 Marion.....	1348	2775	5	23	10	2..	2699	4008	21	—	28	3..	2154	3634
14581 Mercer.....	1595	867	24	20	7	1..	1958	1405	6	6	11	5..	1643	806
14162 Miller.....	1719	1538	29	10	6	1..	1707	1694	3	1	7	2..	1497	1076
10134 Mississippi.....	708	1196	7	4	8	1..	1074	1673	2	—	3	1..	734	1240
15330 Montean.....	1534	1536	239	31	14	1..	1580	2496	19	1	11	—	1336	1340
20790 Monroe.....	523	3402	42	17	7	2..	832	4379	8	—	15	—	787	3993
13850 Montgomery.....	1810	2103	39	64	3	2..	1920	2272	47	3	10	2..	1665	1916
12311 Morgan.....	1282	1364	74	5	4	7..	1366	1628	3	—	8	—	1083	1141
9617 New Madrid.....	275	1073	3	1	1	1..	480	1639	2	—	—	—	831	1215
22108 Newton.....	2037	2526	88	113	16	4..	2174	3029	52	1	12	—	1833	1978
30814 Nodaway.....	5448	3869	49	44	29	2..	3437	4577	23	—	26	12..	2878	2913
16257 Oregon.....	508	1319	74	5	3	2..	576	1783	3	—	3	—	317	1117
18450 Osage.....	1643	1346	2	32	4	—	1700	1456	29	—	7	—	1378	1266
9795 Ozark.....	1212	681	160	3	2	1..	1187	1025	4	—	4	—	831	387
5375 Pemiscot.....	659	1558	23	4	4	2..	355	1290	3	—	—	—	133	700
13257 Perry.....	1591	1496	9	5	3	1..	1522	1450	3	1	33	—	1297	1464
51151 Pettis.....	3482	3652	15	38	11	13..	4119	4267	40	6	21	14..	3610	3680
12956 Phelps.....	1065	1508	155	10	—	3..	1038	1816	6	—	7	1..	883	1287
26321 Pike.....	2182	3420	12	9	7	2..	2834	3339	10	—	25	2..	2564	3955
16248 Platte.....	736	2815	—	11	—	—	1044	3191	17	—	13	1..	885	2663
20339 Polk.....	2455	2141	253	31	21	1..	2544	2711	27	—	3	1..	1918	1211
9587 Pulaski.....	717	1227	7	2	2	—	802	1416	2	—	2	—	663	1046
15365 Putnam.....	1791	929	19	16	5	1..	293	1576	7	—	8	1..	2027	1131
12294 Ralls.....	502	1905	10	5	13	3..	813	2297	2	—	8	—	872	1963
24893 Randolph.....	1120	2743	33	27	8	4..	2162	4997	9	2	23	7..	1709	3695
24215 Ray.....	1405	2887	16	36	13	3..	2033	3945	15	—	47	4..	1643	3250
6933 Reynolds.....	231	648	6	3	1	—	855	1015	1	—	2	—	281	912
8332 Ripley.....	646	1147	31	7	1	1..	749	1442	1	—	4	—	446	803
22377 St. Charles.....	2573	2062	11	4	12	5..	3173	2448	15	—	27	1..	2522	2485
16747 St. Clair.....	1583	1732	162	16	9	5..	1829	2386	15	—	9	—	1510	1572
17347 St. Francois.....	1513	2348	7	16	13	3..	1694	2245	9	—	9	—	1253	2141
9883 Ste. Genev'e.....	739	1126	—	—	—	2..	933	1245	—	1	4	—	1683	1155
36307 St. Louis.....	4776	2376	28	23	10	4..	6210	3403	22	4	43	2..	4367	3116
33762 Saline.....	1925	3891	16	30	13	3..	3050	5615	29	—	56	2..	2621	4565
11274 Schuyler.....	1027	1299	76	12	3	2..	1151	1592	17	—	10	1..	996	1263
12674 Scotland.....	1143	1678	78	14	6	—	1203	2077	13	1	4	1..	940	1369
11228 Scott.....	474	1356	6	7	8	2..	751	1906	—	—	5	—	671	1612
7138 Shannon.....	589	1011	18	4	9	—	689	1186	4	—	1	—	541	1005
15342 Shelby.....	909	2302	23	23	2	1..	1275	2850	25	—	7	—	1128	2252
17327 Stoddard.....	1089	1948	58	12	13	4..	1584	2968	12	4	3	2..	518	2220
7090 Stone.....	987	412	111	8	3	4..	1094	827	5	—	1	—	805	279
19000 Sullivan.....	2434	2420	7	24	10	1..	2393	2451	23	—	7	3..	2173	2095
7373 Taney.....	978	694	56	2	5	2..	1024	925	2	2	2	—	791	459
19406 Texas.....	1671	2075	119	7	2	7..	1785	2972	12	4	4	1..	1294	1877
31503 Vernon.....	1608	3364	41	44	13	11..	2230	5133	24	—	19	20..	1847	3627
9913 Warren.....	1351	453	23	2	9	7..	1680	691	—	—	7	—	1360	685
13153 Washington.....	1536	1422	2	6	3	2..	1547	1458	—	—	3	1..	1200	1303

Population.	Finkelnburg	Marshall	Vorhees	B'bin	n's	der	n	Custenb'	McKinl'y	Bryan	Lever	g	Mitchell	Palm	r	Bentley	Harri	n	Cleveland
11727 Wayne.....	1583	1529	8	7	11	1..	1418	1508	14	—	8	—	904	1393					
15177 Webster.....	1711	1683	125	19	6	1..	1696	1985	14	—	8	—	1384	1274					
8783 Worth.....	1042	1111	46	18	9	—	885	1248	9	—	2	—	624	696					
14484 Wright.....	1832	1142	233	12	4	5..	1755	1777	6	1	2	—	1454	786					
45170 St. Louis city.	48000	30637	220	83	480	312..	65708	50601	244	462	462	22..	55528	34669					
Total.....	255428	285778	9037	2933	1645	1063.	304940	353667	2169	595	2355	236..	226918	268398					
Plurality.....		30350						58727						4180					
Per cent.....	45.87	15.32	1.78	.52	.29	.19..	45.21	53.95	.03	.008	.04	.004..	41.95	49.62					
Scattering.....			55																
Total vote.....			556840						647019					540860					

In 1892, for president, Weaver, Peo., received 41,213 and Bidwell, Pro., 4,331 votes.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Judge Supreme Court (Short Term)—	
William T. Carrington, Dem.....	287,216
John R. Klrk, Rep.....	254,262
Ambrose H. Livingstone, Peo.....	9,752
Jonathan P. Orr, Pro.....	2,871
G. A. Hoehn, Soc. Dem.....	1,631
Cornellus Cunningham, Soc. Lab....	1,038
Scattering.....	60
For Superintendent of Public Schools—	
Leroy B. Valliant, Dem.....	288,136
Edward Higbee, Rep.....	253,078
John D. Brown, Peo.....	9,633
Richard T. Bond, Pro.....	2,812
Joseph A. Rendall, Soc. Dem.....	1,646
Sal Kaucher, Soc. Lab.....	1,028
Scattering.....	4
For Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—	
William E. McCully, Dem.....	287,002
James H. Hillis, Peo.....	9,685
J. Fred Williams, Pro.....	2,823
Wendell S. Hathaway, Rep.....	254,495
George J. Storz, Soc. Dem.....	1,644
S. S. Andrews, Soc. Lab.....	1,066
Scattering.....	59

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Adair, Clark, Knox, Lewis, Macon, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland and Shelby.	
Alfred N. Seaber, Rep.....	15,460
James T. Lloyd, Dem.....	20,048
John M. Landon, Peo.....	732
Scattering.....	8
2. The counties of Carroll, Charlton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph and Sullivan.	
William C. Irwin, Rep.....	15,627
William W. Rucker, Dem.....	20,768
Hugh Tudor, Peo.....	499
Scattering.....	8
3. The counties of Caldwell, Clay, Clinton, DeKalb, Davless, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray and Worth.	
James E. Goodrich, Rep.....	16,440
John Dougherty, Dem.....	19,560
Ulysses A. Towns, Peo.....	809
Scattering.....	36
4. The counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway and Platte.	
Arthur W. Brewster, Rep.....	16,261
Charles F. Cochran, Dem.....	18,294
Scattering.....	7
5. The counties of Jackson and Lafayette.	
John W. Welborn, Rep.....	17,144
William S. Cowherd, Dem.....	20,487
George Wilson, Peo.....	305
William H. Stripe, Soc. Lab.....	317
6. The counties of Bates, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Henry, Johnson and St. Clair.	
Samuel W. Jurden, Rep.....	13,596
David A. DeArmond, Dem.....	16,645
S. C. Books, Peo.....	1,510
J. E. Stevenson, Pro.....	290
Scattering.....	2

7. The counties of Benton, Boone, Greene, Hickory, Howard, Pettis, Polk and Saline.

William G. Robertson, Rep.....	17,642
James Cooney, Dem.....	22,586
D. T. Mitchell, Peo.....	666
Scattering.....	8

8. The counties of Callaway, Camden, Cole, Cooper, Dallas, Laclede, Maries, Miller, Moniteau, Morgan, Osage, Phelps and Pulaski.

J. W. Vosholl, Rep.....	18,831
Richard P. Bland, Dem.....	21,674
William R. Hale, Peo.....	271
Scattering.....	25

9. The counties of Andrain, Crawford, Gasconade, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, St. Charles and Warren.

Robert Shackelford, Rep.....	14,449
Champ Clark, Dem.....	17,463
Hay Bell, Peo.....	141
Scattering.....	40

10. The counties of Franklin and St. Louis and the 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th and 13th wards and part of the 23d ward of the city of St. Louis.

Richard Bartholdt, Rep.....	19,850
Michael Gill, Dem.....	13,254
Charles E. Keefer, Soc. Dem.....	247
J. J. Ernst, Soc. Lab.....	126

11. The 4th, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 18th, 24th and 26th wards and parts of the 15th, 20th, 22d and 28th wards of the city of St. Louis.

Charles F. Joy, Rep.....	21,315
Edward A. Noonan, Dem.....	18,657
Peter Schweite, Peo.....	144
Charles F. Gebelein, Soc. Dem.....	149
John H. Rabe, Soc. Lab.....	520

12. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 17th, 19th and 21st, 25th and 27th wards and parts of the 15th, 20th, 22d, 23d and 28th wards of the city of St. Louis.

Charles E. Pearce, Rep.....	15,300
Robert H. Kern, Dem.....	12,989
D. W. Scott (colored), Rep.....	638
Louis C. Fry, Soc. Lab.....	61
L. P. Tomsen, Soc. Dem.....	100

13. The counties of Carter, Dent, Iron, Jefferson, Madison, Perry, Reynolds, Ste. Genevieve, St. Francois, Shannon, Texas, Washington, Wayne, Webster and Wright.

John H. Reppey, Rep.....	18,314
Edward Robb, Dem.....	21,601
J. B. Dines, Peo.....	702
Scattering.....	1

14. The counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cape Girardeau, Christian, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Pemiscot, Ripley, Scott, Stoddard, Stone and Taney.

George M. Miley, Rep.....	18,650
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Willard D. Vandiver, Dem.....	21,771
DeWitt Eskew, Peo.....	2,025
Scattering	3
15. The counties of Barry, Barton, Jasper, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton and Vernon.	
F. E. Williams, Rep.....	16,918
Mæccenas E. Benton, Dem.....	20,292
Scattering	79

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1897-98.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	9	58	67..	14	47	61
Democrats	25	80	105..	19	79	98
Populists	—	2	2..	—	4	4
Rep. and Peo.....	—	—	—	1	—	1
Dem. and Peo.....	—	—	—	10	10	10

MONTANA (Population 132,159).

Population.	PRESIDENT 1896			JUS. SUP. CT. 94			PRESIDENT 1892			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.
	McKinley	Bryan	Levering.	Hunt.	Luce.	Reeves.	Harrison	Cleveland	Bidwell	Weaver.
4655 Beaverhead.....	154	1246	7..	682	263	244..	729	463	20	155
..... Carbon.....	365	739	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8755 Cascade.....	959	1920	15..	1495	585	1327..	1295	1184	48	337
4741 Choteau.....	624	701	6..	786	324	97..	788	676	19	35
5308 Custer.....	723	676	5..	705	405	179..	686	537	8	26
2066 Dawson.....	385	177	3..	274	126	84..	343	268	8	63
15155 Deer Lodge.....	446	4916	8..	1428	1063	1994..	1350	2152	40	1319
3514 Fergus.....	725	834	3..	934	399	105..	766	560	21	31
..... Flathead.....	413	1360	6..	750	344	791..	—	—	—	—
6246 Gallatin.....	423	1649	36..	936	1021	277..	998	1144	82	80
..... Granite.....	61	1746	7..	546	167	549..	—	—	—	—
6026 Jefferson.....	153	2185	1..	1097	526	837..	740	730	28	447
19145 Lewis and Clarke.....	1057	4007	20..	2760	761	1827..	2014	2093	100	1073
4632 Madison.....	315	1633	10..	883	553	335..	762	634	14	151
4749 Meagher.....	333	1305	1..	608	359	337..	839	735	14	292
14427 Missoula.....	365	2259	6..	815	418	1443..	2045	2340	45	706
6881 Park.....	328	1252	11..	1163	606	443..	1192	1048	30	123
..... Ravalli.....	207	1541	5..	578	364	825..	—	—	—	—
25744 Silver Bow.....	1275	9992	29..	4112	1816	3311..	3351	2648	54	2473
..... Sweet Grass.....	292	298	1..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Teton.....	243	321	1..	456	140	125..	—	—	—	—
..... Valley.....	175	204	—	156	131	94..	—	—	—	—
2065 Yellowstone.....	429	575	5..	844	473	171..	479	369	18	23
Total.....	10494	42537	186..	22103	10714	15506..	18561	17581	549	7335
Plurality.....	—	8243	—	—	5398	—	1270	—	—	—
Per cent.....	19.71	70.91	30..	46.74	22.10	32.30..	42.74	39.69	1.01	6.54
Total vote.....	53217	—	—	48322	—	—	44315	—	—	—

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Chief Justice—Theo. Brantly, Rep....	24,476
W. I. Pemberton, Dem.....	24,319
Associate Justice—G. H. Clubb, Rep. 15,463	
W. T. Pigott, Dem.....	24,305
Clements, Peo.....	5,350

Clerk Supreme Court—

B. Webster, Rep.....	16,274
H. C. Rickerts, Dem.....	23,363
Oliver Holmes, Peo.....	8,697

On chief justice the republicans, silver republicans and populists united on Brantly.

On clerk Supreme court the silver republicans and populists united on Holmes.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

H. C. Marshall, Rep.....	14,829
A. J. Campbell, Dem.....	23,351
T. S. Hogan, Peo. and Sil. Rep.....	11,607

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	5	11	16..	11	8	19
Democrats	18	57	75..	9	44	53
Sil. Rep.....	—	2	2..	—	—	—
Populists	1	—	1..	3	16	19

NEBRASKA (Population 1,053,910).

Population.	SUP. J. 1890			Gov. 1898			PRESIDENT 1896					
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Nat.	S.L.	G.D.
	Rees.	Holcomb.	Hayward	Paynter	Muir.	Alex.	McKinley	Bryan	Levering	McNary	Match	T.P.M.
24303 Adams.....	1689	2085..	1844	1830	47	1..	1768	2466	21	28	5	56
10349 Antelope.....	861	1287..	908	1140	25	—	988	1269	29	9	—	29
2435 Banner.....	116	94..	114	85	1	—	173	150	1	—	—	2
1146 Blaine.....	76	53..	72	36	1	—	86	60	—	—	—	11
8983 Boone.....	1151	1270..	1149	1290	12	—	1099	1381	20	4	1	2
5494 Box Butte.....	445	494..	400	378	6	—	441	570	3	8	1	19
..... Boyd.....	505	751..	385	454	9	1..	500	656	8	11	4	24
4359 Brown.....	348	302..	388	275	3	1..	385	320	—	—	—	10
22162 Buffalo.....	1590	2194..	1658	1966	26	7..	1835	2424	34	22	5	48
11069 Burt.....	1534	1180..	1479	1155	16	—	1608	1249	23	16	3	31
15454 Butler.....	1300	2114..	1277	1790	19	—	1285	2262	19	32	2	8
24080 Cass.....	2629	2254..	2398	2227	36	16..	2639	2465	21	22	2	64
7028 Cedar.....	932	1511..	817	949	9	1..	1041	1515	6	6	—	16
4907 Chase.....	269	288..	223	244	8	—	244	266	2	—	—	8
6428 Cherry.....	635	641..	553	562	12	—	607	623	3	1	3	40
5993 Cheyenne.....	514	418..	391	340	1	1..	439	507	3	2	—	22
16310 Clay.....	1623	1933..	1648	1647	29	—	1691	1747	21	9	3	47
10453 Colfax.....	719	1298..	715	1069	8	1..	905	1424	6	6	3	43
12265 Cuming.....	937	1672..	1076	1455	7	—	1312	1757	4	3	—	20
21677 Custer.....	1726	2316..	1464	1830	46	3..	1484	2492	39	16	1	16
5386 Dakota.....	574	656..	508	533	11	1..	619	964	6	—	—	25
9622 Dawes.....	531	632..	606	588	11	—	832	943	7	12	—	28

Population.	Reese.	Holcomb.	Hayward	Poynter.	Mutr.	Aley.	McKinley	Bryan	Lever's	Bent's	Match't	P'm'r
10129 Dawson.....	1184	1423.	1210	1277	28	—	1128	1427	22	5	1	34
2893 Deuel.....	275	261.	251	175	4	—	301	230	—	—	—	10
8084 Dixon.....	965	1081.	872	893	16	—	964	1247	13	5	—	56
19290 Dodge.....	1869	2140.	1693	1790	25	—	2453	2082	25	14	5	112
158008 Douglas.....	9528	10392.	9644	8841	98	106.	12326	11739	101	17	63	404
4012 Dundy.....	255	283.	264	270	4	—	272	284	2	2	—	14
10022 Fillmore.....	1578	1909.	1639	1732	14	1.	1698	1737	10	18	1	63
7693 Franklin.....	833	1179.	861	980	15	—	821	1092	15	15	1	17
8497 Frontier.....	277	985.	755	785	21	—	773	1023	7	2	1	9
9840 Furnas.....	1306	1497.	1163	1238	28	—	1148	1485	15	7	1	14
36344 Gage.....	3297	2611.	3227	2304	80	8.	3053	2706	35	17	4	111
1659 Garfield.....	193	224.	161	210	4	—	148	221	1	—	—	—
4816 Gosper.....	425	596.	299	468	3	1.	419	690	2	8	—	23
458 Grant.....	106	68.	94	65	—	—	86	101	1	—	—	7
4939 Greeley.....	330	768.	311	634	—	—	396	780	1	—	—	1
16513 Hall.....	1800	1849.	1797	1535	28	12.	1917	1842	15	3	3	70
14096 Hamilton.....	1350	1628.	1332	1496	29	1.	1380	1564	16	9	3	37
8158 Harlan.....	779	1207.	784	1028	33	1.	836	1152	15	29	—	18
3953 Hayes.....	254	318.	261	226	2	—	302	284	—	—	—	20
5799 Hitchcock.....	419	504.	400	501	4	—	421	488	—	2	—	8
13672 Holt.....	1015	1489.	798	1154	58	—	876	1432	30	19	—	19
426 Hooker.....	30	26.	9	22	—	—	10	40	—	—	—	2
9490 Howard.....	717	1237.	692	1059	5	1.	633	1289	12	9	6	10
14850 Jefferson.....	1501	1494.	1699	1577	14	1.	1661	1512	16	—	1	43
10333 Johnson.....	1249	1091.	1326	1034	23	1.	1408	1245	11	30	—	33
9061 Kearney.....	843	1214.	922	1042	22	3.	955	1181	23	8	1	11
2556 Kelth.....	212	257.	166	214	1	1.	178	267	—	—	—	1
3920 Keya Paha.....	264	360.	211	272	2	—	189	297	7	5	—	10
959 Kimball.....	103	63.	83	50	3	—	97	62	3	—	—	3
8582 Knox.....	1070	1709.	1250	1559	29	1.	1043	1590	23	6	2	54
76395 Lancaster.....	5656	4596.	5932	4497	174	32.	6513	5681	88	57	15	127
10441 Lincoln.....	1221	1152.	910	909	15	—	1078	1358	19	2	—	44
1378 Logan.....	78	101.	56	69	2	—	74	127	1	—	—	1
1662 Loup.....	119	114.	93	99	—	—	116	133	—	—	—	7
13639 Madison.....	1581	1495.	1482	1508	17	1.	1367	1713	15	5	1	51
401 McPherson.....	43	34.	12	11	—	—	37	45	—	—	—	—
8758 Merrick.....	1029	1053.	967	920	34	—	979	1014	29	7	1	21
5773 Nance.....	757	854.	711	748	16	—	743	966	5	4	—	9
12490 Nemaha.....	1316	1652.	1548	1559	45	8.	1449	1929	25	4	3	13
11417 Nuckolls.....	1170	1431.	1191	1392	20	—	1137	1356	16	9	—	40
25403 Otoe.....	1976	1431.	2255	2042	34	1.	2438	2549	32	33	2	100
10340 Pawnee.....	1367	1063.	1456	1003	49	1.	1436	1164	33	13	—	24
4364 Perkins.....	152	206.	120	180	3	1.	166	234	3	1	—	5
9869 Phelps.....	1020	1259.	876	1005	16	2.	973	1186	22	18	1	16
4864 Pierce.....	663	841.	516	670	9	—	634	961	7	2	—	12
15437 Platte.....	1121	1901.	1106	1565	6	3.	1377	2191	8	16	1	58
10817 Polk.....	757	1496.	688	1256	22	1.	841	1503	14	28	2	7
8837 Red Willow.....	1012	1030.	965	804	15	—	969	1011	9	8	—	16
17574 Richardson.....	2236	2319.	2274	2232	24	—	2291	2539	23	24	1	67
3083 Rock.....	398	245.	329	223	4	1.	347	225	2	—	2	18
20087 Saline.....	1633	2005.	1838	1676	47	7.	2068	2012	13	30	1	60
6875 Sarpy.....	590	989.	645	961	23	4.	674	1188	18	5	—	34
21577 Saunders.....	1635	2567.	1778	2309	32	2.	2121	2718	25	15	5	58
1888 Scott's Bluff.....	267	220.	236	225	10	—	230	244	2	3	—	—
16140 Seward.....	1559	1786.	1511	1633	22	—	1688	1874	12	9	—	53
9687 Sheridan.....	431	747.	387	549	9	2.	536	890	15	5	—	24
6399 Sherman.....	396	712.	424	609	5	12.	432	800	8	4	12	7
2452 Sioux.....	111	250.	108	197	1	—	155	306	1	1	—	4
4619 Stanton.....	613	799.	605	703	10	—	658	831	10	2	—	32
12738 Thayer.....	1554	1575.	1491	1423	26	—	1556	1363	11	13	—	48
517 Thomas.....	50	75.	35	55	1	—	33	80	—	—	—	2
3176 Thurston.....	467	739.	490	429	4	—	508	717	1	4	1	—
7092 Valley.....	713	895.	720	836	10	—	692	890	6	1	1	23
11809 Washington.....	1309	1327.	1300	1228	16	—	1597	1459	11	7	—	58
6169 Wayne.....	923	911.	828	747	6	1.	995	1108	4	2	1	3
11210 Webster.....	1118	1300.	1185	1195	23	1.	1137	1346	17	8	—	36
1683 Wheeler.....	88	155.	76	137	1	—	97	170	2	2	—	4
17279 York.....	1953	1889.	1836	1745	37	—	1919	1800	24	15	1	25
Total.....	94213	106320.	92982	95703	1724	248.	103064	115060	1243	797	183	2385
Plurality.....	15107.	—	—	—	—	—	2721	2365	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	46.29	53.71.	48.77	50.19	.90	13.	45.97	51.75	.56	.35	.03	1.29
Scattering.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total vote.....	203533	—	190657	—	—	—	—	224171	—	—	—	—

VOTE FOR REGENTS STATE UNIVERSITY, 1899.

E. G. McGilton, Rep.....	16,960
William B. Ely, Rep.....	14,406
Edson Rich, Fus.....	—
J. L. Teeter, Fus.....	—
Charles E. Smith, Pro.....	—
Albert Fitch, Pro.....	—

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Cass, Johnson, Lancaster, Otoe, Pawnee, Richardson and Nemaha.....	—
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E. J. Burkett, Rep.....16,960
James Manahan, Fus.....14,406

2. Counties of Douglas, Sarpy and Washington.

David Mercer, Rep.....11,951

G. M. Hitchcock, Fus.....10,723

3. Counties of Antelope, Boone, Burt, Cedar, Colfax, Cuming, Dakota, Dixon, Dodge, Madison, Merrick, Nance, Pierce, Platte, Stanton, Thurston and Wayne.

W. F. Norris, Rep.....	17,333
John Robinson, Fus.....	18,722
4. Counties of Gage, Butler, Fillmore, Hamilton, Jefferson, Polk, Salline, Saunders, Seward, Thayer and York.	
E. J. Hinshaw, Rep.....	18,377
W. L. Stark, Fus.....	18,904
5. Counties of Adams, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hull, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Kearney, Nuckolls, Perkins, Phelps, Red Willow and Webster.	
C. E. Adams, Rep.....	15,487
R. D. Sutherland, Fus.....	16,355
6. Counties of Arthur, Banner, Blaine, Box	

Butte, Brown, Buffalo, Cheyenne, Cherry,
Custer, Dawes, Dawson, Deuel, Garfield,
Greeley, Holt, Hooper, Howard, Keya Paha,
Keith, Kimball, Lincoln, Logan, Loup, Mc-
Pherson, Rock, Scott's Bluff, Sheridan, Sher-
man, Sioux, Thomas, Valley and Wheeler.

Norris Brown, Rep.....	13,401
W. L. Greene, Fus.....	15,415

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-1900.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans ..	13	55	73..	8	31	39
Democrats	6	10	16..	1	6	7
People's	9	35	44..	7	23	30
Fusionists	—	—	—	17	40	57

NEVADA (Population 45,761).

COUNTIES.				GOV. 1898				PRES. 1896				GOV. 1894				PRES. 1892			
(15)				Rep.	Dem.	Sil.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Sil.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Sil.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Sil.	Pro.
Population	McMillan	Russ	Isador	McClary	McKinley	Bryan	Bryan	Cleveland	Winters	Jones	Peckham	Harrison	Cleveland	Blair	Willie	W. V.			
708 Churchill.....	95	53	38	7..	47	153	3..	70	8	94	13..	57	4	1	1	129			
1551 Douglas.....	209	60	142	20..	175	180	85..	233	4	147	17..	196	36	6	1	157			
4794 Elko.....	324	421	469	65..	127	942	69..	241	69	765	51..	218	49	6	1	892			
2148 Esmeralda.....	158	65	191	21..	69	384	13..	125	23	289	6..	84	19	2	1	394			
3275 Eureka.....	134	75	336	20..	22	533	20..	135	8	450	20..	43	10	9	1	706			
2434 Humboldt.....	284	272	349	47..	98	715	34..	210	38	736	86..	54	27	5	1	714			
2266 Lander.....	85	182	199	15..	36	479	15..	131	68	219	31..	52	30	5	1	437			
2466 Lincoln.....	111	297	259	36..	30	813	35..	216	23	225	107..	99	26	2	1	413			
1987 Lyon.....	301	93	199	18..	113	450	32..	233	17	387	23..	152	36	4	1	408			
1290 Nye.....	31	40	147	15..	12	215	13..	39	11	160	14..	14	7	2	1	238			
4883 Ormsby.....	370	61	305	16..	254	550	16..	433	23	405	8..	177	31	8	1	406			
348 Roop.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8806 Storey.....	596	148	346	29..	372	1075	74..	744	215	676	59..	819	196	7	1	1189			
6089 Washoe.....	705	191	286	507..	513	1010	158..	818	171	499	271..	530	235	29	1	834			
1721 White Pine.....	145	102	184	17..	40	303	8..	233	—	171	5..	71	8	3	1	352			
Total.....	3548	2060	3570	833..	1938	7802	575..	3861	678	5223	711..	2811	714	89	1	7264			
Plurality.....	22	—	—	—	6439	—	—	1902	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4453			
Per cent.....	35.44	20.57	35.66	83..	18.79	75.64	5.57..	36.91	6.46	49.75	6.88..	25.40	6.48	—	—	65.77			
Total vote.....	10011	—	—	—	10615	—	—	10873	—	—	—	10878	—	—	—	—			

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—J. W. Ferguson, Rep.....	3,198
W. C. Grimes, Dem.....	2,038
J. R. Judge, Sil.....	3,663
W. H. Coffey, Pro.....	773
Justice of Supreme Court—	
C. H. Belknap, Sil. and Dem.....	6,898
M. Z. Price, Pro.....	2,074
Secretary of State—	
F. L. Littell, Rep.....	3,158
J. Webber, Dem.....	2,215
E. Howell, Sil.....	4,318
State Comptroller—	
George F. Turrittin, Rep.....	2,489
George M. Humphrey, Dem.....	2,055
Sam P. Davis, Sil.....	2,918
Harry P. Beck, Pro.....	644
C. A. LaGrace, Ind.....	1,575
State Treasurer—	
Frank J. Button, Rep.....	3,415
D. M. Ryan, Sil.....	4,731
William G. Thompson, Dem.....	1,498
Surveyor-General—	
Allen C. Bragg, Rep.....	2,434
T. K. Stewart, Dem.....	1,887
E. D. Kelley, Sil.....	3,610
A. C. Pratt, Pro.....	1,743
Atty.-Gen.—M. A. Murphy, Rep.....	3,745
W. D. Jones, Sil.....	4,407

Alfred Chartz, Pro.....	1,403
Superintendent of State Printing—	
Joseph E. Eckley, Rep.....	3,130
James Morris, Dem.....	1,888
A. Maute, Sil.....	3,621
H. H. Hogan, Pro.....	932
Superintendent of Public Instruction—	
Orvis Ring, Rep.....	5,346
H. C. Cutting, Sil.....	4,148
Regent State University (Long Term)—	
W. W. Booher, Dem.....	1,852
Roswell K. Colcord, Rep.....	2,997
W. E. F. Deal, Sil.....	3,892
George E. Peckham, Pro.....	713
Regent State University (Short Term)—	
Gotht Halst, Dem.....	1,942
James W. O'Brien, Rep.....	3,188
H. S. Starrett, Sil.....	4,217

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

Francis G. Newlands, Sil. and Dem.....	5,796
Thomas Wren, Pro.....	3,111

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.			1896-97.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans ..	4	10	14..	4	2	6
Democrats	1	—	1..	1	1	2
Silver	9	17	26..	9	26	35
Independents .	1	3	4..	1	1	2

NEW HAMPSHIRE (Population 376,530).

COUNTIES.				GOV. 1898				PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1894			
(10)				Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pop.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pop.
Population	Rollins	Stone	Stevens	McKinley	Bryan	Bryan	Bryan	McKinley	Bryan	Bryan	Bryan	McKinley	Bryan	Bryan	Bryan
26321 Belknap.....	2224	2526	90..	3465	1964	14	58	4	—	2538	—	2722	1940	11	181
18124 Carroll.....	2341	1819	86..	2800	1206	8	57	3	1	1755	—	2373	2044	9	90
29579 Cheshire.....	3475	1963	103..	4818	1243	29	45	2	5	2311	—	3652	2012	89	123
23211 Coos.....	2696	2478	66..	3253	1496	23	35	—	2	1495	—	2909	2502	20	67
37217 Grafton.....	4881	3541	143..	6199	2257	49	109	17	2	4591	—	4980	3711	50	239
93247 Hillsborough.....	9574	8853	257..	13080	4877	88	144	11	176	917..	10149	7173	334	319	
49435 Merrimack.....	6405	5474	271..	7715	3262	48	155	4	3	562..	6351	5101	83	335	

Population.	Rollins.	Stone.	Sterens.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	L'vring.	Bentley.	Matchett.	Palmer.	Bussel.	Kent.	Eppe.	Knowles.
49350 Rockingham.....	6619	4288	173..	7881	2918	74	87	4	15	390..	6507	4916	165	192
38442 Strafford.....	4489	3248	94..	5483	2234	25	62	2	16	173..	4547	3016	112	106
17304 Sullivan.....	2046	1358	50..	2750	844	21	27	2	4	201..	2301	1544	9	88
Total.....	44730	35653	1333..	57444	21271	379	779	49	223	3520..	46191	33959	832	1750
Plurality.....	9077			35794							12232			
Per cent.....	51.26	43.25	1.61..	63.65	25.42	.40	.93	.05	.27	4.20..	55.90	40.89	1.00	2.10
Scattering.....	717											83932		
Total vote.....	82438													

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Belknap, Carroll, Rockingham, Strafford, Hillsborough (part) and Merrimack (part).

C. A. Sulloway, Rep.....	21,373
E. J. Knowlton, Dem.....	18,518
Vail, Pro.....	550
Mellen, Pro.....	184
Arnstein, Soc. Dem.....	309
Scattering.....	32

2. The counties of Cheshire, Coos, Grafton, Sullivan, Hillsborough (part) and Merrimack (part).

F. G. Clarke, Rep.....	22,895
W. G. Daniell, Dem.....	17,266
Berry, Pro.....	580
Blodgett, Pro.....	56
Southwick, Soc. Dem.....	74

LEGISLATURE.

1899-1900.

1897-98.

Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.

Republicans.....	22	249	271..	22	291	313
Democrats.....	2	149	151..	2	66	68

NEW JERSEY (Population 1,444,933).

Population.	GOVERNOR 1898					PRESIDENT 1896					GOVERNOR 1895				
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.L.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	G.D.	Pro.	S.L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.	Pro.
28836 Atlantic.....	4107	2890	265	14	24..	5005	2233	119	200	19..	3852	2482	218	68	
47226 Bergen.....	6364	6335	85	165	21..	8545	4531	451	113	126..	6083	5531	119	24	
58528 Burlington.....	6819	5437	389	17	51..	9371	4510	405	306	19..	7312	5105	367	125	
87687 Camden.....	10912	6807	539	124	27..	16395	6380	280	390	97..	12785	6086	474	87	
11278 Cape May.....	1726	1166	160	8	5..	2136	929	50	135	12..	1599	1059	134	14	
45438 Cumberland.....	5443	3766	586	26	22..	7018	3877	78	487	23..	5816	3235	493	484	
25908 Essex.....	32282	27575	647	1207	38..	42587	20509	1004	540	885..	23697	22621	747	228	
28649 Gloucester.....	3772	2958	256	4	5..	4727	2981	77	216	8..	4065	2949	225	46	
275126 Hudson.....	22134	33023	294	1736	26..	33626	28133	927	307	1140..	20943	26847	353	45	
35355 Hunterdon.....	3182	4856	359	17	19..	4264	4992	93	289	8..	3448	4137	443	94	
79978 Mercer.....	10028	8711	491	111	66..	13847	5970	430	400	71..	11190	7878	507	115	
61754 Middlesex.....	6949	7647	147	152	32..	9304	5756	350	149	64..	7241	6487	160	36	
69128 Monmouth.....	8108	9133	364	23	19..	10611	7799	474	294	19..	8197	7836	340	51	
54101 Morris.....	6526	5791	527	56	32..	8190	4938	331	468	23..	6063	4351	465	222	
15974 Ocean.....	2753	1319	117	6	3..	3384	1066	80	123	7..	2652	1223	136	24	
105046 Passaic.....	11147	10418	262	1161	18..	15437	9280	357	253	940..	11613	8569	316	31	
25151 Salem.....	3109	2927	278	9	17..	3717	2802	67	247	3..	3331	2845	212	29	
28311 Somerset.....	3529	3182	171	12	12..	4388	2608	159	126	10..	3458	2828	164	26	
22259 Sussex.....	2452	3165	191	11	18..	3045	2975	49	123	11..	2668	2659	155	39	
72467 Union.....	9272	7063	265	516	27..	11707	6073	529	224	477..	8401	6887	293	46	
36553 Warren.....	2857	4393	499	23	9..	4063	5013	62	344	15..	3375	4023	500	69	
Total.....	164051	158552	6393	5458	491..	221867	133675	6373	5614	3935..	162900	133000	6661	1901	
Plurality.....	5499					87632					28000				
Per cent.....	48.92	47.26	2.06	1.63	12..	59.66	36.03	1.72	1.51	1.07..	52.2	43.5	2.2	.6	
Total vote.....	338445					371014					311615				

In 1895, Kelin, S.L., for governor, received 4,147 votes.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem.

Henry C. Loudenslager, Rep.....	23,864
Samuel Iredell, Dem.....	18,092
George J. Haven, Pro.....	1,859
Frank L. Mills, Soc. Lab.....	164

2. Counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer and Ocean.

John J. Gardner, Rep.....	24,035
John F. Hall, Dem.....	17,367
Joseph J. Currie, Pro.....	1,294
John P. Weigel, Soc. Lab.....	153

3. Counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Somerset.

Benjamin Howell, Rep.....	19,412
Patrick Convery, Dem.....	18,683
Orpheus B. Bird, Pro.....	646
Ferd W. Williams, Soc. Lab.....	183

4. Counties of Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex and Warren.

John I. Blair, Rep.....	15,207
Joshua S. Salmon, Dem.....	17,866
Franklin P. Defferts, Pro.....	1,571
Frank Campbell, Soc. Lab.....	70

5. Counties of Berger and Passaic.

James F. Stewart, Rep.....	18,367
Francis J. Marley, Dem.....	16,342
Charles H. Stocking, Pro.....	354
Louis A. Magnet, Soc. Lab.....	1,276

6. Part of Essex county.

Richard Wayne Parker, Rep.....	23,843
Henry G. Atwater, Dem.....	20,159
Daniel B. Raub, Pro.....	395
Henry Carless, Soc. Lab.....	1,035

7. Part of Hudson county.

Zebina K. Pangborn, Rep.....	20,162
William D. Daly, Dem.....	30,270
Joel W. Brown, Pro.....	258
George P. Herschaft, Soc. Lab.....	1,723

8. County of Union and part of Essex and Hudson counties.

Charles N. Fowler, Rep.....	20,236
Edward H. Snyder, Dem.....	15,878
Joseph C. Davis, Pro.....	561
William J. Campbell, Soc. Lab.....	746

LEGISLATURE.

1900.

1899.

Sen. Ho. J. P. Sen. Ho. J. P.

Republicans.....	14	44	58..	14	37	51
Democrats.....	7	16	23..	7	23	30

NEW MEXICO (Population 153,593).

COUNTIES. (18)	—DEL. '98—		—DELEGATE 1896—		—DEL. 1894—			
	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	
Population.	Peru.	Ferguson.	Ferguson.	Cartron.	Sill.	Calvin.	Joseph.	Miller.
20913 Bernalillo.....	2550	2114..	2049	2639	23..	2909	1249	210
..... Chaves.....	146	417..	418	101	19..	135	469	5
7974 Colfax.....	727	1181..	1272	660	6..	351	704	160
9191 Dona Ana.....	1286	1154..	1258	1045	—	1189	1234	65
..... Eddy.....	126	321..	412	120	—	249	420	43
9537 Grant.....	698	1215..	1407	455	1..	723	743	299
..... Guadalupe.....	598	397..	502	460	—	407	461	—
17081 Lincoln.....	536	610..	769	464	—	520	355	213
10618 Mora.....	1147	1114..	1112	1112	—	1014	1092	18
1534 Rio Arriba.....	1684	1084..	1284	1492	—	1320	1364	8
1890 San Juan.....	182	450..	445	125	—	165	225	233
21204 San Miguel.....	2402	2193..	2334	2332	4..	2129	2123	105
13562 Santa Fe.....	1673	1239..	1641	1584	12..	1517	1485	135
9940 Sierra.....	317	495..	677	183	—	453	234	280
9868 Socorro.....	1407	1150..	1445	1205	—	1530	861	53
..... Taos.....	1049	908..	1198	1015	—	237	1059	7
..... Union.....	535	512..	524	375	—	398	487	1
13876 Valencia.....	1689	45..	205	1615	1..	1590	271	—
Total.....	18722	16659..	18947	17017	66..	18113	15351	1335
Plurality.....	2063	..	1930	..	..	2752	..	..
Per cent.....	52.91	47.08..	52.63	47.16	18..	51.30	44.76	3.77
Scattering.....	..	..	..	..	..	1368	..	..
Total vote.....	35381	..	36030	..	..	35301	..	..

LEGISLATURE, 1899.

	Council.	House.	J.B.
Republicans	10	20	30
Democrats	2	4	6

LEGISLATURE, 1898.

	Council.	House.	J.B.
Republicans	6	12	18
Democrats	6	12	18

NEW YORK (Population 5,997,853).

COUNTIES. (60)	—GOVERNOR 1898—				—JUDGE CT. APLS 1897—				—PRESIDENT 1896—				
	Rep.	Dem.	S.-L.	Pro.	C. U'n	Rep.	Dem.	Soc.	Pro.	Rep.	Fus.	G.D. Pro.	
	Roosevelt.	Van Wyck.	Hanford.	Kilroe.	Bacon.	Wallace.	Parker.	Cune.	Baldwin.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	
Population.													
16455 Albany.....	19307	20232	285	196	62..	17391	16765	279	224..	22263	17818	359	207
43240 Allegany.....	6129	2353	28	599	5..	4686	2979	59	573..	7079	3585	83	447
62573 Broome.....	9238	5627	40	514	70..	6829	5071	17	603..	10630	5641	128	446
68966 Cattaraugus.....	5335	6555	57	416	17..	6132	5164	40	372..	9337	6089	90	562
65302 Cayuga.....	8792	5568	103	246	66..	6345	3294	37	324..	10024	5846	143	287
75202 Chautauqua.....	12014	5294	65	500	20..	6495	3169	49	510..	14325	6581	135	449
48265 Chemung.....	5906	6008	55	475	7..	5431	4687	50	485..	7026	5259	92	230
37776 Chenango.....	5779	9556	56	271	14..	4363	2491	29	333..	6339	3973	104	237
46437 Clinton.....	4824	4900	21	97	12..	3750	3782	18	84..	6005	3074	54	44
46172 Columbia.....	5446	5159	19	143	5..	4898	3589	9	133..	6654	4373	177	175
29657 Cortland.....	4200	2466	18	284	9..	3069	2631	1	322..	4939	2574	55	222
45496 Delaware.....	6515	4029	24	370	25..	4828	3236	18	373..	7730	4450	94	272
77879 Dutchess.....	10627	7939	53	343	15..	8790	6202	66	519..	12127	6634	244	337
32281 Erie.....	34159	36441	1493	505	65..	34755	34910	808	632..	45612	30172	1124	463
39052 Essex.....	4355	2273	19	80	10..	2715	1563	10	45..	5356	1760	56	38
39110 Franklin.....	5267	2474	16	179	8..	2321	1092	14	154..	6118	2490	64	143
37650 Fulton.....	6044	4492	193	395	8..	4921	3182	151	397..	7704	3849	127	390
4762 Hamilton.....	4680	2716	25	229	6..	2548	1195	14	200..	5190	3004	55	181
35285 Genesee.....	4063	4019	48	147	5..	3507	3711	21	132..	4540	3688	88	158
31568 Greene.....	6705	5527	61	263	25..	5548	5153	33	276..	8066	5027	151	261
45008 Herkimer.....	10222	6931	45	510	14..	6576	4426	25	493..	11411	6644	176	507
68806 Jefferson.....	83146	101526	4445	384	275..	55563	96124	3964	732..	109135	76882	3715	463
28360 Lewis.....	3904	2892	6	81	3..	2890	1891	3	109..	4466	3042	51	88
37801 Livingston.....	5180	2351	20	277	10..	3569	2613	12	259..	5461	4101	73	257
42802 Madison.....	6141	3490	70	320	13..	3995	2000	53	340..	7583	3580	106	268
189586 Monroe.....	20748	19983	970	714	93..	18183	15536	520	455..	26288	17158	395	511
45039 Montgomery.....	6299	5491	74	180	9..	5504	4220	30	294..	7082	4759	141	111
..... Nassau.....	5415	4153	28	51	7..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1515301 New York.....	112806	173476	10091	485	765..	71386	162825	10564	854..	156580	135624	5541	683
62491 Niagara.....	7092	7074	61	545	18..	4805	4723	47	270..	8826	4441	143	267
122222 Onondaga.....	15449	14077	280	574	44..	13566	9938	243	804..	18855	11008	468	520
146247 Oswego.....	19785	13598	2360	510	17..	16851	15851	951	487..	25032	13935	206	405
44543 Ontario.....	6573	4781	29	269	17..	5130	3447	24	382..	7506	5485	126	206
97359 Orange.....	11911	9698	135	332	18..	10601	8637	223	373..	14086	8971	249	504
30803 Orleans.....	4232	2821	12	315	5..	2026	1467	12	286..	4664	2993	33	213
71883 Oswego.....	10184	6340	31	395	15..	7603	4548	16	319..	11411	6401	95	258
50861 Putnam.....	6870	5800	40	348	20..	5308	3945	54	389..	8161	5820	166	321
14849 Putnam.....	1901	1651	7	36	8..	1707	916	2	68..	2394	1027	53	42
128059 Queens.....	9715	13049	953	43	36..	11503	14718	1045	236..	18694	11860	633	132
124511 Rensselaer.....	14089	14633	122	388	22..	13409	12422	170	349..	17221	13119	298	274
51693 Richmond.....	4577	6723	216	113	24..	3599	5972	165	173..	6170	4452	233	145
85162 Rockland.....	5382	3374	23	82	8..	3023	3353	19	76..	4536	3002	156	109
85048 St. Lawrence.....	12587	4969	65	468	11..	6838	1975	47	395..	15287	5749	123	377

Population.	Roosevelt.	Van Wyck.	Hanford.	Kline.	Bacon.	Wallace.	Parker.	Cuno.	Baldwin.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levering.
57683 Saratoga.....	8176	5899	62	395	17..	6006	4494	24	322..	9638	4987	157	362
29737 Schenectady..	4617	4041	213	138	7..	3614	3527	78	89..	4903	3711	103	115
29164 Schoharie.....	3567	4310	10	131	2..	3217	3527	6	146..	3838	4208	54	135
16711 Schuylcr.....	2343	1622	7	193	—	1985	1248	7	132..	2692	1619	37	146
28227 Seneca.....	3450	3434	13	90	7..	3010	2738	12	90..	3853	3213	54	175
81473 Steuben.....	10639	7536	114	888	16..	7919	5489	40	801..	12858	7971	118	557
62491 Suffolk.....	7928	5442	48	440	11..	5380	3296	74	558..	9388	3872	367	409
31061 Sullivan.....	3900	3325	22	96	2..	3474	3008	9	79..	4589	3073	86	106
29335 Tioga.....	4100	3325	15	265	2..	3133	1670	15	269..	4849	2824	40	224
32923 Tompkins.....	4516	3094	20	441	25..	3321	2044	14	397..	5342	3506	103	240
87052 Ulster.....	10678	9174	36	222	8..	7903	9350	31	247..	11100	8140	143	316
27896 Warren.....	4083	2950	38	137	9..	3520	2400	13	150..	4655	2269	69	122
45930 Washington....	7117	3400	27	409	14..	4138	1689	7	278..	8139	3239	133	230
49729 Wayne.....	6919	4280	16	311	16..	4805	2574	10	228..	8039	4254	77	220
14672 Westchester....	16653	15010	637	254	54..	13371	12907	558	624..	19337	11752	643	314
31193 Wyoming.....	4522	2794	14	268	4..	2845	1255	11	226..	4967	2706	67	239
21001 Yates.....	3189	1785	16	193	8..	2484	1861	22	153..	3370	2086	30	141
Total.....	661707	643921	23860	18833	2103..	493791	554680	20854	19653..	819838	551369	18950	16052
Plurality.....	17786						60889		288409				
Percent.....	49.02	47.70	1.77	1.36	.15..	45.34	50.93	1.91	1.80..	57.53	38.76	1.34	1.13
Total vote.....		*1349974					*1088978				*1423876		

*Not including blank, defective and scattering votes.

†Not including 122,080 blank, defective and scattering.

In 1896 Smith, Pro., received 17,449 votes for governor.

Matchett, the Socialistic-Labor candidate for president in 1896, received 17,667 votes.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Suffolk and Queens.	
J. M. Belford, Rep.....	22,456
Townsend B. Scudder, Dem.....	22,867
C. W. McCullough, Soc. L.....	30
H. M. Randall, Pro.....	142
2. City of Brooklyn (1st, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th, 11th and 20th wards).	
D. M. Hnrley, Rep.....	14,323
John J. Fitzgerald, Dem.....	18,431
Peter Lassen, Soc. L.....	240
William Passage, Pro.....	109
3. City of Brooklyn (3d, 4th, 10th, 22d and 23d wards, and the town of Flatbush).	
W. A. Prendergast, Rep.....	19,872
Edward Driggs, Dem.....	20,952
Joel Gauss, Soc. L.....	386
Asa F. Smith, Pro.....	122
4. City of Brooklyn (12th, 8th, 24th, 25th and 26th wards, and New Utrecht, Gravesend and Flatlands).	
Israel F. Fisher, Rep.....	20,891
Bertram F. Clayton, Dem.....	24,583
Joseph B. Cooper, Soc. L.....	522
Benjamin Larzere, Pro.....	99
H. L. Goulden, Chic. Dem.....	40
5. City of Brooklyn (18th, 19th, 21st, 27th and 28th wards).	
Charles G. Bennett, Rep.....	16,669
Frank E. Wilson, Dem.....	19,579
Gustav Rosenblatt, Soc. L.....	1,156
Horatio Berry, Pro.....	41
6. City of Brooklyn (13th, 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th wards).	
Henry C. Fischer, Rep.....	11,899
Mitchell May, Dem.....	16,213
William Spooner, Soc. L.....	1,030
Isaac Carhart, Pro.....	77
Frederick W. Jobelman, Chic. Dem.....	71
7. City of New York (1st and 5th assembly districts) and county of Richmond (Staten Island).	
Charles W. Townsend, Rep.....	6,637
Nicholas Muller, Dem.....	14,100
John Loos, Soc. L.....	303
W. P. F. Ferguson, Pro.....	167
8. City of New York (2d, 3d and 7th assembly districts).	
John M. Mitchell, Rep.....	7,336

D. J. Riordan, Dem.....	10,691
J. M. Nagel, Soc. L.....	160
M. W. Palmer, Pro.....	33
Ellas Schwartz, Chic. Dem.....	22
9. City of New York (4th, 6th and 8th assembly districts).	
John Stiebling, Rep.....	6,439
Thomas J. Bradley, Dem.....	11,659
Lucius Sanial, Soc. L.....	2,396
E. E. Mayer, Pro.....	25
10. City of New York (9th, 13th and 15th assembly districts).	
Ellas M. Fisher, Rep.....	10,598
Amos J. Cummings, Dem.....	18,797
Thomas Ceely, Soc. L.....	457
George Gethler, Pro.....	85
11. City of New York (10th, 12th and 14th assembly districts).	
William Valkel, Rep.....	6,168
William Sulzer, Dem.....	14,323
Howard Balkaw, Soc. L.....	2,310
George M. Mayer, Pro.....	27
12. City of New York (11th, 16th and 18th assembly districts).	
Howard Conkling, Rep.....	7,687
George B. McClellan, Dem.....	15,008
Dan Hosman, Soc. L.....	509
W. C. Sheldom, Pro.....	35
Robert Knapp, Chic. Dem.....	57
13. City of New York (17th and 20th and part of the 21st assembly district).	
James W. Perry, Rep.....	11,361
Jefferson M. Levy, Dem.....	17,936
John Flicke, Soc. L.....	642
John McKee, Pro.....	58
14. City of New York (19th and part of the 21st and 22d assembly districts).	
L. E. Quigg, Rep.....	25,083
W. A. Chanler, Dem.....	31,399
Emile Nepfel, Soc. L.....	1,307
Albert Wadhams, Pro.....	104
15. City of New York (23d and part of the 21st and 22d assembly districts).	
Philip Low, Rep.....	20,421
Jacob Ruppert, Dem.....	31,187
William Ebert, Soc. L.....	1,922
Jeremiah Brooks, Pro.....	83
16. City of New York (24th assembly district) and Westchester county.	

J. I. Burns, Rep.	25,389
John Q. Underhill, Dem.	32,733
John J. Kinneally, Soc. L.	1,620
C. F. Jewell, Pro.	424
W. A. Cox, Chic. Dem.	56
17. Counties of Rockland, Orange and Sullivan.	
Arthur S. Tompkins, Rep.	19,140
L. D. Robinson, Dem.	15,506
S. P. Felter, Soc. L.	143
J. C. Rider, Pro.	549
18. Counties of Putnam, Dutchess and Ulster.	
John H. Kitcham, Rep.	23,228
T. E. Benedict, Dem.	18,339
L. Howard, Soc. L.	641
19. Counties of Columbia and Rensselaer.	
Aaron V. S. Cochrane, Rep.	19,560
John H. Livingston, Dem.	19,557
L. L. Board, Soc. L.	210
A. T. Myers, Pro.	517
20. County of Albany.	
George W. Southwick, Rep.	19,345
Martin H. Glynn, Dem.	19,944
James C. Alexander, Soc. L.	265
O. K. Blodgett, Pro.	187
21. Counties of Greene, Schoharie, Otsego, Montgomery and Schenectady.	
John K. Stewart, Rep.	25,527
Stephen L. Mayhew, Dem.	23,287
Arthur Playford, Soc. L.	340
S. C. Niles, Pro.	814
22. Counties of Fulton, Hamilton, Saratoga and T. Lawrence.	
L. N. Littauer, Rep.	27,077
D. B. Lucey, Dem.	17,444
N. E. Wilcox, Soc. L.	276
W. E. Whitney, Pro.	883
23. Counties of Clinton, Franklin, Essex, Warren and Washington.	
L. W. Emerson, Rep.	25,660
J. E. Hoag, Dem.	993
24. Counties of Oswego, Jefferson and Lewis.	
Charles A. Chickering, Rep.	23,954
E. T. Strickland, Dem.	15,721
E. M. Crabb, —	1,034
25. Counties of Oneida and Herkimer.	
James S. Sherman, Rep.	22,300

Walter Ballou, Dem.	19,120
T. C. Beckwith, Pro.	858
26. Counties of Delaware, Chenango, Broome, Tlaga and Tompkins.	
George W. Ray, Rep.	29,957
E. E. Pease, Dem.	19,777
Isaac C. Andrews, Pro.	1,992
27. Counties of Onondaga and Madison.	
M. E. Driscoll, Rep.	25,975
George M. Gilbert, Dem.	14,149
Thomas Crimmins, —	2,365
Charles M. Tower, —	582
John McCarthy, —	2,201
28. Counties of Cayuga, Cortland, Ontario, Wayne and Yates.	
Sereno E. Payne, Rep.	29,529
J. H. Young, Dem.	18,827
J. W. Barrow, Pro.	1,375
29. Counties of Chemung, Schuyler, Seneca and Steuben.	
C. W. Gillet, Rep.	22,341
Alert L. Childs, Dem.	18,295
C. Decker, Pro.	1,536
30. Counties of Genesee, Livingston, Niagara, Orleans and Wyoming.	
James W. Wadsworth, Rep.	25,795
James T. Gordon, Dem.	18,906
Alvah Carpenter, Pro.	1,310
31. County of Monroe.	
James M. E. O'Grady, Rep.	20,669
John A. Fanning, Dem.	17,218
F. A. Sieverman, —	1,165
B. S. Roberts, —	895
32. County of Erie (part).	
R. B. Mahany, Rep.	14,847
William H. Ryan, Dem.	15,502
33. County of Erie (part).	
D. S. Alexander, Rep.	22,799
H. W. Richardson, Dem.	17,018
34. Counties of Allegany, Cattaraugus and Chautauqua.	
Warren B. Hooker, Rep.	25,828
W. J. Sanbury, Dem.	13,652
Andrew J. Fruman, —	1,654

LEGISLATURE.

	Sen.	Ho. J. B.	Sen.	Ho. J. B.
1900.			1899.	
Republicans...	27	93	120.	27
Democrats...	23	57	80.	21
Undecided....	—	—	2	3

NORTH CAROLINA (Population 1,617,947).

COUNTIES. (96)	POPULATION.	SUPR. CT. 98	FUS. EVES.	DEM.	HO.	SEN.	PRO.	NAT. G. D. REP.	CH'F JUS. '94	DEM.
18271 Alamance	2239	2616	2314	2302	10	38	2.	2006	1760	
9430 Alexander	811	892	620	1119	1	—	2.	895	633	
6523 Alleghany	584	853	605	737	1	—	—	460	640	
20427 Anson	1403	1873	1000	2322	—	—	—	1092	1434	
15628 Ashe	1815	1704	1761	1517	—	—	—	1677	1412	
21072 Beaufort	2291	2652	2207	2513	7	4	2.	1855	1841	
19176 Bertie	2013	1732	2155	1711	—	2	8.	1317	1456	
16763 Bladen	1428	1676	1256	1695	—	—	3.	1586	1094	
10600 Brunswick	1210	1193	878	1279	—	—	1.	750	508	
35266 Buncombe	3848	4438	4611	4098	2	6	16.	3542	3589	
14639 Burke	1324	1474	1385	1550	12	—	21.	1518	1426	
18142 Cabarrus	1307	1949	996	2250	18	1	36.	1495	1307	
12298 Caldwell	797	1190	967	1428	59	—	11.	1038	1121	
5967 Camden	555	606	588	554	—	—	—	555	520	
10825 Carteret	1053	1300	943	1308	—	—	—	1087	922	
16028 Caswell	1637	1445	1701	1372	—	—	1.	1799	849	
18689 Catawba	1514	1988	1004	2649	20	2	7.	1930	1627	
25413 Chatham	2112	2052	1490	2892	3	10	—	2638	1520	
9676 Cherokee	969	972	987	770	—	—	2.	829	723	
9167 Chowan	1174	994	1146	791	—	—	—	865	686	
4197 Clay	365	437	299	476	—	—	—	341	364	
20394 Cleveland	1530	2455	1216	2664	5	—	39.	1721	1676	
17856 Columbus	1531	2116	1161	1908	—	—	18.	1404	1224	
20533 Craven	2885	2076	2921	1810	6	4	12.	1948	1080	

Population.	Evans.	Hoke.	McKinley.	Bryan.	L'v'ring.	Bentley.	Palmer.	Faircloth.	Shepherd.
27321 Cumberland.....	2235	2405..	2200	2509	30	2	4..	2298	2139
6747 Currituck.....	497	963..	472	922	—	—	1..	180	681
3768 Dare.....	457	499..	471	408	—	—	—	303	—
21702 Davidson.....	2692	2400..	2375	2072	24	5	5..	2480	1826
11621 Davie.....	1097	915..	1306	894	2	—	2..	1294	701
18890 Duplin.....	1839	2109..	1147	2409	1	—	1..	1909	1457
18941 Durham.....	1835	2534..	1924	2435	—	48	4..	2107	1637
24113 Edgecombe.....	2498	2891..	2568	2062	—	—	9..	1666	1976
28434 Forsyth.....	3324	3009..	3888	2778	30	3	18..	2830	2465
21020 Franklin.....	2409	2638..	1834	3217	1	1	—	2158	2601
17764 Gaston.....	1731	2348..	1625	2069	29	1	3..	1418	1336
10252 Gates.....	778	1103..	759	1086	—	—	—	897	833
3313 Graham.....	379	370..	317	353	—	—	—	270	390
24484 Granville.....	2279	2236..	2175	2269	—	—	14..	2229	1616
10039 Greene.....	1237	1218..	1065	1222	—	—	—	860	844
28062 Guilford.....	3214	4211..	3455	3479	43	9	18..	3063	2720
28908 Halifax.....	2677	3684..	4003	2255	—	—	3..	1105	3574
13700 Harnett.....	1348	1617..	1042	1676	22	—	6..	1296	1116
13346 Haywood.....	1041	1853..	1039	1901	8	—	15..	1057	1608
12589 Henderson.....	1313	1048..	1459	1022	—	—	11..	1395	832
13851 Hertford.....	1460	1183..	1426	1240	—	—	—	1212	982
8903 Hyde.....	969	994..	847	1019	—	—	2..	870	829
25462 Iredell.....	2069	2795..	2003	2958	5	4	3..	2287	2063
9512 Jackson.....	997	1156..	873	1145	—	—	—	877	1025
27239 Johnston.....	2040	3737..	1824	3343	2	—	—	1879	2594
7403 Jones.....	851	821..	686	814	—	—	—	557	544
14879 Lenoir.....	1686	2035..	1410	1966	—	2	—	1373	1326
12586 Lincoln.....	1118	1341..	1010	1349	12	—	11..	1127	961
10102 Macon.....	971	1050..	891	1140	2	—	1..	930	944
17905 Madison.....	2154	1272..	2270	1357	—	—	2..	2028	1267
15221 Martin.....	1556	1700..	1374	1681	—	—	—	1190	1457
10039 McDowell.....	1017	1257..	950	1204	3	—	—	924	968
42673 Mecklenburg.....	3526	5185..	3921	4714	48	1	34..	1729	3186
12847 Mitchell.....	1639	672..	1861	630	—	—	—	1615	659
11233 Montgomery.....	1193	1368..	1205	1129	—	—	2..	1229	782
20479 Moore.....	2017	2143..	1948	2207	8	—	4..	2285	1547
30707 Nash.....	2219	2530..	1639	2016	—	1	—	2457	1146
24026 New Hanover.....	2641	2801..	3183	2100	—	—	95..	2126	1719
21242 Northampton.....	2228	1815..	2910	1906	—	—	4..	1151	1410
10303 Onslow.....	877	1451..	589	1559	—	—	—	748	1080
14948 Orange.....	1265	1530..	1264	1700	—	7	7..	1692	1041
7146 Pamlico.....	826	758..	642	861	—	—	1..	744	471
10748 Pasquotank.....	1391	1372..	1519	1037	6	—	3..	1490	746
12514 Pender.....	1255	1295..	1164	1276	—	—	—	1163	973
9236 Perquimans.....	992	975..	1016	793	—	—	8..	1136	445
15151 Person.....	1512	1600..	1402	1713	—	—	—	1525	1185
25519 Pitt.....	2799	3224..	2330	3181	—	2	2..	2687	2062
5902 Polk.....	657	605..	731	469	13	—	—	646	554
25195 Randolph.....	2742	2675..	2743	2482	83	19	—	2830	2115
23948 Richmond.....	1688	2732..	2529	2172	—	—	13..	1885	1739
31483 Robeson.....	2894	3535..	2429	3457	2	—	1..	1790	1813
25363 Rockingham.....	2673	2350..	2569	2882	—	—	2..	2594	1855
24123 Rowan.....	1535	2350..	1468	3065	33	3	1..	1422	2284
18770 Rutherford.....	1685	2200..	1953	2146	4	—	12..	2051	1836
35086 Sampson.....	2437	1736..	1271	2759	21	2	—	2802	1241
12136 Stanley.....	541	1238..	511	1425	1	—	1..	743	911
17100 Stokes.....	1904	1679..	2069	1447	2	—	—	1829	1179
19281 Surry.....	2391	2247..	2590	2019	—	—	8..	2079	1890
6577 Swain.....	701	744..	531	808	—	—	2..	522	768
5881 Transylvania.....	646	606..	637	595	—	—	4..	609	508
4225 Tyrrell.....	472	523..	491	411	—	—	—	541	219
21259 Union.....	1490	2510..	1009	2747	1	—	22..	1428	1569
17581 Vance.....	1791	1233..	1745	1465	3	—	2..	1973	934
49207 Wake.....	5084	5664..	4675	5396	11	20	19..	5006	3682
19390 Warren.....	2251	1217..	2175	1213	—	—	5..	2394	764
10200 Washington.....	1237	817..	1289	739	—	—	—	1130	493
10611 Watauga.....	1155	1115..	1166	1063	3	4	4..	1120	892
26100 Wayne.....	2538	3454..	2248	3215	23	3	1..	2323	2496
22675 Wilkes.....	2649	1741..	2835	1801	4	—	—	2279	1540
18644 Wilson.....	2040	2458..	1436	2715	—	—	2..	1718	1654
13790 Yadkin.....	1610	1007..	1646	1093	8	6	2..	1504	917
9490 Yancey.....	850	977..	982	1056	—	—	—	862	1027
Total.....	159511	178449..	155222	174488	675	247	578..	148334	127593
Plurality.....	—	18938..	—	19266	—	—	—	20741	—
Per cent.....	47.20	52.80..	46.87	52.69	19	.07	.17..	51.12	45.87
Total vote.....	337960	—	—	329710	—	—	—	275927	—

FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. George H. Brown, Jr., Dem.
Augustus M. Moore, Fus. | 6. Oliver H. Allen, Dem.
Andrew J. Loftin, Fus. |
| 2. Henry R. Bryan, Dem.
Charles A. Cook, Fus. | 7. Thomas A. McNeill, Dem.
Herbert F. Seawell, Fus. |
| 5. Thomas J. Slaw, Dem.
William P. Byrum, Jr., Fus. | 11. William A. Hoke, Dem.
Robert S. Eaves, Fus. |

12. Frederick Moore, Dem.
John A. Hendricks, Fus.
(All the democrats were elected.)

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1893.

1. The counties of Beaufort, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrell and Washington.	
John H. Small, Dem.....	19,732
Harry Skinner, Fus.....	18,263
Joshua L. Whedbee, Ind.....	97
2. The counties of Bertie, Craven, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Jones, Lenoir, Northampton, Vance, Warren and Wilson.	
George H. White, Rep.....	17,561
W. E. Fountain, Ind. Peo.....	14,947
James B. Lloyd, Peo.....	2,447
3. The counties of Bladen, Cumberland, Duplin, Harnett, Moore, Onslow, Pender, Sampson and Wayne.	
Charles R. Thomas, Dem.....	16,008
John E. Fowler, Fus.....	15,819
4. The counties of Alamance, Chatham, Durham, Franklin, Johnston, Nash, Orange and Wake.	
John W. Atwater, Ind. Peo.....	19,419
John J. Jenkins, Fus.....	18,581
5. The counties of Caswell, Forsyth, Granville, Guilford, Person, Rockingham, Stokes and Surry.	
W. W. Kitchin, Dem.....	20,869
Spencer B. Adams, Fus.....	18,607

6. The counties of Anson, Brunswick, Cabarrus, Columbus, Mecklenburg, New Hanover, Richmond, Robeson, Stanley and Union.

John D. Bellamy, Jr., Dem.....23,168
Oliver H. Dockery, Fus.....17,329

7. The counties of Catawba, Davidson, Davie, Iredell, Montgomery, Randolph, Rowan and Yadkin.

Theodore Klutz, Dem.....20,763
M. H. H. Caldwell, Fus.....14,661

8. The counties of Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Burke, Caldwell, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Watauga and Wilkes.

Edward F. Lovell, Dem.....16,137
Romulus Z. Linney, Fus.....17,414
John M. Bower, Ind.....155

9. The counties of Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania and Yancey.

Richard Pearson, Rep.....19,368
William T. Crawford, Dem.....19,606
G. E. Boggs, Peo.....93

LEGISLATURE.

	1899.		1898.	
Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho. J.P.
Republicans ..	—	—	17	49 66
Fusionists ..	10	26	36.	—
Democrats ..	40	94	134.	9 36 45
People's ..	—	—	—	24 34 58

NORTH DAKOTA (Population 182,719).

COUNTIES. (33)	—Gov. 1898—			—PRES. 1896—			—Gov. 1894—			—PRES. 1892—		
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	R.-P.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	I.-D.	Pro.
Population.	Fancher	H. McKimley	Brvan	Levinger.	Allen.	Kinter.	Wallace.	Harrison	Cleveland	Ed. Howell		
7045 Barnes	1168	819.	986	977	24.	850	217	709.	685	918	38	
2490 Benson	732	269.	549	227	7.	353	83	93.	419	175	15	
170 Billings	92	6.	78	27	1.	64	21	2.	47	17	—	
2303 Bottineau	511	482.	339	339	5.	408	223	179.	175	290	6	
452 Burleigh	773	163.	729	338	3.	650	202	216.	640	283	10	
1313 Cass	2939	1463.	3050	2089	43.	2256	753	727.	2022	1647	77	
641 Cavalier	192	812.	730	1153	12.	594	503	367.	297	855	20	
5573 Dickey	713	527.	619	587	6.	584	107	566.	509	647	17	
1377 Eddy	398	202.	273	243	2.	267	83	101.	202	184	7	
1971 Emmons	401	195.	300	163	3.	377	193	22.	278	132	2	
1210 Foster	504	217.	216	143	2.	203	65	91.	192	157	6	
18357 Grand Forks	1409	2553.	2432	1893	40.	2155	585	713.	1639	1483	75	
2817 Griggs	377	363.	818	390	7.	345	44	283.	245	332	8	
1211 Kldder	229	62.	176	104	—	172	34	101.	224	136	8	
3187 LaMoore	600	381.	460	401	2.	447	194	238.	338	436	19	
592 Logan	137	16.	70	25	—	110	10	37.	87	35	1	
1658 McHenry	282	212.	217	106	1.	260	57	104.	201	110	2	
3248 McIntosh	585	49.	336	66	—	440	27	41.	280	120	—	
860 McLean	249	52.	124	79	—	124	32	57.	115	65	3	
428 Mercer	190	9.	115	28	—	111	5	6.	23	48	9	
4723 Morton	867	514.	752	393	3.	731	217	214.	536	880	5	
4233 Nelson	730	631.	616	603	2.	645	94	383.	490	527	119	
464 Oliver	94	67.	59	58	—	65	40	16.	35	48	—	
14334 Pembina	1549	1237.	1687	1807	52.	1332	686	920.	954	1511	133	
905 Pierce	328	108.	222	75	1.	216	22	35.	121	53	1	
4418 Ramsey	771	550.	369	605	12.	845	296	118.	619	421	35	
5333 Ransom	779	614.	765	519	11.	745	114	387.	566	526	53	
10751 Richland	1594	1351.	1843	1100	12.	1351	810	156.	806	1134	25	
2427 Rolette	427	320.	306	331	8.	328	168	29.	273	194	6	
5076 Sargent	686	498.	587	636	4.	577	120	515.	491	525	20	
2304 Stark	547	242.	530	216	2.	534	97	131.	339	212	8	
3777 Steele	614	252.	572	322	7.	531	23	313.	398	338	20	
5236 Stutsman	821	652.	705	578	12.	614	314	265.	648	522	32	
1450 Towner	460	291.	303	394	12.	277	192	29.	166	214	—	
10217 Trall	1289	659.	1673	674	20.	1480	181	296.	1026	638	128	
16587 Walsh	1543	1928.	1707	2134	23.	1716	909	711.	974	2040	80	
1681 Ward	523	194.	209	193	4.	345	91	66.	182	114	15	
1212 Wells	774	371.	584	317	—	450	144	105.	157	147	5	
109 Williams	147	103.	103	83	8.	66	39	12.	45	56	—	
Total	27308	19496.	26335	20686	358.	23723	8188	9354.	17519	17700	899	
Plurality	7812	..	5649	..	..	14369	..	..	..	181	..	
Per cent	58.34	41.65.	55.59	43.45	76.	57.49	19.84	23.15.	48.49	48.92	2.40	
Scattering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	..	
Total vote	46804	..	47579	..	..	41265	..	..	36136	..	..	

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Governor—J. M. Devine, Rep.....	28,703
W. A. Bentley, Fus.....	17,282
Secretary of State—Fred Falley, Rep.....	28,143
S. Torgerson, Fus.....	17,516
Auditor—A. W. Carlbloom, Rep.....	28,165
G. A. Leebur, Fus.....	17,480
Treasurer—D. W. Driscoll, Rep.....	28,946
Thomas Bottum, Fus.....	16,834
Attorney-General—J. F. Cowan, Rep.....	28,768
M. A. Hildreth, Fus.....	17,064
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
J. G. Holland, Rep.....	27,805
Joseph Schafer, Fus.....	25,803

Judge Sup. Court—N. C. Young, Rep.....	27,989
C. J. Fish, Fus.....	18,400
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.	
B. F. Spalding, Rep.....	27,776
H. M. Creel, Fus.....	17,844

LEGISLATURE.

	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
1899.				1898.		
Republicans.....	22	55	77.	23	44	67
Democrats.....	—	—	—	2	1	3
Fusion.....	9	7	16.	6	16	22
Independent.....	—	—	—	1	1	1

OHIO (Population 3,672,316).

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR 1899						-Gov. 1897-		PRESIDENT 1896					
	(88)	Rep.	Dem.	U. R. Pro.	S. L. N. P.		Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	Pro.	Nat.	G. D.
Population.	Nash.	McLean.	Ellis.	Hammell.	Bandlow.	Jones.	Bushnell.	Chapman.	McKinley.	Brann.	Dryden.	Lever.	Bent.	Pay.
26093 Adams.....	3381	3197	45	35	1	35.	3046	2987	3338	3240	8	35	34	4
40644 Allen.....	3595	4564	92	35	29	1824.	3559	4819	4950	6390	34	29	123	20
22223 Ashland.....	2308	2986	28	30	2	282.	2331	2957	2708	3418	4	23	43	4
43555 Ashtabula.....	7108	2157	166	131	12	712.	6383	2309	8557	3762	78	123	69	18
35194 Athens.....	4806	2227	107	60	41	208.	4682	2465	5429	3272	21	69	50	9
28100 Auglaize.....	2293	4010	78	21	1	478.	2247	3840	2900	4919	20	13	31	19
57413 Belmont.....	6567	5277	118	153	20	171.	6520	5521	7639	6392	21	131	62	40
29899 Brown.....	2713	4227	28	37	—	42.	2704	3653	3170	4469	16	33	13	12
48597 Butler.....	4148	6542	117	58	74	2224.	4842	7812	5936	8635	39	39	26	31
17566 Carroll.....	2379	1698	36	38	14	134.	2439	1598	2668	1943	12	38	12	3
26980 Champaign.....	3863	3010	71	51	—	157.	3751	2889	4314	3415	17	50	23	5
52277 Clarke.....	6131	5048	171	74	11	971.	6290	4687	7667	6351	31	69	75	24
33553 Clermont.....	3671	4388	166	46	3	194.	3477	4104	4272	4656	16	54	33	9
24240 Clinton.....	3693	2286	89	55	3	58.	3648	2103	4144	2646	1	65	28	2
50029 Columbiana.....	8057	4229	85	336	64	633.	7456	4920	9487	6333	64	243	38	28
26703 Coshocton.....	3304	3771	30	75	6	109.	3026	3607	3340	3905	14	38	17	10
31927 Crawford.....	2417	4538	90	39	1	637.	2416	4725	3150	5888	27	47	20	32
30970 Cuyahoga.....	21321	7410	300	221	1085	36255.	32277	27183	42993	67316	226	324	81	116
42961 Darke.....	4251	5628	205	44	5	112.	5867	4982	4784	5119	32	26	47	11
25769 Defiance.....	2130	3205	170	22	1	324.	2076	2916	2414	4185	54	18	17	15
27189 Delaware.....	3587	3081	175	119	—	129.	3582	3051	3788	3901	11	68	40	9
35462 Erie.....	3802	3120	37	33	24	2132.	4382	3864	9442	4900	41	36	10	46
39369 Fairfield.....	3285	5067	57	71	4	210.	3141	4871	3520	5383	12	36	15	23
22209 Fayette.....	3067	2645	61	33	—	24.	2971	2158	3357	2739	9	23	21	6
124087 Franklin.....	17858	10110	167	192	69	3409.	16487	17836	20289	18294	84	158	62	214
22023 Fulton.....	2875	1825	70	23	1	356.	2723	1796	3227	2422	42	22	32	16
27005 Gallia.....	3576	2504	29	47	5	62.	3715	2121	4247	2650	19	—	9	6
13489 Geauga.....	2226	620	52	30	1	320.	2876	846	2807	1241	19	32	10	5
29820 Greene.....	4412	2084	114	90	21	557.	4554	2333	5296	2381	22	109	45	13
28645 Guernsey.....	3878	2793	121	137	13	414.	3725	2573	4337	3220	38	123	53	3
374573 Hamilton.....	38740	36805	377	138	244	12503.	41122	39007	57749	38009	156	165	14	191
42553 Hancock.....	4069	4943	97	69	1	1152.	4495	4113	5591	5519	22	67	38	13
28869 Hardin.....	3914	4012	106	44	2	427.	3854	3852	4296	4233	8	32	69	15
20690 Harrison.....	2800	2008	35	57	2	49.	2783	1971	3151	2235	10	46	40	10
25080 Henry.....	2005	3473	38	22	4	457.	2657	3362	2558	2525	28	17	10	21
23048 Highland.....	3779	4006	161	74	2	78.	3753	3396	4106	3897	12	98	44	2
22658 Hocking.....	2439	2595	81	13	1	105.	2407	2643	2746	3160	17	14	20	8
21139 Holmes.....	1123	2818	37	35	—	141.	1180	2967	1286	3617	7	19	19	7
31949 Huron.....	4224	2848	62	60	2	830.	4142	3028	5008	4158	27	52	26	6
28408 Jackson.....	4068	3182	75	29	6	390.	3940	3521	4393	3736	22	23	45	15
39415 Jefferson.....	5393	2853	74	140	4	143.	4653	2751	6186	3809	15	131	65	7
27600 Knox.....	3727	3564	138	57	3	175.	3909	3775	3762	4048	14	31	20	8
18235 Lake.....	3221	424	19	36	2	528.	2939	1213	3745	1637	9	38	3	5
39556 Lawrence.....	4439	2430	69	12	2	109.	4226	2564	5408	3028	22	20	41	6
43279 Licking.....	5203	6125	58	70	7	153.	4987	6242	5560	6536	18	69	7	20
27396 Logan.....	3876	2575	103	54	—	448.	3822	2390	4722	3107	13	50	23	7
40295 Lorain.....	6111	2120	126	67	18	2345.	5786	3144	7801	4347	20	93	39	21
102236 Lucas.....	3914	7409	178	83	49	10739.	12247	11500	16758	13684	75	91	21	81
20057 Madison.....	3020	2683	19	26	—	47.	2874	2439	3308	2739	12	35	19	12
55979 Mahoning.....	6180	4726	72	89	32	1412.	6410	5456	8529	6786	27	86	22	18
24727 Marion.....	3274	3612	93	23	1	299.	3106	3902	3433	4005	11	28	50	27
21742 Medina.....	3013	1886	54	41	7	438.	3159	2072	3533	2548	27	38	18	7
23813 Meigs.....	3697	2115	42	34	15	111.	3757	1862	4696	2521	15	39	22	9
27220 Mercer.....	1644	3987	68	25	3	198.	1443	3286	1991	4763	27	23	15	8
39754 Miami.....	5425	4343	139	45	1	564.	5232	4532	6051	5344	43	25	33	5
25175 Monroe.....	1571	3710	20	21	1	9.	1542	3525	2001	4157	23	25	18	14
100852 Montgomery.....	14481	12730	102	73	100	3093.	14136	13114	18333	15456	84	112	39	140
19143 Morgan.....	2554	2151	76	41	—	10.	2555	2171	2531	2354	19	26	15	4
18120 Morrow.....	2409	2082	139	85	1	132.	2331	2063	2506	2934	24	36	69	6
61210 Muskingum.....	6489	6638	112	138	4	272.	6626	6225	7245	6844	27	116	47	19
20753 Noble.....	2540	2075	62	28	—	88.	2522	2178	2559	2306	12	32	21	4
21974 Ottawa.....	1593	2176	13	12	3	1085.	1642	2623	2163	3250	10	13	8	18
25932 Paulding.....	3357	3180	51	27	3	137.	3196	3297	3580	3625	31	15	5	6
31151 Perry.....	3513	3502	56	51	34	371.	3549	3576	3943	4071	—	86	28	9
26869 Pickaway.....	2369	3931	112	46	2	22.	3109	3760	3370	4158	7	53	22	9
17482 Pike.....	2348	1986	83	11	—	28.	2296	1945	2229	2133	10	11	11	5

ELECTION RETURNS.

355

Population.	Nash.	McLean.	Ellis.	Hammell.	Bandlow.	Jones.	Bushnell.	Chapman.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Lever's.	Bentley.	Pal'r
27868 Portage.....	3540	2629	70	88	7	663..	3869	3289..	4073	3949	46	45	21	7
23421 Preble.....	3087	2966	81	62	1	85..	3059	2704..	3800	3229	25	40	57	6
30188 Putnam.....	2463	4651	57	43	—	224..	2344	4166..	2725	5270	32	31	20	6
38072 Itchland.....	4714	5509	88	43	1	485..	4357	5434..	5115	6234	31	31	27	15
39454 Ross.....	5057	4787	31	42	9	112..	5277	4515..	5562	4960	7	49	36	17
30617 Sandusky.....	3144	4117	46	37	4	801..	3157	4201..	3970	5059	34	50	15	19
45377 Scioto.....	4685	3438	54	37	3	527..	4621	3396..	5492	3645	13	39	18	30
40693 Seneca.....	3392	4494	71	66	18	729..	4284	5202..	4988	6355	42	80	10	35
24707 Shelby.....	2121	3595	59	26	1	215..	2127	3149..	2488	3927	—	27	21	11
84170 Stark.....	10737	9099	89	233	198	1296..	10595	9613..	12111	11261	78	129	26	26
54089 Summit.....	6851	4107	64	223	46	3808..	6875	6583..	8584	7983	37	78	38	13
42373 Trumbull.....	6317	2434	67	96	15	492..	6166	2931..	7848	3750	—	102	52	—
46618 Tuscarawas.....	5300	5289	179	60	44	1056..	5181	5538..	6235	6858	34	38	21	11
22860 Union.....	3296	2390	98	22	—	100..	3231	2240..	3476	2716	20	19	42	6
23671 Van Wert.....	3739	3592	41	30	2	331..	3731	3747..	3957	3871	13	24	51	12
16045 Vinton.....	2055	1675	4	12	2	23..	1920	1743..	2035	1812	9	16	5	4
25468 Warren.....	3600	2291	115	40	2	353..	3621	2131..	4379	2775	19	32	16	11
42880 Washing'tn.....	5253	4487	48	100	3	285..	5306	4751..	5949	5140	42	54	19	21
38005 Wayne.....	3890	4909	76	192	6	328..	3945	4969..	4369	5578	10	155	10	8
24897 Williams.....	3162	2866	69	35	4	307..	3136	2999..	3191	3509	21	28	10	7
44392 Wood.....	5180	4004	146	59	8	2178..	5085	4548..	7290	6582	71	81	82	53
21722 Wyandot.....	2137	3017	71	17	—	149..	2042	2686..	2574	3424	17	20	23	12
Total.....	417199	368176	7799	5825	2439	106721.	429915	401750.	523591	474882	2615	5068	2716	1857
Plurality.....	49023						28105		48494					
Percent.....	45.09	39.98	.84	.63	.26	11.59..	50.29	47.00..	51.85	46.82	.25	.49	.26	.18
Total votes.....	920872						864022			1014292				

In 1836 Matchett, S. L., received 1,167 votes for president.
 In 1897, for governor, Holiday, Pro., received 7,553; Coxey, Peo., 6,254; Dexter, N. D., 1,661;
 Watkins, S. L., 4,242; Lewis, N. P., 476, and Richardson, Lib., 3,106 votes.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Lieut.-Gov.—John A. Caldwell, Rep.....	423,304
A. W. Patrick, Dem.....	415,534
William J. Seeley, U. F.....	11,213
Arthur S. Caton, Pro.....	6,405
E. Bartholomew, Soc. Lab.....	5,910
Auditor—Walter D. Gullbert, Rep.....	446,239
George W. Sigafos, Dem.....	398,396
F. S. Montgomery, U. F.....	11,497
Fred W. Barrett, Pro.....	6,701
Harry Lavin, Soc. Lab.....	5,940
Treasurer—L. B. Cameron, Rep.....	445,764
James I. Gorman, Dem.....	399,721
W. E. Good, U. F.....	11,405
C. M. Wise, Pro.....	6,703
Oscar Freer, Soc. Lab.....	5,915
Atty.-Gen.—J. M. Sheets, Rep.....	445,105
W. H. Dore, Dem.....	400,036
Thomas Benthon, U. F.....	11,362
W. S. Lister, Pro.....	6,739
John Cooper, Soc. Lab.....	5,929
Judge Superior Court—	
William Z. Davis, Rep.....	445,612
D. W. C. Badger, Dem.....	399,299
A. R. McIntire, U. F.....	11,400
G. T. Stewart, Pro.....	6,818
Samuel Borton, Soc. Lab.....	5,852
Board Public Works—	
F. A. Huffman, Rep.....	446,005
F. D. Mallu, Dem.....	398,335
A. A. Weaver, U. F.....	11,369
John Danner, Pro.....	7,658
C. M. Newton, Soc. Lab.....	5,835

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 18th, 26th and 27th wards of the city of Cincinnati; Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes and Sycamore townships; Northeast, Southeast, Bond Hill, Clifton, Avondale and St. Bernard precincts of Mill Creek township.	
William B. Shattuc, Rep.....	20,132
John F. Follett, Dem.....	13,980
Will T. Cressler, Un. Ref.....	295
2. 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 28th, 29th and 30th wards of the city of Cincinnati, and the	

townships of Springfield, Colerain, Greene,
 Delhi, Storrs, Miami, Whitewater, Harrison
 and Crosby; Elmwood, College Hill, Western
 and Winton Place precincts of Mill Creek
 township.

Jacob H. Bromwell, Rep.....	22,506
Charles L. Swain, Dem.....	15,998
John D. Stuckey, Un. Ref.....	276
3. Counties of Butler, Montgomery and Preble.	
William J. White, Rep.....	21,327
John L. Brenner, Dem.....	21,449
4. Counties of Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer and Shelby.	
Philip Sheets, Rep.....	12,276
Robert B. Gordon, Dem.....	18,020
William H. Murphy, Un. Ref.....	962
5. Counties of Defiance, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert and Williams.	
Alfred M. Wilcox, Rep.....	15,612
David Meekison, Dem.....	19,264
Fred S. Dunakin, Un. Ref.....	710
6. Counties of Brown, Clermont, Clinton, Greene, Highland and Warren.	
Seth W. Brown, Rep.....	19,896
Lewis H. Whiteman, Dem.....	16,206
Perry McLaughlin, Un. Ref.....	761
7. Counties of Clarke, Fayette, Madison, Miami and Pickaway.	
Walter L. Weaver, Rep.....	17,565
John L. Zimmerman, Dem.....	17,159
Rei Rathbun, Un. Ref.....	745
8. Counties of Champaign, Delaware, Han- cock, Hardin, Logan and Union.	
Archibald Lybrand, Rep.....	21,560
Harvey Walter Doty, Dem.....	19,156
Spencer Garwood, Un. Ref.....	1,099
9. Counties of Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa and Wood.	
James H. Southard, Rep.....	21,913
Samuel E. Niece, Dem.....	18,081
David Miley, Un. Ref.....	16
10. Counties of Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Pike and Scioto.	
Stephen Morgan, Rep.....	19,297
Alva Crabtree, Dem.....	13,769
11. Counties of Athens, Hocking, Meigs, Perry, Ross and Vinton.	

Charles H. Grosvenor, Rep.....	19,806
Charles E. Peoples, Dem.....	16,434
G. W. Dollison, Un. Ref.....	17
12. Counties of Fairfield and Franklin.	
Edward N. Huggins, Rep.....	20,530
John J. Lentz, Dem.....	21,232
Alexander M. Smith, Un. Ref.....	235
William W. Johnson, Pro.....	295
13. Counties of Crawford, Erie, Marion, Sandusky, Seneca and Wyandot.	
Henry L. Wenner, Rep.....	17,606
James A. Norton, Dem.....	21,410
Orrin J. Fry, Un. Ref.....	484
Walter S. Payne, Pro.....	43
14. Counties of Ashland, Huron, Knox, Lorrain, Morrow and Richland.	
Winfield S. Kerr, Rep.....	22,462
Thomas A. Gruber, Dem.....	19,134
15. Counties of Guernsey, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble and Washington.	
Henry C. Van Voorhis, Rep.....	19,404
Henry R. Stanbery, Dem.....	16,509
16. Counties of Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, Jefferson and Monroe.	
Lorenzo Danford, Rep.....	16,263
Elliot D. Moore, Dem.....	13,377
17. Counties of Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Tuscarawas and Wayne.	
George E. Broome, Rep.....	16,016
John A. McDowell, Dem.....	19,989
18. Counties of Columbiana, Mahoning and Stark.	
Robert W. Tayler, Rep.....	22,635
Charles C. Weybrecht, Dem.....	19,575
L. B. Logan, Un. Ref.....	212
George C. Harvey, Pro.....	614
Samuel Borton, Soc. Lab.....	686

19. Counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Portage, Summit and Trumbull.

(Short term.)

Charles Dick, Rep.....23,359
Robert E. Nevin, Dem.....12,574

(Long term.)

Charles Dick, Rep.....23,358
Isaac H. Phelps, Dem.....12,612

20. Counties of Lake, Medina, and the townships of Bedford, Bricksville, Brooklyn, Chagrin Falls, Dover, East Cleveland, Euclid, Independence, Mayfield, Middleburg, Newburg, Olmsted, Orange, Parma, Rockport, Royalton, Solon, Strongsville and Warrensville of Cuyahoga county and the 26th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32d, 33d, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th and 40th wards of the city of Cleveland.

William J. Hart, Dem.....11,992
Fremont O. Phillips, Rep.....16,894
M. O. Morton, Un. Ref.....17
Robert Barthels, Soc. Lab.....975

21. 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th and 27th wards of the city of Cleveland.

Theodore E. Burton, Rep.....17,599
Lemuel A. Russell, Dem.....10,823
John J. Koller, Soc. Lab.....1,324

LEGISLATURE.

	1900-1.	1899-1900.			
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans	19	62	81	18	80
Demo rats	1	45	56	18	65
Ind. Rep	1	2	3	—	—

OKLAHOMA (Population 61,634).

COUNTIES.

(23) Reorganized.

Population.	Rep.	Fus.	Peo.	DEL. 1896	
	Flynn.	Keeton.	Hankins.	Flynn.	Calahan.
2674 Beaver.....	298	208	16..	354	224
..... Blaine.....	923	276	57..	824	605
7158 Canadian.....	1301	1024	25..	1280	1484
6005 Cleveland.....	1071	981	32..	987	1568
..... Custer.....	678	313	20..	619	420
..... "D".....	512	255	5..	306	322
..... Day.....	58	86	1..	68	89
..... Garfield.....	2282	1276	27..	1706	1486
..... Grant.....	1875	1040	15..	1481	1486
..... Greer.....	440	624	316..	509	613
..... Kay.....	2183	1319	85..	1905	1759
8332 Kingfisher.....	1587	1018	64..	1676	1635
..... Lincoln.....	2197	1197	82..	2008	2118
12770 Logan.....	2259	1211	98..	2537	1949
..... Noble.....	1588	1359	85..	1135	1039
11742 Oklahoma.....	1447	779	14..	1832	2156
..... Pawnee.....	1136	727	28..	956	1071
7215 Payne.....	1551	1231	36..	1540	1754
..... Pottawatomie.....	1866	1515	150..	1213	2190
..... Roger Mills.....	152	1225	5..	67	252
..... Washita.....	667	500	61..	457	552
..... Woods.....	2412	1516	39..	2102	2186
..... Woodward.....	563	407	7..	394	388
Total.....	28456	19083	1269..	26267	27435
Plurality.....	8009				1168
Per cent.....	58.3	39.1	2.6..	48.91	61.09
Total vote.....		48813			53702

LEGISLATURE, 1898.

	Council.	House.	J. B.
Republicans	8	17	25
Democrats	2	3	5
Fusion	3	3	6
Populists	—	3	3

LEGISLATURE, 1897.

	Council.	House.	J. B.
Republicans	—	3	3
Democrats	3	3	6
Fusion	10	20	30

OREGON (Population 313,767).

COUNTIES. (31)	GOVERNOR 1893				PRESIDENT 1896				GOVERNOR 1894			
	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	Geo.	Rep.	Fus.	Pro.	G.D.	Rep.	Dem.	Geo.	P.
6764 Baker.....	1191	1436	51	115..	951	1849	6	35..	825	603	874	
8650 Benton.....	995	872	57	21..	1074	991	23	23..	881	640	336	
15233 Clackamas.....	2161	1772	106	141..	2634	2985	48	46..	2281	641	1788	
10016 Clatsop.....	1588	809	89	93..	1849	1124	40	29..	1169	548	553	
5191 Columbia.....	724	534	48	64..	1022	829	14	15..	598	89	407	
8874 Coos.....	957	1013	48	129..	1105	1552	20	26..	588	359	1063	
3244 Crook.....	667	492	21	25..	607	576	1	39..	486	386	139	
1709 Curry.....	310	252	8	6..	300	298	8	7..	259	148	119	
11884 Douglas.....	1653	1789	62	30..	1917	2049	25	21..	1653	1073	905	
3900 Gilliam.....	554	332	28	44..	551	469	3	3..	447	249	165	
5980 Grant.....	973	678	25	112..	736	859	12	37..	765	296	416	
2559 Harney.....	347	416	8	54..	270	519	1	5..	258	264	234	
11455 Jackson.....	1350	1277	69	389..	1387	2362	23	24..	1185	710	1330	
4578 Josephine.....	827	894	31	45..	844	1189	17	41..	683	113	585	
2444 Klamath.....	439	342	15	41..	346	463	8	8..	294	186	276	
2604 Lake.....	433	323	7	10..	351	383	—	2..	308	242	200	
15198 Lane.....	1929	1885	95	138..	2251	2598	45	75..	2032	1020	1338	
16265 Linn.....	479	414	18	15..	593	553	8	13..	397	157	285	
2601 Malheur.....	1902	2026	156	145..	2064	2731	71	36..	1892	1149	1702	
22384 Marion.....	387	555	25	27..	312	652	10	15..	313	241	238	
4205 Morrow.....	3216	2713	107	70..	3744	3420	73	108..	3909	1068	1756	
74884 Multnomah.....	532	468	17	27..	586	543	5	15..	516	258	349	
7858 Polk.....	10351	4637	495	266..	11824	6446	156	178..	9367	2589	4444	
1792 Sherman.....	1267	1170	68	60..	1253	1333	38	22..	1369	716	677	
2332 Tillamook.....	478	285	67	41..	426	418	38	7..	301	108	202	
13381 Umatilla.....	635	323	25	46..	691	537	8	8..	493	218	305	
12044 Union.....	1847	1466	106	112..	1859	2081	23	36..	1554	791	1234	
3061 Wallowa.....	1625	1453	49	245..	1303	2154	10	19..	1371	836	1045	
9183 Wasco.....	538	354	22	170..	380	640	13	11..	300	144	538	
11972 Wasco.....	1360	983	58	41..	1701	1363	33	28..	1277	565	439	
19182 Washington.....	1743	1219	110	89..	2032	1566	42	18..	1933	474	1181	
10092 Yamhill.....	1646	1198	122	55..	1732	1730	97	27..	1560	737	950	
Total.....	45104	34530	2213	2866..	48779	46662	919	977..	41034	17498	26033	
Plurality.....	10574			2117				15001				
Per cent.....	53.24	40.76	2.61	3.38..	50.01	47.94	.94	1.00..	47.48	3.10	29.41	
Total vote.....	84713			97337				87264				

James H. Kennedy, Pro., received 2,700 votes for governor, 1894.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1893.

Secretary of State—	
F. J. Dunbar, Rep.....	42,762
H. R. Kincaid, Fus.....	35,371
H. C. Davis, Pro.....	2,341
Ira Wakefield, Pop.....	3,383
State Treasurer—C. S. Moore, Rep.....	43,443
J. O. Booth, Fus.....	33,466
Moses Votaw, Pro.....	1,865
J. K. Sears, Pop.....	4,797
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
J. H. Ackerman, Rep.....	43,246
H. S. Lyman, Fus.....	33,951
E. B. Emerick, Pro.....	2,556
J. E. Hosmer, Pop.....	3,984
State Printer—W. H. Leeds, Rep.....	42,073
C. A. Fitch, Fus.....	32,419
T. S. McDaniel, Pro.....	2,633
D. L. Grace, Pop.....	4,480
Justice Supreme Court—	
Frank A. Moore, Rep.....	43,520
W. M. Ramsey, Fus.....	35,286
T. P. Hackleman, Pro.....	2,677
Atty.-Gen.—D. R. N. Blackburn, Rep.....	42,415
G. L. Story, Fus.....	35,207
J. C. Bright, Pro.....	3,071

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1893.

1. The counties of Benton, Clackamas, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, Lake, Lane, Linn, Marion, Polk, Tillamook, Washington and Yamhill.	
Thomas H. Tongue, Rep.....	21,324
R. M. Veatch, Fus.....	19,287
J. L. Pedersen, Pro.....	1,113
J. L. Hill, Pop.....	1,833
2. The counties of Baker, Clatsop, Columbia, Crook, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Multnomah, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa and Wasco.	
M. A. Moody, Rep.....	21,291
C. M. Donaldson, Fus.....	14,654
G. W. Ingalls, Pro.....	1,120
H. E. Courtney, Pop.....	2,273

LEGISLATURE.		1898-99.		1896-97.	
Sen.	Ho.	J.R.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans.....	25	43	68..	23	35
Democrats.....	2	1	3..	3	4
Populists.....	1	—	1..	3	14
Mitchell Reps.....	—	—	—	1	4
U. Bimetallie.....	—	—	—	3	3
Fusion.....	2	16	18..	—	—

PENNSYLVANIA (Population 5,258,014).

COUNTIES. (67)	STATE TREAS. 1890				GOVERNOR 1898				PRESIDENT 1896			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	P.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Geo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.
33486 Adams.....	3199	3856	79	2..	2925	3409	775..	4167	3767	101	98	20
551559 Allegheny.....	30004	13511	687	111..	44561	25840	5772..	76391	28782	990	452	1027
46747 Armstrong.....	5621	4069	75	1..	4043	3239	501..	6309	3738	168	22	29
50077 Beaver.....	4365	3104	190	12..	4265	3664	1308..	6816	3908	202	37	282
28644 Bedford.....	3777	3167	77	5..	3889	3149	521..	4980	3554	73	47	23
137327 Berks.....	5661	10448	125	6..	8766	15077	2013..	14318	18009	233	416	—
70866 Blair.....	5040	3388	275	11..	6046	4231	2014..	10365	4694	385	167	65
59233 Bradford.....	5815	3292	356	23..	5124	2716	1748..	9422	4388	381	58	—
70615 Bucks.....	6811	7148	203	3..	6895	7064	1303..	9798	6685	197	312	—

Population.	Barnett.	Cresy.	Caldw.	W'klns.	Stone.	Jenks.	Swallow.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Lever.	Palmer.	Bryan.
55339 Butler.....	4785	3654	233	7..	4465	4018	984..	6807	4947	285	26	79
60375 Cambria.....	6846	6213	276	17..	5765	6430	1906..	8838	6500	211	81	179
7238 Cameron.....	503	414	38	—	762	590	127..	952	556	41	9	8
38624 Carbon.....	2912	3428	138	11..	2739	3141	1312..	4213	3543	127	130	25
43269 Center.....	3814	4260	163	1..	3485	4241	614..	4870	4460	251	93	15
89377 Chester.....	8021	5490	47	2..	8146	5144	3922..	14188	5094	368	246	17
36802 Clearion.....	1756	2519	125	3..	2236	3885	444..	3325	3052	204	20	36
65655 Clearfield.....	4842	4826	484	15..	4856	5272	2101..	7359	6152	555	91	90
28885 Clinton.....	2332	2507	122	—	2157	2440	689..	3486	3051	158	104	2
36832 Columbia.....	1824	3889	269	1..	2637	4764	1290..	3266	4068	418	77	16
65324 Crawford.....	6578	5007	393	614..	5772	6077	1488..	7851	8383	285	50	—
47271 Cumberland.....	4581	5473	278	10..	4245	4779	1619..	6164	5147	324	102	15
96977 Dauphin.....	8504	5556	664	9..	9959	5655	3870..	14679	6936	466	263	74
74683 Delaware.....	6650	3209	258	4..	8463	3456	2936..	13952	4071	184	184	8
22239 Elk.....	1139	2272	152	2..	1816	3162	500..	2802	2664	87	44	10
86074 Erie.....	7180	4550	375	281..	7414	6103	1739..	11755	8556	336	193	515
80006 Fayette.....	7829	7501	220	8..	7107	7245	1218..	9218	8157	355	60	48
8482 Forest.....	852	582	69	—	5028	3921	891..	1224	805	85	6	—
51433 Franklin.....	4820	3926	155	4..	956	687	346..	6726	4335	158	139	1
10137 Fulton.....	717	1037	23	—	811	1074	211..	1080	1228	24	8	6
28935 Greene.....	1706	3090	37	7..	1717	3124	163..	2438	4102	61	20	54
35051 Huntingdon.....	2615	1834	174	12..	3301	1825	1137..	4956	2157	150	97	132
42175 Indiana.....	3617	1200	213	36..	4036	1702	974..	5803	2102	186	27	551
44005 Jefferson.....	3765	2368	340	8..	3689	3181	1141..	5479	3402	407	35	126
16655 Juniata.....	1473	1526	65	2..	1285	1106	700..	2057	1794	44	35	9
142088 Lackawanna.....	8576	8234	568	27..	8236	7916	7574..	18654	11645	808	112	43
149096 Lancaster.....	13128	4854	254	3..	16622	7173	2186..	24537	8145	479	498	—
37517 Lawrence.....	3187	1624	349	121..	3890	2381	1421..	6184	2911	285	13	177
48131 Lebanon.....	3739	2163	140	—	4162	2347	1291..	7268	3515	213	—	23
76631 Lehigh.....	5002	7710	144	5..	6962	9164	970..	9497	9718	206	325	10
20123 Luzerne.....	13453	14406	765	33..	13497	15142	6406..	22599	16867	810	304	142
70579 Lycoming.....	4852	6169	712	15..	5048	7083	3212..	8045	7128	1031	167	84
46863 McKean.....	3414	1896	336	22..	3390	2449	2185..	5046	2777	308	55	153
55744 Mercer.....	5170	3852	302	18..	4436	3929	1374..	7262	5500	270	31	—
19996 Mifflin.....	1813	1907	73	3..	1711	1733	770..	2662	2022	118	76	4
20111 Monroe.....	826	2594	94	1..	771	2762	415..	1431	2811	133	79	6
123200 Montgomery.....	9058	9823	282	5..	10669	11292	3721..	17329	9985	393	606	—
15645 Montour.....	655	1217	30	1..	1023	1694	387..	1381	1694	58	56	14
84220 Northampton.....	6011	8638	310	28..	6420	9129	2137..	9762	10032	326	360	—
74698 Northumberland.....	5624	6781	461	19..	5590	5934	2815..	8620	7159	574	120	35
26276 Perry.....	2487	2340	74	4..	2494	2049	782..	3526	2423	106	54	13
104964 Philadelphia.....	110365	40371	1592	183..	125467	42906	18211..	176462	63323	993	3115	—
9412 Pike.....	345	778	22	1..	473	902	107..	775	1080	11	25	3
22778 Potter.....	2172	1830	244	57..	2556	1497	718..	3255	1958	118	28	367
154163 Schuylkill.....	11936	14198	235	13..	9391	13375	5558..	16985	14532	244	359	74
17651 Snyder.....	1994	1088	37	—	1853	1048	359..	2564	1286	32	23	21
37317 Somerset.....	3568	1490	128	2..	4007	1711	554..	5861	2234	147	14	18
11620 Sullivan.....	1600	1159	76	4..	1018	1253	352..	1206	1247	92	29	18
40306 Susquehanna.....	4053	3206	427	16..	3849	2583	1377..	5275	3232	386	36	197
52313 Tioga.....	4085	1768	223	42..	4854	163	1206..	7892	2111	258	72	468
17820 Union.....	1515	1001	79	8..	1886	1137	675..	2573	1105	114	54	52
46340 Venango.....	3913	3109	593	27..	4053	4512	1478..	5110	4192	531	32	219
37585 Warren.....	3052	1876	350	17..	3334	2628	1154..	4846	3048	312	32	—
71155 Washington.....	6770	4928	268	21..	7012	5661	1506..	10764	7128	348	83	139
31010 Wayne.....	2399	2707	233	5..	2185	1959	1840..	5708	2408	345	21	14
112819 Westmoreland.....	1336	11719	380	31..	9517	8566	1831..	14899	10529	357	90	306
15891 Wyoming.....	1918	1917	120	2..	1561	1671	701..	2370	1885	113	17	35
99489 York.....	8010	11346	360	29..	8248	12080	2336..	12223	12911	375	365	26
Total.....	438000	327512	18072	1988..	476206	353800	125746..	726998	422051	19274	11000	6103
Plurality.....	110483	—	—	—	117906	—	—	50944	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	55.43	41.43	2.28	26..	49.00	36.87	12.61..	60.87	35.34	1.62	.91	.52
Total vote.....	790488	—	—	—	996315	—	—	—	1194255	—	—	—

In 1896, for president, Matchett, Soc. L., received 1,633 votes; Bentley, Natl., 870; Bryan, Sil., 5,071, and McKinley, Citizens', 1,302.

In 1898 Swallow, Peo., received 2,038 votes; Barnes, S.L., 4,278; Swallow, Lib. and H. G., 5,127.

SUPREME COURT JUDGE—

J. Hay Brown, Rep.....	461,839
S. Leslie Mestrezat, Dem.....	298,403
Agib Rickets, Pro.....	18,256
J. H. Stevenson, Peo.....	2,490
D. L. Munroe, Soc. Lab.....	3,822
J. H. Stevenson, U. R.....	118
S. L. Mestrezat, Anti-Trust.....	622

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

At Large (two elected)—	
Galusha A. Grow, Rep.....	532,848
Samuel A. Davenport, Rep.....	520,773
Franklin P. Iams, Dem.....	350,213
Jerry N. Weller, Dem.....	356,650

George H. Garber, Pro.....	48,600
Pennock E. Sharpless, Pro.....	47,543
Dennis E. Johnston, Peo.....	3,995
Jerry N. Weller, Peo.....	847
John R. Root, Soc. Lab.....	4,495
Donald L. Munroe, Soc. Lab.....	4,300
J. Acker Guss, Lib.....	839
Charles P. Shaw, Lib.....	837
1. The 1st, 2d, 7th, 26th and 30th wards of Philadelphia.	
Henry H. Bingham, Rep.....	25,665
Michael F. Doyle, Dem.....	8,213
Joseph R. Holtz, Pro.....	1,091
James E. Lennon, Ind.....	653
2. The 8th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 14th and 20th wards of Philadelphia.	

Robert Adams, Jr., Rep.....	19,547
Herman V. Hetzel, Dem.....	3,850
3. The 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 11th, 12th, 16th and 17th wards of Philadelphia.	
William McAleer, Dem. and Rep....	18,321
Edward M. Marsh, Pro.....	340
4. The 15th, 21st, 24th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 32d and 34th wards of Philadelphia.	
James Rankin Young, Rep.....	41,627
Gideon Sibley, Dem.....	12,250
Clinton C. Hancock, Pro.....	3,372
5. The 18th, 19th, 22d, 23d, 25th, 31st, 33d and 35th wards of Philadelphia.	
Alfred C. Harmer, Rep.....	39,239
Frank D. Wright, Dem.....	9,942
6. The counties of Chester and Delaware.	
Thomas S. Butler, Rep.....	15,169
John B. Robinson, Clt.....	6,481
William H. Berry, Dem.....	6,511
7. The counties of Bucks and Montgomery.	
Irving P. Wanger, Rep.....	21,567
Clinton Rorer, Dem.....	17,872
Howard Leopold, Pro.....	1,195
8. The counties of Northampton, Monroe, Pike and Carbon.	
William S. Kirkpatrick, Rep.....	13,516
Laird H. Barber, Dem.....	16,400
John E. Lauer, Jack.....	15
9. The counties of Berks and Lehigh.	
Jeremiah S. Parvin, Rep.....	16,613
Daniel Ermentrout, Dem.....	24,137
Wesley W. Bowman, Pro.....	934
Isaac P. Merkel, Soc. Lab.....	453
10. The county of Lancaster.	
Marriott Brosius, Rep.....	17,482
A. J. Steilman, Dem.....	7,083
William L. Jackson, Pro.....	1,202
11. The county of Lackawanna.	
William Connell, Rep.....	11,404
M. F. Sando, Dem.....	9,861
John Burschel, Soc. Lab.....	329
Freeman Leach, Ind.....	212
12. The county of Luzerne.	
Morgan B. Williams, Rep.....	15,772
Stanley W. Davenport, Dem.....	17,220
James D. Hunter.....	1,498
13. The county of Schuylkill.	
Charles N. Brumm, Rep.....	12,542
James W. Ryan, Dem.....	15,042
Pierce Walker, Soc. Lab.....	176
14. The counties of Lebanon, Dauphin and Perry.	
Martin E. Olmsted, Rep.....	19,352
Wilson W. Gray, Dem.....	9,926
Lee L. Grumbine, Pro.....	2,564
15. The counties of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming.	
Frederick C. Wright, Rep.....	14,541
Archibald B. Gammell, Dem.....	9,331
Chauncey S. Russell, Pro.....	2,416
16. The counties of Tioga, Potter, Lycoming and Clinton.	
Horace B. Packer, Rep.....	15,839
Jonathan F. Strleby, Dem.....	12,858
Lewis P. Thurston, Pro.....	3,378

17. The counties of Northumberland, Columbia, Montour and Sullivan.	
William Hartman Woodin, Rep.....	12,487
Rufus K. Polk, Dem.....	14,792
John M. Caldwell, Pro.....	1,265
18. The counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Snyder, Union and Mifflin.	
Thaddeus M. Mahon, Rep.....	17,722
Robert McMeen, Dem.....	12,921
19. The counties of Cumberland, Adams and York.	
Robert J. Lewis, Rep.....	19,016
Edward D. Ziegler, Dem.....	20,126
20. The counties of Blair, Somerset and Bedford.	
Joseph E. Thropp, Rep.....	19,358
James M. Walters, Dem.....	17,858
John J. Irwin, Pro.....	2,091
John McMahon, Soc. Lab.....	244
21. The counties of Armstrong, Indiana, Jefferson and Westmoreland.	
Summers M. Jack, Rep.....	23,277
Jacob R. Spiegel, Dem.....	16,191
Thomas J. Baldrige, Pro.....	2,360
22. The county of Allegheny (part).	
John Dalzell, Rep.....	25,693
George W. Acklin, Dem.....	11,049
Homer L. Castle, Pro.....	1,219
Valentine Rimmel, Soc. Lab.....	527
Thomas J. Baldrige, Pro.....	2,360
23. The county of Allegheny (part).	
William H. Graham, Rep.....	18,008
John H. Stevenson, Dem.....	5,608
Fred C. Brittan, Rep.....	691
Enos Schwartz, Soc. Lab.....	223
William A. Kilgus, Union.....	35

24. The counties of Fayette, Greene, Washington and part of Allegheny.	
Ernest F. Acheson, Rep.....	25,524
Mark M. Cochran, Dem.....	21,290
25. The counties of Beaver, Butler, Lawrence and Mercer.	
Joseph B. Showalter, Rep.....	18,220
M. L. Lockwood, Dem.....	15,271
John A. Bailey, Pro.....	2,006
26. The counties of Crawford and Erie.	
George H. Higgins, Rep.....	13,482
Athelston Gaston, Dem.....	13,516
Francis A. Loveland, Pro.....	1,291
27. The counties of Cameron, McKean, Venango and Warren.	
Charles W. Stone, Rep.....	11,757
Joseph C. Sibley, Dem.....	14,133
William W. Hague, Pro.....	1,233
28. The counties of Clarion, Clearfield, Center, Elk and Forest.	
William C. Arnold, Rep.....	14,209
James K. P. Hall, Dem.....	17,550
George W. Rheem, Pro.....	1,898

LEGISLATURE.

	1900-1.		1898-99.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B. Sen.	Ho. J.B.
Republicans	36	126	152.	37 127 164
Democrats	13	71	84.	13 71 84
Union	—	6	6.	— 6 6
Vacancy	1	1	2.	— — —

RHODE ISLAND (Population 345,506).

COUNTIES. (5)	GOVERNOR 1899				GOVERNOR 1898				PRESIDENT 1896				
	Rep.	Dem.	S.-L.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	G.D.S.-L.	
	Dyer.	Greene.	Herriek.	Peck'n.	Dyer.	Church.	Lewis.	Reid.	M'K'ley.	Br'an.	Lev'r'g.	almer.	Natch'.
11428 Bristol.....	949	597	88	42..	912	460	54	22..	1321	424	42	35	10
26754 Kent.....	1812	808	139	116..	1616	476	136	168..	2317	645	75	84	20
28552 Newport.....	2762	1721	68	219..	2639	1572	170	67..	3415	1042	92	144	30
255123 Providence...	16789	10818	2618	608..	17436	10062	1126	2563..	25844	11644	554	794	480
23649 Washington...	1946	658	78	234..	2140	654	256	57..	3040	645	37	109	18
Total.....	24308	14602	2941	1279..	24743	13224	2012	2877..	36437	14459	1160	1166	558
Plurality.....	9706				11519				21978				
Per cent.....	56.34	33.86	6.82	2.97..	57.74	30.86	4.69	6.71..	67.74	26.88	2.15	2.16	1.03
Total vote.....	43130				42856						53785		

In 1896 Bentley, Pro., received 5 votes for president.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Lieutenant-Governor—	
William Gregory, Rep.....	23,022
Robert H. Wade, Dem.....	13,967
John P. Curran, Soc. L.....	3,714
Alonso C. Gardiner, Pro.....	1,683
Secretary of State—	
Charles P. Bennett, Rep.....	23,747
Miles A. McNamee, Dem.....	12,842
George A. Ballard, Soc. L.....	3,463
William P. Bradley, Pro.....	1,575
Attorney-General—	
Willard B. Tanner, Rep.....	22,710
George T. Brown, Dem.....	13,947
Bernard J. Murray, Soc. L.....	3,520
Thomas H. Peabody, Pro.....	1,810
General Treasurer—	
Walter A. Read, Rep.....	23,133

Edmund Walker, Dem.....	13,951
Moses Fassel, Soc. L.....	3,494
Smith Quimby, Pro.....	1,471

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Melville Bull, Rep.....	12,268
John W. Hogan, Dem.....	6,714
Edward W. Thelner, Soc. Lab.....	1,117
Charles H. Tilley, Pro.....	482
2. Adin B. Capron, Rep.....	9,041
Lucius F. C. Garvin, Dem.....	6,492
Charles H. Dana, Soc. Lab.....	1,534
Frank B. Smith, Pro.....	517

LEGISLATURE.

		1900.			1899.	
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	..31	58	89..	33	65	98
Democrats	 6	13	19..	4	7	11
Prohibition	—	1	1..	—	—	—

SOUTH CAROLINA (Population 1,151,149).

COUNTIES. (36)	GOV. '98.—PRESIDENT 1896				GOV. 1894		—PRES. 1892—	
	Dem. Ellerbe.	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	G. D. Palmer.	Dem. Evans.	Dem. Harrison.	Rep. Cleveland.	Dem. Weaver.
Population.								
46854 Abbeville.....	829.	337	2473	1.	1491	329.	133	2350
31822 Aiken.....	700.	137	1819	11.	1809	362.	396	1802
43696 Anderson.....	899.	368	3109	17.	1402	342.	193	2248
..... Bamberg.....	449.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
44613 Barnwell.....	808.	239	2385	3.	1648	667.	549	2187
34119 Beaufort.....	446.	444	289	—	801	437.	268	175
55428 Berkeley.....	486.	143	513	9.	895	201.	1171	1037
59003 Charleston.....	1142.	1262	1659	549.	955	1363.	430	1564
26660 Chester.....	578.	76	1254	10.	952	493.	383	1508
14668 Chesterfield.....	810.	220	1465	—	1053	301.	382	1494
23233 Clarendon.....	705.	207	1450	—	1103	200.	364	2192
40293 Colleton.....	590.	343	1646	6.	1245	280.	472	1312
..... Cherokee.....	505.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
29134 Darlington.....	544.	201	1625	21.	953	676.	102	1810
..... Dorchester.....	444.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
49259 Edgefield.....	627.	216	1532	7.	1902	417.	26	2679
28599 Fairfield.....	379.	54	1078	—	778	403.	204	1041
25027 Florence.....	592.	136	1530	35.	1059	573.	293	1609
20857 Georgetown.....	456.	734	459	36.	276	782.	888	552
44310 Greenville.....	677.	283	2718	35.	1602	517.	600	3026
..... Greenwood.....	774.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20544 Hampton.....	578.	25	1072	—	672	212.	254	1697
19256 Horry.....	507.	196	1372	—	769	1003.	—	—
22361 Kershaw.....	403.	139	1191	2.	846	308.	358	1107
20761 Lancaster.....	941.	177	1557	—	1275	419.	624	1744
31610 Laurens.....	919.	111	1943	—	1319	160.	173	1772
..... Lee.....	338.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
22181 Lexington.....	718.	197	1672	—	1230	576.	71	1287
29976 Marion.....	1144.	313	1936	11.	448	331.	466	1737
23500 Marlboro.....	564.	237	1232	3.	788	166.	262	1004
26434 Newberry.....	700.	64	1528	9.	1191	791.	293	1534
18687 Oconee.....	528.	199	1392	—	135	450.	220	900
49393 Orangeburg.....	1389.	282	2729	—	2383	491.	838	2786
16389 Pickens.....	874.	170	1261	—	718	174.	129	603
36321 Richland.....	332.	408	925	29.	582	1091.	146	788
55385 Spartanburg.....	1475.	247	4234	—	2432	1119.	551	3515
43905 Sumter.....	407.	326	1550	24.	860	476.	639	1535
..... Saluda.....	628.	60	1241	—	—	—	—	—
25363 Union.....	590.	158	1379	2.	1418	517.	356	1339
27777 Williamsburg.....	900.	855	1570	4.	954	295.	787	1178
38331 York.....	984.	152	2010	4.	1273	356.	819	2212
Total.....	28159.	9281	58798	828.	39507	17278.	13345	54692
Plurality.....	49617				22229			41347
Per cent.....	100.	13.47	85.33	1.20.	69.57	30.43.	18.94	77.62
Total vote.....	28159.		68907		56785			70444

*The McKinley vote includes that of the two republican factions combined. The regular republican vote was 4,223 and the reorganized republican vote was 5,058.

ELECTION RETURNS.

361

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—M. B. McSweeney, Dem.	28,241
Secretary of State—	
M. R. Cooper, Dem.	28,234
Attorney-General—	
G. Duncan Bellinger, Dem.	28,245
Treasurer—W. H. Timmerman, Dem.	28,249
Comptroller-General—	
J. P. Derham, Dem.	28,249
Superintendent of Education—	
J. J. McMahan, Dem.	28,229
Adjutant and Inspector General—	
J. W. Floyd, Dem.	28,237
Railroad Commissioner—	
C. W. Garris, Dem.	28,242

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Parts of the counties of Berkeley, Charleston, Colleton, Orangeburg and all of Lexington.	
William Elliott, Dem.	3,030
G. W. Murray, Rep.	1,529
2. Counties of Aiken, Barnwell, Edgefield, Hampton and part of Colleton.	
W. J. Talbert, Dem.	4,016
B. P. Chatfield, Rep.	122
3. Counties of Abbeville, Anderson, Newberry, Oconee and Pickens.	

A. C. Latimer, Dem.	4,029
R. R. Tolbert, Rep.	332
4. Counties of Fairfield, Greenville, Laurens and parts of Richland, Spartanburg and Union.	
Stanyarne Wilson, Dem.	4,467
P. S. Suber, Rep.	165
5. Counties of Chester, Chesterfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, York and parts of Union and Spartanburg.	
D. E. Finley, Dem.	4,230
6. Counties of Clarendon, Darlington, Horry, Marlboro, Marlen, Florence and part of Williamsburg.	
James Norton, Dem.	4,765
H. Evans, Rep.	151
7. Parts of counties of Richland, Colleton, Orangeburg, Williamsburg and Charleston.	
J. W. Stokes, Dem.	4,433
James Weston, Rep.	505

LEGISLATURE.

	1897-8.		1898-9.	
	Sen.	Ho.	Sen.	Ho.
Republicans...	1	1	1	1
Democrats...	36	123	150	29
Cons'rv.Dem's...	—	—	7	17

SOUTH DAKOTA (Population 328,808).

COUNTIES. (79)	Gov. 1898			PRES. 1896			Gov. 1894		
	Rep. Phillips.	Fus. Lee.	Pro. Lewis.	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryan.	Pro. Levering.	Rep. Sheldon.	Dem. Ward.	Pro. Howe.
5045 Aurora.....	358	500	17.	387	479	12.	442	157	350
9586 Beadle.....	982	844	22.	935	915	26.	1118	189	582
9057 Bon Homme.....	922	773	9.	1163	893	7.	1054	162	728
..... Boreman.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10132 Brookings.....	954	1306	72.	1263	1288	42.	1070	129	1008
16855 Brown.....	1662	1649	34.	1618	1867	21.	1730	264	1613
6737 Brule.....	479	689	10.	441	668	5.	613	483	242
998 Buffalo.....	60	85	—	68	79	—	100	6	74
1037 Butte.....	290	206	2.	222	286	2.	275	45	241
3510 Campbell.....	564	310	6.	449	369	4.	541	17	893
4178 Charles Mix.....	647	783	8.	698	594	11.	503	100	331
8 Choteau.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6728 Clark.....	638	825	51.	695	816	33.	802	98	702
7509 Clay.....	982	1126	23.	1238	1061	21.	1012	112	876
7037 Coddington.....	813	808	25.	1041	759	23.	1104	424	161
4891 Custer.....	370	361	7.	429	515	3.	528	222	290
5149 Davison.....	623	708	23.	616	733	16.	637	86	678
9168 Day.....	878	1154	33.	1174	1230	35.	1061	95	1167
40 Delano.....	—	—	—	4	1	—	—	—	—
4574 Deuel.....	500	707	4.	698	668	4.	575	137	485
..... Dewey.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4600 Douglas.....	484	509	8.	533	380	5.	624	73	396
4399 Edmunds.....	431	542	18.	371	510	7.	501	209	285
16 Ewing.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4478 Fall River.....	420	347	6.	532	555	4.	636	227	192
4062 Faulk.....	471	327	15.	430	237	4.	608	121	149
6814 Grant.....	838	610	24.	1029	902	21.	973	63	673
295 Gregory.....	189	116	1.	110	116	—	—	—	—
4625 Hamlin.....	568	521	25.	702	559	13.	688	73	457
3546 Hand.....	488	564	11.	451	567	8.	639	59	586
4257 Hansen.....	348	552	7.	420	658	6.	413	339	391
167 Harding.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5044 Hughes.....	437	307	3.	402	327	3.	529	104	81
10469 Hutchinson.....	1094	343	10.	1413	458	14.	1366	329	66
1830 Hyde.....	209	111	5.	223	121	2.	237	44	60
30 Jackson.....	—	—	—	18	30	—	—	—	—
3905 Jerauld.....	287	336	17.	274	336	9.	297	21	377
8562 Kingsbury.....	844	917	44.	950	1051	28.	818	117	925
7508 Lake.....	751	839	18.	864	969	11.	766	109	744
11673 Lawrence.....	2581	2212	29.	2210	2905	35.	1881	496	1612
9143 Lincoln.....	1100	1149	21.	1516	1393	14.	1424	189	830
..... Lugenebeel.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
233 Lyman.....	125	105	—	114	78	1.	139	45	53
4514 Marshall.....	545	656	23.	553	694	16.	404	60	456
6448 McCook.....	618	810	9.	678	1047	12.	671	467	516
5049 McPherson.....	776	236	3.	512	361	6.	772	78	273
7 Martin.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4640 Meade.....	473	630	1.	550	802	4.	425	206	531
..... Meyer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Population.	Phillips.	Lee.	Lewis.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Sheldon.	Ward.	Howe.	Alexander.
5165 Miner.....	412	714	8..	582	705	5..	541	299	378	11
21879 Minnehaha.....	2630	2369	75..	2429	2967	56..	2580	646	1379	71
5941 Moody.....	702	874	5..	780	1012	7..	764	62	662	21
149 Nowlin.....	—	—	—	16	23	—	—	—	—	—
6540 Pennington.....	764	760	8..	739	1038	8..	732	202	610	11
2910 Potter.....	286	409	4..	333	390	5..	359	107	212	3
23 Pratt.....	—	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	—	—
811 Prescho.....	—	—	—	67	43	1..	—	—	—	—
34 Pyatt.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Rhinehart.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1997 Roberts.....	1245	893	37..	1324	929	22..	1065	75	576	23
..... Rusk.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
4610 Sanborn.....	441	533	14..	530	500	15..	509	44	512	21
..... Schnasse.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
32 Scooby.....	—	—	—	8	4	—	—	—	—	—
..... Shannon.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10581 Spink.....	1079	1071	32..	1132	1061	13..	1211	109	1046	40
1028 Stanley.....	76	129	—	89	140	2..	115	79	9	2
96 Sterling.....	—	—	—	17	19	—	—	—	—	—
2412 Sully.....	241	228	4..	262	198	5..	296	28	185	4
188 Todd.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
..... Tripp.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10256 Turner.....	1226	725	12..	1616	950	21..	1486	386	332	40
9130 Union.....	882	1424	24..	1297	1491	17..	1135	215	1002	13
..... Wagner.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2153 Walworth.....	367	329	5..	250	286	5..	322	27	252	6
..... Washabaugh.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
40 Washington.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10444 Yankton.....	1146	1147	15..	1432	1330	16..	1320	322	859	13
510 Ziebach.....	—	—	—	14	18	—	—	—	—	—
..... Unorganized counties.....	243	241	4..	77	108	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	36949	37319	891..	41042	41225	683..	40401	8756	26568	1011
Plurality.....	—	370	—	—	183	—	13833	—	—	—
Percent.....	49.29	49.77	1.00..	49.47	49.69	.84..	52.64	11.41	34.26	1.33
Total vote.....	—	74359	—	—	82950	—	70736	—	—	—

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1899.

Justice Superior Court—	
Dwight Carson, Rep.....	24,210
Howard G. Fuller, Rep.....	23,690
Dick Haney, Rep.....	24,064
Edmond Smith, Fus.....	17,970
C. B. Kennedy, Fus.....	13,035
Julian Bennett, Fus.....	13,601

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

Robert J. Gamble, Rep.....	38,780
Charles H. Burke, Rep.....	36,295

Freman Knowles, Fus.....	32,240
J. E. Kelly, Fus.....	32,314
A. Jamison, Pro.....	882
M. D. Alexander, Pro.....	856

LEGISLATURE.

1898-99.

1896-97.

Sen. Ho. J.B..Sen. Ho. J.B.

Republicans.....	28	59	87..	18	38	56
Fusionists.....	17	28	45..	—	—	—
People's.....	—	—	—	26	46	72

TENNESSEE (Population 1,767,518).

Population.	GOVERNOR 1898				PRESIDENT 1896				Gov. 1894			
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Pop.	G. D. Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.
15128 Anderson.....	1160	501	—	—	2224	745	—	22	5..	1592	563	16
24739 Bedford.....	985	1757	8	6..	2151	2575	21	70	50..	1596	1670	199
11230 Benton.....	447	1003	24	14..	769	1364	101	1	12..	699	912	214
6134 Bledsoe.....	372	369	—	—	785	478	—	12	—	765	440	3
17589 Blount.....	1274	555	—	19..	2652	970	—	3	48..	2232	643	58
13607 Bradley.....	1033	669	—	19..	1725	1057	—	5	45..	1547	770	86
13486 Campbell.....	1300	386	—	3..	2389	571	—	11	13..	1803	346	21
12197 Cannon.....	469	835	—	—	778	1276	—	10	—	627	829	93
23630 Carroll.....	1578	1412	197	38..	2577	2090	203	6	61..	2394	1642	392
13339 Carter.....	1810	382	—	48..	2700	445	—	29	35..	2018	517	11
8845 Cheatham.....	254	994	2	14..	496	1165	64	30	9..	380	730	479
9069 Chester.....	360	657	60	4..	607	910	168	2	14..	545	639	280
15103 Claiborne.....	871	1108	—	—	2230	1152	—	8	8..	1480	888	90
7260 Clay.....	341	637	1	1..	548	836	—	1	22..	409	607	65
16523 Cocke.....	1262	755	—	6..	2582	980	—	5	—	1930	690	161
13827 Coffee.....	288	1006	14	9..	639	1891	—	29	52..	461	955	278
15146 Crockett.....	413	950	—	25..	1166	1655	10	—	34..	1043	924	88
5376 Cumberland.....	457	373	—	2..	800	418	—	6	1..	688	310	7
108174 Davidson.....	863	4202	42	99..	5720	7374	137	269	159..	2738	5412	1491
8965 Decatur.....	412	672	—	—	890	977	20	—	2..	760	758	61
15630 DeKalb.....	1256	1421	1	19..	1633	1626	—	5	28..	1345	1226	108
13645 Dickson.....	474	1131	3	29..	841	1938	38	14	36..	508	920	337
19878 Dyer.....	266	1131	9	25..	868	2318	271	15	44..	518	1240	599
28878 Fayette.....	29	2312	2	—	1316	2355	18	22	9..	306	1701	110
5226 Fentress.....	645	303	—	—	798	297	4	9	—	617	189	93
18929 Franklin.....	430	1512	25	57..	834	2502	82	34	50..	598	1476	738
35859 Gibson.....	607	2048	62	126..	1955	3008	295	7	216..	1257	2224	688
34957 Giles.....	736	2099	36	2..	2372	3931	61	21	21..	1030	1933	335
13196 Granger.....	969	656	—	—	1863	1001	1	—	5..	1152	466	145
28614 Greene.....	2917	2747	1	11..	3577	2726	—	8	53..	2559	1606	121

ELECTION RETURNS.

363

Population.	Fowler.	McMillin.	Rich'dson.	Turnley.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Levering.	Evans.	Turney.	Mims.
6345 Grundy.....	145	613	1	2..	286	991	6	12	17..	211	711	77
11418 Hamblen.....	866	668	—	—	13..	1506	1033	—	5	27..	1134	647
53482 Hamilton.....	2060	2206	37	48..	4468	3654	65	96	121..	5010	2851	284
10342 Hancock.....	835	328	—	—	1490	456	—	—	7..	900	254	74
21029 Hardeman.....	723	1435	9	—	1427	2129	105	46	1..	512	1130	440
17638 Hardin.....	853	850	6	—	1165	1329	3	2	7..	1852	1008	35
22246 Hawkins.....	1615	1637	1	6..	2824	1723	—	16	13..	2063	1377	78
25538 Haywood.....	4	805	—	—	624	2363	29	18	2..	76	947	164
16336 Henderson.....	1046	793	5	105..	2069	1316	—	—	40..	1760	902	85
21070 Henry.....	402	1566	9	34..	1473	2976	101	17	14..	1208	2118	343
14499 Hickman.....	344	1043	16	5..	988	1523	30	12	13..	688	870	233
5390 Houston.....	182	621	2	25..	843	879	17	15	23..	237	481	110
11720 Humphreys.....	294	1053	6	51..	465	1507	97	6	10..	276	745	405
13325 Jackson.....	677	1285	39	—	754	1723	24	1	—	481	1141	336
4903 James.....	313	172	1	1..	647	327	—	2	4..	626	207	30
16478 Jefferson.....	1566	651	1	1..	2638	881	21	13	9..	2328	740	79
8858 Johnson.....	1045	172	—	10..	1683	224	—	—	5..	1191	177	1
53557 Knox.....	2916	2373	17	20..	6243	4006	14	55	117..	4597	3274	170
5304 Lake.....	30	309	—	—	126	811	—	6	11..	29	265	19
18756 Lauderdale.....	156	894	40	10..	709	2072	172	33	7..	261	1335	468
12286 Lawrence.....	676	841	—	3..	1263	1376	—	7	—	1015	1021	4
2555 Lewis.....	96	294	—	—	204	311	18	—	—	140	182	15
27382 Lincoln.....	404	1770	124	147..	992	3186	83	40	120..	724	1720	904
9273 London.....	711	364	2	8..	1447	594	—	3	11..	1254	830	77
10878 Macon.....	854	570	4	5..	1324	838	31	—	—	932	457	43
17840 McMinn.....	1432	1001	15	60..	2235	1388	—	12	34..	1942	1174	95
15510 McNairy.....	1038	1030	50	4..	1023	1460	56	—	—	1170	798	232
50497 Madison.....	210	2188	125	17..	1024	3480	221	15	17..	584	2556	462
15411 Marion.....	883	861	—	1..	1801	1320	—	25	5..	1578	967	40
18406 Marshall.....	625	1816	113	86..	849	2525	309	14	57..	648	2089	536
38112 Maury.....	124	2617	17	30..	2537	2860	91	33	59..	1312	2043	443
6330 Meigs.....	781	547	3	—	641	712	9	4	2..	550	536	80
15329 Monroe.....	1148	1108	3	18..	1634	1569	9	9	47..	1489	1245	79
24697 Montgomery.....	874	1465	15	438..	2664	2734	70	101	252..	1726	1557	867
5475 Moore.....	54	572	—	21..	78	890	52	2	23..	47	542	179
7639 Morgan.....	712	405	—	—	1140	452	—	15	19..	792	249	47
27273 Obion.....	335	1519	127	78..	1147	3529	246	41	98..	712	1736	747
12069 Overton.....	647	1233	2	2..	761	1485	10	1	—	685	1088	36
7785 Perry.....	315	517	1	—	572	993	7	1	—	554	673	45
4736 Pickett.....	425	362	—	—	544	304	—	—	—	452	399	—
8361 Polk.....	453	530	5	—	947	749	—	3	3..	763	537	43
13383 Putnam.....	829	1336	21	10..	1097	1720	30	4	14..	875	1086	195
12647 Rhea.....	968	884	3	14..	1324	1118	6	18	46..	1122	874	52
17418 Roane.....	1196	440	1	111..	3026	803	18	14	142..	2320	616	185
20078 Robertson.....	684	1710	3	191..	1386	2918	25	15	182..	809	1360	651
35097 Rutherford.....	913	1814	54	7..	2203	3084	318	59	23..	1781	1958	1127
9794 Scott.....	1177	175	—	—	1691	209	—	—	7..	1596	131	3
3027 Sequatchie.....	127	291	—	—	241	386	—	—	3..	213	343	21
18761 Sevier.....	1948	263	—	3..	3376	423	—	4	13..	2911	372	28
5122 Shelby.....	1632	3331	32	—	5122	5734	96	215	42..	796	2724	163
18404 Smith.....	880	1732	30	43..	1064	2414	—	6	20..	859	1606	540
12193 Stewart.....	220	989	1	13..	648	1620	22	—	9..	378	871	423
20679 Sullivan.....	1268	1899	1	36..	1914	2512	—	3	53..	1550	1914	194
23668 Sumner.....	394	1775	91	12..	1215	3019	152	48	11..	618	1682	524
24271 Tipton.....	89	1180	2	9..	1894	2119	—	123	13..	235	1736	684
5850 Trousdale.....	157	606	15	1..	313	747	22	4	—	222	506	67
4619 Unicoi.....	363	66	—	7..	804	89	—	3	7..	669	93	2
11459 Union.....	919	366	—	—	1862	599	—	2	2..	1579	464	68
2863 Van Buren.....	115	324	—	—	140	419	—	9	5..	91	300	46
14413 Warren.....	511	1345	22	13..	842	2069	2	21	39..	668	1280	399
20354 Washington.....	1519	1056	8	31..	2807	1690	1	18	43..	1922	1277	34
11471 Wayne.....	855	507	1	10..	1505	734	14	—	10..	1113	426	31
28355 Weakley.....	1211	2165	59	43..	2003	3756	178	3	99..	1297	1882	476
12348 White.....	271	1238	3	6..	617	1752	87	9	16..	550	1302	353
26521 Williamson.....	240	1700	87	11..	1281	2935	162	17	51..	474	1675	597
27148 Wilson.....	663	2445	5	10..	1568	3434	2	19	17..	884	1303	237

Total.....	72611	105640	1722	2411..	148773	163651	4525	1951	3038..	105104	104356	23092
Plurality.....		39029				19403				748		
Per cent.....	39.84	57.92	.93	1.31..	46.21	50.80	1.39	.65	.96..	45.19	44.87	9.94
Total vote.....		182384				321938				232552		

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1893.

Railroad Commissioners—

N. W. Baptist, Dem. (6 years).....	104,246
J. N. McKenzie, Dem. (4 years).....	103,566
T. L. Williams, Dem. (2 years).....	103,285
James A. Greer, Rep. (6 years).....	71,028
Zack Taylor, Rep. (4 years).....	70,885
It. A. Haggard, Rep. (2 years).....	69,766

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1893.

1. The counties of Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Haw-

king, Johnson, Sullivan, Unicoi and Washington.

W. P. Brownlow, Rep.....	14,616
H. H. Gouchenour, Dem.....	11,732
James Coumly, Pro.....	245

2. The counties of Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier and Union.

11. R. Gibson, Rep.....	13,848
J. M. Davis, Dem.....	6,908
Scattering	128

3. The counties of Bledsoe, Bradley, Franklin, Grundy, Hamilton, James, McMinn, Marion, Meigs, Monroe, Polk, Sequatchie, Van Buren, Warren and White.

John A. Moon, Dem.....13,347
Gus Cate, Rep.....9,209
W. A. Whitmore, Pop.....161

4. The counties of Clay, Cumberland, Fentress, Jackson, Macon, Overton, Pickett, Putnam, Rhea, Smith, Sumner, Tronsdale and Wilson.

C. E. Snodgrass, Dem.....13,413
George H. Morgan, Rep.....8,122

5. The counties of Bedford, Coffee, Cannon, DeKalb, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore and Rutherford.

J. D. Richardson, Dem.....11,087
W. Y. Elliott, Rep.....4,860

6. The counties of Cheatham, Davidson, Houston, Humphreys, Montgomery, Robertson and Stewart.

J. W. Gaines, Dem.....11,539
J. C. Napier, Rep.....2,088
N. P. Gill, Pro.....1,021

7. The counties of Dickson, Giles, Hickman, Lawrence, Lewis, Maury, Wayne and Williamson.

N. N. Cox, Dem.....9,590
J. A. Cunningham, Ind.....4,059

8. The counties of Benton, Carroll, Chester, Decatur, Hardin, Henderson, Henry, Madison, McNairy and Perry.

T. W. Sims, Dem.....10,747
W. F. Hinkle, Rep.....6,579
T. J. Brooks, Pop.....524

9. The counties of Crockett, Dyer, Gibson, Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Obion, Weakley.

R. A. Pierce, Dem.....9,860
Ike Revelle, Rep.....2,728
E. F. Talley, Pop.....246

10. The counties of Fayette, Hardeman, Shelby and Tipton.

E. W. Carmack, Dem.....8,489
J. W. Vernon, Rep.....1,873
J. T. Brooks, Pop.....43

LEGISLATURE.

	Sen.	1899.	Ho.	J.B..	Sen.	1898.	Ho.	J.B..
Republicans	5	22	27	8	32	40		
Democrats	23	77	105	25	63	88		
People's	—	—	—	—	4	4		

TEXAS (Population 2,235,523).

COUNTIES.	Population.	GOV. 1898				*PRES. 1896				+GOV. 1896			
		Dem.	Pro.	S.-L.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Dem.	Pro.	Pop.	Dem.	Pro.	Pro.
20823 Anderson	2765	893	68	—	1956	2723	305	2050	1801	—	—	—	—
24 Andrews	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6306 Angelina	1406	526	16	—	351	1318	550	1225	992	6	—	—	—
1824 Aransas	285	56	—	—	160	309	14	200	231	—	—	—	—
2101 Archer	492	63	1	—	56	462	40	370	131	6	—	—	—
944 Armstrong	163	57	2	—	8	123	62	102	99	—	—	—	—
6459 Atascosa	748	193	2	—	96	1004	246	863	530	4	—	—	—
17859 Austin	2361	791	1	6	2185	1545	118	1907	1838	—	—	—	—
— Bailey	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3782 Bandera	551	340	—	—	149	478	151	492	226	—	—	—	—
20736 Bastrop	2211	2032	29	—	2016	1732	989	1808	2883	23	—	—	—
2595 Baylor	364	13	11	—	72	388	25	364	124	2	—	—	—
3720 Bee	439	257	1	—	229	1203	116	1090	336	—	—	—	—
33237 Bell	4104	1549	17	6	1741	5433	1628	4680	3398	21	—	—	—
49266 Bexar	7736	1082	87	273	5001	5870	297	5354	2529	54	—	—	—
4635 Blanco	515	358	5	—	243	414	243	444	469	—	—	—	—
222 Borden	99	37	—	—	8	81	19	58	42	—	—	—	—
14157 Bosque	1671	989	17	—	875	1739	717	1746	1651	1	—	—	—
20267 Bowie	2714	1111	—	—	1922	2108	503	2413	2289	—	—	—	—
11506 Brazoria	2836	324	4	—	1562	1261	106	1010	1491	10	—	—	—
10650 Brazos	2895	324	1	—	1349	1636	204	1914	1924	—	—	—	—
710 Brewster	420	4	—	—	79	219	1	209	68	—	—	—	—
— Briscoe	137	70	—	—	2	493	82	72	96	35	—	—	—
11359 Brown	1436	772	12	—	328	1753	736	1546	1255	23	—	—	—
807 Buchel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
13901 Burleson	2336	466	11	19	1605	1628	169	1691	1621	4	—	—	—
10721 Burnet	1103	701	4	—	269	1210	435	1027	991	6	—	—	—
15769 Caldwell	2162	1109	30	—	778	1923	724	1903	1548	12	—	—	—
815 Calhoun	341	120	—	—	69	275	21	221	167	2	—	—	—
5434 Callahan	821	498	—	—	123	839	409	827	637	—	—	—	—
14434 Cameron	3077	—	—	—	1374	1732	—	1811	806	—	—	—	—
6624 Camp	800	437	—	—	825	536	2	783	870	—	—	—	—
856 Carson	110	1	—	—	7	97	6	93	21	—	—	—	—
22554 Cass	1967	1212	11	—	1742	1658	743	2175	2073	—	—	—	—
9 Castro	87	—	—	—	8	80	—	84	7	—	—	—	—
2241 Chambers	358	104	—	—	201	325	99	317	189	—	—	—	—
22375 Cherokee	2142	1765	—	—	1611	1905	353	2069	1690	11	—	—	—
1175 Childress	343	64	—	—	27	300	85	389	83	1	—	—	—
7503 Clay	1162	332	78	—	234	1145	333	1118	618	5	—	—	—
— Cochran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2079 Coke	302	268	4	—	33	292	180	251	247	8	—	—	—
6088 Coleman	925	385	1	—	159	1003	400	950	614	11	—	—	—
36736 Collin	3614	1458	57	—	1391	6161	1436	5708	3855	44	—	—	—
357 Collinsworth	173	64	—	—	3	143	53	121	48	—	—	—	—
19512 Colorado	3783	353	—	—	2045	1588	340	1726	2237	—	—	—	—
6388 Comal	1343	8	—	—	1081	252	16	1154	149	—	—	—	—
16393 Comanche	1067	2169	22	—	158	1361	1173	1556	1713	6	—	—	—
1059 Concho	158	41	—	—	17	40	2	121	76	1	—	—	—
24696 Cooke	2082	440	24	—	827	3502	875	3404	1764	18	—	—	—
16816 Coryell	2091	1276	14	—	488	2229	1255	2200	1854	3	—	—	—

ELECTION RETURNS.

365

Population.	Sayers.	Gibbs.	Bailey.	Royal.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Culbertson.	Kearby.	Clark.
240 Cottle.....	114	33	—	—	5	104	12.	—	—	—
194 Crane.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
194 Crockett.....	402	1	—	—	215	160	—	161	212	—
846 Crosby.....	—	—	—	—	4	96	5.	93	19	—
75 Dallam.....	35	—	—	—	7	36	—	37	7	—
67042 Dallas.....	6791	2531	215	37.	5655	9203	863.	7750	7872	170
29 Dawson.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
179 Deaf Smith.....	104	3	—	—	3	100	8.	91	16	—
9117 Delta.....	1222	1473	5	—	307	951	718.	980	1320	—
21189 Denton.....	1983	230	11	—	949	3944	489.	3789	1654	21
14307 DeWitt.....	2191	1085	7	1.	1776	1775	292.	1552	1948	1
235 Dickens.....	146	41	—	—	12	83	13.	74	53	—
1049 Dimmit.....	162	63	—	—	64	73	73.	66	122	—
1056 Donley.....	322	103	5	—	66	196	84.	198	131	3
7598 Duval.....	997	—	—	—	790	421	—	250	770	—
10343 Eastland.....	1499	1183	47	—	237	1593	985.	1471	1356	17
224 Ector.....	111	9	—	—	8	68	—	60	9	—
1962 Edwards.....	381	131	—	—	130	345	39.	314	187	1
31774 Ellis.....	3731	1602	32	1.	1763	6501	1989.	6113	4290	—
15678 El Paso.....	2272	23	—	—	1246	2307	—	2121	1585	—
1022 Encinal.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21515 Erath.....	2407	2010	96	—	923	2460	1805.	2278	2900	28
20706 Falls.....	3482	1780	—	—	2734	3185	437.	3657	2847	—
38709 Fannin.....	35	1812	12	—	239	5704	1494.	5341	4336	12
31481 Fayette.....	4731	1268	—	9.	3338	2397	505.	4236	2454	1
2996 Fisher.....	323	268	—	—	44	303	151.	279	217	7
529 Floyd.....	185	86	—	—	18	198	83.	177	120	—
16 Foard.....	187	129	—	—	42	145	113.	136	164	—
10586 Fort Bend.....	2267	128	3	—	2228	847	45.	2206	441	—
6481 Franklin.....	739	225	2	—	76	973	391.	937	525	2
15987 Freestone.....	1629	755	10	—	1345	1509	521.	1885	1498	—
3112 Frio.....	520	154	2	—	197	620	53.	486	386	—
68 Gaines.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
31476 Galveston.....	5879	662	179	100.	4613	4406	187.	4206	3971	120
14 Garza.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7028 Gillespie.....	1062	235	—	—	1064	349	109.	905	576	—
208 Glasscock.....	46	17	—	—	49	38	5.	40	56	—
5910 Goliad.....	812	457	—	—	637	566	241.	548	857	—
18016 Gonzales.....	2913	2088	11	—	645	2292	1522.	1816	2410	—
203 Gray.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
53211 Grayson.....	3950	511	64	12.	3353	7743	1158.	7596	4517	37
Greer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9402 Gregg.....	846	361	—	—	881	658	193.	1174	786	—
21312 Grimes.....	2224	2371	1	—	2017	1752	715.	1981	2524	1
15217 Guadalupe.....	2500	712	—	—	2229	1199	111.	1591	1609	2
721 Hale.....	210	74	—	—	23	220	55.	204	90	1
703 Hall.....	264	58	17	—	23	261	22.	175	25	—
9279 Hamilton.....	1144	1091	37	—	354	1181	773.	1050	1286	18
133 Hansford.....	21	3	—	—	17	15	1.	17	16	—
3904 Hardeman.....	335	93	3	—	49	480	27.	422	159	2
3956 Hardin.....	702	42	5	—	245	660	62.	622	213	—
37249 Harris.....	6275	610	180	72.	5765	6103	72.	6242	5352	30
26721 Harrison.....	3803	61	—	—	1535	2076	54.	4524	681	25
252 Hartley.....	111	12	—	—	19	91	6.	74	35	—
1695 Haskell.....	342	95	—	—	16	275	41.	238	88	2
11352 Hays.....	1508	486	13	—	692	1609	204.	1306	714	10
519 Hemphill.....	152	2	—	—	39	111	3.	79	43	—
12285 Henderson.....	1764	801	—	—	664	1665	881.	1648	1561	—
6534 Hidalgo.....	1247	—	—	—	151	1083	—	1216	—	—
27583 Hill.....	3680	2014	58	—	1195	4948	2177.	4607	3471	64
Hockley.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7581 Hood.....	908	620	5	—	183	973	527.	897	733	37
20572 Hopkins.....	2374	1751	44	—	1475	2424	517.	2532	2338	66
19390 Houston.....	1985	491	1	—	1236	2419	866.	2533	2065	3
1210 Howard.....	235	131	—	—	110	247	68.	200	183	—
31885 Hunt.....	3393	1380	17	—	1830	5328	986.	5205	3214	20
Hutchinson.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
870 Irion.....	142	14	—	—	45	157	—	155	42	—
9740 Jack.....	877	773	21	—	223	1004	714.	1016	951	13
3281 Jackson.....	574	441	—	—	458	418	188.	425	643	—
5592 Jasper.....	684	405	2	—	367	573	252.	738	286	11
1394 Jeff Davis.....	246	—	—	—	102	48	—	84	69	—
5857 Jefferson.....	—	—	—	—	942	1038	123.	1015	1072	—
22313 Johnson.....	3370	2043	21	—	869	3736	1629.	3346	2966	6
3797 Jones.....	512	419	—	—	44	536	360.	478	468	1
3637 Karnes.....	850	476	2	—	389	840	529.	885	792	—
21598 Kaufman.....	2882	776	13	—	1211	3734	836.	3616	2175	10
3909 Kendall.....	508	229	—	—	506	216	51.	275	461	—
324 Kent.....	95	49	1	—	112	217	20.	88	19	—
4445 Kerr.....	743	78	9	—	391	485	108.	584	396	—
2234 Kimble.....	299	165	2	—	96	325	—	261	166	—
173 King.....	102	1	—	—	1	—	—	81	9	—
3781 Kinney.....	297	5	—	—	467	149	—	158	450	—
1134 Knox.....	296	96	—	—	18	237	55.	180	104	—

Population.	Sayers.	Gibbs.	Bailey.	Royal.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Culberson.	Kearby.	Clark.
37302 Lamar.....	3200	1336	6	—	2191	4621	1350.	4402	3453	—
..... Lamb.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7565 Lampasas.....	887	502	14	6.	290	677	473.	565	824	12
2139 LaSalle.....	361	21	—	—	261	245	—	283	127	—
21887 Lavaca.....	3221	1406	2	—	1476	2069	1206.	2777	1837	1
11352 Lee.....	1326	1177	7	—	1329	980	267.	932	1061	8
13841 Leon.....	1549	1081	—	—	1012	1518	537.	1477	1583	—
4230 Liberty.....	373	351	4	—	463	700	190.	764	530	—
21678 Limestone.....	2729	1064	30	—	1169	3153	1787.	3507	2759	37
632 Lipscomb.....	129	6	—	—	30	98	2.	97	34	—
2055 Live Oak.....	376	104	2	—	50	417	89.	405	160	—
6759 Llano.....	736	430	17	—	149	858	297.	650	500	—
3 Loving.....	—	—	—	—	30	50	4.	—	—	—
33 Lubbock.....	122	1	1	—	7	87	6.	89	10	—
24 Lynn.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8512 Madison.....	748	690	3	—	239	730	622.	935	786	—
10862 Marion.....	429	454	—	—	1408	611	93.	1167	859	—
244 Martin.....	113	6	—	—	22	97	—	97	23	—
5168 Mason.....	624	397	1	—	292	496	—	300	445	—
3985 Matagorda.....	627	67	—	—	561	449	222.	213	80	—
3688 Maverick.....	706	—	1	—	317	517	1.	671	153	—
3205 McCulloch.....	477	207	1	3.	132	394	180.	367	322	—
39204 McLennan.....	3657	1116	65	13.	4126	6511	873.	6242	4931	97
1038 McMullen.....	195	9	—	—	53	141	7.	120	51	—
5730 Medina.....	1085	248	—	—	590	792	84.	712	753	—
1207 Menard.....	381	73	1	—	124	294	55.	206	256	—
1033 Midland.....	307	37	10	—	45	272	17.	273	64	3
21773 Milam.....	3911	1835	—	—	2190	3690	994.	3812	3533	11
5480 Mills.....	685	555	4	3.	180	694	537.	506	731	—
2059 Mitchell.....	473	92	4	—	147	358	30.	297	214	5
18883 Montague.....	2254	689	14	—	375	3532	1063.	3121	1871	24
11765 Montgomery.....	1288	500	6	—	933	1489	44.	1570	1283	—
15 Moore.....	18	11	—	—	3	24	12.	15	24	—
6580 Morris.....	897	461	—	—	506	784	220.	833	623	—
139 Motley.....	183	12	—	—	7	134	23.	101	55	—
15984 Nacogdoches.....	1976	1808	—	—	830	1766	1123.	1808	2091	6
26373 Navarro.....	3382	2323	43	—	2113	3835	2103.	4225	3952	57
4650 Newton.....	919	115	7	—	345	508	117.	585	370	13
1573 Nolan.....	358	158	—	—	26	293	93.	196	108	—
8093 Nueces.....	1896	110	—	—	554	1525	10.	1488	581	—
198 Ochiltree.....	40	1	—	—	9	28	1.	25	13	—
270 Oldham.....	92	—	—	—	2	69	6.	70	6	—
4770 Orange.....	770	314	14	—	436	735	60.	786	490	7
8320 Palo Pinto.....	1057	781	44	—	196	1156	728.	986	1084	—
14328 Panola.....	1376	226	—	—	291	2219	376.	2236	610	—
21682 Parker.....	2342	1631	13	—	637	3111	1332.	2015	2112	34
7 Parmer.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1326 Pecos.....	296	—	—	—	60	196	1.	193	63	—
10332 Polk.....	1283	903	8	—	589	1273	625.	1284	1153	2
849 Potter.....	264	56	—	1.	52	228	71.	215	131	—
1698 Presidio.....	824	2	2	—	418	517	—	538	397	—
3909 Rains.....	520	519	—	—	215	581	247.	418	643	3
187 Randall.....	118	37	—	—	1	94	30.	117	94	—
21452 Red River.....	3179	2638	17	—	1560	2900	731.	2728	2515	—
1247 Reeves.....	483	13	—	—	45	605	12.	576	71	—
1239 Refugio.....	309	32	—	—	147	173	6.	192	124	—
326 Roberts.....	169	33	—	—	19	123	15.	138	36	—
26506 Robertson.....	2784	272	3	—	2990	2447	422.	2928	2915	5
5072 Rockwall.....	718	240	16	—	267	1144	139.	1108	436	36
3182 Runnels.....	452	206	10	2.	109	418	197.	410	316	4
18559 Rusk.....	2278	812	2	—	1674	2181	473.	1224	2051	1
4969 Sabine.....	630	554	4	—	83	462	502.	496	636	7
6688 San Augustine.....	506	756	—	—	265	657	592.	657	338	—
7360 San Jacinto.....	1030	325	—	—	770	710	215.	678	1009	—
1312 San Patricio.....	400	27	2	—	71	531	26.	478	141	—
6621 San Saba.....	571	524	2	—	118	711	471.	630	675	1
155 Schleicher.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1115 Scurry.....	306	317	5	—	39	177	156.	616	159	4
2012 Shackelford.....	225	100	—	—	117	238	107.	247	265	—
14365 Shelby.....	1371	370	66	—	186	2162	832.	2031	1037	31
71 Sherman.....	25	—	—	—	8	6	—	6	8	—
28324 Smith.....	3157	1641	14	—	2603	3395	622.	3361	2993	7
3411 Somervell.....	323	357	—	—	23	393	312.	355	384	2
10052 Starr.....	1138	14	—	—	732	1035	—	1466	209	—
4926 Stephens.....	566	475	3	—	13	672	290.	635	581	12
..... Sterling.....	97	111	—	—	22	113	85.	106	108	—
1024 Stonewall.....	—	—	—	—	17	126	78.	117	94	—
658 Sutton.....	315	53	—	—	186	175	—	196	168	—
100 Swisher.....	127	68	—	—	15	115	78.	100	98	—
41112 Tarrant.....	3004	1101	30	—	2293	6882	1093.	6193	3983	47
6916 Taylor.....	1140	705	3	—	246	868	458.	877	971	4
21 Terry.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
902 Throckmorton.....	183	100	2	—	52	185	86.	173	151	—
8190 Titus.....	1081	665	40	—	345	1129	742.	1115	1067	—

ELECTION RETURNS.

367

Population.	Sayers.	Gibbs.	Bailey.	Royal.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Bryan.	Culberson.	Kearby.	Clark.
5152 Tom Green.....	656	59	2	...	465	740	37..	—	—	—
37019 Travis.....	4661	1779	53	15..	4138	3737	232..	4036	4141	115
7648 Trinity.....	910	566	1	...	443	762	508..	922	763	—
10877 Tyler.....	971	213	3	...	430	1273	271..	1337	756	—
12045 Upshur.....	—	—	—	...	822	1466	452..	1539	1257	7
52 Upton.....	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—
3834 Uvalde.....	602	302	—	3..	515	536	2..	533	518	—
2874 Val Verde.....	674	15	1	...	200	408	—	528	284	—
16225 Van Zandt.....	2169	1886	9	...	691	2330	1230..	2232	2208	33
8737 Victoria.....	2002	445	1	...	1338	845	39..	827	1277	—
1874 Walker.....	1552	762	—	...	1057	1205	256..	1251	1318	1
10888 Waller.....	2417	361	1	...	1495	1167	221..	1486	1334	—
77 Ward.....	161	73	—	...	71	93	9..	78	93	—
29161 Washington.....	3519	249	9	...	4198	1654	40..	2711	3167	4
16564 Webb.....	1850	3	—	...	2067	1183	1..	1194	1758	—
7584 Wharton.....	1030	157	1	...	1166	844	46..	1471	881	—
778 Wheeler.....	73	5	—	...	21	77	4..	82	14	—
4331 Wichita.....	948	130	22	...	165	720	80..	536	390	5
7092 Willbarger.....	603	176	29	...	137	743	129..	651	354	18
25878 Williamson.....	3541	1750	74	...	2151	3919	1164..	3965	3591	90
10655 Willson.....	1686	1019	—	...	191	1716	586..	1280	1221	1
18 Winkler.....	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—
24134 Wise.....	2489	1207	9	...	540	3581	1447..	3290	2303	10
13973 Wood.....	1681	949	3	...	778	1750	816..	1899	1553	—
4 Yoakum.....	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—
5049 Young.....	743	215	4	...	99	809	306..	764	443	—
3562 Zapata.....	676	—	—	...	390	14	—	531	42	—
1097 Zavalla.....	105	15	—	...	20	119	18..	115	30	—
Total.....	29158	114955	2437	552..	167520	290862	73572..	296870	234815	1817
Plurality.....	176598	—	—	—	202914	—	—	61055	—	—
Percent.....	71.27	28.07	.59	.11..	30.75	53.39	14.60..	—	—	—
Total vote.....	409492	—	—	—	544786	—	—	—	—	—

*The vote was for McKinley and Hobart electors, Bryan and Sewall electors, Bryan and Watson electors, Palmer and Buckner electors and Levering and Johnson electors.

†Three state tickets were voted—headed respectively by Charles A. Culberson, Dem., Jerome C. Kearby, Pop-Rop., and Randolph Clark, Pro., for governor. Fusion was not generally regarded by the populists and republicans, many thousand colored voters supporting Culberson on account of dissatisfaction with the school provision in the platform of the populists who nominated Kearby.

In 1896 Palmer, Nat. Dem., received 5,046 and Levering, Pro., 1,786 votes for president. Counties for which no returns are given are unorganized and held no elections.

OTHER STATE OFFICERS ELECTED, 1898.

Lieutenant-Governor—J. N. Browning, Dem.
 Attorney-General—Thos. S. Smith, Dem.
 Comptroller—R. W. Finley, Dem.
 Treasurer—John W. Robbins, Dem.
 Land Commissioner—Geo. W. Flinger, Dem.
 Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. S. Kendall, Dem.
 Associate Justice of Supreme Court—Thos. J. Brown, Dem.
 Judge Court of Criminal Appeals—M. M. Brooks, Dem.
 Railroad Commissioner—Allison Mayfield, Dem.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Chambers, Freestone, Grimes, Harris, Leon, Madison, Montgomery, Trinity, Walker and Waller.

Blackwell, Rep..... 5,751
 T. H. Ball, Dem..... 18,544
 J. H. Eagles, Peo..... 3,289

2. The counties of Anderson, Angelina, Cherokee, Hardin, Harrison, Houston, Jasper, Jefferson, Liberty, Nacogdoches, Newton, Orange, Panola, Polk, Sabine, St. Augustine, San Jacinto, Shelby, Tyler.

J. A. McAyreal, Rep..... 2,093
 S. B. Cooper, Dem..... 22,086
 O. H. Russell, Peo..... 7,391

3. The counties of Gregg, Henderson, Hunt, Rains, Rockwall, Rusk, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt and Wood.

R. C. DeGraffenried, Dem..... 17,996
 H. B. Wood, Peo..... 9,169

4. The counties of Bowie, Camp, Cass, Delta, Franklin, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Red River and Titus.

J. L. Shepard, Dem..... 13,190
 J. L. Whittle, Peo..... 10,709

5. The counties of Collin, Cooke, Denton, Fannin, Grayson and Montague.

A. W. Acheson, Rep..... 1,487
 J. W. Bailey, Dem..... 16,978
 W. S. Holt, Peo..... 4,345
 J. W. Thomas, Ind..... 587

6. The counties of Bosque, Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Johnson, Kaufman and Navarro.

A. J. Houston, Rep..... 3,375
 R. E. Burke, Dem..... 25,116
 T. P. Gore, Peo..... 9,677

7. The counties of Bell, Brazos, Falls, Limestone, McLennan, Milam and Robertson.

R. Kingsbury, Rep..... 2,199
 R. L. Henry, Dem..... 22,208
 A. W. Cunningham, Peo..... 7,928

8. The counties of Brown, Coleman, Comanche, Coryell, Erath, Hamilton, Hood, Lampasas, Mills, Parker, Runnels, Somervell and Tarrant.

A. Springer, Rep..... 2,239
 S. W. T. Lanham, Dem..... 18,580
 N. J. Shand, Peo..... 11,138

9. The counties of Bastrop, Burleson, Burnet, Caldwell, Hays, Lee, Travis, Washington and Williamson.

A. S. Burleson, Dem..... 20,378
 W. Jones, Ind..... 12,623

10. The counties of Austin, Brazoria, Col-

orado, Fayette, Fort Bend, Galveston, Gonzales, Lavaca and Matagorda.

R. B. Hawley, Rep. 17,757
W. S. Robson, Dem. 16,462
J. W. Baird, Peo. 2,604

11. The counties of Aransas, Atascosa, Bee, Calhoun, Cameron, De Witt, Dimmitt, Duval, Encinal, Frio, Goliad, Guadalupe, Hidalgo, Jackson, Karnes, LaSalle, Live Oak, McMullen, Nueces, Refugio, San Patricio, Starr, Uvalde, Victoria, Webb, Wharton, Wilson, Zapata and Zavala.

B. L. Crouch, Rep. 14,687
R. Kleberg, Dem. 18,319

12. The counties of Bandera, Bexar, Blanco, Brewster, Buehel, Coke, Comal, Concho, Crane, Crockett, Ector, Edwards, Foleys, Gillespie, Glasscock, Irion, Jeff Davis, Kendall, Kerr, Kimble, Kinney, Llano, Mason, Maverick, McCulloch, Medina, Menard, Midland, Pecos, Presidio, San Saba, Schleicher, Sterling, Sutton, Tom Green, Upton and Val Verde.

G. H. Noonan, Rep. 10,472
J. L. Slayden, Dem. 16,113
A. B. Surber, Peo. 2,360

13. The counties of Andrews, Archer, Armstrong, Bailey, Baylor, Borden, Briscoe, Callahan, Carson, Castro, Childress, Clay, Cochran, Collingsworth, Cottle, Crosby, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Eastland, El Paso, Fisher, Floyd, Foard, Gaines, Garza, Gray, Greer, Hale, Hall, Hansford, Hardeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hockley, Howard, Hutchinson, Jack, Jones, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Loving, Lubbock, Lynn, Martin, Mitchell, Moore, Motley, Nolan, Ochiltree, Oldham, Palo Pinto, Parmer, Potter, Randall, Reeves, Roberts, Scurry, Shackelford, Sherman, Stephens, Stonewall, Swisher, Taylor, Terry, Throckmorton, Ward, Wheeler, Wichita, Wilbarger, Winkler, Wise, Yoakum and Young.

Eager, Rep. 8,887
J. H. Stephens, Dem. 24,876

LEGISLATURE.

	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
1899.				1898.		
Republicans	1	1	2	1	2	3
Democrats	30	113	148	30	118	148
People's	—	7	7	—	8	8
Independents	—	2	2	—	—	—

UTAH (Population 207,905).

COUNTIES. (26)	PRESIDENT '96			GOV. '95			DEL. '94			DEL. '92		
	Rep.	Dem.	G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Rawlins.	Rep.	Dem.	Lib.
Population.	McK.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Wells.	Caine.	L'v'rho.	Cannon.	Rawlins.	Rawlins.	Cannon.	Rawlins.	Allen.
3340 Beaver	205	1051	—	404	300	2	400	302	199	242	32	
7642 Box Elder	735	1879	—	728	693	4	704	712	452	557	180	
15509 Cache	829	4395	—	1266	1626	32	1217	1628	1023	1413	50	
..... Carbon	85	693	—	301	155	6	275	195	—	—	—	
3751 Davis	450	1753	—	424	604	56	484	626	265	558	65	
3076 Emery	231	985	—	315	381	17	261	375	305	461	118	
2457 Garfield	249	615	—	256	212	—	265	238	197	169	7	
641 Grand	28	246	—	139	31	11	117	61	77	13	27	
2083 Iron	205	806	—	307	247	—	282	245	211	198	4	
5582 Juab	439	2360	—	703	456	140	688	82	—	461	88	
1085 Kane	288	230	—	168	84	—	177	1	—	57	—	
4033 Millard	166	1384	—	596	950	8	466	380	304	324	19	
1780 Morgan	138	582	—	213	176	11	186	189	131	160	19	
2842 Plute	34	555	—	161	135	22	169	131	96	114	47	
1527 Rich	162	408	—	150	179	1	133	168	73	145	18	
58457 Salt Lake	2575	18617	21	5223	4118	1031	6264	4702	2570	3345	4023	
965 San Juan	8	167	—	37	58	2	12	80	24	18	—	
13146 San Pete	1813	3387	—	1559	1300	13	1420	1370	966	977	50	
6199 Sevier	497	1858	—	679	559	7	672	516	443	414	38	
7733 Summit	245	3402	—	1238	835	181	1101	773	445	689	632	
3700 Tooele	274	1684	—	530	333	16	514	336	306	250	90	
2762 Uintah	112	890	—	181	245	137	143	325	144	214	10	
23768 Utah	2039	7375	—	2541	2644	106	2539	2641	1680	2115	255	
3595 Wasatch	51	1333	—	364	431	4	332	437	233	280	—	
4008 Washington	170	1210	—	225	510	3	183	483	152	412	3	
Wayne	73	405	—	123	178	1	123	158	93	128	2	
2.723 Weber	1373	6343	—	2043	1719	235	2196	1767	1330	1467	1135	
Total	13491	64607	21	20833	13519	2051	21323	19505	12405	15211	6989	
Plurality	—	33116	—	—	2314	—	1818	—	—	2306	—	
Per cent	32.76	67.21	.02	50.31	44.72	4.95	52.22	47.77	35.84	48.96	20.20	
Total vote	—	96124	—	—	41403	—	40823	—	34605	—	—	

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Judge Supreme Court—Zane, Rep. 31,573
R. N. Baskin, Dem. 34,670
J. M. Bowman, Peo. 1,484

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

A. L. Eldridge, Rep. 29,631
B. H. Roberts, Dem. 35,296

Warren Foster, Peo. 2,878

LEGISLATURE.

	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
1898.				1896.		
Republicans	—	—	16	11	31	42
Democrats	—	—	41	7	14	21
Fusionists	—	—	6	—	—	—

VERMONT (Population 332,422).

COUNTIES. (14)	GOV. 1898			PRESIDENT 1896			GOV. 1894		
	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Rep.
Population.	Smith.	Molony.	Wyman.	McK.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Wells.	Smith.	Wells.
22277 Addison	3890	530	116	4314	404	36	81	4012	432
20448 Bennington	2203	1123	65	3086	653	61	36	2490	1053
23436 Caledonia	2405	884	111	3474	723	130	94	2533	1036
35589 Chittenden	3095	2354	105	4743	1416	89	54	4259	1754
9511 Essex	713	361	26	873	277	33	13	841	430

ELECTION RETURNS.

369

Population.	Smith.	Moloy.	Wyman.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Palmer.	Lever.	W'd's.	Smith.	Wh'ton.	re'm.	Gin'y
29755 Franklin.....	3691	1572	98.	3444	1150	107	72.	3588	1590	86	—	49
3843 Grand Isle.....	482	219	7.	426	158	31	2.	425	215	—	—	27
12831 Lamolile.....	1487	387	45.	2061	440	23	27.	1865	450	13	108	—
19575 Orange.....	2450	902	108.	3067	567	121	69.	2728	1119	60	24	—
2101 Orleans.....	2193	443	42.	3412	442	56	45.	2875	639	22	69	—
45397 Rutland.....	4885	2376	100.	6794	1671	161	89.	5515	1772	67	115	—
29476 Washington.....	3585	1363	80.	4476	1366	177	65.	4024	2073	11	86	—
26547 Windham.....	2644	897	80.	4828	670	190	50.	3530	949	13	41	—
31706 Windsor.....	3541	770	65.	6128	674	126	34.	3863	655	19	26	—
Total.....	38555	14686	1075.	51127	10637	1331	733.	42893	14142	457	740	—
Plurality.....	23849	—	—	40490	—	—	—	28521	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	70.95	27.03	1.98	80.08	16.66	2.09	1.15	73.53	24.37	.78	1.31	—
Scattering.....	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total vote.....	54337	—	—	63828	—	—	—	59002	—	—	—	—

*This is the combined democratic and populist vote. The Bryan and Sewall electors received 10,119 votes and the Bryan-Watson electors 458.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—H. C. Bates, Rep.....	38,364
A. A. Olmstead, Dem.....	14,055
C. B. Wilson, Pro.....	1,020
Scattering.....	3
Treasurer—J. L. Bacon, Rep.....	38,153
L. W. Clough, Dem.....	13,913
W. A. Strong, Pro.....	987
Scattering.....	1
Secretary of State—	
F. A. Howland, Rep.....	38,198
G. B. Davis, Dem.....	13,891
H. C. Barnes, Pro.....	1,003
Scattering.....	5
State Auditor—O. M. Barber, Rep.....	37,825
R. H. Preble, Dem.....	13,790
M. L. Barton, Pro.....	974
Scattering.....	1

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. Counties of Addison, Bennington, Chittenden, Franklin, Grand Isle, Lamolile and Rutland.	
H. Henry Powers, Rep.....	20,350
Herbert F. Brigham, Dem.....	8,026
Scattering.....	8
2. Counties of Caledonia, Essex, Orange, Orleans, Washington, Windham and Windsor.	
William W. Grout, Rep.....	17,728
C. A. G. Jackson, Dem.....	5,967
Scattering.....	67

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.		1897-98.			
	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.	Sen.	Ho.	J.B.
Republicans	30	201	231..	30	228	258
Democrats	—	42	42..	—	17	17
Prohibitionists..	—	1	1..	—	—	—
Nonpartisans ..	—	1	1..	—	—	—

VIRGINIA (Population 1,655,980).

COUNTIES. (100)	GOV. 1897		PRESIDENT 1896										GOV. 1893	
	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.
Population.	Tyler.	Cutler.	McCaull.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Matchett.	Palmer.	O'Ferrall.	Cooke.	Miller.			
27277 Accomac.....	1405	79	145.	1675	3115	186	1	28.	1931	126	182			
32379 Albemarle.....	1278	24	732.	1918	2628	25	2	51.	1571	729	7			
18587 Alexandria.....	249	1	248.	713	322	2	—	2.	161	46	1			
9233 Alleghany.....	487	91	644.	1711	720	78	—	13.	470	198	140			
9008 Amelia.....	486	15	416.	899	663	8	1	1.	508	883	—			
17551 Amherst.....	1310	56	777.	1190	1751	4	6	10.	923	835	10			
9599 Appomattox.....	766	9	188.	538	946	8	—	5.	694	799	1			
37005 Augusta.....	2317	148	1270.	2823	3066	194	2	34.	2642	1290	1355			
4587 Bath.....	875	2	245.	471	508	3	—	6.	338	216	1			
81213 Bedford.....	1989	19	949.	2248	3085	52	2	35.	1624	1464	97			
5129 Bland.....	423	4	295.	398	498	—	—	1.	469	366	26			
14854 Botetourt.....	1903	23	948.	1614	1494	19	—	22.	1196	648	113			
17245 Brunswick.....	1039	21	676.	956	1372	3	3	12.	1098	1695	8			
5867 Buchanan.....	581	13	307.	685	509	—	—	—	386	179	—			
14833 Buckingham.....	852	11	534.	1199	1247	8	2	24.	1310	1014	4			
41087 Campbell.....	1118	18	697.	1086	2115	8	2	8.	1314	1344	—			
16681 Caroline.....	736	39	739.	1502	1293	9	1	9.	995	1422	8			
15497 Carroll.....	1237	20	1331.	1672	1528	8	—	3.	1097	641	29			
5096 Charles City.....	105	4	39.	362	272	5	—	7.	100	292	1			
15077 Charlotte.....	827	5	115.	538	1458	30	5	34.	1306	567	37			
26211 Chesterfield.....	1097	21	508.	1273	1729	14	1	22.	1278	988	32			
8071 Clarke.....	756	6	77.	490	1114	18	—	7.	580	402	29			
3835 Craig.....	353	41	147.	249	490	18	—	—	417	142	19			
13233 Culpeper.....	1113	4	457.	1113	1704	10	—	14.	1581	737	14			
9482 Cumberland.....	455	1	151.	657	618	4	—	5.	584	778	1			
5077 Dickenson.....	499	23	382.	534	547	1	—	10.	322	299	—			
36195 Dinwiddie.....	943	16	225.	741	1099	1	—	7.	997	833	10			
16168 Elizabeth City.....	699	10	492.	919	573	20	—	19.	703	693	7			
10047 Essex.....	862	5	133.	669	924	1	—	3.	904	762	5			
16655 Fairfax.....	1700	18	1069.	1877	2109	8	1	22.	1367	162	51			
22530 Fauquier.....	1516	5	542.	1553	2744	9	2	22.	2034	983	23			
14405 Floyd.....	517	7	902.	1525	848	12	1	2.	740	973	59			
9508 Fluvanna.....	675	7	395.	708	919	3	1	12.	781	508	—			
24985 Franklin.....	1491	33	918.	1711	2305	5	—	3.	1645	1689	—			
17880 Frederick.....	635	12	12.	845	1848	24	—	11.	850	—	—			
9000 Giles.....	987	92	486.	777	993	51	—	15.	797	528	16			
11653 Gloucester.....	890	1	193.	549	819	10	1	7.	965	994	8			
9353 Goochland.....	523	4	587.	877	676	3	—	10.	623	623	4			
14394 Grayson.....	1155	11	1066.	1473	1328	2	—	28.	1044	920	10			
5622 Greene.....	506	—	168.	581	533	2	—	—	479	324	—			
8230 Greensville.....	725	10	202.	471	850	3	—	3.	389	910	1			
34424 Halifax.....	2112	29	624.	2050	3231	33	1	20.	2211	1855	84			
17402 Hanover.....	1051	61	580.	1337	1439	26	1	37.	1255	874	11			

Population.	Tyler.	Cutler.	McCaull.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Matchett.	Palmer.	O'Ferrall.	Cocks.	Miller.	
103394 Henrico.....	1274	23	225..	1817	2352	13	5	48..	2183	1212	11	
5352 Henry.....	1018	36	849..	1783	1409	10	—	4..	1145	1240	13	
18208 Highland.....	312	7	275..	489	553	7	1	2..	272	121	119	
11313 Isle of Wight.....	1257	4	294..	727	1264	7	7	3..	1424	355	10	
5643 James City.....	283	8	128..	291	261	2	1	1..	345	240	1	
9699 King George.....	506	3	423..	681	582	3	—	6..	471	345	—	
6641 King and Queen.....	820	6	163..	635	853	5	—	3..	651	611	13	
9605 King William.....	316	24	165..	940	592	6	—	5..	555	749	8	
7191 Lancaster.....	912	19	614..	599	1073	16	3	4..	943	697	3	
18216 Lee.....	1196	54	603..	1470	1475	16	—	11..	1217	1159	3	
23274 Loudoun.....	1922	25	530..	1991	2471	95	—	9..	1469	466	311	
16997 Louisa.....	1133	86	896..	1391	1366	25	—	10..	1296	826	34	
11372 Lunenburg.....	467	16	139..	475	1045	6	—	4..	908	613	—	
10225 Madison.....	808	26	221..	724	1089	5	—	—	866	567	—	
7584 Matthews.....	577	12	192..	444	797	30	—	7..	841	455	—	
25359 Mecklenburg.....	983	12	1113..	2353	2049	26	—	6..	1544	2222	45	
7458 Middlesex.....	462	9	48..	680	688	5	—	3..	522	674	14	
17742 Montgomery.....	1123	56	825..	1594	1317	56	1	12..	941	926	164	
19692 Nansemond.....	1257	7	585..	1060	1300	11	2	8..	1483	975	20	
15336 Nelson.....	1223	57	645..	1183	1492	20	—	23..	1047	653	54	
5511 New Kent.....	174	20	248..	446	369	3	—	5..	291	505	4	
77038 Norfolk.....	1710	21	951..	3475	2137	33	7	29..	2663	421	250	
10313 Northampton.....	493	10	265..	802	1086	21	—	11..	982	36	11	
7885 Northumberland.....	545	25	213..	904	953	13	1	3..	710	749	3	
11582 Nottoway.....	754	20	250..	478	936	16	—	2..	872	772	21	
12814 Orange.....	847	39	445..	957	1324	11	—	13..	1254	496	9	
13092 Page.....	691	17	393..	1454	1166	37	2	13..	856	644	3	
11447 Patrick.....	930	5	999..	1140	886	10	1	3..	1036	654	—	
50941 Pittsylvania.....	2034	114	1218..	3136	3387	36	—	25..	2793	2269	114	
6791 Powhatan.....	407	2	371..	637	523	—	—	4..	315	854	1	
14694 Prince Edward.....	717	17	274..	979	901	6	—	22..	879	1314	4	
7872 Prince George.....	378	60	2..	894	518	1	1	5..	300	563	—	
9510 Princess Anne.....	566	15	191..	687	790	6	—	2..	388	113	44	
9805 Prince William.....	553	—	187..	727	1341	2	—	7..	812	170	—	
12700 Pulaski.....	1000	8	937..	1489	1109	3	1	8..	820	676	165	
8678 Rappahannock.....	933	—	220..	569	1078	1	—	8..	717	138	15	
7146 Richmond.....	576	64	330..	667	667	3	—	7..	556	555	—	
30101 Roanoke.....	726	29	802..	1484	1114	36	1	12..	1111	591	119	
23062 Rockbridge.....	1430	14	1287..	2240	1634	17	—	103..	1484	1131	45	
31299 Rockingham.....	2169	67	1557..	3524	2968	100	—	27..	2364	1659	226	
16126 Russell.....	1456	15	956..	1475	1530	9	1	4..	1298	820	7	
21694 Scott.....	1755	39	1226..	2206	1793	4	1	11..	1489	—	—	
19671 Shenandoah.....	1698	110	846..	2102	2052	51	—	47..	1406	1152	327	
13360 Smyth.....	1134	10	754..	1546	1407	8	4	7..	1112	705	2	
20078 Southampton.....	1503	7	274..	439	1433	14	—	6..	1328	1069	36	
14233 Spotsylvania.....	490	3	381..	908	877	4	—	4..	701	617	—	
7362 Stafford.....	591	3	555..	1084	629	3	—	3..	610	364	—	
8256 Surrey.....	667	3	226..	609	709	5	—	5..	510	329	3	
11100 Sussex.....	685	7	140..	418	769	2	—	4..	500	1040	6	
19899 Tazewell.....	1396	46	1270..	2525	1582	8	—	9..	1116	1742	60	
8240 Warren.....	770	13	145..	575	1172	25	—	20..	665	235	50	
6650 Warwick.....	536	5	80..	577	233	1	—	2..	899	269	7	
29020 Washington.....	1917	31	1632..	2669	2374	20	—	16..	2362	1098	50	
8399 Westmoreland.....	472	1	237..	827	705	2	1	8..	600	367	—	
9345 Wise.....	625	2	527..	1230	906	—	—	6..	740	615	8	
18019 Wythe.....	1565	5	1023..	1882	1683	9	4	71..	1542	1036	49	
7596 York.....	698	12	145..	223	722	16	—	1..	533	322	18	
CITIES.												
Alexandria.....	1198	30	469..	1281	1850	37	4	32..	1116	403	30	
Bristol.....	327	8	187..	384	413	16	—	12..	453	36	15	
Buena Vista.....	213	8	111..	184	219	—	—	3..	173	43	—	
Charlottesville.....	329	6	45..	371	801	7	—	11..	570	95	—	
Danville.....	850	60	303..	1078	1702	51	—	41..	1115	80	31	
Fredericksburg.....	473	8	97..	388	533	7	3	9..	623	107	3	
Lynchburg.....	1148	36	129..	1647	1657	37	—	26..	1875	1045	35	
Manchester.....	600	10	249..	568	812	9	1	18..	705	532	71	
Newport News.....	654	7	181..	815	676	5	1	20..	—	—	—	
Norfolk.....	2543	32	375..	1905	3068	73	5	98..	4441	—	773	
Petersburg.....	824	44	259..	706	1632	5	2	83..	2960	401	17	
Portsmouth.....	842	8	173..	769	1380	7	1	48..	1146	6	136	
Radford.....	364	4	92..	309	372	18	—	10..	381	100	40	
Richmond.....	3839	4	505..	1160	7839	99	5	334..	7419	1773	83	
Roanoke.....	1529	85	702..	1697	2005	58	2	33..	1827	1089	147	
Staunton.....	627	36	167..	556	713	92	1	42..	722	440	237	
Williamsburg.....	112	6	65..	90	113	3	—	1..	113	113	2	
Winchester.....	303	6	75..	447	490	22	1	27..	277	339	81	
Total.....	109655	2743	56840..	135368	154709	2350	108	2129..	127940	81239	6962	
Plurality.....	52815			13641					46701			
Per cent.....	64	43	1.61	33.40..	45.83	52.62	.79	.04	.72..	59.18	37.12	3.50
Scattering.....	946											
Total vote.....	170184				294664				216154			

For governor (1897) James S. Cowden, Ind., received 414 votes and John J. Quartz, socialist, received 528.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Accomac, Caroline, Essex, Gloucester, King and Queen, Lancaster, Matthews, Middlesex, Northampton, Northumberland, Richmond, Spottsylvania, Westmoreland, and city of Fredericksburg.

Bristow, Rep. 4,270
William A. Jones, Dem. 8,844
Crockett, Pro. 230

2. The counties of Charles City, Elizabeth City, Isle of Wight, James City, Nansemond, Norfolk, Princess Anne, Southampton, Surrey, Warwick, York, and the cities of Newport News, Norfolk, Portsmouth and Williamsburg.

R. A. Wise, Rep. 6,204
Holland, Rep. 3,445
William A. Young, Dem. 12,183

3. The counties of Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King William, New Kent, and the cities of Richmond and Manchester.

Russell, Rep. 1,915
Welsiger, Rep. 1,138
John Lamb, Dem. 7,058

4. The counties of Amelia, Brunswick, Dinwiddie, Greensville, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, Nottoway, Powhatan, Prince Edward, Prince George, Sussex, and the city of Petersburg.

R. T. Thorp, Rep. 5,889
Ellis, Rep. 255
Sydney P. Epes, Dem. 8,633

5. The counties of Carroll, Floyd, Franklin, Grayson, Henry, Patrick, Pittsylvania, and the city of Danville.

Edmund Parr, Rep. 9,858
Claude A. Swanson, Dem. 13,459
Bennett, Pro. 193

6. The counties of Bedford, Campbell, Charlotte, Halifax, Montgomery, Roanoke,

and the cities of Lynchburg, Radford and Roanoke.

Heermans, Rep. 2,310
Butler, Rep. 2,535

Peter J. Otey, Dem. 10,759

7. The counties of Albemarle, Clarke, Frederick, Greene, Madison, Page, Rappahannock, Rockingham, Shenandoah, Warren, and the cities of Charlottesville and Winchester.

James Hay, Dem. 9,841
O'Flaherty, Gold Dem. 2,931

8. The counties of Alexandria, Cupeiper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Louisa, Orange, Prince William, Stafford and the city of Alexandria.

John F. Rixey, Dem. 6,469
Hughes, Ind. 616
Johnson, Pro. 136

9. The counties of Bland, Buchanan, Craig, Dickenson, Giles, Lee, Pulaski, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise, Wythe, and the city of Bristol.

James A. Walker, Rep. 16,595
W. F. Rhea, Dem. 17,344

10. The counties of Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Augusta, Bath, Botetourt, Buckingham, Cumberland, Fluvanna, Highland, Nelson, Rockbridge, and the cities of Buena Vista and Staunton.

R. T. Hubbard, Rep. 8,109
J. M. Quarles, Dem. 10,734
Smith, Ind. 62

LEGISLATURE.

1898-99.

1896-97.

	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Democrats	35	95	130..	34	68	102
Republicans	4	4	8..	3	17	20
Populists	1	—	1..	2	12	14
Independent	—	1	1..	1	3	4

WASHINGTON (Population 349,340).

COUNTIES. (34)	PRESIDENT 1896					PRESIDENT 1892					GOV. 1889	
	Rep.*	Fns.	Pro.	Nat.	G. D.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Peo.	Ferry.	Rep.	Dem.
Population.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Lever.	Bentley.	Palmer.	Harrison.	Cleveland.	Bidwell.	Weaver.	Ferry.	Sample.	
2098 Adams.....	243	363	11	—	9..	241	139	6	181..	260	141	
1580 Asotin.....	214	254	3	1	15..	187	143	16	16..	171	135	
9249 Chehalis.....	1267	1312	21	3	33..	994	798	43	525..	897	615	
2771 Clallam.....	559	676	6	5	41..	514	448	7	383..	222	231	
1709 Clarke.....	1497	1497	51	9	50..	1074	986	92	449..	1216	692	
6709 Columbia.....	776	847	9	4	15..	618	672	93	185..	696	648	
5917 Cowlitz.....	989	935	23	2	39..	749	566	36	430..	696	355	
3161 Douglas.....	334	722	10	—	11..	347	253	19	298..	353	265	
696 Franklin.....	38	108	2	—	5..	29	54	3	31..	38	89	
3897 Garfield.....	378	469	14	1	13..	352	288	45	284..	517	418	
1787 Island.....	206	181	7	1	10..	162	127	18	93..	180	100	
8368 Jefferson.....	704	500	8	2	36..	622	695	15	98..	867	633	
63989 King.....	6413	7497	144	15	236..	6548	4974	467	801..	4319	3389	
4624 Kitsap.....	728	702	29	4	26..	457	370	53	400..	618	291	
8777 Kittitas.....	1041	1096	23	3	40..	860	800	32	573..	1339	1158	
5167 Klickitat.....	876	664	11	—	44..	612	279	48	367..	696	382	
11499 Lewis.....	1594	1594	37	12	70..	1354	1014	172	718..	1219	868	
9312 Lincoln.....	781	1715	31	5	56..	876	831	66	523..	1104	863	
2826 Mason.....	397	650	11	2	17..	352	356	6	124..	322	303	
1467 Okanogan.....	284	912	11	5	38..	565	425	5	146..	322	211	
4358 Pacific.....	925	512	19	5	50..	796	559	39	86..	494	150	
50940 Pierce.....	4051	5404	58	24	166..	3957	3621	297	2793..	4238	3611	
2072 San Juan.....	411	283	3	—	8..	361	226	15	46..	264	104	
8747 Skagit.....	1238	1573	28	2	50..	1248	923	69	665..	961	563	
774 Skamania.....	122	237	4	—	15..	93	39	5	34..	62	72	
851 Snohomish.....	1871	2775	43	2	83..	1495	1380	80	1302..	880	659	
37487 Spokane.....	2701	5725	111	11	104..	3308	2274	173	1616..	3256	2272	
4341 Stevens.....	433	1880	26	10	46..	595	501	5	529..	460	350	
9675 Thurston.....	1052	1371	17	5	44..	1045	810	107	514..	1067	725	
2526 Wabkiakum.....	280	376	3	—	20..	240	222	4	49..	135	284	
12224 Walla Walla.....	1509	1652	37	2	64..	1378	1313	126	88..	1417	1118	
18591 Whatcom.....	1971	2177	68	4	50..	1702	1161	183	1080..	1534	752	
19109 Whitman.....	1592	3578	77	6	112..	2168	2061	178	1339..	2149	1844	
4429 Yakima.....	948	1219	12	1	47..	690	498	14	370..	537	519	
Total.....	39153	51646	968	148	1668..	36459	28802	2542	19165..	33711	24732	
Plurality.....	12493					6757				8979		
Per cent.....	41.84	55.19	1.03	.16	1.78..	41.44	33.85	2.86	21.83..	57.68	42.32	
Total vote.....	93583					87068				55443		

*Democrats, people's party and silver republicans.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Supreme Court Judges—	
T. J. Anders, Rep.....	40,252
M. A. Fullerton, Rep.....	40,252
B. F. Heuston, Fus.....	32,793
M. M. Goodman, Fus.....	32,185
Thomas Young, Soc. Lab.....	1,323
T. Lowry, Soc. Lab.....	1,066

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

On adopting single tax—For.....	15,906
Against.....	30,385
Granting franchise to women—For.....	20,658
Against.....	30,540

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

W. L. Jones, Rep.....	39,809
W. C. Jones, Fus.....	32,903
J. W. Lewis, Fus.....	36,385
F. C. Cushman, Rep.....	33,983
M. A. Hamilton, Soc. Lab.....	921
W. Walker, Soc. Lab.....	900

LEGISLATURE.

	1898-99.	1896-97.		
Sen. Ho.	J. B. Sen.	Ho. J. B.		
Republicans ..15	70	85.. 13	15	28
Democrats ....6	3	9.. —	—	—
People's .....13	4	17.. 21	63	84
Citizen's	1	1.. —	—	—

WEST VIRGINIA (Population 762,794).

COUNTIES. (55)	PRESIDENT 1896				PRESIDENT 1892				PRESIDENT 1888			
	Rep.	Dem.	G. D. Pro.	McK.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro. Peo.	Har.	Rep.	Dem.	Pro.	Fisk
12702 Barbour.....	1573	1645	1	—	1497	1522	23	23..	1473	1508	2	1
15702 Berkeley.....	2407	2085	54	20..	2259	2183	18	3..	2183	2011	1	5
6885 Boone.....	678	813	2	3..	541	782	2	4..	520	741	1	1
13928 Braxton.....	1453	2188	8	28..	1113	1790	28	244..	1062	1688	5	5
6330 Brooke.....	935	748	5	20..	740	770	40	4..	757	804	1	1
23595 Cabell.....	3127	3076	22	32..	2328	2800	49	107..	1947	2427	30	30
8155 Calhoun.....	796	1186	—	—	602	993	6	57..	623	935	1	1
4659 Clay.....	661	606	1	2..	494	503	1	15..	464	414	1	1
12183 Doddridge.....	1747	1231	4	17..	1332	1156	42	17..	1393	1151	1	3
20542 Fayette.....	4544	2783	11	58..	2655	2232	101	185..	2616	1923	26	26
9746 Gilmer.....	1000	1353	3	8..	816	1187	8	34..	863	1179	1	1
6802 Grant.....	1306	872	3	8..	1155	400	8	3..	1037	378	9	9
18034 Harrison.....	1691	2414	21	18..	1259	2290	25	38..	1393	2121	8	8
11419 Hampshire.....	676	1909	15	2..	523	1878	11	107..	519	1907	7	7
6414 Hancock.....	843	584	4	34..	633	593	72	72..	675	489	12	12
7567 Hardy.....	547	1146	45	—	381	1215	1	17..	439	1153	5	5
21919 Harrison.....	3027	2486	13	26..	2557	2237	46	154..	2628	2161	22	22
19021 Jackson.....	2527	2286	6	26..	2151	1883	39	238..	2234	1942	20	20
15553 Jefferson.....	1238	2454	62	27..	5078	4549	152	144..	4541	3089	95	95
42756 Kanawha.....	1813	1718	4	68..	1550	1676	94	29..	1527	1642	22	22
15806 Lewis.....	1336	1325	6	2..	840	1081	13	323..	950	1147	1	1
11101 Lincoln.....	332	992	21	1..	484	1522	—	—	393	1553	—	—
7300 McDowell.....	2635	968	4	1..	1285	1077	—	—	582	409	—	—
20721 Marion.....	3421	3395	26	105..	2584	2652	138	73..	2253	2256	50	50
30735 Marshall.....	3540	2107	17	112..	2583	1808	173	559..	2676	1837	91	91
22993 Mason.....	3067	2494	11	10..	2300	2260	41	64..	2646	2321	47	47
16002 Mercer.....	2389	2123	6	15..	1651	1827	10	61..	1402	1374	6	6
12055 Mineral.....	1548	1986	10	40..	1356	1279	19	75..	1251	1290	31	31
..... Mingo.....	632	1204	3	2..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15705 Monongalia.....	2635	1484	18	32..	2255	1505	38	24..	2208	1361	30	30
12429 Monroe.....	1323	1573	3	9..	1141	1373	7	58..	1222	1338	27	27
6744 Morgan.....	1107	433	23	30..	910	582	13	2..	877	539	23	23
9909 Nicholas.....	908	1226	5	62..	728	1063	97	32..	779	1016	40	40
41557 Ohio.....	6721	5016	77	69..	5061	5220	154	19..	4749	4855	92	92
8711 Pendleton.....	784	1117	—	—	717	1075	4	8..	779	1012	1	1
17559 Pleasants.....	887	922	4	3..	713	855	13	13..	693	813	7	7
16814 Pocahontas.....	632	983	7	3..	559	950	14	3..	587	891	6	6
10855 Preston.....	3528	1332	7	31..	2846	1323	88	88..	2698	1403	44	44
4342 Putnam.....	1877	1702	4	3..	1612	1597	15	76..	1521	1330	10	10
9537 Raleigh.....	1150	1103	4	2..	871	965	15	7..	806	924	20	20
21633 Randolph.....	1427	1969	10	14..	839	1622	17	11..	772	1426	10	10
9621 Ritchie.....	2212	1601	2	56..	1773	1349	180	219..	1990	1408	100	100
15303 Roane.....	1849	2126	5	11..	1452	1709	22	123..	1449	1636	3	3
13117 Summers.....	1599	1738	3	17..	1233	1632	26	46..	1272	1353	15	15
2147 Taylor.....	1859	1307	8	21..	1522	1158	27	139..	1580	1219	30	30
16459 Tucker.....	1261	1111	—	7..	830	867	8	30..	628	680	6	6
11982 Tyler.....	2450	1799	—	22..	1449	1106	24	450..	1532	1137	14	14
12714 Upshur.....	2251	949	18	36..	1849	938	83	15..	1716	841	24	24
18652 Wayne.....	2632	2443	11	3..	1514	2065	5	71..	1412	2058	3	3
4753 Webster.....	709	972	—	—	353	737	—	5..	295	658	—	—
16841 Wetzel.....	1635	2525	9	13..	1193	1810	20	544..	1385	2285	7	7
9411 Wirt.....	1063	1162	5	9..	926	1110	18	15..	921	1054	3	3
23612 Wood.....	4046	3455	27	31..	3201	2885	78	117..	3255	2803	62	62
6247 Wyoming.....	735	613	—	—	591	577	11	11..	596	471	1	1
Total.....	105968	94480	675	1261..	80236	84467	2145	4166..	78171	78677	1094	1094
Plurality.....	10883	—	—	—	—	4174	—	—	506	—	—	—
Per cent.....	52.23	46.80	.29	.41..	46.91	49.32	1.25	2.49..	49.00	49.35	.68	.68
Total vote.....	201739	—	—	—	—	171071	—	—	159440	—	—	—

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Braxton, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marshall, Ohio, Tyler and Wetzel.
(Except Wetzel county.)

B. B. Dovener, Rep..... 19,003
J. V. Bialr, Dem..... 1,794
2. The counties of Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Marion, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendle-

ton, Preston, Randolph, Taylor and Tucker.
(Except Taylor county.)
Alston G. Dayton, Rep.....21,758
John T. McGraw, Dem.....21,241
3. The counties of Boone, Clay, Fayette,
Greenbrier, Kanawha, Logan, Mercer, Mon-
roe, McDowell, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Ita-
leigh, Summers, Upshur and Wyoming.
W. S. Edward, Rep.....22,037
David E. Johnson, Dem.....22,752
4. The counties of Cabell, Calhoun, Jack-

son, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Ritchie,
Roane, Putnam, Wayne, Wirt and Wood.
(Except Cabell and Wayne counties.)
Romo H. Freer, Rep.....17,553
George I. Neal, Dem.....16,064

LEGISLATURE.

1899-1900.

1897-98.

Sen. Ho. J. B. Sen. Ho. J. B.

Republicans..... } Contested by } 19 39 58
Democrats..... } both } 5 32 37
People's..... } branches. } 1 — 1

WISCONSIN (Population 1,686,390).

COUNTIES. (70)	GOVERNOR 1895					PRESIDENT 1896						
	Rep. Schofield.	Dem. Sawyer.	Pro. Worsley.	Pro. Chasfn.	S.D. Tuttle.	S.L. Riese.	Rep. McKinley.	Dem. Bryant.	Pro. Verger.	Nat. Bentley.	G.D.S.L. Pomeroy.	G.D.S.L. McMahon.
6889 Adams.....	1055	420	17	27	7	2..	1432	391	27	—	16	—
20063 Ashland.....	1708	1252	46	75	8	25..	2738	1743	60	3	26	16
15416 Barron.....	1660	675	118	106	3	6..	2772	1324	155	4	27	—
7390 Bayfield.....	1235	397	28	68	6	10..	2244	770	59	11	13	5
39164 Brown.....	3476	2329	65	121	13	19..	5436	3841	88	13	69	5
15997 Buffalo.....	1640	1011	47	51	6	4..	2301	1302	61	2	51	1
4393 Burnett.....	703	54	136	56	3	12..	880	319	23	1	4	3
16639 Calumet.....	1370	1411	65	30	10	8..	1547	1869	28	1	27	2
25143 Chippewa.....	2273	2150	55	120	3	4..	3601	2929	84	2	35	6
17708 Clark.....	2048	943	36	95	4	5..	3328	1318	97	1	39	12
28350 Columbia.....	3526	2143	51	208	12	4..	4845	2380	280	2	108	2
15987 Crawford.....	1720	1305	44	52	3	2..	2323	1509	38	1	24	2
59578 Dane.....	5461	6276	76	496	31	14..	9080	6521	410	12	159	7
44984 Dodge.....	3534	5384	53	122	12	4..	5610	4900	120	9	236	1
15682 Door.....	1571	648	32	43	5	4..	2402	895	49	1	21	8
13468 Douglas.....	2862	1578	70	182	17	31..	4274	2527	96	2	48	5
23464 Dunn.....	1527	1022	152	127	7	7..	3376	1418	131	3	33	8
30673 Eau Claire.....	2648	1850	42	133	22	7..	4522	2364	186	6	52	—
2404 Florence.....	297	120	10	6	2	1..	488	129	6	—	2	—
44683 Fond du Lac.....	4201	4194	113	235	17	7..	6174	4933	157	4	128	5
1012 Forest.....	185	132	3	7	1	—	406	172	15	2	2	—
39351 Grant.....	4004	2947	49	188	15	6..	5315	3638	188	4	67	3
22732 Green.....	2042	1448	168	129	15	5..	3063	2339	158	2	53	7
15163 Green Lake.....	1911	1682	51	65	6	12..	2108	1568	61	5	32	7
22117 Iron.....	2285	1848	33	243	7	5..	3115	2000	174	12	61	8
Iowa.....	696	473	7	16	5	1..	1288	472	26	1	—	1
15797 Jackson.....	1575	639	19	78	2	—	2710	778	98	7	39	2
53530 Jefferson.....	2750	3606	46	146	11	8..	4344	3504	184	4	263	4
17121 Juneau.....	2203	1061	43	69	5	3..	2832	1671	59	5	35	4
15581 Kenosha.....	2027	1674	128	56	3	6..	2827	1732	40	1	62	8
16153 Kewaunee.....	1230	1682	23	22	2	6..	1835	1649	14	1	91	—
38801 La Crosse.....	3864	2358	74	173	10	6..	6297	3658	161	2	225	8
20265 La Fayette.....	2228	1982	27	109	1	3..	2919	2246	114	3	59	1
9465 Langlade.....	868	1102	20	25	3	8..	1457	956	23	—	38	4
12008 Lincoln.....	1132	1327	108	57	10	4..	1706	1802	41	2	21	2
37831 Manitowoc.....	3235	3707	58	58	68	7..	4450	3919	62	5	164	11
90890 Marathon.....	3038	2765	269	57	10	4..	3558	3829	70	4	87	29
20304 Marinette.....	3062	1397	41	105	13	7..	4277	1867	81	3	29	9
9676 Marquette.....	1210	840	10	24	3	3..	1476	827	25	1	20	—
28610 Milwaukee.....	20233	19484	2651	539	1633	77..	35989	26596	640	30	520	679
23211 Monroe.....	2691	1848	44	151	5	2..	3683	2361	103	11	35	1
15009 Oconto.....	1945	1157	50	53	10	10..	2836	1240	59	3	35	5
5010 Oneida.....	1036	708	19	38	7	5..	1453	593	27	—	14	—
38900 Outagamie.....	3784	3074	54	159	6	21..	5433	4096	139	25	106	5
14943 Ozaukee.....	857	1504	48	6	7	—	1535	1947	30	2	62	11
6362 Pepin.....	845	433	6	29	—	1..	1301	496	37	1	19	1
20385 Pierce.....	1771	621	93	122	1	4..	3724	1412	156	3	38	3
12368 Polk.....	1822	384	135	66	12	22..	2861	891	61	1	23	—
24798 Portage.....	2219	2137	35	96	7	10..	3537	2890	82	7	54	3
5258 Price.....	951	515	13	98	12	53..	1448	550	37	1	19	7
36238 Racine.....	3846	2850	926	197	16	19..	5849	3975	213	4	104	8
19121 Richland.....	1852	1430	121	173	1	7..	2636	2038	129	—	16	—
43220 Rock.....	5427	2676	101	293	11	11..	8282	3655	237	5	86	12
23139 St. Croix.....	2111	1481	119	168	5	7..	3462	2475	158	3	38	4
30575 Sauk.....	2671	1999	32	230	5	7..	4623	2611	242	3	97	9
1977 Sawyer.....	547	355	11	31	5	2..	514	309	28	—	2	—
19236 Shawano.....	1893	1451	62	36	3	11..	3065	1594	54	3	32	12
42489 Sheboygan.....	4137	3203	210	66	293	89..	6644	3327	90	15	247	308
6731 Taylor.....	869	921	34	30	7	7..	1387	710	20	4	27	2
18920 Trempealeau.....	1944	827	32	135	10	4..	3306	1394	152	6	24	4
25111 Vernon.....	2440	1111	76	112	7	6..	4393	1627	102	4	28	3
Vilas.....	635	587	14	13	9	5..	754	443	8	—	9	2
27890 Walworth.....	3352	1313	46	283	9	8..	5347	1894	282	12	57	2
2926 Washburn.....	508	244	23	21	1	3..	771	250	21	—	8	2
22751 Washington.....	2084	2523	24	26	3	5..	2877	2404	31	5	86	6
33270 Waukesha.....	3039	3281	50	288	13	9..	5411	3192	162	2	108	5
26794 Waupaca.....	3274	1189	41	175	7	7..	5472	1577	129	32	6	3
13507 Waushara.....	2340	389	88	98	6	18..	3210	456	102	10	27	—

Population.	Seefeld.	Sawyer.	Worsley.	Chas'n.	Tuttle.	Riese.	McKinley.	Bryan.	L'ver's.	Bentley.	P'mer.	M'ch't
5007 Winnebago.....	5293	4471	875	301	40	56..	7893	5089	211	16	101	19
18127 Wood.....	1615	1850	51	60	12	15..	2839	1877	54	6	31	6
Total.....	173187	135353	8517	8078	2544	1473..	268135	165523	7509	346	4584	1314
Plurality.....	37784						102612					
Per cent.....	52.55	41.08	2.58	2.45	.77	.44..	59.93	36.99	1.68	.08	.29	1.02
Scattering.....			215									
Total vote.....			329429							447411		

In 1898 Robert M. LaFollette received 112 votes for governor.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Lieut.-Gov.—Jesse Stone, Rep.....	180,038
Peter Victor Deuster, Dem.....	126,306
Spencer Palmer, Peo.....	8,267
Willis W. Cooper, Pro.....	7,846
Edward P. Hassinger, S. D. P. of A.....	2,535
Herman C. Gauger, Soc. Lab.....	1,543
Secretary of State—	
William H. Froehlich, Rep.....	180,548
Peter Olson Stromme, Dem.....	125,536
Winfred L. Arven, Peo.....	7,909
Charles F. Cronk, Pro.....	7,664
Thomas C. P. Myers, S. D. P. of A.....	2,538
Eugene B. Bartell, Soc. Lab.....	1,550
State Treasurer—J. O. Davidson, Rep.....	180,865
Conatantine J. M. Malek, Dem.....	125,115
John Powers, Peo.....	7,936
William Larsen, Pro.....	7,799
August Mohr, S. D. P. of A.....	2,591
Christian Emmerich, Soc. Lab.....	1,552
Atty.-Gen.—Emmett R. Hicks, Rep.....	180,173
Harry Holder Grace, Dem.....	125,425
Lester Woodward, Peo.....	7,963
Weasley Mott, Pro.....	7,673
Richard Elsner, S. D. P. of A.....	2,608
Julius Andreesen, Soc. Lab.....	1,555
State Superintendent—	
Lorenzo D. Harvey, Rep.....	180,439
William Henry Schulz, Dem.....	125,341
Asa H. Craig, Peo.....	7,842
Augustin L. Whitcomb, Pro.....	7,548
Rudolph O. Stoll, S. D. P. of A.....	2,538
Frank R. Wilke, Soc. Lab.....	1,566
Railroad Commissioner—	
Graham L. Rice, Rep.....	180,136
Chester Gavin Wilcox, Dem.....	125,568
Robert E. Anger, Peo.....	8,033
George Clithero, Pro.....	7,589
Charles Richter, S. D. P. of A.....	2,554
Angust Greifenbagen, Soc. Lab.....	1,579
Commissioner of Insurance—	
Emil Giljohann, Rep.....	180,019
John Franklin Schindler, Dem.....	124,729
Charles W. Teney, Peo.....	7,984
Edward Berg, Pro.....	7,776
Eugene H. Rooney, S. D. P. of A.....	2,559
Richard Koepfel, Soc. Lab.....	1,564
Vote for Revision of Banking Laws—	
For revision.....	86,872
Against revision.....	92,607

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.

1. The counties of Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette.	
Henry A. Cooper, Rep.....	19,887
Clinton Babbitt, Dem.....	11,447
J. C. Huffmann, Pro.....	995
2. The counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia.	
Herman B. Dahle, Rep.....	16,892
James E. Jones, Dem.....	15,768
Jabez B. Smith, Pro.....	856
3. The counties of Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams.	

Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.....	19,195
Thomas L. Cleary, Dem.....	12,037
Richard B. Griggs, Pro.....	1,025
4. First, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards in Milwaukee city, and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek in Milwaukee county.	
Theobald Otjen, Rep.....	15,903
Joseph G. Donnelly, Dem.....	14,022
Robert Schilling, Peo.....	2,227
Louia A. Arnold, S. D. P. of A.....	993
John Moser, Soc. Lab.....	500
5. The counties of Waukesha, Washington, Ozaukee and Sheboygan, the 10th, 13th, 20th and 21st wards in Milwaukee city, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county.	
Samuel S. Barney, Rep.....	17,056
Charles E. Ermlin, Dem.....	13,233
William B. Rubin, Peo.....	997
William R. Nethercut, Pro.....	424
George Eckelman, S. D. P. of A.....	892
Albert F. Hintz, Soc. Lab.....	342

6. The counties of Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Calumet, Winnebago and Waushara.

James H. Davidson, Rep.....	20,107
Frank C. Stewart, Dem.....	16,679
William H. Clark, Pro.....	738

7. The counties of La Crosse, Monroe, Jackson, Trempealeau, Buffalo, Pepin and Eau Claire.

John J. Esch, Rep.....	16,136
John F. Doherty, Dem.....	8,128
Luther W. Wood, Pro.....	689

8. The counties of Wood, Portage, Wau-paca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Dorr.

Edward S. Minor, Rep.....	16,910
Phil Sheridan, Dem.....	13,668
John W. Evans, Pro.....	629

9. The counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette, Oconto, Iron and Vilas.

Alexander Stewart, Rep.....	20,815
Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.....	14,371
Edwin Kerswill, Pro.....	663

10. The counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce.

John J. Jen'tins, Rep.....	17,601
John R. Mathews, Dem.....	8,428
Carl Pieper, Peo.....	864
William B. Hopkins, Pro.....	950

LEGISLATURE.

	1899-1900.	1897-98.
Sen. Ho. J.B.	Sen. Ho. J.B.	
Republicans	31 81 112..	29 81 110
Democrats	2 19 21..	4 19 23

WYOMING (Population 60,705).

COUNTIES. (13)	Gov. 1888			PRESIDENT 1896					Gov. 1894			
	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Pro.		Rep.	Dem.	Peo.	Tidball
Population.	Richards.	Alger.	Vial.	Mokinley.	Bryan.	Levering.	Richards.	Holliday.	Richards.	Holliday.	Tidball.	
8865 Albany.....	1186	877	9..	1220	1028	45	26..	1051	1005	244	—	—
.... Big Horn.....	586	421	8..	538	518	73	15..	—	—	—	—	—
6857 Carbon.....	1221	866	7..	1229	1039	41	11..	1245	722	141	—	—
2738 Converse.....	583	464	1..	585	450	9	12..	525	384	72	—	—
2338 Crook.....	591	392	167..	524	537	32	6..	456	274	322	—	—
2353 Fremont.....	586	454	4..	535	499	24	7..	854	484	86	—	—
2357 Johnson.....	363	355	11..	284	441	26	1..	443	538	144	—	—
16777 Laramie.....	1525	1547	10..	1776	1590	53	16..	1886	1062	338	—	—
1094 Natrona.....	418	305	—	392	317	10	2..	327	202	29	—	—
1972 Sheridan.....	607	900	164..	877	1045	59	12..	750	623	271	—	—
4941 Sweetwater.....	810	619	25..	754	916	80	16..	961	622	222	—	—
2242 Uinta.....	1427	1411	21..	907	1700	26	6..	1265	847	236	—	—
7881 Weston.....	529	281	4..	451	205	23	6..	377	232	76	—	—
Total.....	10383	8889	431..	10072	10369	286	136..	10149	6985	2176	—	—
Plurality.....	1394	—	—	—	583	—	—	3184	—	—	—	—
Per cent.....	52.43	45.39	2.18..	43.29	49.70	1.36	.60..	52.61	36.10	11.28	—	—
Total vote.....	19803	—	—	—	20863	—	—	19290	—	—	—	—

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS, 1898.

Secretary of State—	
Fenimore Chatterton, Rep.....	10,458
David Miller, Dem.....	8,742
Shakespeare E. Seedy, Peo.....	435
Auditor—LeRoy Grant, Rep.....	10,806
Charles H. Priest, Dem.....	8,217
J. F. Pierce, Peo.....	484
Treasurer—George E. Abbott, Rep.....	10,634
Luke Voorhees, Dem.....	8,417
John Milton Rouser, Peo.....	434
Superintendent Public Instruction—	
Thomas T. Tynan, Rep.....	10,735
Jerome F. Brown, Dem.....	8,216
Mrs. M. A. Stocks, Peo.....	510

Justice Supreme Court—

Jease Knight, Rep.....	10,898
Charles E. Blydenburgh, Dem.....	8,403

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

Frank W. Mendell, Rep.....	10,762
Constantine P. Arnold, Dem.....	8,466
William Brown, Peo.....	443

LEGISLATURE.

	1899-1900.			1897-98.		
	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.	Sen.	Ho.	J. B.
Republicans.....	12	35	47..	6	11	17
Democrats.....	7	3	10..	13	23	36
People's.....	—	—	—	—	4	4

HOMESTEAD LAW.

Any citizen of the United States or any person who has declared his intention of becoming such, who is the head of a family, or has attained his majority, or has served in the army or navy in time of war, and is not already the proprietor of more than 160 acres of land in any state or territory, is entitled to enter a quarter section (160 acres) or any less amount of unappropriated public land, and may acquire title thereto by establishing and maintaining residence thereon and improving and cultivating the land for a period of five years. In grazing districts stock-raising and dairy farming are accepted in lieu of cultivation of the soil. Each homestead entryman is required to make affidavit that the application is made honestly and in good faith for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation, and not for the benefit of any other person or corporation or for the purpose of speculation. Persons who served as soldiers or sailors of the United States in the civil war are entitled to have their period of service deducted from the homestead period of five years, and those who were discharged from service on account of wounds or disabilities may have the whole period of enlistment deducted; but at least one year's residence is required in all cases. Homestead settlers not wishing to complete the five-year term of residence may obtain title to the land by paying for it in cash after a residence of not less than six months. In other cases, with the exception of certain lands formerly reserved for the use of Indians, the only payments required are certain fees and the cost of publishing notice of final proof. The fees for 160 acres of land in states lying east of the

104th meridian amount to \$14 at the time of making application and \$4 at the time of making final proof; in the states and territories lying farther west the corresponding payments are \$16 and \$6, respectively. When "double minimum" lands are entered the payments are somewhat higher. In the case of certain lands in Oklahoma homestead settlers are required to pay from \$1 to \$2.50 an acre in addition to the usual fees; on the Chippewa lands, in Minnesota, they are required to pay \$1.25 an acre; and on what was formerly the Great Sioux Indian reservation, in Dakota, they are now required to pay 50 cents an acre, besides the fees.

Mineral lands are excepted from the provisions of the law relating to other public lands, but all valuable mineral deposits in the public lands are open to exploration and purchase by citizens of the United States and those who have declared their intention to become such, and by associations of such persons, under the mining laws and the local customs or rules of miners. Mining claims in general are of two classes—lode claims and placers. In the case of mining claims on veins or lodes of rock bearing valuable deposits, the maximum surface area permitted by law is a space of 1,500 by 600 feet. Labor must be performed or improvements made to the extent of at least \$100 during each calendar year after that in which the claim is located until entry is made and the patent certificate issued. A patent may be obtained after the performance of labor or completion of improvements to the amount of \$500 on payment of \$5 for each acre or fraction thereof, the applicant paying also for publishing the notice of application.

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

STATES.	Admitted.	Under constitution. Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 33,000.	Second census. Ratio 33,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,700.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,680.	Seventh census. Ratio 93,423.	Eighth census. Ratio 127,381.	Ninth census. Ratio 151,425.	Tenth census. Ratio 151,911.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173,901.
Alabama.....	1819					3	5	7	7	6	8	8	9
Arkansas.....	1836							1	2	3	4	5	6
California.....	1850								2	3	4	5	6
Colorado.....	1876										1	2	3
Connecticut.....		5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4
Delaware.....		1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Florida.....	1845								1	1	2	2	2
Georgia.....		3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11
Idaho.....	1890											1	2
Illinois.....	1818					1	3	7	9	14	19	20	22
Indiana.....	1816					3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13
Iowa.....	1846								2	6	9	11	11
Kansas.....	1861									1	3	7	8
Kentucky.....	1792		2	6	10	12	13	10	10	9	10	11	11
Louisiana.....	1812					3	3	4	4	5	5	6	6
Maine.....	1820					7	8	7	6	5	5	4	4
Maryland.....		6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	5	6	6	6
Massachusetts.....		8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13
Michigan.....	1837							3	4	6	9	11	12
Minnesota.....	1858								2	2	3	5	7
Mississippi.....	1817					1	2	4	5	5	6	7	7
Missouri.....	1821					1	2	5	5	9	13	14	15
Montana.....	1889											1	1
Nebraska.....	1867									1	1	3	6
Nevada.....	1864										1	1	1
New Hampshire.....		3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3	3	3	2	2
New Jersey.....		4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	7	7	8
New York.....		6	10	17	27	34	40	34	33	31	33	34	34
North Carolina.....		5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9
North Dakota.....	1889											1	1
Ohio.....	1802				6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21
Oregon.....	1859								1	1	1	1	2
Pennsylvania.....		8	13	18	23	26	28	24	25	24	27	28	30
Rhode Island.....		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina.....		5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7
South Dakota.....	1889											2	2
Tennessee.....	1796			3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10
Texas.....	1845								2	4	6	11	13
Utah.....	1896												1
Vermont.....	1791		2	4	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	2	2
Virginia.....		10	19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10
Washington.....	1889											1	2
West Virginia.....	1863										3	4	4
Wisconsin.....	1848								3	6	8	9	10
Wyoming.....	1890											1	1
Total.....		65	105	141	181	213	240	223	234	243	203	332	357

GREAT TELESCOPES.

The following table shows the size in inches of the telescope lenses in the most celebrated observatories of the world:

Chicago university observatory.....	40	Dr. Van Duzee, Buffalo, N. Y.....	16
Lick observatory, California.....	36	Warner observatory, Rochester, N. Y.....	16
Pulkowa, Russia.....	30	Carleton college, Minnesota.....	16
Nice, Italy.....	30	Washburn, Madison, Wis.....	15 1/2
Greenwich, England.....	23	Dun Echt observatory.....	15 1-10
Paris, France.....	27	Harvard college, Cambridge, Mass.....	14
Vienna, Austria.....	27	Pulkowa observatory.....	14
McCormick observatory, Virginia.....	26	Columbia college, New York.....	13
Washington, D. C.....	26	Michigan university.....	12 1/2
Newall, Gateshead, England.....	25	Vassar college, New York.....	12 1-3
Princeton, N. J.....	23	Oxford, England.....	12
Dearborn observatory.....	18 1/2	Cambridge, England.....	12
Strassburg, Germany.....	13	Dublin, Ireland.....	12
Milan, Italy.....	13	West Point academy, U. S.....	12

CHICAGO AND COOK COUNTY.

VOTE FOR MAYOR, 1899.

(Election April 4, 1899.)

Rep. Dem. M.O. Pro.					Rep. Dem. M.O. Pro.					Rep. Dem. M.O. Pro.				
Carter Harrison Altgeld Wad's					Carter Harrison Altgeld Wad's					Carter Harrison Altgeld Wad's				
I.—					15....					25....				
1....	77	196	34	—	16....	151	60	7	—	26....	142	130	42	1
2....	66	168	33	—	17....	87	128	21	—	27....	121	131	34	2
3....	62	375	52	—	18....	143	124	30	2	28....	124	140	26	1
4....	51	186	33	1	19....	129	52	4	1	29....	88	167	67	1
5....	44	229	47	1	20....	123	55	4	—	30....	62	140	49	1
6....	53	154	31	—	21....	138	160	19	1	T'l. 2235 4606 1584 21				
7....	67	106	7	—	22....	100	149	25	1	Pl. 2371				
8....	56	94	15	—	23....	104	113	21	1	Klenkie 33, Kerwin 1.				
9....	59	354	54	2	24....	100	153	19	—	VI.—				
10....	67	171	13	—	25....	132	160	18	—	1....	39	220	57	1
11....	35	330	31	—	T'l. 2863 3026 477 16					2....	98	230	45	—
12....	45	327	42	3	Pl. 163					3....	78	223	39	2
13....	39	220	29	—	Klenkie 5, Kerwin 1.					4....	113	157	42	2
14....	128	245	29	1	IV.—					5....	110	156	68	—
15....	99	175	6	3	1....	146	122	16	1	6....	68	214	38	—
16....	50	351	12	—	2....	139	171	20	—	7....	55	125	45	—
17....	49	396	43	—	3....	110	167	21	1	8....	58	174	63	—
18....	58	177	7	1	4....	122	183	30	1	9....	42	209	49	1
19....	45	358	34	1	5....	89	125	32	2	10....	93	153	39	—
20....	86	212	33	—	6....	89	67	8	—	11....	72	163	23	1
21....	62	204	14	1	7....	72	106	37	1	12....	70	145	36	1
22....	113	174	15	—	8....	53	92	40	2	13....	70	165	44	2
23....	50	315	6	1	9....	56	148	29	5	14....	77	170	45	—
T'l. 1461 5517 620 15					10....	208	50	14	3	15....	65	164	43	—
Pl. 4056					11....	87	97	19	1	16....	35	172	43	—
Klenkie, S. L., 11.					12....	102	143	30	1	17....	30	123	71	—
Kerwin, S. D., 9.					13....	79	142	17	—	18....	35	184	78	—
II.—					14....	111	170	32	1	19....	65	165	89	—
1....	51	95	14	—	15....	79	129	21	1	20....	37	162	75	—
2....	74	116	22	1	16....	146	131	37	1	21....	37	170	54	1
3....	45	184	16	—	17....	114	128	31	2	22....	23	216	57	1
4....	83	121	18	—	18....	98	95	22	—	23....	17	161	41	1
5....	80	202	22	1	19....	118	109	13	—	24....	15	186	79	—
6....	95	115	26	2	20....	74	116	23	1	25....	41	140	69	1
7....	60	114	27	1	21....	102	129	23	—	26....	51	153	75	1
8....	76	132	22	1	22....	116	148	26	1	27....	96	152	15	—
9....	93	153	25	—	23....	120	114	26	3	28....	71	99	36	1
10....	131	115	11	1	24....	110	122	15	1	29....	64	184	73	3
11....	95	139	9	—	25....	128	155	18	—	30....	132	171	31	—
12....	85	178	25	1	26....	109	146	37	3	31....	63	152	24	—
13....	62	190	15	4	27....	104	152	43	1	32....	71	147	46	—
14....	86	107	13	—	T'l. 2938 3620 716 34					33....	83	116	76	—
15....	74	101	23	—	Pl. 682					34....	70	90	94	—
16....	118	177	32	—	Klenkie 14, Kerwin 3.					35....	57	116	64	—
17....	150	198	23	2	V.—					36....	137	142	57	2
18....	95	147	14	—	1....	53	122	19	—	T'l. 2333 5874 1943 21				
19....	142	166	30	4	2....	111	134	62	1	Pl. 3536				
20....	89	178	74	—	3....	33	89	40	—	Klenkie 15, Kerwin 11.				
21....	113	169	31	1	4....	79	128	80	—	VII.—				
22....	107	98	24	2	5....	45	117	53	1	1....	189	164	14	—
23....	80	86	9	1	6....	52	126	64	1	2....	147	160	33	4
T'l. 2088 3281 525 23					7....	87	145	72	1	3....	114	123	16	—
Pl. 1193					8....	94	105	42	—	4....	153	178	34	5
Klenkie 14, Kerwin 2.					9....	82	129	56	1	5....	113	170	52	—
III.—					10....	73	177	90	1	6....	135	176	33	—
1....	101	90	26	1	11....	60	155	44	—	7....	196	152	33	—
2....	117	99	10	2	12....	79	173	79	—	8....	180	126	22	—
3....	108	45	6	—	13....	38	219	40	2	9....	141	130	16	—
4....	94	104	21	—	14....	61	145	74	2	10....	141	113	14	1
5....	102	88	3	—	15....	60	135	51	2	11....	69	111	19	—
6....	134	152	34	—	16....	78	148	41	—	12....	120	148	36	1
7....	80	203	60	—	17....	105	130	33	—	13....	83	134	26	—
8....	93	144	15	1	18....	90	183	50	—	14....	78	157	33	—
9....	101	196	36	1	19....	65	173	69	—	15....	61	173	35	—
10....	106	127	15	2	20....	79	208	57	1	16....	121	128	29	—
11....	175	122	16	—	21....	42	218	33	2	17....	68	120	15	—
12....	117	132	17	—	22....	48	220	36	—	18....	78	129	85	—
13....	89	125	19	2	23....	74	181	52	—	19....	130	99	52	1
14....	126	102	19	—	24....	58	114	63	—	20....	74	134	47	—

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
21....	136	142	58	—	
22....	89	163	48	—	

T'l. 2616 3130 750 12
Pl.. 514
Klenkle 37, Kerwin 12.

VIII.—

1....	71	229	38	3
2....	69	183	25	—
3....	36	163	49	—
4....	41	150	46	—
5....	40	203	7	1
6....	82	142	53	—
7....	57	196	61	1
8....	71	176	41	1
9....	64	131	27	1
10....	69	125	34	2
11....	55	196	25	—
12....	97	137	33	—
13....	92	137	9	2
14....	52	188	12	—
15....	55	209	12	—
16....	97	171	14	—
17....	46	152	19	—
18....	80	140	31	—
19....	47	257	18	1
20....	45	257	7	—
21....	113	105	13	—
22....	64	194	8	—
23....	44	185	12	—

T'l. 1479 4026 594 12
Pl.. 2547
Klenkle 37, Kerwin 62.

IX.—

1....	40	253	39	—
2....	55	174	46	—
3....	95	183	42	1
4....	91	145	52	2
5....	74	129	81	1
6....	83	124	62	—
7....	53	186	61	—
8....	83	109	65	1
9....	85	137	65	1
10....	79	209	45	3
11....	105	139	48	—
12....	124	82	45	1
13....	99	102	70	—
14....	97	118	95	—
15....	63	173	8	—
16....	86	182	18	—
17....	77	142	19	—
18....	98	138	34	—
19....	46	242	11	—
20....	64	155	24	—
21....	37	238	9	—
22....	63	186	17	1
23....	46	143	17	—
24....	88	125	55	—
25....	115	123	61	—
26....	60	146	30	—
27....	71	201	9	—
28....	79	126	42	1
29....	78	99	52	1

T'l. 2234 4514 1222 13
Pl.. 2280
Klenkle 62, Kerwin 50.

X.—

1....	69	142	26	—
2....	105	147	50	—
3....	74	150	31	1
4....	121	133	40	—
5....	95	101	38	1
6....	106	133	21	—
7....	148	161	58	—
8....	126	171	59	—

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
9....	126	125	36	—	
10....	87	73	38	1	
11....	139	109	44	1	
12....	85	126	51	1	
13....	82	134	73	—	
14....	106	151	65	—	
15....	70	104	71	2	
16....	105	104	50	1	
17....	65	86	108	2	
18....	129	145	6	—	
19....	86	108	23	1	
20....	104	99	59	1	
21....	141	104	45	1	
22....	63	142	17	2	
23....	107	145	42	1	
24....	134	120	43	2	
25....	118	105	65	1	
26....	71	82	54	—	
27....	142	96	68	—	
28....	101	145	62	—	
29....	94	107	63	—	
30....	90	112	33	—	
31....	120	137	20	1	
32....	106	131	36	2	
33....	145	105	20	1	
34....	143	113	27	—	
35....	100	155	34	—	
36....	153	110	14	2	
37....	180	107	17	1	
38....	143	75	16	—	
39....	104	171	16	—	
40....	106	189	21	6	
41....	148	136	78	2	
42....	116	117	127	1	
43....	125	122	43	—	
44....	98	111	40	1	
45....	64	118	19	1	
46....	90	160	23	—	
47....	120	153	18	1	
48....	58	135	20	1	
49....	81	154	28	—	
50....	100	186	9	—	
51....	75	205	28	—	
52....	147	92	42	3	

T'l. 5611 6642 2135 43
Pl.. 1031
Klenkle 77, Kerwin 54.

XI.—

1....	85	92	23	—
2....	114	165	26	—
3....	128	151	52	—
4....	104	130	36	1
5....	68	186	39	1
6....	56	188	42	—
7....	98	112	23	—
8....	107	126	30	—
9....	59	100	28	1
10....	117	129	41	1
11....	81	126	35	1
12....	77	140	31	4
13....	141	164	46	1
14....	89	140	37	—
15....	154	118	24	—
16....	117	121	20	—
17....	143	111	17	5
18....	162	110	19	—
19....	108	109	39	1
20....	99	126	22	—
21....	96	117	22	—
22....	127	111	17	—
23....	130	144	35	2
24....	114	128	35	1
25....	80	220	29	—
26....	110	110	20	1
27....	128	178	19	1
28....	82	155	39	—

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
29....	88	204	26	—	

T'l. 3062 4011 860 21
Pl.. 949
Klenkle 20, Kerwin 7.

XII.—

1....	156	136	18	2
2....	138	79	14	—
3....	154	131	21	2
4....	169	101	21	1
5....	140	134	12	5
6....	108	91	9	2
7....	108	134	24	1
8....	135	115	27	2
9....	153	117	25	1
10....	125	112	18	—
11....	162	115	18	1
12....	177	106	28	—
13....	175	169	27	—
14....	173	110	14	1
15....	169	99	24	2
16....	132	87	25	—
17....	162	139	23	—
18....	78	75	14	—
19....	167	199	39	2
20....	115	123	23	—
21....	134	190	35	1
22....	193	154	38	—
23....	169	174	40	1
24....	132	95	24	—
25....	86	112	29	—
26....	138	118	31	1
27....	100	93	21	3
28....	126	120	22	—
29....	107	87	29	—
30....	136	112	18	2
31....	149	102	10	1
32....	164	146	39	1
33....	144	114	26	1
34....	171	134	27	2
35....	126	146	31	—
36....	165	146	31	1
37....	79	109	21	2
38....	121	134	37	2
39....	162	136	32	1
40....	130	173	49	1
41....	122	202	51	3
42....	126	99	38	1
43....	144	116	32	3
44....	162	108	25	3
45....	143	127	44	2
46....	128	82	24	4
47....	109	178	41	1
48....	110	163	53	1
49....	125	114	33	—
50....	130	217	48	—
51....	117	177	41	—
52....	164	179	49	7
53....	89	171	57	—

T'l. 7302 6900 1550 67
Pl.. 402
Klenkle 20, Kerwin 3.

XIII.—

1....	131	130	58	1
2....	114	153	45	—
3....	43	180	37	—
4....	81	130	25	—
5....	88	176	24	1
6....	82	164	47	2
7....	87	192	38	—
8....	77	129	13	—
9....	68	104	21	—
10....	79	136	34	—
11....	102	145	39	3
12....	63	111	27	—
13....	84	105	18	—
14....	105	96	33	1
15....	94	115	34	—

ELECTION RETURNS.

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Carter Harrison Altgeld Wad'ms					Carter Harrison Altgeld Wad'ms					Carter Harrison Altgeld Wad'ms				
16....	105	116	39	2	8....	136	127	50	—	XVII.—				
17....	104	96	66	—	9....	105	70	94	—	1....	50	173	15	—
18....	125	103	59	1	10....	97	85	37	—	2....	106	114	25	1
19....	143	113	38	—	11....	133	87	68	—	3....	89	129	47	1
20....	177	114	38	1	12....	101	80	51	—	4....	115	95	52	1
21....	123	78	26	—	13....	137	108	64	1	5....	136	154	60	—
22....	141	151	48	—	14....	113	104	55	2	6....	118	70	68	—
23....	130	92	35	1	15....	111	101	67	6	7....	125	69	58	—
24....	146	90	31	1	16....	144	78	52	1	8....	173	116	32	—
25....	113	157	33	1	17....	113	74	41	—	9....	147	143	34	—
26....	89	108	18	—	18....	137	96	69	2	10....	107	122	28	1
27....	124	138	30	1	19....	119	151	115	1	11....	124	214	40	—
28....	131	147	30	1	20....	97	99	82	2	12....	115	125	65	—
29....	93	114	23	2	21....	111	145	96	1	13....	74	100	35	1
30....	120	98	24	2	22....	103	127	63	1	14....	68	91	43	2
31....	123	92	15	2	23....	81	110	118	—	15....	94	176	17	1
32....	104	81	15	2	24....	90	120	119	—	16....	35	89	39	1
33....	84	81	25	—	25....	44	157	17	—	T'l. 1676 1970 698 8				
34....	102	95	20	1	26....	92	143	23	—	Pl. 294				
35....	114	76	48	—	27....	40	195	26	—	Klenkie 27, Kerwin 2.				
36....	133	98	73	2	28....	49	219	13	—	XVIII.—				
T'l. 3827 4309 1227 34					29....	65	158	48	—	1....	48	299	51	1
Pl. 482					30....	73	124	71	—	2....	23	376	14	1
Klenkie 45, Kerwin 8.					31....	139	96	75	2	3....	37	292	41	—
XIV.—					32....	130	89	55	1	4....	44	271	24	2
1....	87	117	83	—	33....	133	104	67	1	5....	46	499	31	—
2....	56	93	92	1	34....	110	87	107	—	6....	30	350	38	1
3....	69	75	81	1	35....	100	79	75	1	7....	26	120	20	—
4....	73	123	91	1	36....	124	128	73	3	8....	36	140	36	—
5....	73	171	65	1	37....	122	88	87	1	9....	45	356	33	1
6....	86	153	107	2	38....	159	122	78	—	10....	61	159	24	1
7....	104	163	20	1	39....	124	91	75	3	11....	49	179	40	1
8....	106	115	56	6	40....	112	86	58	—	12....	59	149	22	1
9....	97	90	32	1	41....	142	68	48	—	13....	45	152	28	1
10....	154	127	44	1	42....	92	106	72	1	14....	107	246	51	—
11....	127	123	42	1	43....	117	123	125	2	15....	63	196	31	1
12....	116	102	39	—	T'l. 4335 5054 2761 37					16....	103	193	39	—
13....	90	111	37	—	Pl. 719					17....	47	141	12	—
14....	70	138	66	1	Klenkie 66, Kerwin 10.					18....	22	286	19	1
15....	111	132	52	1	XVI.—					19....	56	266	20	1
16....	129	105	76	1	1....	112	136	44	—	20....	43	206	27	—
17....	135	90	65	2	2....	181	98	50	4	21....	44	255	24	2
18....	151	124	69	1	3....	165	65	41	—	22....	43	308	29	1
19....	106	137	49	1	4....	170	51	29	1	23....	49	299	21	—
20....	128	104	84	1	5....	132	69	30	1	24....	73	191	16	—
21....	119	94	64	1	6....	100	71	38	2	25....	94	187	33	—
22....	111	84	39	—	7....	134	91	72	4	26....	75	218	38	1
23....	98	76	95	—	8....	85	73	31	1	T'l. 1368 6334 762 17				
24....	115	109	63	2	9....	107	103	47	2	Pl. 4966				
25....	95	99	73	1	10....	103	118	68	—	Klenkie 22, Kerwin 8.				
26....	91	98	59	—	11....	95	123	81	1	XIX.—				
27....	130	93	92	1	12....	71	147	39	1	1....	69	129	19	1
28....	71	82	43	—	13....	48	84	35	—	2....	42	180	23	—
29....	98	156	55	1	14....	50	143	15	—	3....	50	172	24	1
30....	101	164	78	—	15....	107	137	37	—	4....	59	182	33	—
31....	137	93	34	—	16....	36	101	20	1	5....	55	158	27	—
32....	91	88	45	—	17....	87	133	35	1	6....	51	140	19	—
33....	102	106	81	—	18....	64	145	46	1	7....	104	156	24	1
34....	83	126	82	1	19....	57	111	61	—	8....	43	191	26	—
35....	79	138	110	—	20....	64	146	54	—	9....	49	187	16	—
36....	80	146	82	1	21....	83	127	73	—	10....	33	253	33	—
37....	49	100	55	1	22....	75	171	23	—	11....	31	193	28	1
38....	88	108	48	1	23....	94	143	8	2	12....	65	199	22	—
39....	68	113	67	1	24....	100	108	30	—	13....	42	198	24	—
40....	98	105	79	—	25....	53	199	25	—	14....	28	132	19	—
41....	103	130	83	—	26....	56	226	13	—	15....	63	143	34	—
T'l. 4075 4701 2682 35					27....	70	204	20	—	16....	135	179	10	—
Pl. 626					28....	60	264	9	—	17....	115	118	6	—
Klenkie 85, Kerwin 15.					29....	90	296	16	—	18....	129	151	3	—
XV.—					30....	37	260	6	1	19....	75	143	14	—
1....	56	163	49	1	31....	43	275	9	—	20....	83	193	29	—
2....	104	182	30	—	32....	62	177	13	1	21....	43	198	20	—
3....	45	167	41	1	33....	48	208	8	1	22....	34	228	18	—
4....	49	165	32	—	34....	33	160	16	—	23....	55	171	33	—
5....	50	118	63	2	T'l. 2869 4958 1132 25					24....	40	295	21	—
6....	70	126	52	2	Pl. 2089					25....	33	242	36	—
7....	66	108	70	—	Klenkie 58, Kerwin 8.					26....	39	198	38	1

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
27....	46	211	44	—	
28....	43	164	21	—	
29....	94	160	26	—	
30....	114	176	32	—	
31....	78	104	14	—	
32....	90	155	11	—	
33....	61	128	30	—	

T'l. 2091 5827 777 5
Pl. 3736
Klenkle 31, Kerwin 17.

XX.—

1....	150	189	39	—
2....	143	189	50	—
3....	81	166	61	—
4....	75	154	53	—
5....	76	147	64	1
6....	96	169	104	1
7....	83	121	64	2
8....	104	185	55	1
9....	132	155	48	1
10....	127	154	78	—
11....	79	108	77	—
12....	83	105	77	—
13....	58	99	102	—
14....	55	87	68	—
15....	56	102	86	—
16....	45	109	79	—
17....	45	108	89	—
18....	72	134	154	—
19....	39	69	54	—

T'l. 1599 2550 1302 6
Pl. 951
Klenkle 17, Kerwin 1.

XXI.—

1....	94	87	29	—
2....	122	154	29	1
3....	157	142	56	—
4....	83	123	80	1
5....	73	107	72	1
6....	99	125	44	—
7....	78	93	39	—
8....	110	135	50	1
9....	103	131	66	—
10....	87	125	58	3
11....	71	156	89	1
12....	47	200	75	—
13....	60	149	91	—
14....	62	105	112	1
15....	65	109	111	1
16....	76	150	131	3
17....	55	106	87	3
18....	48	171	83	4
19....	29	139	89	1
20....	54	122	106	2
21....	64	127	68	1
22....	80	123	63	—
23....	52	100	38	1

T'l. 1769 2979 1666 25
Pl. 1210
Klenkle 8, Kerwin 3.

XXII.—

1....	55	73	3	—
2....	73	72	11	1
3....	101	106	26	—
4....	155	133	49	1
5....	132	129	43	—
6....	97	75	20	—
7....	64	101	37	1
8....	105	171	85	—
9....	59	132	69	—
10....	47	100	84	1
11....	96	158	98	2
12....	90	161	62	3
13....	102	141	72	1
14....	90	122	85	1

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
15....	65	173	97	1	
16....	101	111	61	1	
17....	55	100	51	1	
18....	131	87	44	2	
19....	69	106	72	3	
20....	92	140	33	—	
21....	58	98	59	1	
22....	93	115	103	4	
23....	58	70	65	—	
24....	51	136	101	—	
25....	80	85	116	—	

T'l. 2119 2895 1546 24
Pl. 776
Klenkle 14, Kerwin 5.

XXIII.—

1....	23	144	8	—
2....	100	108	26	1
3....	157	82	31	—
4....	83	110	18	1
5....	101	154	33	—
6....	94	138	18	—
7....	217	102	9	—
8....	163	63	17	1
9....	126	81	24	1
10....	122	112	28	2
11....	87	116	57	4
12....	130	108	34	3
13....	116	166	43	1
14....	150	115	24	1
15....	140	56	7	1
16....	163	64	22	—
17....	112	100	17	—
18....	89	145	19	—
19....	37	136	25	—
20....	75	157	59	—
21....	50	177	19	—
22....	65	239	24	—
23....	31	293	36	2
24....	43	138	55	—
25....	29	190	28	—

T'l. 2503 3294 681 18
Pl. 791
Klenkle 41, Kerwin 9.

XXIV.—

1....	159	160	128	1
2....	114	82	36	2
3....	115	133	35	1
4....	76	130	32	1
5....	66	137	44	4
6....	82	125	36	4
7....	139	119	35	3
8....	110	132	25	1
9....	104	152	30	1
10....	90	152	35	—
11....	75	171	36	1
12....	117	148	30	2
13....	74	181	51	2
14....	114	156	40	3
15....	69	150	59	2
16....	58	190	55	—
17....	71	197	63	1
18....	43	151	45	2
19....	77	138	67	1
20....	92	128	67	—
21....	89	109	40	—
22....	80	83	29	—
23....	110	118	22	—
24....	54	152	39	1
25....	49	248	49	—
26....	66	124	47	—
27....	56	130	29	—
28....	59	144	42	1
29....	48	235	43	2

T'l. 2456 4275 1239 36
Pl. 1819
Klenkle 19, Kerwin 1.

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
--	--------	----------	---------	-------	--

XXV.—	1....	138	133	32	1
	2....	134	115	34	—
	3....	71	84	36	—
	4....	115	106	80	1
	5....	104	91	52	1
	6....	127	102	47	—
	7....	120	79	85	2
	8....	83	60	37	1
	9....	128	103	44	1
	10....	137	132	49	1
	11....	78	71	64	1
	12....	90	87	64	1
	13....	76	69	62	1
	14....	106	78	42	—
	15....	94	105	50	—
	16....	165	143	56	—
	17....	126	68	42	—
	18....	114	116	30	2
	19....	144	110	48	—
	20....	156	85	52	—
	21....	185	65	53	—
	22....	145	69	59	1
	23....	142	79	31	—
	24....	108	85	40	—
	25....	161	127	50	—
	26....	149	72	37	1
	27....	117	73	59	—
	28....	116	94	80	1
	29....	170	119	46	1
	30....	139	175	32	5
	31....	123	122	37	—
	32....	140	132	35	2
	33....	179	165	21	—
	34....	123	98	4	—
	35....	113	75	18	1
	36....	97	105	21	1
	37....	79	92	17	1
	38....	111	152	38	—

T'l. 4668 3856 1634 27
Pl. 812
Klenkle 6, Kerwin 2.

XXVI.—

1....	76	83	54	1
2....	65	162	62	1
3....	60	175	45	1
4....	42	101	56	1
5....	43	123	81	2
6....	52	130	55	1
7....	85	160	113	2
8....	82	83	83	—
9....	100	112	124	1
10....	61	155	112	—
11....	40	147	102	—
12....	67	143	133	1
13....	53	67	110	—
14....	72	81	133	—
15....	83	81	156	—
16....	79	55	131	—
17....	78	80	78	—
18....	87	84	107	1
19....	82	118	103	—
20....	94	103	96	1
21....	105	121	90	1
22....	93	80	124	1
23....	81	90	58	2
24....	138	108	70	—
25....	83	118	77	1
26....	79	90	93	—
27....	120	93	99	1
28....	98	98	135	—
29....	121	90	92	—
30....	119	97	109	—
31....	169	117	69	2
32....	171	139	52	—
33....	183	137	21	5
34....	164	129	22	4
35....	128	99	44	2

ELECTION RETURNS.

381

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
36....	107	95	29	1	
37....	119	103	36	2	
38....	112	130	32	2	
39....	61	136	32	—	
40....	12	82	14	—	

T'l. 3663 4398 3230 33
Pl. 735
Klenkle 18, Kerwin 5.

XXVII.—

1....	108	60	12	3	
2....	73	22	21	2	
3....	132	97	39	2	
4....	185	153	60	2	
5....	131	140	36	3	
6....	96	46	70	2	
7....	84	64	82	1	
8....	93	90	65	—	
9....	62	98	42	—	
10....	136	117	33	4	
11....	111	112	100	1	
12....	97	73	57	—	
13....	111	90	57	1	
14....	222	154	99	1	
15....	159	163	72	1	
16....	101	70	96	—	
17....	134	88	55	2	
18....	117	82	93	1	
19....	119	93	75	1	
20....	97	93	89	1	
21....	134	104	69	—	

T'l. 2502 2009 1312 33
Pl. 493
Klenkle 14, Kerwin 7.

XXVIII.—

1....	51	77	46	2	
2....	79	113	19	1	
3....	42	112	29	—	
4....	113	88	48	—	
5....	124	75	46	6	
6....	123	88	43	3	
7....	99	59	33	1	
8....	99	108	21	—	
9....	99	148	16	1	
10....	116	156	27	1	
11....	195	187	37	1	
12....	141	99	30	4	
13....	67	101	52	—	
14....	108	249	78	—	
15....	96	155	33	—	
16....	133	138	60	—	
17....	66	118	31	1	
18....	62	90	27	—	
19....	101	148	60	1	
20....	94	91	45	1	

T'l. 2003 2402 760 23
Pl. 399
Klenkle 22, Kerwin 2.

XXIX.—

1....	56	112	37	1	
2....	64	195	48	—	
3....	75	152	70	1	
4....	69	138	45	2	
5....	85	139	85	3	
6....	46	195	36	—	
7....	49	136	55	—	
8....	56	194	66	—	
9....	54	202	68	—	
10....	69	169	76	—	
11....	54	168	37	—	
12....	71	214	65	—	
13....	43	228	34	—	
14....	91	188	66	1	
15....	51	232	66	—	
16....	67	208	63	3	
17....	38	225	36	—	

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	
18....	44	212	28	2	
19....	76	170	40	1	
20....	94	112	21	1	
21....	80	166	37	—	
22....	34	159	39	—	
23....	55	145	36	—	
24....	46	135	16	—	
25....	32	177	56	2	
26....	38	246	16	—	
27....	23	130	12	—	
28....	66	133	60	2	

T'l. 1606 4880 1274 19
Pl. 3274
Klenkle 9, Kerwin 1.
Total vote.....307596

XXX.—

1....	118	118	25	2	
2....	104	148	41	—	
3....	100	126	79	1	
4....	66	102	40	—	
5....	134	118	37	—	
6....	142	128	32	—	
7....	83	148	46	—	
8....	41	125	47	—	
9....	65	97	63	—	
10....	80	144	38	—	
11....	113	133	54	—	
12....	119	121	72	—	
13....	69	122	47	—	
14....	44	104	42	—	
15....	54	171	52	—	
16....	61	101	45	—	
17....	38	171	60	—	
18....	45	94	54	—	
19....	55	124	104	—	
20....	58	157	62	3	
21....	83	150	63	1	
22....	47	200	58	1	
23....	31	108	93	1	
24....	69	138	101	3	
25....	70	133	88	—	
26....	37	178	60	—	
27....	62	111	100	1	
28....	44	100	175	1	
29....	62	176	172	2	
30....	50	108	200	2	
31....	69	101	66	1	
32....	87	152	66	—	
33....	42	181	82	—	
34....	67	175	37	1	
35....	58	99	140	—	
36....	53	77	45	—	
37....	78	74	26	3	
38....	112	146	130	3	
39....	159	126	52	6	
40....	167	92	37	—	
41....	101	61	66	1	
42....	85	108	60	5	
43....	176	94	36	1	
44....	164	93	32	5	
45....	161	187	49	—	
46....	140	101	41	1	
47....	79	85	61	1	
48....	112	126	44	2	
49....	171	109	31	8	
50....	153	125	37	—	
51....	137	192	46	6	
52....	128	121	53	2	
53....	86	102	41	3	
54....	115	120	23	3	
55....	103	106	39	1	
56....	123	117	46	3	
57....	105	121	46	1	
58....	96	120	24	1	
59....	112	77	25	1	
60....	63	97	36	—	
61....	97	124	43	3	
62....	75	191	26	1	

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad's	ms
63....	108	171	46	—	
T'l.	5706	7930	3732	80	
Pl..		2224			
Klenkle 80, Kerwin 23.					

XXXI.—

1....	119	94	23	3	
2....	165	97	20	1	
3....	148	142	33	1	
4....	148	104	26	1	
5....	186	104	26	2	
6....	127	78	21	—	
7....	66	58	26	3	
8....	87	104	39	3	
9....	73	141	65	1	
10....	125	84	58	4	
11....	135	115	24	5	
12....	174	118	24	4	
13....	144	115	33	6	
14....	149	107	46	2	
15....	180	104	30	7	
16....	172	123	25	3	
17....	143	82	20	5	
18....	117	82	32	1	
19....	98	103	31	1	
20....	109	82	24	2	
21....	116	160	57	1	
22....	177	140	44	—	
23....	151	129	48	3	
24....	120	72	46	2	
25....	123	134	37	4	
26....	108	78	61	1	
27....	90	78	98	1	
28....	99	119	67	—	
29....	87	99	38	—	
30....	149	170	54	1	
31....	102	35	32	2	
32....	103	56	19	1	
33....	77	50	20	8	
34....	49	35	12	3	
35....	79	34	38	3	
36....	89	34	43	1	
37....	160	102	103	2	
38....	92	33	4	1	

T'l. 4636 3592 1437 89
Pl. 1044
Klenkle 29, Kerwin 3.

XXXII.—

1....	105	64	18	—	
2....	95	91	20	—	
3....	121	92	21	1	
4....	146	115	20	—	
5....	126	173	15	3	
6....	94	134	30	1	
7....	119	114	33	—	
8....	115	98	22	2	
9....	126	108	35	1	
10....	137	102	19	1	
11....	98	101	15	3	
12....	131	107	10	4	
13....	142	117	15	1	
14....	113	76	21	1	
15....	109	77	26	1	
16....	85	107	27	3	
17....	96	105	44	1	
18....	109	157	33	1	
19....	105	133	19	1	
20....	87	157	27	—	
21....	104	100	15	—	
22....	98	129	16	—	
23....	94	109	35	—	
24....	120	130	22	2	
25....	96	135	21	—	
26....	101	79	13	—	
27....	106	135	22	2	
28....	181	108	12	—	

	Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad'n's		Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad'n's		Carter	Harrison	Altgeld	Wad'n's
29....	149	137	7	1	18....	74	181	48	1	23....	102	130	31	—
30....	210	122	5	—	19....	111	113	—41	2	24....	123	103	35	2
31....	89	102	12	1	20....	82	73	14	—	25....	93	134	30	1
32....	163	148	27	2	21....	138	88	48	—	26....	130	124	43	1
33....	115	130	11	2	22....	79	107	34	—	27....	130	116	45	2
34....	153	137	24	—	23....	102	126	31	3	28....	101	103	26	—
35....	119	151	27	1	24....	112	119	39	1	29....	105	77	44	4
36....	102	112	23	—	25....	71	97	37	2	30....	83	99	23	1
37....	73	87	24	—	26....	99	105	38	1	31....	155	125	37	4
38....	126	118	33	—	27....	104	70	24	2	32....	118	67	23	2
39....	138	148	19	—	28....	87	111	41	—	33....	118	92	17	2
40....	163	114	10	—	29....	71	91	60	1	34....	53	81	40	—
41....	139	92	6	—	30....	103	101	27	1	35....	85	85	40	2
42....	92	60	2	—	31....	89	131	23	1	36....	76	121	45	2
43....	169	159	12	—	32....	117	91	14	2	37....	99	146	61	1
44....	119	146	29	—	33....	67	71	11	—	38....	160	48	22	—
45....	97	79	14	—						39....	243	134	93	—
46....	165	122	22	—						40....	146	82	37	2
47....	133	173	21	1						41....	113	126	54	1
48....	159	125	25	—						42....	72	76	25	—
49....	95	110	24	1						43....	125	124	50	2

T'l. 3060 3280 1054 31
Pl. 220
Klenkle 47, Kerwin 4.

XXXIV.—

1....	108	155	58	3	45....	66	85	53	—
2....	130	96	14	2	46....	142	135	67	1
3....	172	140	27	2	47....	109	97	36	—
4....	101	88	9	2	48....	88	79	27	—
5....	105	118	30	2	49....	110	96	28	1
6....	70	79	15	3	50....	99	97	30	2
7....	134	162	45	—	51....	44	41	26	1
8....	155	156	56	2	52....	126	113	94	7
9....	86	169	41	1	53....	102	94	42	—
10....	235	142	44	6	54....	145	115	52	1
11....	176	132	23	1	55....	170	66	71	—
12....	127	104	29	3	56....	222	21	27	—
13....	139	134	34	1					
14....	160	123	38	2					
15....	160	123	36	1					
16....	163	111	27	2					
17....	148	161	36	—					
18....	107	120	28	1					
19....	71	123	44	2					
20....	89	145	27	1					
21....	93	155	48	—					
22....	47	83	29	—					

VOTE FOR CITY OFFICERS.

TREASURER.

Rep. Dem. M.O. Pro. S.L. S.D.

Wards.	Schafer	Ortseifen	Driscoll	Nuveen	W'n'h'p.	Win'n
1.....	1665	5203	496	13	12	12
2.....	2481	2826	341	13	16	2
3.....	3447	2378	278	14	17	1
4.....	3804	2755	409	27	30	3
5.....	2576	4566	809	21	41	3
6.....	2581	5517	1152	13	27	14
7.....	2732	2858	378	4	42	16
8.....	1610	3683	386	3	43	77
9.....	2421	4313	763	6	71	64
10.....	5986	6327	1412	42	96	77
11.....	3441	3419	664	18	18	8
12.....	8860	5361	1043	88	12	7
13.....	4461	3679	833	28	59	10
14.....	4705	4226	1972	38	132	18
15.....	5049	4576	2079	41	93	15
16.....	3153	4558	772	28	77	12
17.....	1790	1810	517	10	29	5
18.....	1589	6035	683	17	19	10
19.....	2341	5459	540	3	39	19
20.....	2052	2398	873	8	24	3
21.....	2195	2983	968	21	23	4
22.....	2619	2704	977	19	37	6
23.....	2832	2912	493	17	49	9
24.....	3143	3586	921	35	23	5
25.....	5908	2837	1089	26	16	4
26.....	4565	3869	2241	32	31	6
27.....	2945	1608	1024	39	30	14
28.....	2408	1982	500	21	25	3
29.....	1779	4590	796	14	10	3
30.....	6779	7120	2650	72	119	34

Wards.	Schafer	Ortseifen	Driscoll	Nuveen	W'n'h'p.	Win'n
31.....	5501	2790	990	90	41	5
32.....	7302	4213	695	42	22	4
33.....	3441	3268	631	24	47	5
34.....	7883	4890	1681	100	218	15

Total.. 125959 131298 32046 992 1588 493
Plurality.. 5339

CITY ATTORNEY.

Rep. Dem. M.O. Pro. S.L. S.D.

	Cannon	Fryan	Mitchell	Kilne	Pement	Seelke
1.....	1634	5222	489	13	9	11
2.....	2495	2756	352	18	13	1
3.....	3385	2409	291	17	14	2
4.....	3603	2795	411	23	28	9
5.....	2752	4319	964	19	50	8
6.....	2894	5364	1127	14	32	13
7.....	2740	2856	387	8	42	15
8.....	1648	3650	374	11	50	69
9.....	2464	4325	742	13	83	65
10.....	5850	6393	1396	51	107	69
11.....	3274	3689	592	24	20	9
12.....	7934	6200	1078	108	17	5
13.....	4295	3814	819	34	61	13
14.....	4440	4398	1999	34	138	26
15.....	4863	4616	2124	44	90	17
16.....	3143	4594	749	22	78	15
17.....	1778	1803	528	10	26	3
18.....	1521	6109	650	20	22	11
19.....	2372	5440	456	4	38	13
20.....	2097	2289	934	13	27	3
21.....	2295	2816	1025	16	27	6
22.....	2730	2542	999	15	39	7

ELECTION RETURNS.

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Wards.	Cannon.	Ryan.	Mitchell.	Klies.	Pement.	Soelke
23.....	3352	2489	445	21	43	9
24.....	3411	3455	811	36	25	5
25.....	5641	3003	1147	37	16	5
26.....	4674	3804	2345	40	34	7
27.....	2854	1684	1016	35	28	9
28.....	2307	2080	484	34	25	4
29.....	2280	4294	806	14	14	3
30.....	5784	7026	2741	78	102	33
31.....	5113	3027	1256	91	47	4
32.....	6994	4515	751	52	27	7
33.....	3442	3114	665	29	47	5
34.....	7533	5177	1664	80	219	19
Total..	123592	132067	32617	1088	1607	489
Plurality..	8475					

CITY CLERK.

	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	Pro.	S.L.	S.D.
	Pierson.	Loeffler.	Stauber.	Blake.	Smith.	Harri'n
1.....	1599	5191	547	13	11	11
2.....	2731	2494	429	15	11	3
3.....	3368	2225	411	21	15	3
4.....	3506	2745	602	23	33	5
5.....	2610	4235	1045	24	45	4
6.....	2490	5645	1294	19	31	16
7.....	2163	3877	396	5	24	12
8.....	1380	4035	441	6	43	63
9.....	2244	4322	940	7	75	56

Wards.	Pierson.	Loeffler.	Stauber.	Blake.	Smith.	Harri'n
10.....	5573	6372	1747	47	111	65
11.....	3150	3600	774	33	10	6
12.....	7934	5782	1453	103	14	6
13.....	4108	3815	1007	32	61	12
14.....	4115	4117	2755	26	133	18
15.....	4603	4477	2649	45	78	14
16.....	2959	4521	1030	22	75	13
17.....	1715	1845	566	9	27	6
18.....	1482	6103	716	14	19	9
19.....	2039	5777	571	3	34	18
20.....	1844	2395	1129	7	23	1
21.....	1929	2960	1243	13	24	7
22.....	2384	2671	1215	10	41	9
23.....	2763	2930	535	22	44	9
24.....	2886	3640	1047	36	28	6
25.....	5326	2878	1565	30	15	4
26.....	4224	3911	2672	41	32	7
27.....	2759	1608	1225	32	28	9
28.....	2181	2081	653	23	21	3
29.....	1909	4532	859	9	20	2
30.....	6347	7085	3106	69	107	31
31.....	5233	2841	1268	37	40	3
32.....	7100	4038	1123	39	23	5
33.....	3360	3238	785	27	43	7
34.....	7491	4822	2040	65	205	15

Total..	117581	132808	39838	982	1544	457
Plurality..	15227					

VOTE FOR ALDERMEN.

[Election April 4, 1899.]

1. Robt. J. Gould, Rep.....	1,725
Michael Kenna, Dem.....	5,146
Fitzgerald Murphy, M. O.....	585
2. E. R. Pike, Rep.....	2,777
P. J. Cook, Dem.....	2,493
F. H. Follansbee, M. O.....	494
3. Charles Allen, Rep.....	3,736
4. M. J. Foreman, Rep.....	3,692
B. F. Philpot, Dem.....	1,612
J. P. Brennan, M. O.....	380
E. E. Baldwin, Ind.....	1,492
5. George Lehman, Rep.....	3,070
M. M. Blake, Dem.....	4,259
William Miller, M. O.....	959
H. C. Dreilsvogt, Soc. L.....	50
F. E. Cary, Ind.....	41
6. F. L. Umbach, Rep.....	1,794
J. J. McCormick, Dem.....	4,752
J. J. Sheahan, M. O.....	1,358
R. K. Sloan, Ind.....	2,017
7. N. T. Brenner, Rep.....	3,938
E. Penshorn, Dem.....	2,190
G. H. Zimmer, M. O.....	259
Mose Welsfeld, Soc. L.....	27
H. S. Wolf, Ind.....	53
8. John Siman, Rep.....	2,479
M. S. Garry, Dem.....	2,796
M. B. Levine, M. O.....	649
John Baunel, Soc. D.....	63
9. J. V. Crane, Rep.....	2,793
Rudolph Hnrt, Dem.....	4,378
C. J. Buhmann, M. O.....	581
K. Kostuoski, Soc. L.....	79
V. Mundra, Soc. D.....	61
10. Anton Novak, Rep.....	6,272
M. Zimmer, Dem.....	6,304
H. E. Murphy, M. O.....	1,228
H. Sale, Soc. L.....	88
E. Laver, Soc. D.....	80
Otto Negele, Ind.....	82
As a result of a contest Novak was seated and Zimmer resigned.	
11. W. D. Kent, Rep.....	2,875
G. Duddleston, Dem.....	4,219
J. T. Wilson, M. O.....	541
12. J. C. Patterson, Rep.....	8,736

Eugene Smith, Dem.....	5,622
S. R. Wilson, M. O.....	935
H. W. Matthews, Pro.....	66
D. H. Daly, Soc. L.....	15
T. S. Albright, Ind.....	81
13. F. T. Fowler, Rep.....	4,978
J. J. Walsh, Dem.....	3,529
F. G. Strickland, M. O.....	685
J. Collins, Soc. L.....	58
14. John N. Bos, Rep.....	4,647
J. Strauss, Dem.....	4,608
F. C. Bredstschneider, M. O.....	1,821
H. Brophy, Pro.....	27
C. Schmidt, Soc. L.....	130
M. Morisko, Ind.....	16
I. C. Wagner.....	64
15. C. E. Hallstrom, Rep.....	4,639
J. W. Gildea, Dem.....	4,062
A. T. Johnson, M. O.....	3,203
J. Macejowski, Soc. L.....	100
16. J. T. Smulski, Rep.....	4,468
A. J. Kowalski, Dem.....	3,509
J. H. Rapp, M. O.....	744
M. Gorecki, Soc. L.....	74
J. J. Knowinski, Ind.....	76
17. G. B. Johnson, Rep.....	1,894
R. F. Shay, Dem.....	1,667
J. Walsh, M. O.....	644
J. Uccello, Ind.....	74
18. W. Karch, Rep.....	1,356
J. J. Brennan, Dem.....	6,045
G. L. Robertson, M. O.....	931
19. V. Pacilli, Rep.....	1,977
P. Morris, Dem.....	6,064
J. M. Jacobson, Soc. L.....	59
20. A. Pettibone, Rep.....	2,272
F. W. Alwart, Dem.....	2,281
A. J. Stango, M. O.....	806
W. J. Valmer, Ind. Rep.....	102
As result of contest Pettibone was seated.	
21. R. Schmidt, Rep.....	2,014
Charles Werno, Dem.....	3,302
J. G. Grossberg, M. O.....	953
22. Kinney Smith, Rep.....	3,121
O. Roderwald, Dem.....	2,440

Wards.

R. Bauer, Soc. L.....	74
23. J. R. Peterson, Rep.....	2,972
J. T. Gibbons, Dem.....	2,873
L. S. Dalton, M. O.....	494
A. B. Gulberg, Soc. L.....	39
24. S. H. Helm, Rep.....	3,398
M. E. Barry, Dem.....	3,368
D. L. Cernice, M. O.....	854
James Bain, Soc. L.....	30
G. S. Whistlar, Ind.....	104
25. Walter Butler, Rep.....	5,536
Albert Holst, Dem.....	3,099
J. H. Freudenthal, M. O.....	1,024
F. J. How, Ind.....	72
W. G. Taskett.....	191
26. F. K. Blake, Rep.....	4,572
P. F. Haynes, Dem.....	4,462
G. D. Skamper, M. O.....	2,070
27. A. F. Keeney, Rep.....	2,631
W. N. Julian, Dem.....	1,569
J. Sokup, M. O.....	947
J. McMahon, Ind.....	612
28. C. H. Rector, Rep.....	2,011
P. M. Keenan, Dem.....	1,713
George Kiler, M. O.....	289

Wards.

Gus Larson, Soc. L.....	21
Thomas Sayle, Ind. Rep.....	1,116
29. William Webb, Rep.....	2,598
J. T. Russell, Dem.....	4,489
L. Hellbron, M. O.....	479
C. J. McCarthy, Ind. D.....	112
30. A. T. Zeman, Rep.....	7,739
E. Reichardt, Dem.....	6,251
J. Pauly, M. O.....	2,937
H. Gleser, Soc. L.....	95
31. H. F. Erdman, Rep.....	4,884
M. G. Holding, Dem.....	4,183
C. Fritz, Soc. L.....	83
W. H. O'Donoghue, Ind.....	49
32. W. C. Nelson, Rep.....	7,935
J. J. Waters, Dem.....	3,709
W. F. Moffitt, M. O.....	694
33. John H. Jones, Rep.....	3,276
Edw. Watkins, Dem.....	3,768
John Black, M. O.....	558
W. Postussny, Soc. L.....	61
34. F. I. Bennett, Rep.....	8,206
W. Rothmann, Dem.....	4,579
W. A. Cunnea, M. O.....	1,705
J. Osterling, Soc. L.....	224

VOTE FOR TOWN OFFICERS.

[April 4, 1899.]

TOWN OF SOUTH CHICAGO.

ASSESSOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M. O.	S. L.
Nickerson, Stuckart, McGrath, Keeg'n				
1.....	1639	5170	492	15
2.....	2551	2735	335	12
3.....	3444	2378	264	15
4.....	2656	2841	379	34
5.....	2298	5043	744	52
6.....	2065	6705	895	24
Part of 28.....	329	472	86	2
Total.....	15979	25344	3192	154
Plurality.....		9365		

COLLECTOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M. O.	S. L.
Trude, Barnett, O'Reilly, Kohl				
1.....	1730	5096	507	15
2.....	2798	2527	342	14
3.....	3947	1938	268	12
4.....	4130	2434	391	34
5.....	2999	3988	932	53
6.....	2714	5416	1188	31
Part of 28.....	358	411	105	2
Total.....	18676	21810	3733	161
Plurality.....		3134		

SUPERVISOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M. O.	S. L.
Dunbar, Shannon, Croarkin, Brift				
1.....	1667	5162	508	16
2.....	2578	2668	333	19
3.....	3571	2256	275	17
4.....	3967	2452	441	38
5.....	2783	4255	857	57
6.....	3293	5128	1033	27
Part of 28.....	356	421	91	2
Total.....	18215	22342	3538	176
Plurality.....		4127		

CLERK.

	Rep.	Dem.	M. O.	S. L.
Buckner, Ryan, Harris, Knight				
1.....	1677	5161	489	17
2.....	2602	2653	369	16
3.....	3553	2221	271	21
4.....	3811	2603	434	37

	Buckner.	Ryan.	Harris.	Knight
5.....	2576	4442	850	56
6.....	2454	5672	1074	38
Part of 28.....	343	440	90	2

Total.....	17016	23162	3577	187
Plurality.....		6146		

WEST TOWN.

ASSESSOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M. O.	S. L.
Dutton, Ryan, Thomas, Williams				
7.....	2551	3140	350	47
8.....	1411	3906	369	50
9.....	2144	4641	665	77
10.....	5364	6971	1450	102
11.....	3065	3956	545	13
12.....	7610	6736	931	15
13.....	4077	4122	768	54
14.....	4310	4646	1874	141
15.....	4630	4940	2038	98
16.....	2955	4793	743	83
17.....	1718	1921	480	30
18.....	1475	6116	621	19
19.....	2025	5899	464	44
Part of 28.....	2024	1638	352	68
Total.....	45359	63425	11650	941
Plurality.....		18066		

COLLECTOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M. O.	S. L.
Williams, Cerveney, Pfeiffer, Benda				
7.....	2598	2961	380	36
8.....	1371	3941	390	50
9.....	2178	4528	784	79
10.....	5310	6859	1445	87
11.....	3406	3499	552	12
12.....	8376	6556	1025	18
13.....	4370	3719	808	53
14.....	4680	4051	2022	140
15.....	4918	4422	2177	94
16.....	3521	4311	723	77
17.....	1880	1761	487	30
18.....	1509	6072	646	24
19.....	2082	5688	464	45
Part of 28.....	2032	1591	375	63
Total.....	48222	59059	12278	813
Plurality.....		10837		

ELECTION RETURNS.

385

SUPERVISOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Pecha, Klobassa, McMahon, Dalch			
7.....	2693	2904	365	38
8.....	2033	3309	379	47
9.....	2607	4185	758	85
10.....	5927	6277	1425	91
11.....	3142	3696	575	13
12.....	7960	6037	1049	19
13.....	4197	3895	798	59
14.....	4336	4489	1906	139
15.....	4601	4821	2083	95
16.....	2987	4817	729	79
17.....	1720	1850	508	28
18.....	1465	6119	644	17
19.....	2146	5625	482	45
Part of 28.....	2085	1584	394	21

Total..... 47881 59608 12095 774
Plurality..... 11727

CLERK.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Alana, Warwick, Svo'boda, Tubbs			
7.....	2656	2845	383	38
8.....	1511	3638	450	51
9.....	2261	4299	849	84
10.....	5609	6385	1501	102
11.....	2132	3690	593	11
12.....	7998	5937	1056	25
13.....	4185	3843	815	56
14.....	4417	4240	2000	145
15.....	4661	4598	2169	96
16.....	3064	4576	777	84
17.....	1802	1814	512	31
18.....	1448	6127	622	18
19.....	2118	5625	489	43
Part of 28.....	1912	1618	403	21

Total..... 46774 59235 12619 805
Plurality..... 12461

NORTH TOWN.

ASSESSOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.	Ind
	Schmidt, Gray, Becker, Lange, Fom's'd				
20.....	1697	2824	859	26	5
21.....	1692	3582	930	25	8
22.....	2106	3270	923	42	3
23.....	2636	3133	451	55	..
24.....	2638	4215	788	31	..

Total..... 10751 17024 3951 179 16
Plurality..... 6273

COLLECTOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.	Ind.
	Reese, Salomon, Goldzier, Saxe, Cloak				
20.....	2029	2402	872	27	3
21.....	2160	2972	1028	23	5
22.....	2696	2736	911	40	3
23.....	2810	2900	468	51	..
24.....	3041	3626	836	32	..

Total..... 12736 14636 4115 173 11
Plurality..... 1900

SUPERVISOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.	Ind.
	Poehlmann, Perkins, Heinze, Kronlof, Gluth				
20.....	1933	2465	890	24	4
21.....	2012	3061	1034	25	7
22.....	2464	2759	975	44	7
23.....	2826	2878	516	53	..
24.....	2854	3775	926	28	1

Total..... 12089 14938 4341 174 19
Plurality..... 2849

CLERK.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.	Ind.
	Hibbeler, Reindover, Honey, Stot's, g, Lachar				
20.....	2158	2349	815	23	6
21.....	2161	2959	954	24	4
22.....	2567	2709	915	47	5
23.....	2765	2867	475	54	2
24.....	2992	3674	846	33	..

Total..... 12643 14558 4005 181 17
Plurality..... 1915

HYDE PARK.

ASSESSOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Ekeelen, Hart, Wright, Stillhoff			
32.....	7612	3929	693	31
33.....	3434	3260	633	46
34.....	6808	4231	1441	176

Total..... 17854 11420 2767 253
Plurality..... 6434

COLLECTOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Marce, McCarthy, Sheehan, Gadder			
32.....	7745	3773	723	42
33.....	3460	3190	645	46
34.....	6853	4146	1422	189

Total..... 18058 11109 2790 277
Plurality..... 6949

SUPERVISOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Fahn'rich, Tegtmeyer, Lawler, Hase			
32.....	7994	3760	694	30
33.....	3448	3210	651	42
34.....	6893	4212	1404	182

Total..... 18135 11182 2749 254
Plurality..... 6953

CLERK.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Anderson, Brymner, Harvey, Meunch			
32.....	7667	3943	717	27
33.....	3549	3137	624	43
34.....	6820	4225	1417	173

Total..... 18036 11205 2758 243
Plurality..... 6831

LAKE VIEW.

ASSESSOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.
	Hambilton, Behrens, Peters		
25.....	5514	2560	1125
26.....	4635	3870	2336

Total..... 10149 6430 3461
Plurality..... 3719

COLLECTOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.
	Barker, Dawson, Mann		
25.....	5367	2685	1098
26.....	4642	3764	2312

Total..... 10009 6449 3410
Plurality..... 3560

SUPERVISOR.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.
	Best, Nelson, Becker		
25.....	5283	2783	1103
26.....	4565	3722	2399

Total..... 9848 6505 3502
Plurality..... 3343

CLERK.

Wards.	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.
25.....	Flohter, Jouris, Zim'm'n	5400	2480 1118
26.....		4964	3537 2308
Total.....		10364	6017 3426
Plurality.....		4347	

TOWN OF LAKE.

ASSESSOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Christian, McDonald, Huff	Berlin		
29.....	1746	4874	781	14
30.....	6801	7011	2766	118
31.....	4752	2790	842	48
Total.....	13299	14675	4389	180
Plurality.....		1376		

COLLECTOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Vlezens, Traeger, Arndt, Dulgard			
29.....	1999	4526	836	13
30.....	6796	7268	2482	114
31.....	4906	2669	819	49
Total.....	13701	14403	4137	176
Plurality.....		702		

SUPERVISOR.

	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Healy, Brown, McInerney, Wad'l			
29.....	2634	4046	764	14
30.....	7133	6812	2598	120

Wards.

Wards.	Healy.	Brown.	McInerney.	Wad'l
31.....	4674	2938	761	55
Total.....	14441	13796	4123	189
Plurality.....		645		

CLERK.

	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.	S.L.
	Lundberg, Schmitt, Russell, Gle'n'k			
29.....	1929	4659	830	15
30.....	6739	6984	2785	117
31.....	4855	2628	855	48
Total.....	13523	14271	4470	280
Plurality.....		748		

TOWN OF JEFFERSON.

ASSESSOR.

	Rep.	M.O.
	Calkins, Johnson	
27.....	3055	1150
Plurality.....	1905	

COLLECTOR.

	Rep.	M.O.
	Haussen, Triel	
27.....	3105	1115
Plurality.....	1990	

SUPERVISOR.

	Rep.	M.O.
	Youngquist, Powlonski	
27.....	3059	1160
Plurality.....	1899	

CLERK.

	Rep.	Dem.	M.O.
	Peters, Bronson, Visser		
27.....	2673	1461	1242
Plurality.....	1212		

COOK COUNTY POLITICAL COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE—1898-99.

Chairman—John M. Smyth.
Vice-Chairman—Fred L. Wilk.
Secretary—Robert M. Simon.
Treasurer—Fred M. Blount.

Ward.	
1.	J. N. Powell.....339 Michigan-av.
2.	James P. Smith.....1503 Michigan-av.
3.	Ferry A. Hull.....103 LaSalle-st.
4.	John T. Richardson.....140 Dearborn-st.
5.	E. J. Magerstadt.....Office Clk. Crim. Ct.
6.	Frank J. Palt.....103 LaSalle-st.
7.	John A. Cooke.....624 S. Halsted-st.
8.	P. F. Burke.....492 S. Center-av.
9.	Jos. E. Bidwill.....R.R. & W.H. Com. office
10.	William Lorimer.....1268 W. 15th-st.
11.	John J. Badenoch.....44 Desplaines-st.
12.	Fred M. Blount.....Chicago national bank
13.	D. A. Campbell.....1218 Chamber Com. bldg.
14.	Fred L. Wilk.....Union Trust Co.
15.	James Reddick.....138 Madison-st.
16.	George C. Lenke.....608 Milwaukee-av.
17.	F. E. Erickson.....256 N. Carpenter-st.
18.	George Berz.....Coroner's office.
19.	Christopher Mamer.....166 Throop-st.
20.	Thomas Rankin.....Lake and Peoria-sts.
21.	John Henderson.....124 Lincoln-av.
22.	F. A. Busse.....504 N. Clark-st.
23.	John A. Linn.....12 and 14 Clybourn-av.
24.	J. P. Whedon.....Virginia hotel
25.	James Pease.....Sheriff's office
26.	Robert M. Simon.....Recorder's office
27.	W. M. McEwen.....State's Attorney's office
28.	Frederick Lundin.....2345 W. Kinzie-st.
29.	William Webb.....4430 Wentworth-av.
30.	Chas. S. Denen.....State's Attorney's office
31.	Charles W. Vail.....155 LaSalle-st.
32.	D. H. Kochersperger.....County Treas. office
33.	John Hanberg.....923 Escanaba-av.
34.	John J. Magee.....Lake-av. and 57th-st.

COUNTY DISTRICTS.

Dist.	
1.	J. Schilling.....South Holland, Cook Co., Ill.
2.	W. H. Weber.....Blue Island, Cook Co., Ill.
3.	F. M. Hoffman.....Glenview, Cook Co., Ill.
4.	O. W. Nash.....Oak Park, Cook Co., Ill.
5.	Milan Reynolds.....Palatine, Cook Co., Ill.
6.	Geo. W. Paulin.....Evanston, Cook Co., Ill.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

John M. Smyth, chairman; Fred L. Wilk, vice-chairman; Robert M. Simon, secretary; Fred M. Blount, treasurer; Charles S. Denen, Fred L. Wilk, Robert M. Simon, Fred M. Blount, John M. Smyth, William Lorimer, James Pease, D. H. Kochersperger, Joseph E. Bidwill, D. A. Campbell, E. J. Magerstadt, Christopher Mamer, F. A. Busse, John A. Cooke, William H. Weber, Henry L. Hertz, Graeme Stewart.

SUB-COMMITTEES.

Finance—Graeme Stewart, chairman.
Auditing—D. H. Kochersperger, chairman; Christopher Mamer, Fred L. Wilk, Robert M. Simon, Henry L. Hertz.
Organization and Registration—William Lorimer, chairman; William Weber, Fred A. Busse, Joseph E. Bidwill, E. J. Magerstadt.
Naturalization—Daniel A. Campbell, chairman; John A. Cooke, Robert M. Simon, Fred A. Busse, William H. Weber.
Halls, Speakers and Printing—John A. Cooke, chairman; Henry L. Hertz, Fred A. Busse, D. A. Campbell, Joseph E. Bidwill.
Detection and Prevention of Fraud—James

Pease, chairman; Christopher Mamer, William Lorimer, John M. Smyth, Charles S. Deneen, Henry L. Hertz.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

I.

Ward.

3. E. H. Morris.....2712 Dearborn-st.
4. John L. Frazier.....74 37th-st.
31. Paul Vrezens.....6755 Emerald-av.
32. A. V. Lee.....5446 Cornell-av.
33. Jacob Bremer.....9277 South Chicago-av.
34. John H. Nichols.....10744 Michigan-av.
- S. C. Reed.....Blue Island
- Jacob Kirgis.....Chicago Heights

II.

10. Henry Schanze..Western-av. and 21st-pl.
28. John J. McKenna.....Sheriff's office
29. M. J. Murphy.....4308 S. Wood-st.
30. P. O. Johnson.....5008 Wentworth-av.
- H. D. Pierce.....Oak Park
- J. P. O'Sullivan.....Maywood
- John T. Allison.....LaGrange

III.

1. D. W. Nickerson.....Clifton house
2. Morris Selz.....1717 Michigan-av.
4. Hugh Morris.....3624 5th-av.
5. John A. Kunz.....2209 Archer-av.
6. Jacob Frank.....3033 Archer-av.
7. James Kazda.....99 15th-st.

IV.

8. W. H. Curran.....701 S. Center-av.
9. George B. Elbe.....673 Blue Island-av.
12. George F. Gilbert.....1649 Jackson-bd.
19. P. J. Meaney.....287 S. Jefferson-st.

V.

11. Charles E. George..Probate Clerk's office
13. John W. Tindall.....652 Walnut-st.
16. Charles J. Ryberg.....469 Milwaukee-av.
17. E. J. Dwyer.....271 Austin-av.
18. E. Remington.....285 W. Monroe-st.

VI.

20. Thomas Rankin.....278 Seminary-av.
21. Henry Spears.....681 North Park-av.
22. William Baumer.....492 Wells-st.
23. Frank J. Chaiser.....366 E. Division-st.
24. John C. W. Rhode.....339 N. Clark-st.
25. George B. Milne.....448 Seminary-av.
26. James T. French.....25 Surrey-ct.

VII.

14. W. C. Eggert.....784 N. Irving-av.
15. Frank Caylezel.....302 Cortland-st.
25. Earl Hamilton.....99 Buena-av.
26. E. W. Zander.....2773 N. Robey-st.
27. Henry Wulff.....Jefferson Park
- J. A. Childs.....Evanston
- S. C. Sexaner.....
- O. A. Murray.....Waukegan, Lake Co.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

I.

1. Charles A. Wathier.....265 5th-av.
2. Charles L. Sherlock.....89 18th-st.
5. John Lyons.....3095 Portland-av.

II.

10. Horace Chadwick.....990 Clifton Park-av.
12. D. W. Clark.....956 Warren-av.
10. A. W. Nohe.....123 Hartford bldg.

III.

31. J. W. Gibbs.....6434 Butler-st.
33. William L. Evans.....9312 Anthony-av.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Thomas Gahan.
Secretary—Robert E. Burke.
Treasurer—Fred E. Eldred.

Ward.

1. John J. Coughlin.....127 LaSalle-st.
- Michael Kenna.....279 S. Clark-st.

Ward.

34. Charles W. Taylor..Criminal Court bldg.
- M. E. Baldwin....Morgan Park, Calumet

IV.

29. Thomas Boyer.....4300 Emerald-av.
29. Andrew Bankert.....3942 State-st.
29. Bernard Duffy.....4347 Wentworth-av.
30. James Kinlock.....4735 Dearborn-st.
30. Alf Anderson.....5200 Atlantic-st.
30. Thomas Lyons....Care of U. S. Yds. Co.
30. Carl Lundberg.....5949 Sangamon-av.
30. Mike Walsh.....4738 Union-av.

V.

2. H. L. Martin.....2436 Dearborn-st.
3. Thomas Holmes.....2938 Groveland-av.
32. F. L. Fake.....81 47th-st.

VI.

15. Edward Benzo.....738 Elston-av.
20. Otto Wormike.....130 Lewis-st.
25. Walter V. Hayt.....3179 Dover-st.
26. John Schmidt.....1139 Oakdale-av.

VII.

- George W. Pauling.....Evanston
- R. H. Muir.....Clyde
- W. G. Eddy.....Harvey
- F. C. Kyle.....Blue Island
- F. H. Warner.....Western Springs
- Andrew Schmitz.....Niles Center
- Charles E. Julien.....Palatine

IX.

6. A. T. Jones.....2521 Hickory-st.
6. Thomas Lynch.....3404 Lowe-av.
6. I. N. Kelso.....3343 S. Wood-st.
9. Jacob Grosser.....691 W. 20th-st.
10. William Hilgendorf.....920 W. 21st-st.
28. John J. McKenna.....Sheriff's office

XI.

14. George A. Mugler.....710 N. California-av.
15. Fred Ellert.....388 Homer-st.
27. J. H. Metler.....1763 Kedzie-av.
28. F. C. Lovejoy.....2203 Gladys-av.

XIII.

7. S. Dreihen...Cor. Newberry-av.-Henry-st.
8. Frank Sevlck.....659 S. Morgan-st.
19. J. Finkelstein.....60 Newberry-av.

XV.

9. W. H. Ward.....355½ Loomis-st.
11. W. D. Kent.....450 W. Congress-st.
19. James Ahren.....355 W. Congress-st.

XVII.

11. Louis Stitts.....440 Grand-av.
17. Albert Oberndorf.....343 Fulton-st.
18. George Berg.....299 Jackson-bd.

XIX.

13. D. B. Moore.....171 Emerson-av.
13. J. E. Drum.....147 Walnut-st.
16. R. C. Busse.....59 Dearborn-st.

XXI.

21. Fred Oest.
22. L. Warneke.....311 Larrabee-st.
25. D. Campbell.....115 Dearborn-st.

XXIII.

16. James F. Smulski.....565 Noble-st.
23. John R. Peterson.....71 Hobbie-st.
24. Samuel Erickson.....57 Locust-st.
24. T. J. Scanlan.....211 LaSalle-av.
24. George P. Scheiber.....273 Rush-st.
24. A. Levison.....332 Eden-st.

Ward.

2. John C. Schubert...Monroe and Wabash
- John McCarthy.....2135 Michigan-av.
3. M. McNamara.....123 S. Clark-st.
4. Patrick White.....3436 Indiana-av.
- Michael McDonough.....542 37th-st.

Ward

5. James Daly.....3143 Wallace-st.
- Jacob P. Miller.....2167 Archer-av.
6. William J. O'Brien.....170 Madison-st.
- Patrick Morris.....3611 Emerald-av.
7. W. J. Roach.....721 S. Union-st.
- Albert Weil.....170 Newberry-av.
8. William Loeffler.....369 Johnson-st.
- J. H. Dullard.....615 S. Sangamon-st.
9. William H. Dunn.....345 Throop-st.
10. Hugh Curran.....2005 16th-st.
- J. J. Sloan.....Reaper Block
11. John J. Hayes.....521 W. Congress-st.
12. James McAndrews.....890 Washington-bd.
- P. King.....1029 Park-av.
13. Thomas F. Little.....942 W. Lake-st.
- R. C. Sullivan.....Ashland Block
14. Joseph Strauss.....589 N. Hoyne-av.
15. Dr. O. W. Lewke.....996 N. Oakley-av.
- W. G. Korth.....956 N. California-av.
16. Stanley Knz.....685 Noble-st.
- A. J. Kowalski.....617 Noble-st.
17. James Clinton.....200 N. Peoria-st.
18. John J. Brennan.....114 W. Madison-st.
- M. C. Conlon.....207 W. Madison-st.
19. John Powers.....170 Madison-st.
- Joseph Haberkorn.....252 S. Center-av.
20. Thomas Henton.....Kedzie Building
- Fred Rinderer.....415 Clybourn-av.
21. James J. Gray.....310 Mohawk-st.
- Frank X. Brandecker.....648 Sedgwick-st.
22. James H. Farrell.....59 Dearborn-st.
- James H. Sullivan.....3. Sigel-st.
23. J. J. Lyons.....31 Huron-st.
- Thomas J. O'Malley.....210 Sedgwick-st.
24. James A. Quinn.....169 N. Clark-st.
- Heaton Owsley.....408 Erie-st.
25. J. A. Mahoney, Sheffield-av. Police Station
- Charles R. Joseph.....1197 Rokeby-st.
26. Patrick Haynes.....1004 Wellington-st.
- Frank J. Paus.....1020 Wellington-st.
27. Fred E. Eldred.....Times Bldg.
- Thomas Edgar.....2242 Milwaukee-av.
28. Henry O'Brien.....200 E. Randolph-st.
- Thomas J. Quigley.....3541 Rockwell-st.
29. Thomas Carey.....4201 Western Avenue-bd.
- Michael McInerney.....4541 Lowe-av.
30. Thomas Byrne.....909 W. Garfield-bd.
- John Fitzgerald.....39th and State-sts.
31. Charles S. Thornton.....Masonic Temple
- P. J. Murray.....6559 Sherman-st.
32. Thomas Gahan.....4914 Michigan-av.
- P. H. Keenan.....85 Dearborn-st.
33. James Wagner.....326 92d-st.
- James Matthews.....9328 Ontario-av.
34. William E. Quinn, Sewer Dept. City Hall
- Alex. J. Jones.....707 Tacoma Bldg.
35. R. R. Jampolis.....162 Washington-st.

COUNTRY TOWNS.

Barrington—M. C. McIntosh. 617 Ashland Bk.
Bloom—William Rodgers.

COOK COUNTY PROHIBITION COMMITTEE.

Chairman—R. J. Mossop, 805 N. Ashland-av.
Secretary—W. B. Kleff, Atwood bldg.
Treasurer—H. J. Brubaker, 153 LaSalle-st.

Ward

1. Oscar Odellus.....284 Franklin-st.
2. W. F. Kellett.....303 Dearborn-st.
3. Amasa Orelup.....3148 Groveland-av.
4. John A. Nourse.....58 Woodland park
5. S. F. Welbasky.....3131 5th-av.
6. S. S. Follis.....29th and Deering-sts.
7. M. Hay.....663 S. Halsted-st.
8. Nillis Johnson.....311 W. 14th-st.
9. Vacant.
10. E. C. Parkhurst.....1057 Central Park-av.
11. J. H. Haswell.....539 W. Adams-st.
12. Alonzo E. Wilson.....153 LaSalle-st.

Bremen—William Moak.....Tinley Park
Calumet—Peter Kipley.....Riverdale
Cicero—Ross C. Hall.....140 Dearborn-st.
Elk Grove—John Martin, Arlington Heights
Evanston—P. E. O'Neill.....125 LaSalle-st.
D. P. O'Leary.....Evanston
Hanover—Michael O'Brien.....Bartlett
Lemont—J. W. McCarthy.....Lemont
G. A. Weimar.....Lemont
Leyden—Vacancy
Lyons—J. W. Farley.....LaGrange
Maine—W. H. McDougall.....Des Plaines
New Trier—James A. Pugh.....Winnetka
Niles—Peter Blumelmer.....Niles Center
Northfield—W. Helmgartner.....Glen View
Norwood Park—B. F. Muercke, Norwood Park
Orland—Christ Grosskopf.....Orland
Palatine—J. M. Kuebler.....Palatine
Palos—P. J. O'Connell.....Worth Station
Proviso—J. Furlong.....315 Dearborn-st.
George Steele.....River Forest
Rich—M. B. Elliott.....Matteson
Riverside—Con Sullivan.....Riverside
Schaumburg—H. E. W. Quindell, Schaumburg
Thornton—J. Flynn.....Harvey
J. A. Stout.....Harvey
Wheeling—Chas. Sigwalt, Arlington Heights
Worth—John Lentz.....Blue Island

CONGRESSIONAL.

Dist.

1. George E. Lapsley, 4725 St. Lawrence-av.
T. A. Foley.....9249 South Chicago-av.
2. J. B. McDonald.....4340 Emerald-av.
John Bigane.....1974 39th-st.
3. Charles Martin.....3353 Union-av.
J. Mulheam.....3147 N. Canal-st.
4. John Long.....351 S. Lincoln-st.
James O'Brien.....452 W. Harrison-st.
5. Vacant.
6. C. C. Stillwell.....410, 108 LaSalle-st.
Robert E. Burke.....63 Beethoven-pl.
7. M. Fitzgerald.....Havelock
H. W. Arp.....1241 Milwaukee-av.

SENATORIAL.

Dist.

1. S. D. May.....2512 Prairie-av.
2. Vacancy.
3. Frank J. Ryan.....6828 Bishop-st.
4. M. J. Doherty.....1022 W. 54th-st.
5. A. A. Ballenberg.....3311 Rhodes-av.
6. W. J. Sargehorn.....817 Roscoe-st.
7. W. T. Irwin.....4798 N. Clark-st.
9. Ed Flannagan.....3035 Keeley-st.
11. Louis Legner.....558 N. Hoyne-av.
13. Ed Prindiville.....15th and Margaret-sts.
16. Joseph Haberkorn.....252 S. Center-av.
17. M. J. O'Donohue.....310 Monroe-st.
19. J. J. Flannagan.....349 W. Ohio-st.
21. M. Elenz.....130 Dearborn-st.
23. Joseph Doheny.....169 N. Clark-st.

Ward

13. J. A. Ruth.....56 5th-av.
14. W. E. Day.....634 N. Lincoln-st.
15. A. A. Arnold.....104 Franklin-st.
16. W. A. Williamson.....531 W. Superior-st.
17. John H. Siljander.....21 Austin-av.
18. E. Albert Cook.....316 Washington-bd.
19. Rev. N. K. Thompson, 236 W. Congress-st.
20. A. B. Reynell.....481 Belden-av.
21. Robert J. Reed.....171 Lincoln-av.
22. Mrs. Sarah Dave.....64 Beethoven-ol.
23. C. E. Scholene.....340 N. Franklin-st.
24. E. D. Myers, 155 LaSalle-st., Y. M. C. A.
25. John G. Battershill.....625 Seminary-av.
26. W. H. Cookingham.....434 Faye-st.
27. John Soule.....Irving Park

Ward.

28. L. E. Mencham.....	2184 W. 25th-st.
29. D. J. Stewart.....	4420 Union-av.
30. Dana A. Mitchell.....	643 W. 61st-pl.
31. C. G. James.....	7404 Harvard-av.
32. John H. Hill.....	4156 Berkeley-av.
33. Edwin C. Woolley.....	5535 Cornell-av.
34. Arthur J. Bassett.....	Grand Crossing

COUNTRY TOWNS.

Bloom—Rev. E. F. Hope...	Chicago Heights
Calumet—A. W. Fairbanks...	Morgan Park
Cicero—Joseph B. White.....	Oak Park
Evanston—J. L. Whitlock.....	Evanston
Leyden—F. W. Ellsworth.....	Mont Clare

CHICAGO CITY PROHIBITION COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Dr. Frank Hulburt Booth, 281 W. North-av.

Secretary—Wallace E. Day, 634 N. Lincoln-st.

Treasurer—H. L. Parmalee, 20 Ogden-pl.

Executive Committee—Chairman, F. H. Booth; secretary, W. E. Day; W. F. Kellett, H. J. Brubaker, D. A. Mitchell, W. B. Klefft, J. H. Siljander, E. L. Griffith, J. G. Battershill, C. G. James, W. J. MacMechan, J. L. Young, E. A. Cook, Ben Blessum.

Ward.

1. Oscar Odellus.....	284 Franklin-st.
William Cook.....	100 E. Van Buren-st.
2. W. F. Kellett.....	303 Dearborn-st.
3. Amasa Orelup.....	3148 Groveland-av.
Mary A. Negus.....	1923 Michigan-av.
4. John A. Nourse.....	38 Woodlawn-pk.
5. S. F. Welbasky.....	3131 5th-av.
6. S. S. Follis.....	29th and Dearing-sts.
7. M. Hay.....	663 Halsted-st.
8. Nillis Johnson.....	311 W. 14th-st.
9. S. S. Glendenning.....	731 13th-st.
10. W. B. Klefft.....	1460 W. 15th-pl.
Joe Bannunga.....	100 W. 26th-st.
11. A. W. Fairbanks.....	610 W. Madison-st.
Dr. G. T. Carpenter.....	114 John-pl.
12. George C. Abbott.....	973 Jackson-bd.
W. W. Burnham.....	Central Music Hall.
13. J. A. Ruth.....	56 5th-av.
14. W. E. Day.....	634 N. Lincoln-st.

Lyons—John Whitson.....	LaGrange
Maine—George Wolfram.....	Des Plaines
New Trier—C. H. Morley.....	Kenilworth
Niles—D. Winters.....	Niles Center
Northfield—Dr. Kennicott.....	Glenn View
Norwood Park—E. L. Kletzing.....	Norwood Pk.
Palatine—E. E. Schaeffer.....	Palatine
Palos—G. H. Owen.....	Palos Springs
Proviso—R. L. Cookingham.....	Melrose Park
Riverside—T. M. Conpropt.....	Riverside
Thornton—G. W. Nance.....	Harvey
Wheeling—E. B. Wheeler.....	Arlington Hts.
Worth—Wales Tobey.....	Worth

Ward.

15. I. J. Anderson.....	John Cuneen.....	973 Robey-st.
16. L. D. Offendahl.....	Ben Blessum.....	104 N. Center-av.
17. John H. Siljander.....	Gus Sandquist.....	105 N. Center-av.
18. E. Albert Cook.....	199 Grand-av.	21 Austin-av.
19. N. K. Thompson.....	T. C. Rice.....	316 Washington-bd.
20. Dr. C. A. David.....	21. A. B. Roynell.....	263 W. Congress-st.
21. A. B. Roynell.....	22. Sarah Dawe.....	353 W. Harrison-st.
22. Sarah Dawe.....	Dr. C. C. Hindberg.....	325 Belden-av.
23. C. E. Scholene.....	24. E. D. Myers.....	481 Belden-av.
24. E. D. Myers.....	25. J. G. Battershill.....	64 Beethoven-pl.
25. J. G. Battershill.....	J. R. Reed.....	359 Division-st.
26. W. J. MacMechan.....	27. E. L. Kletzing.....	340 N. Franklin-st.
27. E. L. Kletzing.....	Mrs. John A. Wadhams.....	155 La Salle-st.
28. L. E. Meachem.....	29. D. L. Stewart.....	625 Seminary-av.
29. D. L. Stewart.....	30. Dana A. Mitchell.....	617 Newport-av.
30. Dana A. Mitchell.....	Willis C. Stone.....	424 Union-av.
31. C. G. James.....	E. L. Griffith.....	643 W. 61st-st.
31. C. G. James.....	Hugh McMin.....	615 W. 56th-pl.
32. Hugh McMin.....	John Nuveen.....	7404 Harvard-av.
33. P. Storms.....	Edwin C. Woolley.....	8432 Peoria-st.
34. C. H. E. Boughton.....	F. A. Luther.....	216 40th-st.
F. A. Luther.....		First National Bank bldg.
		7320 Evans-av.
		5535 Cornell-st.
		7117 Langley-av.
		7355 Cottage Grove-av.

CHICAGO STATE BANKS.

Condition of the Chicago state banks September 8, 1899.

BANK.	Capital stock.	Total resources.	Savings and time deposits.	Demand deposits.	Surplus and profits.
Austin State bank.....	\$25,000	\$446,649	\$90,789.00	\$314,071.83	\$16,787.53
Chandler Mortgage Co.....	201,000	565,957	3,512.34	352,194.06	9,521.57
Chicago City bank.....	200,000	694,763	.....	433,413.97	56,425.63
Foreman Banking Co.....	500,000	3,328,735	232,574.00	1,975,366.16	620,794.22
Garden City B. & T. Co.....	500,000	3,051,640	136,275.09	2,326,277.97	81,087.42
11bernan Banking association..	222,000	7,120,779	5,452,346.22	1,077,406.98	512,959.77
Home Savings bank.....	100,000	826,387	709,313.48	.....	17,074.48
Illinois Trust and Savings bank..	3,000,000	62,337,999	26,881,531.17	29,057,212.41	3,300,256.25
Milwaukee Avenue bank.....	250,000	1,662,074	760,367.33	544,840.06	101,867.31
Pearson-Taft Co.....	100,000	851,296	564,725.00	149,138.74	112,432.60
Prairie State bank.....	250,000	3,249,858	1,785,950.72	1,171,952.99	283,228.21
Pullman L. & S. bank.....	200,000	1,655,683	974,264.89	363,913.91	117,505.05
Royal Trust Co.....	500,000	3,278,145	241,821.73	1,641,248.12	245,607.07
State Bank of Chicago.....	500,000	5,512,182	2,110,230.56	1,836,433.02	310,632.30
American Trust and Savings bank	1,000,000	11,631,046	909,309.99	5,301,484.66	198,920.59
Merchants' Loan and Trust Co...	2,000,000	23,429,318	206,577.51	14,317,886.94	1,732,433.05
Northern Trust company.....	1,000,000	18,898,024	5,839,757.06	9,973,761.53	822,218.44
Western State bank.....	300,000	969,944	235,971.47	422,367.85	11,587.76
Union Trust company.....	500,000	5,801,750	1,739,228.90	2,304,632.99	1,046,662.33
Industrial State bank.....	50,000	50,000	.....	.....	.....
North Side State bank.....	50,000	50,000	.....	.....	.....
South Side State bank.....	50,000	50,000	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	\$11,498,000	\$1 462,269	\$48,857,606.66	\$73,563,604.19	\$9,710,051.58

Events of the Year 1899.

DOMESTIC.

(Details of the Philippine war will be found under that head.)

JANUARY.

1. The formal cession of Cuban sovereignty to the United States took place at Havana at noon.
2. Heavy snowstorms in several of the western states.
5. The Filipino insurgent government was reconstructed at Manila, Aguinaldo retaining the presidency.
8. Hotel Richelleu at Pittsburg burned, three persons being killed and five injured.
9. Head-on collision on Lehigh Valley road killed eighteen passengers and injured twenty more.
12. American troops attempted to land at Quimares, near Iloilo, but were repulsed.
14. New Cuban officials appointed by Gen. Brooke were formally installed in office in Havana.
17. The trial of Gen. Eagan for his attack on Gen. Miles in his testimony before the beef inspection committee was ordered by the president.
19. The Mississippi river steamer Ouachita was burned at Memphis and three lives were lost.
23. Trading on the New York stock exchange broke all former records, 1,579,899 shares having been transferred.
25. The trial by court-martial of Gen. Eagan was begun, he pleading not guilty.
26. The Filipino congress, meeting at Malolos, empowered Aguinaldo to declare war against the United States whenever he deemed it advisable.
27. The Eagan trial ended.
30. Speaker Wright of the California assembly resigned his office after a motion to expel him for bribery had been defeated.

FEBRUARY.

1. Fire in Columbus, O. Loss over \$1,000,000.
2. The record of the Eagan court-martial was placed in the hands of the president.
6. As the result of an official investigation it was ascertained that more than 10,000 cans of unfit meat were sent by the government to the soldiers in Cuba. Agoncillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, made good his flight from Washington to Montreal.
7. The president sentenced Gen. Eagan to suspension from duty for six years.
9. Severe cold prevailed in the entire country east of the Rocky mountains.
10. The executive mansion at Frankfort, Ky., was burned.
11. The severest snowstorm and hurricane since the blizzard of 1888 swept the Atlantic coast.
12. At the burning of the South Dakota insane asylum at Yankton seventeen women patients were lost. An avalanche of snow at Silver Plume, Col., buried twelve miners. A. C. McClurg & Co.'s book and publishing house at Chicago burned. Loss \$650,000.

13. A heavy fall of snow blockaded railway traffic in the eastern states and train service between New York, Philadelphia and Washington was abandoned. Shocks of earthquake were felt at various places in the states of Tennessee, North Carolina, Virginia and Ohio.
14. Fire destroyed the great machine shops at the Brooklyn navy yard.
18. Lord Charles Beresford was the guest of honor at a dinner given him by the Commercial club of Chicago.
20. The Anglo-American joint high commission adjourned to meet at Quebec Aug. 2. Ethan A. Hitchcock assumed the duties of secretary of the interior.
28. The Hamburg-American liner Moravia was wrecked off Sable island.

MARCH.

3. George Dewey became an admiral in the United States navy.
5. Heavy snowstorms in Illinois and Missouri. A tornado in Tennessee was very destructive of life and property.
8. Twelve lives were lost by the wreck of the James Bowen off the Virginia capes.
9. The army beef court of inquiry met in Chicago.
11. Hurricane destroyed scores of buildings at Oklahoma City, O. T.
12. Dr. Lee, astronomer of the University of Chicago, was appointed to succeed Simon Newcomb in charge of the national observatory.
13. Ten high-speed locomotives of American manufacture were ordered by the French government railroads.
16. Four colored men, under arrest for incendiarism at Palmetto, Ga., were murdered by a masked mob. Five men were killed in a shooting affray growing out of election differences at Hot Springs, Ark.
17. The Windsor hotel in New York burned and thirty-eight persons lost their lives.
18. The battleship Oregon arrived at Manila. Tornado swept through Cleburne county, Alabama, doing great damage near Edwardsville.
19. Destructive tornadoes swept over many sections of the southern states.
22. The army beef inquiry board completed its investigation at Chicago and adjourned to meet at New York.
23. As a result of racial troubles in the south six men were killed in Arkansas, where a negro had been lynched, and three negroes were lynched in Mississippi.
27. German-Americans at Chicago made a vigorous protest against an Anglo-American alliance.
30. By the sinking of the Mississippi river steamer Rowena Lee five lives were lost.

APRIL.

6. Services over the remains of 336 American soldiers brought from Cuba and Puerto Rico were held at the national cemetery near Washington, D. C.

7. In the United States Circuit court at Charleston, S. C., true bills were found against thirteen men accused of killing Frazer B. Baker, the negro postmaster at Lake City, S. C., Feb. 22, 1898. Residence of W. C. Andrews in New York city burned and twelve persons were lost. Residence of W. K. Vanderbilt on Long Island burned.
8. Twelve persons were drowned by an ice gorge and flood in the Yellowstone river near Glendive, Mont.
10. In a fight between white and colored miners at Pana, Ill., six were killed and nine wounded.
11. Ratifications of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain were exchanged at Washington.
14. The president prepared a proclamation setting apart 136,000 acres of land for a public park on Lake Tahoe, California.
15. Half a block of buildings in business portion of Cleveland, O., burned. Loss nearly \$1,000,000.
16. The cruiser Raleigh was welcomed at New York on her return from Manila.
21. A verdict of acquittal was rendered by the jury engaged in trying Senator M. S. Quay of Pennsylvania. A fire at Dawson, Alaska, caused a loss of over \$1,000,000.
22. Steamer Gen. Whitney lost off Florida coast and thirteen persons perished.
23. A negro murderer was burned at the stake by a Georgia mob.
24. The German ambassador filed with the secretary of state a protest against the language used and poem repeated by Capt. Coghlan of the Raleigh at a public dinner in his honor in New York.
26. The secretary of the navy mildly reprimanded Capt. Coghlan for his Union League club speech.
27. Kirksville and Newton, Mo., were struck by a very destructive tornado.
29. The army beef court of inquiry finished its investigations and adjourned. Several hundred union miners from towns in the Cœur d'Alene district of Idaho seized a railroad train, armed themselves and advanced on Wardner, where they destroyed property of mining companies employing nonunion miners to the value of \$200,000. Town of Checkley, O. T., completely destroyed by fire.
30. A prairie fire in Nebraska, in the path of a tornado, swept over an area twenty-five miles long and a mile wide.

MAY.

1. Warrants for \$20,000,000 due Spain as payment under the treaty of peace were delivered to the French minister, M. Cambon, by Secretary Hay.
2. Postmaster-General Smith ordered that the pamphlets prepared by Edward Atkinson be excluded from the mails to the Philippines on the ground that they were seditious.
3. The Kentucky monument to both union and confederate soldiers was dedicated on the Chickamauga battlefield.
5. The transfer of the Yerkes street railway interests in Chicago to the Elkins-Widener syndicate as completed.
6. A mob of 2,000 strike sympathizers made it impossible to run the street cars in Duluth, Minn.
7. Two mass-meetings were held in Chicago to sustain the administration in

its policy in the Philippines. The report of the military court which investigated Gen. Miles' charges regarding the army beef rations was made public, holding that the canned roast beef was not a fit ration for the army.

13. Twenty-eight persons were killed and fifty injured in a railway wreck near Reading, Pa.
15. The national committee organized to receive funds for the purchase of a home for Admiral Dewey received the first two subscriptions.
16. Rear-Admiral Watson sailed for Manila to relieve Admiral Dewey.
20. Admiral Dewey sailed from Manila for home with the cruiser Olympia.
23. Admiral Dewey arrived at Hongkong. The peace jubilee began in Washington with a naval and military parade.
26. Coney Island, near New York city, was visited by a fire that destroyed more than sixty buildings, causing a loss of nearly \$500,000.
28. Nine persons were killed and sixteen injured in an accident on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad near Waterloo, Iowa. Tornadoes caused considerable damage in Iowa and Nebraska.
29. The president by an order exempted some 4,000 positions from the operations of the civil-service law.
31. Mrs. Jane L. Stanford conveyed to the Stanford university in California the bulk of her real and personal property. The Duke d'Arcos, the new Spanish minister, arrived in Washington.

JUNE.

2. Six masked men held up a train on the Union Pacific road near Wilcox, Wyo., blew up the express car and escaped.
3. Diplomatic relations with Spain were formally resumed.
4. Large wall-paper warehouse at Buffalo, N. Y., burned.
10. The torpedo-boat Stringham was launched at Wilmington, Del. Street railway employes in Cleveland, O., went on a strike, tying up fourteen lines.
11. Admiral Dewey arrived at Singapore.
12. A tornado destroyed the principal part of the villages of Hastings, Minn., and New Richmond, Wis., killing 150 persons and injuring 500 others. Six thousand garmentmakers in New York went on a strike.
14. Three thousand employes of the trust smelters in Colorado struck for higher wages.
15. Serious riotings, growing out of the strike of the street-car men, took place at Cleveland.
20. Admiral Watson arrived at Manila.
21. Admiral Dewey arrived at Colombo, Ceylon. Striking street-car employes at Cleveland accepted the company's terms and returned to work.
26. A severe shock of earthquake was felt in Connecticut.
29. Nine lives were lost by the wreck of the Margaret Olwill in Lake Erie. Harvard won all three of the boat races with Yale at New London.
30. The Boston & Albany railroad was leased by the New York Central for 999 years. Charles M. Murphy rode a mile in 57.45 seconds on a bicycle, paced by a Long Island railroad locomotive.

JULY.

1. The "Greater America" exposition was opened at Omaha.
2. Great floods in the Brazos river, Texas, destroyed property valued at \$4,000,000 and more than 800 lives.
11. The American line steamer Paris, that went ashore in May off the coast of Cornwall, was floated.
12. Admiral Dewey arrived at Suez.
17. The Standard Oil company's steamer Maverick burned and sunk in Halifax harbor. Bloodshed the result of a strike among the Brooklyn street-car men.
19. Secretary Alger offered his resignation to the president.
21. Five Italians implicated in a murder were lynched in Louisiana. Admiral Dewey was given a dinner at Trieste.
22. The militia were called out in Cleveland to suppress disorder caused by striking street-car men.
23. Burning of a grain elevator at Toledo caused a \$1,000,000 loss.
24. Riots prevailed in Cleveland and a boy was shot by a nonunion conductor.
25. At a meeting of Cuban veterans at Havana it was decided to demand of our government a declaration of its intentions regarding Cuba.
26. Elihu Root was commissioned secretary of war, vice Alger, resigned.
31. Street mobs in Cleveland were dispersed by troops using fixed bayonets.

AUGUST.

1. Secretary Root assumed direction of the war office and ex-Secretary Alger left Washington for Detroit.
5. Admiral Dewey arrived at Naples.
6. The collapse of a ferry dock at Mount Desert, Me., precipitated nearly 200 people into the water and twenty were drowned. A trolley car ran off a trestle over a mill pond near Bridgeport, Conn., and thirty-six persons were killed and many injured.
8. Hurricanes swept over the West Indies, doing great damage in Puerto Rico, where more than 2,000 lives were lost and vast quantities of food supplies were destroyed.
11. Secretary Root issued an appeal to the American people for aid for starving Puerto Ricans.
13. Admiral Dewey arrived at Leghorn, Italy.
17. Walter Wellman and his arctic expedition arrived at Tromso, Norway, after more than a year in the polar regions.
20. President Schurman of the Philippine commission reached Chicago on his return from Manila.
21. A fire destroyed the business portion of Victor, Col., causing a loss of \$2,000,000. To this date 2,500 victims of the Puerto Rico storm had been buried and 2,000 were still missing.
22. The resignation of Thomas B. Reed as member of congress from Maine was received and accepted by Gov. Powers.
24. San Francisco made a great demonstration over the volunteers returned from Manila.
28. Twelve steel arches of the new Colliseum in Chicago fell to the ground and nine men were killed and several injured.
29. On her trial trip the new battleship Alabama showed a speed of 17½ knots an hour.

31. Admiral Dewey sailed from Villefranche for Gibraltar.

SEPTEMBER.

1. Sir Thomas Lipton, owner of the cup challenger Shamrock, arrived in New York.
4. Admiral Dewey arrived at Gibraltar.
7. An agreement was reached between the British and United States governments regarding the Alaskan boundary modus vivendi.
10. Admiral Dewey sailed from Gibraltar for New York. Train robbers held up and robbed an express car in Arizona, securing booty valued at \$10,000.
13. The conference on trusts called by the Civic federation of Chicago opened in this city. The Oceanic, the largest vessel afloat, arrived in New York on her first voyage.
14. The National Export exposition opened in Philadelphia.
16. The American athletes won all the contests at Toronto for the amateur championship of Canada.
17. In a race riot at Cartersville, Ill., six negro miners were shot and killed and troops were ordered out by the governor.
18. The Chinese government filed a protest in the state department against the exclusion of Chinese from the Philippines as ordered by Gen. Otis.
20. The anti-trust convention in St. Louis was opened.
23. In a collision on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad near Florence, Col., six passengers were killed.
24. Orders were issued by the postmaster-general extending domestic rates of postage to Puerto Rico.
25. Severe earthquake shocks were felt in Alaska.
26. Admiral Dewey arrived at New York and anchored off Sandy Hook.
29. A monster naval parade took place in New York harbor and up the Hudson river in honor of Admiral Dewey.
30. A great land parade in honor of Admiral Dewey's return was held in New York.

OCTOBER.

2. Admiral Dewey returned to Washington, where he was received by the president and cabinet and presented with a sword voted him by congress.
3. The first of the international races for the America's cup took place off Sandy Hook, but was declared off because of too light wind.
4. The president, accompanied by members of his cabinet and Mrs. McKinley, left Washington on a journey through the west.
7. The presidential party reached Chicago from Galesburg.
9. President McKinley laid the foundation stone of the new postoffice building at Chicago and reviewed a monster civic and military parade.
10. The president left Chicago for Evansville, Ind. Admiral Dewey reached Shelburne, Vt., on a visit to his native state.
12. President McKinley arrived in Minneapolis, Minn.
13. A train on the Chicago & Northwestern road was held up near DeKalb, Ill., and the express car was blown up and rifled.

14. The president welcomed the South Dakota volunteers at Aberdeen.
16. The president arrived at Milwaukee. The eighth attempt to sail a race for the America's cup succeeded, the Columbia beating the Shamrock by ten minutes and eight seconds, over a course fifteen miles to the windward and return.
17. In the race for the cup the Shamrock broke her topmast and the Columbia made the course, winning the race.
18. The president made the last of his tour speeches at Youngstown, O.
19. The president arrived at Washington.
20. The Columbia won her third victory over the Shamrock by six minutes and thirty-four seconds. The modus vivendi arranging the Alaskan boundary went into effect.
21. Admiral Dewey was assigned by the secretary of the navy to special duty in the department.
25. A house on Rhode Island avenue, Washington, was presented to Admiral Dewey.
29. A fire resulting in a loss of \$150,000 occurred in Philadelphia.

NOVEMBER.

1. Compulsory attendance at public schools enforced at Pinar del Rio, Cuba. The building at 139-141 West Lake street, Chicago, collapsed and several men were killed, besides the destruction of \$200,000 worth of property.
3. The project for a university at Washington to be under government control was disapproved by the committee of the National Educational association.
4. A "loving cup" was presented to Rear-Admiral Schley by the city of Atlanta, Ga.
7. Nearly 800 men prominent in public life, including Govs. Mount of Indiana, Scofield of Wisconsin and Tanner of Illinois, congressmen, state legislators, aldermen and other guests of the trustees

of the new drainage canal, left Chicago on a special train of sixteen coaches over the Santa Fe road for an informal inspection of the sanitary canal prior to the turning in of the water. The main purpose of the excursion was to acquaint legislators with the gigantic scale of the work then nearly accomplished and its objects. United States cruiser Charleston was wrecked off Luzon and totally lost.

9. Admiral Dewey and Mrs. Mildred M. Hazen were married at 10 a. m. at St. Paul's Roman Catholic church in Washington by Rev. James S. Mackin.
10. The cabinet decided to establish domestic rates of postage to the Philippines. Two hundred men of the 43d infantry deserted from Burlington, Vt., to Canada.
18. Chief Justice Chambers of Samoa resigned, and his resignation was accepted by the president.
19. A passenger train on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad was wrecked near Hamburg, Iowa, and it was reported that fifteen persons lost their lives.
21. Negro soldiers at Fort Ringgold, Texas, were attacked by citizens who resented their presence.
23. The Illinois monument in the Chickamauga national park was dedicated, speeches being made by Gov. Tanner and Senator Cullom.
26. A flag given by Emperor William to the veterans of the German army residing in Chicago was presented.
27. "Dewey," the baby elephant at the Lincoln park "zoo," died.
28. Several persons were injured and twenty-eight arrests were made during a riot of tunnel miners at 39th street, Chicago.
29. Electric sparks caused a conflagration in Philadelphia, destroying Lippincott's publishing house, two department stores and other buildings.
30. A wholesale grocery house in St. Paul burned. Loss \$150,000.

FOREIGN.

(Events of the Anglo-Boer war will be found under that head.)

JANUARY.

2. Floods in the Yellow river of China destroyed the crops, thousands of natives starving. Severe storms swept the Irish channel.
3. The Angers was wrecked in Dieppe harbor, resulting in the loss of five lives.
5. Two steamers collided in the English channel and twelve lives were lost. The corner stone of a college at Khar-tum, in honor of Gen. Gordon, was laid by Viscount Cromer.
6. Lord Curzon was inaugurated as governor-general of India at Calcutta.
9. Col. Jullsen San Martin, who surrendered Ponce to the American forces without opposition, was sentenced by Spanish court-martial to life imprisonment.
12. Turkish troops defeated the Arab forces at Shan-el, and 6,000 men were killed and wounded.
14. The White Star line steamer Oceanic, the largest steamer ever built, was launched at Belfast Ireland.

17. An agrarian riot in Hungary resulted in the death of sixteen rioters and ten soldiers.
21. Violent storms swept over England and Wales. Lord Kitchener was appointed governor of the Sudan.
22. In Belgium a cabinet crisis was reached, growing out of differences between the king and some of his ministers regarding the electoral system.
23. King Oscar of Sweden and Norway intrusted the government to Prince Gustave, owing to ill health.
25. The court established for the arbitration of the boundary dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela held its first formal session in Paris.
29. A wild Bonapartist demonstration occurred in Paris at the Noucan theater.
31. Ten thousand English protestants joined in a great demonstration in London to denounce ritualism in the established church.

FEBRUARY.

1. Lord Hallam Tennyson was appointed governor of South Australia.

2. The several Australian premiers reached a unanimous agreement which insures the success of the federation, and it was decided to have a single federal capital, as the United States has.
4. An agrarian uprising in Roumania resulted in the repulse of two regiments of troops by the peasants.
7. The British parliament met and John Dillon resigned the leadership of the Irish parliamentary party.
9. The British house of commons, by a vote of 221 to 89, rejected an amendment to the address to the throne relating to "lawlessness in the church."
10. The French chamber of deputies adopted the trial revision bill by a vote of 332 to 216.
18. Emile Loubet was elected president of the French republic by a vote of 483 to 270 for M. Meline. Twenty-one persons were killed in a railway accident near Brussels.
19. At a battle between the Russians and Chinese at Ta-Lien-Wan 300 of the latter were killed. King Oscar of Sweden and Norway, having recovered his health, resumed the throne.
21. Under threat of bombardment by Great Britain the sultan of Oman revoked the cession of a coaling station to France.
22. A college for labor leaders, called Ruskin Hall, was opened at Oxford.
28. Gen. Reyes, the Nicaragua insurgent leader, surrendered at Bluefields to the British and American naval commanders. Germany ordered the withdrawal of her war vessels from the Philippine islands, placing her interests in the hands of the United States government.
14. The Chinese government assented to the opening of three new ports—Kiang Su, Kiang Si and Au Hui.
20. Sergt.-Maj. Albrecht of the German army, under arrest charged with selling plans to Russia, escaped from his guards while en route to Spandau prison. The Bolivian revolution came to an end.
22. The Audifret annual prize of 15,000 francs, awarded for the greatest act of devotion to the country, was given to Maj. Marchand, the French African explorer.
24. Official approval was given to the projected reform of the Russian calendar, bringing it into harmony with that in universal use.

MAY.

2. The Chinese port of Chantaboon was ceded to France.
7. The French minister to China demanded mining concessions in the province of Sze-Chuen, valued at 1,200,000 taels, as an indemnity for the imprisonment of a French priest.
11. The papal bull declaring a universal jubilee in 1900 was issued in Rome.
16. British troops occupied the Chinese city of Kow-Loon, disarming the Chinese forces.
18. The peace conference at The Hague convened in preliminary session.
21. The town of Porosow, in Poland, was destroyed by fire, involving enormous loss of life and property. The steamship City of Paris of the American line struck an outlying ridge near the Manacles off the Cornish coast.
23. "Empire Day," the new patriotic holiday in Canada, was universally observed.
24. The queen's eightieth birthday was observed in many countries.
25. A fire at St. John, N. B., destroyed 150 buildings.
28. Perth won the Grand Prix of the French Jockey club at Longchamps, near Paris.
29. The rehearing of the Dreyfus case began at Rennes before the whole Court of Cassation.
31. President Kruger of the South African Republic and Sir Alfred Milner, British commissioner, arrived at Bloemfontein for a conference. The diet of Gotha asked Prince Arthur of Connaught, heir presumptive to the duchies of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, to take a residence among the people he is to govern.
2. Gen. Toral, Spanish commander at Santiago, was arrested for surrendering the city, and remanded for trial by court-martial.
5. The explosion of 110,000 pounds of gunpowder at Toulon, France, killed fifty-one soldiers and civilians.
13. In a hurricane in Queensland 411 persons were drowned and eighty-three vessels lost.
16. The bodies of Prince Bismarck and his wife were placed in a new mausoleum at Friedrichsruhe.
17. The queen regent of Spain signed the Spanish-American treaty of peace.
25. Cambridge won the annual boat race with Oxford by three lengths.
30. The steamer Stella was wrecked on the Casquet rocks in the English channel and eighty lives were lost.

APRIL.

1. A citizen of Paris was shot and killed on the Bois de Boulogne by a man who mistook him for President Loubet.
4. The Belgian antarctic expedition, which sailed from Terre del Fuego Dec. 30, 1897, arrived at Montevideo, having reached latitude 71 degrees and 30 minutes south.
7. A heavy storm swept the English channel. Marconi's system of wireless telegraphy was successfully tested across the English channel during a severe storm.
9. The Greek steamer Maria was sunk by the British steamer Kingswell off the coast of Tripoli and forty-five persons were lost.
2. In the queen regent's speech from the throne at the opening of the Spanish cortes it was announced that the Mariana, Caroline and Palos islands, except Guam, were ceded to Germany by the Spanish cabinet for 25,000,000 pesetas.
3. The Court of Cassation rendered a verdict ordering a new court-martial for Dreyfus.
4. A violent demonstration was made against President Loubet by the anti-Semitic societies of Paris at the Auteuil race course.
5. The British house of common, by a vote of 393 to 51, passed a grant of £30,000 to Gen. Lord Kitchener.

6. Capt. Dreyfus reached Cayenne, where he embarked on the cruiser *Stax* for France.
 9. The Savage club of London honored "Mark Twain" with a dinner.
 11. Fire caused a loss of \$1,000,000 to the ordnance works of the Armstrong-Whitworth company at Newcastle-on-Tyne.
 12. The north pole expedition of the duke of Abruzzi sailed from Christiania, Norway.
 14. President Kruger announced to the Transvaal raad that he could not yield more to Great Britain than he had offered.
 17. Lord Ashburton's yacht, the *Firefly*, was seized off the French coast, with 4,000 rifles on board, thought to be intended for the Carlists of Spain.
 19. The Spanish chamber of deputies approved the bill ceding the Caroline, Mariana and Palos Islands to Germany.
 25. The effective strength of the Spanish army for the ensuing year was fixed at 108,000 men.
 27. The French chamber of deputies rejected a proposal to revise the constitution of the republic by a vote of 379 to 70.
 30. A motion to censure the Ottawa government for mismanagement in the Yukon territory was defeated in the dominion house of commons. The duke of Connaught and his son, Prince Arthur, renounced the throne of Saxe-Coburg in favor of the duke of Albany.
- majority of one vote on the ground that they acted under orders of their superior officers.
7. The trial of Capt. "Dreyfus began at Rennes.
 8. A huge tidal wave burst into the harbor of Valparaiso, Chile, and destroyed property valued at \$1,000,000. The British battleship *Sans Pariel* sunk the ship *East Lothian* in a collision off the Lizard.
 9. In a wreck of the Canadian Atlantic express near St. Polycarpe, between Ottawa and Montreal, five were killed and four fatally injured.
 11. The Dortmund-Ems canal was formally opened by Emperor William.
 14. An attempt was made to assassinate M. Labori, chief counsel for Dreyfus, at Rennes.
 15. The third congress of Zionists met at Basle, Switzerland.
 20. A fierce outbreak of anarchists and socialists in Paris was suppressed by the police after a sharp fight.
 26. Lord Kitchener opened the Atbara bridge on the Sudan railway, the structure being of American manufacture. The Emperor William presented the city of Berlin with two groups of marble statues representing the rules of Brandenburg and Prussia.

SEPTEMBER.

1. Dreyfus landed at Quiberon and was transferred to Rennes.
 3. The Saxe-Coburg and Gotha diet adopted a bill settling the succession upon the duke of Albany.
 6. An unsuccessful attempt was made to assassinate ex-King Milan of Serbia in Belgrade.
 10. The czar of Russia declared his brother, Grand Duke Michael, heir to the throne as successor to the Grand Duke George, deceased.
 14. The South African volksraad adopted two sections of the new franchise bill.
 18. The volksraad adopted the bill providing for a seven-year retroactive franchise.
 19. The volksraad adopted additional provisions of the franchise bill under which the sons of Uitlanders can be naturalized at 16 years of age and obtain the franchise five years later.
 22. Oxford and Cambridge athletes defeated representatives of Yale and Harvard in five out of nine contests.
 26. The new franchise law of South Africa was promulgated.
 30. Two automobile carriages beat an express train between Paris and St. Malo, France, making the distance of 226 miles in 7 hours and 35 minutes.
1. It was reported that 600 lives were lost by the flooding of a mine on the island of Shikoku in Japan.
5. Jimenes, the leader of the revolutionary party in San Domingo, landed at Puerto Plata and was enthusiastically received.
 6. The *Oceanic*, the largest ship in the world, left Liverpool for New York.
 9. Capt. Dreyfus was again condemned by court-martial at Rennes and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, but the justices asked that he be not again degraded.
 12. Severe storms off the coast of Labrador wrecked many vessels.
 14. Demonstrations of sympathy with Dreyfus were made by the Hebrews of London.
 15. Severe floods prevailed in upper Austria.
 18. A lockout in fifty mills at Dundee, Scotland, threw 35,000 men out of work.
 19. The French ministry issued a pardon to Capt. Dreyfus.
 20. Capt. Dreyfus was released from prison by order of the French government, and went from Rennes to Bordeaux.
 21. An anti-war demonstration in Trafalgar square, London, was broken up and many of the participants were arrested by the police.
 25. One of the conspirators who attempted to assassinate ex-King Milan of Serbia was shot and others were imprisoned.
 26. A succession of severe earthquake shocks felt at Darjeeling, India, attended with heavy rainfall and landslides.
 28. The Dominion line steamer *Scottsman*, running between Montreal and Liverpool, was wrecked in the Belle Isle straits.

AUGUST.

1. Revolt of the Yaquis in Mexico began.
2. Two assassins of President Heurieux of Santo Domingo were caught and shot.
3. The cup challenger Shamrock sailed for America.
5. Gens. Toral and Parega, on trial in Madrid for surrendering Santiago to the United States, were acquitted by a

OCTOBER.

1. The sum of 25,000,000 pesetas was paid by Germany to Spain as consideration

for the transfer of the Carolines and other islands.

6. A statue in memory of John Ericsson, inventor of the monitor, was unveiled at Gothenburg, Sweden.
7. Wilhelmina, queen of the Netherlands, and her mother were received by the Emperor William at Potsdam.
9. Floods in Salerno, Italy, proved destructive of many lives and much property.
12. Two Germans and 100 natives were massacred by hostile natives in German South Africa.
17. The British parliament met in response to the queen's summons.
25. The Russian government announced that the gold fields of Siberia will be opened to public sale in February next.
26. The British steamer Zurich foundered on the Norway coast and seventeen persons perished.

NOVEMBER.

2. Gen. Castro defeated Gen. Hernandez, the insurgent chief, in two engagements and blockaded Puerto Cabello in Venezuela.
7. King Oscar of Sweden appointed arbitrator of claims growing out of Samoan disturbances.
8. The czar of Russia spent the day with Kaiser William at Potsdam.
11. The French senate, by a vote of 157 to

- 91, declared itself competent to try the conspiracy cases pending before it.
12. Puerto Cabello surrendered to Gen. Castro after a severe battle.
13. The revolt in Colombia was reported to be over.
15. The Hamburg-American liner Patria was burned off Dover, England, the passengers being saved. Berlin police broke up an anarchist meeting held to commemorate the bomb-throwing in Chicago.
17. A monument was dedicated at Port Said, Egypt, in memory of M. DeLesseps, engineer of the Suez canal.
18. The high court of Paris sentenced M. Deroulede to three months' imprisonment for insulting President Loubet.
19. Mob of anarchists attacked President Loubet at inauguration of Dalou's statue. Police charged the mob and fete ended in riot.
20. Emperor William arrived in England on a visit to his grandmother, the queen.
21. A banquet in honor of the emperor and empress of Germany was served at Windsor.
25. The khalifa and all his emirs, except Osman Digna, were slain by the British army of the Sudan.
27. The Muckross estate, including the famed lakes of Killarney, in Ireland was bought by Lord Ardilaun.

Death Roll of 1899.

(Figures following the name give the year of decedent's birth.)

IN THE UNITED STATES.

- Adams, F. G., a Kansas pioneer and secretary of the State Historical society, at Topeka, Kas., Dec. 2.
- Adams, John Quincy (1824), philanthropist, at Wheaton, Ill., Feb. 9.
- Alexander, Robert C. (1857), editor of the Mail and Express, at New York, Nov. 4.
- Alger, Horatio (1834), famous writer of books for boys, at Natick, Mass., July 18.
- Andrews, Gen. George L., U. S. A., retired (1828), at Brooklyn, N. Y., April 4.
- Appleton, William B. (1814), head of the publishing house of D. Appleton & Co. of New York, at Riverdale, Oct. 19.
- Armour, S. B. (1826), largely interested in the meat-packing business, at Kansas City, Mo., March 29.
- Arnold, William B. (1832), well-known actor, at Newark, O., July 4.
- Atherton, Alice (1849), well-known actress, at New York, Feb. 4.
- Atkinson, W. Y. (1855), ex-governor of Georgia, at Newman, Ga., Aug. 8.
- Badger, Commodore Oscar C. (1823), U. S. N. (retired), at Concord, Mass., June 21.
- Baird, Samuel T. (1861), member of congress from the 5th district of Louisiana, at Washington, April 22.
- Baker, Lewis (1832), a Minnesota journalist and ex-minister to the Central American states, at Washington, April 30.
- Baldwin, Prof. Joseph (1827), of the state university of Texas, at Austin, Jan. 13.
- Barnwell, Robert G. (1818), an earnest proslavery advocate and journalist, at Tallulah Falls, Ga., April 10.
- Barrett, Edwin S., president-general Sons of the American Revolution, at Concord, Mass., Dec. 21, 1898.
- Barto, A., ex-governor of Minnesota, at St. Cloud, Nov. 4.
- Baskerville, William (1850), educator and writer, at Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 6.
- Baxter, Elisha (1827), ex-governor of Arkansas, at Batesville, Ark., June 2.
- Beale, Charles L. (1824), ex-member of congress, at Hudson, N. Y., Jan. 30.
- Becker, Thomas A. (1834), Roman catholic bishop of Savannah, at Washington, Ga., July 29.
- Benedict, S. S. (1814), well known in New York state politics and official life, at Sioux City, Iowa, April 9.
- Bidwell, Austin (1847), one of the brothers who robbed the Bank of England of \$5,000,000 in 1873, at Butte, Mont., March 7.
- Bidwell, George (1832), noted as a swindler, who with his brother defrauded the Bank of England out of \$5,000,000, at Butte, Mont., March 26.
- Black, John, ex-mayor of Milwaukee and prominent in democratic political circles, in that city, Oct. 25.
- Blair, John I. (1802), widely known railroad builder and owner, at Blairstown, N. J., Dec. 2.
- Bland, Richard P. (1835), member of congress from the 8th district of Missouri, at Lebanon, Mo., June 15.
- Bledsoe, Col. Hiram M. (1829), a noted confederate officer in the civil war, near Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 6.
- Bonner, Robert (1824), a famous publisher, at New York, July 6.
- Bostwick, Charles B. (1834), well-known in Illinois journalism, at Omaha, April 4.
- Boyd, Col. David F. (1835), confederate

- soldier and educator, at Baton Rouge, La., May 27.
 Brentano, August (1856), widely known in the book trade, at Flushing, N. Y., May 10.
 Brinton, Daniel G. (1837), famous ethnologist, at Philadelphia, July 31.
 Brownson, Rev. Dr. James I. (1818), veteran clergyman and educator, at Washington, July 4.
 Bryan, Clark W. (1825), journalist and publisher, at Springfield, Mass., Jan. 23.
 Buberl, Casper (1834), noted sculptor, at New York, Aug. 23.
 Buckalew, Charles R. (1821), ex-United States senator from Pennsylvania, at Bloomsburg, Pa., May 19.
 Butler, Rev. William, well-known missionary of the methodist episcopal church, at Newton, Mass., Aug. 19.
 Callahan, James F. (1833), vicar-general of the diocese of Little Rock, Ark., at New York, Dec. 12.
 Candelaria, Mme. (1785), the last survivor of the massacre of the Alamo, at the age of 114 years, at San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 10.
 Carpenter, Rear-Admiral Charles C. (1834), U. S. N. (retired), at Jamaica Plain, Mass., April 2.
 Carr, Byron L. (1842), ex-attorney-general of Colorado, at Mineral Springs, Tex., April 22.
 Cate, W. H., ex-member of congress from Arkansas, at Toledo, O., Aug. 23.
 Churchill, George (1829), head of the academic department of Knox college, at Galesburg, Sept. 10.
 Clapp, Almon M. (1811), government printer from 1869 to 1877 and well-known journalist, at Washington, April 9.
 Cochrane, John P. (1808), ex-governor of Delaware, at Wilmington, Dec. 27, 1893.
 Coffin, Capt. George W., U. S. N., at Yokohama, Japan, about June 16.
 Cole, Gen. Nelson A., a veteran of two wars, at St. Louis, July 31.
 Collett, John (1826), ex-state geologist of Indiana, at Indianapolis, March 15.
 Conger, Col. A. L. (1829), an Ohio politician and ex-member of congress, at Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 25.
 Conkling, James C., one of the organizers of the republican party in Illinois, at Bloomington in 1856, at Springfield, March 1.
 Cooper, George W. (1851), ex-member of congress from Indiana, at Chicago, Nov. 27.
 Cooper, Job A. (1843), ex-governor of Colorado, at Denver, Jan. 20.
 Coghlan, Charles (1848), a noted English actor, at Galveston, Tex., Nov. 27.
 Crawford, John W., member of congress from the 4th district of Texas, at Washington, D. C., March 2.
 Crearg, Gen. W. E., U. S. A. (retired), at Washington, July 29.
 Crosby, Rear-Admiral Pierce, U. S. N. (1823), retired, at Washington, June 15.
 Daly, Charles P. (1816), eminent jurist, at Sag Harbor, Sept. 19.
 Danford, Lorenzo (1829), member of congress from the 16th district of Ohio, at St. Clairsville, O., June 19.
 Darlington, Smedley (1827), ex-member of congress, at Westchester, Pa., June 24.
 Dawes, Gen. R. R. (1838), ex-member of congress and a soldier in the civil war, at Marietta, O., Aug. 2.
 Dawson, Judge Charles M. (1849), well-known jurist, at Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 4.
 Dean, Col. H. P. (1837), a prominent Illinois soldier in the civil war, at Lincoln, Ill., Nov. 16.
 De Goebriand, Rt.-Rev. Louis (1816), Roman catholic bishop of the diocese of Vermont, at Burlington, Nov. 3.
 Dewees, Francis P. (1832), assistant attorney-general in Cleveland's first administration, at Washington, Nov. 6.
 Dingley, Nelson (1832), member of congress and ex-governor of Maine, at Washington, Jan. 13.
 Dodd, Moses W. (1813), publisher, at New York, April 8.
 Duggan, Peter (1827), Roman catholic bishop of Chicago in 1858, at St. Louis, March 27.
 Dye, Gen. William McK. (1831), a veteran of the civil war and later military adviser of the king of Korea, at Muskegon, Mich., Nov. 13.
 Earle, George (1821), writer and politician, at Washington, May 10.
 Edmunds, Paul C., ex-member of congress, at Richmond, Va., March 12.
 Egbert, Col. Harry C., U. S. A. (1838), colonel of the 22d regiment of Infantry, killed at Manila, March 25.
 Elbert, Samuel H. (1833), ex-governor of Colorado, at Galveston, Tex., Nov. 27.
 Ellerbe, William H. (1862), governor of South Carolina, at Columbia, June 2.
 Elliott, Judge Victor A. (1833), ex-member of the Supreme court of Colorado, at Denver, Feb. 6.
 Ermentrout, Daniel (1837), member of congress from the 9th district of Pennsylvania, at Reading, Sept. 17.
 Eustis, James B. (1834), ex-United States senator from Louisiana, at Newport, R. I., Sept. 9.
 Ferrero, Gen. Edward (1831), a distinguished federal veteran in the civil war, at New York, Dec. 13.
 Fearn, J. Walker (1832), diplomat and director of foreign department of the world's fair in 1893, at Hot Springs, Va., April 8.
 Field, Stephen J. (1816), eminent jurist and for thirty-four years one of the justices of the United States Supreme court, at Washington, April 9.
 Field, Judge Walbridge A. (1833), chief justice of the Massachusetts Supreme court, at Boston, July 15.
 Fisher, George P. (1818), eminent jurist and ex-member of congress from Delaware, at Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.
 Flagler, Brig.-Gen. D. W., U. S. A. (1835), at Old Point, Va., March 29.
 Fletcher, Thomas C., ex-governor of Missouri, at Washington, March 26.
 Flower, Roswell P. (1835), ex-governor of New York, at New York city, May 12.
 Force, Gen. M. F., soldier and commandant of the Ohio soldiers' home, at Sandusky, May 8.
 Foster, Judge C. G. (1837), an eminent Kansas jurist, at Topeka, June 21.
 Funk, Francis M. (1836), prominent in business and politics in central Illinois, at Bloomington, Sept. 10.
 Garland, Augustus H. (1832), former attorney-general and ex-United States senator, at Washington, Jan. 26.
 Godding, Dr. W. W. (1831), superintendent of the government hospital for the insane, at Washington, May 6.
 Goelt, Robert (1841), millionaire of New York, at Naples, Italy, April 27.

- Graham, Charles (1863), popular song writer, at New York, July 10.
- Gray, Joshua (1824), noted inventor, at Medford, Mass., June 25.
- Greathouse, C. P., ex-consul-general of the United States at Kanagawa, Japan, and later confidential adviser of the king of Korea, at Seoul, Korea, Oct. 21.
- Greene, Gen. Elias M. (1830), a federal soldier of note in the civil war, at New York, Dec. 8.
- Greene, Gen. G. S. (1802), U. S. A. (retired), a veteran of the civil war, at Morris-town, N. J., Jan. 28.
- Greene, William L. (1849), member of congress from the 6th district of Nebraska, at Omaha, March 11.
- Grover, Judge William N. (1848), well-known lawyer in western Illinois, at Warsaw, Ill., Aug. 25.
- Guthrie, Alexander M. (1842), a soldier of the civil war and business man of Pittsburg, at New York, Dec. 1.
- Haggerty, Capt. F. S. (1809), U. S. N. (retired), at New York, Sept. 25.
- Halliday, W. P. (1826), a prominent business man, banker and steamboat owner in southern Illinois, at Chicago, Sept. 23.
- Harding, Benjamin E. (1832), ex-United States senator from Oregon, June 18.
- Harlan, James (1820), ex-United States senator from Iowa and last surviving member of President Lincoln's cabinet, at Mount Pleasant, Oct. 5.
- Harris, Dr. Henry (1806), the oldest anti-slavery agitator in the country, at Ash-tabula, O., Jan. 25.
- Harris, John T. (1825), ex-United States senator, at Harrisonburg, Va., Oct. 16.
- Harris, Rev. Dr. Samuel (1814), ex-president Bowdoin college, Maine, at Litchfield, Conn., June 25.
- Hartwell, Rev. Joseph (1816), founder of the Church Erection society of the methodist episcopal church, at Bing-hamton, N. Y., Nov. 14.
- Hawkins, Col. Alexander, of the 10th Penn-sylvania regiment, at sea en route from Manila to San Francisco, July 18.
- Hayden, Edward S. (1852), inventor, at New York, Feb. 15.
- Hayward, M. L. (1841), United States sena-tor from Nebraska, at Nebraska City, Dec. 5.
- Heath, Gen. Henry (1825), a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, serving in the latter on the confederate side, at Wash-ington, Sept. 27.
- Henry, Daniel M. (1823), ex-member of con-gress, at Cambridge, Md., Aug. 30.
- Henry, Maj.-Gen. Guy V., U. S. A. (1839), distinguished soldier and ex-military governor of Puerto Rico, at New York, Oct. 27.
- Hilborn, Samuel G. (1834), ex-member of congress from California, at Washing-ton, D. C., April 19.
- Hilton, Judge Henry (1824), who became famous from his connection with Alexander F. Stewart, at Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 24.
- Hinds, Andrew (1822), farmer, lawyer, banker and philanthropist, at Lena, Ill., Jan. 13.
- Hitt, Col. Daniel F. (1810), a veteran of the Black Hawk and civil wars, at Ottawa, Ill., May 11.
- Hobart, Garret A. (1844), vice-president of the United States, at Paterson, N. J., Nov. 21.
- Hoge, Rev. Dr. Moses D., one of the most famous pulpit orators in the south, at Richmond, Va., Jan. 6.
- Hotchkiss, Maj. Jed (1829), a confederate veteran and chief engineer on the staff of "Stonewall" Jackson, at Staunton, Va., Jan. 27.
- Hotetier, A. J. (1818), ex-member of con-gress, at Bedford, Ind., Nov. 24.
- Howard, Maj. Guy (1856), U. S. A., son of Maj.-Gen. O. O. Howard, U. S. A. (re-tired), killed in the Philippines, about Oct. 21.
- Howell, Adam (1840), prominent in Iowa in-surance circles, and one of the wealth-iest men in the state, at Chicago, Nov. 17.
- Howell, Commander C. P. (1849), U. S. N., chief engineer of the Maine when blown up in Havana harbor, at Brooklyn, Dec. 8.
- Huff, Daniel, a noted abolitionist, who as-sisted nearly 3,000 slaves to escape, at Hagerstown, Ind., July 6.
- Hurley, Denis M. (1843), member of con-gress from the 2d district of New York, at Hot Springs, Va., Feb. 27.
- Hyde, Henry B. (1834), prominent in life insurance circles, at New York, May 2.
- Ingersoll, Robert G. (1833), famous lecturer, at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., July 21.
- Inman, Col. Henry (1837), a veteran of the civil war, at Topeka, Kas., Nov. 13.
- Ives, Frank C. (1866), champion billard player of the world, at Progresso, Mex-ico, Aug. 28.
- Jack, Sam T. (1853), well-known theatrical manager of Chicago, at New York, April 27.
- Jewitt, Sarah H. H. (1847), well-known actress, at Boston, Feb. 27.
- Johnston, William P. (1832), president of the Tulane university of Louisiana, at Lexington, Va., July 16.
- Jones, Col. Cadwallader (1813), a distin-guished confederate officer in the civil war, at Columbia, S. C., Dec. 1.
- Jones, J. H. (1834), a journalist of repute, at New Whatcom, Wash., Aug. 21.
- Julian, George W. (1817), noted politician and ex-member of congress, at Indian-apolis, July 7.
- Kailani, Princess (1875), heir apparent to the Hawaiian throne, at Anlshau, March 6.
- Kapiolani (1835), ex-queen of Hawaii, and widow of King Kalakaua, at Honolulu, June 24.
- Kellogg, Rev. Dr. Samuel H. (1839), noted missionary, at Landom, India, May 2.
- Kellogg, Lieutenant-Commander Wain-wright, U. S. N., at sea on board the Auguste Victoria, June 3.
- King, James A. (1832), minister of the in-terior of the Hawaiian republic, at Honolulu, Oct. 16.
- Kynett, Rev. Dr. Alpha J. (1829), a distin-guished clergyman of the methodist episcopal church, at Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 23.
- Lamson, Rev. Charles M. (1843), president of the American board of commissioners of foreign missions, at St. Johnsbury, Vt., Aug. 8.
- Lawrence, Judge William (1819), an eminent jurist and ex-comptroller of the United States treasury, at Kenton, O., May 8.
- Littlefield, Gen. M. S. (1823), soldier of the civil war from Illinois, at New York, March 8.
- Livermore, Rev. D. P. (1811), the husband

- of Mary A. Livermore, at Melrose, Mass., July 5.
- Logan, Maj. John A. (1865), of the 33d volunteer infantry, killed while leading a battalion of his regiment in action near San Jacinto, Luzon, Philippine islands, Nov. 12.
- Longley, Elias (1824), well-known in this country for his advocacy of spelling reform, at South Pasadena, Cal., Jan. 13.
- Lowry, Robert (1816), a republican politician widely known through Iowa and South Dakota, at Huron, in the latter state, April 17.
- Lowery, Rev. Dr. Robert (1826), noted baptist clergyman and writer, at Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 25.
- Maish, Levi P. (1837), ex-member of congress from Pennsylvania, at Washington, Feb. 26.
- Mallory, Judge James A. (1827), well-known jurist and politician, at Milwaukee, Nov. 3.
- Mallon, Mrs. Isabel (1853), a writer of some prominence, known by the nom de plume of "Bab" and "Ruth Ashmore," at New York, Dec. 27, 1898.
- Marlowe, Mrs. Owen (1837), actress of note, at New York, March 8.
- Marsh, Prof. O. C. (1831), of Yale university, at New Haven, Conn., March 18.
- Marshall, George A., ex-member of congress from Ohio, at Sidney, O., April 22.
- Mason, T. B. M., lieutenant-commander, U. S. N., retired (1848), at Saugerties, N. Y., Oct. 15.
- McDowell, Maj. Henry C. (1832), well-known Kentuckian and veteran of the civil war, at Lexington, Nov. 18.
- McConnell, James, journalist, at Philadelphia, Dec. 6.
- McGrath, Maj. Hugh J. (1856), U. S. A., died from wounds received in battle, at Manila, Nov. 7.
- McLaughlin, Vincent (1865), editor and publisher of the Philadelphia Times, in that city, June 8.
- McLellan, Isaac (1806), poet and associate of Longfellow, Hawthorne, etc., at Greensport, N. Y., Aug. 21.
- McManes, James (1822), for many years a leader of the republican party in Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, Nov. 23.
- Meredith, Samuel C. (1807), the oldest newspaper publisher in Indiana, at Indianapolis, Feb. 9.
- Mergenthaler, Ottman (1854), inventor of the linotype machine for setting type, at Baltimore, Oct. 28.
- Merlweather, Col. James B. (1831), a distinguished federal soldier of the civil war, at Jeffersonville, Ind., June 1.
- Merrill, Samuel (1822), ex-governor of Iowa, at Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 31.
- Miley, Col. John D. (1862), U. S. A., at Manila, Sept. 19.
- Miller, Louis (1829), inventor, philanthropist and president of the Chautauqua assembly and a resident of Akron, O., at New York, Feb. 17.
- Moffatt, Edmund J. (1859), celebrated lawyer, at Denver, Col., April 6.
- Moffatt, Rev. William, D. D., LL. D., educator and editor, at Due West, S. C., Sept. 4.
- Monroe, James (1818), prominent in state and national republican politics, at Kalamazoo, Mich., July 16.
- Moonlight, Thomas (1832), ex-governor of Wyoming and ex-minister to Bolivia, at Leavenworth, Kas., Feb. 7.
- Moore, John G. (1847), millionaire and railroad magnate, at New York, June 23.
- Moore, Rev. Dr. W. E. (1822), for many years permanent clerk of the presbyterian general assembly, at Columbus, O., June 5.
- Moore, Rev. W. H. H. (1814), one of the oldest methodist clergymen in Illinois, at Normal, Sept. 8.
- Morrill, Justin S. (1810), United States senator from Vermont, at Washington, Dec. 27, 1898.
- Morris, Col. Louis T. (1839), U. S. A. (retired), at Philadelphia, June 8.
- Mulligan, Maj. James F. (1820), a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Norfolk, Va., March 23.
- Murray, James O. (1827), dean of Princeton university, at Princeton, N. J., March 27.
- Nast, Rev. Dr. William (1807), founder of methodism among the Germans of America, at Cincinnati, May 16.
- Neely, Henry A. (1830), protestant episcopal bishop of diocese of Maine, at Portland, Oct. 31.
- Newman, Rev. Dr. John P. (1826), one of the bishops of the methodist episcopal church, at Saratoga, N. Y., July 5.
- Nicholas, Capt. Henry E., U. S. N., at Manila, June 10.
- Oberly, John H. (1836), noted Illinois democratic politician, ex-civil-service commissioner and ex-commissioner of Indian affairs, at Concord, N. H., April 15.
- Oglesby, Richard J. (1824), major-general in the civil war, three times elected governor of Illinois and one term member of the United States senate, at Elkhart, Ill., April 24.
- O'Hara, Rev. William (1817), Roman catholic bishop of the diocese of Scranton, at Scranton, Pa., Feb. 3.
- Orcott, Hiram (1815), distinguished educator, at Brookline, Mass., April 17.
- Orton, Edward (1829), one of the most distinguished American geologists, at Columbus, O., Oct. 16.
- Osborn, Col. T. W. (1833), a distinguished federal officer in the civil war and ex-United States senator from Florida, at New York, Dec. 20, 1898.
- Osgood, Hugh H. (1821), ex-governor of Connecticut, at Manlius, N. Y., Oct. 22.
- Pacheco, Romualdo, ex-governor of California, at Oakland, Cal., Jan. 23.
- Pack, Albert (1842), well-known Michigan politician, at Detroit, May 31.
- Parke, H. V. (1827), a well-known business man of Detroit, at San Diego, Cal., Feb. 8.
- Parsons, Col. Richard C. (1827), journalist, diplomat and ex-congressman, at Cleveland, Jan. 8.
- Partridge, Gen. Frederick W. (1824), a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Sycamore, Ill., Jan. 22.
- Peak, William H. (1831), one of the original "Swiss bell ringers," at Belvidere, Ill., July 11.
- Pepper, Rev. George W. (1833), widely known as a soldier, army chaplain, clergyman, public speaker and politician, at Cleveland, O., Aug. 6.
- Perkins, Frederick S., noted archaeologist, at Burlington, Wis., June 14.
- Pettit, George P. (1854), United States consul at Dusseldorf, in that city, Nov. 14.
- Picking, Rear-Admiral Henry F. (1840), U. S. N., at Brooklyn, Sept. 8.
- Pierce, Rev. H. N. (1820), episcopal bishop

- of Arkansas, at Fayetteville, Ark., Sept. 5.
- Pierpont, Francis H. (1814), ex-governor of West Virginia, at Pittsburg, Pa., March 24.
- Pillsbury, Charles A. (1842), extensive flour manufacturer, at Minneapolis, Sept. 17.
- Plant, Henry B. (1819), the head of the Southern railway and steamboat system bearing his name, at New York, June 23.
- Pokagon, Simon, aged chief of the Pottawattamie Indians, who was one of the signers of the treaty of 1833 which gave the whites the possession of the territory upon which Chicago is located, at Benton Harbor, Mich., Jan. 27.
- Potter, Charles, Jr. (1824), inventor of printing presses, at Plainfield, N. J., Dec. 2.
- Potter, John F. (1817), ex-member of congress and governor of Nevada territory, near Lake Benlah, Wis., May 18.
- Prince, Frederick O. (1818), distinguished lawyer and democratic politician, at Boston, June 6.
- Ranney, Ambrose A. (1822), ex-member of congress, at Boston, March 6.
- Ravlin, N. N., ex-member of congress from the 14th district of Illinois, at Kaneville, Ill., Dec. 8.
- Rebisso, Louis T. (1837), a celebrated sculptor, at Norwood, O., May 3.
- Reed, Harrison (1813), ex-governor of Florida, at Jacksonville, May 24.
- Reed, Rev. Myron W. (1836), a clergyman well known in Indiana, Wisconsin and Colorado, at Denver, Jan. 30.
- Reynolds, Maj.-Gen. Joseph J. (1822), U. S. A. (retired), at Washington, Feb. 26.
- Riley, George G. (1838), well-known republican politician, at Vincennes, Ind., Feb. 10.
- Robinson, Rev. Charles S. (1829), a Presbyterian clergyman, widely known as a writer of many popular hymns, at New York, Feb. 1.
- Rose, Carl (1829), one of the veteran journalists of Wisconsin, at Oshkosh, Dec. 1.
- Russell, William A. (1831), ex-member of congress, at Boston, Jan. 10.
- Sartori, Commodore Lewis C. (1812), U. S. N. (retired), at Philadelphia, Jan. 13.
- Saunders, Alan (1817), ex-governor of Nebraska, at Omaha, Nov. 1.
- Sawyer, Rev. Thomas J. (1804), dean of Tufts college, at Medford, Mass., July 24.
- Semmes, Thomas, J. (1825), lawyer, educator and politician, at New Orleans, June 23.
- Settle, Evan E. (1848), member of congress from the 7th district of Kentucky, at Owenton, Nov. 16.
- Shaw, Col. B. C., ex-state treasurer of Indiana, at Indianapolis, April 10.
- Shook, Sheridan (1822), theatrical manager and politician, at Red Hook, N. J., April 27.
- Slater, James H. (1826), ex-United States senator from Oregon, at La Grande, Ore., Jan. 28.
- Small, Judge David W. (1827), well-known Wisconsin jurist, at Oconomowoc, Oct. 25.
- Smith, Gen. Israel C. (1839), veteran of the civil war and prominent in Michigan politics, at Grand Rapids, Nov. 27.
- Smith, Prof. George W., of the Eastern State Normal school, at Flora, Ill., Nov. 14.
- Smythe, Frederick (1819), ex-governor of New Hampshire, at Hamilton, Bermuda, April 20.
- Southworth, Emma D. E. N. (1819), a voluminous novelist, at Washington, June 30.
- Sprague, Mrs. Kate Chase (1840), daughter of Chief Justice Chase and wife of ex-Gov. Sprague, a noted woman in Washington society, at Washington, July 31.
- Sprague, W. P., ex-member of congress, at McConnellsville, O., March 4.
- Stevenson, Rev. Samuel N. (1813), one of the oldest Presbyterian clergymen in the west, at Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 19.
- Stevenson, Commander John H., U. S. N. (1839), retired, at Brooklyn, N. Y., June 15.
- Stripp, Judge George W. (1818), jurist and veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Princeton, Ill., Jan. 22.
- Stotsenberg, Col. John M. (1858), colonel 1st Nebraska regiment, killed near Matollos, April 23.
- Strleby, Rev. Dr. M. E. (1814), senior secretary of the American Missionary society, at Clifton Springs, N. Y., March 16.
- Sutherland, George E., noted Milwaukee jurist, at Chicago, Sept. 13.
- Tabor, Horace A. W. (1830), ex-senator from Colorado, at Denver, April 10.
- Taylor, Charles H., leading colored lawyer, editor and educator of Maryland, at Atlanta, Ga., May 24.
- Taylor, Joseph D. (1839), ex-member of congress, at Cambridge, O., Sept. 20.
- Thayer, Ely (1819), member of congress from 1856 to 1860 and originator of the Kansas crusade, at Worcester, Mass., April 14.
- Thompson, Elizabeth (1821), noted philanthropist, at Stamford, Conn., July 21.
- Thomson, Frank (1841), railroad manager, at Merion, Pa., June 5.
- Tieman, Daniel F. (1805), oldest living ex-mayor of New York, June 29.
- Tilghman, Richard A. (1829), chemist and inventor, at Philadelphia, March 24.
- Tillman, J. F. (1854), ex-registrar of the United States treasury, at Palmetto, Tenn., March 10.
- Townsend, Dwight (1826), ex-member of congress and identified with sugar refining and telegraph enterprises, at New York, Oct. 29.
- Truesdel, Gaylord S. (1850), celebrated painter, at New York, June 13.
- Turner, Gen. John W. (1833), noted officer in the federal army during the civil war, at St. Louis, Mo., April 8.
- Turner, Jonathan B. (1805), distinguished educator, at Jacksonville, Ill., Jan. 10.
- Turner, Mahlon P. (1824), prominent citizen and business man of Des Moines, Iowa, at that city, Oct. 15.
- Vance, Robert D. (1828), ex-member of congress, at Alexander, N. C., Nov. 28.
- Vanderbilt, Cornelius (1843), millionaire, at New York, Sept. 12.
- Vaughn, Gen. A. J., one of the few surviving major-generals of the confederate army, at Indianapolis, Sept. 30.
- Vertin, J. B. (1841), bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Marquette and Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., at Marquette, Feb. 26.
- Wait, John T. (1811), ex-member of congress, at Norwich, Conn., April 21.

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CHICAGO, ILL.

Walker, Maj. Newton (1803), an old friend of Mr. Lincoln, at Lewistown, Ill., Sept. 13.

Walsh, Patrick (1840), ex-United States senator from Georgia, at Augusta, March 19.

Watterson, Rt.-Rev. John (1840), Roman catholic bishop of the diocese of Columbus, O., in that city, April 17.

Webb, William H. (1816), shipbuilder and philanthropist, at New York, Oct. 30.

Wells, J. Madison, ex-governor of Louisiana and president of the returning board which in 1876 gave the electoral vote of that state to Hayes, at Le Compté, La., Feb. 28.

Wiles, Gen. E. F. (1826), a veteran of the civil war, at Windsor, N. Y., June 14.

Williams, James (1824), ex-member of congress from Delaware, at Smyrna, Del., April 12.

Williams, Rev. John, D. D. (1818), bishop of the protestant episcopal diocese of Connecticut, at Middletown, Conn., Feb. 7.

Williams, Mrs. Robert (1834), the widow of Stephen A. Douglas, United States senator from Illinois, at Washington, Jan. 26.

Williams, Robert E. (1825), well-known lawyer in central Illinois, at Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 15.

Wilson, Rev. Dr. John (1824), noted methodist clergyman and educator, at Ocean Grove, N. J., May 12.

Winters, Col. Joshua C. (1816), a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars and promi-

nent in state politics, at Whitehall, Ill., Oct. 19.

Winslow, Horace S. (1837), a prominent lawyer, at Newton, Iowa, Dec. 11.

Winthrop, Col. W. R. (1832), U. S. A., at Atlantic City, N. J., April 8.

Wise, Rev. Daniel (1813), noted author of religious works, at Elizabeth, N. J., Dec. 19, 1898.

Wolff, Brig.-Gen. Christian D. (1822), a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at St. Louis, May 22.

Wood, Commander E. P., U. S. N., in command of gunboat Petrel in the battle of Manila, at Washington, Dec. 11.

Woodbridge, Prof. Luther D. (1850), of Williams (Mass.) college, at Williamstown, Mass., Nov. 3.

Woolson, Judge John S., judge of United States court of the southern district of Iowa, at Des Moines, Dec. 4.

Wright, Gen. Horatio G. (1820), a brilliant officer of the federal army in the civil war, at Washington, July 2.

Yates, Col. J. B. (1833), distinguished soldier of the civil war and colonel of the 1st Michigan engineers, at Amesburg, Ont., Oct. 22.

Yates, Col. Theodore, U. S. A. (retired), at Milwaukee, Jan. 15.

Young, John Russell (1841), librarian of congress, at Washington, Jan. 17.

Young, Casey, ex-member of congress and a veteran in the confederate service in the civil war, at Memphis, Aug. 18.

Young, Peter C., prominent jurist and politician, at Philadelphia, July 26.

IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Achenbach, Heinrich (1820), ex-Prussian minister of commerce, at Potsdam, July 9.

Alfred, prince of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (1874), grandson of Queen Victoria and heir apparent to the dukedom, at Merau, Austria, Feb. 5.

Allen, Grant (1848), one of the most noted English writers of works on science as well as of fiction, at London, Oct. 25.

Annenkoff, Gen. Michael (1838), a distinguished Russian engineer and soldier, at St. Petersburg, Jan. 21.

Bamberger, Ludwig (1823), former leader of the German national liberal party, and opponent of Bismarck, at Berlin, March 13.

Becyue, Henri (1837), French dramatist, May 2.

Berry, Rev. Charles A., D. D., one of the most distinguished congregational ministers of the world, at Bilsdon, England, Jan. 31.

Blalckir, Rev. Dr. W. G. (1820), noted Scotch divine and educator, at North Berwick, June 11.

Blanco, Gen. Guzman, ex-president of Venezuela, at Paris, July 29.

Bonaparte, Napoleon (1835), known as Prince Charles, third son of Prince Lucien, and chief of the older branch of the Bonaparte family, at Rome, Feb. 11.

Bonheur, Rosa (1822), one of the world's greatest artists, at Fontainebleau, France, May 25.

Boulton, Charles A. (1841), member of the Canadian senate, at Shellmouth, Man., May 18.

Brett, William B. (1815), noted British jurist, at London, May 24.

Buechner, Frederick C. L. (1824), eminent German philosopher and author, at Darmstadt, April 30.

Bunsen, Robert W. E. (1811), eminent German chemist, at Heidelberg, Aug. 16.

Busch, Dr. Moritz, the intimate friend and biographer of Prince Bismarck, at Leipzig, Nov. 16.

Caprivi, Count von (1831), former chancellor of the German empire, at Skyrén, Feb. 6.

Castelar, Don Emilio (1832), a Spanish statesman, and in September, 1873, elected president of the Spanish republic, at Madrid, May 25.

Casteja, Marquis de (1805), last surviving page of Louis XVIII., at Paris, Aug. 11.

Catargi, Lascar (1823), ex-premier of Roumania, at Bucharest, April 11.

Cherbuliez, Charles V., the French novelist and critic, at Paris, July 2.

Chitty, Sir Joseph W. (1828), a lord chief justice of the British Court of Appeals, at London, Feb. 15.

Clari, Mgr. (1836), papal nuncio to France, at Paris, March 8.

Cook, J. M. (1834), head of the noted British tourist agency, at London, March 4.

Correa, Lieut.-Gen., minister of war in Sagasta's cabinet during the Spanish-American war, at Madrid, April 18.

Cusack, Margaret (1830), known as the "Nun of Kenmare," June 6.

Daly, Augustin (1838), noted English playwright and manager, at Paris, June 7.

De Reuter, Baron Paul J. (1816), founder of Reuter's famous English Telegram company, at Nice, Feb. 25.

Edgar, Sir James D. (1841), speaker of the



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- Canadian house of commons, at Toronto, July 31.
- Eckmann, Emile (1822), well-known French novelist, at Luneville, France, March 13.
- Falkenhayn, Count Jules Von (1827), an Austrian statesman, at Vienna, Jan. 12.
- Farrer, Baron Thomas H. (1819), a British authority in trade and finance, Oct. 12.
- Faure, Felix (1841), president of the French republic, at Paris, Feb. 16.
- Ferdinand, Princess (1870), wife of the reigning prince of Bulgaria, at Sofia, Bulgaria, Jan. 31.
- Ford, Sir Francis C., noted British diplomat, Jan. 30.
- Galton, Sir Douglas (1822), one of England's most eminent scientists, at London, March 10.
- George, Grand Duke (1871), brother of the czar of Russia and heir apparent to the throne, July 9.
- Gerlachstein, Count Hobenwart (1824), ex-premier of Austria, April 26.
- Gowing, Richard, journalist and secretary of the Cobden club, at London, Jan. 12.
- Grant, Baron Albert, famous for his connection with the Emma mine scandal and swindle, at Oldwick, England, Aug. 30.
- Hauer, Dr. Franz Von (1822), geologist and paleontologist, at Vienna, March 22.
- Hay, John (1804), admiral in the British navy, at Edinburgh, Feb. —.
- Herschell, Lord Farrer (1837), a commissioner on behalf of Great Britain in the Canadian-American joint commission, at Washington, D. C., March 1.
- Herve, Aime, M. E., noted French journalist, at Paris, Jan. 4.
- Heureaux, Gen. Ulisses (about 1833), president of Santo Domingo, assassinated at Moca, July 26.
- Hildebrand, Tassilo von (1818), German diplomat, at Berlin, July 31.
- Hornby, Sir Wyndham (1812), K. C. B., admiral in the British navy, at London, June 28.
- Keeley, Mrs. Robert (1806), noted English actress, at London, March 12.
- Kent, Dixon (1839), noted yacht designer, at London, Nov. 21.
- Kiepert, Heinrich (1818), eminent German geographer, at Berlin, April 21.
- Laird, William, of the celebrated ship-building firm of Laird Bros., at Liverpool, England, Feb. 7.
- Lampman, Archibald (1861), a Canadian poet of repute, at Toronto, Feb. 10.
- Leitner, Gottlieb W. (1841), a distinguished orientalist, at Antwerp, March 23.
- Lloyd, Herbert, of the Daily Chronicle, at London, May 12.
- Ludwig, Karl, prince, a German nobleman, killed between the firing lines in the battle near Manila, March 26.
- Marryat, Florence (1837), a distinguished English novelist, at London, Oct. 27.
- Marshall, Mrs. Emma, English novelist, May 6.
- Millais, W. H., noted British artist, at London, March 19.
- Mitchell, Peter (1824), one of the four surviving framers of the Canadian confederation, at Montreal, Oct. 25.
- Monier-Williams, Sir Monier (1819), noted Sanskrit scholar, at Oxford, England, April 11.
- Mowbray, Sir John (1815), noted member of the British commons, at London, April 21.
- Napier, Baron Francis (1819), noted British diplomat, at Florence, Italy, Dec. 18, 1898.
- Naylor-Leyland, Sir Hubert S. (1866), member of the British parliament, at London, May 7.
- Palleron, Edward J. H. (1834), French poet and dramatist, April 20.
- Parr-Trall, Mrs. Catharine (1802), a Canadian authoress of some fame, at Lakefield, Ont., Aug. 29.
- Price, Sir Lambert (1837), British author and soldier, at London, April 17.
- Prune, Francis H. J. (1839), noted violinist, at Montreal, May 29.
- Rachberg-Rothenlowen, Count Jean B. (1804), distinguished Austrian statesman, at Vienna, Feb. 26.
- Rengifo, Gen. Julio, late Colombian minister to the United States, drowned in Magdalena river about Sept. 25.
- Rhea, Mdle. Hortense-Barbe-Loret (1844), noted actress, at Montmorency, France, May 10.
- Romero, Matias (1837), the Mexican ambassador to the United States, at Washington, Dec. 30, 1898.
- Routledge, Edward, famous English publisher, at London, Aug. 25.
- Salisbury, Lady, wife of the British premier, at London, Nov. 21.
- Sarcey, Francisque (1828), noted French critic, at Paris, May 15.
- Scheurer-Kestner, M. (1833), a French statesman prominent in the defense of Dreyfus, at Paris, Sept. 19.
- Simson, Martin E. von (1810), eminent German jurist, at Berlin, May 2.
- Smart, John (1838), noted Scotch painter, June 1.
- Smith, George (1808), a pioneer Chicago banker who had resided in Europe since 1856, at London, Oct. 7.
- Somerser, Henry C. F. (1824), eighth duke of Beaufort, at London, April 30.
- Strafford, Earl of (1831), at Middlesex, England, May 16.
- Strauss, Johann (1825), famous composer, at Vienna, June 3.
- Struthers, Sir John (1823), one of Great Britain's most renowned surgeons, at Edinburgh, Feb. 23.
- Sullivan, Rt.-Rev. Edward (1832), a prominent figure in the Canadian Anglican church, at Toronto, Jan. 6.
- Symon, Robert R. (1838), noted English financier, at London, Jan. 29.
- Symons, Gen. Sir William P. (1843), a British general officer, mortally wounded at the battle near Glencoe, South Africa, Oct. 20.
- Vogel, Sir Julius (1835), British colonial statesman and writer, March 13.
- Wanchope, Gen. Andrew G., distinguished British officer, killed at battle of Modder river, in South Africa, Dec. 11.
- Welti, Emile (1825), ex-president of the Swiss confederation, at Berne, Feb. 24.
- Youngehusband, Lieut.-Gen. C. W. (1821), a distinguished retired officer of the British army, at London, Nov. 1.

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IN CHICAGO.

- Alston, John (1821), the oldest merchant in the city, at Chicago, Jan. 13.
- Ayer, Herbert C., formerly engaged in the iron trade of this city, at Newark, N. J., Jan. 12.
- Babcock, Amos C. (1828), well-known business man and politician, at Chicago, Feb. 25.
- Baker, Judge David J. (1834), ex-judge of the Illinois Supreme court, at Chicago, March 13.
- Balaska, Hans (1826), a veteran music teacher, at Chicago, April 17.
- Ball, William T. (1858), business man and politician of Chicago, at Pasadena, Cal., Nov. 9.
- Bangs, Edward (1827), a pioneer merchant, at Chicago, Oct. 24.
- Beach, Elias (1822), well-known inventor, at Chicago, Nov. 28.
- Benson, Dr. John A. (1859), celebrated educator in medical science, at Chicago, March 9.
- Blackman, O. O. (1835), veteran music teacher connected with the public schools for thirty-five years, July 27.
- Blair, William (1818), pioneer hardware merchant, at Chicago, May 10.
- Boutell, Lewis H. (1826), historian and scholar, resident of Evanston, at Washington, Jan. 16.
- Bowen, Menard K. (1858), president of the south side street railway system, at Chicago, April 9.
- Bradley, David (1812), a resident of Chicago for sixty years, and one of its leading manufacturers, Feb. 19.
- Brady, Col. George K. (1842), a soldier of the civil war, at Chicago, Jan. 19.
- Brandicker, Sr., F. X. (1828), editor of a religious paper in Chicago since 1865, Oct. 24.
- Brass, Christian (1821), a resident of Chicago for forty-five years, July 19.
- Buehler, John (1831), retired banker and ex-state senator, at Chicago, May 8.
- Bullock, Milan C. (1838), manufacturer, at Chicago, Jan. 12.
- Cable, Herman D. (1849), business man, at Evanston, Ill., March 2.
- Calkins, A. C. (1823), pioneer lumberman, at Chicago, Nov. 19.
- Cameron, Angus (1825), well-known citizen, at Maywood, Sept. 27.
- Carline, Thomas (1819), a resident of the city for more than fifty years and well-known politician, at Chicago, Nov. 25.
- Cassard, Gilbert H. (1829), retired business man, at Chicago, Oct. 20.
- Chalser, Andrew (1841), veteran Swedish journalist, having been at the head of the Chicago Swedish Tribune for thirty years, at Chicago, March 31.
- Chamberlain, Franklin V. (1819), the last of the original members of the First Presbyterian church of this city, Nov. 15.
- Chapin, Capt. E. S. (1845), U. S. A. (retired), at Chicago, May 3.
- Cherry, Prof. Cummings (1815), geologist and mineralogist, at Chicago, Jan. 24.
- Clapp, George (1835), prominent in business circles, at Oak Park, June 13.
- Clark, Edgar A. (1839), well-known business man, at Chicago, Feb. 16.
- Clydesdale, Capt. Robert, one of the earliest navigators of the great lakes, at Chicago, Sept. 24.
- Cody, Hope R. (1870), chairman board of election commissioners, at Chicago, Nov. 7.
- Cook, Dr. W. H. (1832), president of the College of Medicine and Surgery, at Chicago, April 14.
- Cooke, John S. (1838), brewer, at Chicago, March 12.
- Corwin, Rev. Eli (1824), well known as a congregationalist clergyman and theological professor, at Chicago, Aug. 19.
- Cremin, John F. (1857), a well-known real-estate dealer of this city, at New York, Jan. 5.
- Crouch, Robert B. (1840), well-known business man and ex-federal soldier, at Chicago, Aug. 23.
- Daly, James H. B. (1842), who was acting mayor of this city for four months in 1877 during the Calvin-Heath controversy, at Chicago, April 3.
- Daniels, William Y. (1823), a former well-known tobacco merchant of Chicago, at Cape Cod, July 31.
- Davis, Col. C. W., well-known federal soldier, at Chicago, Dec. 10, 1898.
- Davis, Col. George R. (1840), veteran of the civil war and ex-member of congress, at Chicago, Nov. 25.
- Deakin, James E. (1851), attorney, at Chicago, Feb. 4.
- De Wolf, Calvin (1815), pioneer attorney and justice of the peace, at Chicago, Nov. 28.
- Dibble, Charles A. (1842), prominent in Grand Army, legal and political circles, at Chicago, Oct. 22.
- Dickinson, Rev. W. C. (1827), well-known presbyterian clergyman, at Evanston, March 12.
- Dobbins, Thomas S. (1815), an early settler and prominent manufacturer, at Chicago, April 10.
- Donnelley, Richard R. (1837), publisher and printer of wide acquaintance, at Chicago, April 8.
- Dunham, Mark W. (1842), noted stockman, at Chicago, Feb. 11.
- Dunlap, George (1823), well known in real estate and political circles, at Norwood Park, Oct. 25.
- Dunlop, Simpson (1858), well known in real estate and banking circles, at Oak Park, March 7.
- Durand, Henry S. (1817), known in insurance circles, at Chicago, March 14.
- Ebbert, John (1814), who ran the "Pioneer," the first locomotive to leave this city for the west, at Chicago, Aug. 20.
- Elliott, Mrs. Harriet (1831), one of the oldest residents of the city, at Chicago, Oct. 16.
- Elliott, William S. (1813), one of the last of the abolitionists, who managed the "underground railroad" in slavery days, at Chicago, Oct. 17.
- Etheridge, Dr. James H. (1844), a noted physician, at Chicago, Feb. 9.
- Farrand, Miss Harriet A. (1844), journalist, at Chicago, May 19.
- Felsenthal, Herman (1835), pioneer banker and citizen, at Chicago, Sept. 3.
- Fennimore, Richard (1809), pioneer business man, at Chicago, Sept. 28.
- Forsyth, Jacob (1821), millionaire land owner, at Chicago, Jan. 29.

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- Fowler, Charles C. (1839), well-known veteran architect, at Chicago, Dec. 6.
- Garland, A. M. (1833), ex-secretary of the state board of agriculture, and journalist, at Chicago, Dec. 8.
- Gilbert, Frank (1839), well-known journalist, at Chicago, Nov. 4.
- Gould, Leonard (1836), a resident of Chicago since 1855, at Rock Island, Ill., Aug. 5.
- Gradle, Bernhard (1820), business man of Chicago since 1859, at Frankfurt, Germany, May 12.
- Gray, Moses (1812), a resident of the city since 1837, at Chicago, Dec. 20, 1898.
- Gribler, John B. (1847), an ex-member of Ellsworth's zouaves, well-known attorney and business man, at Chicago, March 3.
- Griswold, Edward P. (1837), prominent business man, at Chicago, Jan. 19.
- Gross, Dr. Maria M. (1833), pioneer woman practitioner of medicine, in Chicago, Aug. 11.
- Hale, Dr. Edwin M. (1829), a celebrated homeopathist physician, at Chicago, Jan. 15.
- Hall, Charles E. (1829), distinguished civil engineer, at Chicago, Oct. 26.
- Hand, Peter (1834), pioneer and ex-collector of the north town, at Chicago, Nov. 25.
- Hastings, Robert (1813), millionaire farmer and land owner, at Chicago, Feb. 8.
- Haughey, Charles T. (1844), prominent in board of trade circles, at Chicago, Jan. 11.
- Heegaard, William H. (1846), well-known business man, at Chicago, May 29.
- Holt, de Villo R., well-known in lumber manufacturing circles of Chicago, at Lake Forest, Ill., Feb. 25.
- Honsel, Charles C. (1829), a large real-estate owner, at Chicago, April 21.
- Hoyne, Dr. T. S. (1841), veteran homeopathic physician, at Chicago, Feb. 3.
- Hunt, James A. (1844), well known on the board of trade, at Wauwatosa, Wis., Oct. 8.
- Hutchinson, Benjamin P. (1826), for many years the most prominent figure on the Chicago board of trade, at Lake Geneva, Wis., March 16.
- Isermann, Haino (1828), sculptor, at Chicago, Jan. 4.
- Jacobson, Col. Herman (1834), soldier in the civil war and lawyer, at Chicago, Nov. 12.
- Jenks, Mrs. Sophia L. (1830), a native born Chicagoan and a member of the Old Settlers' society, July 1.
- Jewett, Edward R. (1861), a well-known attorney of Chicago, at Cherryfield, Me., Oct. 5.
- Jones, Alonzo de F. (1835), well known in the lumber trade, at Chicago, Jan. 19.
- Judson, Philo P. (1834), one of the founders of Evanston, in that village, July 17.
- Keefe, James (1824), a resident of Chicago for sixty-seven years, Aug. 6.
- Keith, Dodge W., pioneer merchant, at Chicago, Dec. 11.
- Kennedy, John M. (1815), ex-chief of police of this city, at Oak Park, March 7.
- King, Rufus (1822), well-known lawyer, at Chicago, April 16.
- Kretzinger, J. T. (1859), well-known lawyer, at Los Angeles, Sept. 12.
- Larkin, John, lieutenant of police, at Chicago, Oct. 22.
- Lawrence, Edward F., widely known in banking circles, at Chicago, Dec. 22, 1898.
- Leeb, Henry (1844), prominent business man, at Chicago, May 24.
- Libby, Arthur A. (1832), well known in the packing business in this city, at Pasadena, Cal., July 17.
- Linderman, C. J., member of state board of agriculture from 5th district, at Springfield, Ill., Sept. 27.
- Liston, Robert (1819), veteran lake captain, at Chicago, June 19.
- Lomax, John A. (1826), veteran business man and politician, at Chicago, May 13.
- Ludlam, Dr. Reuben (1833), widely known homeopathic physician and surgeon, at Chicago, April 29.
- Luetgert, Adolph L. (1845), defendant in celebrated murder trial, at Joliet penitentiary while serving life sentence, July 27.
- Lynch, John B. (1842), one of the oldest commission merchants of Chicago, Feb. 20.
- Macfarlane, John W. (1849), well-known tea merchant, at Chicago, Jan. 23.
- Marey, Dr. Oliver (1820), dean of Northwestern university, at Evanston, March 19.
- Mason, Edward G., prominent lawyer, at Chicago, Dec. 11, 1898.
- McBride, Silas, chief of the fire department of Chicago in 1856, at Chicago, July 23.
- McCormick, Mrs. Henrietta H. (1832), a resident of this city since 1848, at Chicago, Nov. 25.
- McGrath, James J. (1837), ex-alderman and old resident, at one time acting mayor, at Chicago, Nov. 24.
- McMillan, William (1820), well known in business circles, at Chicago, June 22.
- McNally, John (1815), business man and proprietor of the first Chicago book store, at Chicago, March 13.
- Medill, Joseph (1823), of the Chicago Tribune, at San Antonio, Tex., March 16.
- Meeker, George W. (1838), prominent in coal trade circles, at Chicago, April 20.
- Mellander, Carl A., a Swedish journalist of repute, at Chicago, Jan. 12.
- Merriman, Alden N. (1820), veteran teacher in the public schools, at Chicago, Dec. 9.
- Miller, Henry G. (1827), one of the oldest members of the Chicago bar, at Eureka Springs, Ark., Dec. 11.
- Morgan, Dr. Charles (1820), an old resident of the city, at Chicago, March 16.
- Myers, E. B. (1833), pioneer citizen and publisher of law books, at Chicago, April 19.
- Onderdonk, James L. (1854), well-known citizen of Evanston and ex-lieutenant-governor of Idaho, at Sprout's camp in the Klondike, Dec. 20, 1898.
- Otis, George L. (1844), prominent in banking and commercial circles, at Chicago, March 29.
- Perry, Rev. Henry G. (1832), well-known episcopalian clergyman, at Chicago, Jan. 16.
- Peterson, Andrew (1825), financier and ex-consul to Denmark, at Chicago, Jan. 19.
- Piekering, Aquila N. (1820), a well-known business man of this city, killed by the cars at Swampscott, Mass., June 20.
- Postle, Oliver H. (1851), a prominent architect of Chicago, at Joplin, Mo., Nov. 19.
- Pratt, Mrs. Lucinda S. (1796) the oldest

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- person in the state of Illinois, at Chicago, May 24.
- Prendergast, Richard (1854), ex-county judge of Cook county, at Chicago, Aug. 17.
- Ray, Benjamin F. (1825), a well-known business man of Chicago, at Lordsburg, Cal., Feb. 14.
- Rea, Dr. R. L. (1827), celebrated physician, at Chicago, July 10.
- Roney, Thomas C. (1856), dean of the faculty at Armour institute, at Chicago, May 20.
- Rorke, Michael A. (1823), one of the oldest practicing lawyers in the city, June 26.
- Rosenthal, Dr. David (1830), noted physician, at Chicago, July 18.
- Ross, Capt. Richard D. (1837), a pioneer resident and one of the original Ellsworth zouaves, at Chicago, Nov. 5.
- Runyan, Eben F. (1831), well-known lawyer, at Chicago, Feb. 6.
- Scott, Mrs. S. F. (1823), a resident of Chicago since 1826, March 7.
- Sexton, Col. James A. (1844), commander G. A. R. and ex-postmaster of Chicago, at Washington, Feb. 4.
- Sharpe, Louis L. (1837), well-known theatrical manager of Chicago, at Pine Lake, Ind., July 25.
- Shorey, Daniel L. (1824), a retired lawyer and well-known in educational and literary circles, at Chicago, March 4.
- Siegel, Gerson (1840), of the firm of Siegel, Cooper & Co., at New York, Nov. 15.
- Simons, Mrs. Laura B. (1815), the first woman teacher in public schools in the state, at Chicago, Aug. 12.
- Slepicka, Frank (1851), ex-alderman, at Chicago, Sept. 16.
- Smith, Horace S. (1826), one of the best-known men in iron and steel circles in the country, at Chicago, Oct. 17.
- Springer, George A. (1816), a veteran real-estate dealer, at Chicago, Feb. 10.
- Staab, Louis (1833), well-known musician, at Chicago, Jan. 24.
- Stafford, John F., an old settler, popularly known as "the watchdog of the lake front," at Chicago, Dec. 20, 1898.
- Stewart, John W. (1822), ex-alderman of Chicago, at Evanston, Sept. 8.
- Sullivan, William K. (1843), well-known local journalist, at Chicago, Jan. 17.
- Templeton, Hugh (1828), a resident of Chicago since 1857, at Chicago, Dec. 20, 1898.
- Todd, Maj. Walter W. (1839), well known in Grand Army circles, at Chicago, Oct. 18.
- Troy, Capt. Lewis L. (1839), of the United States mail railway service, at Chicago, Nov. 17.
- Tucker, Dr. James L. (1840), well-known physician, at Chicago, Nov. 12.
- Turner, Voluntine C. (1823), pioneer citizen, at Chicago, Dec. 2.
- Van Buren, Augustus (1830), criminal lawyer of note, at Chicago, May 9.
- Walker, Wirt D. (1860), leading Chicago lawyer, at New York, April 25.
- Walker, Rev. William F. (1832), well-known minister, at Chicago, June 12.
- Waller, Robert A. (1850), comptroller of the city, at Chicago, Feb. 17.
- Wells, Warren A. (1830), builder and contractor of Chicago, at Pittston, Pa., Oct. 25.
- Wheeler, Calvin T. (1817), banker, at Chicago, March 24.
- Wheeler, George H. (1841), ex-president of the Chicago City Railway company, at Plattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 11.
- Wilkie, Warren (1835), well known in educational circles, at Austin, Ill., Feb. 16.
- Williams, Norman (1835), celebrated lawyer of this city, at Hampton Beach, N. H., June 19.
- Williams, Norman A. (1821), manufacturer, at Chicago, Jan. 7.
- Zearing, William M. (1824), ex-judge of the Circuit court of Cook county, at Mackinac Island, Aug. 10.
- Zeese, Alexander (1828), one of the best-known printers in the country, at Chicago, Jan. 10.

CHICAGO NATIONAL BANKS.

Condition of the Chicago national banks, December 2, '89.

BANK.	Capital stock.	Deposits.	Loans.	Surplus and profits.
America National.....	\$1,000,000	\$9,024,574	\$6,232,281	\$687,965
Bankers' National.....	1,000,000	8,505,004	5,512,198	194,287
Chicago National.....	500,000	11,376,471	5,307,650	694,972
Commercial National.....	1,000,000	17,857,838	11,463,910	1,262,321
Continental National.....	2,000,000	22,027,161	*14,531,372	649,232
Corn Exchange National.....	1,000,000	12,621,688	8,616,315	1,351,399
Drovers' National.....	250,000	2,962,882	2,238,906	202,150
First National Bank of Englewood.....	100,000	661,064	*530,530	25,900
First National.....	3,000,000	43,630,069	*24,824,263	2,505,855
Fort Dearborn National.....	500,000	3,220,742	2,167,346	115,231
Lincoln National.....	200,000	817,477	*656,902	20,522
Merchants' National.....	1,000,000	13,257,182	7,680,881	1,778,688
Metropolitan National.....	2,000,000	14,978,232	11,444,389	1,236,309
National Bank of Republic.....	1,000,000	9,176,007	*5,346,328	186,805
National Live Stock bank.....	1,000,000	5,175,849	*5,339,111	1,113,879
Northwestern National.....	1,000,000	6,628,498	4,163,575	588,335
Oakland National bank.....	50,000	475,672	*453,231	39,888
Union National.....	2,000,000	12,950,761	*9,580,639	390,164
Totals.....	\$18,600,000	\$195,347,171	\$126,089,827	\$13,100,192

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Sporting Records.

[Corrected to Dec. 1, 1899.]

Best Running Records.

$\frac{1}{4}$ mile—.21 $\frac{1}{4}$. Bob Wade, 4yrs, Butte, Mont., Aug. 20, 1890.
 $\frac{2}{5}$ furlongs—.31 $\frac{1}{4}$. Best Boy, 2yrs, Clifton, N. J., March 12, 1890.
 $\frac{3}{8}$ mile—.34. Red S, aged, 122lbs, Butte, Mont., July 22, 1896.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ mile—.46. Geraldine, 4yrs, 122lbs, straight course, Morris Park, Aug. 30, 1889; .47. April Fool, 4yrs, 122lbs, Butte, Mont., July 31, 1891.
 $\frac{4}{5}$ furlongs—.52. Handpress, 2yrs, 100lbs, Morris Park, straight course, May 26, 1897; .53. Meadow, 6yrs, 103lbs, Alexandria, Va., March 20, 1895.
5 furlongs—.56 $\frac{3}{4}$. Maid Marian, 4yrs, 111lbs, Morris Park, straight course, Oct. 9, 1894; .58 $\frac{1}{4}$. Wah Jim, 4yrs, 115lbs, Monmouth Park, N. J., July 17, 1893.
 $\frac{5}{8}$ furlongs—1:03. Tormentor, 6yrs, 121lbs, Morris Park, straight course, Oct. 10, 1893; 1:06. Howard, 4yrs, 118lbs, Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 26, 1895.
Futurity course, 170 feet less than 6 furlongs—1:08. Kingston, aged, 139lbs, Sheepshcad Bay, L. I., June 22, 1891.
 $\frac{3}{4}$ mile—1:08 $\frac{1}{4}$. Firearm, 4yrs, 120lbs, Morris Park, straight course, Oct. 3, 1893; 1:12 $\frac{1}{4}$. O'Connell, 4yrs, 121lbs, Oakley, Ohio, July 13, 1895; Flora Louise, 2yrs, 88lbs, Harlem, Sept. 30, 1897; Mary Black, 3yrs, 93lbs, Washington Park, July 16, 1898.
 $\frac{6}{8}$ furlongs—1:19 $\frac{1}{4}$. Georgie, 3yrs, 102lbs, Hawthorne, Sept. 16, 1899.
 $\frac{7}{8}$ mile—1:23 $\frac{1}{4}$. Belle B., 5yrs, 103lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, July 8, 1890; 1:29 2-5. Clifford, 127lbs, Coney Island, Aug. 29, 1894.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ furlongs—1:32 $\frac{1}{4}$. Dunois, 5yrs, 105lbs, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 21, 1899.
1 mile—1:35 $\frac{1}{2}$, against time, Salvator, 4yrs, 110 lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, Aug. 28, 1890; 1:37 $\frac{1}{4}$, in race, Kildeer, 4yrs, 91lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, Aug. 13, 1892; 1:38 $\frac{1}{4}$. Libertine, 3yrs, 90lbs, Harlem, Oct. 24, 1894.
1 mile and 20 yds—1:40. Maid Marian, 4yrs, 101 lbs, Washington Park, July 19, 1893; Macy, 4yrs, 106lbs, Washington Park, July 2, 1898.
1 mile and 25 yds—1:45 $\frac{1}{2}$. Ruperta, 3yrs, 107lbs, Latonia, Ky., June 4, 1890.
1 mile and 50 yds—1:45. Marion C., 5yrs, 111lbs, Latonia, Ky., May 26, 1891, and Carus, aged, 102lbs, Latonia, Sept. 25, 1891.
1 mile and 70 yds—1:43 $\frac{1}{4}$. Lillian Lec, 3yrs, 95lbs, Harlem, July 31, 1894.
1 mile and 100 yds—1:45. Van Buren, 3yrs, 75 lbs, Washington Park, June 13, 1891.
1-16 miles—1:45. Carnero, 5yrs, 107lbs, Hawthorne, Sept. 5, 1899.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—1:51 $\frac{1}{2}$. Tristan, 6yrs, 114lbs, Morris Park, June 2, 1891.
1-3-16 miles—1:58 $\frac{1}{4}$. Boanerges, 4yrs, 110lbs, Washington Park, July 7, 1898.
 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles—2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$. Banquet, 3yrs, 108lbs, Monmouth Park, straight course, July 17, 1890; 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$. David Tenny, 4yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 16, 1898, and Algol, 4yrs, 107lbs, Washington Park, July 23, 1898.
1 mile and 500 yds—2:10 $\frac{1}{2}$. Ben d'Or, 4yrs, 115lbs, Saratoga, July 25, 1892.
1-5-16 miles—2:14 $\frac{1}{2}$. Sir John, 4yrs, 116lbs, Morris Park, June 9, 1892.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—2:18 $\frac{1}{4}$. Sabine, 4yrs, 100lbs, Washington Park, July 5, 1894.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—2:30 $\frac{1}{4}$. Goodrich, 3yrs, 102lbs, Washington Park, July 16, 1898.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—2:48. Hindocraft, 3yrs, 75lbs, Westchester, N. Y., Aug. 27, 1889.
 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles—2:59 $\frac{1}{4}$. Ben Holladay, 4yrs, 118lbs, Morris Park, Oct. 23, 1897.

$\frac{1}{4}$ miles—3:20. Enigma, 4yrs, 90lbs, Sheepshcad Bay, Sept. 15, 1895.
2 miles—3:26 $\frac{1}{2}$. Judge Denny, 5yrs, 105lbs, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 12, 1898.
 $\frac{2}{5}$ miles—3:42. Joe Murphy, 4yrs, 99lbs, Harlem, Aug. 30, 1894.
 $\frac{2}{5}$ miles—3:51. Buckwa, aged, 104lbs, Oakland, Cal., Dec. 31, 1898.
 $\frac{2}{5}$ miles—4:24 $\frac{1}{2}$. Kyrat, 3yrs, 88lbs, Newport, Ky., Nov. 18, 1899.
 $\frac{2}{5}$ miles—4:58 $\frac{1}{2}$. Ten Broeck, 4yrs, 110lbs, Lexington, Ky., Sept. 16, 1896.
 $\frac{2}{5}$ miles—4:58 $\frac{1}{2}$. Hubbard, 4yrs, 107lbs, Saratoga, Aug. 9, 1893.
3 miles—5:23 $\frac{1}{4}$. Quiver, 4yrs, 123lbs, and Wallace, 3yrs, 112lbs, a dead heat at Flemington, Australia, March 5, 1896.
4 miles—7:11. Lucretia Borgia, 4yrs, 85lbs, against time, Oakland, Cal., May 20, 1897; 7:16 $\frac{1}{2}$. The Bachelor, 6yrs, 113lbs, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 22, 1899.
10 miles—26:18. Mr. Brown, 6yrs, 160lbs, Ranccas, N. J., March 2, 1880.

HEAT RACING.

$\frac{1}{4}$ mile—.21 $\frac{1}{4}$. Sleepy Dick, aged, Kiowa, Kas., Nov. 24, 1883.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ mile—.47 $\frac{1}{2}$. Quirt, 3yrs, 122lbs, Vallejo, Cal., Oct. 5, 1894; .48. .48. .48. Eclipse, Jr., 4yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 1, 1890.
 $\frac{3}{8}$ mile—1:00. 1:00. Kittle Pease, 4yrs, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 2, 1887.
 $\frac{5}{8}$ furlongs—1:09. 1:08 $\frac{1}{4}$. 1:09. Dock Wick, 4yrs, 100lbs, St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 5, 1891.
 $\frac{3}{4}$ mile—1:10 $\frac{1}{2}$. 1:12 $\frac{1}{4}$. Tom Hayes, 4yrs, 107lbs, Morris Park, straight course, June 17, 1892; 1:13 $\frac{1}{4}$. 1:13 $\frac{1}{4}$. Lizzie S., 5yrs, 118lbs, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1883.
1 mile—1:41 $\frac{1}{2}$. 1:41. Guido, 4yrs, 117lbs, Washington Park, July 11, 1891; 1:43. 1:44. 1:47 $\frac{1}{4}$. L'Argentine, 6yrs, 115lbs, St. Louis, Mo., June, 1879.
1-16 miles—1:50 $\frac{1}{2}$. 1:48. Slipalong, 5yrs, 115lbs, Washington Park, Sept. 25, 1885.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—1:56. 1:54 $\frac{1}{2}$. What-er-Lou, 5yrs, 119lbs, San Francisco, Feb. 18, 1899.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—2:10. 2:14. Glenmore, 5yrs, 140lbs, Sheepshcad Bay, Sept. 25, 1880.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—2:41 $\frac{1}{2}$. 2:41. Patsy Duffy, aged, 115lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 17, 1884.
2 miles—3:33. 3:31 $\frac{1}{4}$. Miss Woodford, 4 yrs, 107 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs, Sheepshcad Bay, Sept. 20, 1884.
3 miles—5:27 $\frac{1}{2}$. 5:29 $\frac{1}{2}$. Norfolk, 4yrs, 100lbs, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 23, 1895.
4 miles—7:23 $\frac{1}{2}$. 7:41. Florida, 4yrs, 105lbs, Sheepshcad Bay, Sept. 18, 1880.

OVER HURDLES.

1 mile, 4 hurdles—1:49. Bob Thomas, 5yrs, 140lbs, Chicago, Aug. 13, 1890.
Mile heats, 4 hurdles—1:50 $\frac{1}{4}$. 1:50 $\frac{1}{4}$. Joe Rhodes, 5yrs, 140lbs, St. Louis, Mo., June 4, 1878.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles, 5 hurdles—2:02 $\frac{1}{4}$. Winslow, 4yrs, 138lbs, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 29, 1888.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles, 5 hurdles—2:16. Jim McGowan, 4yrs, 127lbs, Brighton Beach, Coney Island, Nov. 9, 1882.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles, 5 hurdles—2:35. Guy, aged, 155lbs, Latonia, Ky., Oct. 8, 1885.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles, 6 hurdles—2:46 $\frac{1}{4}$. Indovic, 102lbs, San Francisco, Nov. 14, 1894; 2:47. Kitty Clark, 3yrs, 130lbs, Brighton Beach, Coney Island, Aug. 23, 1881, and Speculation, 6yrs, 125lbs, same course, July 19, 1881.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles, 7 hurdles—3:16. Turfman, 5yrs, 140lbs, Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 7, 1882.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles, 7 hurdles—3:17. Kitty Clark, 4yrs, 142lbs, Monmouth Park, N. J., July 12, 1882.

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2 miles, 8 hurdles—3:47½, Tom Leathers, aged, 117lbs, New Orleans, La., April 16, 1875.
Steeplechase, full course—4:15, Disturbance, aged, 155lbs, Jerome Park, 1883; 4:21, Jim McGowan, 5yrs, 160lbs, Jerome Park, 1883.

LONG-DISTANCE RIDING.

10 miles—20:02, Miss Belle Cook, 5 horses, changing five times, Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 10, 1882.
20 miles—40:53, Little Cricket, changing horses at will, Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 7, 1882.
50 miles—1:50:03½, Carl Pugh, ten horses, changing at will, match race, San Bernardino, Cal., July 7, 1883. Woman: 2:27, Miss Nellie Burke, Galveston, Tex., Feb. 24, 1884.
60 miles—2:53:00, George Osbaldiston, 11 horses, Newmarket, England, Nov. 5, 1881.
100 miles—4:19:40, George Osbaldiston, 16 horses, as above.

DISTANCE AND HIGH JUMPING.

Distance—37 feet over water, Chandler, ridden by Capt. Broadley, Leamington, England, March 22, 1847; 34 feet over hurdles, Calver Thorpe, England; 33 feet over a wall, Lottery, Liverpool, England.
Height—7 feet 4½ inches, Filemaker, 149lbs, Taunton, Mass., Oct. 7, 1891.

Best Trotting Records.

¼ mile—:29¾, Nancy Hanks, against time, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 28, 1892.
½ mile—1:00¼, Directum, Fleetwood Park, New York, Sept. 5, 1893.
1 mile—2:03¾, Alix, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 19, 1894. Best mile in a race, 2:05¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1893, and Alix, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 17, 1894. Best mile by a mare, 2:03¾, Alix, as above. Best mile by a mare in a race, 2:05¼, Alix, as above. Best mile by a stallion, 2:05¼, Directum, as above (race record). Best mile by a gelding (against time), 2:04¾, Azote, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 5, 1895; race record, 2:05¼, Azote, Fleetwood Park, N. Y., Aug. 28, 1895.
1 mile, yearlings—Best mile by a colt (against time), 2:23, Adbell, San Jose, Cal., Sept. 28, 1894; race record, 2:26, Adbell, Woodland, Cal., Aug. 27, 1894. Best mile by a filly, 2:23¾, Pansy McGregor, Holton, Kas., Nov. 18, 1893 (race record).
1 mile, 2-year-olds—Best mile by a colt (against time), 2:10¼, Arion, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 10, 1891; race record, 2:13¾, Jupe, Readville, Mass., Sept. 29, 1896. Best mile by a filly, 2:14, Janie T., Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15, 1897 (race record). Best mile by a gelding, 2:14¾, Endow, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 14, 1899 (race record).
1 mile, 3-year-olds—Best mile by a colt (against time), 2:10¼, Arion, Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 12, 1892; race record, 2:11¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1892, and Cresus, Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 11, 1897. Best mile by a filly, 2:08¾, Fantasy, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 17, 1893 (race record). Best mile by a gelding, 2:12, Who Is It, Santa Rosa, Cal., Aug. 20, 1898 (race record).
1 mile, 4-year-olds—Best mile by a colt, 2:05¼, Directum, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1893 (race record). Best mile by a filly (against time), 2:06, Fantasy, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 18, 1894; race record, 2:06¾, Beuzetta, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1895. Best mile by a gelding, 2:08, John Nolan, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1888 (race record).
1 mile, 5-year-olds—Best mile by a colt, 2:06¾, Ralph Wilkes, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 19, 1894, and Bingen, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 26, 1893 (latter a race record). Best mile by a mare, 2:07¾, Alix, Chicago, Sept. 14, 1893, and Beuzetta, Lexington Ky., Oct. 16, 1896 (race record). Best mile by a gelding, 2:08, The Abbot, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15, 1893 (race record).

1 mile, fastest three consecutive heats—By a mare, in a race, 2:06, 2:06¼, 2:05¾, Alix, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 17, 1894; by a stallion, in a race, 2:08¼, 2:08¾, 2:08¼, Tommy Britton, Columbus, O., Aug. 4, 1899; by a gelding, in a race, 2:09½, 2:05½, 2:07, Azote, Fleetwood Park, Aug. 28, 1895.
1 mile, fastest four-heat race—2:09, 2:08¾, 2:07¾, 2:08, Fantasy, Readville, Mass., Aug. 27-28, 1896 (Kentucky Union won third heat).
1 mile, fastest five-heat race—2:07¼, 2:09, 2:07¼, 2:08¼, 2:10¼, The Abbot, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 4, 1899 (Bingen won the first and second heats).
1 mile, fastest six-heat race—2:06¾, 2:07¼, 2:10¼, 2:09¼, 2:12, 2:11¾, Bingen, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 26, 1898 (Cald won second and third and Georgiana fifth heats).
1 mile, over half-mile track—By a mare, 2:11¼, Magnolia, McKee's Rocks, Pa., Oct. 19, 1894; by a stallion, 2:10½, Pat L., Huntington, Ind., Sept. 11, 1890; by a gelding, 2:10¼, Dandy Jim, Crawfordsville, Ind., Sept. 10, 1897.
2 miles—4:32, Greenlander, Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 6, 1893; race record, 4:36½, Nightingale, Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 9, 1894.
3 miles—6:55½, Nightingale, Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 20, 1893; race record, 7:19½, Bishop Hero, Oakland, Cal., Oct. 7, 1893.
4 miles—10:12, Senator I., San Jose, Cal., Nov. 1, 1894; race record, 11:05, Lady Dooley, San Francisco, Cal., July 1, 1899.
5 miles—12:30¾, Bishop Hero, Oakland, Cal., Oct. 14, 1893 (race record).
6 miles—16:08, (against time, Long Time, Denver, Col., May 31, 1893).
10 miles—26:15, Pascal, New York city, Nov. 2, 1893; race record, 27:23¼, Controller, San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 23, 1878.
20 miles—55:25, Capt. Macgowan, Boston, Mass., Oct. 2, 1865.
50 miles—3:52:00, Ginger, Bath Road, Eng. July 10, 1897; America, 3:55:40½, Ariel, Albany, N. Y., May 5, 1846.
100 miles—8:55:53, Conqueror, Long Island, Nov. 12, 1853.

TROTTING TO WAGON.

1 mile—2:09¼, Grace Hastings, Cleveland, O., July 29, 1888; by a stallion, 2:14¼, Greenlander, Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 10, 1893; race record, 2:12¼, The Abbot, Hartford, Conn., July 4, 1898.
2 miles—4:56¾, Dexter, Long Island, Oct. 4, 1865 (race record).
3 miles—7:53½, Prince, Union course, Long Island, Sept. 15, 1857 (race record).
5 miles—13:16, Fillmore, San Francisco, April 18, 1863 (race record).
10 miles—29:04½, Julia Aldrich, San Francisco, Cal., April 20, 1878 (race record).
20 miles—53:57, Controller, San Francisco, April 20, 1878.
50 miles—3:58:08, Spangle, Union course, Long Island, Oct. 15, 1855.

DOUBLE TEAMS.

1 mile—2:12¼, Belle Hamlin and Honest George, Providence, R. I., Sept. 23, 1892; race record, 2:15¼, Saille Simmons and Roseleaf, Columbus, O., Sept. 27, 1894.

WITH RUNNING MATE.

1 mile—Against time, 2:03½, Ayres P., Kirkwood, Del., July 4, 1893.
1 mile—In a race, 2:08½, Frank and J. O. Nay, Prospect Park, Long Island, Nov. 15, 1863.

UNDER SADDLE.

1 mile—2:15¾, Great Eastern, New York, N. Y., Sept. 22, 1897.
2 miles—4:56, George M. Patchen, Fashion course, Long Island, July 1, 1863.
3 miles—7:32½, Dutchman, Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 1, 1836.
4 miles—10:51, Dutchman, Centerville, Long Island, May —, 1836.



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Best Pacing Records.

- $\frac{1}{4}$ mile—28, Star Pointer, Sept. 28, 1897 (against time, accompanied by a running horse).
- $\frac{1}{2}$ mile—57 $\frac{1}{4}$, Star Pointer, Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 17, 1898 (against time, accompanied by a running horse).
- $\frac{3}{4}$ mile—1:29 $\frac{1}{4}$, Star Pointer, Readville, Mass., Sept. 1, 1898 (against time).
- 1 mile—1:59 $\frac{1}{4}$, Star Pointer, Readville, Mass., Aug. 28, 1897. Best mile in a race, 2:00 $\frac{1}{2}$, Star Pointer, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1897. Best mile by a stallion, Star Pointer, as above. Best mile by a mare, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lady of the Manor, Glens Falls, N. Y., Aug. 18, 1899 (race record). Best mile by a gelding, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, Anaconda, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 12, 1898 (race record).
- 1 mile, yearlings—Best mile by a colt against time, 2:22, Rosedale, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 14, 1896; race record, 2:33 $\frac{1}{4}$, Ambulator, Sturgis, Mich., Sept. 28, 1893. Best mile by a filly against time, 2:20 $\frac{1}{4}$, Belle Acton, Lyons, Neb., Oct. 14, 1892; race record, 2:30 $\frac{1}{4}$, Belle Acton, Topeka, Kas., Sept. 14, 1892. Best mile by a gelding, 2:28 $\frac{1}{2}$, Rollo, Independence, Ia., Oct. 27, 1891.
- 1 mile, 2-year-olds—Best mile by a colt against time, 2:07 $\frac{1}{4}$, Directly, Galesburg, Ill., Sept. 20, 1894; race record, 2:11, Symbolizer, Dallas, Tex., Nov. 3, 1894. Best mile by a filly, 2:10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Ecstasy, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15, 1898 (race record regardless of sex).
- 1 mile, 3-year-olds—Best mile by a colt, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, Klatawah, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28, 1898 (race record regardless of sex). Best mile by a filly, 2:09 $\frac{1}{4}$, Little Squaw, Dallas, Tex., Oct. 14, 1899. Best mile by a gelding, 2:09 $\frac{1}{4}$, Agitator, Woodland, Cal., Aug. 27, 1896, and King of Diamonds, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 17, 1896.
- 1 mile, 4-year-olds—Best mile by a colt against time, 2:04, Online, Sioux City, Oct. 12, 1894; race record, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, Searchlight, Dubuque, Ia., Aug. 23, 1898, Be Sure, Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 9, 1895, and Ananias, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 29, 1897. Best mile by a filly, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, The Maid, Columbus, O., Aug. 2, 1899 (race record). Best mile by a gelding, kite-shaped track, W. Wood, Stockton, Cal., Nov. 1, 1892; race record, 2:07 $\frac{1}{4}$, Palmyra Boy, Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 14, 1897, and King of Diamonds, St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 23, 1897.
- 1 mile, 5-year-olds—Best mile by a stallion, 2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$, Searchlight, Columbus, O., Aug. 2, 1899 (race record). Best mile by a mare, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, Bessie Bonehill, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 29, 1897 (race record). Best mile by a gelding, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, Anaconda, Lexington, Ky., Oct. 12, 1898 (race record).
- 1 mile, fastest two-heat race—2:03 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:02 $\frac{1}{2}$, Joe Patchen, Wichita, Kas., Sept. 27, 1899.
- 1 mile, fastest three-heat race—2:02 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$, Star Pointer, Boston, Mass., Sept. 18, 1894.
- 1 mile, fastest four-heat race—2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$, Robert J., Columbus, O., Aug. 6, 1896 (Frank Agan won first heat).
- 1 mile, fastest five-heat race—2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:05, 2:05 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:06, Frank Agan, Providence, R. I., Sept. 10, 1896 (Robert J. won first and second heats).
- 1 mile, fastest six-heat race—2:07 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:07 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, Planet, Columbus, O., Aug. 7, 1897 (Allen won first and Frank Bogash second and third heats); 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, 2:07, 2:06 $\frac{1}{4}$, Anaconda, Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 21, 1898 (Bumps won first and second and Directly third heats).
- 1 mile, half-mile track—2:04 $\frac{1}{4}$, Joe Patchen, Boston, Mass., Oct. 28, 1896; race record, 2:06, Prince Albert, Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 26, 1899.
- 2 miles—4:19 $\frac{1}{4}$, Cheballe, Salem, Ore., Oct. 7, 1897.
- 3 miles—7:33 $\frac{1}{4}$, Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 6, 1891; race record, 7:44, James K. Polk, Centerville, L. I., Sept. 13, 1847.

- 4 miles—10:10, Joe Jefferson, Knoxville, Iowa, Nov. 13, 1891; race record, 10:34 $\frac{1}{2}$, Longfellow, San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 31, 1899.
- 5 miles—12:54 $\frac{1}{4}$, Lady St. Clair, San Jose, Cal., Dec. 11, 1874 (race record and to wagon).

PACING TO WAGON.

- 1 mile—2:03 $\frac{1}{4}$, Bumps, Louisville, Ky., Sept. 27, 1899.
- 3 miles—7:53, Longfellow, Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 21, 1898.
- 5 miles—12:54 $\frac{1}{4}$, Lady St. Clair, as above.

DOUBLE TEAMS.

- 1 mile to wagon—2:08, Robert J. and John R. Gentry, Glens Falls, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1897.
- 1 mile to pole-cart, 2:18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Silvertail and Daisy D., Saginaw, Mich., July 15, 1857.

UNDER SADDLE.

- 1 mile—2:13, Johnston, Cleveland, O., Aug. 3, 1889.

PACING WITH RUNNING MATE.

- 1 mile—1:58 $\frac{1}{4}$, Flying Jib, Chillicothe, O., Oct. 4, 1894.

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1891—Strathmeath, 122lbs, 2:49 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$18,610.
1892—Carlsbad, 122lbs, 3:04 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$16,980.
1893—Boundless, 121lbs, 2:36; \$49,560.
1894—Rey el Santa Anita, 122lbs, 2:36; \$19,750.
1895—Pink Coat, 127lbs, 2:42 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$9,225.
1899—No meeting.

BROOKLYN HANDICAP.

- $\frac{1}{4}$ miles—Gravesend, L. I.
1890—Castaway II, 100lbs, 2:10; \$6,900.
1891—Tenny, 128lbs, 2:10; \$14,800.
1892—Judge Morrow, 116lbs, 2:08 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$17,750.
1893—Diablo, 112lbs, 2:09; \$17,500.
1894—Dr. Rice, 112lbs, 2:07 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$17,750.
1895—Hornpipe, 105lbs, 2:11 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$7,750.
1896—Sir Walter, 113lbs, 2:18 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$7,750.
1897—Howard Mann, 106lbs, 2:09 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$7,750.
1898—Ornament, 127lbs, 2:10; \$7,800.
1899—Banastar, 110lbs, 2:06 $\frac{1}{4}$; \$10,000.

SUBURBAN HANDICAP.

- $\frac{1}{4}$ miles—Sheepshead Bay, N. Y.
1890—Salvator, 127lbs, 2:06 4-5; \$6,900.
1891—Loantaka, 110lbs, 2:07; \$9,900.
1892—Montana, 115lbs, 2:07 2-5; \$17,750.
1893—Lowlander, 105lbs, 2:06 3-5; \$17,750.
1894—Ramapo, 120lbs, 2:05 1-5; \$12,070.
1895—Lazzarone, 115lbs, 2:07 4-5; \$4,730.
1896—Henry of Navarre, 128lbs, 2:07; \$5,850.
1897—Ben Brush, 123lbs, 2:07 1-5; \$5,850.
1898—Tillo, 119lbs, 2:08 1-5; \$6,800.
1899—Imp, 114lbs, 2:05 4-5; \$10,000.

FUTURITY STAKES.

- For 2-year-olds, 170 feet less than 6 furlongs, Sheepshead Bay, N. Y.
1890—Potomac, 115lbs, 1:14 1-5; \$87,675.
1891—His Highness, 130lbs, 1:15 1-5; \$61,675.
1892—Morello, 118lbs, 1:12 1-5; \$40,450.
1893—Domino, 130lbs, 1:12 4-5; \$49,350.
1894—The Butterflies, 112lbs, 1:11; \$48,710.
1895—Reginald, 115lbs, 1:11 4-5; \$53,190.
1896—Ogden, 115lbs, 1:10; \$43,730.
1897—L'Alouette, 115lbs, 1:11; \$34,200.
1898—Marinas, 118lbs, 1:12 2-5; \$36,610.
1899—Chacornac, 114lbs, 1:10 2-5; \$41,200.

KENTUCKY DERBY.

- $\frac{1}{2}$ miles—For 3-year-olds, Louisville, Ky.
[Distance changed in 1896 to $\frac{1}{4}$ miles.]
1890—Riley, 118lbs, 2:45; \$5,400.

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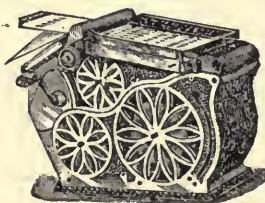
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1891—Kingman, 122lbs, 2:52½; \$4,680.
 1892—Azra, 121lbs, 2:41½; \$4,230.
 1893—Lookout, 122lbs, 2:39¼; \$4,000.
 1894—Chant, 122 lbs, 2:41; \$4,000.
 1895—Halma, 122lbs, 2:37½.
 1896—Ben Brush, 117lbs, 2:07¾.
 1897—Typhoon II., 117lbs, 2:12¾.
 1898—Plaudit, 117lbs, 2:09.
 1899—Manuel, 117lbs, 2:12.

ENGLISH DERBY.

First race run at Epsom May 4, 1780. In 1784 distance was increased from 1 mile to 1½ miles.

1830—Saint Foin, by Springfield, 2:49¼.
 1831—Common, by Isonomy, 2:56 4-5.
 1832—Sir Hugo, by Wisdom, 2:44.
 1833—Isinglass, by Isonomy, 2:43.
 1834—Ladas, by Hampton, 2:45 4-5.
 1835—Sir Visto, by Barcaldine, 2:43 3-5.
 1836—Persimmon, by St. Simon, 2:42.
 1837—Galtee Moore, by Kendal, 2:47.
 1838—Jeddah, by Janissary, 2:37.
 1839—Flying Fox, by Orme, 2:38 2-5.

Baseball.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston has won the pennant seven times since the National league was organized in 1876. Chicago stands next with six victories. The pennant winners since the formation of the National league are as follows:

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
1876—Chicago	52	14	.788
1877—Boston	31	17	.648
1878—Boston	41	19	.707
1879—Providence	55	23	.705
1880—Chicago	67	17	.798
1881—Chicago	56	28	.667
1882—Chicago	55	29	.655
1883—Boston	63	35	.643
1884—Providence	84	28	.750
1885—Chicago	87	25	.776
1886—Chicago	90	34	.725
1887—Detroit	79	45	.637
1888—New York	84	47	.641
1889—New York	83	43	.659
1890—Brooklyn	86	43	.667
1891—Boston	87	51	.630
1892—Boston	102	48	.680
1893—Boston	86	44	.662
1894—Baltimore	39	39	.695
1895—Baltimore	87	43	.669
1896—Baltimore	90	39	.698
1897—Boston	93	39	.795
1898—Boston	102	47	.685
1899—Brooklyn	101	47	.682

CLUBS.	Brooklyn.	Boston.	Philadelphia.	Baltimore.	St. Louis.	Cincinnati.	Pittsburg.	Chicago.	Louisville.	New York.	Washington.	Cleveland.	Games won.	Per cent.
Brooklyn	101	11	14	101	682									
Boston	6	5	9	8	7	8	8	11	10	11	14	101	682	
Philadelphia	6	5	9	8	7	8	8	11	10	11	14	101	682	
Baltimore	6	5	9	8	7	8	8	11	10	11	14	101	682	
St. Louis	4	6	7	6	8	9	7	6	9	10	8	13	84	.556
Cincinnati	6	4	4	9	5	10	6	6	6	6	6	13	84	.556
Pittsburg	5	7	5	5	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	13	84	.556
Chicago	5	7	5	5	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	13	84	.556
Louisville	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	13	84	.556
New York	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	13	84	.556
Washington	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	13	84	.556
Cleveland	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	13	84	.556
Games lost	47	57	58	62	67	73	73	73	73	73	73	98	134	.904

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

The American League succeeded the Western League at the end of the season of 1899. The change is one of name only. Official standing:

CLUBS.	Indianapolis.	Minneapolis.	Detroit.	Grand Rapids.	St. Paul.	Milwaukee.	Kansas City.	Buffalo.	Games won.	Per cent.
Indianapolis	9	11	13	11	10	12	9	7	75	.615
Minneapolis	9	12	9	11	11	13	11	7	76	.603
Detroit	7	6	7	13	10	10	11	6	516	
Grand Rapids	4	9	11	10	8	11	10	6	504	
St. Paul	7	7	5	8	10	8	12	5	452	
Milwaukee	7	7	7	10	8	9	7	5	447	
Kansas City	5	5	8	7	10	8	10	5	431	
Buffalo	8	7	6	8	11	7	7	5	431	
Games lost	47	50	60	62	69	68	70	70		

Lawn Tennis.

The official ranking of the first twenty-five leading players is as follows:

1. Malcolm D. Whitman, Boston, owe 1-6.
2. Dwight Davis, Harvard, scratch.
3. W. A. Larned, New York, scratch.

PLUS 2-6.

4. J. P. Paret, New York.
5. Kreig Collins, Chicago.
6. G. L. Wrenn, Jr., Boston.
7. L. L. Ware, Boston.
8. Beals Wright, Harvard.
9. Holcombe Ward, Harvard.
10. R. P. Huntington, New York.
11. Richard Stevens, New York.
12. E. P. Fischer, New York.
13. J. A. Allen, New York.

PLUS 4-6.

14. S. C. Millet, New York.
 15. W. S. Bond, Chicago.
 16. R. D. Little, Princeton.
 17. H. H. Hackett, Yale.
 18. E. K. Marvin, Harvard.
 19. C. R. Budlong, Princeton.
- PLUS 15.
20. J. C. Davidson, Washington.
 21. Alfred Codman, Boston.
 22. Ralph McKittrick, St. Louis.
 23. E. P. Larned, New York.
 24. W. J. Clothier, Philadelphia.
 25. C. Mundy, Chicago.

Bicycle Records.

The following are the official records issued by Chairman Fred Gerlach of the racing board of the League of American wheelmen (w. s. denotes use of wind shields):

STANDING START COMPETITION.

PROFESSIONAL.

- 1-3 mile—:45, F. E. Scheffski, Santa Monica, Cal., Feb. 22, 1896.
 ½ mile—:56 3-5, W. Fred Sims, Washington, D. C., Aug. 3, 1898.
 2-3 mile—1:21 1-5, C. R. Coulter, Denver, Col., Oct. 3, 1896.
 1 mile—1:49, James Michael, Buffalo, N. Y., July 3, 1897.
 2 miles—3:37 3-5, James Michael, Buffalo, N. Y., July 3, 1897.

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- 3 miles—5:28, James Michael, Manhattan Beach, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1897.
 4 miles—7:16 4-5, James Michael, Manhattan Beach, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1897.
 5 miles—9:05 3-15, James Michael, Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 18, 1897.

- 10 miles—17:04 3-5, Tom Linton, Willow Grove, Pa., Aug. 6, 1898.
 15 miles—25:38 4-5, H. D. Elkes, Willow Grove, Pa., Aug. 6, 1898.
 20 miles—34:02, H. D. Elkes, Willow Grove, Pa., Aug. 6, 1898.

- 25 miles—42:42, H. D. Elkes, Willow Grove, Pa., Aug. 6, 1898.
 50 miles—2:11:09 3-5, F. Waller, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 16, 1894.

- 100 miles—4:33:52, T. A. Barnaby, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 16, 1894.

- 1 hour—31 miles 1,450 yards, James Michael, Manhattan Beach, N. Y., Sept. 25, 1897.

FLYING START, UNPACED, AGAINST TIME.

- ¼ mile—:26 1-5, Arthur Gardiner, Denver, Col., Dec. 3, 1897.

- 1-3 mile—:34 1-5, W. W. Hamilton, Coronado, Cal., March 2, 1896.

- ½ mile—:55 3-5, William Martin, Newby Oval, Ind., Aug. 24, 1898.

- 1 mile—1:55 4-5, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, Col., June 18, 1898.

- 2 miles—4:16, A. B. Hughes, Denver, Col., June 18, 1898.

- 3 miles—6:32 4-5, Fred J. Titus, Willow Grove, Pa., July 2, 1898.

- 4 miles—8:50, Fred J. Titus, Willow Grove, Pa., July 2, 1898.

- 5 miles—11:05 1-5, Fred J. Titus, Willow Grove, Pa., July 2, 1898.

- 10 miles—25:09 2-5, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, Col., July 9, 1898.

- 15 miles—35:03, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, Col., July 9, 1898.

- 20 miles—47:08 2-5, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, Col., July 9, 1898.

- 25 miles—59:13 2-5, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, Col., July 9, 1898.

- 50 miles—2:16:03, John Lawson, Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 17, 1896.

- 100 miles—4:59:27 4-5, Charles W. Miller, Chicago, Ill., Oct. 2, 1897.

- 1 hour—25 miles 600 yards, W. W. Hamilton, Denver, Col., July 7, 1898.

FLYING START, PACED, AGAINST TIME.

- ¼ mile—:22 2-5, "Major" Taylor, Woodside Park, Pa., Nov. 5, 1898.

- 1-3 mile—:29 4-5, "Major" Taylor, Woodside Park, Pa., Nov. 14, 1898.

- 1-3 mile (w. s.)—:27 1-5, "Major" Taylor, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 16, 1899.

- ½ mile—:41 4-5, E. A. McDuffee, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 7, 1899.

- ½ mile (w. s.)—:40 1-5, "Major" Taylor, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 16, 1899.

- 2-3 mile—:58 3-5, W. W. Hamilton, Coronado, Cal., March 2, 1896.

- ¾ mile—1:08 2-5, "Major" Taylor, Woodside Park, Pa., Nov. 16, 1898.

- 1 mile—1:22 1-5, "Major" Taylor, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 3, 1899.

- 1 mile (w. s.)—1:19, "Major" Taylor, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 15, 1899.

- 2 miles—2:53, E. A. McDuffee, Brockton, Mass., Oct. 10, 1899.

- 3 miles—4:23, E. A. McDuffee, Brockton, Mass., Oct. 10, 1899.

- 4 miles—5:51 3-5, E. A. McDuffee, Brockton, Mass., Oct. 10, 1899.

- 5 miles—7:12 3-5, E. A. McDuffee, Brockton, Mass., Oct. 10, 1899.

- 10 miles—18:33 1-5, James Michael, New Orleans, La., Nov. 12, 1896.

- 100 miles—3:52:14, Frank Waller, Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 19, 1896.

- 1 hour—34 miles 1,220 yards, H. D. Elkes, Willow Grove, Pa., Aug. 6, 1898.

TANDEM, FLYING START, UNPACED, AGAINST TIME.

- 1 mile—1:51 2-5, Swanbrough-Hughes, Denver, Col., Oct. 4, 1897.

- 10 miles—21:18 3-5, Sager-Swanbrough, Denver, Col., April 9, 1898.

- 25 miles—56:11, Sager-Swanbrough, Denver, Col., April 9, 1898.

TANDEM, FLYING START, PACED, AGAINST TIME.

- 1 mile—1:42 2-5, Fowler-Church, Willow Grove, Pa., Nov. 6, 1897.

- 10 miles—19:02 4-5, Fowler-Church, Willow Grove, Pa., Nov. 6, 1897.

TANDEM COMPETITION, STANDING START.

- 1 mile—1:57, Nat and Frank Butler, Charles River park, June 5, 1897.

STANDING START, COMPETITION, PACED.

AMATEUR.

- ¼ mile, unpaced—:29 3-5, G. F. Royce, Paterson, N. J., July 4, 1894.

- 1-3 mile, unpaced—:40 3-5, Philip J. Bornwasser, Louisville, Sept. 4, 1897.

- ½ mile—1:00, Edward Llewellyn, Woodside Park, Pa., July 30, 1898.

- 2-3 mile—1:21, E. R. Wilson, Washington, D. C., May 28, 1898.

- 1 mile—1:59, W. Robertson, Denver, Col., Oct. 2, 1897.

- 2 miles—3:49 2-5, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24, 1898.

- 3 miles—5:44 4-5, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24, 1898.

- 4 miles—7:38 3-5, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24, 1898.

- 5 miles—9:36 1-5, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24, 1898.

- 10 miles—19:13 2-5, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24, 1898.

- 15 miles—32:40½, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24, 1898.

- 20 miles—43:37, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24, 1898.

- 25 miles—50:04 4-5, Fred Beauregard, Fall River, Mass., Sept. 5, 1898.

- 50 miles—2:06:30 1-5, A. A. Hansen, Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 15, 1895.

FLYING START, UNPACED, AGAINST TIME.

- ¼ mile—:26 1-5, A. B. Simons, Deming, N. M., May 26, 1896.

- 1-3 mile—:33 3-5, A. B. Simons, Deming, N. M., May 26, 1896.

- ½ mile—:58, C. V. Dasey, Denver, Col., July 9, 1898.

- 2-3 mile—1:21 1-5, J. G. Hell, Denver, Col., July 31, 1898.

- ¾ mile—1:37, F. B. Stowe, Springfield, Oct. 20, 1894.

- 1 mile—2:03 3-5, Fred T. Hoopes, Des Moines, Iowa, July 24, 1899.

- 2 miles—4:27 3-5, Joseph Heil, Denver, Col., June 21, 1897.

- 3 miles—7:03, O. B. Hackenberger, Denver, Col., Dec. 13, 1895.

- 4 miles—9:31, O. B. Hackenberger, Denver, Col., Dec. 13, 1895.

- 5 miles—11:56 4-5, O. B. Hackenberger, Denver, Col., Dec. 13, 1895.

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- 10 miles—24:19 2-5, A. G. Kluefer, Racine, Wis., July 2, 1897.
 25 miles—1:03:45, A. J. Thibodeau, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 29, 1897.
 50 miles—2:14:06, A. J. Thibodeau, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 29, 1897.
 100 miles—5:16:24 4-5, R. Lauricks, Boston, Mass., July 31, 1897.

FLYING START, PACED, AGAINST TIME.

- $\frac{1}{4}$ mile—:20 1-5, C. C. Holzel, Spokane, Wash., Sept. 4, 1899.
 1-3 miles—:29 2-5, C. C. Holzel, Spokane, Wash., Sept. 26, 1899.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ mile—:45 4-5, C. C. Holzel, Spokane, Wash., Sept. 4, 1899.
 2-3 miles—1:09 3-5, H. M. Sidwell, Chester Park, O., Oct. 7, 1897.
 $\frac{3}{4}$ mile—1:18, H. M. Sidwell, Chester Park, O., Oct. 5, 1897.
 1 mile—1:36 1-5, C. C. Holzel, Spokane, Wash., Oct. 22, 1899.
 2 miles—3:42 4-5, Emmor L. Wilson, Washington, D. C., May 19, 1898.
 3 miles—5:53 1-5, Ray Duer, Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1897.
 4 miles—7:52, Ray Duer, Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1897.
 5 miles—9:54 1-5, C. V. Dasey, Denver, Col., Oct. 2, 1897.
 10 miles—20:04 4-5, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 6, 1898.
 25 miles—50:45, John Nelson, Chicago, Ill., Nov. 6, 1898.

TANDEM, FLYING START, PACED.

- 1 mile—1:52 3-5, Haggerty-Williams, Wal-
 tham, Mass., Nov. 27, 1894.

TANDEM, FLYING START, UNPACED.

- 5 miles—10:26 1-5, Joseph-Hood, Detroit, Mich., July 29, 1899.
 [For other multicycle records, see 1898 Almanac.]

Pedestrianism.

RUNNING.

[Amateur performances designated by an *.]

- 20 yards—*:02 4-5, E. B. Bloss, Boston, Mass., Feb. 22, 1892.
 40 yards—*:04 3-5, B. J. Wefers, Boston, Mass., Feb. 6, 1897; *L. W. Redpath, Boston, Mass., Feb. 5, 1898; *F. B. Scheuber, Boston, Mass., Feb. 16, 1899; *A. F. Duffy, Boston, Mass., Feb. 16, 1899.
 50 yards—*:05 $\frac{1}{4}$, H. M. Johnson, New York, Nov. 22, 1884; *05 $\frac{1}{4}$, L. E. Myers, New York, Dec. 12, 1884.
 75 yards—:07 $\frac{1}{4}$, James Quirk, against time, Parkhill, Canada, Oct. 30, 1888; *:07 2-5, B. J. Wefers, Boston, Mass., Jan. 25, 1896.
 100 yards—:09 4-5, H. M. Johnson, Cleveland, O., July 31, 1886; Harry Bethune, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 22, 1888; J. H. Maybury, Chicago, Ill., June 5, 1897; *John Owen, Jr., Washington, D. C., Oct. 11, 1890; *W. T. McPherson, Auckland, New Zealand, Feb. 6, 1891; *J. H. Hampton, Canterbury, England, Feb. 6, 1892; *C. W. Stage, Cleveland, O., Sept. 2, 1893; *J. V. Crum, Chicago, Ill., June 15, 1895; *B. J. Wefers, New York, Sept. 23, 1895, same place, May 30, 1896; *J. H. Rush, Chicago, Ill., June 18, 1898; *F. W. Jarvis, May 30, 1899.
 220 yards—*:21, B. J. Wefers, straight course, Toronto, Canada, Sept. 25, 1897; :21 1-5, J. H. Maybury, Chicago, Ill.,

June 5, 1897; *J. W. Tewkesbury, Princeton, N. J., April 22, 1899.
 500 yards—:30, Harry Hutchens, Edinburgh, Scotland, Jan. 2, 1884; *:30 3-5, B. J. Wefers, Travers Island, N. Y., Sept. 26, 1896.

$\frac{1}{4}$ mile—*:47 $\frac{3}{4}$, W. Baker, straight track, against time, Boston, Mass., July 1, 1886; *:48 $\frac{3}{4}$, L. E. Myers, circular track, Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 15, 1881.

600 yards—*:1:11, T. E. Burke, Columbia Oval, Sept. 19, 1896.

$\frac{1}{2}$ mile—*:1:53 2-5, C. J. Kilpatrick, Manhattan Field, New York, Sept. 21, 1895.

1,000 yards—2:09 $\frac{1}{2}$, Harry Sullum, London, England, Aug. 6, 1899.

1 mile—4:12 $\frac{3}{4}$, W. G. George, London, England, Aug. 23, 1886; *:4:15 3-5, T. P. Conneff, Travers Island, N. Y., Aug. 30, 1895.

2 miles—9:11 $\frac{1}{2}$, William Lang, Manchester, England, Aug. 1, 1883; *:9:32 3-5, W. D. Day, New York, May 17, 1890.

3 miles—14:19 $\frac{1}{2}$, P. Cannon, Govan, Scotland, May 14, 1888; *:14:24, Sidney Thomas, London, England, June 3, 1893.

4 miles—19:25 2-5, P. Cannon, Glasgow, Scotland, Nov. 8, 1888; *:19:28 3-5, George Crossland, Belfast, Ireland, April 7, 1896.

5 miles—24:40, J. White, London, England, May 11, 1863; *:24:53 3-5, Sidney Thomas, in race, London, England, Sept. 24, 1892.

10 miles—51:06 3-5, W. Cummings, London, England, Sept. 18, 1885; *:51:51, Sidney Thomas, Romford, England, Sept. 24, 1892.

20 miles—*:1:51:54, G. Crossland, London, England, Sept. 22, 1894; *:1:54:00, Patrick Byrnes, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Oct. 4, 1879.

30 miles—*:3:15:09, G. Mason, London, England, March 14, 1881; *:3:17:36 $\frac{1}{2}$, J. A. Squires, London, England, May 2, 1885.

40 miles—James Bailey, March 14, 1881; *:4:46:54, J. E. Dixon, Birmingham, England, Dec. 29, 1884.

50 miles—5:55:04 $\frac{1}{2}$, George Cartwright, London, England, Feb. 21, 1887; *:6:18:26 1-5, J. E. Dixon, London, England, April 11, 1885.

100 miles—13:26:30, Charles Rowell, New York, Feb. 22, 1882; *:17:36:14, J. Saunders, New York, Feb. 21 and 22, 1882.

WALKING.

$\frac{1}{4}$ mile—*:1:22 1-5, F. H. Cramer, in competition, Auckland, New Zealand, December, 1897.

$\frac{1}{2}$ mile—*:3:00, F. H. Cramer, in competition, Auckland, New Zealand, December, 1897; *:03:02 2-5, F. P. Murray, New York, Oct. 22, 1883.

1 mile—6:23, W. Perkins, London, England, June 1, 1874; *:6:27 3-5, F. H. Cramer, Auckland, New Zealand, December, 1897.

2 miles—13:14, J. W. Raby, London, England, Aug. 20, 1883; *:13:24, W. J. Sturgess, London, England, July 10, 1897.

3 miles—20:21 $\frac{1}{2}$, J. W. Raby, London, England, Aug. 20, 1883; *:21:09 1-5, F. P. Murray, New York, Nov. 6, 1883.

4 miles—27:38, J. W. Raby, London, England, Aug. 20, 1883; *:28:57 3-5, W. J. Sturgess, Northampton, England, Sept. 28, 1895.

5 miles—35:10, J. W. Raby, London, England, Aug. 20, 1883; *:36:27, W. J. Sturgess, London, England, Oct. 19, 1895.

10 miles—1:14:45, J. W. Raby, London, England, Dec. 3, 1883; *:1:17:38 4-5, J. W. Sturgess, London, England, Oct. 3, 1896.

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25 miles—3:35:14, W. Franks, London, England, Aug. 28, 1882; *3:53:35, W. E. N. Coston, London, England, Dec. 3, 1880.
50 miles—7:54:16, J. Hibberd, London, England, May 14, 1888; *8:25:25½, A. W. Sinclair, London, England, Nov. 14, 1879.
100 miles—15:08:15, William Howes, London, England, May 15, 1880; *19:41:50, A. W. Sinclair, London, England, Aug. 26 and 27, 1881.

Greatest distance walked without a rest—121 miles 385 yards, 25:58:00, C. A. Harriman, Truckee, Cal., April 6 and 7, 1883.

AMATEUR HURDLE RACING.

120 yards, 10 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in. high—*15 1-5, A. C. Kraenzlein, Chicago, Ill., June 18, 1898; *on turf, 15 2-5, A. C. Kraenzlein, New York, Sept. 23, 1899.
220 yards, 10 hurdles, 2 ft. 6 in. high—*24 2-5, against time, J. P. Lee, Cambridge, Mass., May 22, 1891.

JUMPING.

Running broad jump—24 ft. 4½ in., A. C. Kraenzlein, New York, May 26, 1899 (without weights).

Standing broad jump—12 ft. 1½ in., J. Darby, Dudley, England, May 28, 1890; *11 ft. ½ in., R. C. Ewry, Asbury Park, N. J., Aug. 9, 1890 (both performances without weights).

Running high jump—*6 ft. 5 5-8 in., M. F. Sweeney, Manhattan Field, N. Y., Sept. 21, 1895 (without weights); indoors, *6 ft. 3¾ in., I. K. Baxter, Washington, D. C., March 11, 1899.

Standing high jump—*5 ft. 4 in., Fred Gerner, Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 4, 1899 (without weights).

Standing hop, step and jump—*35 ft. 6 in., Courtney, Dublin, Ireland, August, 1898 (without weights).

Running hop, step and jump—*49 ft. 2½ in., W. McManus, Sydney, N. S. W., February, 1893 (without weights).

Pole vaulting—For height, *11 ft. 10½ in., R. G. Clapp, Chicago, Ill., June 18, 1898; for distance, *27 ft. 5 in., A. H. Green, Chicago, Ill., Sept. 16, 1893.

FEATS OF STRENGTH.

Throwing 56-lb. weight—From a 7-ft. circle, *35 ft. 10 in., J. S. Mitchell, Travers Island, N. Y., Sept. 21, 1892.

Putting 16-lb. shot—7-ft. run, *47 ft., G. R. Gray, Chicago, Sept. 16, 1893.

Throwing 16-lb. hammer—From a 7-ft. circle, 167 ft. 8 in., John Flanagan, New York, Sept. 23, 1899; from a 9-ft. circle, *164 ft. 10 in., John Flanagan, Yonkers, N. Y., June 3, 1899.

Throwing 12-lb. hammer—From a 7-ft. circle, 183 ft. 6 in., Tom Carroll, Sacramento, Cal., July 10, 1896.

Throwing the discs—*118 ft. 9 in., C. Henneman, New York, Aug. 28, 1897; *122 ft. 3 5-8 in., Richard Sheldon, Newton, Mass., Aug. 26, 1899. (Record may not be allowed.)

Football.

In the west the championship was indisputably settled by the post-season victory of Chicago over Wisconsin. In the east, Harvard, Princeton and Yale stand about equal, with the two former having a slight advantage.

CHICAGO.

Opp. Chi.

Sept. 23—Knox 0 40
Sept. 30—Physicians and Surgeons.... 0 12

Oct. 4—Notre Dame 6 23
Oct. 7—Iowa 5 5
Oct. 11—Dixon 0 29
Oct. 14—Cornell 6 17
Oct. 21—Oberlin 0 58
Oct. 23—Pennsylvania 5 5
Nov. 4—Purdue 0 44
Nov. 11—Northwestern 0 76
Nov. 18—Beloit 0 35
Nov. 25—Minnesota 0 29
Nov. 30—Brown 6 17
Dec. 9—Wisconsin 0 17

WISCONSIN.

Opp. Wis

Sept. 30—Lake Forest 0 45
Oct. 7—Beloit 0 36
Oct. 14—Northwestern 0 38
Oct. 21—Yale 6 0
Oct. 23—Rush "Medics" 0 11
Nov. 4—Alumni 0 17
Nov. 11—Illinois 0 23
Nov. 18—Minnesota 0 17
Nov. 25—Lawrence 0 58
Nov. 30—Michigan 5 17
Dec. 9—Chicago 17 0

MICHIGAN.

Opp. Mich

Sept. 30—Hillsdale 0 11
Oct. 7—Albion 0 26
Oct. 14—Western Reserve 0 17
Oct. 18—Notre Dame 0 12
Oct. 21—Alumni 0 0
Oct. 23—Illinois 0 5
Nov. 4—Virginia 0 38
Nov. 11—Pennsylvania 11 10
Nov. 18—Case 6 28
Nov. 25—Kalamazoo 0 24
Nov. 30—Wisconsin 17 5

HARVARD.

Opp. Harv

Sept. 30—Williams 0 29
Oct. 4—Bowdoin 0 13
Oct. 7—Wesleyan 0 20
Oct. 11—Amherst 0 41
Oct. 14—West Point 0 18
Oct. 18—Bates 0 29
Oct. 21—Brown 0 11
Oct. 23—Indians 10 22
Nov. 4—Pennsylvania 0 16
Nov. 11—Dartmouth 0 11
Nov. 18—Yale 0 0

PRINCETON.

Opp. Prin

Oct. 7—Annapolis 0 5
Oct. 11—Lafayette 0 12
Oct. 14—Columbia 0 11
Oct. 18—Pennsylvania State 0 12
Oct. 21—West Point 0 23
Oct. 23—Cornell 5 0
Nov. 4—Brown 0 18
Nov. 8—North Carolina 0 30
Nov. 11—Carlisle Indians 0 12
Nov. 18—Washington and Jefferson... 0 6
Nov. 25—Yale 10 11

YALE.

Opp. Yale

Sept. 30—Amherst 0 23
Oct. 4—Trinity 0 46
Oct. 7—Bates 0 28
Oct. 14—Dartmouth 0 12
Oct. 21—Wisconsin 0 6
Oct. 23—Columbia 5 0
Nov. 4—West Point 0 24
Nov. 11—Pennsylvania State 0 42
Nov. 18—Harvard 0 0
Nov. 25—Princeton 11 10

PENNSYLVANIA.

Opp. Penn

Sept. 27—Franklin and Marshall..... 0 48
Sept. 30—Lehigh 0 20
Oct. 4—Bucknell 10 47
Oct. 7—Brown 6 6
Oct. 11—Virginia 6 32
Oct. 14—Carlisle Indians 16 5

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.... CHICAGO.

Oct. 18—Wesleyan	6	17
Oct. 21—Lafayette	6	0
Oct. 28—Chicago	5	5
Nov. 4—Harvard	16	0
Nov. 11—Michigan	10	11
Nov. 17—Pennsylvania State	0	47
Nov. 30—Cornell	0	29

Highest score—England: 17 goals to 0, Nottingham Foresters, match, Derbyshire, March 30, 1881. America: 158 points to 0, Harvard college, match with Exeter, Exeter, Mass., Nov. 3, 1886.

Place kick, with a run—200 ft. 8 in., William P. Chadwick, Exeter, N. H., Nov. 29, 1886.

Drop kick—182 ft. (scoring a goal), Pat O'Dea, Evanston, Ill., Nov. 24, 1893; 172 ft. 8 in., F. Hardgrave, Brisbane, Australia, October, 1882; 163 ft. 7½ in. J. E. Duffy, Ann Arbor, Mich., May 22, 1886.

Swimming.

100 yards—*1:00 3-5, J. H. Derbyshire, against time, Corporation Baths, Warrington, England, Sept. 21, 1897.

220 yards—*2:38 4-5, J. H. Tyers, Nottingham, England, Sept. 25, 1897.

¼ mile—*5:43 1-5, J. H. Tyers, Broughton, England, May 12, 1896.

½ mile—*12:19, J. A. Jarvis, against time, Coventry Baths, England, Sept. 1, 1898.

1 mile—*25:13 2-5, J. A. Jarvis, Leicester, England, Aug. 8, 1899.

Railroading.

The following are the fastest runs on record with the actual running time given:

1 mile—:32, New York Central & Hudson River, May 10, 1893; average miles per hour, 112.5.

2 miles—1:15, Philadelphia & Reading, Nov. 20, 1892.

3 miles—1:54, same train as above.

5 miles—3:00, New York Central & Hudson River, May 19, 1893.

11 miles—7:15, Philadelphia & Reading, Oct. 11, 1890.

24.9 miles—18:06, Camden & Atlantic City, April 21, 1895.

56 miles—42:00, London & Northwestern (British), December, 1892.

129.34 miles—1:50:53, New York Central & Hudson River, Sept. 5, 1895; from Schenectady to Syracuse tunnel.

288.6 miles—4:22:22, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Oct. 24, 1895; from Toledo to Buffalo Creek.

380.1 miles—5:46:07, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Oct. 24, 1895; from Kendallville to Buffalo Creek.

422.7 miles—6:29:50, Oct. 24, 1895, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern; from Elkhart to Buffalo Creek.

510.1 miles—7:50:20, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern; from Chicago to Buffalo Creek.

721 miles—12:14:00, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Feb. 15, 1897; from Maxon to Denver.

1,025 miles—17:27:00, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Feb. 15, 1897; from Chicago to Denver.

Rowing.

¼ mile—*:57, single scull, straightaway, Edwin Henley, Newark, N. J., July 11, 1891.

½ mile—*3:08 1-5, single scull, straightaway, Edwin Henley, Newark, N. J., July 11, 1893.

1 mile—4:23, single scull, straightaway, James Stansbury, with tide, Thames river, England, July 11, 1896; *4:48, single scull, straightaway, Rupert Guinness, Thames river, England, 1893.

2 miles—*9:19½, eight oars, straightaway, Yale freshmen, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 23, 1897.

3 miles—*14:27½, eight oars, straightaway, Cornell 'varsity, New London, Conn., June 25, 1891.

4 miles—*20:10, eight oars, straightaway, Yale 'varsity, New London, Conn., June 29, 1888.

Billiards.

Best run, 3-ball straight-rail game, 2,572; Harvey McKenna, Boston, Mass., Dec. 21, 1887; average, 416½. At San Francisco in 1893 Jacob Schaefer ran 3,000 at straight-rail game on 4x9 table. Best run, 4-ball carom game, 1,433; J. McDevitt, New York, Jan. 8, 1888. Best at champions' game, 3-ball carom, 14x28 lines—398, George Slosson, Paris, France, February, 1882; in America, 351, J. R. Heiser, New York, Feb. 14, 1884. English spot stroke game, 3,304; W. J. Peall, London, England, Nov. 3 to 8, 1890. Fourteen-inch balk-line game, 566, Jacob Schaefer, in a match with Frank Ives and George Slosson, New York, Dec. 16, 1893; 456, Frank Ives, in a match with Jacob Schaefer, Chicago, Nov. 24, 1883 (both these runs made with the "anchor nurse"); 359, Frank C. Ives, Chicago, match with Jacob Schaefer, Dec. 6, 1894 ("anchor nurse" barred). Cushion-carom game—Best run by Frank C. Ives at Boston, April 14, 1896, 85, and Jacob Schaefer, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 14, 1899. Eighteen-inch balk-line game, 140, Frank Ives, New York, Dec. 17, 1897; best average, 40, Jacob Schaefer, 400-point game, Chicago, Jan. 21, 1898.

Pugilism.

James J. Jeffries became heavy-weight champion of the world by knocking out Robert Fitzsimmons in the eleventh round of a battle at the Coney Island Sporting club, New York, June 9, 1899.

James J. Jeffries retained his title by securing the decision over Thomas J. Sharkey after twenty-five rounds' fighting at the Coney Island Sporting club, Nov. 3, 1899.

Records of America's Cup Races.

The friendly relations between American and British yachtsmen which were interrupted by the Lord Dunraven incident in 1895 were cemented again by the series of races in 1899 between the Columbia and the Shamrock. Sir Thomas Lipton, whose boat represented the Royal Ulster Yacht club, showed a sportsmanship which the Americans respected and in turn the Yankees accorded the visitor every courtesy. There will be no race for the cup in 1900, but it is likely that another attempt will be made to lift it in 1901. The Columbia will race in European regattas this year.

1851—Aug. 22, around the Isle of Wight: America, 10:37:00; Aurora second.

1870—Aug. 8, New York Yacht club course: Magic, 3:58:21; Cambria, 4:37:33.

1871—Oct. 16, New York Yacht club course: Columbia, 6:19:41; Livonia, 6:46:45. Oct. 18, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Columbia, 3:07:43½; Livonia, 3:18:15½. Columbia disabled in third race Oct. 13.

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Oct. 21, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Sappho, 5:39:02; Livonia, 6:09:23. Oct. 23, New York Yacht club course: Sappho, 4:16:17; Livonia, 5:11:55.

1876—Aug. 11, New York Yacht club course: Madeleine, 5:23:54; Countess of Dufferin, 5:34:53. Aug. 12, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Madeleine, 7:18:46; Countess of Dufferin, 7:46:00.

1881—Nov. 9, New York Yacht club course: Mischief, 4:17:00; Atalanta, 4:45:39. Nov. 10, 16 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook and return: Mischief, 4:54:53; Atalanta, 5:33:47.

1885—Sept. 14, New York Yacht club course: Puritan, 6:06:05; Genesta, 6:22:24. Sept. 16, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return: Puritan, 5:03:14; Genesta, 5:04:52.

1886—Sept. 9, New York Yacht club course: Mayflower, 5:26:41; Galatea, 5:38:43. Sept. 11, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return: Mayflower, 6:49:10; Galatea, 7:18:03.

1887—Sept. 27, New York Yacht club course: Volunteer, 4:53:18; Thistle, 5:12:41. Sept. 30, 20 miles to windward off Scotland light and return: Volunteer, 5:42:56; Thistle, 5:54:45.

1893—Oct. 7, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 4:05:47; Valkyrie, 4:11:35. Oct. 9, triangular 30-mile course, first leg to windward: Vigilant, 3:25:01; Valkyrie, 3:35:36. Oct. 13, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 3:24:39; Valkyrie, 3:25:19.

1895—Sept. 7, 15 miles to windward and return, east by south off Point Seabright, N. J.: Defender, 4:57:55; Valkyrie III, 5:08:44. Sept. 11, triangular course, 10 miles in each leg, Valkyrie, 3:55:03; Defender, 3:55:56; won by Defender on a foul. Sept. 13, Defender sailed over course and claimed cup and race; claim allowed.

1899—Oct. 16, 15 miles to windward and return, off Sandy Hook: Columbia, 4:53:53; Shamrock, 5:01:07. Oct. 17, triangular course, ten

miles to a leg, Columbia, 3:37:00; Shamrock snapped its topmast. Oct. 20, 15 miles to leeward and return, Columbia, 3:38:09; 3:43:26.

Ocean Steamships.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse broke all records for average speed by covering the distance from New York to Southampton in 5d., 15h., 10m., July 5, 1898, a total distance of 3,146 miles or 22.56 knots per hour.

THE TRANSATLANTIC RECORD BY YEARS

1819—Eastward, Savannah, 8d.
1839—Westward, Great Western, 18d.
1845—Westward, Britannia, 14d.
1851—Westward, Persia, 9d., 20h.
1852—Westward, Baltic, 9d., 19h.
1856—Westward, Scotia, 8d., 2h., 48m.
1869—Eastward, City of Brussels, 7d., 18h., 2m.
1873—Eastward, Baltic, 7d., 20h., 9m.
1875—Eastward, City of Berlin, 7d., 15h., 48m.
1876—Westward, Germanic, 7d., 11h., 34m.
1877—Westward, Britannic, 7d., 11h., 53m.
1879—Westward, Arizona, 7d., 9h., 23m.
1882—Westward, Alaska, 6d., 22h., 10m.
1883—Westward, Oregon, 6d., 10h., 10m.
1884—Westward, America, 6d., 10h.
1885—Westward, Etruria, 6d., 5h., 31m.
1887—Westward, Umbria, 6d., 4h., 42m.
1888—Westward, Etruria, 6d., 1h., 55m.
1889—Westward, City of Paris, 5d., 23h., 7m.
1890—Westward, Teutonic, 5d., 19h., 5m.
1891—Westward, Teutonic, 5d., 16h., 31m.
1892—Westward, City of Paris, 5d., 14h., 24m.
1893—Eastward, Campania, 5d., 12h., 7m.
1894—Westward, Lucania, 5d., 1h., 23m.
1895—Westward, Umbria, 5d., 22h., 7m.
1896—Westward, St. Paul, 6d., 31m.
1897—Eastward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 21h., 10m.
1898—Eastward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 15h., 10m.
1899—Westward, Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, 5d., 17h., 27m.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

July 4, 1836, ground was first broken for the construction of the Illinois and Michigan canal. Work thereon was necessarily suspended for a few years prior to 1845, owing to the financial stringency following the panic of 1837, but the canal was finally completed early in 1848, and July 4 of that year the completion of the great undertaking was celebrated in Chicago with a fervor and enthusiasm seldom if ever equaled before or since on any anniversary of the nation's birthday. The first boat to pass through the entire length of the canal, from LaSalle to Chicago, was the General Thornton, which arrived at Chicago April 24, with a cargo of sugar and other merchandise en route from New

Orleans to Buffalo. The freight was transferred to a "packet steamer" and shipped to its destination via Mackinaw, arriving at Buffalo April 30, two weeks earlier than the first boat reached that port by the Erie canal. The Illinois and Michigan canal is owned and operated by the state of Illinois, the present constitution of the state providing that it shall never be sold or leased except by a specific and definite proposition submitted to the people and ratified at a general election by a majority of all the electors of the commonwealth.

The toll receipts of the canal for each year since the same was opened for traffic in 1848 is indicated by the following table:

1848.....	\$ 87,883.91	1862.....	\$264,647.00	1875.....	\$107,081.82	1888.....	\$56,028.77
1849.....	118,375.72	1863.....	210,386.06	1876.....	113,293.28	1889.....	65,304.97
1850.....	123,504.25	1864.....	156,607.00	1877.....	96,913.49	1890.....	55,112.60
1851.....	173,300.34	1865.....	300,810.44	1878.....	84,330.56	1891.....	49,457.00
1852.....	170,577.27	1866.....	302,958.49	1879.....	89,064.34	1892.....	54,987.21
1853.....	173,372.08	1867.....	252,231.23	1880.....	92,296.02	1893.....	38,702.00
1854.....	198,326.92	1868.....	215,720.72	1881.....	85,139.01	1894.....	44,928.03
1855.....	180,519.38	1869.....	238,759.00	1882.....	85,947.38	1895.....	39,106.03
1856.....	184,310.63	1870.....	249,635.00	1883.....	77,975.70	1896.....	32,099.82
1857.....	197,830.38	1871.....	159,060.00	1884.....	77,102.24	1897.....	30,520.10
1858.....	197,171.14	1872.....	165,974.89	1885.....	66,800.00	1898.....	29,966.84
1859.....	132,147.00	1873.....	166,641.00	1886.....	62,616.00		
1860.....	138,554.00	1874.....	144,831.82	1887.....	58,024.46		
1861.....	218,040.00					Total...	\$6,719,871.96

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The total number of men constituting the force Dec. 31, 1898, was 3,304, assigned to duty as follows:

General superintendent	1
Private secretary	1
Assistant superintendent	1
Secretary	1
Inspectors	4
Clerk, secretary's office	1
Superintendent bureau identification	1
Photographers	2
Stenographers	3
Printer	1
Assistant printer	1
Superintendent of horses	1
Assistant superintendents of horses	2
Captains	14
Lieutenants	59
Lieutenants, detective department	2
Sergeants, detective department	3
Sergeants, patrol	108
Sergeants, desk	107
Sergeants, detectives	42
Haymarket pensioners	19
Patrolmen	2,492
Probationary and second class	1
Custodian	1
Vehicle inspectors	5
Chief operator	1
Assistant chief operator	1
Operators	126
Patrol drivers	95
Ambulance and supply drivers	10
Engineers	8
Assistant engineers	9
Janitors	32
Hostlers	22
Chief matron	1
Matrons	29
Foreman in repair shop	1
Painters	8
Wagonmakers	4
Carpenters	5
Blacksmiths	3
Blacksmiths' helpers	3
Harnessmakers	2
Plumber	1
Assistant plumber	1
Foreman of construction	1
Laborers	11
Crossing man	1
Temporary chief clerk, secretary's office	1
Temporary secretary to assistant chief	1
Pressman	1
Feed inspector	1
Station repairers	5
Chief of detectives	1
Barn foremen	2
Coal weigher	1
Substitute drivers	8
Substitute operators	17
Scrub women	18
Total	3,304

ARRESTS AND FINES IMPOSED EACH MONTH DURING 1898.

Month.	Arrests.	Fines.
January	5,915	\$17,827
February	5,136	14,287
March	6,201	18,523
April	6,510	14,919
May	6,700	17,037
June	7,853	23,773
July	7,740	20,091
August	8,290	21,251
September	6,895	19,092

Month.	Arrests.	Fines.
October	5,393	13,912
November	5,419	15,256
December	5,389	16,083

Total.....77,441 \$212,056

RECAPITULATION.

Total number of arrests.....	77,441
Males	60,995
Females	16,446
Married	25,645
Single	51,796
Total	77,441

CLASSIFICATION OF AGES OF PERSONS ARRESTED.

Under 10 years of age.....	508
From 10 to 20 years.....	15,161
From 20 to 30 years.....	32,245
From 30 to 40 years.....	17,406
From 40 to 50 years.....	7,993
From 50 to 60 years.....	3,008
From 60 to 70 years.....	921
From 70 to 80 years.....	190
From 80 to 90 years.....	8
Over 90 years.....	1

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES.

Charge.	1898.	1897.
Abandonment	232	203
Abduction	38	31
Abortion	5	9
Accessory to murder.....	13	12
Accessory to rape.....	12	12
Accessory to assault.....	26	14
Accessory to burglary.....	38	90
Accessory to larceny.....	595	341
Accessory to robbery.....	89	105
Adultery	114	109
Arson	28	21
Assault	4,500	5,069
Assaulting an officer.....	1	4
Assault with a deadly weapon.....	577	573
Assault with intent to commit rape	67	63
Assault with intent to rob.....	107	234
Assault with intent to kill.....	571	607
Assault with intent to do bodily injury	606	590
Attempted robbery	69	...
Attempted murder.....	...	7
Attempt to commit larceny.....	71	39
Attempt to commit burglary.....	91	109
Rastardy	92	149
Bigamy	22	14
Burglary	1,730	2,325
Carrying concealed weapons.....	771	827
Cock fighting	70	...
Compounding a felony.....	...	23
Conspiracy	18	27
Contempt of court.....	13	6
Counterfeiting	12	14
Criminal carelessness	13	31
Crime against nature.....	11	10
Cruelty to animals.....	54	59
Cruelty to children.....	22	13
Destitute	1	13
Disorderly	42,212	45,844
Distributing obscene literature.....	...	4
Dog fighting	...	...
Doing business without license.....	259	232
Embezzlement	173	130
Exposing person	100	99
Extortion by threat.....	4	5
Fast driving	48	55
Forgery	70	131

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TELEPHONE 2773.

Charge.	1898.	1897.	Charge.	1898.	1897.
Fugitives from justice.....	14	23	Perjury	26	37
Harboring females under 18			Prize fighting	62	62
years of age in house of ill-			Rape	52	75
fame	12	....	Receiving stolen property.....	391	458
Having burglar's tools.....	6	16	Representing himself an officer	54	82
Having gaming devices.....	5	24	Resisting an officer.....	699	702
Horse stealing	25	9	Riot	14	45
Illegal voting	4	6	Robbery	1,003	1,200
Incest	14	16	Selling liquor to drunkards.....	38	34
Inmates of assignation house...	9	14	Selling liquor to minors.....	29	49
Inmates of disorderly house...	311	181	Shooting inside city limits.....	206	216
Inmates of gaming house.....	1,130	725	Swindling	239	279
Inmates of house of ill-fame...	1,706	1,531	Threats	1,423	1,731
Inmates of opium den.....	382	253	Vagrancy	518	990
Interfering with officer in dis-			Violation of minor ordinances..	6,101	6,720
charge of duty.....	30	25			
Intimidation	7	19	Total.....	77,441	83,680
Keeping assignation house.....	....	10			
Keeping a disorderly house.....	36	139			
Keeping a gaming house.....	163	155			
Keeping a house of ill-fame...	723	648			
Kidnapping	7	17			
Larceny	6,512	6,585			
Larceny as bailee.....	450	629			
Leaving team unhitched.....	1	2			
Lounging on street corners.....	117	186			
Malignous mischief	593	573			
Manslaughter	2	4			
Mayhem	49	56			
Murder	38	33			
Obstructing street cars.....	67	54			
Obtaining goods under false					
pretenses	52	102			
Obtaining money under false					
pretenses	433	559			
Passing counterfeit money.....	35	23			
Peddling without license.....	165	230			

NATIONALITIES OF PERSONS ARRESTED.

Americans,	46,744	Hungarians	100
Americans, col-		Indians	1
ored	6,803	Irish	4,992
Arabians	20	Italians	1,025
Australians	7	Japanese	15
Austrlians	304	Mexicans	4
Bohemians	1,000	Norwegians	632
Belgians	48	Polanders	2,878
Canadians	694	Portuguese	5
Chinese	128	Russians	1,599
Cubans	3	Scotch	353
Danes	313	Spanish	10
English	769	Swedes	1,250
French	472	Swiss	64
Germans	6,710	Syrians	6
Greeks	363	Turks	7
Hollanders	103	Welsh	30

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF COOK COUNTY.

[Dec. 1, 1899.]

KIND OF BONDS.	Date of bonds.	When due.	Amount.
Four per cent refunding bonds, series A.....	May 1, 1890	May 1, 1900	*\$1,158,500
Four per cent refunding bonds, series B.....	May 1, 1885	May 1, 1905	500,000
Four per cent funding bonds, expire \$50,000 each year.....	Mar. 1, 1888	.....	450,000
Four per cent refunding courthouse bonds, 1 to 20 years, expire			
\$37,500 each year.....	Jan. 1, 1899	Jan. 1, 1919	750,000
Four per cent refunding bonds, 1 to 20 years, series C, expire			
\$67,500 each year.....	May 1, 1892	.....	877,500
Total.....			\$3,736,000

*By vote of the people November, 1898, to be refunded May 1, 1900, at 4 per cent, 1 to 20 years.

FUNDED DEBT OF CITY OF CHICAGO.

[Dec. 1, 1899.]

Municipal Bonds—		8.65 per cent.....	\$332,000
3 per cent.....	\$135,000	4 per cent.....	1,703,500
3½ per cent.....	1,242,000	4 per cent.....	1,485,000
4 per cent.....	1,763,450		
World's Fair bonds	4,517,000		\$3,857,000
	\$7,657,450		
Sewerage Bonds—		Town of Lake Water B'ds—	
4 per cent.....	2,124,500	5 per cent.....	45,000
4½ per cent.....	489,500	Hyde Park Water Bonds—	
	2,614,000	5 per cent.....	60,000
River Improvement B'ds—		Lake View Water Bonds—	
4 per cent.....	1,342,500	4 per cent.....	50,000
4 per cent.....	1,263,000	5 per cent.....	23,000
	2,605,500		73,000
Water Bonds—		Total.....	\$16,901,950
3½ per cent.....	333,500		

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CHICAGO WEATHER.

MONTH	TEMPERATURE.						PRECIPITATION.				
	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean, for month.	Mean, 29 years.	Inches, month.	Average 29 years.	Clear days.	Fair days.	Cloudy days.
1898.—November	67	4	2	26	37	38	2.25	2.75	11	7	12
December.....	46	29	0	31	24	29	1.11	2.19	12	7	12
1899.—January.....	46	4	-13	29	29	24	5.54	2.19	10	9	13
February.....	49	17	-21	9	18	27	1.60	2.26	9	8	11
March.....	64	11	3	7	30	34	2.11	2.45	6	8	17
April.....	88	29	18	2	50	47	0.14	2.84	16	8	6
May.....	83	1	42	15	59	56	4.35	3.50	8	15	8
June.....	90	4 and 19	49	2	70	67	2.71	3.80	15	11	4
July.....	90	26	57	8	72	72	6.66	3.47	12	14	5
August.....	91	10	63	14-15	73	71	5.1	2.52	17	12	2
September.....	98	5	32	30	63	64	2.89	2.46	9	11	10
October.....	84	15	36	29	58	54	2.09	2.86	10	11	10

* Light frost, 21st. Heavy frost, 27th. Killing frost, 30th.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE STATISTICS.

The following shows the lowest and highest prices for grain and produce in the Chicago market for the last thirty years and the months in which extreme prices were reached:

WHEAT.				WHEAT.			
YEAR.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in	YEAR.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1870.	Apr.	\$.99½@1.32	July.	1885.	Mar.	\$.69½@ .84½	Apr.
1871.	Aug.	1.01 @1.61	Fb.&Ap.,Sep.	1886.	Oct.	.66½@ .94½	Jan.
1872.	Nov.	.89 @1.46	Aug.	1887.	Aug.	.64 @ .92½	June.
1873.	Sept.	.81½@1.23	July.	1888.	Apr.	.71½@2.00	Sept.
1874.	Oct.	.83½@1.30½	Apr.	1889.	June.	.75½@1.08½	Feb.
1875.	Feb.	.83 @1.26½	Aug.	1890.	Feb.	.74½@1.08½	Aug.
1876.	July.	1.01½@1.76½	Dec.	1891.	July.	.85 @1.16	Apr.
1877.	Aug.	.77 @1.14	May.	1892.	Oct.	.69½@ .91½	Feb.
1878.	Oct.	.81½@1.33½	Apr.	1893.	July.	.54½@ .88	Apr.
1879.	Jan.	.86½@1.32	Dec.	1894.	Sept.	.50 @ .63½	Apr.
1880.	Aug.	.95½@1.43½	Jan.	1895.	Jan.	.48½@ .85½	June.
1881.	Jan.	.91½@1.40	Oct.	1896.	Aug.	.53 @ .83½	Nov.
1882.	Dec.	.90 @1.13½	Apr.& May.	1897.	Apr.	.64½@1.09	Dec.
1883.	Oct.	.69½@ .96	June.	1898.	Oct.	.62 @1.85	May.
1884.	Dec.	.73½@ .91½	Feb.	1899, Nov.15.	Mar.	.68 @ .79½	May.

CORN.				OATS.			
YEAR.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in	YEAR.	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1869.	Jan.	\$.44 @ .97½	Aug.	Oct.	\$.35½@ .72	July.	
1870.	Dec.	.45 @ .94½	May.	Sept.	.32½@ .53½	May.	
1871.	Dec.	.39½@ .54½	Mar.& May.	Aug.	.27 @ .51½	Mar.& Apr.	
1872.	Oct.	.29½@ .48½	May.	Oct.& Nov.	.20½@ .43½	June.	
1873.	June.	.27 @ .54½	Dec.	Apr.	.23½@ .40½	Dec.	
1874.	Jan.	.49 @ .86	Sept.	Aug.	.37½@ .71	July.	
1875.	Dec.	.45½@ .76½	May & July.	Dec.	.29½@ .64½	May.	
1876.	Feb.	.38½@ .49	May.	July.	.27 @ .35	Sept.	
1877.	Mar.	.37½@ .58	Apr.	Aug.	.22 @ .45½	May.	
1878.	Dec.	.29½@ .43½	Mar.	Oct.	.18 @ .27½	July.	
1879.	Jan.	.29½@ .49	Oct.	Jan.	.19½@ .39½	Dec.	
1880.	Apr.	.31½@ .43½	Nov.	Aug.	.22½@ .35	Jan. & May.	
1881.	Feb.	.35½@ .70½	Oct.	Feb.	.29½@ .47½	Oct.	
1882.	Dec.	.49½@ .81½	July.	Sept.	.30½@ .62	July.	
1883.	Oct.	.46 @ .70	Jan.	Sept.	.25 @ .43½	Mar.	
1884.	Dec.	.34½@ .87	Sept.	Dec.	.23 @ .34½	Apr.	
1885.	Jan.	.34½@ .49	April & May	Sept.	.24½@ .36½	Apr.	
1886.	Oct.	.33½@ .45	July.	Oct.	.22½@ .35	Jan.	
1887.	Feb.	.33 @ .51½	Dec.	Mar. & Apr.	.23½@ .31½	Dec.	
1888.	Dec.	.33½@ .60	May.	Sept.	.23½@ .37½	May.	
1889.	Dec.	.29½@ .61	Nov.	Oct.	.17½@ .23½	Feb.	
1890.	Feb.	.27½@ .53½	Nov.	Feb.	.19½@ .45	Nov.	
1891.	Jan.	.47½@ .75½	Apr.	Oct.	.23½@ .57½	Apr.	
1892.	Mar.	.36½@1.00	May.	Mar.	.27 @ .35½	June.	
1893.	Nov.	.35 @ .44½	Feb.	Aug.	.22 @ .32	Jan. & May.	
1894.	Jan. & Feb..	.34 @ .59½	Aug.	Jan.	.27 @ .50	June.	
1895.	Dec.	.25½@ .55½	May.	Dec.	.16½@ .31½	June.	
1896.	Sept.	.19½@ .30½	Apr.	Sept.	.14½@ .20½	Feb.	
1897.	Jan. & Feb..	.21½@ .32½	Aug.	Feb.	.15½@ .23½	Dec.	
1898.	Jan.	.26 @ .37	May.	Aug. & Sept.	.20½@ .32	May.	
1899, Nov. 1.	Nov.	.30½@ .38½	Jan.	Aug.	.19 @ .29	Jan.	

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CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

YEAR.	LARD.			MESS PORK		
	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in	Lowest in	Range.	Highest in
1869.....	Dec.....	\$ 16.25 @20.75	Feb.....	Jan.....	\$ 27.00 @34.00	June & Aug.
1870.....	Nov. & Dec.	11.00 @17.25	Jan.....	Dec.....	18.00 @30.50	July.
1871.....	Dec.....	8.37% @13.00	Feb.....	Aug.....	12.00 @23.00	Jan.
1872.....	Nov.....	7.00 @11.00	July.....	Mar.....	11.05 @16.00	July.
1873.....	Jan.....	6.50 @ 9.37	Apr.....	Nov.....	11.00 @18.00	Apr. & May.
1874.....	Nov.....	8.20 @15.50	Oct.....	Jan Feb Mar	13.75 @24.75	Aug.
1875.....	Sept.....	11.50 @15.75	Apr. & May.	Jan.....	17.70 @23.50	Oct.
1876.....	Dec.....	9.55 @13.85	Mar. & Apr.	Oct.....	15.20 @22.75	Apr.
1877.....	Dec.....	7.55 @11.55	Jan.....	Dec.....	11.40 @17.95	Jan.
1878.....	Aug.....	5.52% @ 7.80	Aug.....	Dec.....	6.02% @11.35	Jan.
1879.....	June.....	5.50 @ 7.75	Dec.....	Jan.....	7.27% @13.75	Dec.
1880.....	Feb.....	6.35 @ 7.85	Nov.....	Apr.....	9.37% @19.00	Oct.
1881.....	Mar.....	9.20 @13.00	July.....	Jan.....	12.40 @20.00	Sept.
1882.....	Oct.....	10.05 @13.10	Oct.....	Mar.....	16.00 @24.75	Oct.
1883.....	Dec.....	7.15 @12.10	May.....	Sept. & Oct.	10.20 @20.15	May. [July.
1884.....	Oct.....	6.45 @10.00	Feb.....	Dec.....	10.55 @19.50	May, June &
1885.....	May.....	5.82% @ 7.10	Feb. & Apr.	Oct. & Nov.	8.00 @13.25	Feb.
1886.....	June & Oct.	5.52% @ 7.50%	Sept.....	May.....	8.20 @12.20	Dec.
1887.....	Jan.....	6.20 @ 7.32	Dec.....	Jan.....	11.60 @24.00	Dec.
1888.....	Dec.....	7.25 @11.20	Oct.....	Dec.....	12.90 @16.00	May.
1889.....	Dec.....	5.75 @ 7.55	Jan.....	Dec.....	9.00 @13.37%	Oct.
1890.....	Feb.....	5.50 @ 6.52%	Apr.....	Dec.....	7.50 @13.62%	Jan.
1891.....	Jan.....	5.47% @ 7.05	Sept.....	Nov.....	8.20% @13.00	Apr.
1892.....	Aug.....	6.05 @10.50	Nov. & Dec.	Apr.....	9.27% @15.05	May.
1893.....	Mar.....	6.37% @13.20	Mar.....	Aug.....	10.27 @21.80	May.
1894.....	Dec.....	6.45 @ 9.05	Sept.....	Mar.....	10.60% @14.57%	Sept.
1895.....	July.....	5.15 @ 7.17%	Mar.....	Dec.....	7.60 @12.87%	May.
1896.....	June.....	3.05 @ 5.85	Jan.....	Aug.....	5.50 @10.85	Jan.
1897.....	Jan. & Oct.	3.42% @ 4.90	Sept.....	Dec.....	7.15 @ 9.00	Sept.
1898.....	Jan.....	4.62% @ 6.82%	May.....	Oct.....	7.65 @12.30	May.
1899, Nov. 15.	Nov.....	4.85 @ 5.77%	Jan.....	May & Oct.	7.85 @10.45	Jan.

CHICAGO GRAIN INSPECTION.

INSPECTION ON ARRIVAL—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FROM 1885-99 INCLUSIVE.

Yr.	Cars. No.	Boats. No.	W.wheat. Bushels.	S. wheat. Bushels.	Corn. Bushels.	Oats. Bushels.	Rye. Bushels.	Barley. Bushels.	Total. Bushels.
1885.....	212,270	400	2,354,848	24,024,672	56,709,685	38,859,040	1,798,961	8,032,764	131,779,960
1886.....	201,103	450	5,506,084	10,644,844	68,477,686	42,534,082	1,104,386	10,262,560	131,529,452
1887.....	189,130	505	5,639,573	17,667,973	50,700,475	45,974,724	852,324	9,462,000	130,297,069
1888.....	211,818	341	7,265,135	10,191,034	66,391,548	52,617,987	2,367,792	8,521,344	147,344,840
1889.....	249,883	362	13,635,185	4,654,590	84,775,590	58,708,512	2,570,410	9,206,163	173,670,447
1890.....	272,956	610	9,126,046	9,520,484	94,391,620	74,605,342	3,085,129	13,378,060	204,506,701
1891.....	277,216	422	27,733,776	15,127,138	68,283,523	75,404,372	8,135,375	11,042,165	205,836,347
1892.....	320,572	589	34,223,558	22,839,936	86,153,535	85,779,164	3,972,900	13,951,020	246,726,243
1893.....	271,041	381	17,914,303	23,572,064	85,135,925	75,294,700	1,508,853	12,630,400	215,888,425
1894.....	217,207	353	27,200,900	4,055,390	71,500,220	65,952,650	990,550	11,369,775	181,069,455
1895.....	254,616	567	11,023,123	9,751,617	71,782,273	76,393,600	1,166,308	9,578,184	179,635,165
1896.....	306,445	722	13,642,409	22,480,117	109,061,030	106,055,406	2,231,067	10,845,807	224,278,826
1897.....	310,159	900	11,085,768	11,531,703	122,758,455	113,741,310	3,700,526	14,577,602	277,335,365
1898.....	326,577	843	18,554,026	24,418,464	126,196,036	111,469,472	4,526,933	14,193,638	232,752,717
1899.....	314,186	826	8,713,491	27,308,304	133,480,471	117,180,869	537,436	13,351,152	301,271,723

INSPECTION FROM STORE—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT FROM 1885-99 INCLUSIVE.

YEAR.	Winter wheat. Bushels.	Spring wheat. Bushels.	Corn. Bushels.	Oats. Bushels.	Rye. Bushels.	Barley. Bushels.	Total. Bushels.	Combined totals of in and out inspection.
1885.....	1,501,665	7,715,030	31,661,591	3,695,637	738,209	296,790	45,578,922	177,358,882
1886.....	2,648,956	10,500,918	41,645,620	4,765,724	635,174	1,052,913	61,249,305	192,778,757
1887.....	6,019,271	17,642,028	39,843,323	10,153,370	394,943	1,044,871	75,098,411	205,395,480
1888.....	3,090,541	6,965,790	46,754,284	14,818,254	516,942	1,157,523	72,673,334	217,890,233
1889.....	9,156,010	3,637,232	66,517,282	20,688,531	1,778,321	1,399,573	103,156,949	276,827,596
1890.....	4,108,468	4,090,471	57,285,534	16,839,845	1,696,253	1,753,839	85,744,408	290,251,109
1891.....	23,127,935	8,048,566	41,218,563	14,161,973	5,573,607	2,079,177	94,209,883	300,046,230
1892.....	21,979,222	16,768,772	46,149,865	18,844,499	2,325,719	1,849,642	107,917,619	354,643,862
1893.....	17,133,320	10,911,233	62,014,462	16,004,748	676,180	1,320,529	108,190,502	324,068,747
1894.....	7,346,455	12,075,388	40,284,163	10,143,142	229,826	933,658	71,012,542	252,081,997
1895.....	15,889,909	3,269,447	49,640,871	16,433,038	207,734	601,421	86,042,420	265,737,585
1896.....	17,623,079	10,696,573	72,526,549	17,930,581	831,556	947,288	120,585,626	384,801,452
1897.....	11,233,913	24,882,404	87,744,100	20,767,610	3,110,677	1,174,346	148,913,660	422,308,415
1898.....	15,861,587	28,626,793	102,202,781	13,933,830	5,103,160	936,624	166,864,835	466,617,552
1899.....	2,596,305	29,401,987	105,810,587	10,683,499	3,222,747	1,519,580	153,204,635	454,476,358

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CIRCULATION OF THE CHICAGO RECORD FOR 1899.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	Sund'y	164,326	159,917	161,702	150,733	150,146	163,128	159,346	162,271	Sund'y	154,952	
2.....	165,521	164,580	159,632	Sund'y	152,337	151,119	Sund'y	157,517	167,506	154,061	155,046	
3.....	166,315	165,415	159,882	155,157	152,583	157,514	156,136	159,215	Sund'y	153,539	155,669	
4.....	164,763	173,416	166,844	156,901	151,435	Sund'y	155,336	159,329	159,191	154,722	174,862	
5.....	163,941	Sund'y	Sund'y	177,076	152,071	150,234	157,867	164,368	160,937	153,877	Sund'y	
6.....	165,533	175,195	158,271	157,570	157,768	151,616	155,329	Sund'y	159,550	154,311	155,589	
7.....	163,134	166,134	157,864	157,382	Sund'y	150,838	156,221	157,712	159,258	160,888	156,751	
8.....	Sund'y	164,715	158,290	164,503	149,578	151,872	162,514	159,732	159,072	Sund'y	161,915	
9.....	163,745	164,708	158,036	Sund'y	150,827	151,777	Sund'y	159,259	165,331	155,052	157,664	
10.....	165,031	166,641	158,493	156,236	150,193	173,524	155,762	159,746	Sund'y	159,008	159,011	
11.....	167,135	173,633	164,634	155,248	150,650	Sund'y	156,734	161,434	165,571	156,207	164,868	
12.....	165,303	Sund'y	Sund'y	155,034	150,234	151,651	156,082	167,884	158,377	154,930	Sund'y	
13.....	166,347	166,488	156,245	155,061	155,859	151,844	156,564	Sund'y	157,843	154,852	157,465	
14.....	173,016	168,224	157,047	154,858	Sund'y	152,769	156,825	160,259	157,843	160,823	158,043	
15.....	Sund'y	167,137	156,759	161,870	148,146	133,028	163,424	160,741	157,494	Sund'y	158,614	
16.....	164,539	166,347	156,635	Sund'y	148,959	153,444	Sund'y	160,127	163,646	155,842	158,432	
17.....	166,733	167,261	157,246	152,325	148,715	153,705	156,245	160,462	Sund'y	155,038	158,149	
18.....	165,591	173,304	163,456	153,275	150,935	Sund'y	157,286	160,499	154,744	156,007	164,420	
19.....	165,394	Sund'y	Sund'y	152,817	149,850	155,467	156,583	163,439	155,404	155,611	Sund'y	
20.....	166,405	164,198	154,897	152,446	155,511	154,902	157,209	Sund'y	162,633	155,599	157,314	
21.....	172,701	164,585	156,151	152,719	Sund'y	153,776	158,044	161,205	154,903	160,594	158,158	
22.....	Sund'y	162,739	156,183	158,953	149,569	154,890	156,339	161,623	157,592	Sund'y	157,756	
23.....	164,718	163,290	155,997	Sund'y	150,210	154,757	Sund'y	160,425	160,284	154,602	157,989	
24.....	166,514	163,157	155,916	152,123	149,620	161,728	159,163	160,784	Sund'y	155,636	155,650	
25.....	164,065	170,017	162,567	152,352	149,650	Sund'y	159,423	161,089	152,735	154,650	163,389	
26.....	165,087	Sund'y	Sund'y	152,113	150,157	154,272	159,394	167,930	153,138	156,178	Sund'y	
27.....	165,634	160,007	154,616	153,119	155,041	155,852	159,356	Sund'y	153,015	155,698	156,025	
28.....	172,420	160,181	155,377	152,875	Sund'y	156,777	159,089	161,133	153,673	160,792	157,341	
29.....	Sund'y	155,066	158,292	148,275	156,229	160,630	162,494	154,381	Sund'y	157,207	157,207	
30.....	164,423	.....	165,066	Sund'y	148,187	156,835	Sund'y	160,875	159,724	154,707	157,782	
31.....	164,564	.....	155,526	.....	149,684	.....	158,836	161,723	.....	155,884	.....	
Total.	4,218,136	3,899,275	4,185,963	3,828,292	3,977,014	3,919,574	4,029,987	4,255,733	4,031,161	3,949,725	4,029,391	
Avg.	162,236	162,469	155,035	153,131	147,296	150,752	164,999	157,619	155,044	151,912	164,976	

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1899 (excluding December) 44,324,251 COPIES
DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1899 (excluding December) 154,979 COPIES

AVERAGE DAILY ISSUE OF THE CHICAGO RECORD FOR EACH MONTH FROM THE FIRST YEAR OF ITS PUBLICATION.

YEAR.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Avg.
1881.....	.....	.....	8,515	3,251	11,748	12,950	15,452	16,880	18,848	17,274	16,447	16,554	13,955
1882.....	18,514	20,304	20,289	21,682	21,358	23,416	25,319	24,963	23,611	22,334	21,006	21,137	22,013
1883.....	19,303	26,473	21,251	21,575	22,634	24,626	25,326	26,904	26,094	27,639	23,638	30,242	24,645
1884.....	31,178	34,865	40,018	38,276	38,978	40,853	38,783	36,973	35,868	35,881	40,917	30,599	36,867
1885.....	29,209	30,478	32,111	33,863	33,978	33,418	35,198	34,648	33,121	32,150	35,508	34,820	36,035
1886.....	36,755	39,087	39,990	40,465	43,782	39,731	40,389	40,469	39,235	37,995	37,517	35,573	39,241
1887.....	35,452	36,126	37,393	38,503	37,001	38,415	42,854	43,882	42,713	41,814	47,141	40,621	40,189
1888.....	35,824	37,164	39,723	37,254	33,656	34,767	50,776	62,294	97,985	96,141	96,797	85,891	61,612
1889.....	81,545	82,190	85,357	83,832	81,736	92,258	96,660	95,758	96,306	86,124	90,994	96,305	88,775
1890.....	83,901	87,305	84,542	90,872	81,491	78,024	80,111	79,854	77,925	83,650	77,476	71,682	80,964
1891.....	74,762	76,853	79,493	83,896	78,461	76,461	77,560	77,900	77,971	76,657	74,874	74,393	77,396
1892.....	73,704	73,025	80,475	81,056	74,976	87,909	90,131	91,645	98,395	98,125	99,597	92,582	87,246
1893.....	94,282	88,398	103,849	105,599	115,549	124,389	135,019	140,871	141,472	137,074	124,239	116,002	119,396
1894.....	120,390	120,551	122,853	126,118	129,599	130,670	134,312	142,747	137,130	132,613	132,511	130,510	132,487
1895.....	135,418	161,997	165,038	165,138	164,619	160,858	160,925	156,801	148,492	143,698	135,486	129,125	132,272
1896.....	138,700	145,757	157,390	207,378	203,963	209,515	230,061	240,611	248,722	251,945	242,764	201,934	206,580
1897.....	195,061	198,426	205,448	197,859	194,256	198,641	188,087	189,331	191,523	198,286	204,897	206,936	196,906
1898.....	204,555	208,589	216,535	244,072	302,339	278,206	274,736	222,362	197,079	179,454	177,062	167,187	220,096
1899.....	162,236	162,469	155,035	153,131	147,296	150,752	164,999	157,619	155,044	151,912	164,976	.....	.....

The omission of the circulation figures for December is due to going to press before the end of the month. The circulation for the entire year will be given in all subsequent editions of the Almanac.

THE CONTENTS OF THE CHICAGO RECORD COOK BOOK

Embrace more than 600 pages, which furnish: 1. A separate menu or bill of fare for every meal for an entire year, arranged in regular order by dates from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31. 2. Complete and satisfactory recipes covering the entire range of meals for the year—the recipes for each day's meals given immediately following the menus. 3. An admirable index, filling 18 pages, arranged so conveniently that whatever is wanted can be located without delay; listing under "soups," for example, no less than 165 different recipes; under "beef," 107 recipes; under "fish," 111 recipes; under "eggs," 115 recipes, and so on in great variety. The binding is substantial and very attractive. Mailed postpaid on receipt of \$1.00 by The Chicago Record, 181 Madison Street, Chicago.

CIRCULATION OF THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS FOR 1899.

DATE.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1.....	Sund'y	263,926	270,658	264,403	258,661	253,058	241,840	256,402	256,567	Sund'y	268,581	
2.....	H'id'y	263,212	272,153	Sund'y	255,242	259,193	Sund'y	256,430	242,744	255,351	261,900	
3.....	259,755	268,581	269,037	272,504	258,183	248,239	245,309	254,891	Sund'y	262,380	251,501	
4.....	257,439	261,536	265,417	246,691	259,618	Sund'y	H'id'y	255,463	235,357	256,745	264,535	
5.....	258,867	Sund'y	Sund'y	273,741	259,537	255,382	253,278	240,178	247,533	262,052	271,141	
6.....	253,982	273,952	268,651	273,815	252,533	255,062	256,438	250,980	258,317	Sund'y	271,141	
7.....	251,132	269,969	270,011	273,852	Sund'y	258,253	255,519	257,007	256,573	255,726	274,101	
8.....	Sund'y	264,801	271,281	267,900	259,810	257,471	241,589	256,042	254,767	Sund'y	275,815	
9.....	262,708	262,251	271,797	Sund'y	257,946	277,146	Sund'y	254,096	277,702	216,055	273,571	
10.....	262,347	265,588	272,320	273,140	259,520	247,994	257,779	252,872	Sund'y	254,910	284,397	
11.....	265,338	263,184	266,558	270,573	258,622	Sund'y	253,966	255,188	256,679	257,955	263,236	
12.....	261,668	Sund'y	Sund'y	270,477	256,693	255,005	257,223	250,145	256,521	261,613	Sund'y	
13.....	265,268	269,525	268,916	270,766	250,561	257,222	255,032	Sund'y	254,103	259,247	274,976	
14.....	250,561	273,739	268,532	269,656	Sund'y	257,062	254,900	256,650	249,717	257,492	273,893	
15.....	Sund'y	275,808	277,561	263,000	256,832	252,463	257,854	255,812	253,737	Sund'y	275,530	
16.....	258,039	277,905	271,135	Sund'y	256,358	257,587	Sund'y	254,935	248,846	260,795	274,784	
17.....	265,017	278,241	267,833	267,558	253,776	243,892	255,082	255,949	Sund'y	261,541	282,228	
18.....	267,706	269,893	267,009	264,631	260,448	Sund'y	256,178	255,156	253,250	264,142	270,947	
19.....	268,715	Sund'y	Sund'y	266,129	253,824	254,844	255,429	241,076	273,070	263,446	276,911	
20.....	263,550	275,098	268,467	264,508	250,027	256,148	255,055	Sund'y	256,790	264,795	276,911	
21.....	262,820	274,510	272,785	261,734	Sund'y	257,226	255,171	256,346	255,850	255,623	278,782	
22.....	Sund'y	261,683	269,876	257,757	259,191	254,946	241,058	257,338	244,892	Sund'y	278,764	
23.....	270,055	270,799	271,451	Sund'y	259,286	255,425	Sund'y	256,309	244,454	264,755	277,101	
24.....	271,129	271,704	272,236	265,269	258,802	247,863	255,656	256,723	Sund'y	262,386	275,089	
25.....	271,011	265,603	267,123	263,098	258,468	Sund'y	256,051	255,536	251,626	266,643	Sund'y	
26.....	267,565	Sund'y	Sund'y	263,302	257,075	257,388	254,932	241,441	253,955	259,349	270,123	
27.....	265,217	270,596	272,164	262,127	249,420	256,572	260,282	Sund'y	255,949	259,870	275,952	
28.....	258,806	270,766	269,334	263,436	Sund'y	253,456	256,607	262,908	254,923	255,473	275,070	
29.....	Sund'y	.....	277,773	254,061	256,854	255,065	238,480	258,257	253,181	Sund'y	275,255	
30.....	262,027	.....	268,740	258,291	228,291	233,194	Sund'y	257,958	248,712	270,805	H'id'y	
31.....	265,165	.....	272,430	.....	255,660	.....	257,572	255,205	.....	269,108	.....	
Total..	6,524,889	6,402,269	7,225,137	6,666,937	6,835,022	6,562,547	6,231,079	6,766,171	6,514,687	6,673,731	6,798,326	
Av'r'g..	260,995	266,761	267,597	266,677	253,148	252,405	249,213	250,598	250,564	256,681	271,733	

Unsold copies are deducted in the totals.

TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1899 (excluding December)..... 73,195,795 COPIES

DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR 1899 (excluding December).. 258 642 COPIES

AVERAGE DAILY ISSUE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS FOR EACH MONTH FROM THE SECOND YEAR OF ITS PUBLICATION.

YEAR.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Av'ge.
1877.....	11,429	14,841	16,414	18,408	20,715	22,769	35,320	25,366	25,204	23,312	24,439	26,715	22,037
1878.....	28,406	37,019	37,736	37,867	38,348	43,743	49,844	40,911	39,371	38,777	39,380	36,817	38,314
1879.....	38,667	41,346	46,269	46,608	47,105	49,423	47,560	46,500	44,571	44,310	44,942	44,760	45,194
1880.....	48,891	49,425	49,874	49,445	53,834	58,776	56,049	60,623	57,558	58,566	59,672	54,473	54,801
1881.....	57,795	62,965	67,959	69,305	65,067	63,832	71,209	70,397	63,551	62,097	58,100	60,305	64,870
1882.....	61,679	66,941	66,058	65,208	65,193	70,408	73,078	70,456	67,808	65,907	64,819	64,399	66,680
1883.....	67,278	71,379	77,153	76,994	77,462	78,603	78,177	79,423	73,185	71,863	74,527	74,919	75,115
1884.....	76,877	82,538	86,828	87,852	88,645	93,292	91,231	88,495	86,221	89,196	107,429	82,465	88,306
1885.....	84,119	89,359	98,029	104,513	100,802	100,238	108,823	101,329	97,900	96,817	102,705	102,497	99,005
1886.....	104,197	110,325	116,024	117,869	125,294	113,471	112,438	117,677	109,728	110,460	115,103	110,148	113,615
1887.....	114,022	119,148	123,040	124,912	118,743	122,714	126,925	132,178	121,938	122,659	154,096	122,419	125,225
1888.....	120,657	126,891	137,123	136,490	135,921	140,525	128,897	123,852	113,894	127,724	131,777	159,098	128,676
1889.....	129,947	126,416	130,828	132,343	131,378	148,576	142,653	134,238	130,016	128,670	135,527	147,796	134,059
1890.....	136,365	141,885	142,655	143,633	136,923	130,414	125,136	125,190	124,497	120,304	139,020	130,850	132,367
1891.....	136,926	139,769	144,467	156,196	141,953	141,733	141,858	139,707	138,025	137,294	140,524	145,707	142,022
1892.....	148,232	155,402	159,849	162,563	161,804	169,036	170,430	166,259	171,053	163,626	173,070	168,430	164,175
1893.....	171,818	180,019	188,567	191,933	196,218	202,267	201,591	203,216	190,481	188,966	192,575	200,589	192,491
1894.....	206,388	204,471	207,590	206,285	198,495	195,865	202,022	194,071	185,595	186,070	198,017	197,256	200,885
1895.....	198,947	207,246	211,378	212,902	205,732	202,605	201,378	196,907	193,311	195,562	202,553	202,762	202,496
1896.....	208,781	213,032	216,542	212,104	209,945	210,265	206,272	193,853	189,106	190,700	206,609	200,479	201,724
1897.....	201,340	208,179	226,392	221,306	222,500	217,707	212,111	219,567	229,763	228,008	228,113	232,997	222,505
1898.....	239,065	249,351	260,222	265,318	318,635	310,820	268,526	279,243	272,061	257,339	259,085	254,947	275,514
1899.....	260,995	266,761	267,597	266,677	253,148	252,405	249,213	250,598	250,564	256,681	271,733		

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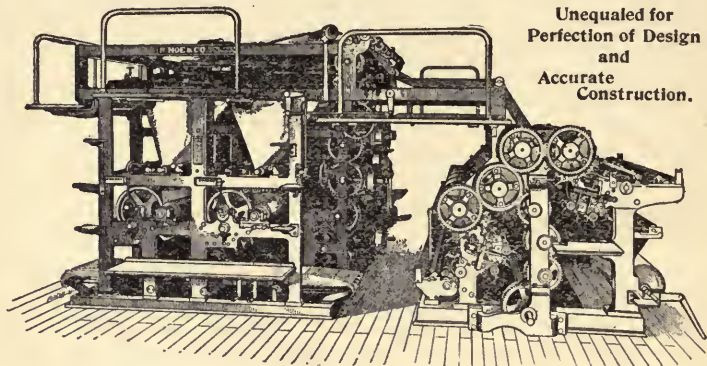
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